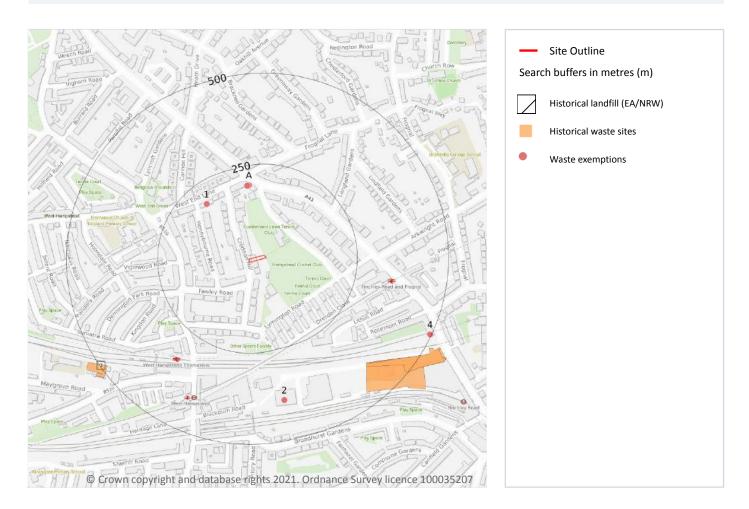


3 Waste and landfill



3.1 Active or recent landfill

Records within 500m 0

Active or recently closed landfill sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.2 Historical landfill (BGS records)

Records within 500m

Landfill sites identified on a survey carried out on behalf of the DoE in 1973. These sites may have been closed or operational at this time.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





3.3 Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)

Records within 500m 0

Landfill sites identified from Local Authority records and high detail historical mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.

3.4 Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)

Records within 500m 1

Known historical (closed) landfill sites (e.g. sites where there is no PPC permit or waste management licence currently in force). This includes sites that existed before the waste licensing regime and sites that have been licensed in the past but where a licence has been revoked, ceased to exist or surrendered and a certificate of completion has been issued.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on page 35

ID	Location	Details		
В	430m SE	Site Address: Canfield Place, London NW6 Licence Holder Address: -	Waste Licence: - Site Reference: DON009 Waste Type: - Environmental Permitting Regulations (Waste) Reference: - Licence Issue: - Licence Surrender: -	Operator: - Licence Holder: - First Recorded - Last Recorded: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.5 Historical waste sites

Records within 500m 4

Waste site records derived from Local Authority planning records and high detail historical mapping.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on page 35

ID	Location	Address	Further Details	Date
В	398m SE	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Refuse Transfer Depot Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1986





ID	Location	Address	Further Details	Date
В	398m SE	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Waste Transfer Station Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1994
В	399m SE	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Refuse Transfer Depot Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1970
3	483m SW	Site Address: N/A	Type of Site: Car Breaker's Yard Planning application reference: N/A Description: N/A Data source: Historic Mapping Data Type: Polygon	1973

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.

3.6 Licensed waste sites

Records within 500m 0

Active or recently closed waste sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

3.7 Waste exemptions

Records within 500m 8

Activities involving the storage, treatment, use or disposal of waste that are exempt from needing a permit. Exemptions have specific limits and conditions that must be adhered to.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on page 35

ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
1	190m NW	292, WEST END LANE, LONDON, NW6 1LN	WEX160733	Treating waste exemption	Not on a Farm	Sorting and de-naturing of controlled drugs for disposal
А	196m N	463 Finchley Road LONDON NW3 6HN	EPR/WH0777 UE/A001	Treating waste exemption	Non- Agricultural Waste Only	Sorting and de-naturing of controlled drugs for disposal
А	196m N	-	WEX263924	Storing waste exemption	Not on a farm	Storage of waste in a secure place



32, CREDITON HILL, LONDON, NW6 1HP

Ref: GS-8177404 Your ref: MES2109CA001 Grid ref: 525691 185108

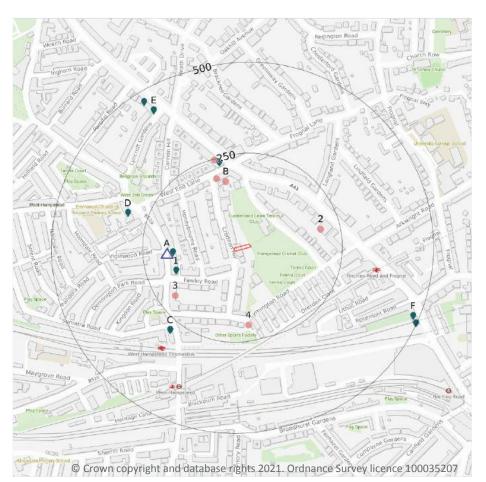
ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
Α	196m N	-	WEX263924	Treating waste exemption	Not on a farm	Sorting and de-naturing of controlled drugs for disposal
А	196m N	463, FINCHLEY ROAD, LONDON, NW3 6HN	WEX121977	Storing waste exemption	Not on a farm	Storage of waste in a secure place
А	196m N	463, FINCHLEY ROAD, LONDON, NW3 6HN	WEX121977	Treating waste exemption	Not on a farm	Sorting and de-naturing of controlled drugs for disposal
2	391m S	277, Finchley Road, London, NW3 6LT	WEX254688	Storing waste exemption	Not on a farm	Storage of waste in a secure place
4	497m SE	277, Finchley Road, London, NW3 6LT	WEX111676	Storing waste exemption	Not on a farm	Storage of waste in a secure place

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





4 Current industrial land use



Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)
 Recent industrial land uses
 △ Current or recent petrol stations
 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

4.1 Recent industrial land uses

Records within 250m

Current potentially contaminative industrial sites.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on page 39

ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
В	183m N	Electricity Sub Station	Greater London, NW6	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
В	196m N	Carmel Garage	322, West End Lane, London, Greater London, NW6 1LN	Vehicle Repair, Testing and Servicing	Repair and Servicing
2	197m E	Telephone Exchange	Greater London, NW3	Telecommunications Features	Infrastructure and Facilities





ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
3	204m SW	West Hamspead Scaffolding	194, West End Lane, London, Greater London, NW6 1SG	Construction and Tool Hire	Hire Services
4	206m S	Electricity Sub Station	Greater London, NW6	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
В	248m N	And So to Bed Ltd	475, Finchley Road, Hampstead, London, Greater London, NW3 6HS	Beds and Bedding	Consumer Products

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.

4.2 Current or recent petrol stations

Records within 500m 1

Open, closed, under development and obsolete petrol stations.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on page 39

ID	Location	Company	Address	LPG	Status
А	184m W	OBSOLETE	West End Lane, London, Inner London, NW6 1XF	Not Applicable	Obsolete

This data is sourced from Experian.

4.3 Electricity cables

Records within 500m 0

High voltage underground electricity transmission cables.

This data is sourced from National Grid.

4.4 Gas pipelines

Records within 500m 0

High pressure underground gas transmission pipelines.

This data is sourced from National Grid.





4.5 Sites determined as Contaminated Land

Records within 500m 0

Contaminated Land Register of sites designated under Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.6 Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)

Records within 500m 0

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites. This data includes upper and lower tier sites, and includes a historical archive of COMAH sites and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) records.

This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.

4.7 Regulated explosive sites

Records within 500m 0

Sites registered and licensed by the Health and Safety Executive under the Manufacture and Storage of Explosives Regulations 2005 (MSER). The last update to this data was in April 2011.

This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.

4.8 Hazardous substance storage/usage

Records within 500m 0

Consents granted for a site to hold certain quantities of hazardous substances at or above defined limits in accordance with the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.9 Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)

Records within 500m

Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) records of substance releases to air, land and water. This data represents a historical archive as the IPC regime has been superseded.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





4.10 Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))

Records within 500m 0

Records of Part A(1) installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.11 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

Records within 500m 14

Records of Part A(2) and Part B installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on page 39

ID	Location	Address	Details	
А	167m W	Shamrock Express Cleaners, 210 West End Lane, NW6 1UU	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
1	170m W	Shamrock, 210 West End Lane, NW6 1UU	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Revoked Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
В	238m N	J D Dry Cleaners, 469 Finchley Road, NW3 6HP	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
С	280m SW	Madame George Dry Cleaners , 227 West End Lane, NW6 1XJ	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
С	280m SW	Madame George Dry Cleaners, 227 West End Lane, NW6 1XJ	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Current Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
D	306m W	Sparkle Dry Cleaning , 329 West End Lane, NW6 1RS	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
D	306m W	Sparkle Dry Cleaning, 329 West End Lane, NW6 1RS	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Current Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
E	437m NW	Cottontail Cleaners, 509 Finchley Road, Hamstead, NW3 7BB	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified





ID	Location	Address	Details	
E	437m NW	Cottontail Cleaners, 509 Finchley Road, NW3 7BB	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: 19/01/2009 Comment: Non - payment of the annual subsistence fee.
Е	471m NW	The London Dry Cleaning Company, 519A Finchley Road, NW3 7BB	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Current Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
Е	471m NW	The London Dry Cleaning Company, 519A Finchley Road, NW3 7BB	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
F	482m SE	Ariana Hand Laundry Ltd, 281a Finchley Road, NW3 6ND	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
F	482m SE	Ariana Hand Laundry Ltd, 281a Finchley Road, NW3 6ND	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified
F	498m SE	Hampstead Express Dry Cleaning, 279a Finchley Road, NW3 6LT	Process: Dry Cleaning Status: Historical Permit Permit Type: Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified

This data is sourced from Local Authority records.

