



# OUTDOOR AIR QUALITY REPORT

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PROJECT REFERENCE – STEPHENSON HOUSE, HAMPSTEAD RD

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ARM ENVIRONMENTS



## The Site



Address coordinates

## Project Scope

- Provide diffusion tube measurements for Nitrogen dioxide concentrations.
- Provide modelled values for Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) on a 100m<sup>2</sup> grid around the site location at 1.5m above ground level.
- Evaluate whether local pollution levels exceed European Limit Values for the Protection of Human Health at intake height for the building's ventilation provision.

## Project History

On the above property, nearing delayed site handover as a new development, Camden Building control have advised on air quality condition, that needs to verify that NO<sub>x</sub> levels are not beyond an acceptable value at apartment air intake points under the balconies to the whole house ventilation systems.

Client had advised on flue discharge No<sub>x</sub> which are not an issue to the council but it is the traffic fumes the council want to cover and to determine, if No<sub>x</sub> air filters are required for the MVHR units.

Diffusion tube monitoring will take place from September through until December.

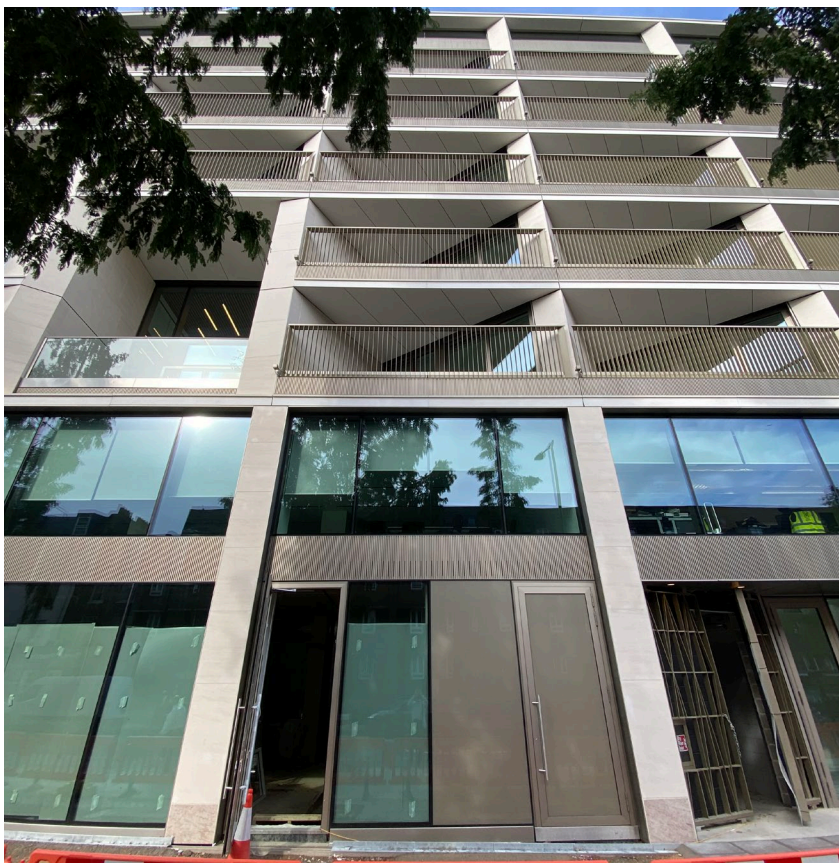


## Diffusion tube locations

To evaluate the worst case scenario, the diffusion tubes have been located on the lowest balcony that is closest to traffic-generated pollution. This was judged to be the junction of Hampstead Road and Drummond Street.

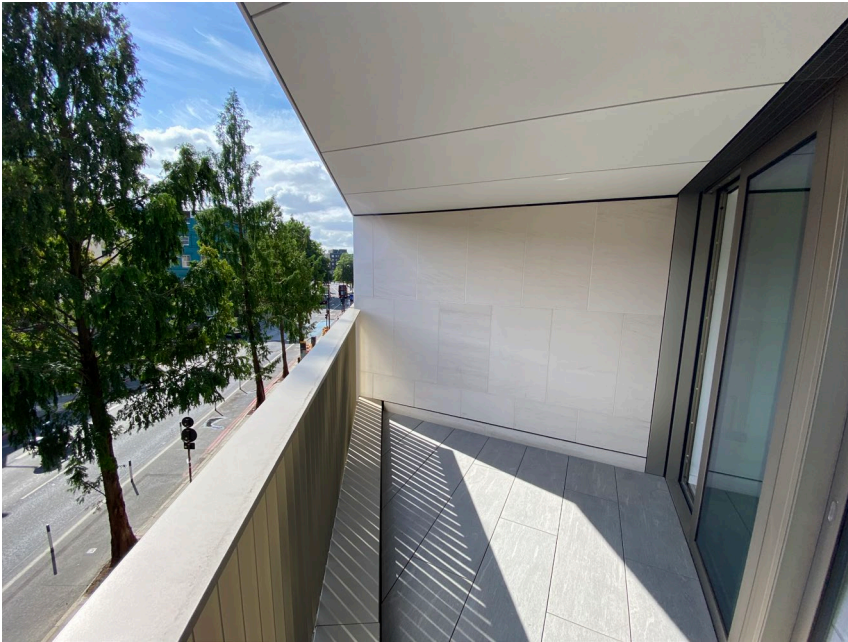


Traffic lights at junction of Hampstead road and Drummond Street with 2<sup>nd</sup> floor balcony shown.



