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Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS) and Tree Protection Plan (TPP)

An Arboricultural Method Statement and Tree Protection Plan derived from the Arboricultural Implication Assessment ref 210911 relating to improvement works to Hirayama Conservation Studio

British Museum Great Russell Street, London WC1B 3DG

Ref No: 210342

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| Documents referenced: | Tree Survey and Tree Constraints Plan – Ref: 210911 Arboricultural Implication Assessment – ref: 210911 Drawing number 201B dated 13.04.21 Proposed Hirayama Studio Plans |
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| Date completed: | 01.10.21 |

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Attachment – Tree Protection Plan

1: Introduction

1.1 Aspects dealt with within this Method Statement:

The Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS) is a methodology for the implementation of any aspect of development that has the potential to result in loss of or damage to a tree identified as suitable to be retained.

The AMS takes into consideration construction operations undertaken in the vicinity of the trees. It deals with such issues as site access, intensity of construction activity, space needed for works, location of materials and location of service runs.

This AMS includes with it a Tree Protection Plan (TPP). The TPP outlines trees to be retained, removed, preliminary location of barriers and type of barrier to be installed. This method statement contains a timetable indicating when and how specific works adjacent to trees should be carried out

1.2 Aspects not dealt with within this Method Statement

Please also refer to Appendix 2.

This report does not deal with issues relating to Subsidence or Heave either as a result of retention or removal of trees. It does not consider the water demands of the trees present to enable decisions as to foundation type and depth. It is considered that such considerations are best dealt with in a different report having liaised with the structural engineer.

2. Background Information

2.1 Names and Contact numbers of Parties concerned

| Contact Name | Company/ Organisation | Role | Contact details |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Zoe Palphramand | The British Museum | Client Project Manager | ZPalphramand@britishmuseum.org |
| Oliver Booth | Writtle Forest Consultancy Ltd | Arboricultural Consultant | oliver@writtleforest.co.uk 01277 355970 |
| TBC | London Borough of Camden | Local Authority Tree Officer | 0207 974 4444 |

2.2 Availability of this Method Statement

The Owner/developer and appointed Contractor will each hold a copy of the document, including the Tree Protection Plan. Copies of this document will be made available for contractors visiting site.

3: Supervision and Monitoring

3.1 Monitoring and Supervision

The Arboricultural Consultant's role is to advise on the development in relation to the trees, as well as liaise as necessary between the developer/ site manager and the local planning authority to ensure that appropriate protection measures are taken at all times to protect all aspects of the trees. The role will involve monitoring compliance with Arboricultural conditions (where applied) and advising on any tree problems as they arise. A report will be issued by the supervising Arboriculturist after the site visit.

3.2 Site Management

All tree protection measures detailed in this document must be fully understood by all the parties involved in the development. Clarification or modifications to the consented details must be recorded and circulated to all parties in writing. These documents should then form the basis of any supervision arrangements between the Arboricultural Consultant and the proposer, as agreed with the Local Planning Authority where applicable.

It is the Site Manager/ developer's responsibility to ensure that the requirements set out within the Arboricultural Method Statement are known and understood by all site personnel. Copies of pertinent documents should be kept on site at all times. The site manager will brief all personnel who may have an impact on any trees and relay specific tree protection requirements. This methodology should be a part of all site induction procedures and written into appropriate site management documents.

4: Schedule of Tree Work

4.1 Tree works to be carried out prior to commencement of works

| Tree Number | Species | Works required |
|----------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| T20 | Ash | Fell and remove resultant stump |
| T21 | Robinia | Fell and remove resultant stump |
| T23 | Holm Oak | Fell and remove resultant stump |

5: Sequence of Events

| Sequence | Brief outline of events | Arboricultural input |
|----------|--|--|
| 1 | Carry out tree work as detailed | n/a |
| 2 | Installation of Protective Fencing and storage area | n/a |
| 3 | Implementation of all build works including lowering of soils to the north of the build. | n/a |
| 4 | Completion of all build works including Landscape works | n/a |
| 5 | Re-inspection of retained trees | Site visit – to carry out the inspection of retained trees and hedge within six months of the completion of works. |

Appendix 1: General Site Conditions and Tree Protection Measures

Storage of Materials

Designated areas for storage of materials and site office will be decided by the Site Manager before any works can commence. Suggested suitable areas are marked out on the Tree Protection Plan (TPP). It is advisable to consult with the Arboriculturist if the storage areas or site office deviates from that area as outlined by the TPP.

Discharge of Contaminants

No materials that are likely to have an adverse effect on tree health, such as oil, bitumen or cement will be discharged within the RPA of any of the trees to be retained. It is advised that the disposal of all waste materials is carried out in an appropriately sustainable fashion.

Contingency Plans

Should there be any contamination of soils either within or adjacent to the RPA these should be dealt with as quickly as possible with a proprietary emergency clean up kit. The situation should then be assessed as to whether it is appropriate to remove soils. An Arboriculturist should be consulted before a decision is made. The protection barriers erected should be able to be removed relatively easily to access the area in event of an emergency.

Changes in Ground Levels and Soft Surface Ground changes within the RPA's of trees

It is considered certain operations may require ground level changes, but these changes should be limited to a minimum. Landscaping operations within the RPA of trees to be retained should be carried out with minimum disruption to the existing landscape avoiding removal of topsoil and reintroduction of foreign soils.

Where there are areas to be re-turfed within the RPA of trees to be retained, existing turf should be removed with minimum disruption to the soils, removing no more than 25 to 50mm of topsoil. Similarly, in new amenity grass areas that encroach RPAs, the ground levels should not be raised in excess of 50mm above existing. Soils used should be from the site or clean imported topsoil.

