

Centric Close, Oval Road London, NW1 7EP

Mechanical Services Plant Noise Impact Assessment

Report ref. RK3196/21183/Rev 0

Issued to Stirling Grey Limited

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Version	Remarks	Date
Rev 0	Initial report	24.05.2021

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1. INTRODUCTION

Stirling Grey Limited are seeking planning permission to install new mechanical services plant at Centric Close in Camden. The proposed equipment would be located externally at the rear of a ground floor commercial unit which has flats directly above. Accordingly, a noise impact assessment is required.

Spectrum Acoustic Consultants have been instructed by Stirling Grey to carry out a Noise Impact Assessment to support the application. This report is submitted with the intention of providing sufficient information to both inform and satisfy the requirements of the Local Planning Authority.

2. SITE DESCRIPTION & PROPOSALS

The site is located at Centric Close, Oval Road, NW1 7EP. The scheme is part of a wider development consisting of commercial units at ground floor level, with apartments directly above. Bounding the site to the north are existing flats. To the east are existing commercial and residential properties fronting on to Oval Road. Bounding the site to the south and west is a busy railway line leading Euston Station. An existing site location plan is included in Appendix A.

Proposals involve installing an external air conditioning condenser unit close to existing mechanical plant within a courtyard on the west side of the building. The unit would provide cooling air to a commercial unit which occupies the basement of the building. The commercial unit would be used during normal office hours only i.e. typically 08:00 to 18:00. Scheme proposals are included in Appendix B.

3. NOISE CRITERIA

3.1 BS 4142:2014 METHODS FOR RATING AND ASSESSING INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL SOUND

The noise impact assessment relating to mechanical plant will be carried out in accordance with the procedures set out in BS 4142:2014 *Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound*. The principle of BS 4142 is to determine an initial estimate of impact of industrial/commercial sound on nearby residents by comparing the Rating Level (sound level from the industrial/commercial source, with a correction applied for any acoustic features that characterise the sound) with the Background Sound Level (*L*_{A90} as measured in absence of the industrial/commercial source).

Generally, the greater the difference by which the Rating Level exceeds the Background Sound Level, the greater the magnitude of impact. BS 4142 states that 'a difference of around +10 dB or more is likely to be an indication of a significant adverse impact [...]. A difference of around +5 dB is likely to be an indication of an adverse impact [...]. Where the rating level does not exceed the background sound level, this is an indication of the specific sound source having a low impact.'

However, BS 4142 also advises that 'when making assessments and arriving at decisions [...] it is essential to place the sound in context' so in each case, the context in which the sound is placed must be considered and the initial estimate of impact should be modified accordingly. For example it advises 'Where background sound levels and rating levels are low, absolute levels might be as, or more, relevant than the margin by which the rating level exceeds the background. This is especially true at night.' It also indicates that impacts estimated during 'the middle of the night can be distinctly different (and potentially of lesser importance) compared to the start or end of the night-time period for sleep purposes.'

3.2 GUIDELINES FOR COMMUNITY NOISE - WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION, 1999 (WHO)

Table 4.1 of WHO references a guideline façade level of $L_{Aeq,8 hour}$ 45dB outside of bedrooms during the night time to avoid sleep disturbance. During the daytime and evening, Table 4.1 recommends a guideline noise level of $L_{Aeq,16 hour}$ 55dB for outdoor living areas to avoid serious annoyance. Whilst noise levels outside of living rooms during the daytime are not listed in Table 4.1, a guideline internal level of $L_{Aeq,16 hour}$ 35dB for habitable rooms is provided to avoid moderate annoyance. Given that a difference of 15dB(A) between noise levels outside and inside of bedrooms during the night time is stated, a guideline noise level of $L_{Aeq,16 hour}$ 50dB outside of living rooms may be assumed.

3.3 CAMDEN COUNCIL'S PLANT NOISE CRITERIA

Industrial and Commercial Noise Sources

A relevant standard or guidance document should be referenced when determining values for LOAEL and SOAEL for non-anonymous noise. Where appropriate and within the scope of the document it is expected that British Standard 4142:2014 'Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound' (BS 4142) will be used. For such cases a 'Rating Level' of 10 dB below background (15dB if tonal components are present) should be considered as the design criterion).