2<sup>nd</sup> floor Balcony viewed from street level





View towards traffic lights from apartment balcony.



3 Diffusion tubes placed adjacent to MVHR intakes (MVHR not in operation)

## Summary of results 8/9-26/9

**JOB REFERENCE**    **STEPHENSON HOUSE**

Location	Sample Number	Exposure Data			$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ *
		Date On*	Date Off*	Time* (hr.)	
Stephenson House	2071844	08/09/2022	26/09/2022	432.83	35.41
Stephenson House	2071845	08/09/2022	26/09/2022	432.83	35.22
Stephenson House	2071846	08/09/2022	26/09/2022	432.83	34.30

Measurements from 3 Diffusion tubes at approximately 9-10m above street level.

During the diffusion tube monitoring period, we also deployed virtual air quality monitoring. Average NO<sub>2</sub> concentration was 36.75 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ , this was modelled at 1.5m above ground.

European Limit Values for the Protection of Human Health - NO<sub>2</sub> 40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

### Data Sources



### Annual Averages

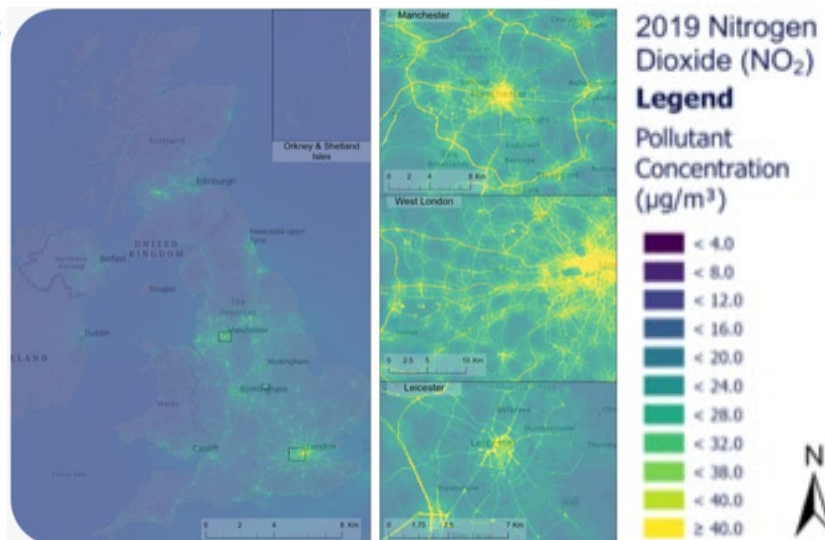
Our historic annual average datasets provide strategic information on air quality for widescale location assessment.

Exposure ratings add value to a wide range of geo-spatial applications, helping to evaluate pollution exposure while supporting risk assessment across multiple sites.

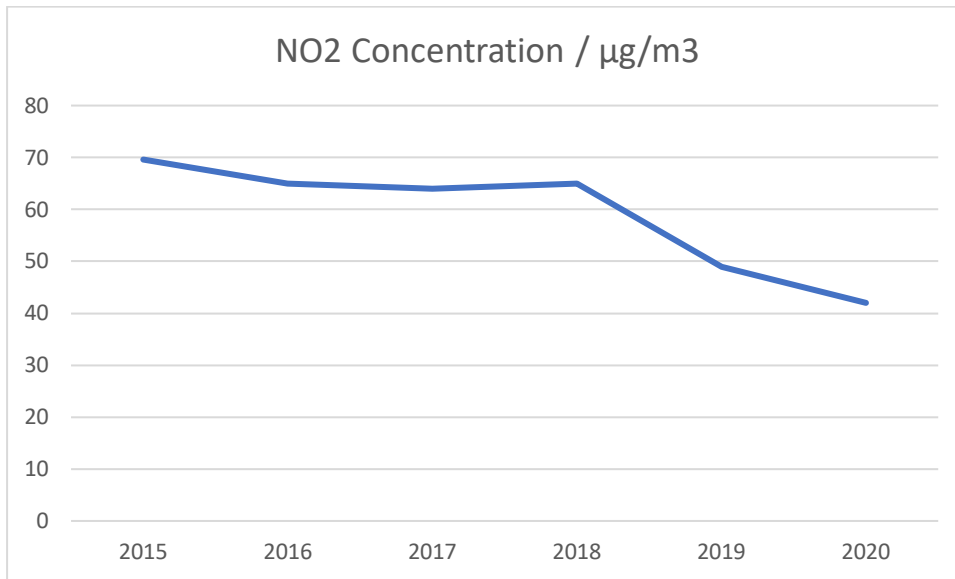
NO<sub>2</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> are most often utilised when considering human health effects, but other pollutants are available on request.

