

**Site:** z6 Netherhall Gardens, London, NW3 5TL  
**Date:** 03/11/2022 **Revision:** 2 **CCL Ref No:** 112598  
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**Client:** TG Studio

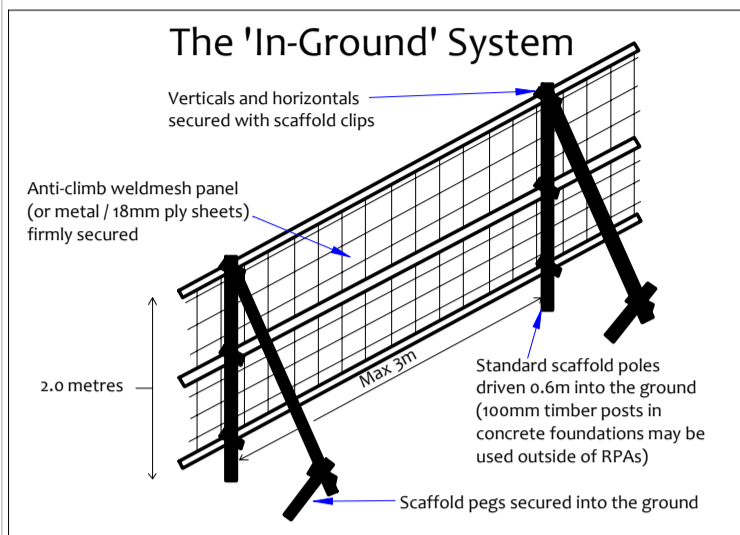
### Tree Protection Barriers

The purpose of tree protection barriers is to keep construction activity away from Restricted Activity Zones or Construction Exclusion Zones. They should be appropriate to the nature and proximity of activity within the site. The barriers should be erected prior to the commencement of any activity including demolition, soil stripping and delivery of materials and demolition (except where existing structures require demolition to enable the barriers to be installed). Barrier systems are specified below and should be installed according to the legend on the Tree Protection Plan.

### The In-Ground System

This system may be installed where indicated by a solid purple line on the Tree Protection Plan. It should be robust enough to withstand occasional knocks by plant machinery and, once installed, shall remain in place throughout the entire construction phase.

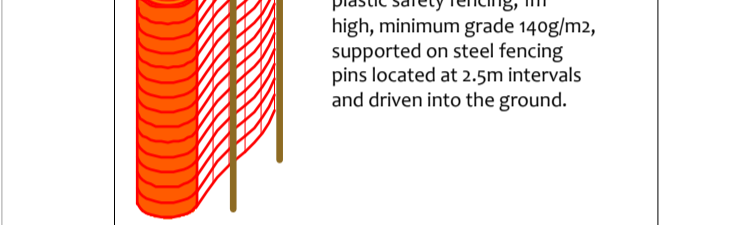
Vertical scaffold poles are driven into the ground, onto which are affixed horizontal scaffold poles and diagonal bracing struts. Weldmesh panels (or similar - e.g. Heras type fencing panels, or 18mm-plywood boards) are secured to this scaffold framework using sturdy clips (e.g. standard scaffold clips). The systems illustrated in the diagram to the right and is based on BS 5837 guidelines.



Standard scaffold poles driven 0.6m into the ground (soom timber posts in concrete foundations may be used outside of RPA)  
 Scaffold pegs secured into the ground  
 Anti-climb weldmesh panel (or metal 18mm ply sheets), firmly secured

### The Barrier-Mesh System

Where indicated by a thick red line (solid or dashed) on the Tree Protection Plan, it shall be acceptable to install a least robust system than those specified above. This is because of the nature of construction activity or its distance from tree protection areas. The purpose of such a system shall be to demarcate the protection zone. It is not intended that such fencing will withstand knocks by construction machinery.



High visibility plastic safety fencing, 1m high, minimum grade 140g/m2, supported by steel fencing pins located at 2.5m intervals and driven into the ground.

### Stem Protection – Timber Boxing

Where indicated by a blue square on the Tree Protection Plan, it shall be necessary to install plywood boxing to protect a tree stem. The plywood boxing specification is indicated in the diagram opposite. The actual size of the plywood boxing shall be determined by the extent of the root flare at its base but each stem. The box shall be large enough to avoid contact with any part of the tree that it surrounds. No fixings shall be attached to any part of the tree. Instead, it shall be free standing or attached to the ground or adjacent structures (e.g. walls or fences). It shall be made firm enough to withstand occasional knocks from any plant machinery that may operate in its vicinity.

