

JAMPEL DAVISON & BELL

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Studio 6, Bickerton House

25 Bickerton Road

London N19 5JT

Telephone 020-7272-0562

Email info@jamdavbell.co.uk www.jamdavbell.co.uk

76 LAWN ROAD

LOADING ->

No: R11438/1

BY: GP

DATE: November 2019

LOADING ->Pitched RoofPlain tiles 0.8 k/m²

rafters & battens 0.15 "

plasterboard & skim 0.2 "

Rafter loading on plan = 1.15 k/m²x 1.55 on slope = 1.8 k/m²Snow load $0.6 \times \frac{10}{30} = 0.2 "$ 2.0 k/m²Timber floors

Finish & boards 0.25 "

timber joists 0.15 "

2 brier plasterh. ceiling 0.3 "

insulation & services 0.1 "

Dead load = 0.8 k/m²

Live " 1.5 "

2.3 k/m²

Allow stud plus

0.5 "

2.8 k/m²Loft space 2nd floorBoards 0.1 k/m²

joists 0.15 "

ceiling 0.3 "

insulation & services 0.1 "

Dead load = 0.65 k/m²

Live load = 0.5 "

1.15 k/m²

100 lightings

Ground Floor Slab225 RC 5.4 k/m²

75 screed & finish 2.0 "

ceiling & services 0.3 "

Dead Load = 7.7 k/m²

Live Load & partitions = 2.5 "

10.2 k/m²Cavity WallsInner 100 Hemelike 1.5 } 1.8 k/m²

plaster 0.3 }

Outer 102 brick 2.1 "

3.9 k/m²Wife render 1.8 } 4.4 k/m²

2.1 + 0.5 2.6 }

Extg 13 1/2 brick wallsbrickwork $20 k/m^3 \times 0.33 = 6.7 k/m^2$

plaster = 0.3 "

7.0 k/m²Extg 9" brick wallsbrickwork $20 k/m^3 \times 0.225 = 4.5 k/m^2$

plaster = 0.3 "

4.8 k/m²Flat roof

allow asphalt 0.5 }

ply 0.12 }

joists 0.13 }

ceiling 0.2 }

snow 0.6 }

1.6 k/m²

JAMPEL DAVISON & BELL

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Studio 6, Bickerton House

25 Bickerton Road

London N19 5JT

Telephone 020-7272-0562

Email info@jamdavbell.co.uk www.jamdavbell.co.uk

76 LAWN ROAD

RC Retaining Wall

No:

N11438/RW1

BY:

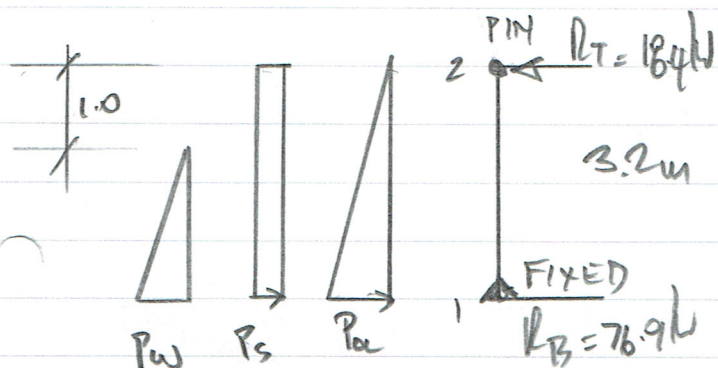
GP

DATE:

November 2019

RC retaining Wall

225 RC wall against underpinning
Ignore contribution of underpinning



Use k_0 = pressure coefficient at rest
 $= 1 - \sin \phi$
 $= 1 - \sin 25^\circ = 0.58 \Rightarrow 0.6$

$$P_a = 0.6 \times 20 \times 3.2 = 38.4 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$P_s = 5 \text{ kN/m} - \text{surcharge} \times 0.6 = 3.0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$P_w = \text{ground water} = 22 \text{ kN/m}$$

