Appeal Decision

Site visits made on 14 November 2019

by Martin Andrews MA(Planning) BSc(Econ) DipTP & DipTP(Dist) MRTPI

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State

Decision date: 14th January 2020

Appeal A: Ref: APP/X5210/W/19/3231452 Pavement outside 19 Highgate Road, London NW5 1LB

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant approval required under a development order.
- The appeal is made by Maximus Networks Ltd against the decision of the Council of the London Borough of Camden.
- The application, Ref. 2018/5571/P, dated 6 November 2018 was refused by notice dated 20 December 2018.
- The development proposed is Prior Approval for Siting and Appearance: Installation of Public Call Box.

Appeal B: Ref: APP/X5210/W/19/3231465 Pavement outside 42 Highgate Road, London NW5 1NT

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant approval required under a development order.
- The appeal is made by Maximus Networks Ltd against the decision of the Council of the London Borough of Camden.
- The application Ref. 2018/5576/P, dated 6 November 2018, was refused by notice dated 20 December 2018.
- The development proposed is Prior Approval for Siting and Appearance: Installation of Public Call Box.

Appeal C: Ref: APP/X5210/W/19/3231466 Pavement outside 53-79 Highgate Road, London NW5 1TL

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant approval required under a development order.
- The appeal is made by Maximus Networks Ltd against the decision of the Council of the London Borough of Camden.
- The application Ref. 2018/5572/P, dated 6 November 2018, was refused by notice dated 20 December 2018.
- The development proposed is Prior Approval for Siting and Appearance: Installation of Public Call Box.

Appeal D: Ref: APP/X5210/W/19/3231464 Pavement outside 197 Kentish Town Road, London NW5 2JU

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant approval required under a development order.
- The appeal is made by Maximus Networks Ltd against the decision of the Council of the London Borough of Camden.
- The application Ref. 2018/5580/P, dated 6 November 2018, was refused by notice dated 20 December 2018.
- The development proposed is Prior Approval for Siting and Appearance: Installation of Public Call Box.

Decisions

1. The appeals are dismissed.

Preliminary and Procedural Matters

- 2. These appeals concern individual proposals for the installation of public call boxes of the same design (referred to as 'Max 2') within the pavement area of the public highway at three locations in Highgate Road and one a short distance to the south in Kentish Town Road. For administrative convenience and ease of reference the appeals are combined in a single decision letter.
- 3. The appellant is a licenced electronic communications code operator and as such benefits from deemed planning permission for the proposed public call boxes erected as communications apparatus falling within the permitted development rights of Schedule 2, Part 16, Class A, paragraph A.1 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 ('the GPDO'), subject to the prior approval requirements under paragraph A.3. Following the appellant's application to the Council under these provisions it was determined that prior approval was required for the siting and appearance of the communication apparatus and should be withheld.
- 4. On 25 May 2019, the GPDO was amended through the coming into force of the Town and Country Planning (Permitted Development, Advertisement and Compensation Amendments) (England) Regulations 2019. This amendment has had the effect of removing permitted development rights to install a public call box under Schedule 2, Part 16, Class A of the GPDO. However, Part 5 of the 2019 Regulations provides that where an appeal has been made within six months of the date of notice of refusal of a prior approval application submitted before 25 May 2019, the planning permission granted by Schedule 2, Part 16, Class A of the GPDO continues to have effect in relation to a public call box as if the amendments made to the GPDO by the 2019 Regulations had not been made. This is the position in respect of all the appeals in this decision letter.
- 5. The decision of the Court in respect of Westminster CC v SSHCLG & New World Payphones Ltd [2019] EWHC 176 (Admin) concerning prior approval for telephone call box development was subsequently issued on 5 February 2019 and has been the subject of extensive representations in these appeals by the Council and the appellant, the latter including Counsel's opinion. Amongst other matters, the Westminster judgement confirms that the assessment as to whether a telecommunications apparatus falls within the scope of Part 16, Class A of the GPDO should be made before matters pertaining to the siting and / or appearance are considered.

Main Issue

6. Having regard to the above, it follows that the main issue in these appeals is whether or not the proposals are solely for the purpose of the operator's electronic communications network.

Reasons

7. As mentioned in paragraph 2 above, each of these appeals concerns the installation of a 'Max 2' public call box of the same design. In the light of the Westminster judgement, the aforementioned Counsel's opinion examines the

implications, if any, of this judgement specifically in relation to the Max 2 public call box.

- 9. In my appraisal of the appellant's evidence for all the appeals in this decision letter I have carefully examined the application plans for the Max 2 call boxes. On the applications' drawing entitled 'MAX2 ASSEMBLY Rev. C' and dated 06.09.2018, within the Inset box the front and rear of the proposed call box unit are identified in Isometric View at scale 1:30. The main part of the drawing, at the slightly larger scale of 1:25, shows the details of each of these elevations. Of particular relevance is that the rear of the unit is identified as a 'Non-illuminated display panel', whilst there is an additional reference to a 'Visual Area' with a width of 1100mm and a height of 1700mm. I consider that this information confirms that in addition to the rear panel being used to access the internal equipment of the call box for the purpose of maintenance, there is an inbuilt facility that could be used for display purposes without any further modifications to the structure.
- 10. This inherent element of the Max 2 call box design requires assessment in the light of the Westminster judgement. Paragraph 37 begins 'In my view the whole development for which prior approval is sought must fall within the class relied on, and no part of it can fall outside it'. In paragraph 39 the judgement says: 'A development therefore falls outside the scope of Class A Part 16 if it is not "for the purpose" of the operator's network. That means, at least in the specific context of a GPDO permission, that a proposed development falls outside it, if part of it falls outside it. It cannot be said that the whole falls within the GPDO'. The paragraph concludes: 'A development which is partly "for the purpose" of the operator's network, and partly for some other purpose, is not a development "for the purpose" of the operator's network, precisely because it is for something else as well. The single dual purpose development must be judged as a whole.'
- 11. Applying the Court's interpretation of the GPDO to the detailed design of the Max 2 call box, I consider on the main issue that it is reasonable to conclude that the proposals are not solely for the purpose of the operator's electronic communications network and that accordingly they fall outside Schedule 2, Part 16, Class A of the GPDO. For this reason the appeals must fail and the further matters of the siting and appearance of the public call box in each appeal do not fall to be considered.
- 12. For the above reasons and having had regard to all other matters raised the appeals are dismissed.

Appeal Decisions: APP/X5210/W/19/3231452 & 3231465; 3231466; 3231464

Martin Andrews

INSPECTOR