### Notices

Suitable weather-proof notices should be displayed to identify tree protection zones. They should state the purpose of the fencing and that it should not be moved, or traversed, other than by authorised personnel.

### Removal of Tree Protection Barriers

Removal of protective fencing or ground protection measures shall be done after all major construction work is complete and their removal has been approved by the appointed arborist.

### Ground Protection Measures

Within Restricted Activity Zones, soils containing roots may be subject to compaction due to general construction activity (including pedestrian activity and use of plant machinery). In order to minimise compaction, it is proposed to ensure that a suitable load-spreading surface is placed at all times. Any existing hard surfacing may be retained where engineers consider it adequate to spread the load of construction traffic. Otherwise it shall be reinforced or replaced with adequate ground protection measures.

Unless specified otherwise, ground protection shall consist of 24mm OSB boards laid at double thickness and screwed together to prevent slippage. The ground shall first be made even by raking, or by adding a few centimetres of sand or woodchips. Where only pedestrian traffic will occur boards or planks may be supported by a scaffold framework. The scaffold may be founded on poles driven into the ground and/or onto blocks (to raise the scaffold) with additional couplings to make the framework secure.

Where engineers consider OSB boards to be inadequate (e.g. for large plant machinery where the tracks may chew up the timber) sturdier ground protection measures will be installed such as road plates, or 500mm of 7-40mm angular gravel installed in 3D cellular confinement system (e.g. Cellvetrix).

If a piling mat is required, engineer's specifications should be referred to. The ground protection measures shall be installed and approved before commencement of demolition and construction activity and before the arrival of plant machinery or materials. They shall remain in place until all heavy construction activity is complete or until they are due to be replaced with a new hard surface.

### Construction Exclusion Zones

Within Construction Exclusion Zones the following restrictions shall apply:

- Tree Protection Barriers shall be erected and maintained throughout the entire project as indicated on the Tree Protection Plan and under the header 'Tree Protection Barriers'.
- These shall remain in place at all times except when authorised landscaping works are being undertaken. At such times, adequate ground protection measures shall be installed, and excavation shall be limited to that required for new planting. Furthermore, the project arborist shall be consulted prior to any works being undertaken in these zones.
- No construction activity or excavation shall occur unless agreed otherwise by the project arborist and local authority.
- No vehicles or plant machinery shall be driven or parked.
- No tree works other than those specified on this document shall be undertaken.
- No alterations of ground levels or conditions shall occur.
- No chemicals or cement washings permitted.
- No temporary structures shall be installed.
- No spoil shall be stored.
- No fires shall be permitted.
- All hazardous materials (including non-essential cement products) shall be forbidden.
- Removal of hard surfaces, structures or turf shall be done using hand operated tools only and supervised by the project arborist.

### Tree Works Specification

The following table specifies the tree works which will be required prior to the commencement of construction activity:

Tree Reference	Action Required	Notes
T5	Remove.	Stumps of trees within the RPAs of retained trees shall be removed with a stump grinder NOT a mechanical excavator.

Trees to be removed are indicated by a thin, dashed line.

### Restrictions in Specific Zones

**Restricted Activity Zone A**  
 Within this zone, tree roots are likely to be present where access will be required to facilitate construction. The following restrictions shall apply:

- No vehicles or plant machinery shall park or operate unless a suitable load spreading surface is in place. The load spreading surface shall be installed and/or maintained as specified under the heading **Ground Protection Measures**. This shall remain in place throughout the entire demolition and construction phase or until any new permanent hard surfacing is installed. Any pedestrian activity (other than very occasional) shall also require a suitable load spreading surface.
- Removal of existing structures such as walls, steps and hard surfaces (where applicable) shall be undertaken using hand tools or a mechanical excavator operating from outside the Restricted Activity Zone and carefully marshalled by the project arborist.
- No excavation shall occur in this zone without consulting the project arborist and obtaining approval from the local authority.
- Existing ground levels shall be retained undisturbed or raised by no more than 100mm. Ground levels may only be raised using granular topsoil (not rich in clay) or where new surfacing is proposed. No raking of ground levels whatsoever shall occur within 0.6m of any tree stem.
- No new permanent or temporary structures shall be erected other than those shown on the planning application documents unless approved by the local authority.
- Underground services shall not be installed in this area without prior consultation with the project arborist and a methodology agreed and approved by the local authority.
- If roots are encountered in excess of 25mm diameter, they shall be retained wherever possible and protected with damp sacking during times that they are unearthed. Any roots in excess of 100mm that need to be severed shall be pruned with secateurs.
- Storage of materials and spoil shall be avoided unless it has been agreed with the project arborist that the ground protection measures are adequate to ensure no soil compaction or contamination occurs. All hazardous materials (including non-essential cement products) shall be forbidden.
- No fires shall be permitted.

