JOHN CAINE - CHARTERED STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

Basement Impact Assessment – Stages 1 and 2, Screening and Scoping for 15 Chalcot Gardens, London NW3

For

Mr Jack Street,

15 Chalcot Gardens,

London NW3

Ву

John Caine – BSc.Dip.Geo. C.Eng. M.I.Struct.E 82 Elers Road, Ealing, London W13 9QD

OL8 September 2020

Contents of report:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Topography of the site
- 3. Public services at the site including drainage layout
- 4. Physical site restriction
- 5. Site investigation and ground water findings
- 6. Structural design of basement
- 7. Ground movement assessment
- 8. Appraisal of the host structure and foundations
- 9. Suggested sequence of construction of basement works
- 10. Conclusions

Appendix:

Appendix A): Architects drawings:

Drawing No. 001 - Existing Ground and Lower Ground Floor Plans

Drawing No. 003 - Existing Elevations

Drawing No. 004 - Proposed Ground and Lower Ground Floor Plan

Drawing No. 006 - Proposed Elevations

Drawing No. 007 - Existing and Proposed Section A-A

Appendix B) Underground CCTV Drainage Survey Drawing

Appendix C) Trail Pit Logs Sketches SKTP1, SKTP2, and SKTP3

Appendix D) Underpinning drawing No. S1 rev A and Sketches SK1 and SK2.

Appendix E) General Notes for Conventional Underpinning – SK3

1. Introduction

The proposal at 15 Chalcot Gardens, London NW3 is to lower the existing lower ground floor level by 1.0m and 0.75m in order to achieve a greater floor to ceiling height to this detached house. There is no proposal to extend the footprint of the lower ground floor beyond the present perimeter of the house.

Refer to Appendix A for the following Architects drawings for the proposed works to the existing lower ground floor:

- Drawing No. 001 Existing Ground and Lower Ground Floor Plan
- Drawing No. 003 Existing Elevations
- Drawing No. 004 Proposed Ground and Lower Ground Floor Plans
- Drawing No. 006 Proposed Elevations
- Drawing No. 007 Existing and Proposed Section A-A

This Basement Impact Assessment report has been prepared to comply with Camden Council Planning Guidance for Basements with the first two Stages 1- Screening and Stage 2- Scoping being considered to check if the proposed basement works will have any impact on adjacent properties and the water environment.

The Stage 1 - Screening is focused on Ground water flows, Land Stability and Surface flows and flooding.

The Stage 2 -Scoping stage of the BIA study looks at the impact the potential impact of the proposed scheme on Geological, Hydrogeological and Hydrological matters.

However, the Structural detailing of the proposed lowering of the lower ground floor has been developed and Drawings and Sketches relating to this work are included within this report in order to provide a more detailed report.

2. Topography of the site

The site is relatively level from front to back and across the width of this detached property and as such the lowering of the existing lower ground floor level will have no impact on the ground stability for this level site.

3. Public services at the site including drainage layout

The Underground CCTV Survey Drawing is included in Appendix B. There are no proposals to change the existing below ground drainage system to this property as the invert levels of the existing manholes can accommodate the proposed Lower Ground Floor levels.

4. Physical site restrictions

There are no physical site restrictions to the proposed lowering of the basement level within this detached house. All of the works are to be undertaken within the foot print of the existing house with the lower ground floor level being lowered by approx. 1.0m for the majority of the lower ground floor level and 0.75m lower to the remaining area of the lower ground floor level.

5. Site investigation and ground water

A site investigation has been undertaken with the excavation of three trail pits to the external corners of the site to expose the existing foundations to the perimeter walls. Refer to Appendix C for the Trial Pit logs Sketches SKTP1,SKTP2 and SKTP3. The Trail Pits confirmed the depth and profile of the foundations which will influence the width of underpinning required to maintain the same foundation width to the base of the underpinning. The trial pits excavation which extended down to a depth of 1.0m below existing ground level revealed a consistent clay subsoil.

All of the trial pits were founded in a light brown clay stratum.

No ground water at the bottom of the excavations for the Trail pits and the proposed lowering of the existing lower ground floor level will not have any impact on the any ground water flows or surface water flows as we are not building beyond the perimeter walls of this detached house.

There is no known record of flooding at this property.

Existing underpinning was encountered in Trial Pits 1, 2 and 3. The concrete underpinning was approx. 400mm thick with the top of the underpinning being 450mm below external ground level in Trail Pits 1 and 2 and 150mm below ground level in Trail Pit 3. This results in the underpinning being 900mm below the existing ground level to Trial Pits 1 and 2 and 650mm below external ground level to Trail Pit 3.

It is possible that the underpinning was undertaken due to the shallow depth of the existing stepped brick footing.

6. Structural design of the basement

The proposal is to lower the level of the existing lower ground floor level by approx. 1.0m and 0.75m to achieve a greater head height. This will be achieved by underpinning the external and internal basement walls in a traditional sequence as shown on the drawing S1-rev A and Sketches SK1 and SK2 refer to Appendix D as well as referring to the General Notes for Conventional Underpinning noted as SK3 in Appendix E.

Given the presence of existing underpinning in the it will be necessary to underpin the underpinning.

All of the underpinning works will be undertaken from within the existing lower ground floor.

The width of the new underpinning is intended to be the same as the existing external and internal walls foundations so no changes occur to the applied bearing pressure onto the subsoil.

The underpinning will be undertaken in a traditional sequence where 1.0m wide pins will be formed with a significant space between pins as per the suggested underpinning drawing numbered S1-rev A, refer to Appendix D.