Existing Noise sensitive receptor	Assessment Location	Design Period	LOAEL (Green)	LOAEL to SOAEL (Amber)	SOAL (Red)
Dwellings**	Garden used for main amenity (free field) and Outside living or dining or bedroom window (façade)	Day	'Rating level' 10dB* below background	'Rating level' between 9dB below and 5dB above background	'Rating level' greater than 5dB above background
Dwellings**	Outside bedroom window (façade)	Night	'Rating level' 10dB* below background and no events exceeding 57dBLAmax	'Rating level' between 9dB below and 5dB above background or noise events between 57dB and 88dB LAmax	'Rating level' greater than 5dB above background and/or events exceeding 88dBLAmax

 Table 1: Noise levels applicable to proposed industrial and commercial developments (including plant and machinery)

*10dB should be increased to 15dB if the noise contains audible tonal elements (day and night). However, if it can be demonstrated that there is no significant difference in the character of the residual background noise and the specific noise from the proposed development then this reduction may not be required. In addition, a frequency analysis (to include, the use of Noise Rating (NR) curves or other criteria curves) for the assessment of tonal or low frequency noise may be required.

**levels given are for dwellings, however, levels are use specific and different levels will apply dependent on the use of the premises. The periods in Table 1 correspond to 0700 hours to 2300 hours for the day and 2300 hours to 0700 hours for the night. The Council will take into account the likely times of occupation for types of development and will be amended according to the times of operation of the establishment under consideration.

There are certain smaller pieces of equipment on commercial premises, such as extract ventilation, air conditioning units and condensers, where achievement of the rating levels (ordinarily determined by a BS:4142 assessment) may not afford the necessary protection. In these cases, the Council will generally also require a NR curve specification of NR35 or below, dependant on the room (based upon measured or predicted Leq,5mins noise levels in octave bands) 1 metre from the façade of affected premises, where the noise sensitive premise is located in a quiet background area.

4. BACKGROUND NOISE MEASUREMENT SURVEY

To inform the noise impact assessment, measurements of existing background noise levels were carried out during a noise survey conducted at the site during the daytime when the proposed unit would operate on Friday 21 May 2021. Weather conditions during the survey were mild and dry, with low wind speeds, presenting good conditions for noise measurement purposes.

Attended measurements of noise were carried out at the rear of the building in accordance with BS 4142:2014. The monitoring location is considered representative of the nearest noise sensitive residential receptor locations to the proposed condenser unit. Measurements consisted of continuous 15 minute periods. The microphone was mounted on a pole at first floor level. The location of the microphone is shown on the existing site location plan included in Appendix A.

The following instrumentation was used during the survey.

- Bruel & Kjaer Type 2250 Sound Level Meter s/n 2726905
- Bruel & Kjaer Type 4189 Microphone s/n 2710995
- Bruel & Kjaer Type 4231 Acoustic Calibrator s/n 2730220

Before and after the survey, the sound level meter was field-calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines, and no significant drift was observed. The meter, microphone and field calibrator are laboratory calibrated biennially in accordance with UKAS procedures or to traceable National Standards.

Measurements made were of the following parameters:

- Maximum Noise Level defined as the maximum (LAmax the maximum noise level)
- Residual Noise Level defined as the Energy Average Level of a period, in the absence of noise from the proposed development (*L*_{Aeq})
- Background Noise Level defined as level exceeded for 90% of a period, in the absence of the noise from the proposed development (*L*_{A90})

The measured noise profile at the noise monitoring location is shown in the following chart.

