Delegated Report			Analysis sheet		Expiry Date:	18/07/2019		
			N/A		Consultation Expiry Date:	12/07/2019		
Officer				Application Number(s)				
Adam Greenhalgh				2019/2700/P				
Application Address				Drawing Numbers				
Land adjacer	Land adjacent to 371 Euston Road							
London W1T 6AD			Refer to Decision Notice					
WITTOAD								
PO 3/4	Area Tea	m Signature	C&UD	Authorised Of	ficer Signature			
Proposal(s								
Installation of 1 x replacement telephone kiosk on the pavement.								
Recommendation(s):								
	(5)	Prior Approval Required – Approval Refused						
Application Type:		GRDO Brior Approval Determination						
Application Type:		GPDO Prior Approval Determination						

Conditions or Reasons for Refusal:	Refer to Decision Notice								
Informatives:									
Consultations									
Adjoining Occupiers:			No. of responses	0	No. of objections	0			
Summary of consultation responses:	An advert was dis 14/07/2019. Transport for Lond High Court decision would reduce the decluttering the st London Plan policide decluttering and a high quality pedes and street space. Decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering and a high quality pedes and street space. The issues the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering and a high quality pedes and street space. The issues the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the London Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the london Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand box replacement and the london Plan policide decluttering the sexpects the stand bo	don colon. Ad overall treetscal treetscal arches are applicated as a result of the second application of the second applic	red on 14/06/2019 and to be determined and anti-social behavior by the Council. Designing Out Crime Councing of the high number of the high numbe	nould be n is not se kiosk: London any loca movement in the second of the care class A colored the fault space of the second and advise thou one side and in the second is a colored to be so nilst the an just	e refused based on a part of a '2 in 1 deal' is in the Borough by ha Plan policy 6.10 and ation in the footway or ent of pedestrians, whay authority duties. In policy 6.10 and ation in the footway or ent of pedestrians, whay authority duties. In plified streetscape, ing decisions should enter quality of the pedestrians are to be applied to all photostates and as such have be the issues surrounding drugs misuse can occurred with crime and anterest and for their intended population owning a state of the existing designation owning a st	which alf, draft alf, draft alf, draft alf, draft alf the ich as a within ecome g them nation, ur. I social ed use mobile gn and m. The has a hich is on and draft alf offer not for			

- Orientation (If approved) Due to there being limited vision through the
 device I would suggest, if it can be achieved, that the screen/handset is
 positioned so that it faces oncoming traffic. This will mean extra natural
 surveillance will be on the device and will assist to reduce any anti-social
 behaviour that may occur.
- Emergency Button Applicant is required to further explain how this will work and also explain if there is any mitigation in place to prevent misuse.
- Payment Applicant is required to explain how calls and access to Wifi
 systems to be paid for as not clear within the 'Technical Specifications'.
 Issues have arisen with other 'communication devices' that provide free
 calls for users, namely the increase in people using the device to make
 contact with drug dealers and the associated problems this will bring to an
 area.
- Maintenance Strategy (If approved) Applicant to supply details of how often the device is visited upon installation for cleaning and maintenance. Insufficient work has been done to address the impact these devices have on the public realm or acknowledge their relationship with generating crime and anti-social behaviour within a location. Certainly it appears the positioning of the existing device was never considered as they do create unnecessary street clutter. The positioning of the current device outside 371 Euston Road, W1 just blocks the footpath and reduces vision for pedestrians as they approach towards Great Portland Street tube station.

Site Description

The site is on the southern side of Euston Road. It is on the pavement in front of 371 Euston Road. The pavement here is approximately 6m wide. Euston Road is a busy dual carriageway. It is a TFL road. It is heavily used by motorists and pedestrians.

There is an existing 1.3m square telephone kiosk on the site of the proposal. There are no other private or other utility companies' kiosks, cabinets, columns or stands within vicinity of the site.

The site does not lie in a Conservation Area.