7. Ground movement assessment

Given the proposed basement works is a shallow 1.0m excavation within the existing lower ground floor level with the underpinning being founded at a lower level within the same site footprint there are no anticipated ground movement or land stability issues which will effect this detached property or the two adjacent detached properties which as located approx. 3.0m from the gable walls of 15 Chalcot Gardens. Refer to the Architect section drawing numbered 007 in Appendix A through 15 Chalcot Gardens and the two adjacent properties which demonstrates that the lowering of the lower ground floor level by the 1.0m depth does not undermine or surcharge these properties.

8. Appraisal of the host structure and foundations

The writer has inspected the existing structure and foundations and found no visible signs of structural damage or distress within the property.

The house dates back to approx. the 1920's and is constructed with loadbearing external and internal walls which support timber floors. Stud walls are present at the top floor of the property which also has a dual pitched tiled roof.

9. Suggested sequence of basement works

The drawing numbered S1- rev A in Appendix D indicates the suggested sequence of underpinning to the house. The General Underpinning Notes for Conventional Underpinning in Appendix E provides advise on the time required between the casting of the reinforced pins and the placing of the dry pack into the gap between the top of the concrete pin and the underside of the concrete pin. The underpinning of the external walls is the starting point working towards the internal walls. All of the underpinning work will be done by hand with external windows being used at lower ground floor level to get the excavated spoil out from the lower ground floor level.

10. Conclusions

It can be seen from this report and the attached information that the proposed lowering of the existing lower ground floor to 15 Chalcot Gardens, London NW3 will not have any detrimental impact on the two adjoining properties or on the Geological or Hydrogeological aspects of the subsoils and ground water at this site.

Yours Singerely,

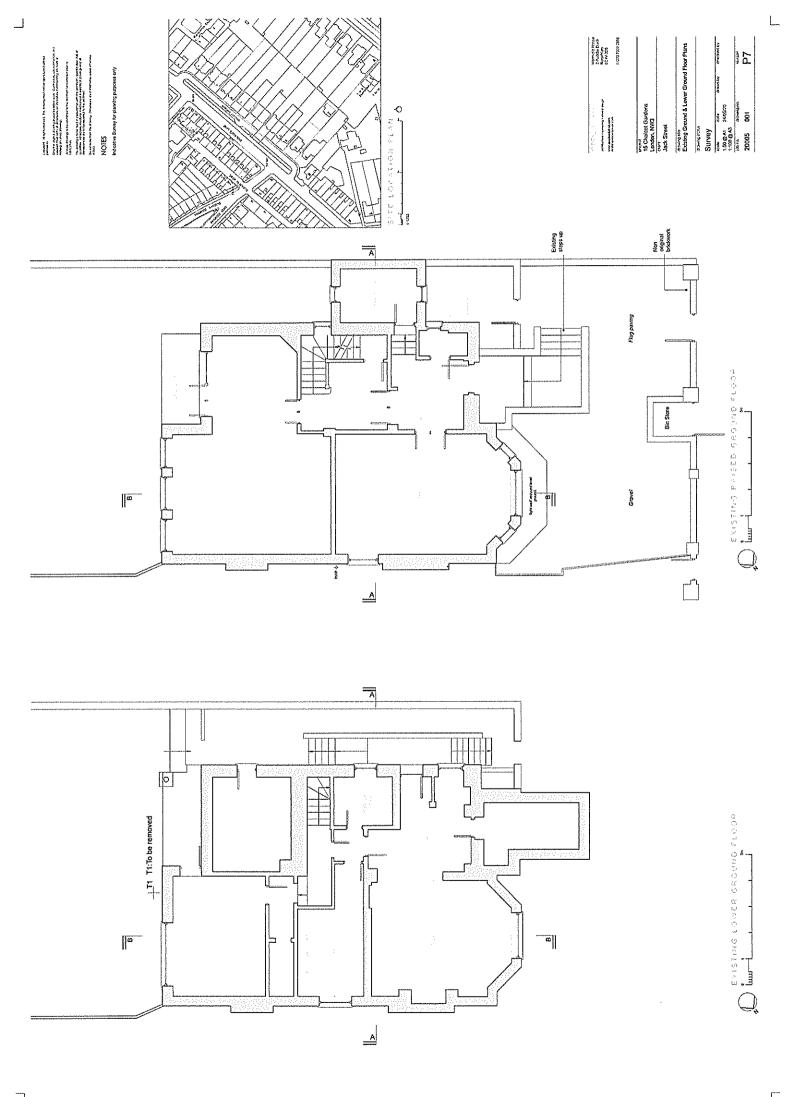
John Caine \neq B8c.Dip. Geo, C.Eng.M.I.Struct.E

