

Document History and Status

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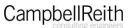
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Structural ◆ Civil ◆ Environmental ◆ Geotechnical ◆ Transportation

Dick Collins Hall, London Borough of Camden Residential Travel Plan



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. Dick Collins Hall comprises 13 residential units located at the north-west edge of the Regent's Park Estate. This document provides an overview of the current situation and transport arrangements in the vicinity of the development. Following the principles of sustainable development, the implementation of a Residential Travel Plan will seek to influence the travel choices of residents of the new housing on the Dick Collins Hall site. This document sets out the principles and range of measures for the Residential Travel Plan.
- 1.2. A Travel Plan is a long term management strategy for an organisation or site that seeks to deliver sustainable transport objectives through action and is articulated in a document that is regularly reviewed. A Travel Plan involves identifying an appropriate package of measures aimed at promoting sustainable travel, with an emphasis on reducing reliance on single occupancy car journeys.
- 1.3. Travel Plans can assist in increasing accessibility whilst reducing congestion, local air pollution, greenhouse gases and noise. A well-developed Travel Plan can mitigate adverse travel impacts of a development and the Government recognises their importance in achieving improvements in transport conditions at a local level. Further evidence suggests that people who are physically active in their daily lives are more productive and have good attendance records. Active travel as part of a Travel Plan enables people to enjoy these health benefits as part of their daily routine and potentially reduces the need for travel by other modes of transport such as by private vehicle or buses, trains and the Underground.
- 1.4. A Travel Plan is consistent with the aims of local and national planning policies. The National Planning Policy Framework aims to encourage a sustainable approach to development that reduces the negative environmental impacts associated with the private car and give people the choice about how they travel. The London Plan is the overall strategic plan for London setting out an integrated economic, environmental, transport and social framework for the development of London and the Mayor's Transport Strategy sets out plans to transform London's streets by improving public transport and encouraging more people to walk and cycle.
- 1.5. Locally, the Camden Transport Strategy 2019-2041 sets out how the council will improve the way people are able to move around Camden to ensure that travel becomes healthier, safer and more affordable. The vision is:
 - "To work alongside residents and partners in transforming transport and mobility in Camden, enabling and encouraging people to travel sustainably; nurturing healthier lifestyles; creating radically less polluted places; and upgrading the transport network to meet Camden's needs and those of London as a growing capital city."
- 1.6. The Camden Transport Strategy Action Plan sets high-level outcomes and interim targets including an increase in sustainable transport mode share by Camden residents from 85% (2017) to 93% (2041), including quadrupling cycle mode share by Camden residents, from 3.6% (2017) to 15% (2041) with half of all residents' trips to be made on foot by 2041.
- 1.7. Objective 1 of the Camden Transport Strategy 2019-2041 is "To transform our streets and places to enable an increase in walking and cycling". Policy 1a states:
 - "The Council will use a road user hierarchy to inform all relevant decisions: walking, cycling and public transport will be prioritised above private vehicles use..."

1.8. Policy 1b states:

"The Council will remove barriers to walking and cycling, ensuring that every transport, placeshaping and other relevant schemes improve conditions for pedestrians and cycling, to create high quality environments that enable modal shift and increase active, healthy travel."

1.9. This Travel Plan aims to:

- Reduce the impacts of travel to and from the development
- Increase residents' awareness of the advantages and potential for travel by environmentally-friendly modes
- Reduce car ownership
- Have no adverse effect on local parking in the streets within and surrounding the estate

1.10. To achieve the potential benefits, a Residential Travel Plan requires:

- The committed support of the Developer/Building Owner and residents
- The addressing of residents' needs for access to a full range of facilities
- Combining physical measures of site design and new facilities with the behavioural measures for marketing, promotion and awareness raising among residents
- A designated Travel Plan Coordinator appointed for the site who will be responsible for the development, implementation and day-to-day running of the plan

2.0 SITE AUDIT REPORT

Site Location

2.1. The Dick Collins Hall site is located on the north-west edge of the Regent's Park Estate. It is bound to the north and east by Redhill Street. The Rothay Building residential complex is located to the west and to the south of the site. The site layout of the development is shown in the drawings found at Appendix 1 to this report.