It will be necessary to review the proposed Soft and Hard Landscaping with the consulting Arboriculturist prior to commencement.

Access to the area of proposed works

Main access to the site is understood to be from the west via Kingsley Road. It is considered that this would be the only access point into the site for the purposes of carrying out the development as proposed. If there are any other proposed access points into the site, this should be agreed prior to use with the Arboriculturist.

Cranes and Lifting Equipment

All lifting equipment, including cranes if utilised, should be so positioned that they operate without contact with the retained trees. Care must be taken so that the arc of the boom fitted to the lifting equipment is sufficiently clear of the retained trees.

Boundaries/ Scope of the Site

The appointed Arboricultural Supervisor must be consulted if the boundaries of the site are extended or if excavations/ storage/ construction related to this development is to be carried out on other parts of the wider area, outside of the development site as indicated on the Tree Protection Plan.

Appendix 2: Protective Barriers

Before the commencement of any works on site (other than those set out in the schedule of tree works, contained in this document), protective vertical barriers must be erected. The location of the barriers is illustrated on the Tree Protection Plan.

The barriers are to be erected to exclude construction activity in the RPAs of retained trees and to protect soils in areas designated to receive new replacement tree plantings.

The barriers will remain in place until completion of the main construction phase and then only removed with the agreement of the consulting Arboriculturist.

Other than works detailed within this method statement or approved in writing by the local planning authority, no works shall take place within the exclusion zones defined by the protective fencing. No vehicles will be allowed to enter areas to be protected by the barriers.

Specification of Protective Barriers

The barriers should be fit for purpose of excluding construction activity. At this site, it is considered sufficient to install two-metre-tall welded mesh or solid panels on concrete feet (please refer to figures 1a and 1b. The panels (Heras type) should be joined together using a minimum of two antitamper couplers and installed so they can only be removed from the inside. The distance between the couplers should be at least 1 metre and should be uniform throughout the protective barrier.

The panels should be supported on the inner side by angled stabilizer struts installed every 3.5 metres at the join of the Heras panels. Both the concrete feet and the stabiliser strut base plates should be secured with ground pins. Where barriers are to be erected on retained hard surfaces or it is otherwise unfeasible to use ground pins stabilizer struts should be mounted on a block tree.

The specification of the temporary barriers will be installed in accordance with the specification as discussed in the paragraph above and referenced in figures 1a and 1b.

Notices will be affixed to all protective fencing 'Construction exclusion zone - Keep Out' (please refer to figure 2.

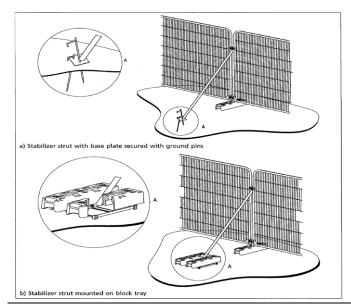


Figure 1a and 1b - Diagram of protective barrier taken from BS 5837 (2012)



Figure 2 - Example of suitable warning sign affixed to protective barrier

Appendix 3: Limitations of Arboricultural Method Statement

Limitations of the Report

Please also refer to sections 1.2 and 1.3 at the beginning of this report.

- The report is based on information provided by third parties and the specifications and recommendations is dependent upon information provided therein.
- This report does not consider the possible implications to any present or future built structures other than those considered within the report.

Findings of the Survey and the Report

• Validity, accuracy and findings of the report will directly relate to the accuracy of information provided at the time of the tree survey.

Timing of the Survey and the Report

- The considerations/ findings in this method statement are valid for one year.
- Such considerations/ findings will become invalid if any building works are undertaken, soil levels
 are altered or tree work undertaken outside of the scope of works as detailed and presented at
 the time of compiling this report.
- If there are any alterations to either the property or soil levels, or if tree works are carried out, it is recommended that a new tree report is undertaken.

Trees in relation to other Properties:

- This report/survey only considers the trees in relation to the site as identified.
- It does not comment on possible effects of trees on neighbouring properties, including in relation to subsidence or heave, or with regard to possible hazards presented by trees surveyed.
- Neighbouring owners of trees that are identified as posing a possible risk to the property/site in
 question should seek their own advice as to possible effects of the recommendations given within
 this report.
- Damage to, or possibility of damage to, any other structure that is not referred to within the report is not considered unless otherwise specified. This includes both neighbouring structures and any other structure on the property.

Trees in Relation to Subsidence, Heave and Direct damage

- This report does not deal with issues relating to subsidence or heave in relation to any built structures and surrounding vegetation whether the structure or vegetation falls within the boundaries as considered or lies beyond the boundaries.
- The report does not consider issues relating to subsidence or heave in relation to any proposed built structures or future vegetation whether within the boundaries as considered or beyond the boundaries
- It is prudent to consider the effects of heave on any property if trees are removed.
- Similarly, the issue of direct damage (when the roots of a tree have physical contact with a structure) is not considered within this report.

Trees subject to statutory controls:

- If the trees are covered by a Tree Preservation Order or are located in a conservation area it will be necessary to consult the local authority before any pruning works, other than certain exemptions, can be carried out.
- The works specified above are necessary for reasonable management and should be acceptable to the local authority. However, tree owners should appreciate that the local authority may take an alternative point of view and have the option to refuse consent.

Trees are subject to changes outside man's control:

- Trees are living organisms subject to changes outside man's control. Trees and environment alter with the seasons it is as well to inspect trees whilst in full leaf and when out of leaf.
- If there are any harsh or unexpected weather conditions, or heavy storms it is also prudent to inspect trees.
- Changes to ground water conditions will affect the root growth of a tree. Such changes are not always the result of man's influence and other factors may be involved.

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