Chartered Structural Engineer

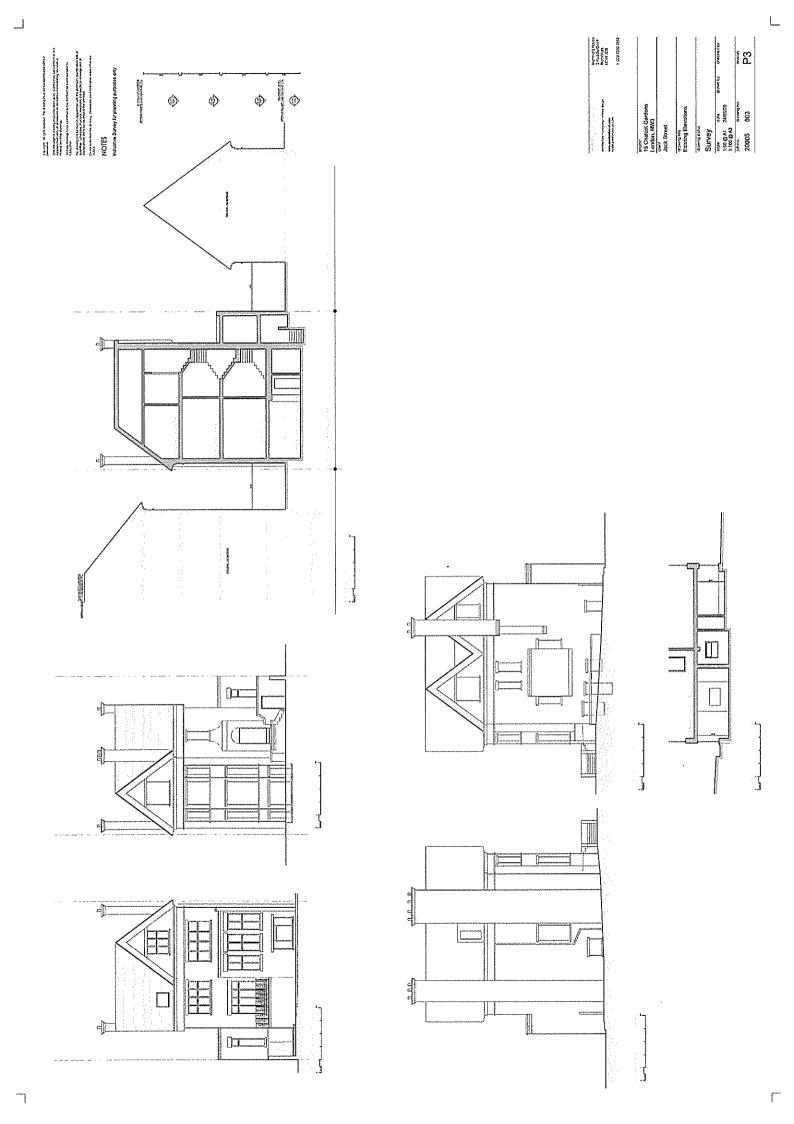
Appendix A):

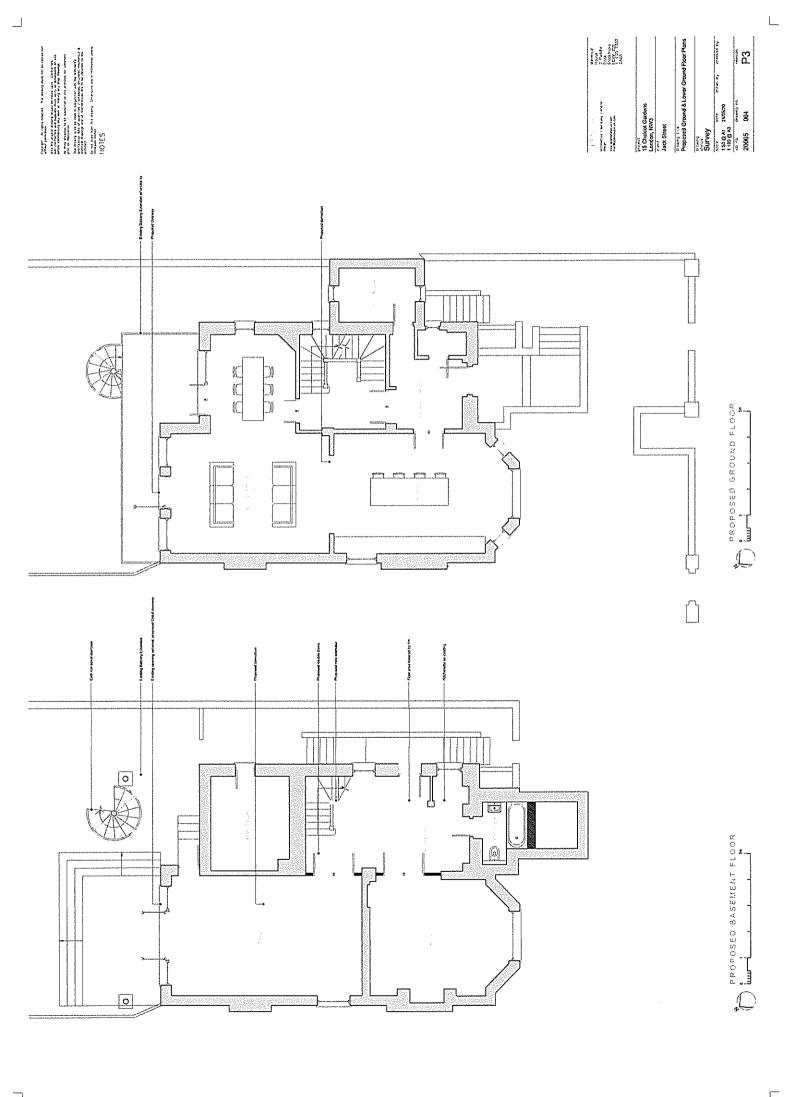
Architects Drawings:

- Drawing No. 001 Existing Ground and Lower Ground Floor Plans
- Drawing No. 003 Existing Elevations
- Drawing No. 004 Proposed Ground and Lower Ground Floor Plan
- Drawing No. 006 Proposed Elevations
- Drawing No. 007 Existing and Proposed Section A-A