Local Road Network

- 2.2. The site is served by an established road network. Redhill Street forms part of the 20mph zone on the Regent's Park Estate. The site can be accessed from Albany Street to the west via the section of Redhill Street along the northern boundary of the site, and from Cumberland Market to the south via the section of Redhill Street that runs along the site's eastern boundary. There are on-street permit parking bays on Redhill Street.
- 2.3. Albany Street runs north towards Camden Town and Primrose Hill, and south to Great Portland Street. Albany Street is also subject to a 20mph speed limit and is a Controlled Zone on Monday-Friday 08:30-18:30. Outer Circle runs parallel to Albany Street to the west and forms the eastern boundary of Regent's Park.

Pedestrian and Cycle Facilities

- 2.4. The current network of footways in the locality provides a reasonable footway network to all local services, facilities and public transport nodes in and around the site.
- 2.5. The nearest existing Santander Cycles docking stations are Albany Street, The Regent's Park with a capacity of 26 bikes and Hampstead Road (Cartmel), Euston with a capacity of 14 bikes. The Hampstead Road docking station is on cycle route S2.

Public Transport

- 2.6. There are bus stops within walking distance of the site. The nearest bus stop is located on Albany Street, a couple of minutes' walk from the site. This is served by routes 88. The bus stops serving both directions have a shelter, seating, timetables and maps. Footway widths in the vicinity of the bus stops are wide enough so that pedestrians can navigate the footway while passengers are waiting at the bus stops.
- 2.7. Route 88 operates between Kentish Town and Clapham via Oxford Circus and Trafalgar Square. The timetable for Route 88 is appended to this report at Appendix 2 and the frequency of service is summarised in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1: Local bus services

			Service Interval								
Service Number	Route	Monday	- Friday	Satu	rday	Sunday					
		Daytime	Evening	Daytime	Evening	Daytime	Evening				
88	Kentish Town - Clapham	6-10 mins	9-12 mins	6-10 mins	10-12 mins	10-13 mins	10-13 mins				

- 2.8. Both Great Portland Street and Regent's Park Underground stations are located to the south of the site, around 900m (12 minutes' walk) from the site. Great Portland Street station is served by the Circle, Hammersmith & City and Metropolitan lines. Regent's Park station is served by the Bakerloo line.
- 2.9. Mornington Crescent Underground station is around 1km (12 minutes' walk) to the north-east of the site. This station is served by the Northern line. Euston station can also be reached on foot and is around 1.1km (14 minutes' walk) to the south-east of the site.
- 2.10. The site has a Public Transport Accessibility Level of 5 based on the bus and rail service frequencies contained within WebCAT.

3.0 OBJECTIVES AND TARGETS

Travel Plan Objective

3.1. The overall objective of the Travel Plan is:

"To create a more sustainable environment for residents, which promotes a range of lifestyle and travel choices and reduces reliance on the private car".

- 3.2. This will be achieved by:
 - Understanding the likely travel patterns for residents of the development
 - Promoting and improving awareness of the travel plan process
 - Adopting a package of measures which focus on promoting access by sustainable modes of transport
 - Promoting active travel and reducing reliance on public transport, in accordance with Camden Transport Strategy 2019-2041 policies 1a and 1b
 - Promoting active living and health benefits due to improved air quality and the potential reduction in road casualties
 - Continually developing, implementing and monitoring the progress of the strategy

Existing Travel Patterns Census Information

3.3. Interrogation of the 2011 Census shows that the site falls within Super Output Area Lower Layers 'Camden 023C', as shown in Figure 3.1.