### Restricted Activity Zone B

In this zone foundations are to be installed. In order to minimise the impact on roots it is proposed to utilise the **Hand Dig Method**. The following restrictions shall apply:

- Excavation shall be overseen by the project arborist.
- Hand tools shall be used during the excavation to a depth of 600mm. Below this depth a carefully marshalled mechanical excavator may be used.
- The excavation shall not extend more than 200mm beyond the footprint of the proposed building walls in the direction of the trees.
- If roots in excess of 20mm diameter are encountered close to the edge of the excavation, they shall be retained wherever possible and protected with damp sacking during times that they are unearthed. Any roots that need to be severed shall be pruned with secateurs.

### Restricted Activity Zone C

Within this zone, demolition is proposed close to trees. The following restrictions shall apply:

- Demolition shall not commence until the protective barriers (including ground protection measures) are installed to the satisfaction of the local authority. (Where demolition is necessary to enable the installation of tree protection barriers, this may be done in a sympathetic manner as set out below, and the tree protection barriers shall be installed as soon as demolition is complete).
- Mechanical excavators shall not operate within the Restricted Activity Zone unless from on a suitable load spreading surface.
- Where demolition is required beneath tree canopies, the mechanical excavator shall be carefully marshalled to ensure overhanging branches are not damaged. Alternatively, hand tools may be used.
- No significant machinery shall be permitted to fall towards adjacent trees.
- No excavation shall occur beneath the existing foundations unless done so using hand tools. In such circumstances any roots in excess of 50mm are to be retained intact and any new foundations designed to accommodate them.

### Site Hoarding

If site hoarding shall be installed over the Root Protection Area of any tree, the following restrictions shall apply:

- Ground levels shall be maintained as existing.
- Post holes shall not exceed 200mm x 200mm.
- No post hole shall be excavated within 150m of any tree stem.
- Post holes shall be excavated using hand tools or by a post-hole auger attached to plant machinery sited outside of Root Protection Areas.
- Roots in excess of 20mm shall be retained wherever possible.
- Roots in excess of 20mm shall be pruned with sharp secateurs.
- Site hoarding shall be minimal and only undertaken where absolutely necessary to facilitate the site. Site hoarding shall be undertaken by a reputable tree surgeon working to BS 3998 (2010).
- Site hoarding may be installed in place of the specified tree protection measures subject to the approval of the local authority with regard to its location and specification.

### Siting of Cabins

Cabins shall be located outside of Construction Exclusion Zones and Restricted Activity Zones unless agreed otherwise by the project arborist. Where this is being considered, the project arborist shall be consulted and specific tree protection measures agreed. The following general restrictions will apply:

- All services to and from site cabins shall be installed above ground through any Root Protection Areas.
- No excavation shall occur within Root Protection Areas to enable cabins to be installed.
- The cabins shall be founded on a suitable load spreading surface.

### Use of Heavy Plant

All machinery operators are to be made aware of any Construction Exclusion Zones and Restricted Activity Zones that apply to this site. All machinery operators are to respect these zones and ensure that no damage occurs to trees due to the careless use of machinery. Mechanical excavators should have tracks rather than wheels to help spread their load. They should be carefully marshalled when working close to tree canopies.

### Scaffolding

If scaffolding is required in areas containing ground protection measures, the protective boards shall need to remain in situ and be strengthened and stabilised to bear the weight of scaffold poles. Prior to the installation of any scaffolding within 0.6m of any tree branches, the project arborist shall be consulted to specify any pruning works that may be required.