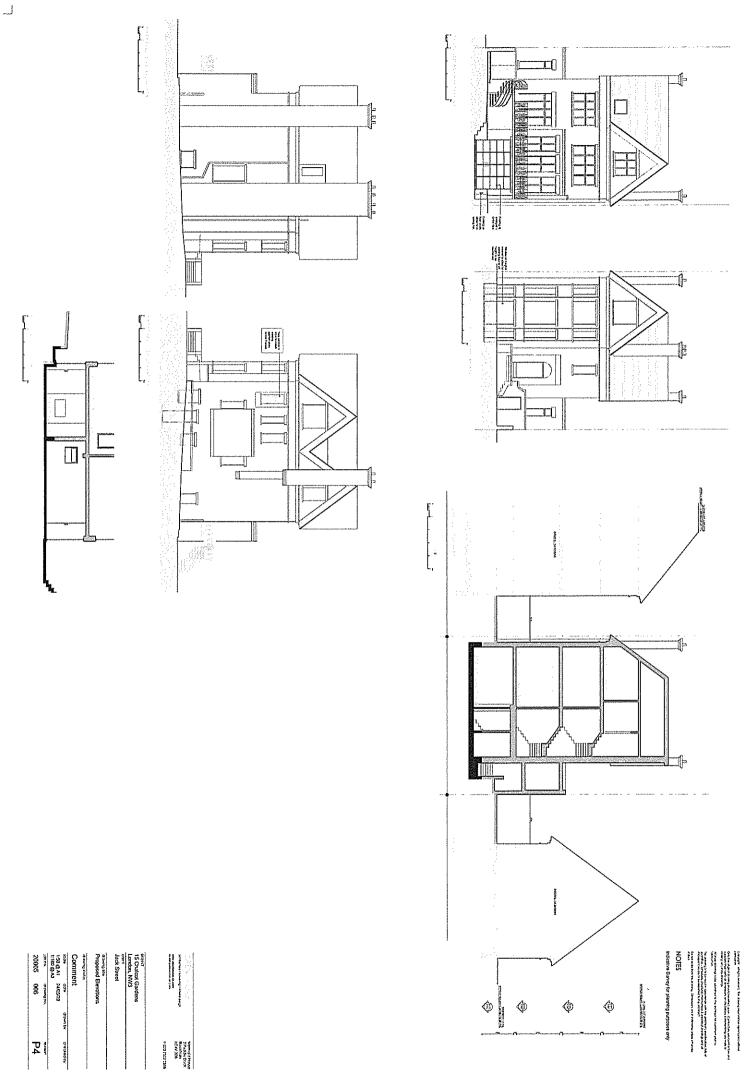


ŀ





ļ



L

 Γ

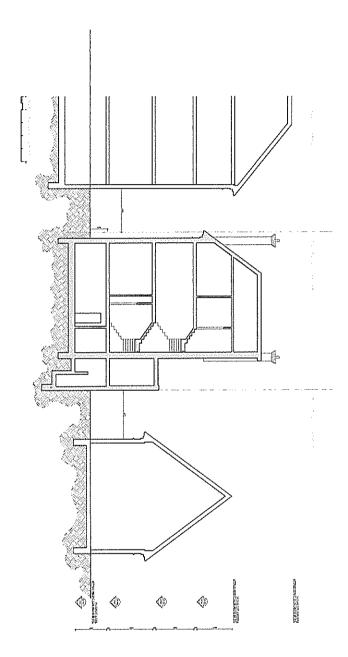
MUNICIPAL A Property of the Parket 0 ٩ **(**)

Planning
1:00 @ AI ZARGO
1:00

P

15 Chalcot Gardens London, WW3 London, WW3 Jack Street

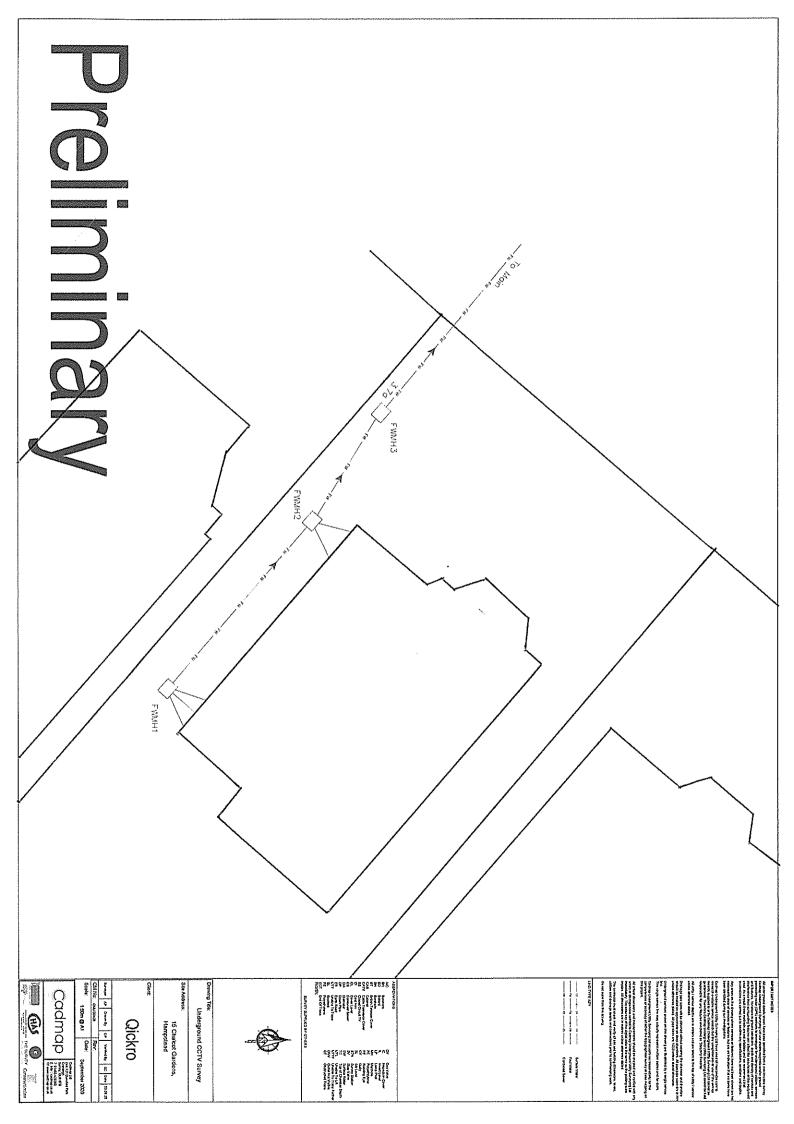
drawny Life Existing & Proposed Section AA Action to a straight a brinto long. The opposite to conmodific projects action