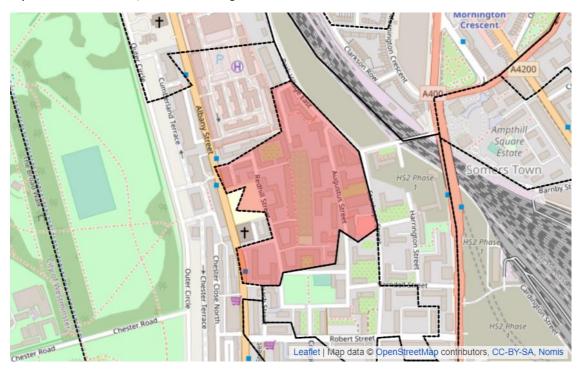
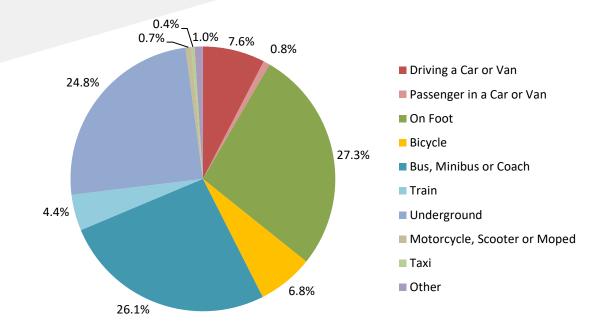


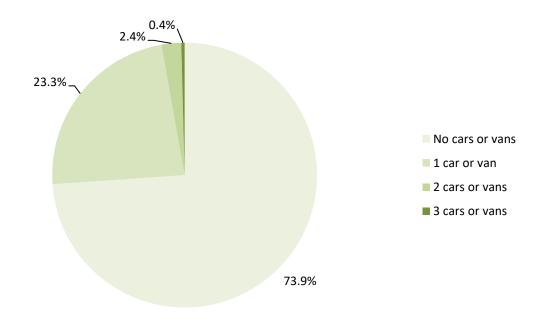
Figure 3.1 - 'Camden 023C' area

3.4. The modal split for these areas is shown in Graph 3.1. This shows that the majority of residents in the local area who travel to work do so by public transport and over 15% of journeys to work are by walking or cycling.



Graph 3.1 - Modal split of journeys to work for 'Camden 023C' from 2011 Census

3.5. The 2011 Census also reveals that the approximate number of cars and vans available in the 'Camden 023C' area is an average of 0.3 vehicles per household. Around 74% of households have no access to a car or van, as shown in Graph 3.2.



Graph 3.2- Car availability for 'Camden 023C' from 2011 Census

Targets

- 3.6. The ultimate targets that will be set will accord with an acronym endorsed by the Department for Transport, which states that targets shall be SMART:
 - Specific
 - Measurable
 - Achievable
 - Realistic
 - Time-bound
- 3.7. The main target will be to change the proportions of the mode of transport that residents usually use for their journey to work, education and leisure trips, by increasing the proportion of pedestrians and cyclists and maximising the benefits of a car-free development.
- 3.8. The proposed targets for residents' main mode of travel on a daily basis are presented in Table 3.1. As the development is car-free it is expected that the proportion of residents that responded as 'driving a car or van' in the 2011 Census will be redistributed to other modes of transport as shown in the 'Car-Free adjustment' column of the table. Some car use in the form of car clubs and taxi/private hire vehicles are expected to continue. Any travel by electric scooter has been incorporated into the cycling category for the purposes of setting targets.

Table 3.1: Mod	lal Split	Taraets t	or the	full	development
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Target	Assumed Baseline	Car-Free adjustment	Year 1	Year 3	Year 5
Driving a Car	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%
On Foot	28%	31%	32%	33%	33%
Cycling	7%	8%	11%	13%	15%
Bus	26%	27%	26%	24%	23%
Underground	25%	26%	24%	23%	22%
Train	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%
Motorcycle / Scooter / Moped	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Taxi / PHV	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%

3.9. The proposed targets are in accordance with policies 1a and 1b of the Camden Transport Strategy 2019-2041 and seek to increase cycling to 15% mode share, increase walking mode share and have less reliance on public transport modes of travel.