Analysed on SAND

$$\text{take } E_c = 28 \text{ kN/mm}^2$$

$$I_2 = 10^3 \times 225^3 / 12 = 949 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

Total horizontal force

$$= 38.4 \times 3.2 / 2 + 3.0 \times 3.2 + 22 \times \frac{2.2}{2}$$

$$= 61.4 + 9.6 + 24.2 = 95.2 \text{ kN}$$

 $R_T + R_B$ from Computer analysis

$$= 18.4 + 76.9 = 95.3 \text{ kN} \checkmark$$

$$\text{Support Moment} = 39.9 \times 1.5 = 60 \text{ kNm}$$

$$d = 225 - 40 - 10 = 175$$

$$M_u = 0.156 \times 40 \times 10^3 \times 175^2 = 191.1 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_u / M_d = \frac{60}{191.1} = 0.31 \quad \alpha_1 = 0.94$$

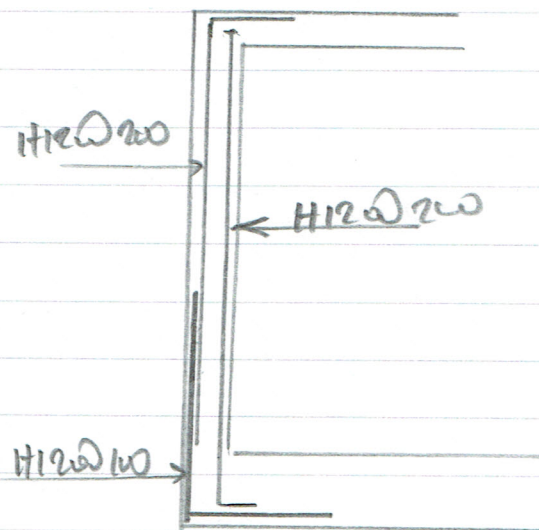
$$A_s = \frac{60}{0.475 \times 0.94 \times 175} = 760 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$H12 @ 100 = 1130 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$+M = 18 \times 1.5 = 27 \text{ kNm}$$

$$A_s = \frac{27}{0.475 \times 0.94 \times 175} = 342 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$H12 @ 200 = 565 \text{ mm}^2$$



Deflection from computer analysis
 $< 1 \text{ mm}$ - negligible.

76 LAWN ROAD
225 RETAINING WALL

Page: R11438/RW2
Made by: GP
Date: NOV 19
Ref No:

Office: 1219

TABULATE DISPLACEMENTS FORCES REACTIONS

PRINT DATA RESULTS FROM 1

TYPE PLANE FRAME

METHOD ELASTIC NODES

NUMBER OF JOINTS 2

NUMBER OF MEMBERS 1

NUMBER OF SUPPORTS 2

NUMBER OF LOADINGS 1

NUMBER OF SEGMENTS 2

JOINT COORDINATES

1 0 0 S

2 0 3.2 S

JOINT RELEASES

2 MOMENT Z

MEMBER INCIDENCES

1 2

CONSTANTS E 28E6 ALL

MEMBER PROPERTIES

1 AX 0.225 IZ 949E-6

LOADING CASE 1

MEMBER LOADS

1 FORCE Y LINEAR WA 38.4 WB 0 LA 0 LB 3.2

1 FORCE Y UNIFORM W 3.0

1 FORCE Y LINEAR WA 22 WB 0 LA 0 LB 2.2

SOLVE

LOADING CASE 1

JOINT DISPLACEMENTS

JOINT	X DISPLACEMENT	Y DISPLACEMENT	Z ROTATION
1	0.000000000	0.000000000	0.000000000
2	0.000000000	0.000000000	-0.000579593