Indicative Survey for planning purposes only

Company in Contract to the Contract of the Con

Appendix B): Underground CCTV Drainage Survey Drawing



Appendix C): Trail Pit Sketches SKTP1, SKTP2 and SKTP3

Job Title 15 CHACCOT GARDENS, NW3.

Job No: 06 8 Date: 404 2020

John Caine, C.Eng.

Sheet No: SKTP1

TRAIL PIT

Structural Engineer

TRAIL PIT LOCATION PLAN

TRAIL PIT 3.

PRONT

REAL

REA

NOTE:

(1.) REFER TO SKETCHES SKTPZ & SKTP3 FOR TRAILPIT LOGS.

Job Title 15 CHACCOT GARDINS, NW3

Job No: じん

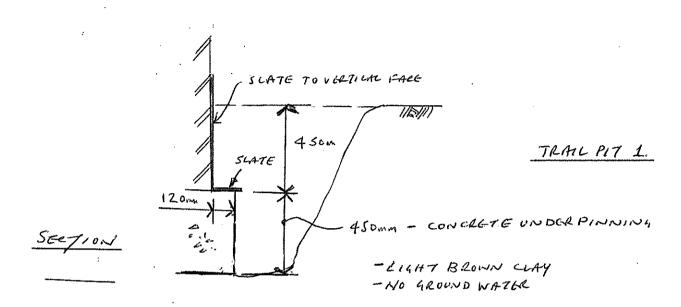
Date: Au4 2020

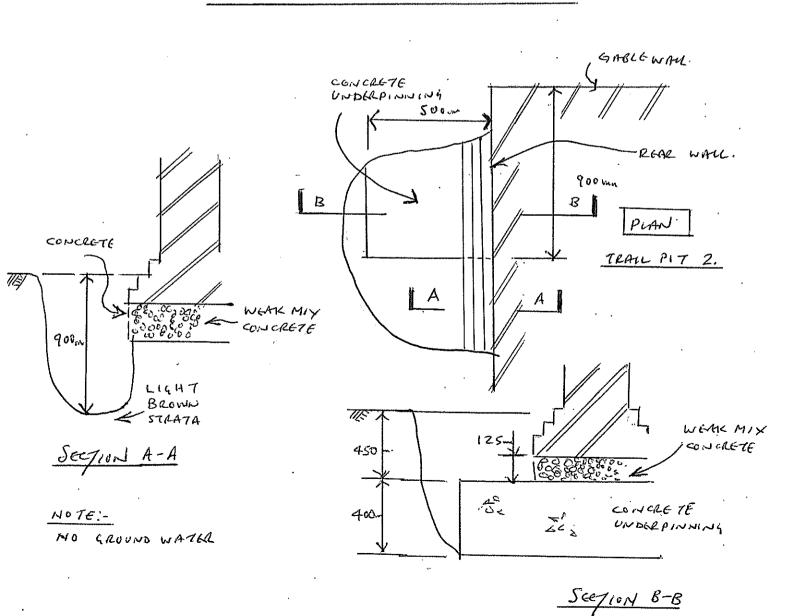
John Caine, C.Eng.

Sheet No: SKTP2

Structural Engineer

TRAIL PIT DETAILS





Job Title 15 CHACCOT, GARDINS, LONDON NW3

Job No:

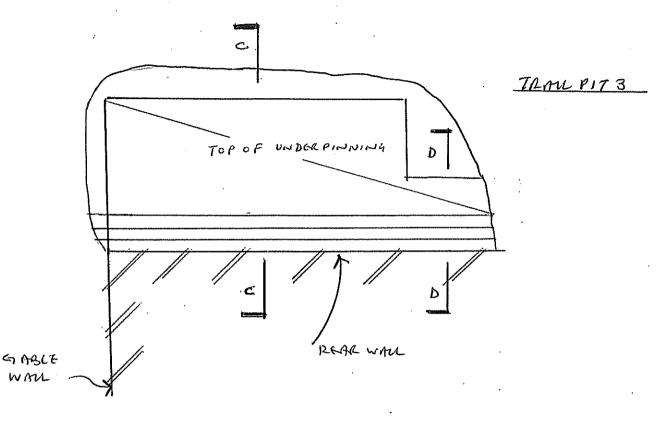
Date: Av4 2020

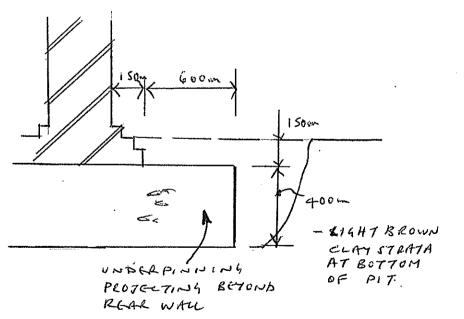
John Caine, C.Eng.