4.0 MEASURES

Introduction

4.1. The main core of a Travel Plan is its package of measures, which can comprise a mixture of different kinds of actions, incentives and infrastructure improvements. The remainder of this chapter sets out a package of measures which will be introduced in order to influence residents' travel to and from the development.

Measures to Encourage Non-Car Use

4.2. The car-free nature of the development will mean that residents are not provided with parking spaces or have the ability to apply for on-street parking permits. The location of the development and its excellent accessibility by other modes of transport means that residents do not need to own a car as part of their daily routine. In the event that residents require a car for certain occasions then there are car-club vehicles available within walking distance of the development.

Measures to Encourage Walking

- 4.3. Walking is the most sustainable method of travel, has proven health benefits and is an important source of personal freedom. Walking is important for the vast majority of people, including those using public transport or without access to a car. It potentially has an important role to play in journeys to work, particularly for those living within two miles of their workplace. Walking is free and offers predictable journeys. Furthermore, it does not cause negative impacts in the same manner as vehicular travel. (e.g. emissions, pollutants, severance etc.). Walking is a form of active travel, which can offer a range of physical and psychological benefits to the individual.
- 4.4. The estate has a well-defined network of footways linking the development to the surrounding streets, schools, local facilities and public transport nodes. Streets in the vicinity of the development have a speed limit of 20-mph.
- 4.5. Walking will be further encouraged with the provision of local maps illustrating the local facilities such as:
 - Bus stops
 - Education and child care facilities
 - Leisure and recreation
 - Employment areas
 - Shopping, banking and personal business facilities
 - Healthcare and community needs
- 4.6. These maps will be given to residents as part of their Welcome Pack. The health benefits associated with walking are promoted through events such as Walk to Work / School Week.

Measures to Encourage Cycling

- 4.7. Cycling is cheap, offers reliable journey times and is environmentally friendly. Travel Plans can promote the substantial health benefits to individuals who are motivated to complete more journeys by cycle.
- 4.8. Active travel is a means by which people can fit exercise into their busy lives and has been shown to have both physical and psychological benefits, including improved concentration upon arrival at their destination.
- 4.9. Cycling will be encouraged through information being provided to residents within their Welcome Packs, including information on cycle routes, cycle facilities, cycle shops. The health benefits associated with cycling will be promoted through the information packs.
- 4.10. As part of the development proposals, cycle parking is provided in an internal secure cycle store as per the approved strategy and drawings. This comprises a two tier stand holding 24 cycles. Whilst the cycle store primarily caters for 'standard' cycles, provision for other types of cycle can be investigated.
- 4.11. There are also 4 Sheffield cycle stands providing eight spaces adjacent to the entrance on the north frontage of the development. These are primarily aimed at short-stay cycle parking for visitors and are suitable for accommodating different varieties of cycles.
- 4.12. The location of the cycle store and external cycle parking is shown on the Hard Landscape Proposals and Site Layout drawing DCH-IW-XX-ZZ-DR-A-10.0.01. Details of the cycle storage system is shown on drawing DCH-IW-XX-ZZ-DR-A-22.11.
- 4.13. The site also has easy access to the local Santander Cycle Hire facilities within walking distance of the development at Albany Street, The Regent's Park with a capacity of 26 bikes and Hampstead Road (Cartmel), Euston with a capacity of 14 bikes.
- 4.14. Camden offer a range of courses and measures to encourage cycling. The Camden Cycle Skills training teaches essential cycling skills for all ages and abilities. Classes are also available on how to look after your bike. These courses are free for anyone who lives, works or studies in Camden.
- 4.15. Camden also operate the 'Try-A-Bike' scheme. This is a free bicycle loan scheme for people in Camden wanting to try cycling before having to commit to buying a bike. Bike loans include helmets, locks and lights.

Measures to Encourage Public Transport Use

- 4.16. The benefits of travelling by public transport can include:
 - Reduced congestion
 - No need to park
 - Being able to relax, read or work (particularly for business travel during the day)
 - Combine active travel as part of the journey.
- 4.17. It is important to recognise that for shorter distances walking and cycling are usually more beneficial and favourable modes of travel than public transport as they have fewer environmental impacts and offer health benefits. Nevertheless, public transport remains important, particularly for longer journeys to work.