Relevant History

Site history:

None

Neighbouring Sites:

2018/3832/P – Pavement outside 145-149 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 7NE – Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on pavement – prior approval refused 24/09/2018

2018/5531/P – Land adjacent to 80-85 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 4TE – Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on pavement – prior approval refused 20/12/2018

2018/5349/P – Land adjacent to 39 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 2AR – Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on pavement – prior approval refused 06/12/2018

2018/5562/P – Land adjacent to 90 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 4TJ – Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on pavement – prior approval refused 20/12/2018

2018/5573/P – Land adjacent to 23 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 1BJ – Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on pavement – prior approval refused 20/12/2018

2017/1026/P - Land adjacent to 90 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 4TJ - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 07/04/2017

2017/1031/P - Land adjacent to 23 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 1BJ - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 07/04/2017

2017/1090/P - Land adjacent to 39 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 2AR - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 07/04/2017

2017/1198/P - Land adjacent to 145-149 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 7NE - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 07/04/2017

2017/1199/P - Land adjacent to 80-85 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 4TE - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 07/04/2017

2018/0310/P - Land adjacent to 23 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 1BJ - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 15/03/2018

2018/0311/P - Land adjacent to 39 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 2AR - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 15/03/2018

2018/0312/P - Land adjacent to 80-85 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 4TE - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 15/03/2018

2018/0331P - Land adjacent to 145-149 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 7NE - Installation of 1 x telephone box on pavement – prior approval refused 15/03/2018

2017/0333/P - Land adjacent to 90 Tottenham Court Road – W1T 4TJ - Installation of 1 x telephone box on

pavement – prior approval refused 15/03/2018

Relevant policies

National Planning Policy Framework (2019)

London Plan 2016

Draft New London Plan 2017

TfL's Pedestrian Comfort Guidance for London (2010)

Camden Local Plan 2017

A1 Managing the impact of development

C5 Safety and Security

C6 Access

D1 Design

G1 Delivery and location of growth

T1 Prioritising walking, cycling and public transport

Camden Planning Guidance

CPG Design (2019) - Section 7 Designing safer environments

CPG Transport (2019) - Section 9 Streets and public spaces

CPG Access for all (2019)

CPG Amenity (2018)

Camden Streetscape Design Manual 2005

Assessment

1. Proposal

- 1.1 Confirmation is sought as to whether the installation of a telephone communication hub would require prior approval under Part 16 of Schedule 2 of the GPDO. The order permits the Council to only consider matters of siting, design and appearance in determining GPDO prior approval applications. The potential impact on crime and public safety are relevant considerations under siting, design, appearance and access.
- 1.2 The existing telephone kiosk at the site would be removed. A new telecommunications hub measuring 1.338m wide, 0.317m deep (with a 600mm deep protective canopy on the front) and 2.63m high would be located on the pavement 3.75m from the building and 300mm from the carriageway.
- 1.3 The front would include a touch screen panel and handset under a protective cover and the rear would constitute a chain grey metal panel with images.

2. Legal Background

2.1 In the recent High Court decision in Westminster City Council V SSHCLG [2019] EWHC 176 (Admin) Ouseley J noted that the effect of the GDPO was that "the whole development for which prior approval is sought must fall within the Class relied on, and no part of it can fall outside it" ([37]) — in other words, "a proposed development falls outside [the GPDO], if part of it falls outside it" ([39]). Given that the kiosk in that case was partly for the purpose of advertising — and not wholly for the purpose of the operator's network — it was held that it fell outside the terms of the GPDO. Accordingly, the Inspector erred in allowing the appeal against the refusal of prior approval and his decision was quashed ([48]). This decision confirms that telephone boxes which include advertising capabilities do not benefit from permitted development rights, on the basis that they serve a dual purpose. In this case, the proposals include a digital interactive screen and the size of the structure compared to the telecommunications equipment indicates that it has clearly been designed to accommodate a 6-sheet advertisement. On that basis, the proposed development is considered to fall outside the terms of the GPDO. Notwithstanding the fact the Council consider the development falls outside the terms of the GPDO for the sake of completeness an assessment of the proposals has been made.