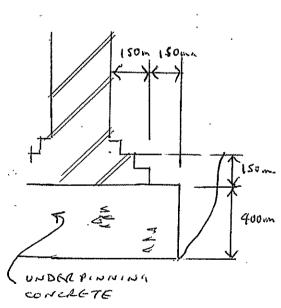
Structural Engineer

Sheet No: SKTP3

TRAIL PIT DETAILS







SceTiON C-C

Seejion D-D

NOTE:-

Appendix D): Underpinning drawing S1 -rev A and Sketches SK1 and SK2

Job Title 15 CHALCOT GARDENS, LONDON NW3

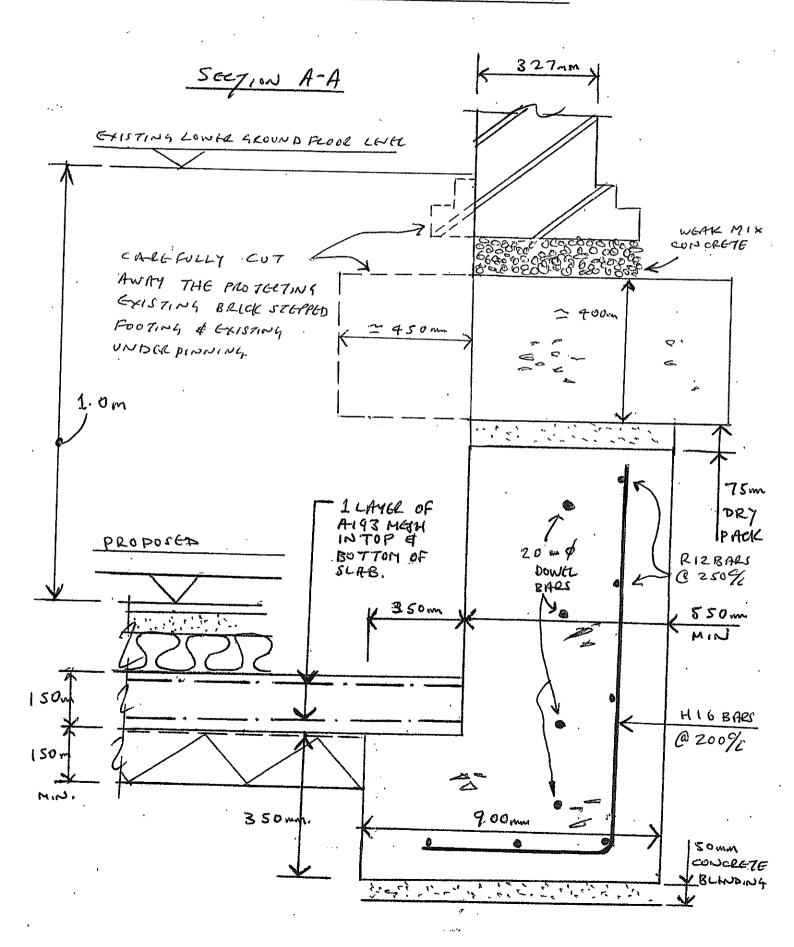
Job No: 068 Date: JULY 2020

John Caine, C.Eng.