4.18. The provision of public transport information within the residents Welcome Pack is proposed in order to encourage and support the use of public transport and timetable and route information will be displayed in a communal area.

Measures to Encourage Car Club Use

4.19. Car club provision is available within walking distance of the site. The presence of these facilities will be promoted through the Welcome Packs.

5.0 MANAGEMENT AND MARKETING STRATEGY

Introduction

- 5.1. A Travel Plan strategy that clearly sets out the stages by which the Travel Plan will be developed and implemented is very important. The strategy is set out within the remainder of this chapter which discusses how the Travel Plan will be managed and marketed.
- 5.2. The strategy requires the allocation of resources to the plan and the formation of a structure to oversee its development.

Managing the plan: roles and responsibilities

Travel Plan Coordinator

- 5.3. All Travel Plans are dependent on a nominated individual being given time and resources for success to occur. The Travel Plan Coordinator will be suitably qualified and interested in sustainable travel issues. The Travel Plan Coordinator will be responsible for overseeing and implementing the various measures outlined in this Travel Plan. A named person will be nominated to act as the Travel Plan Coordinator for the regeneration scheme. The Travel Plan Coordinator will:
 - Implement and market the Travel Plan, taking account of both short and long-term objectives
 - Be a contact point and 'face' for the Travel Plan
 - Promote the Travel Plan and be available to discuss travel requirements and ideas as to how the plan could provide further encouragement or facilities to make sustainable transport more accessible
 - Have the ability to provide personalised travel plan services to new residents
 - Establish and promote the individual measures in the Travel Plan
 - Where appropriate, explore the potential of joining forces with community groups within the local area
 - Collate any travel survey information to measure, monitor and develop the success of the Travel Plan so that targets can be refined and developed
 - Coordinate with other Travel Plan Coordinators in the area

Partners and Stakeholders

5.4. Travel Plans need partnerships for success. The Travel Plan Coordinator is a central figure in establishing partnerships and maintaining links and lines of communication. The Travel Plan Coordinator is prepared to co-operate with others who work towards the same objectives in the Regent's Park Estate neighbourhood to assist in achieving the aims of the Travel Plan. Organisations need to work with a number of partners and internal stakeholders during the implementation process. It is expected that all partners will make an active contribution to the process.

- 5.5. Likely / possible partners include:
 - Camden Council
 - Other local Travel Plan Coordinators
 - Transport for London
 - Car club operator(s)
 - Local cycle shops

Securing the Travel Plan

5.6. The Travel Plan is secured by planning. The funding of the Travel Plan, its proposed measures and any monitoring will be the responsibility of the Building Owner.

Marketing

- 5.7. Marketing and awareness raising strategies are also an important part of Travel Plans. They cover the involvement / engagement of residents and raising their awareness about travel options and the benefits of more sustainable or efficient travel.
- 5.8. The primary means by which the Travel Plan will be marketed will be through leaflets. This will help to promote the initiatives and disseminate the information about the Travel Plan to residents.
- 5.9. The accessibility of the development will be explained to prospective residents and included in the general marketing information issued by the site sales staff.
- 5.10. Welcome packs will be provided to the occupants of each new home on its first occupation. The pack will include:
 - Information on the Travel Plan, the targets and benefits it can achieve
 - Public transport information, including bus stop and rail station locations
 - Cycle information including maps of cycle routes and locations of cycle facilities and shops
 - Local area map showing community facilities
 - Information on car club schemes
 - Contact details for the Travel Plan Coordinator

6.0 MONITORING AND REPORTING

Monitoring

- 6.1. This Travel Plan is a live document to ensure it remains relevant to the residents of the development and visitors. Should monitoring surveys be required, the baseline information, along with the targets, will be updated following the completion of the baseline survey of residents of the development. An example residents' questionnaire is included at Appendix 3.
- 6.2. The Travel Plan will be monitored at years 1, 3, 5, from 80% occupation of the development.