### Timing of Operations

Activity within the site shall be phased according to the following chronology:

Order	Phase	Activity
1st.		Planning conditions relating to trees to be identified and discussed with the Project arborist and site manager.
2nd.		All specified tree removal to be undertaken (see Header -Tree Works Schedule).
3rd.	Pre-Construction Phase	Install the tree protection barriers (fencing and ground protection boards - see Headers -Tree Protection Barriers and Ground Protection Measures).
4th.		Pre-Commencement site meeting: Tree protection barriers inspected. Additional protection measures to be agreed. Variances to be agreed. Extents of excavation to be agreed. Scope of future inspections / monitoring to be agreed.
5th.		Arboricultural Method Statement to be revised and approved.
Protection measures confirmed acceptable by the local authority		
6th.	Construction Phase	Demolish existing structures and remove existing surfaces wherever applicable.
7th.		Install new structures and hard surfaces taking into account restricted activities as specified in this Arboricultural Method Statement.
8th.		Site meeting with project arborist. Landscaping restrictions to be agreed. Condition of retained trees to be assessed and mitigation agreed. Ground conditions to be assessed and ground remediation to be agreed.
9th.	Post-Construction Phase	Remove protective barriers (fencing and ground protection measures as applicable).
10th.		Undertake restricted landscaping operations within Root Protection Areas, including (where applicable) boundary treatments, pedestrian surfaces, decking and any proposed tree planting.

### Personnel and Accountability

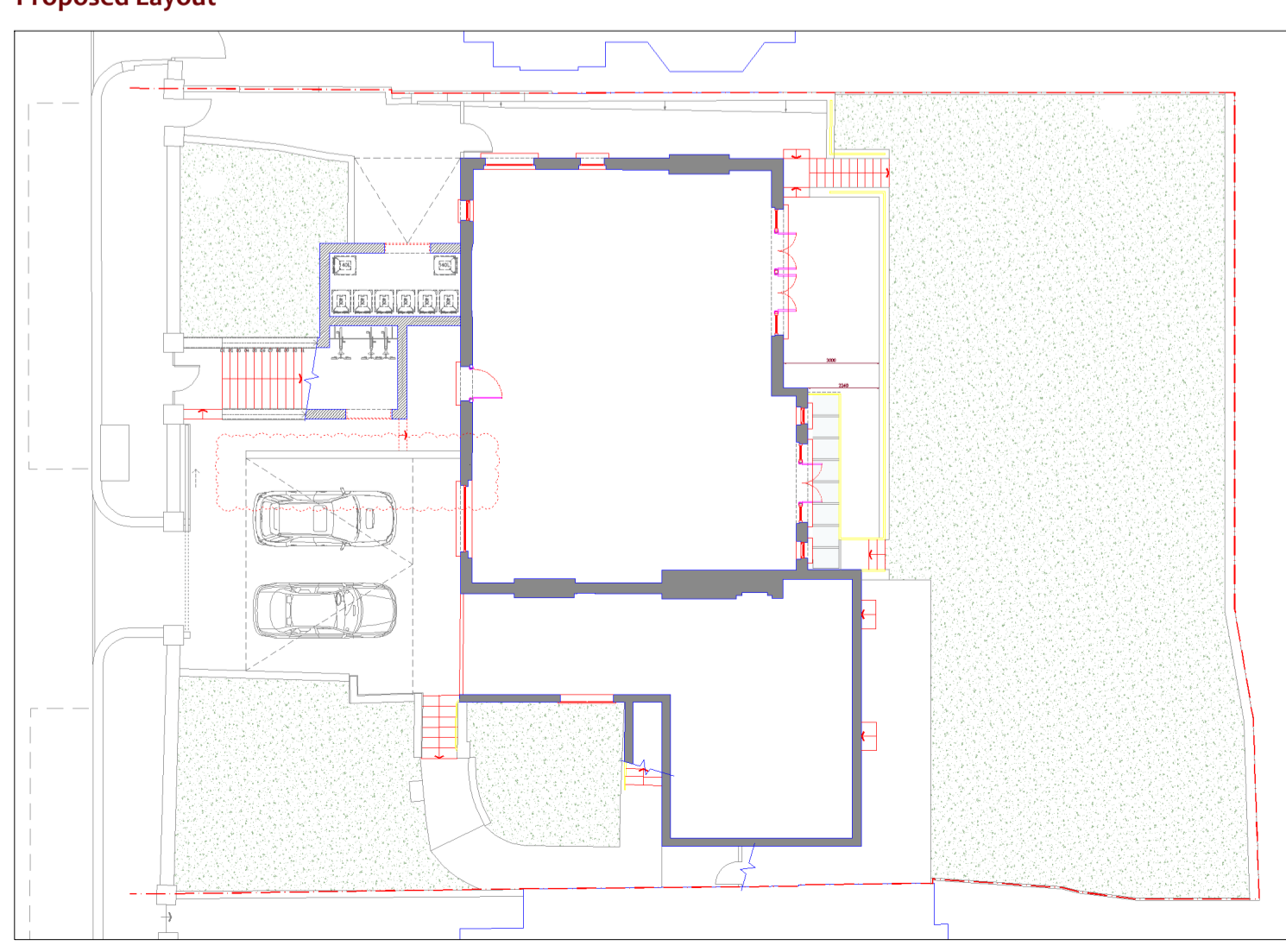
Position	Name	Contact Phone & email	Roles
Project Manager	Insert Details	Insert Details	Liaising with site manager & project arborist regarding any potential issues relating to trees. Scheduling of meeting, excavations and inspections. Overseeing this monitoring schedule. Instructing the project arborist and arranging access. Liaising with local authority regarding discharge of planning conditions and variances to the Arboricultural Method Statement.
Site Manager	Insert Details	Insert Details	Day to day monitoring of tree protection measures. Fortnightly supply of site photographs showing all tree protection measures. Induction of all contractors. Reporting to the Appointed Arborist of any incidents or potential variations to the agreed tree protection measures. Liaising with LPA Tree Officer over all arboricultural matters. Initial inspection and signing off of tree protection barriers including ground protection measures. Monthly site visits and inspections. Reporting to the local authority following site inspections and any variation or incidents.
Project Arborist	Crown Tree Consultancy 08000 1413 30 0203 797 7449 Info@crowntrees.co.uk		Receipt of reports from the appointed arborist. Liaising with the appointed arborist to agree suitability of tree protection measures and any variations. Enforcement. Advice and assistance with the discharge of planning conditions relating to trees.
Local Authority	London Borough of Camden Rav Curry & Nick Bell Rav.Curry@camden.gov.uk Nick.Bell@camden.gov.uk		Receipt of reports from the appointed arborist. Liaising with the appointed arborist to agree suitability of tree protection measures and any variations. Enforcement. Advice and assistance with the discharge of planning conditions relating to trees.
Additional Contact	Insert Details	Insert Details	Insert Details
Additional Contact	Insert Details	Insert Details	Insert Details