LOADING CASE 1

MEMBER FORCES

MEMBER	JOINT	AXIAL FORCE	SHEAR FORCE	BENDING MOMENT
1	1	0.0000	-76.8856	-39.9087
	2	0.0000	-18.3544	0.0000

LOADING CASE 1

SUPPORT REACTIONS

JOINT	X FORCE	Y FORCE	Z MOMENT
1	76.8856	0.0000	-39.9087
2	18.3544	0.0000	0.0000

EQUILIBRIUM CHECK

SUM OF FORCES

REACTION

FORCES IN DIRECTION X	-95.2400	95.2400
FORCES IN DIRECTION Y	0.0000	0.0000
MOMENTS ABOUT AXIS Z	98.6427	-98.6427

76 LAWN ROAD
225 RETAINING WALL

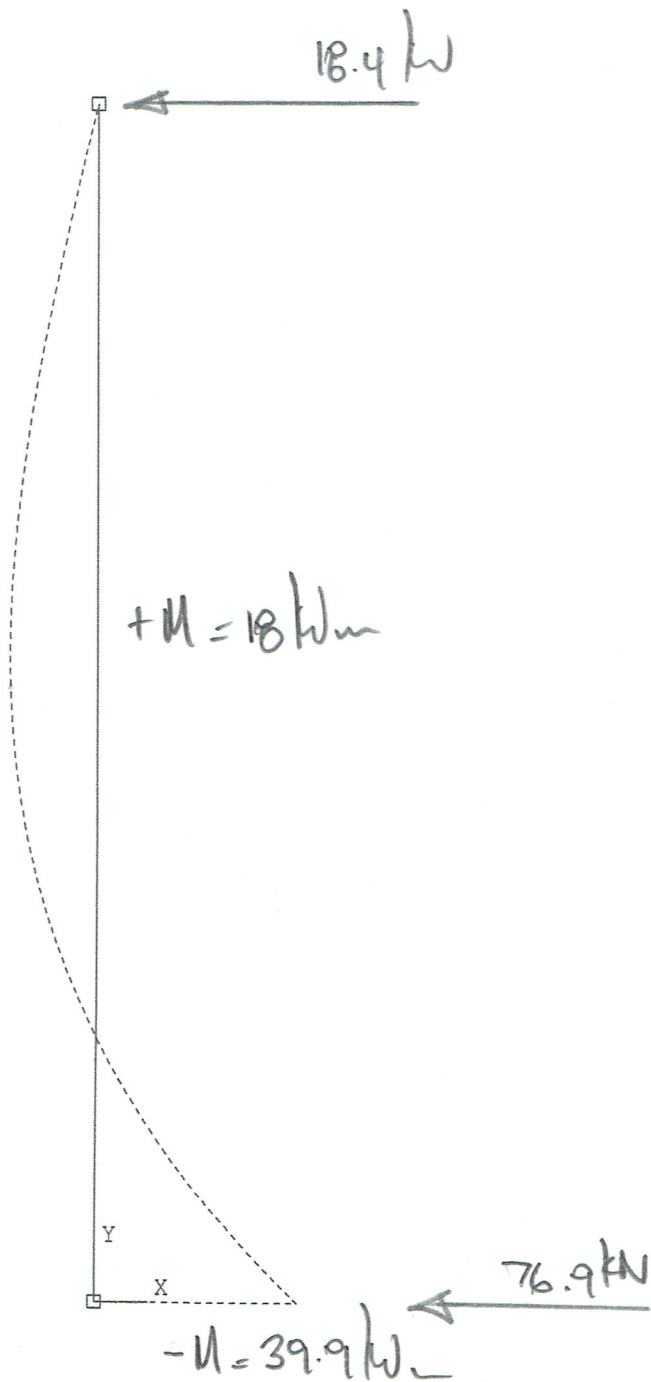
PAGE: 211438/9W3
MADE BY: GP
DATE: NOV 19
REF NO:

STRUCTURE SCALE 1 CM = 0.200

□ = SUPPORTS

MOMENT Z SCALE 1 CM = 15.00

LOADING KEY 1



JAMPEL DAVISON & BELL

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Studio 6, Bickerton House

25 Bickerton Road

London N19 5JT

Telephone 020-7272-0562

Email info@jamdavbell.co.uk www.jamdavbell.co.uk

76 Lown Road
RC Retaining Walls

No:

R11438/RW4

BY:

CP

DATE:

September 2019

300 RC walls (propped)

$$d = 300 - 40 - 10 = 250$$

$$M_u = .156 \times 40 \times 10^3 \times .25^2 = 390 \text{ kNm}$$

$$A_s = \frac{60}{.475 \times .95 \times .25} = 532 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$H12 @ 250 = 565 \text{ mm}$$

Ground floor beam ship (2'A'-C')
spanning horizontally across glazed floor

Propping force = 18.4 kN - unfactored
span = 3.4 clear, 3.7 effective

$$M = 1.5 \times 18.4 \times 3.7^2 / 8 = 47.2 \text{ kNm}$$

$$450 \times 225 \text{ RC strip } d = 450 - 50 - 10 = 390$$

$$M_u = .156 \times 40 \times 225 \times .39^2 = 192 \text{ kNm}$$

$$A_s = 47.2 / (.475 \times .95 \times .39) = 288 \text{ mm}^2$$

2H16 (402)

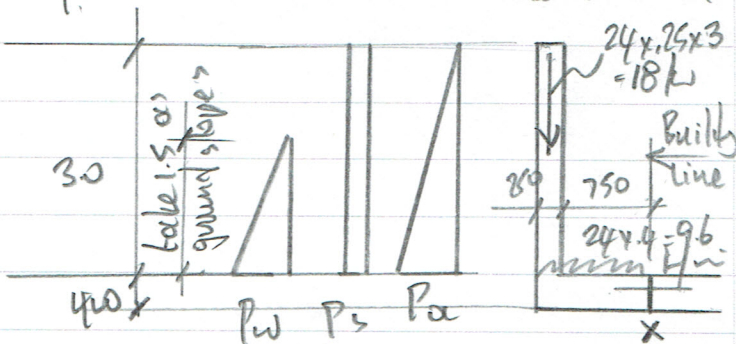
$$v = \frac{1.5 \times 18.4 \times 1.7 \times 10^3}{370 \times 225} = 0.56 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\text{nominal links } A_{sv} = \frac{0.4 \times 225}{475} = 0.19$$

$$H8 @ 300 = 101 / 300 = 0.3$$

Free standing Walls front garden

As walls can deflect we active pressure coefficient $k_a = \tan^2 45^\circ$



$$P_a = 0.45 \times 20 \times 3.0 = 27 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$P_s = 0.45 \times 5 = 2.3 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$P_w = 15 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -M &= 27 \times 3.0^2 / 6 = 40.5 \\ &+ 2.3 \times 3.0^2 / 2 = 10.4 \\ &+ 15 \times 1.5^2 / 2 = 16.8 \end{aligned} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} 67.7 \times 1.5 = 102 \text{ kNm}$$

$$250 \text{ RC } d = 250 - 50 - 10 = 190 \text{ mm}$$

$$M_u = .156 \times 40 \times 10^3 \times .19^2 = 225 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M / M_u = 102 / 225 = 0.45 \quad \alpha_1 = 0.91$$

$$A_s = \frac{102}{.475 \times .91 \times .19} = 1241 \text{ mm}^2$$

13.2

$$\text{Moment } \Delta x = 67.7 - 18 \times 8.75 - 9.6 \times 1.0^2 / 2 = 38.7 \text{ kNm} \times 1.5 = 58 \text{ kNm}$$

dowel hooks at mid-depth $d = 200$

$$M_u = .156 \times 40 \times 10^3 \times .2^2 = 249.6 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M / M_u = \frac{102}{249.6} = 0.41 \quad \alpha_1 = 0.92$$

$$A_s = \frac{58}{.475 \times .92 \times .2} = 664 \text{ mm}^2$$

H16 @ 300 = 670 mm

or H16 @ 200 with $\frac{200}{300} \times 640 = 427 \text{ mm}$ embedment

Effect on wall is to reduce stresses therefore not significant