4.12 Radioactive Substance Authorisations

Records within 500m 0

Records of the storage, use, accumulation and disposal of radioactive substances regulated under the Radioactive Substances Act 1993.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.13 Licensed Discharges to controlled waters

Records within 500m 0

Discharges of treated or untreated effluent to controlled waters under the Water Resources Act 1991.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





4.14 Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)

Records within 500m 0

Discharges of specified substances under the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.15 Pollutant release to public sewer

Records within 500m 0

Discharges of Special Category Effluents to the public sewer.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.16 List 1 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m 0

Discharges of substances identified on List I of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.17 List 2 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m 0

Discharges of substances identified on List II of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

4.18 Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

Records within 500m

Records of substantiated pollution incidents. Since 2006 this data has only included category 1 (major) and 2 (significant) pollution incidents.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





4.19 Pollution inventory substances

Records within 500m 0

The pollution inventory (substances) includes reporting on annual emissions of certain regulated substances to air, controlled waters and land. A reporting threshold for each substance is also included. Where emissions fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

4.20 Pollution inventory waste transfers

Records within 500m 0

The pollution inventory (waste transfers) includes reporting on annual transfers and recovery/disposal of controlled wastes from a site. A reporting threshold for each waste type is also included. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.

4.21 Pollution inventory radioactive waste

Records within 500m 0

The pollution inventory (radioactive wastes) includes reporting on annual releases of radioactive substances from a site, including the means of release. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.





5 Hydrogeology - Superficial aquifer

5.1 Superficial aquifer

Records within 500m

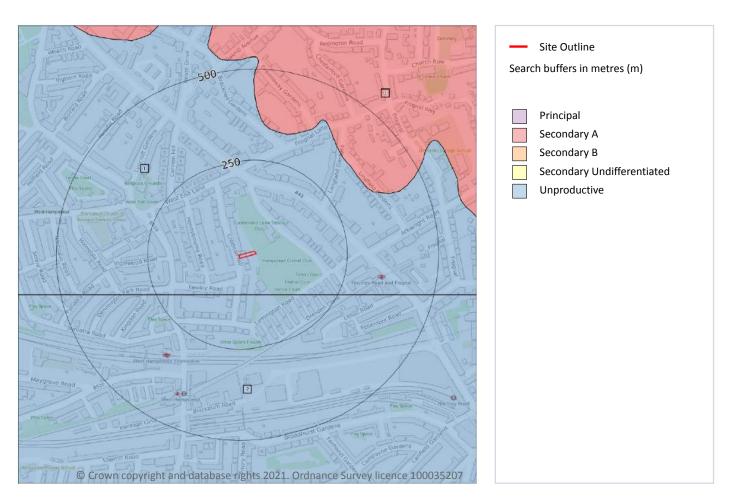
Aquifer status of groundwater held within superficial geology.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





Bedrock aquifer



5.2 Bedrock aquifer

Records within 500m 3

Aquifer status of groundwater held within bedrock geology.

Features are displayed on the Bedrock aquifer map on page 47

ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Unproductive	These are rock layers or drift deposits with low permeability that have negligible significance for water supply or river base flow
2	100m S	Unproductive	These are rock layers or drift deposits with low permeability that have negligible significance for water supply or river base flow



32, CREDITON HILL, LONDON, NW6 1HP Ref: GS-8177404 Your ref: MES2109CA001 Grid ref: 525691 185108

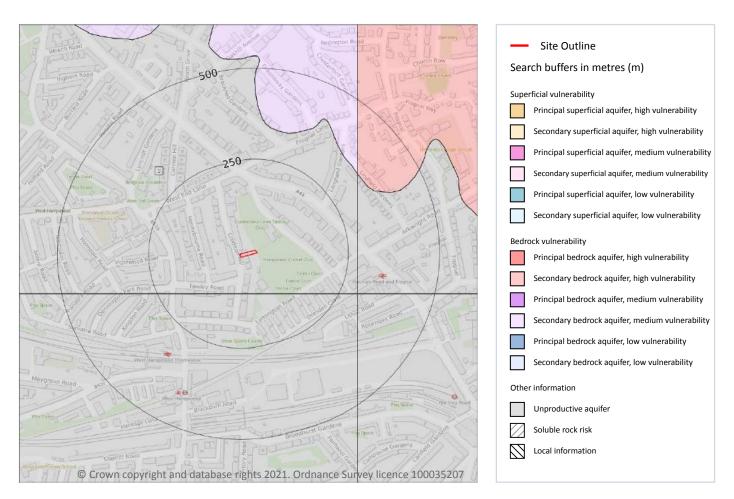
ID	Location	Designation	Description
3	333m N	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





Groundwater vulnerability



5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m 1

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on page 49





ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	Summary Classification: Unproductive aquifer (may have productive aquifer beneath) Combined classification: Unproductive Bedrock Aquifer, No Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Low Infiltration value: 40- 70% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: - Aquifer type: - Thickness: <3m Patchiness value: <90% Recharge potential: No Data	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Flow mechanism: Mixed

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site 0

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.

5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site 0

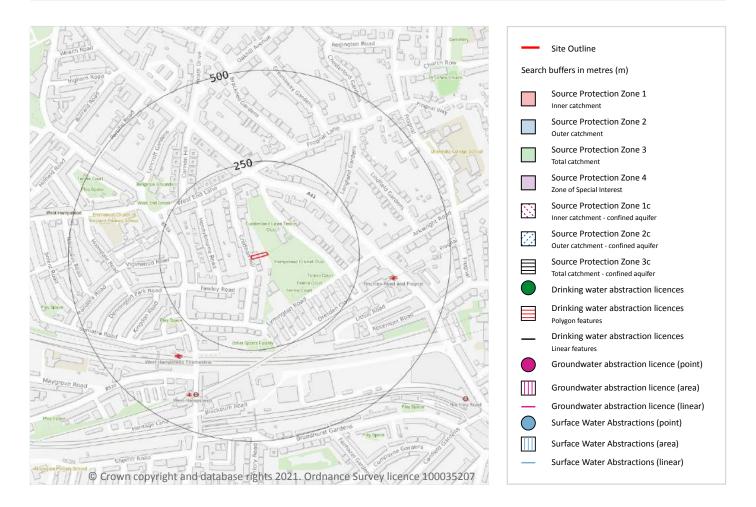
This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.





Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on page 51



ID	Location	Details	
-	1332m SE	Status: Active Licence No: TH/039/0039/087 Details: General Washing/Process Washing Direct Source: THAMES GROUNDWATER Point: SWISS COTTAGE OPEN SPACE- BOREHOLE Data Type: Point Name: LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN Easting: 526750 Northing: 184261	Annual Volume (m³): 10,512 Max Daily Volume (m³): 28.80 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 05/12/2013 Expiry Date: 31/03/2025 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 05/12/2013 Version End Date: -
-	1332m SE	Status: Active Licence No: TH/039/0039/087 Details: Lake & Pond Throughflow Direct Source: THAMES GROUNDWATER Point: SWISS COTTAGE OPEN SPACE- BOREHOLE Data Type: Point Name: LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN Easting: 526750 Northing: 184261	Annual Volume (m³): 10,512 Max Daily Volume (m³): 28.80 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 05/12/2013 Expiry Date: 31/03/2025 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 05/12/2013 Version End Date: -
-	1332m SE	Status: Active Licence No: TH/039/0039/087 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: THAMES GROUNDWATER Point: SWISS COTTAGE OPEN SPACE- BOREHOLE Data Type: Point Name: LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN Easting: 526750 Northing: 184261	Annual Volume (m³): 10,512 Max Daily Volume (m³): 28.80 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 05/12/2013 Expiry Date: 31/03/2025 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 05/12/2013 Version End Date: -
-	1359m SE	Status: Historical Licence No: 28/39/39/0219 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: THAMES GROUNDWATER Point: SWISS COTTAGE OPEN SPACE- BOREHOLE Data Type: Point Name: LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN Easting: 526800 Northing: 184280	Annual Volume (m³): 10512 Max Daily Volume (m³): 28.8 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 12/08/2005 Expiry Date: 31/03/2013 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2008 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.7 Surface water abstractions

Records within 2000m

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





5.8 Potable abstractions

Records within 2000m 0

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m 0

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m 0

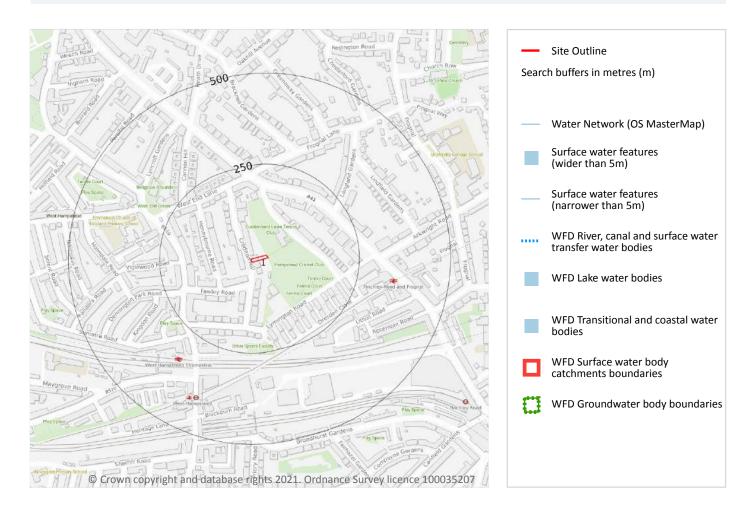
Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





6 Hydrology



6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m 0

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.2 Surface water features

Records within 250m

Contact us with any questions at:

info@groundsure.com 08444 159 000

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.