### Site Monitoring Schedule

Inspection	Site Attendees	Comments
<b>Pre-Start Desk-top</b> To occur prior to any works taking place on the site.	N/A.	Project Manager and Site manager to study this Method Statement & contact the Project Arborist to agree all protection measures.
<b>Pre-Start Meeting</b> After tree works completed & tree protection barriers / ground protection measures installed. Prior to any other activity, inc. demolition & soil stripping.	Site manager, project arborist, Tree Officer invited.	Tree protection fencing locations & specification checked. Additional ground protection measures checked. Further protection measures / restrictions agreed.
<b>Overseeing Excavation in Restricted Activity Zone B</b> Excavation and initial stages to be overseen.	Site manager, project arborist.	Two weeks' notice to be given prior to excavation. Excavation to be as specified in this Method Statement. Excavation to be recorded and photographed. Mitigation measures to be employed specified by the project arborist.
<b>Intermediate Inspection and Reporting</b> Throughout the demolition and external construction phase.	Site manager and project arborist.*	Project manager, site manager and project arborist to liaise regarding any issues which may affect trees. To occur at least once per month.
<b>Post-Construction Meeting</b> Post external construction activity but prior to removal of fencing & landscaping operations.	Site manager, project arborist, Tree Officer invited.	Retained trees inspected. Ground conditions assessed and mitigation measures agreed where appropriate. Further landscaping operations and restrictions to be agreed.
<b>Post-landscaping Meeting</b> After completion of all hard and soft landscaping.	Site manager, project arborist, Tree Officer invited.	Confirm landscaping and mitigation planting is acceptable.

\* Where agreed with the L.A. it may be acceptable to supply photographs of the fencing to avert the necessity for a site visit.