Reporting

- 6.3. As appropriate, key survey and/or monitoring findings will be disseminated amongst residents through newsletters. In addition a monitoring / performance report will also be prepared and issued to the local planning and highway authorities for their review.
- 6.4. The reporting will include:
 - A recap of the Travel Plan objectives and targets
 - Monitoring methodology and results
 - Progress against agreed measures
 - Any corrective measures, such as more publicity, additional incentives etc., to get the Travel Plan back on track should this be necessary
 - Proposals to develop the Travel Plan in the future
- 6.5. Any penalties to be imposed should the travel plan targets not be met will be agreed with both the Local Planning and Local Highway Authorities. These may take the form of a financial penalty with the money reinvested into promoting/improving sustainable methods of transport in the area.

7.0 ACTION PLAN

7.1. This chapter draws together the proposed measures for implementation, monitoring and review. The actions are summarised in Table 7.1 showing what needs to be implemented, who is responsible and the timeframe for each action.

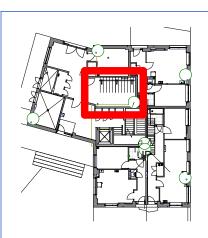
Table 7.1: Action Plan

Action Plan	Responsibility	Time Frame
Appoint Travel Plan Coordinator (TPC)	Building Owner / Successor in Title	Prior to occupation
Provide contact details of TPC to the Local Authority	Building Owner / Successor in Title	Upon appointment of the TPC
Collate walking, cycling and public transport information	TPC	Following appointment
Provide residents with Travel Information Welcome Pack including:		
Contact details of TPC		
Objectives of Travel Plan		
Benefits of sustainable travel (including health information)	Building Owner /	On occupation of
Established walking and cycling routes	Successor in Title	development
Public transport routes / timetables		
Local facilities / home shopping details		
Details of local Car Club vehicles		
Walking and cycling organisations in the area		
Conduct baseline travel survey	TPC	On 80% occupation of development / as required
Production of the updated Travel Plan	Building Owner	Following the analysis of the initial travel survey
Distribute Baseline Travel Survey to the Local Planning and Highway Authorities	TPC	On 80% occupation of phase
Produce monitoring report / reassess targets. Send to TP Officer. Make results available to residents	TPC	8 weeks after end of survey
Undertake follow-up Travel Surveys	TPC	As required
Submit monitoring reports to Local Authorities and make results available to residents	TPC	Within 8 weeks after any survey
Liaise with Local Planning and Highway Authorities	TPC	On-going / as required

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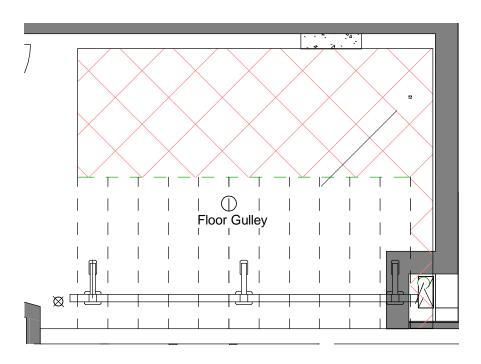
Appendix 1: Figures and Drawings





Location Plan

1:500



Level 0 - Cycle Strategy Layout

1:50

All dimensions to be verified on site by Main Contractor before the start of any shop drawings or work whatsoever either on their own behalf or that o sub-contractors.

Report any discrepancies to the Contract Administrator at once.

s drawing is to be read with all relevant Architect's and wings and other relevant information.

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LEGEND:

DO NOT SCALE

No. Secure Internal Residential Spaces Required: 24 No. Secure Internal Residential Spaces Provided: 24

External cycle spaces to be designed by the Landscape Architect & indicated on their proposals to comply with the required 6 No. spaces.