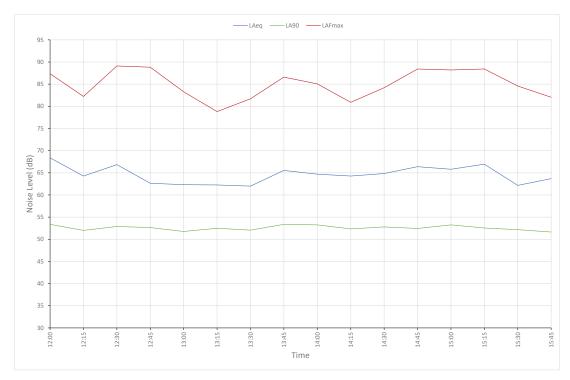


Chart 1: Ambient noise profile - Friday 21 May 2021.

When determining the representative background $L_{A90,T}$ level for the relevant period, BS 4142¹ guidance states "a representative level ought to account for the range in background levels and ought not automatically to be assumed to be either the minimum or modal value." With this in mind, statistical analysis has been used to determine the typical background $L_{A90,T}$ noise level. This analysis derives the Mode, Mean and Mean -1 standard deviation values. Once these three values have been established, a judgement is made as to which value is considered representative. In this instance, both the mean and modal values were the same. Therefore this value is regarded as being representative.

Table 2 shows the representative background noise level measured at the nearest noise sensitive receptor location, during the daytime period when the plant items would be operating.

Measurement Location	Period	Background Noise Level
Nearest Flats directly above	08:00 – 18:00	L _{A90,1hour} 53 dB

Table 2:
 Summary of the representative background noise level measured during the sensitive daytime period

As shown in Table 2, the representative background noise level at the nearest noise sensitive receptors to the proposed mechanical plant is $L_{A90, 1hour}$ 53dB during the daytime when the unit would be operating. This reflects a typical steady noise profile controlled by other nearby mechanical plant in the area.

¹ BS 4142:2014 Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound

5. ASSESSMENT OF NOISE IMPACT

5.1 PROJECTED NOISE FROM MECHANICAL PLANT

The proposed new external condenser unit would be located close to existing units within the courtyard at the back of the site. The noise output (sound power level) generated by the unit is set out in Table 3 below.

Plant Item	Overall Sound Power Level dB(A)
Daikin REYQ12U Condenser Unit	81

Table 3: Sound power level of the proposed external mechanical plant

Predictions of how the noise from the mechanical plant source propagates to sensitive community receptors, has been determined by noise modelling using proprietary software (Predictor²) which meets the requirement of ISO 9613 Part 2:1996³. The noise model takes account of the following in its calculations procedures:

- Source sound power level (for point, line and area sources)
- Reflection from nearby structures and source directivity
- Distance from noise source (geometric spreading)
- Atmospheric absorption
- Acoustic screening of intervening structures and topography
- Ground absorption
- Ground effects (which includes the height of ground relative to the noise source)

Detailed noise calculations, providing information on the total specific noise level at each receptor are computed. To illustrate the scheme, a diagram showing the location of the mechanical plant noise source, superimposed on a 3D view of the site, is included in Appendix C.

Note, the condenser unit operates on thermostatic, speed and timer controls according to heat loads and occupation rates and so would not be operating 100% of the time. Whilst a typical on-time for this type of equipment might only 20-35%, a conservative and therefore more robust assessment assumes a 50% on-time for a typical worst-case scenario.

Predicted specific noise levels from the proposed new plant at each of the nearby sensitive receptor locations for the daytime operating scenario are provided in Table 4 below.

Receptor	LAeq	LAeq Octave Band Centre Frequency (Hz))
Receptor	dB(A)	63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k
R1. Plot 35 (1st Floor)	46	21	30	36	41	41	36	30	23
R2. Plot 36 (1st Floor)	49	24	32	40	45	44	39	34	28
R3. Plot 53 (3rd Floor)	42	19	27	33	38	38	33	27	20
R4. Plot 54 (3rd Floor)	46	23	31	37	42	41	36	31	24

Table 4: Predicted specific noise contribution from the proposed new mechanical services plant at the nearest sensitive receptor locations.