This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

Records on site 1

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on page 54

ID	Location	Туре	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Manageme nt catchment
1	On site	Coastal Catchmen t	Not part of a river WB catchment	128	Land area part of London Management Catchment draining to the Tidal Thames	London

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

Records identified 0

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

Records on site 0

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





7 River and coastal flooding

7.1 Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)

Records within 50m 0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m 0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m 0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m 0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m 0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.





8 Surface water flooding

8.1 Surface water flooding

Highest risk on site	Negligible
Highest risk within 50m	Negligible

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site. The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

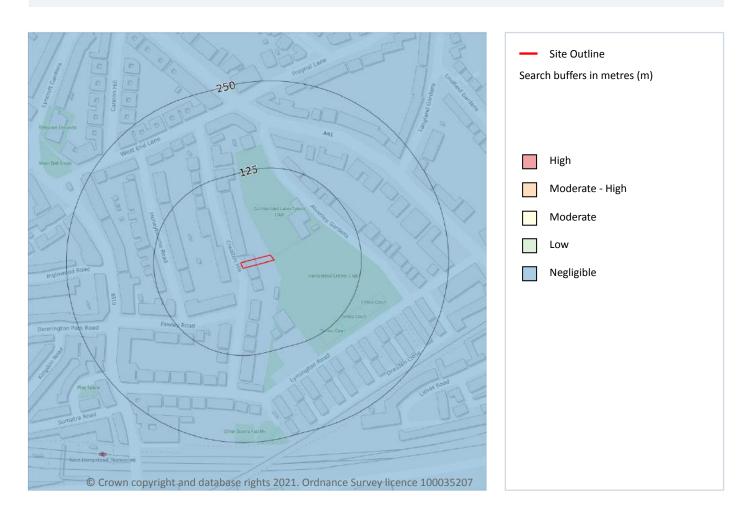
Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Negligible
1 in 250 year	Negligible
1 in 100 year	Negligible
1 in 30 year	Negligible

This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.





9 Groundwater flooding



9.1 Groundwater flooding

Highest risk on site

Negligible

Highest risk within 50m

Negligible

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

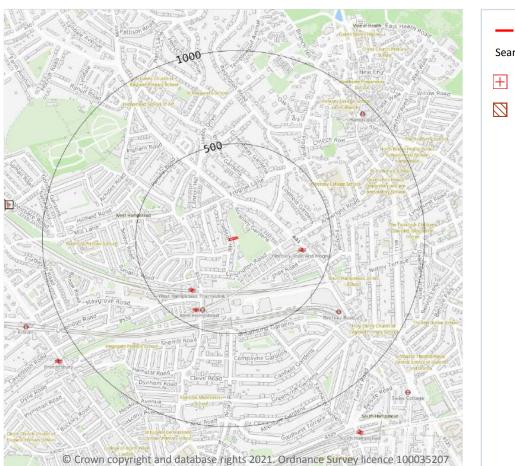
Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on page 60

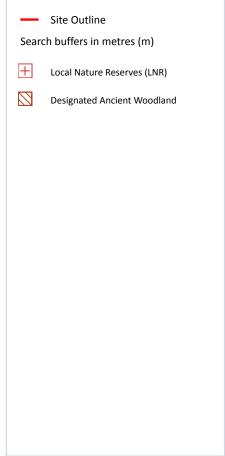
This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.





10 Environmental designations





10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m 0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were renotified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.





10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m 0

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m 0

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m 0

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m 0

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.





10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m 3

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on page 61

ID	Location	Name	Data source
А	1181m W	Westbere Copse	Natural England
А	1197m W	Westbere Copse	Natural England
-	1759m E	Belsize Wood	Natural England

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m 1

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on page 61

ID	Location	Name	Woodland Type
_	1586m N	Bishops Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.8 Biosphere Reserves

Records within 2000m 0

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.





10.9 Forest Parks

Records within 2000m 0

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

Records within 2000m 0

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.11 Green Belt

Records within 2000m 0

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.

10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m 0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m 0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.





10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m 0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m 0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m 0

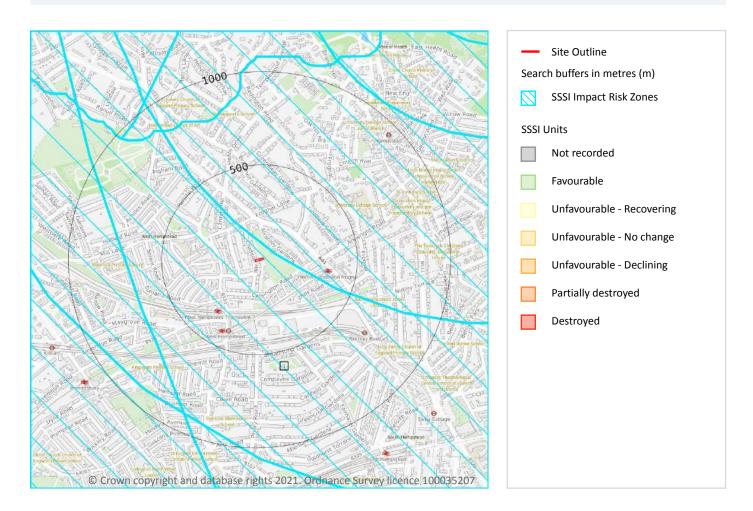
Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.





SSSI Impact Zones and Units



10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site 1

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

Features are displayed on the SSSI Impact Zones and Units map on page 66





ID	Location	Type of developments requiring consultation
1	On site	Infrastructure - Airports, helipads and other aviation proposals. Minerals, Oil and Gas - Planning applications for quarries, including: new proposals, Review of Minerals Permissions (ROMP), extensions, variations to conditions etc. Oil & gas exploration/extraction. Air pollution - Livestock & poultry units with floorspace > 500m², slurry lagoons > 750m² & manure stores > 3500t. Combustion - General combustion processes >50MW energy input. Incl: energy from waste incineration, other incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage treatment works, other incineration/ combustion

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m 0

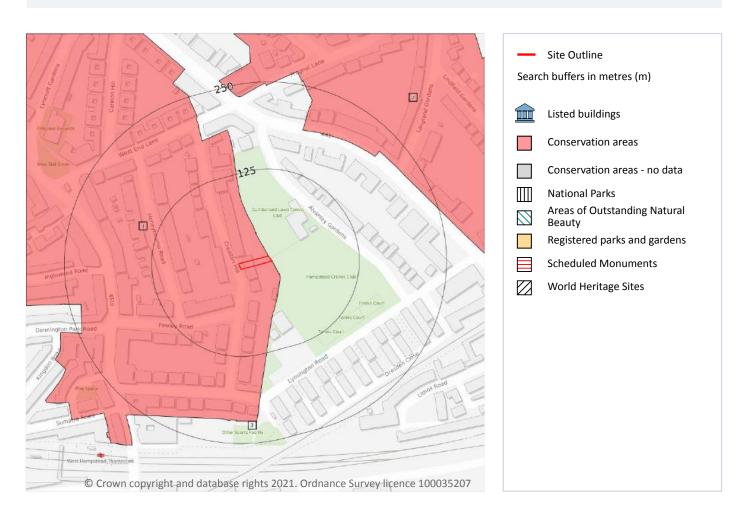
Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.





11 Visual and cultural designations



11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m 0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.





11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m 0

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m 0

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.

11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m 0

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.5 Conservation Areas

Records within 250m 3

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.