Proposed Bicycle Storage System:







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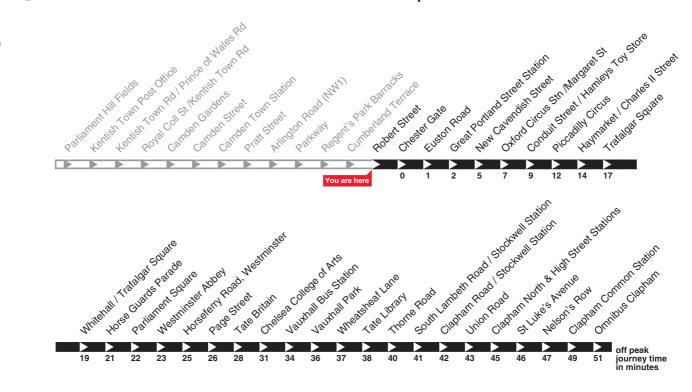
Appendix 2: Public Transport Information

London Buses



Buses towards Omnibus Clapham





Midnight to 00:30am	00:30 to 1am	1 to 2am	2 to 3am	3 to 4am	4 to 5am	5 to 6am	6 to 7am	7 to 8am	8 to 9am	9 to 10am	10 to 11am	11am to Midnight	Midnight to 1an
00 14	00 38	01 29	02 28	03 27	04 27	05 23	06 03	07 12	08 09	about every	10 05	about every	00 02
00 26	00 59	01 59	02 57	03 57	04 56	05 43	06 23	07 26	08 24	11-13	10 08	11-13	
							06 43	07 41	08 39	minutes	10 20	minutes	
							06 58	07 55	08 54	minutes	10 30	illilates	
											10 42		
											10 54		

Sunday													
Midnight to 00:30am	00:30 to 1am	1 to 2am	2 to 3am	3 to 4am	4 to 5am	5 to 6am	6 to 7am	7 to 8am	8 to 9am	9 to 10am	10 to 11am	11am to Midnight	Midnight to 1am
00 14	00 38	01 29	02 28	03 27	04 27	05 23	06 03	07 12	08 09	about every	10 05	about every	00 02
00 26	00 59	01 59	02 57	03 57	04 56	05 43	06 23	07 26	08 24	11-13	10 08	11-13	
			l				06 43	07 41	08 39	minutes	10 20	minutes	
			l				06 58	07 55	08 54	minutes	10 30	minutes	
			l								10 42		
		l	l								10 54		

Monday - Friday													
Midnight to 00:30am	00:30 to 1am	1 to 2am	2 to 3am	3 to 4am	4 to 5am	5 to 6am	6 to 7am	7 to 8am	8 to 9am	9 to 10am	10 to 11am	11am to Midnight	Midnight to 1ar
00 14	00 38	01 29	02 28	03 27	04 27	05 23	06 03	07 12	08 09	09 01	10 05	about every	00 02
00 26	00 59	01 59	02 57	03 57	04 56	05 43	06 13	07 19	08 17	09 09	10 08	11-13	
							06 23	07 26	08 24	09 22	10 20	- Invites	
							06 43	07 41	08 32	09 28	10 30	minutes	
							06 51	07 48	08 39	09 34	10 42		
							06 58	07 55	08 54	09 46	10 54		
										09 57			