3 Planning Assessment

- 3.1 Policy A1 of the Camden Local Plan states that the Council will seek to ensure development contributes towards strong and successful communities by balancing the needs of development with the needs and characteristics of local areas and communities, and that the Council will resist development that fails to adequately assess and address transport impacts affecting communities, occupiers, neighbours and the existing transport network. Within the policy Paragraph 6.10 states that the Council will expect works affecting the highway network to consider highway safety, with a focus on vulnerable road users, including the provision of adequate sightlines for vehicles, and that development should address the needs of vulnerable or disabled users. Furthermore, Policy T1 point e) states that the Council will seek to ensure that developments provide high quality footpaths and pavements that are wide enough for the number of people expected to use them, including features to assist vulnerable road users where appropriate, and section 9.7 of the Transport CPG calls for 'Avoiding street clutter and minimising the risk of pedestrian routes being obstructed or narrowed, e.g. by footway parking or by unnecessary street furniture.'
- 3.2 Camden's Streetscape Design manual section 3.01 footway width states the following:
 - "Clear footway" is not the distance from kerb to boundary wall, but the unobstructed pathway width within the footway;
 - 1.8 metres minimum width needed for two adults passing;
 - metres minimum width for busy pedestrian street though greater widths are usually required;
 - Keeping the footway width visually free of street furniture is also important, allowing clear sightlines along the street'.
- 3.3 All development affecting footways in Camden is also expected to comply with Appendix B of Transport for London's (TfL's) Pedestrian Comfort Guidance, which notes that active and high flow locations must provide a minimum 2.2m and 3.3m of 'clear footway width' (respectively) for the safe and comfortable

movement of pedestrians.

- 3.4 Policy T1 states that the Council will promote sustainable transport choices by prioritising walking, cycling and public transport use and that development should ensure that sustainable transport will be the primary means of travel to and from the site. Policy T1 points a) and b) state that in order to promote walking in the borough and improve the pedestrian environment, the Council will seek to ensure that developments improve the pedestrian environment by supporting high quality improvement works, and make improvements to the pedestrian environment including the provision of high quality safe road crossings where needed, seating, signage and landscaping.
- 3.5 Policy T1 (Public Transport) states that where appropriate, development will be required to provide for interchanging between different modes of transport including facilities to make interchange easy and convenient for all users and maintain passenger comfort.
- 3.6 Paragraph 9.7 of the Transport CPG seeks improvements to streets and spaces to ensure good quality access and circulation arrangements for all through:
 - Ensuring the safety of vulnerable road users, including children, elderly people and people with mobility difficulties, sight impairments, and other disabilities;
 - Maximising pedestrian and cycle accessibility and minimising journey times making sites 'permeable'
 - Providing stretches of continuous footways without unnecessary crossings;
 - Making it easy to cross where vulnerable road users interact with motor vehicles;
 - Linking to, maintaining, extending and improving the network of pedestrian and cycle routes;
 - Maximising safety by providing adequate lighting and overlooking from adjacent buildings;
 - Taking account of surrounding context and character of the area
 - Providing a high quality environment in terms of appearance, design and construction, considering Conservation Areas and other heritage assets and using traditional materials (such as natural stone)
 - SuDS and planting (trees, pocket parks etc.) where appropriate
 - Investing in the public realm to create inclusive spaces that support greater social interaction (places to sit, sheltered, not too noisy, safe etc);
 - Use of paving surfaces which enhance ease of movement for vulnerable road users;
 - Avoiding street clutter and minimising the risk of pedestrian routes being obstructed or narrowed, e.g. by footway parking or by unnecessary street furniture and
 - Having due regard to design guidance set out in the Camden Streetscape Design Manual, TfL's London Cycling Design Standards, TfL's Pedestrian Comfort Level Guidance and TfL's Healthy Street Indicators
- 3.7 Policy C5 of the Camden Local Plan requires development to contribute to community safety and security, and paragraph 4.89 states that the design of streets needs to be accessible, safe and uncluttered, with careful consideration given to the design and location of any street furniture or equipment. With respect to telephone kiosks the Council's Design Planning Guidance (CPG) advises in Section 7.41: 'In all cases we will request that the provider demonstrates the need for the siting of the new facility. We will consider whether kiosks add to the street clutter and if there are existing phone kiosks in the vicinity. In certain areas of the Borough, telephone boxes can be seen as providing opportunities for crime and anti-social behaviour and in these areas we will consider whether the proposed location will have an impact on crime levels'. Section 7.42 continues 'All new phone boxes should have a limited impact on the sightlines from or of the footway and should not hamper pedestrian movement. The size of the structure that the phone box is in should be minimised to limit its impact on the streetscene and to decrease the opportunities for crime and anti-social behaviour. The remaining minimum footway width should comply with the Transport for London

Streetscape Guidance and Pedestrian Comfort Guidance, and with Camden's Streetscape Design Manual.'