Features are displayed on the Visual and cultural designations map on page 68

ID	Location	Name	District	Date of designation
1	On site	West End Green	Camden	17/03/1993
2	187m N	Redington Frognall	Camden	01/06/1985
3	224m S	West End Green	Camden	17/03/1993

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

Records within 250m 0

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

Records within 250m 0

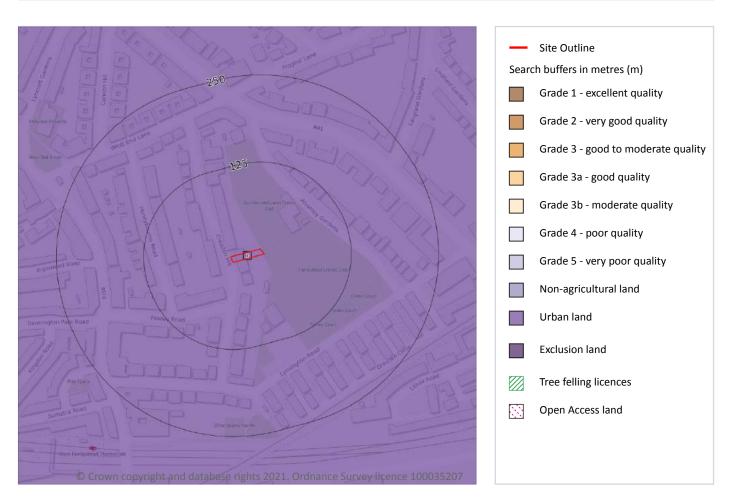
Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.





12 Agricultural designations



12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m 1

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on page 71

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ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Urban	-

This data is sourced from Natural England.





12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m 0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m 0

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m 0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

This data is sourced from Natural England.





13 Habitat designations



13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m 1

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on page 73

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
1	238m N	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)

This data is sourced from Natural England.





13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m 0

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m 0

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

Records within 250m 0

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

This data is sourced from Natural England.





14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



14.1 10k Availability

Records within 500m 2

An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on page 75

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ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	No coverage	TQ28NE
2	100m S	Full	Full	Full	No coverage	TQ28SE





Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m 1

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on page 76

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	242m N	WGR-UKNOWN	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Unknown/unclassified Entry





Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial

14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m 0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock



Search buffers in metres (m)

Bedrock faults and other

Bedrock geology (10k)
Please see table for more details.

linear features (10k)

14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m 3

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on page 78

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	LC-CLAY	London Clay Formation - Clay	Eocene Epoch
2	100m S	LC-CLAY	London Clay Formation - Clay	Eocene Epoch
3	320m N	CLGB-SDST	Claygate Member - Sandstone	Eocene Epoch

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Records within 500m 0

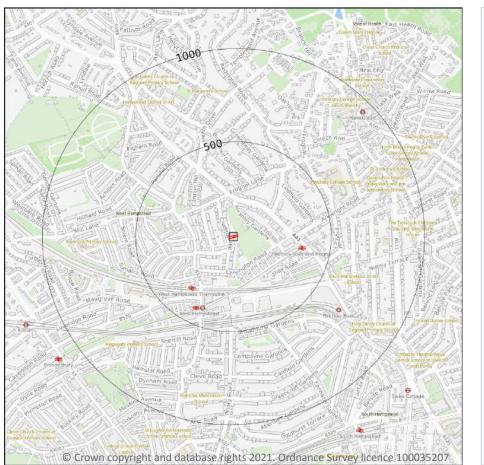
Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

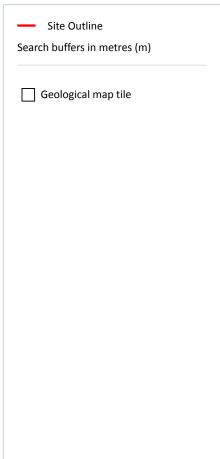
This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability





15.1 50k Availability

Records within 500m

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

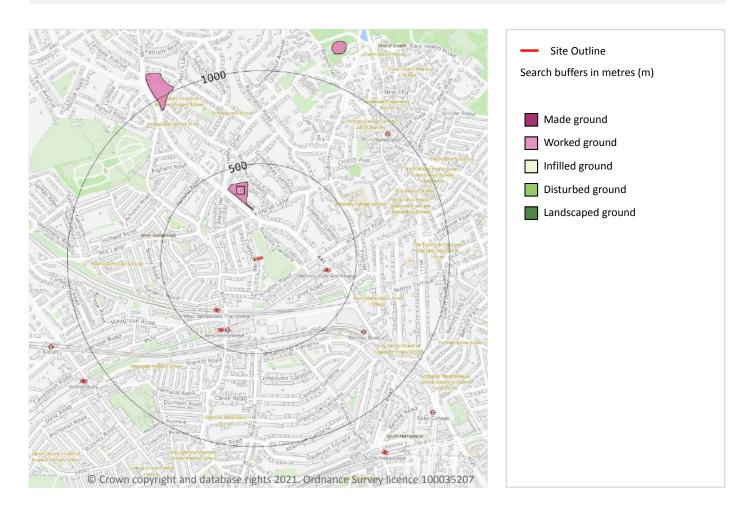
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on page 80

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	EW256_north_london_v4





Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m 1

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on page 81

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	255m N	WGR-VOID	WORKED GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	VOID





15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m 0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial

15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m 0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m 0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

Records within 50m 0

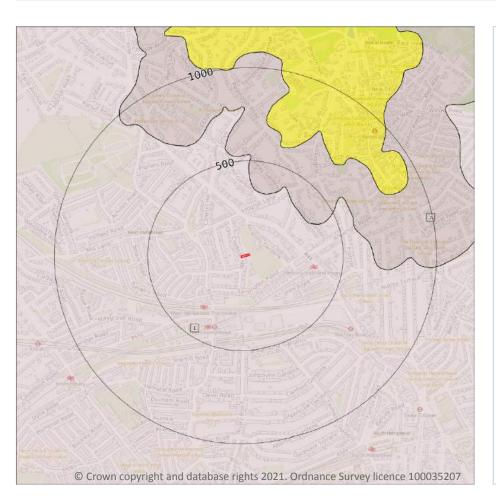
A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Bedrock geology (50k)

Please see table for more details.

15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m 2

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on page 84

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	LC-XCZS	LONDON CLAY FORMATION - CLAY, SILT AND SAND	YPRESIAN
2	333m N	CLGB-XCZS	CLAYGATE MEMBER - CLAY, SILT AND SAND	YPRESIAN

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Mixed	Moderate	Very Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Records within 500m 0

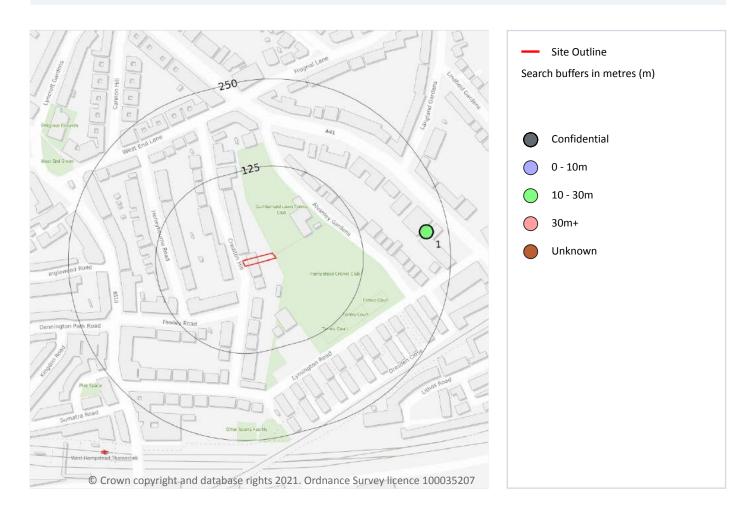
Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





16 Boreholes



16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m 1

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

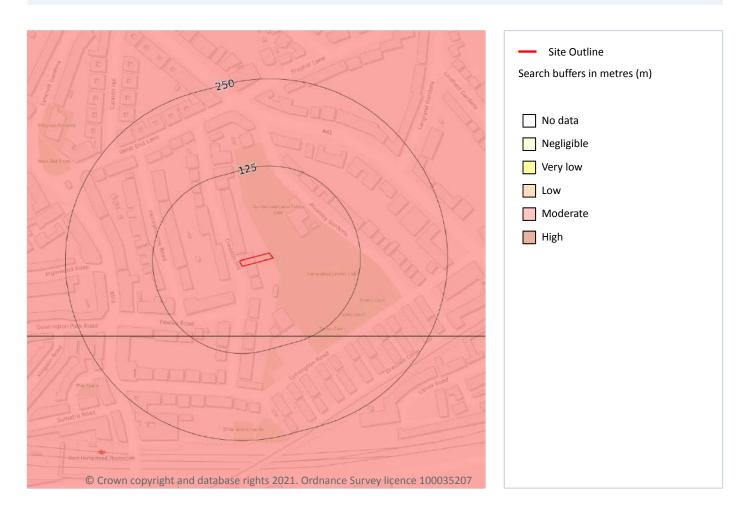
Features are displayed on the Boreholes map on page 86

ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
1	219m E	525940 185150	HAMPSTEAD T.E. EXTENSION BH1	29.5	N	<u>590717</u>





17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m 1

The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

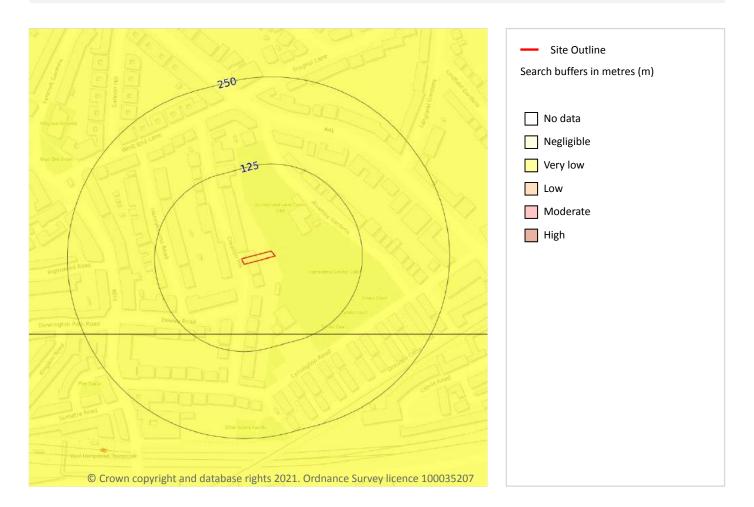
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on page 87

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Moderate	Ground conditions predominantly high plasticity.





Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m 1

The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

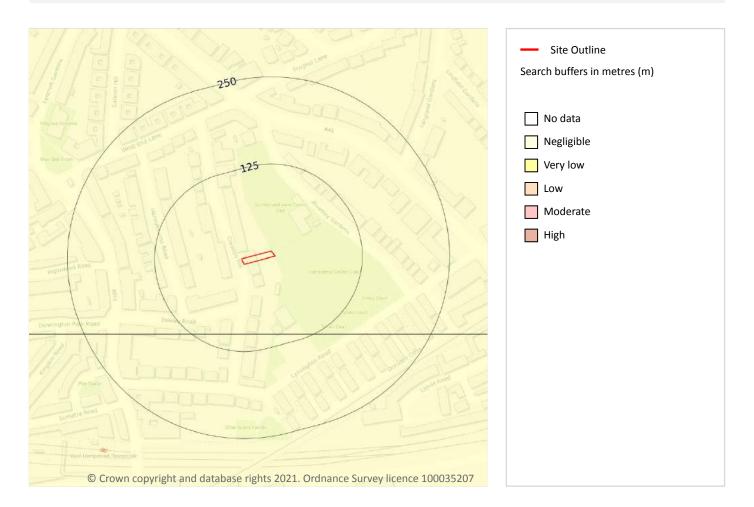
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on page 88

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.





Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m 1

The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

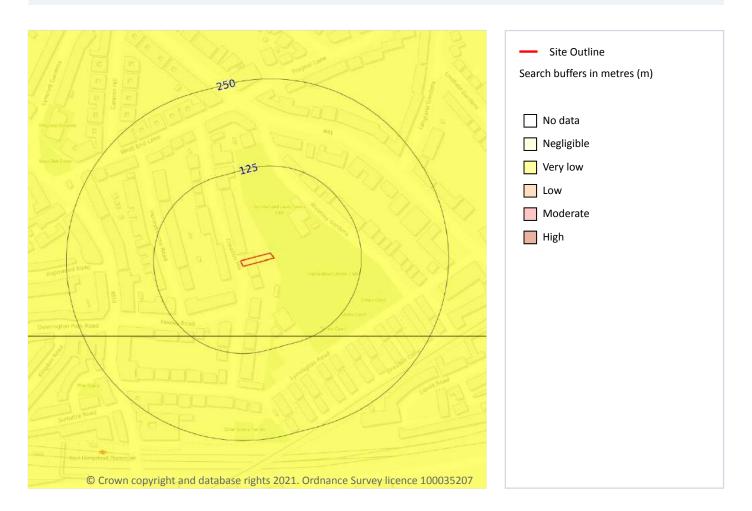
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on page 89

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.





Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m 1

The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on page 90

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.





Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m 1

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

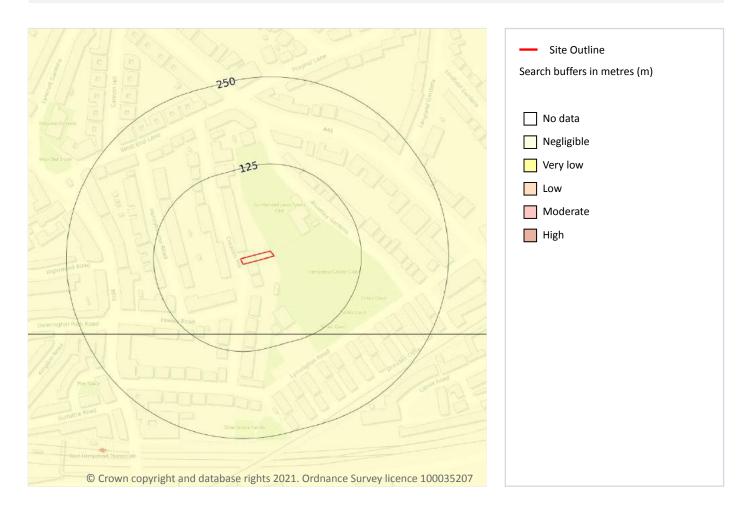
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on page 91

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.





Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m 1

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on page 92

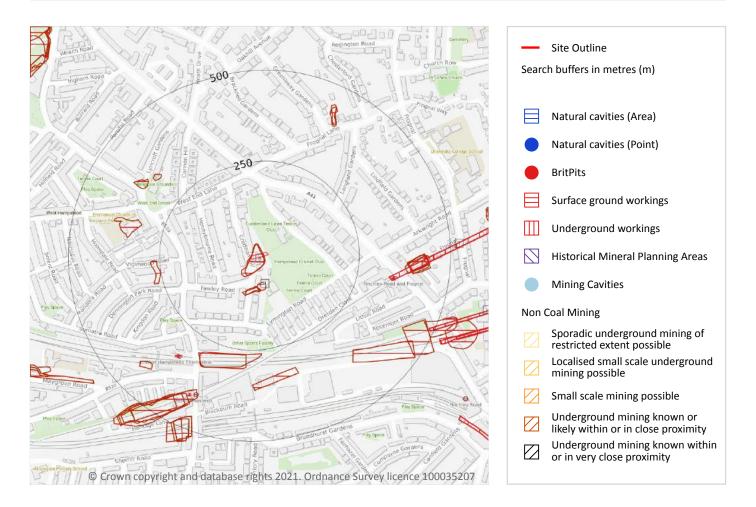
Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

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18 Mining, ground workings and natural cavities



18.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m 0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.





18.2 BritPits

Records within 500m 0

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.3 Surface ground workings

Records within 250m 5

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on page 93

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
Α	On site	Pond	1874	1:10560
Α	On site	Pond	1894	1:10560
В	69m S	Unspecified Heap	1894	1:10560
В	76m S	Pond	1874	1:10560
В	78m S	Pond	1894	1:10560

This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.4 Underground workings

Records within 1000m 31

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on page 93

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
Е	337m E	Tunnel	1974	1:10000
Е	337m E	Tunnel	1995	1:10000
7	427m E	Tunnel	1958	1:10560
8	434m E	Tunnel	1965	1:10560





ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
J	485m SE	Tunnels	1968	1:10560
J	485m SE	Tunnels	1957	1:10560
J	485m SE	Tunnels	1973	1:10000
J	485m SE	Tunnels	1989	1:10000
K	524m SE	Tunnels	1957	1:10560
K	527m SE	Tunnels	1973	1:10000
K	527m SE	Tunnels	1968	1:10560
K	527m SE	Tunnels	1989	1:10000
12	562m SE	Tunnel	1866	1:10560
Ν	688m SE	Tunnel	1973	1:10000
Ν	688m SE	Tunnel	1968	1:10560
Ν	688m SE	Tunnel	1957	1:10560
-	742m E	Air Shaft	1940	1:10560
-	743m E	Air Shaft	1920	1:10560
-	744m E	Air Shaft	1973	1:10000
-	744m E	Air Shaft	1989	1:10000
-	754m E	Tunnel	1965	1:10560
-	754m E	Tunnel	1974	1:10000
-	754m E	Tunnel	1995	1:10000
-	754m E	Tunnel	1958	1:10560
-	865m E	Tunnel	1958	1:10560
-	884m E	Ventilating Shaft	1865	1:10560
-	934m E	Tunnel	1965	1:10560
-	934m E	Tunnel	1974	1:10000
-	934m E	Tunnel	1995	1:10000
-	934m E	Tunnel	1958	1:10560
-	980m E	Air Shaft	1920	1:10560

This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.