Sheet No: SK1

Structural Engineer

TYPICAL EXTERNAL WAR UNDERPINNING DETAIL WHERE EXISTING UNDERPINNING IS PRESENT



JOB TITLE 15 CHALCOT. GARDONS, LONDON NW3

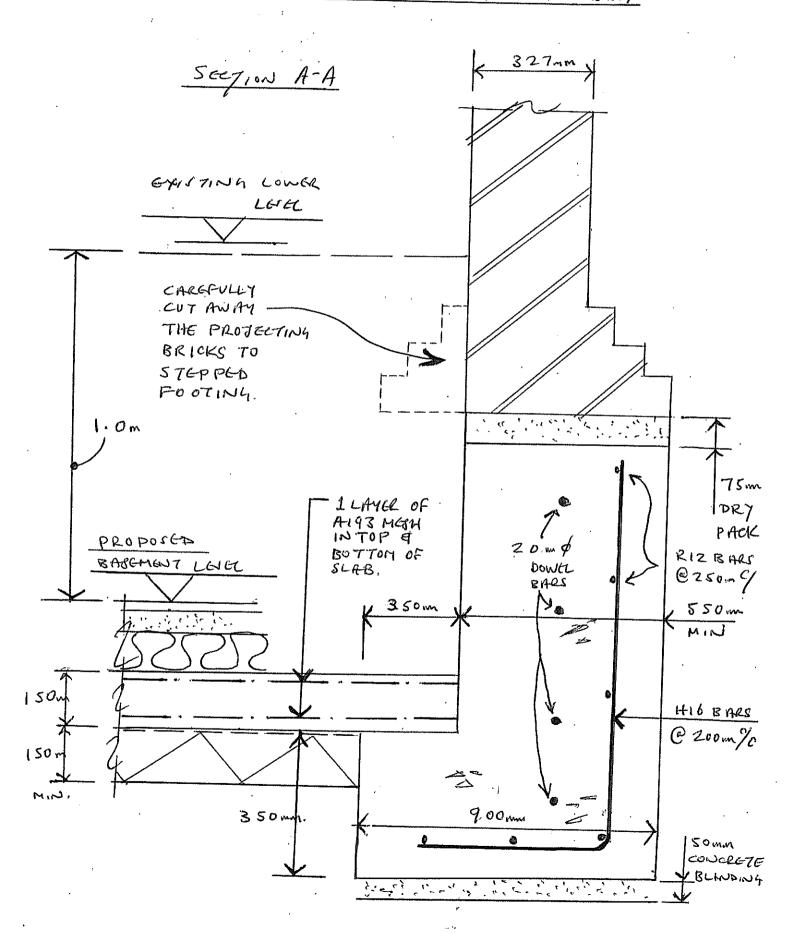
Job No: 068 Date: JULY 2020

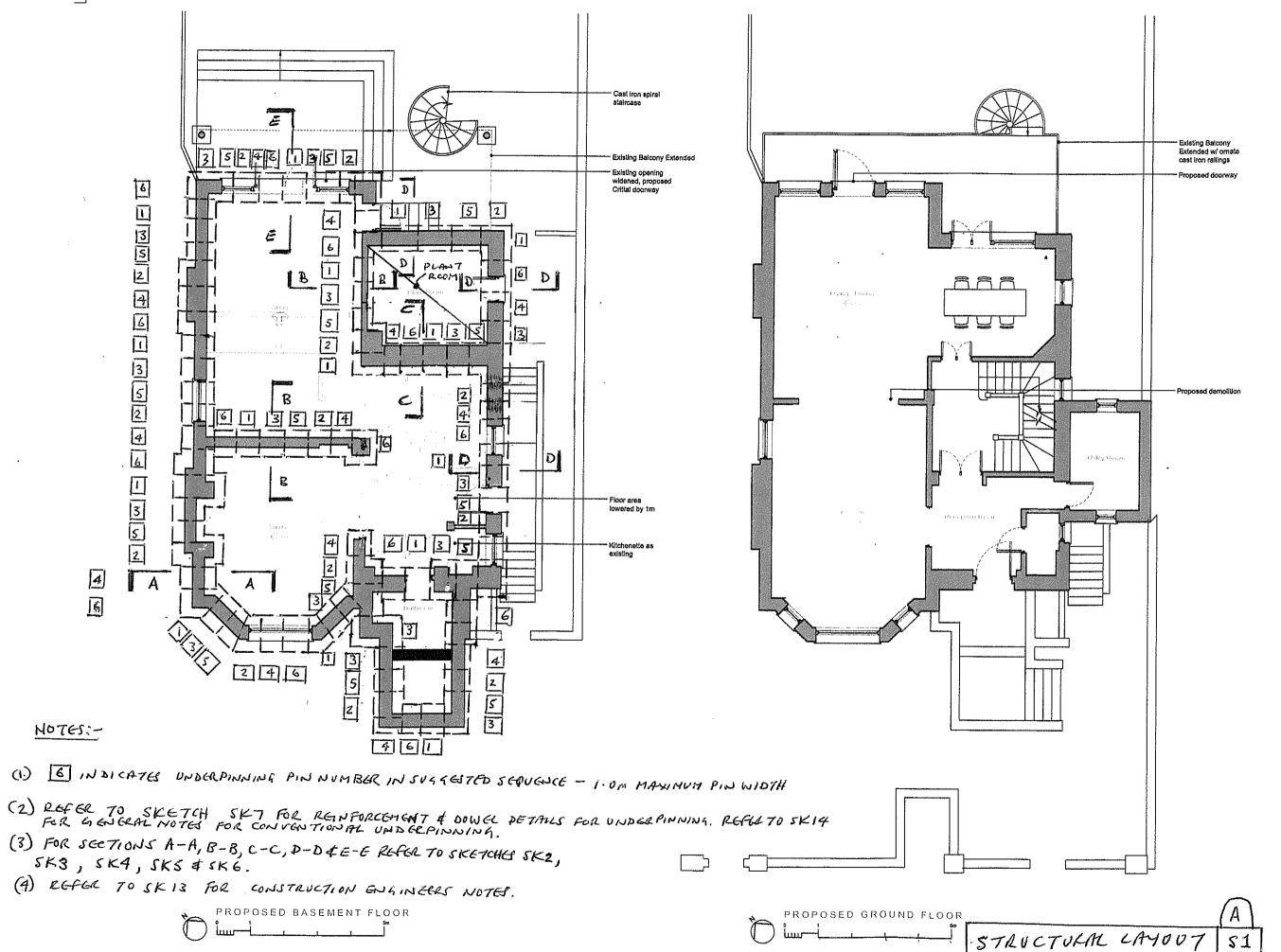
John Caine, C.Eng.

Sheet No: SK 2

Structural Engineer

TYPICAL EXTERNAL WALL UNDERPINNING DETAIL WHELE EXISTING UNDERPINNING IS NOT PREJENT





Copyright, Is depty reserved. This drawing must not be repositived without permission.

One may accompare amounts around be related upon. Contingents. But contractors assigned must related activities and the basis of contracting any whost or making any those drawing. As any accomparing to the permission of As any promoting to be submitted to the createst for comment prior to topicotion.

This contracts to the report of the accompanies of secretical professions but contracts of contracts on the proposal of the contracts of secretical professions but contracts of the contract of the proposal of the contracts.

Do not some from this drawing. Dimensions are in militaristics with a stream yeared.

NOTES

OPEN Iondon

standard Property Newtoners

project
15 Chalcot Gardens
London, NW3
Zient

drowing Hite
Proposed Ground & Lower Ground Floor Plans

drowing status

Survey

scale dialo Grown by checked by
1:50 @ A1 24/05/20
1:100 @ A3
Zient Growing no. revision

20005 004

REJ A: UNDERPINNING ADDED TO PURNT ROOF

Appendix E): General Notes for Conventional Underpinning -SK3

 All workmanship shall be in accordance with current British Standard requirements and shall comply with BS 8000: Workmanship on Building Sites.