² Bruel and Kjaer – Predictor V7 Environmental Noise Calculation Software Package, Type 7810

³ ISO 9613-2:1996 "Acoustics – Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors – Part 2: General method of calculation to determine Noise Levels

As indicated in Table 4, predicted noise levels at the nearest sensitive receptor locations, from the proposed new mechanical services plant would be L_{Aeq} 42-49dB.

5.2 MECHANICAL PLANT NOISE IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The proposed plant item would run during office hours only. Therefore, the predicted plant rating levels will be compared with the representative $L_{A90, 1hour}$ background noise level measured during the daytime at the nearest sensitive receptor locations.

Table 5 shows a BS 4142 assessment covering the mechanical plant noise impact during the daytime. The proposed new unit does not emit any distinct tones or impulses. There is also existing plant operating in the vicinity of the nearest sensitive receptors. Therefore, the proposals would result in no change in the character of the noise currently experienced and no acoustic feature correction has been included in the rating level.

Residential Location	Rating Level (dB)	Background <i>L</i> _{A90} Noise Level (dB)	Assessment Level (dB) (Background excess)
R1. Plot 35 (1st Floor)	46	53	-7
R2. Plot 36 (1st Floor)	49	53	-4
R3. Plot 53 (3rd Floor)	42	53	-11
R4. Plot 54 (3rd Floor)	46	53	-7

Table 5: Predicted rating levels from the proposed plant items at the nearby sensitive receptor locations,
compared with the representative background $L_{A90,1hour}$

As indicated in Table 5, the predicted rating levels would be 42-49dB at the nearby residential receptor locations. The predicted rating levels would be 4-11dB lower than the representative background $L_{A90,1hour}$ level. In line with BS 4142:2014, the noise impact would be low. The difference between the rating levels and background levels is such that any uncertainty would have no significance on the outcome of the assessment.

The predicted plant noise levels would be lower than the criteria set out in Guidelines for Community Noise - World Health Organization, 1999.

The predicted rating levels would fall within Camden Council's amber noise criteria which falls between 9dB below and 5dB above background at all of the nearby residential receptor locations. The unit would only be required to operate during daytime hours when cooling is needed in the office space and the predicted rating levels would not exceed the background level, indicating a low noise impact. Furthermore, in order to reduce noise levels from the unit, an acoustic enclosure would be required. Such a mitigation measure would be onerous, particularly given the costs involved. Therefore, on balance, noise levels from the proposed plant would be acceptable.

6. CONCLUSIONS

At the request of the Local Planning Authority, a noise assessment has been completed relating to the potential impact of noise produced by the operation of proposed mechanical services plant at Centric Close in Camden, NW1 7EP.

A background noise measurement survey has been conducted at a location representative of the nearest noise sensitive receptors to the proposed plant and predictions of noise have been completed.

Noise limits for the proposed mechanical plant have been established for the sensitive daytime period, based on the representative background noise level and taking account of BS 4142, WHO and Camden Council's criteria for noise. Predictions have indicated that noise levels from mechanical services plant would have a low impact and would therefore be acceptable.