The precalculated and validated data is supplied at 100m<sup>2</sup> resolution for the whole of the UK and is also available as a postcode specific value.

Data is supplied in an appropriate geospatial file to suit your application, via API or issued on request.

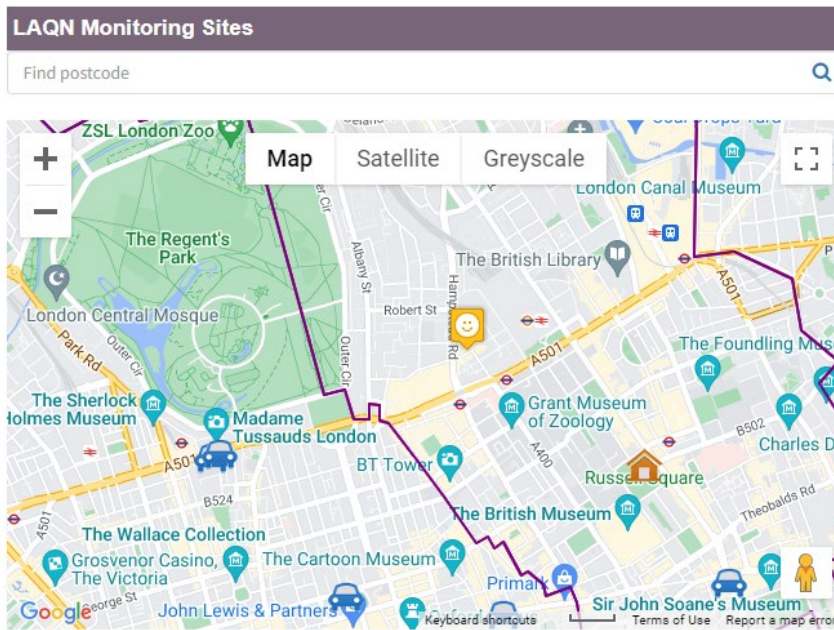


Data from our model is available on a 100m<sup>2</sup> resolution, a significant improvement on the 1000m<sup>2</sup> resolution available from DEFRA.



Modelled annual NO2 concentrations at 1.5m above ground at the site





The closest urban background monitoring station is in Bloomsbury Park.

Figures for Nitrogen Dioxide ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )

2019 32

2020 N/A

2021 27

2022 (so Far) 21

Pollutant	Objective	Is it achieving?	Value
Sulphur Dioxide	125 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 24 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	YES	0
Sulphur Dioxide	266 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 15 minute mean, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	YES	0
Sulphur Dioxide	350 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 1 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	YES	0
PM2.5 Particulate	25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as an annual mean	YES	11
PM10 Particulate	40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as an annual mean	YES	20
PM10 Particulate	50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 24 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	YES	5
Ozone	100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as an 8 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 10 times a year	YES	8
Nitrogen Dioxide	200 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 1 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	YES	0
Nitrogen Dioxide	40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as an annual mean	YES	21

2022 urban background pollutant levels

The closest Roadside Measurements are in Westminster on Marylebone Road

Figures for Nitrogen Dioxide ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )

2019 63

2020 44

2021 43

2022 (so Far) 44

Pollutant	Objective	Is it achieving?	Value
Sulphur Dioxide	125 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 24 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	YES	0
Sulphur Dioxide	266 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 15 minute mean, not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	YES	0
Sulphur Dioxide	350 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 1 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	YES	0
Ozone	100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as an 8 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 10 times a year	YES	0
Nitrogen Dioxide	200 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a 1 hour mean, not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	YES	0
Nitrogen Dioxide	40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as an annual mean	NO	44
Carbon Monoxide	10 $\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$ as a maximum daily running 8 hour mean	YES	0

2022 Roadside measurements Marylebone Road

## Conclusion based on early results

- Improvements in air quality around the site since planning was originally granted in 2017 are significant.
- The impact of the expanded ULEZ will continue to improve air quality beyond that seen in the annual data that is currently available.
- Improvements in combustion vehicle emissions, and a switch to electric vehicles mean that over the lifetime of the building, external air quality will improve.
- Diffusion tube measured pollutant levels at the lowest building intakes are lower than the 40µg/m<sup>3</sup> limit.
- Modelled pollutant levels at 1.5m above ground level are lower than the 40µg/m<sup>3</sup> limit.
- Mitigation against NO<sub>2</sub> and particulate pollution is unlikely to be required for this development in order to meet European Limit Values for the Protection of Human Health