Operated by Go Ahead London General for London Buses









Mode	Stop	Route	Distance (metres)	Frequency(vph)	Walk Time (mins)	SWT (mins)	TAT (mins)	EDF	Weight	A
Bus	NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSP	24	612.29	10	7.65	5	12.65	2.37	0.5	1.19
Bus	NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSP	134	612.29	12	7.65	4.5	12.15	2.47	0.5	1.23
Bus	NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSP	29	612.29	15	7.65	4	11.65	2.57	0.5	1.29
Bus	NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSP	88	612.29	9	7.65	5.33	12.99	2.31	0.5	1.16
Bus	NATIONAL TEMPERANCE HOSP	27	612.29	8	7.65	5.75	13.4	2.24	0.5	1.12
Bus	ALBANY ST REDHILL ST	C2	105.96	8	1.32	5.75	7.07	4.24	1	4.24
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Edgware-Hammersmith'	753.01	6	9.41	5.75	15.16	1.98	0.5	0.99
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Barking-Hammersmith'	753.01	6.34	9.41	5.48	14.89	2.01	1	2.01
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Hammersmith-Plaistow	753.01	1	9.41	30.75	40.16	0.75	0.5	0.37
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Amer-AldgateFast'	753.01	1	9.41	30.75	40.16	0.75	0.5	0.37
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Ches-AldgateFast'	753.01	2	9.41	15.75	25.16	1.19	0.5	0.6
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Uxbridge-AldSlow'	753.01	5.33	9.41	6.38	15.79	1.9	0.5	0.95
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Watford-AldSfast'	753.01	3.67	9.41	8.92	18.34	1.64	0.5	0.82
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Aldg-WatfordSlow'	753.01	3.67	9.41	8.92	18.34	1.64	0.5	0.82
LUL	Great Portland Street	'Ald-HarrowHill'	753.01	1.33	9.41	23.31	32.72	0.92	0.5	0.46
LUL	Regent's Park	'QueensPk-El&Castle'	940.74	11.01	11.76	3.47	15.23	1.97	0.5	0.98
LUL	Regent's Park	'El&Castle-Harrow&W'	940.74	5.67	11.76	6.04	17.8	1.69	0.5	0.84
LUL	Regent's Park	'StbridgePk-El&Castle'	940.74	5	11.76	6.75	18.51	1.62	0.5	0.81
LUL	Regent's Park	'Waterloo-QueensPk'	940.74	1	11.76	30.75	42.51	0.71	0.5	0.35
LUL	Regent's Park	'Waterloo-Harrow&W'	940.74	0.33	11.76	91.66	103.42	0.29	0.5	0.15

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Appendix 3: Residents' Travel Survey

Residents' Travel Survey

Please complete this Travel Survey to help the Travel Coordinator determine the travel demands and enable measures to be drawn up to help improve your experience of travel and help to reduce the impact of this development on the local area.

Your Travel Plan Coordinator is required to report on the results of this survey as part of the development's planning permission. This information may be shared with the Council and the development company that built your home.

Please return completed copies of this survey to your Travel Plan Coordinator by the advertised date.

Following the end of the survey period, a report will be prepared and the outcomes from the survey should be made available to you. If you have not heard anything within 8 weeks of the end of the survey period, please contact your Travel Plan Coordinator for the results.

Section 1: Household Characteristics

	Н	low many	people ar	e in your l	nousehold	!?
	0	1	2	3	4	5 or more
Aged 17 or over						
Aged 16 or under						
	How m	any of the	following	g do your	household	d own?
	0	1	2	3	4	5 or more
Cars						
Bicycles						
Motorcycles						

Section 2: Journey Characteristics

Please complete the following questions for each person in your household. (if more than 6 people, please continue on a separate sheet)

	Do you work?									ong does your journey e to work / school?					
Household Member	Yes, full time (30 hours per week or more)	Yes, part time (less than 30 hours per week)	Do not work (in education)	Do not work (other)	If applicable, please enter the town, district or postcode of the place of work or educational establishment			Up to 15 minutes	16 30 minitor	o-on millinges	31-60 minutes		61-90 minutes		Over 90 minutes
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Household Member	Walking	Cycling	Bus	, ; ;	L all	Underground	Taxi	Motorcycle	(125cc or less)	Motorcycle	(more than 125cc)		Car driver	,	Car passenger
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Section 3: Initiatives

What improvements or initiatives would encourage your household to reduce its reliance on the private car and use alternative modes of transport instead?

Walking / Cycling

This could be of interest

Already have

walking / Cycling	of interest	Alleady Have		
Suitable route information				
Loan of a bicycle				
Training on how to ride a bike				
Bicycle discounts				
Information on bicycle repairs				
Public Transport	This could be of interest	Already have		
Bus / train fare discounts				
Suitable route available				
Travel information timetables / maps				
Sharing Journeys / Car Clubs	This could be of interest	Already have		
A system for arranging lifts with others				
Access to car club vehicles				
you have any suggestions for improvements	s or comments ak	out your travel?		

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