18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

Records within 500m 0

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m 0

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.7 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m 0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

18.8 JPB mining areas

Records on site 0

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.

18.9 Coal mining

Records on site 0

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.



estions at: Date: 7 September 2021



18.10 Brine areas

Records on site 0

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.

18.11 Gypsum areas

Records on site 0

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

This data is sourced from British Gypsum.

18.12 Tin mining

Records on site 0

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

This data is sourced from Mining Searches UK.

18.13 Clay mining

Records on site 0

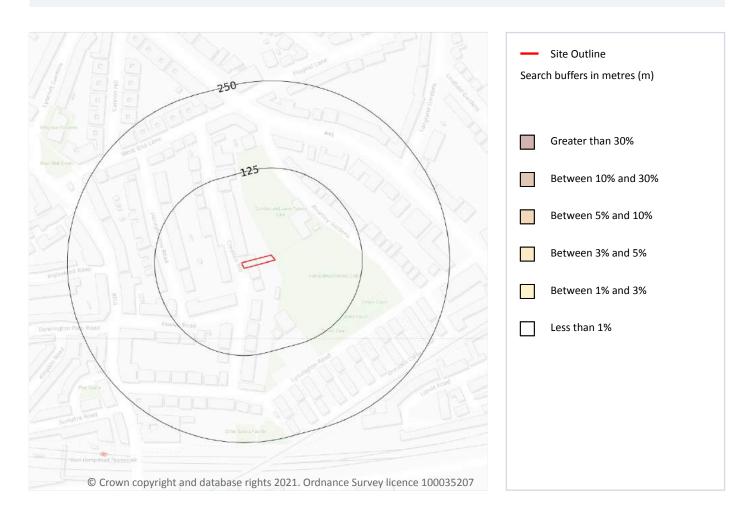
Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).





19 Radon



19.1 Radon

Records on site 1

Estimated percentage of dwellings exceeding the Radon Action Level. This data is the highest resolution radon dataset available for the UK and is produced to a 75m level of accuracy to allow for geological data accuracy and a 'residential property' buffer. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain. The data was derived from both geological assessments and long term measurements of radon in more than 479,000 households.

Features are displayed on the Radon map on page 98

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Less than 1%	None**

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and Public Health England.





20 Soil chemistry

20.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km². In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km²; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

20.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m 4

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km²).

Location	Arsenic (mg/kg)	Bioaccessible Arsenic (mg/kg)	Lead (mg/kg)	Bioaccessible Lead (mg/kg)	Cadmium (mg/kg)	Chromiu m (mg/kg)	Copper (mg/kg)	Nickel (mg/kg)	Tin (mg/k g)
On site	18	3.2	477	328	0.9	74	57	26	79
On site	18	3.2	473	325	1	75	63	28	63
On site	19	3.3	525	361	1	78	74	30	51
5m SE	19	3.3	535	368	1	77	68	29	63

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





20.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m 0

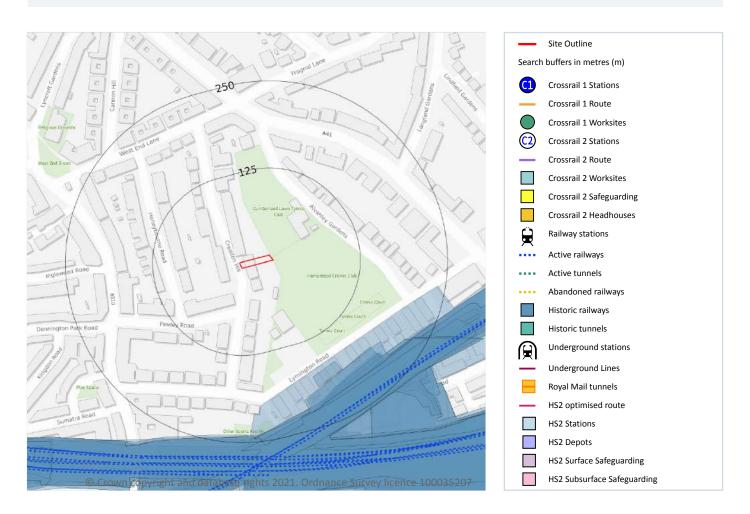
The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km².

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.





21 Railway infrastructure and projects



21.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m 0

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m 0

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.





This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m 0

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

21.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m 27

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on page 101

162m SE Railway Sidings 1920 10560 170m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 185m SE Railway Sidings 1948 10560 186m SE Railway Sidings 1957 10560 196m SE Railway Sidings 1915 2500 198m SE Railway Sidings 1935 2500 199m SE Railway Sidings 1953 1250 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
185m SE Railway Sidings 1948 10560 186m SE Railway Sidings 1957 10560 196m SE Railway Sidings 1915 2500 198m SE Railway Sidings 1935 2500 199m SE Railway Sidings 1953 1250 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	162m SE	Railway Sidings	1920	10560
186m SE Railway Sidings 1957 10560 196m SE Railway Sidings 1915 2500 198m SE Railway Sidings 1935 2500 199m SE Railway Sidings 1953 1250 203m SE Railway Sidings 1955 2500 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	170m SE	Railway Sidings	1968	10560
196m SE Railway Sidings 1915 2500 198m SE Railway Sidings 1935 2500 199m SE Railway Sidings 1953 1250 199m SE Railway Sidings 1955 2500 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	185m SE	Railway Sidings	1948	10560
198m SE Railway Sidings 1935 2500 199m SE Railway Sidings 1953 1250 199m SE Railway Sidings 1955 2500 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	186m SE	Railway Sidings	1957	10560
199m SE Railway Sidings 1953 1250 199m SE Railway Sidings 1955 2500 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	196m SE	Railway Sidings	1915	2500
199m SE Railway Sidings 1955 2500 203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	198m SE	Railway Sidings	1935	2500
203m SE Railway 1918 - 204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	199m SE	Railway Sidings	1953	1250
204m SE Railway 1938 - 205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	199m SE	Railway Sidings	1955	2500
205m SE Railway 1894 - 210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	203m SE	Railway	1918	-
210m SE Railways 1930 - 211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	204m SE	Railway	1938	-
211m SE Railways 1915 - 211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	205m SE	Railway	1894	-
211m SE Railway Sidings 1973 10000 211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	210m SE	Railways	1930	-
211m SE Railway Sidings 1968 10560 211m SE Railways 1939 -	211m SE	Railways	1915	-
211m SE Railways 1939 -	211m SE	Railway Sidings	1973	10000
	211m SE	Railway Sidings	1968	10560
244 25 2 1	211m SE	Railways	1939	-
211m SE Railways - 1896 -	211m SE	Railways	1896	-





Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
211m SE	Railways	1870	-
215m SE	Railway	1896	-
217m SE	Railway Sidings	1894	10560
222m S	Railway Sidings	1960	1250
237m SE	Railway Sidings	1896	2500
239m SE	Railway Sidings	1960	1250
240m SE	Railway Sidings	1949	10560
240m S	Railway	1935	-
240m SE	Railway Sidings	1896	2500
241m SE	Railway Sidings	1953	1250

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

21.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m 0

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.

This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.

21.6 Historical railways

Records within 250m 0

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.





21.7 Railways

Records within 250m 5

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways. Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on page 101

Location	Name	Туре
236m SE	North London line	rail
238m SE	Not given	Multi Track
238m SE	Not given	Multi Track
241m SE	North London line	rail
248m S	North London line	rail

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.

21.8 Crossrail 1

Records within 500m 0

The Crossrail railway project links 41 stations over 100 kilometres from Reading and Heathrow in the west, through underground sections in central London, to Shenfield and Abbey Wood in the east.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.9 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m 0

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.10 HS2

Records within 500m 0

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.





32, CREDITON HILL, LONDON, NW6 1HP Ref: GS-8177404 Your ref: MES2109CA001 Grid ref: 525691 185108

This data is sourced from HS2 ltd.





Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference.

Terms and conditions

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be accessed at this link: https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-jan-2020/.





C J Emm Ltd DURHAM DH6 5NX

Search address supplied 32

Crediton Hill London NW6 1HP

Your reference 159B21

Our reference ALS/ALS Standard/2021_4506934

Search date 17 September 2021

Knowledge of features below the surface is essential for every development

The benefits of this knowledge not only include ensuring due diligence and avoiding risk, but also being able to ascertain the feasibility of any development.

Did you know that Thames Water Property Searches can also provide a variety of utility searches including a more comprehensive view of utility providers' assets (across up to 35-45 different providers), as well as more focused searches relating to specific major utility companies such as National Grid (gas and electric).

Contact us to find out more.



Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW DX 151280 Slough 13



searches@thameswater.co.uk www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk





Search address supplied: 32, Crediton Hill, London, NW6 1HP

Dear Sir / Madam

An Asset Location Search is recommended when undertaking a site development. It is essential to obtain information on the size and location of clean water and sewerage assets to safeguard against expensive damage and allow cost-effective service design.

