

6 Development involving net loss of homes

KEY MESSAGES

- We will generally resist proposals for redevelopment or conversion of housing that involve the net loss of two or more homes.
- Developments involving the loss of two or more homes may be acceptable in certain circumstances, including the creation of large homes in a part of the Borough that has a relatively low proportion of existing large dwellings.
- We will assess proposals taking into account all relevant material considerations and particularly the history of the site including previous developments and valid planning consents involving the loss of homes.

- 6.1 This guidance relates to Core Strategy policy CS6 – *Providing quality homes* and Development Policy DP2 – *Making full use of Camden's capacity for housing*. It applies to all development that involves the net loss of homes. This guidance does not relate to applications for Lawful Development Certificates.
- 6.2 Camden's Core Strategy indicates that the projected growth in the number of households exceeds the anticipated supply of additional homes. The Council therefore seeks to minimise the net loss of existing homes.
- 6.3 Camden's Development Policies document indicates that the number of conversion and redevelopment schemes each year that involve a loss of homes is sufficient to create a significant cumulative loss and contribute to the shortfall between the additional supply of homes and projected growth in the number of households. Many schemes involve combining 2 or more homes into a single large dwelling, and there is some evidence to suggest that where large homes exist in Camden, they are relatively unlikely to be occupied by large households. In 2001, 47% of the households occupying a home with 5-or-more rooms were one- or two-person households. The proportion of one- or two-person households was 54% for owner-occupied homes with 5-or-more rooms.
- 6.4 The Council does not generally seek to resist schemes combining dwellings where they involve loss of a single home. This provision creates some scope for growing families to expand into an adjoining property. However, the provision can also be used to make successive changes to a property to combine several homes into a single large dwelling. A town house comprising 5 flats (one per floor from basement to 3rd floor) could become one large dwelling through 4 losses of a single flat, reducing the number of occupiers below the capacity of the property, and generating a need for 4 additional homes elsewhere. The floorspace of the large dwelling created in such a scenario would

typically exceed 250 sq m, which is very much greater than the minimum space standards for a 6-person dwelling set out in this guidance and in the London Plan.

- 6.5 The Council will therefore apply Development Policy DP2 to resist a succession of developments that involve combining small homes to create larger homes. When considering planning applications we will take into account all relevant material considerations including the cumulative loss of units created by past changes and the potential for further losses from planning consents that have not expired. We will particularly focus on changes in the same apartment or flat building, or in the same sub-divided town house.
- 6.6 Development Policy DP2 does provide for developments involving the net loss of two or more homes where they would create large homes in a part of the borough with a relatively low proportion of large dwellings. This relates to the six wards listed in paragraph 2.24 of Camden's Development Policies document, namely Bloomsbury, Holborn and Covent Garden, King's Cross, Kilburn, Regent's Park and St Pancras and Somers Town. Census data for 1991 and 2001 shows that in both years fewer than 26% of households in these wards lived in homes with 5 or more rooms. Providing for the development of more large homes in these wards contributes to the objective of creating mixed and inclusive communities set out in the NPPF and policy CS6 of Camden's Core Strategy.
- 6.7 Development Policy DP2 also provides for developments involving the net loss of two or more homes where they would enable sub-standard units to be enlarged to meet residential space standards. We will consider such proposals favourably if existing homes are 20% or more below the space standards and the loss of dwellings is no greater than is necessary to meet the standard.
- 6.8 Development Policy DP2 also provides for developments involving the net loss of two or more homes where they would enable existing affordable homes to be adapted to provide the affordable dwelling-sizes most needed, having regard to severe problems of overcrowding and the high proportion of one-bedroom dwellings in the Council stock.
- 6.9 The Council will keep Camden Planning Guidance under review and will apply this guidance and Development Policy DP2 taking into account all relevant material considerations including the latest information from the 2011 Census, population projections, other evidence relating to housing need and supply, and the impact of changes to national and regional planning policy. We will also take account of the minimum borough annual average housing target set out in the London Plan 2011, monitoring of housing delivery and the NPPF requirement that local planning authorities should plan to meet the full objectively assessed needs for housing.



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