œ

N

Excavations shall be made by hand to the minimum depth show on the project drawings (specified in the tender enquiry) ensuring that no projections or foreign matter remains in the excavations. The required bearing strata will be stated on the project drawings. The required bearing strata will be stated on the project drawings and not less than 500mm below soil affected by root intrusion or leaking drains, or as otherwise directed by the Engineer.

φ

- Excavation shall be made from either or both sides of walls as necessary, or where arrows are shown the arrow is the designated side
- . Sides of excavations for underpinning/foundation construction are to be kept vertical and supported as necessary.

 Temporary supports to structures and propping of all excavations where necessary is to be designed and installed by the Contractor. The underside of all existing foundations shall be thoroughly cleaned of all debris and loose material prior to placing any concrete in the excavation.
- All excavations for underpinning are to be bottomed-out immediately prior to the placement of concrete to avoid softening and deterioration of the founding stratum. Excavations are to be suitably protected during adverse weather conditions to prevent deterioration of the subsoil. Where adversely affected due to inadequate protection, the founding stratum shall be re-excavated to a firm base at no additional cost to the contract. If required the contractor shall utilise pumping to deep excavations free of water.

Ġ

The Contractor shall plan a sequence of underpinning in maximum 1200mm long sections and shall ensure that not less than 3 days lapse between casting of a single underpin bay and the excavation of an adjacent bay. The Contractor shall submit his phasing proposals for the approval of the Engineer. The underpinning shall be sequenced such that no more than 1/2 of the structure is unsupported at any time.

g

Underpins shall be cast to within a nominal 75mm of the underside of existing footings unless specified otherwise on the project drawings

7

Title:

- The nominal 75mm gap between existing footings and new underpin bases shall be packed with a 3.1 sand/cement semi dry pack mix, well rammed by hand into place once the concrete underpin bases have adequately hardened. Hand ramming shall not be undertaken for a minimum of 24 hour after the casting of the underpin and a further 48 hours should elapse prior to excavation of immediately adjacent underpinning bays.
- Shuttering which may have been used in forming underpinning bases shall be removed prior to backfilling of working spaces unless approved by the Engineer as suitable permanent shuttering.
- 10. Working spaces adjacent to underpinning shall be backfilled with "approved suitable material arising from excavations" (see note 11 below) or where indicated otherwise on the drawings. Backfilling shall be in layers not exceeding 250mm.
- 11. Working spaces adjacent to underpinning beneath paths and supported floor slabs shall be backfilled with approved granular sub-base material placed in layers not exceeding 150mm and compacted used a wacker plate or similar. The Contractor may alternatively use compacted lean mix concrete to backfill voids.
- 12. "Suitable material arising from excavations" shall exclude loose granular and weathered softened or saturated cohesive materials, organic and deleterious material and other materials considered unsuitable by the Engineer. If required, suitable material approved by the Engineer shall be imported.
- 13. Drains and statuary services encountered in excavations are to be supported and protected during works, and where they cross underpin bays, flexible jointed split ducts are to be inserted for the full width of the underpin.
- 14. Unsuitable and excess material shall be removed form site.
- 15. It is the Contractors responsibility to ensure that the Local Authority is given adequate notice of inspections as the works progress.
- 16. The Contractor shall ensure that all excavations and other works on site shall be in accordance with current Health and Safety legislation and, where provided, the Health and Safety Plan and/or Hazard/Risk sheets issued with the tender document.

- 17. Shear keys or dowel bars shall be cast into the vertical side of underpins below the existing foundations to provide an adequate key. As a minimum Contractors shall allow for 6 number 12mm diameter mild steel dowels 900mm long in each face equally embedded into each base unless specified otherwise on the project drawings minimum cover to dowel bars to be 75mm
- 18. Unless specified otherwise on the project drawings, mass concrete underpinning shall be a standard mix type ST4 (20N strength) in accordance with BS 5328: Part 2: 1997: Methods for Specifying Concrete Mixes. The mix shall utilise 20mm maximum aggregate and have 75mm slump with a minimum cement content of 300kg/m². Cement shall be Ordinary Portland Cement for granular soils and Sulphate //Resisting Cement to BS 4027 for clay soils unless specified otherwise
- 19. Unless specified otherwise on the project drawings concrete for reinforced elements shall be designated mix type RC35 (35N strength, moderate exposure) in accordance with BS 5328: Part 2: 1997: Methods of Specifying Concrete. Mixes shall utilise 20mm maximum aggregate, minimum cement content of 300kg/m' and maximum free water/cement ratio of 0.6. Cement shall be ordinary Portland Cement to BS 12 unless specified otherwise. Cover to reinforcement shall be as specified on the project drawings.
- 20. The new underpins shall be cast to the minimum width specified on the project drawings. Anti heave measures and slip membranes when required will be specified on the project drawings. Where specified anti-heave measures shall be placed to the internal and/or external faces of the new underpin as indicated on the project drawings and shall be outside the line of the existing foundations.
- 21. Where required, hardcore shall be a well graded (75mm to dust) chemically inert granular materiel (not demolition rubble) free from deleterious materials. Hardcore shall be compacted in layers not exceeding 150mm in thickness using suitable plant to achieve 95% compation. Selected excavated material may be used subject to prior agreement with the Engineer

GENERAL NOTES FOR CONVENTIONAL UNDERPINNING

Structural Engineer
Scales: N/A
Date
Date
Date
Date
Scales: N/A
Date
Scales: N/A
Date
Scales: N/A
Dig No.
Rev.