The following records were searched in compiling this report: - the map of public sewers & the map of waterworks. Thames Water Utilities Ltd (TWUL) holds all of these.

This searchprovides maps showing the position, size of Thames Water assets close to the proposed development and also manhole cover and invert levels, where available.

Please note that none of the charges made for this report relate to the provision of Ordnance Survey mapping information. The replies contained in this letter are given following inspection of the public service records available to this company. No responsibility can be accepted for any error or omission in the replies.

You should be aware that the information contained on these plans is current only on the day that the plans are issued. The plans should only be used for the duration of the work that is being carried out at the present time. Under no circumstances should this data be copied or transmitted to parties other than those for whom the current work is being carried out.

Thames Water do update these service plans on a regular basis and failure to observe the above conditions could lead to damage arising to new or diverted services at a later date.

Contact Us

If you have any further queries regarding this enquiry please feel free to contact a member of the team on 0800 009 4540, or use the address below:

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches PO Box 3189 Slough SL1 4WW

Email: searches@thameswater.co.uk

Web: www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



Waste Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public sewer map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate lines of our sewers. Our plans do not show sewer connections from individual properties or any sewers not owned by Thames Water unless specifically annotated otherwise. Records such as "private" pipework are in some cases available from the Building Control Department of the relevant Local Authority.

Where the Local Authority does not hold such plans it might be advisable to consult the property deeds for the site or contact neighbouring landowners.

This report relates only to sewerage apparatus of Thames Water Utilities Ltd, it does not disclose details of cables and or communications equipment that may be running through or around such apparatus.

The sewer level information contained in this response represents all of the level data available in our existing records. Should you require any further Information, please refer to the relevant section within the 'Further Contacts' page found later in this document.

For your guidance:

- The Company is not generally responsible for rivers, watercourses, ponds, culverts
 or highway drains. If any of these are shown on the copy extract they are shown for
 information only.
- Any private sewers or lateral drains which are indicated on the extract of the public sewer map as being subject to an agreement under Section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991 are not an 'as constructed' record. It is recommended these details be checked with the developer.

Clean Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public water main map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate positions of our water mains and associated apparatus. Please note that records are not kept of the positions of individual domestic supplies.

For your information, there will be a pressure of at least 10m head at the outside stop valve. If you would like to know the static pressure, please contact our Customer Centre on 0800 316 9800. The Customer Centre can also arrange for a full flow and pressure test to be carried out for a fee.



For your guidance:

- Assets other than vested water mains may be shown on the plan, for information only.
- If an extract of the public water main record is enclosed, this will show known public
 water mains in the vicinity of the property. It should be possible to estimate the
 likely length and route of any private water supply pipe connecting the property to
 the public water network.

Payment for this Search

A charge will be added to your suppliers account.



Further contacts:

Waste Water queries

Should you require verification of the invert levels of public sewers, by site measurement, you will need to approach the relevant Thames Water Area Network Office for permission to lift the appropriate covers. This permission will usually involve you completing a TWOSA form. For further information please contact our Customer Centre on Tel: 0845 920 0800. Alternatively, a survey can be arranged, for a fee, through our Customer Centre on the above number.

If you have any questions regarding sewer connections, budget estimates, diversions, building over issues or any other questions regarding operational issues please direct them to our service desk. Which can be contacted by writing to:

Developer Services (Waste Water) Thames Water Clearwater Court Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Tel: 0800 009 3921

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk

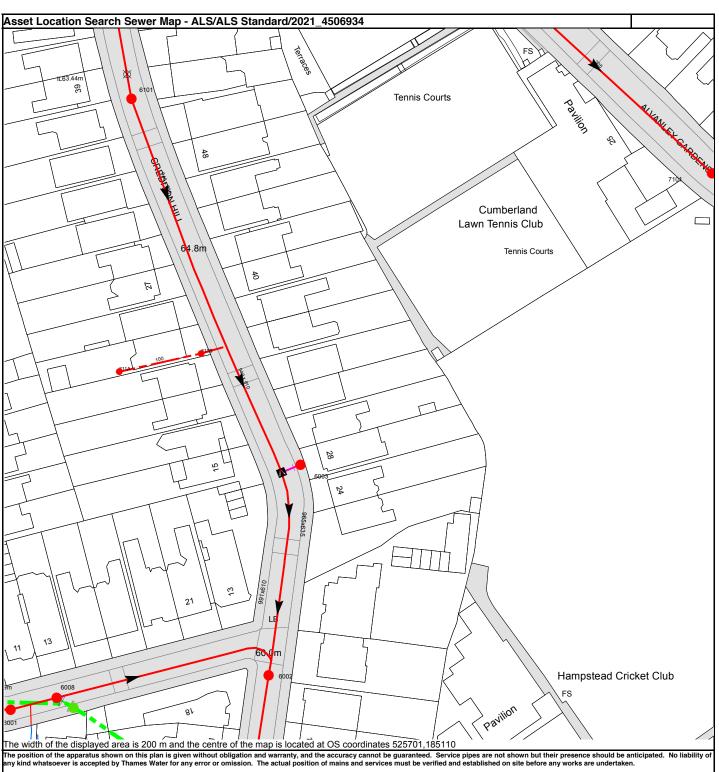
Clean Water queries

Should you require any advice concerning clean water operational issues or clean water connections, please contact:

Developer Services (Clean Water) Thames Water Clearwater Court Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Tel: 0800 009 3921

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk



Based on the Ordnance Survey Map with the Sanction of the controller of H.M. Stationery Office, License no. 100019345 Crown Copyright Reserved.

NB. Levels quoted in metres Ordnance Newlyn Datum. The value -9999.00 indicates that no survey information is available

Manhole Reference	Manhole Cover Level	Manhole Invert Level
6101	68.16	63.19
7101	59.88	56.5
6001	61.56	55.71
6008	61.3	54.7
601A	61.3	30.78
611A	n/a	n/a
611B	n/a	n/a
6002	59.76	54.03
6003	n/a	n/a

The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified and established on site before any works are undertaken.



Public Sewer Types (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)

Foul: A sewer designed to convey waste water from domestic and industrial sources to a treatment works.

Surface Water: A sewer designed to convey surface water (e.g. rain water from roofs, yards and car parks) to rivers or watercourses. 4

Combined: A sewer designed to convey both waste water and surface water from domestic and industrial sources to a treatment works.

Trunk Foul Trunk Surface Water 0

Trunk Combined Storm Relief

Bio-solids (Sludge) 4 Vent Pipe

Proposed Thames Water Foul Sewer Combined Rising Main Foul Rising Main Proposed Thames Surface Water Sewer Rising Sludge Rising Main Surface Water Main Gallery

Proposed Thames Water Rising Main 4

Vacuum

Undefined End

₫ŧ

Inlet

6

Outfall

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1) All levels associated with the plans are to Ordnance Datum Newlyn. 2) All measurements on the plans are metric.

Arrows (on gravity fed sewers) or flecks (on rising mains) indicate direction of flow.

Most private pipes are not shown on our plans, as in the past, this information has not been recorded.

5) 'na' or '0' on a manhole level indicates that data is unavailable

Sewer Fittings

Symbols used on maps which do not fall under other general categories A feature in a sewer that does not affect the flow in the pipe. Example: a vent is a fitting as the function of a vent is to release excess gas.

Other Symbols

Public/Private Pumping Station

Change of characteristic indicator (C.O.C.I.)

Invert Level

Summit ∇

Areas

Lines denoting areas of underground surveys, etc.

Agreement

A feature in a sewer that changes or diverts the flow in the sewer. Example: A hydrobrake limits the flow passing downstream.