3. Siting

- 4.1 The application site is on the pavement on the southern side of Euston Road, 100m to the east of Great Portland Street station. There are no other private or utility companies' kiosks, cabinets or columns in the vicinity.
- 4.2 Section 3.01 of Camden's Streetscape Design Manual requires a minimum unobstructed pathway width within the footway, known as the 'clear footway'. This guidance and Appendix B of TfL's Pedestrian Comfort Guidance, outlines the recommended minimum footway widths for different levels of pedestrian flows.
- 4.3 The footprint of the proposed telephone communications hub measures 1.338m wide. Transport for London indicates that footways in high flow areas should be at least 5.3 metres wide. The resulting effective footway width would be approximately 3.75 metres. The footway width is contrary to the aforementioned guidance and is considered to be insufficient for a footway with high pedestrian flows in a Central London location. As such, the proposal would be contrary to Policies A1 and T1 and is considered unacceptable.
- 4.4 Policy A1 emphasises that it is important that development balances the needs of development with the needs and characteristics of local areas and communities and ties into the existing transport network. No justification has been submitted for the need to install a telecommunication hub at the location. Additionally, the proposed telecommunications hub is considered to be excessively wide such that it would have a significant impact on pedestrian comfort and movement. The width and siting of the proposal would result in a pavement width of 3.75m in the busy location and the proposal would result in increased risks to safety for pedestrians.

5 Design and Appearance

- 5.1 Policy D1 of the Camden Local Plan aims to ensure the highest design standards for developments. Policy D1 states that the Council will require all developments to be of the highest standard of design and to respect the character, setting, form and scale of neighbouring buildings, its contribution to the public realm, and its impact on wider views and vistas.
- 5.2 Due to its design and appearance, it is considered that the proposed telecommunications hub would constitute an overly-sized and intrusive feature which would degrade the visual amenity and appearance of the area. The telecommunications hub would be significantly wider than typical items of street furniture.
- 5.3 The proposed structure is considered to be of a poor design in terms of size, scale and massing, and it is not an appropriate or acceptable addition in this location. Its incongruous design would result in an obtrusive and intrusive piece of street furniture in this location detracting from the streetscene. As such, the proposal would fail to adhere to Policy D1.

6 Access

6.1 Policy C6 requires new buildings, spaces and facilities that the public may use to be fully accessible to promote equality of opportunity. The Council has concerns over the accessibility of the touch screen panel and handset for wheelchair users. However were the proposals to be considered acceptable, a condition could be imposed to ensure that the facility should be designed and retained for use by wheelchair users.

7 Anti-social behaviour

- 7.1 With regards to community safety matters, a number of issues have been raised by the Metropolitan Police Crime Prevention Design Advisor. In particular it has been noted that existing telephone kiosks within the London Borough of Camden have become 'crime generators' and a focal point for anti-social behaviour (ASB)
- 7.2 It is therefore considered that the design and siting of the proposal on this busy footway would introduce additional street clutter, as well as, increase opportunities for crime within a location where there are already safety issues in terms of crime and ASB, through reducing sight lines and natural surveillance in the area, and providing a potential opportunity for an offender to loiter. The proposal would therefore be contrary to policies A1 and C5 of the Camden Local Plan and guidance contained within CPG (Design).

8	Conclusion
8.1	The proposal would result in unacceptable street clutter, harmful to the appearance and context of the area and to the detriment of pedestrian flows, as well as, creating issues with safety and increased potential for crime and anti-social behaviour. The proposal, by virtue of its siting and appearance, is considered unacceptable.
9	Recommendation
9.1	Refuse Prior Approval