

Transport infrastructure

- 10.22 Projects to provide new and improved transport infrastructure will play a central role in supporting growth and promoting sustainable transport within the borough. As major development will largely be concentrated in locations that are, or will be, subject to significant transport improvements, land and facilities will therefore need to be safeguarded in order to ensure delivery of these projects.

Policy T3 Transport infrastructure

The Council will seek improvements to transport infrastructure in the borough.

We will:

- a. not grant planning permission for proposals which are contrary to the safeguarding of strategic infrastructure improvement projects; and
- b. protect existing and proposed transport infrastructure, particularly routes and facilities for walking, cycling and public transport, from removal or severance;

- 10.23 Camden's Infrastructure Table (Appendix 1) contains details of the key infrastructure improvements due to take place. The schedule includes 32 transport projects such as:
- High Speed 2: new north-south railway linking London to Birmingham including potential redevelopment of Euston Station.
 - Crossrail 1: new east-west railway through London from Reading/Heathrow to Abbey Wood and Shenfield.
 - Crossrail 2: new north-south railway running from Surrey to Hertfordshire through London.
 - West End Project: introduction of two-way traffic at Tottenham Court Road and Gower Street and public realm improvements, including at Euston Circus, St Giles Circus and Princes Circus.
 - Camden Town and Holborn Station capacity improvements.
 - North-South Cycle Superhighway: segregated cycle corridor between King's Cross and Elephant and Castle.
- 10.24 Given the constraints on transport capacity in a densely developed borough like Camden, almost every part of existing transport infrastructure is a valuable asset. The Council will therefore seek to protect all existing and proposed transport facilities and links and safeguard the potential for improvements to the transport network.

Sustainable movement of goods and materials

- 10.25 The movement of goods and materials by road can have a significant impact on the environment and the health and wellbeing of residents, in terms of noise disturbance and its contribution to road congestion and air pollution. These impacts are particularly severe in an urban, densely populated borough such as Camden.
- 10.26 As Camden grows, demand for freight is also likely to increase. The number of vans in Central London, for example, is forecast to grow by 30 per cent between 2008 and 2031.
- 10.27 The flexibility that road freight offers means that this will remain the most commonly used means of transporting freight for some time. The Council will however seek to promote more sustainable means of freight transport and seek to minimise the movement of goods and materials by road.

Policy T4 Sustainable movement of goods and materials

The Council will promote the sustainable movement of goods and materials and seek to minimise the movement of goods and materials by road. We will:

- a. encourage the movement of goods and materials by canal, rail and bicycle where possible;
- b. protect existing facilities for waterborne and rail freight traffic and;
- c. promote the provision and use of freight consolidation facilities.

Developments of over 2,500 sqm likely to generate significant movement of goods or materials by road (both during construction and operation) will be expected to:

- d. minimise the impact of freight movement via road by prioritising use of the Transport for London Road Network or other major roads;
- e. accommodate goods vehicles on site; and
- f. provide Construction Management Plans, Delivery and Servicing Management Plans and Transport Assessments where appropriate.

Cycle freight

- 10.28 The Council will promote the use of cycle freight as an extension to cycle courier services by encouraging developers to make provision for cycle freight as part of Delivery and Servicing Management Plans. This provides the potential to manage deliveries in a way that is zero carbon, has little or no noise or air pollution implications and has a minimal impact on congestion. Further information regarding Delivery and Servicing Management Plans is available within our supplementary planning document Camden Planning Guidance on transport.