Control Valve

Drop Pipe

0

Ancillary

(回)

Weir

End Items

Operational Controls

Vent Column

Dam Chase

Fitting

Meter

Air Valve

Operational Site Chamber

Tunnel

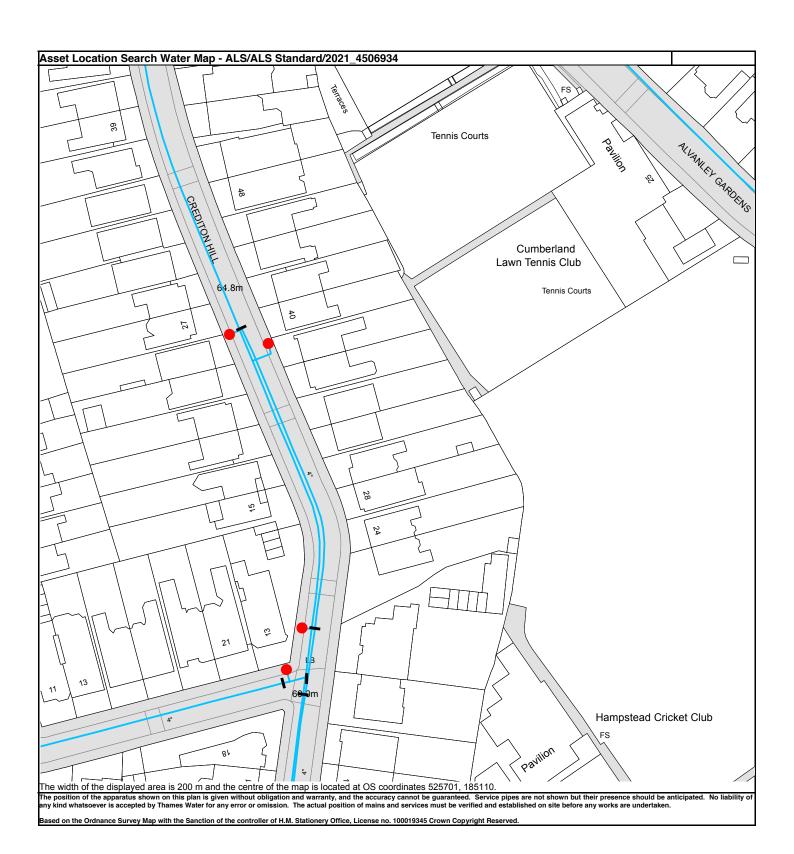
Conduit Bridge

Other Sewer Types (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)

Surface Water Sewer Proposed Gulley ÷ Culverted Watercourse Combined Sewer Foul Sewer End symbols appear at the start or end of a sewer pipe. Examples: an Undefined End at the start of a sewer indicates that Thanes Water has no workedge of the position of the sewer upstream of that symbol, Outfall on a surface water sewer indicates that the pipe discharges into a stream or river.

Abandoned Sewer **

6) The text appearing alongside a sewer line indicates the internal diameter of the pipe in milmetres. Text next to a manhole indicates the manhole reference number and should not be taken as a measurement. If you are unsure about any text or symbology present on the plan, please contact a member of Property Searches on 0800 009 4540.



<u>Thames Water Utilities Ltd.</u> Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4W, DX 151280 Slough 13 T 0800 009 4540 E searches@thameswater.co.uk_1 www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



Nater Pipes (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)

Distribution Main: The most common pipe shown on water maps. With few exceptions, domestic connections are only made to distribution mains. 4

General PurposeValve

Valves

Pressure ControlValve

Air Valve

Customer Valve

Single Hydrant

Hydrants

Trunk Main: A main camying water from a source of supply to a treatment plant or reservoir, or from one treatment plant or reservoir to another. Also a main transferring water in bulk to smaller water mains used for supplying individual customers.

16

- Supply Main: A supply main indicates that the water main is used as a supply for a single property or group of properties. 3" SUPPLY
- Fire Main: Where a pipe is used as a fire supply, the word FIRE will be displayed along the pipe. 3" FIRE
- supplies water for a single property or group of properties and that quantity of water passing through the pipe is metered even though there may be no meter symbol shown. Metered Pipe: A metered main indicates that the pipe in question 3" METERED
 - **Transmission Tunnel:** A very large diameter water pipe. Most tunnels are buried very deep underground. These pipes are not expected to affect the structural integrity of buildings shown on the map provided.
- ProposedMain: A main that is still in the planning stages or in the process of being laid. More details of the proposed main and its

Customer Supply

Fire Supply

Undefined End

Manifold

Other (Proposed) Service Reservoir Pumping Station **Treatment Works Booster Station** Shaft Inspection Operational Sites Other Φ \oplus

Water Tower

Meter

Meters

Unknown

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Data Logger 1

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Symbol indicating what happens at the end of $^{\perp}$

a water main.

End Items

Blank Flange Capped End **Emptying Pit**

reference number are ge	reference number are generally included near the main.
PIPE DIAMETER	DEPTH BELOW GROUND
Up to 300mm (12")	900mm (3')
300mm - 600mm (12" - 24")	1100mm (3' 8")
600mm and bigger (24" plus)	1200mm (4')

Other Water Pipes (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)

Other Water Company Main: Occasionally other water company water pipes may overlap the border of our clean water coverage area. These mains are denoted in purple and in most cases have **Private Main:** Indiates that the water main in question is not owned by Thames Water. These mains normally have text associated with them indicating the diameter and owner of the pipe.

Terms and Conditions

All sales are made in accordance with Thames Water Utilities Limited (TWUL) standard terms and conditions unless previously agreed in writing.

- 1. All goods remain in the property of Thames Water Utilities Ltd until full payment is received.
- 2. Provision of service will be in accordance with all legal requirements and published TWUL policies.
- 3. All invoices are strictly due for payment 14 days from due date of the invoice. Any other terms must be accepted/agreed in writing prior to provision of goods or service, or will be held to be invalid.
- Thames Water does not accept post-dated cheques-any cheques received will be processed for payment on date of receipt.
- 5. In case of dispute TWUL's terms and conditions shall apply.
- 6. Penalty interest may be invoked by TWUL in the event of unjustifiable payment delay. Interest charges will be in line with UK Statute Law 'The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998'
- 7. Interest will be charged in line with current Court Interest Charges, if legal action is taken.
- 8. A charge may be made at the discretion of the company for increased administration costs.

A copy of Thames Water's standard terms and conditions are available from the Commercial Billing Team (cashoperations@thameswater.co.uk).

We publish several Codes of Practice including a guaranteed standards scheme. You can obtain copies of these leaflets by calling us on 0800 316 9800

If you are unhappy with our service you can speak to your original goods or customer service provider. If you are not satisfied with the response, your complaint will be reviewed by the Customer Services Director. You can write to her at: Thames Water Utilities Ltd. PO Box 492, Swindon, SN38 8TU.

If the Goods or Services covered by this invoice falls under the regulation of the 1991 Water Industry Act, and you remain dissatisfied you can refer your complaint to Consumer Council for Water on 0121 345 1000 or write to them at Consumer Council for Water, 1st Floor, Victoria Square House, Victoria Square, Birmingham, B2 4AJ.

Ways to pay your bill

Credit Card	BACS Payment	Telephone Banking	Cheque
Call 0800 009 4540 quoting your invoice number starting CBA or ADS / OSS	Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 A remittance advice must be sent to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW. or email ps.billing@thameswater. co.uk	By calling your bank and quoting: Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 and your invoice number	Made payable to 'Thames Water Utilities Ltd' Write your Thames Water account number on the back. Send to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW or by DX to 151280 Slough 13

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Registered in England & Wales No. 2366661 Registered Office Clearwater Court, Vastern Rd, Reading, Berks, RG1 8DB.

Sewer Flooding History Enquiry



C J Emm Ltd

Metal Bridge

Search address supplied 32

Crediton Hill London NW6 1HP

Your reference 159B21

Our reference SFH/SFH Standard/2021_4506936

Received date 17 September 2021

Search date 17 September 2021



Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW DX 151280 Slough 13



searches@thameswater.co.uk www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



Sewer Flooding



History Enquiry

Search address supplied: 32,Crediton Hill,London,NW6 1HP

This search is recommended to check for any sewer flooding in a specific address or area

TWUL, trading as Property Searches, are responsible in respect of the following:-

- (i) any negligent or incorrect entry in the records searched;
- (ii) any negligent or incorrect interpretation of the records searched;
- (iii) and any negligent or incorrect recording of that interpretation in the search report
- (iv) compensation payments



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Sewer Flooding





History of Sewer Flooding

Is the requested address or area at risk of flooding due to overloaded public sewers?

The flooding records held by Thames Water indicate that there have been no incidents of flooding in the requested area as a result of surcharging public sewers.

For your guidance:

- A sewer is "overloaded" when the flow from a storm is unable to pass through it due to a permanent problem (e.g. flat gradient, small diameter).
 Flooding as a result of temporary problems such as blockages, siltation, collapses and equipment or operational failures are excluded.
- "Internal flooding" from public sewers is defined as flooding, which enters
 a building or passes below a suspended floor. For reporting purposes,
 buildings are restricted to those normally occupied and used for
 residential, public, commercial, business or industrial purposes.
- "At Risk" properties are those that the water company is required to include in the Regulatory Register that is presented annually to the Director General of Water Services. These are defined as properties that have suffered, or are likely to suffer, internal flooding from public foul, combined or surface water sewers due to overloading of the sewerage system more frequently than the relevant reference period (either once or twice in ten years) as determined by the Company's reporting procedure.
- Flooding as a result of storm events proven to be exceptional and beyond the reference period of one in ten years are not included on the At Risk Register.
- Properties may be at risk of flooding but not included on the Register where flooding incidents have not been reported to the Company.
- Public Sewers are defined as those for which the Company holds statutory responsibility under the Water Industry Act 1991.
- It should be noted that flooding can occur from private sewers and drains which are not the responsibility of the Company. This report excludes flooding from private sewers and drains and the Company makes no comment upon this matter.
- For further information please contact Thames Water on Tel: 0800 316 9800 or website www.thameswater.co.uk



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