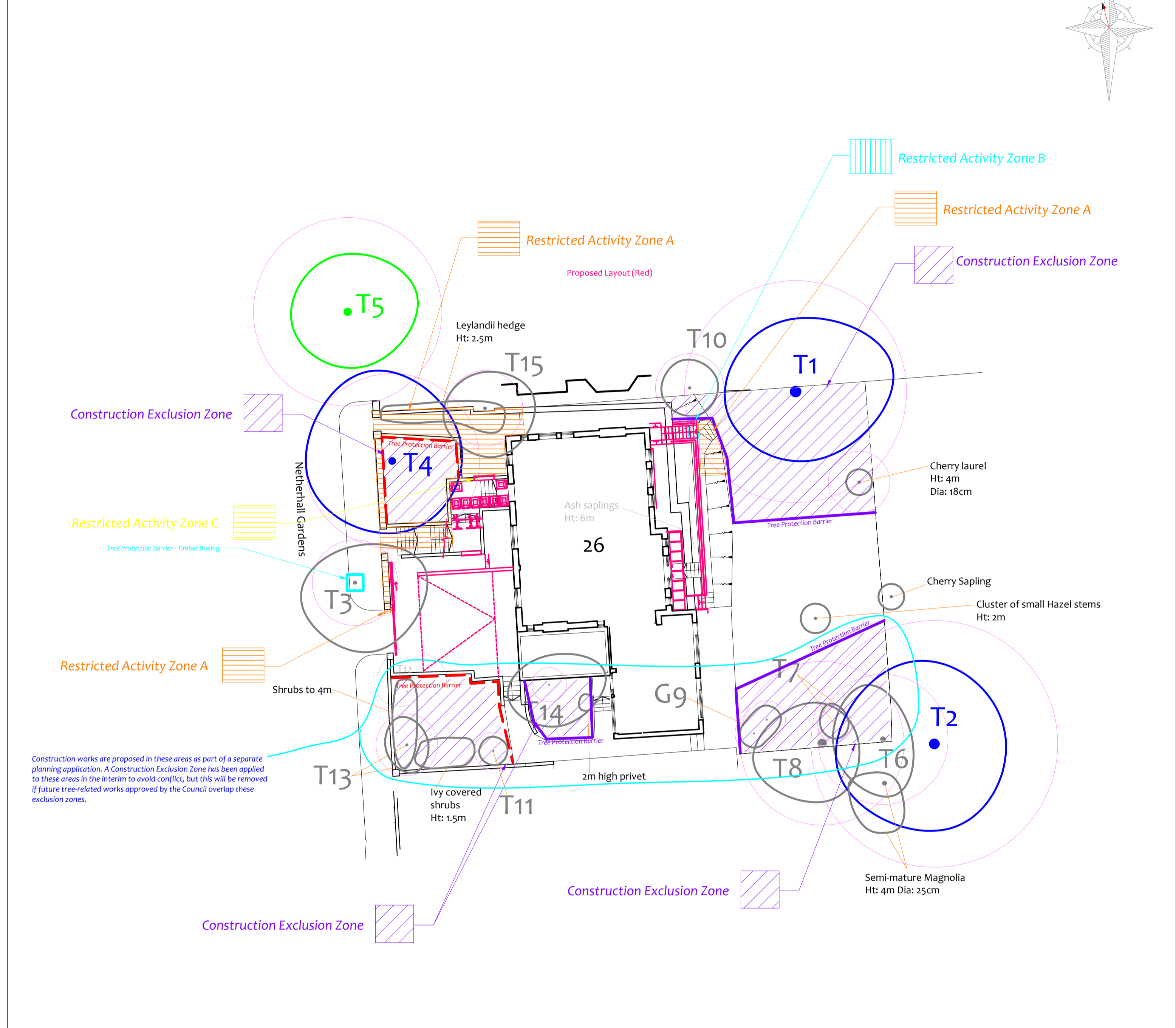
### Proposed Layout



**BS 5837 Root Protection Area (radius = 12xstem diameter)**  
 Root Protection Area needing amendment, due to site conditions, e.g. presence of existing road or building.  
 Root Protection Area having been amended to account for site conditions.  
 T1 = Tree No 1 G2 = Group No 2 H3 = Hedge No 3

### Tree Retention Categories

Category	Description
Category A tree	Trees of high quality with an estimated life expectancy of 40+ years. Usually larger trees with significant presence or smaller trees with excellent form. Retention of these trees is highly desirable.
Category B tree	Trees of moderate quality with a life expectancy of 30+ years. Usually medium trees, or younger trees with good form. Retention of these trees is desirable though less than Category A trees.
Category C tree	Unremarkable trees of low quality and form. Individual specimens are not considered to be a material planning consideration.
Category U tree	Trees unsuitable for retention due to their very poor condition.