APPENDIX A

Existing Site Location Plan

Ubitricity Distriction

31

Rd

Green Cross First Aid

Background Noise Monitoring Location

uth Hampstead sidential

32

Gloucester Ave

Mode - Fairview New Homes

Centric Close



29

27

21

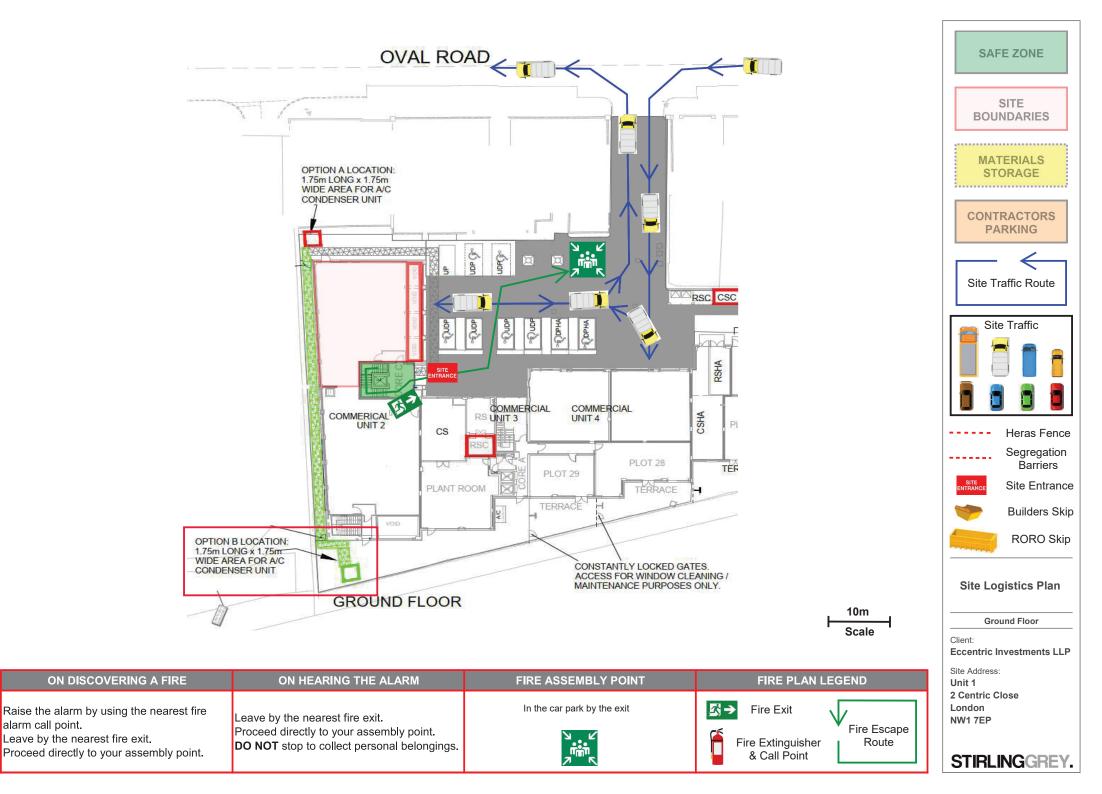
Gloucester

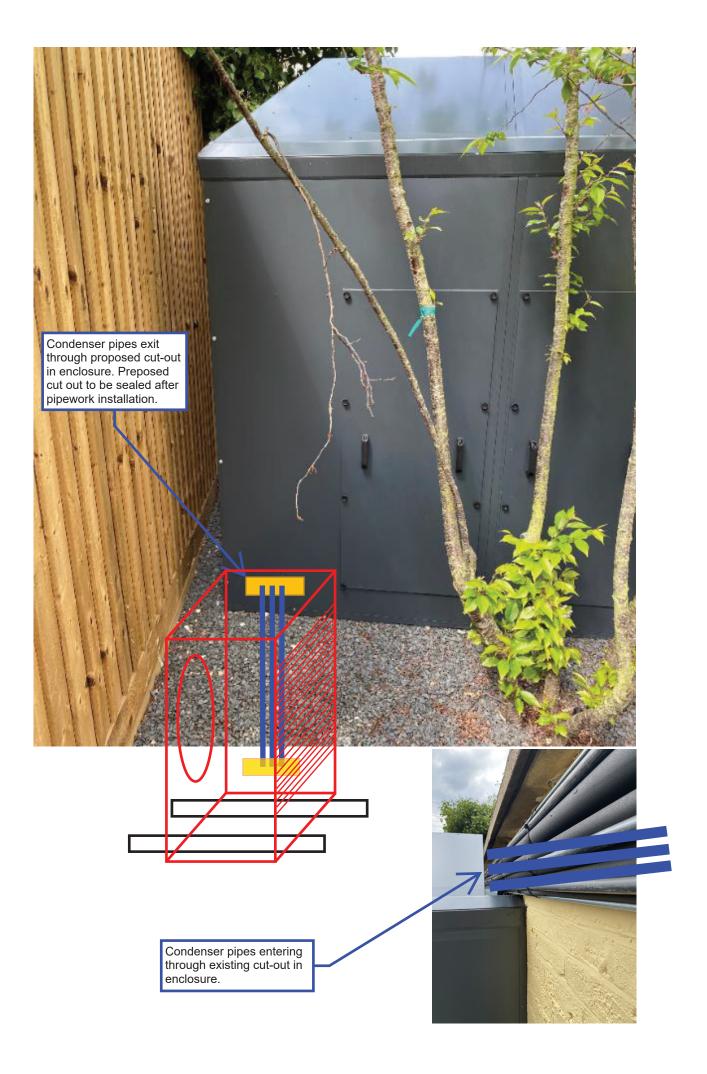
oval

ovalRd

APPENDIX B

Scheme Proposals







Air Conditioning Technical Data

VRV IV heat recovery

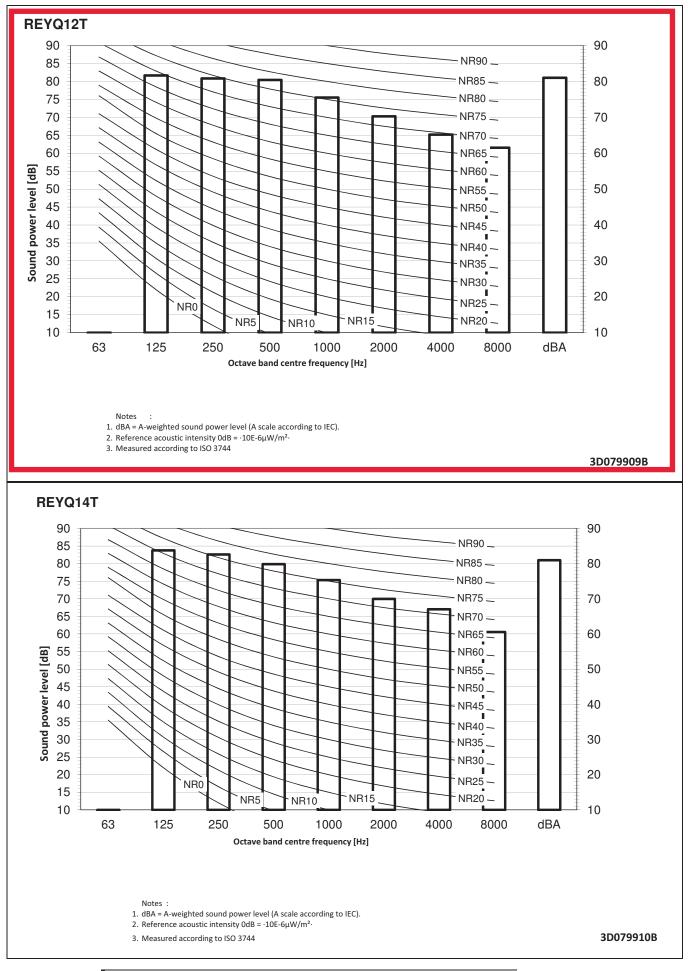


2 Specifications

2-1 Technical	Specifications			REYQ8T	REYQ10T	REYQ12T	REYQ14T	REYQ16T	REYQ18T	REYQ201	
Capacity range			HP	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	
Cooling capacity	Nom.		kW	22.4 (1)	28.0 (1)	33.5 (1)	40.0 (1)	45.0 (1)	50.4 (1)	56.0 (1)	
Heating capacity	Nom.			22.4 (1)	28.0 (1)	33.5 (1)	40.0 (1)	45.0 (1)	50.4 (1)	56.0 (1)	
	Max.		kW	25.0 (1)	31.5 (1)	37.5 (1)	45.0 (1)	50.0 (1)	56.5 (1)	63.0 (1)	
Power input - 50Hz	Cooling	Nom.	kW	5.31	7.15	9.23	10.7	12.8	15.2	18.6	
p	Heating	Nom.	kW	4.75	6.29	8.05	9.60	11.2	12.3	14.9	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Max.	kW	5.51	7.38	9.43	11.3	12.9	14.3	17.5	
EER		inux.		4.22	3.92	3.63	3.74	3.52	3.32	3.01	
	connectable indoor u	nite		7.22	0.02	0.00	64 (1)	0.02	0.02	0.01	
Indoor index	Min.	1110		100	125	150	175	200	225	250	
connection	Nom.			200	250	300	350	400	450	500	
	Max.	260	325	390	455	520	585	650			
COP - Max.	WdX.						.98				
				4.54	4.27		T	3.88	3.95	3.60	
COP - Nom.				4.72	4.45	4.16	4.17	4.02	4.10	3.76	
ESEER - Automatic				7.41	7.37	6.84	7.05	6.63	6.26	5.68	
Dimensions	Unit	Height	mm				1,685				
		Width	mm	ļ	930			1,2	240		
		Depth	mm	ļ			765				
	Packed unit	Height	mm				1,820				
		Width	mm		1,000			1,3	310		
		Depth	mm		,		835				
Weight	Unit kg		kg	210	2	18	304	305	3	37	
	Packed unit kg			226	2	34	320	321	3	53	
Packing					Carton						
	Weight kg			2.00 3.00							
Packing 2	Material			Wood							
-	Weight kg				17.00 18.50						
Packing 3	Material		Ŭ	Plastic							
3	Weight		kg	0.50							
Casing	Colour		5				Daikin White				
e a e	Material					Painter	d galvanized ste	el plate			
Heat exchanger	Туре					T diffeo	Cross fin coil				
riout oxonungoi	Fin	Treatment		Anti-corrosion treatment							
ESEER - Standard	1 111									4.39	
Compressor	Quantity			0.25	1	5.50	0.40		2	4.55	
Compressor	Model				I		Invertor		2		
	Туре			Inverter Hermetically sealed scroll compressor							
	Crankcase heater		W	Hermetically sealed scroll compressor							
00			VV	33							
Compressor 2	Model			- Inverter							
	Туре		1.47	- Hermetically sealed scroll compressor							
_	Crankcase heater		W	- 33							
Fan	Туре			Propeller fan							
	Quantity				1	- (a)			2		
	Air flow rate	Cooling Nom.	m³/min	162	175	185	223	260	251	261	
	External static	Max.	Ра				78				
	pressure										
	Discharge directio	n		Vertical							
Fan motor	Quantity	1 2									
	Model		1	Brushless DC motor							
	Output		W	750							
Fan motor 2	Model				-			Brushless	DC motor		
	Output		W		-			7	50		
Sound power level	Cooling	Nom.	dBA	78	79	8	31	8	6	88	
Sound pressure level	I Cooling	Nom.	dBA	5	58	6	61	64	65	66	