### Tree Data Schedule

Reference / Tree Name	Age & Species	Height (m)	Crown W (m)	Crown S (m)	Crown D (m)	Notes	Recommendations (Development or maintenance)	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Anomaly / Life Expectancy (LY)	Retention Category
T1	Mature Oak	18	9	18	5	Form: Two-stemmed at 4m with a balanced crown. Defects: No defects observed.	No action required.	Moderate	High	40+	B-
T2	Mature Lime	20	5	21	6	Position: Situated on the third party land. Form: Single stemmed and vertical with a slightly unbalanced crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects observed. Limited inspection, dimensions estimated.	Remove by and inspect stem for defects.	Moderate	Moderate	40+	B
T3	Semi-Mature Cherry	11	4	25	4	Form: Street tree. Position: Single stemmed and vertical with a well-formed crown. Defects: Recorded stem diameter is equivalent for two stems (150mm, 120mm). Significant bark wound at base. Bacterial canker infection.	No action required.	High	Fair	40+	C+
T4	Early-Mature Lime	19	2	51	6	Position: Situated within the front garden. Form: Two-stemmed at ground level with a balanced crown. History: Heavily reduced. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	High	Good	40+	B+
T5	Early-Mature Silver Maple	17	2	55	4	Position: Street tree. Form: Single stemmed and vertical with a well-formed crown. History: Heavily reduced. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	Good	Good	40+	A
T6	Semi-Mature Lime	7	0.5	38	4	Position: Situated within the rear garden. Form: Multi-stemmed at ground level with an unbalanced crown. History: Previously topped at 3m. Defects: No significant defects observed. Recorded stem diameter is equivalent for five stems (6cm, 10cm, 18cm, 20cm & 35cm).	No action required.	Moderate	Fair	20-40	C
T7	Young Holly	5.5	0	10	1	Position: Situated within the rear garden. Form: Two-stemmed at 4m with a balanced crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects observed.	No action required.	High	Fair	20-40	C
T8	Semi-Mature Lime	12	3.5	61	5	Position: Situated within the rear garden. Form: Single stemmed and vertical with a balanced crown. History: Previously topped at 7m. Defects: No significant defects observed.	No action required.	High	Good	20-40	C+

### Tree Data Schedule Continued

Reference / Tree Name	Age & Species	Height (m)	Crown W (m)	Crown S (m)	Crown D (m)	Notes	Recommendations (Development or maintenance)	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Anomaly / Life Expectancy (LY)	Retention Category
G9	Young Holly	2v	2v	2v	1	Position: Situated within the rear garden. Form: Two close growing specimens, both single stemmed and vertical with a balanced crown. History: Lower foliage lightly stemmed. Defects: No significant defects observed.	No action required.	High	Good	40+	C
T9	Japanese Maple	5	2.5	20	2	Position: Situated on a third party land. Form: Multi-stemmed at 5m with a balanced crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects observed. Limited inspection, dimensions estimated.	No action required.	High	Good	20-40	C
T10	Acer japonicum	5	2.5	20	2	Position: Situated within the front garden. Form: Single stemmed and vertical with a narrow, upright habit. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	High	Good	20-40	C
T11	Young Holly	5	0.5	11	1	Position: Situated within the front garden. Form: Multi-stemmed at 2m with a compact crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	High	Good	40+	C
T12	Young Holly Oak	6	0	11	2	Position: Situated within the front garden. Form: Multi-stemmed at 4m with a compact crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects.	Remove.	High	Good	<10	U
T13	Young Ash	6	2	18	1.5	Position: Situated within the front garden. Form: Multi-stemmed at 2m with a narrow, upright habit. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	Fair	Fair	<10	C-
T14	Semi-Mature Goat Willow	4	2	10	3	Position: Situated within the front garden. Form: Multi-stemmed at 2m with a compact crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	High	Good	20-40	C
T15	Young Leyland Cypress	6	2.5	22	3	Position: Multi-stemmed at 3m with a compact crown. History: No evidence of significant pruning. Defects: No significant defects.	No action required.	High	Good	10-20	C