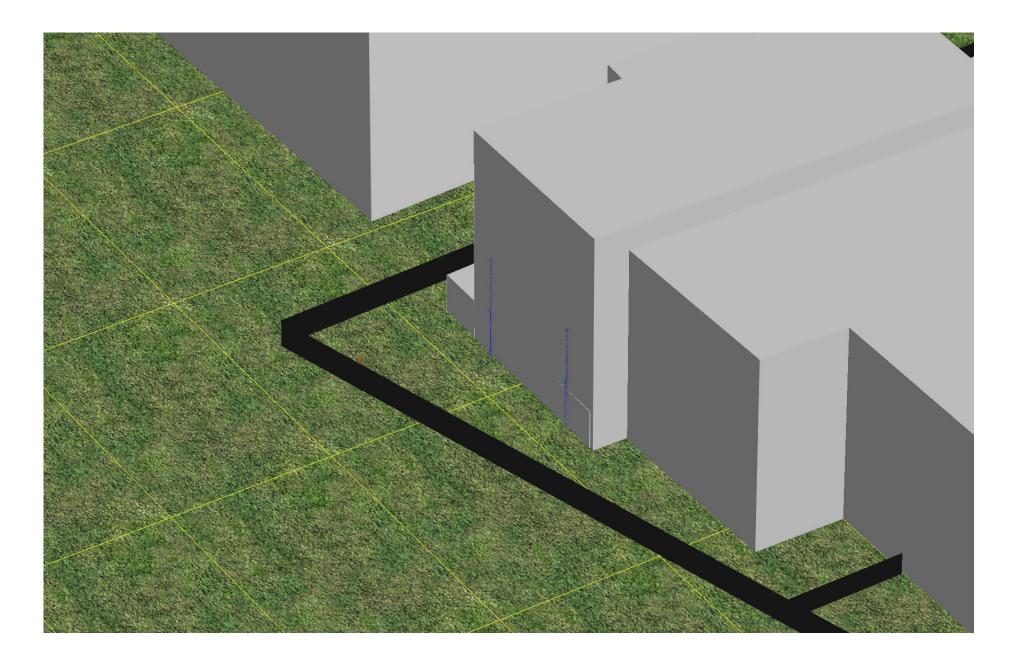
11 Sound data

11 - 1 Sound Power Spectrum



APPENDIX C

Noise Prediction Model



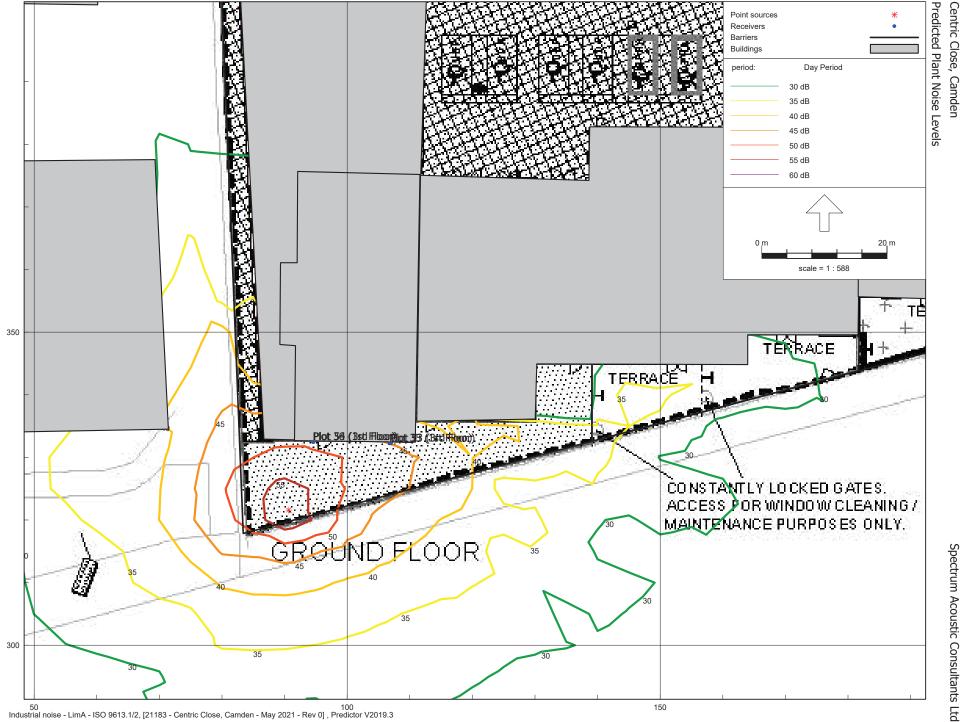
Centric Close, Camden Predicted Plant Noise Levels

Report:	Table of Results
Model:	May 2021 - Rev 0
LAeq per octave:	total results for receivers
Group:	(main group)
Group Reduction:	No

Name			Day								
Receiver	Description	Height	Total	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
_A	Plot 35 (1st Floor)	4.50	46	21	30	36	41	41	36	30	23
_A	Plot 36 (1st Floor)	4.50	49	24	32	40	45	44	39	34	28
_A	Plot 53 (3rd Floor)	9.50	42	19	27	33	38	38	33	27	20
_A	Plot 54 (3rd Floor)	9.50	46	23	31	37	42	41	36	31	24

All shown dB values are A-weighted

Predictor V2019.3



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