

## Appendix B

### Basement Design Calculations for the Permanent Structure

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Job No: 180709

Date	Version	Notes/Amendments/Purpose of issue
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Calculation for:

24-26 Redington Gardens

Job No.

180709

Date:

Dec 18

Calculation by:

KSC

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Sheet No.

LD

LOADING

Roof.

DL = 1.50 Sany

LL = 0.75 kN/m<sup>2</sup>      0.75 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

2nd

DL = 9.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

LL = 2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>      2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

1st

DL = 9.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

LL = 2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>      2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

UGF

DL = 9.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

LL = 2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>      2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

LSF

DL = 9.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

LL = 2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>      2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

Basement

DL = 14.4 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

LL = 2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>      2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>



Spine wall - Front

200 RC wall -	$0.2 \times 24 \times 14 =$	67.2	
300 cavity	$0.2 \times 24 \times 3$	14.40	
L1-L4 Slab	$9.5 \times 8.25 \times 4$	313.5	
L1-L4 Lwe	$3.5 \times 10 \times 8.25 \times 4$		1155
Roof	$1.25 \times 8.25$	10.31	6.18
lwe	$0.75 \times 8.25$		
Basemat	$9.6 \times 4.25$	40.8	
lwe	$3.5 \times 4.25$		15
		<u>446.21</u>	<u>1366.8</u>

Total DL+U = 582.89 =

Spine wall Rear

200 RC wall	$0.2 \times 24 \times 7.1$	34.08	
L1 & L2 Slab	$9.5 \times 8.25 \times 2$	157	
L1-L2 Lwe	$3.5 \times 8.25 \times 2$		58
Basemat	$9.6 \times 4.25$	40.8	
lwe	$3.5 \times 4.25$		15
		<u>231.88</u>	<u>73</u>

Total DL+U = 305 kN/m  
Factored load on colm =  $422.5 \times 4.5 = 1901 \text{ kN}$

Spine wall Pater

200 RC wall -	$0.2 \times 24 \times 4$	19.2	
L1 Slab	$9.5 \times 8.25$	78.3	
L1 lwe	$2.5 \times 8.25$		20.6
L1 girders	$0.5 \times 18 \times 8.25$	75.4	
Basemat	$9.6 \times 4.25$	40.8	
lwe	$3.5 \times 4.25$		15
		<u>213.3</u>	<u>35.6</u>

Perimeter Load.

Roof	DL =	$1.5 \times 3$	=	4.5	
	LL =	$0.75 \times 3$			2.25
2nd	DL =	$9.5 \times 7$	=	38	
	LL =	$2.5 \times 7$	=		10.0
1st	DL =			38	
	LL =				10
UG	DL			38	
	LL				10
LG	DL			38	
	LL				10
Base	DL =	$14.4 \times 4$		57.6	
	LL				10
				214.1	52.5

Center Load.

Roof	DL =	$1.5 \times 8$		12	
	LL =	$0.75 \times 8$		6	6
2nd	DL	$9.5 \times 8$		76	
	LL				20
1st	DL			76	
	LL				20
UG	DL			76	
	LL				20
LG	DL			76	
	LL				20
Base	DL			115.2	
					20
					106
Wall	DL =	$0.2 \times 26 \times 82.525 = 60 \text{ kN/m}$		431	

@ LGF DL = 336 kN/m LL = 80 kN/m = 416 kN/m 573 kN/m



Column load on Spine wall (including Basement loading)

$$DL = 415.3 \text{ kN/m} \times 4.2 = 1746$$

$$LL = 86 \text{ kN/m} \times 4.2 = 361 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Wall} = 0.2 \times 24 \times 12 \times 4.2 = 252$$

$$DL = 1908 \text{ kN}$$

$$LL = 361 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Factored Load} = 3238 \text{ kN}$$

Foundation load:

$$DL = 431 \times 4.2 = 1810 \text{ kN}$$

$$LL = 106 \times 4.2 = 445 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Wall} = 0.2 \times 24 \times 17.5 \times 4.2 = 352$$

$$DL = 2168 \text{ kN}$$

$$LL = 445 \text{ kN}$$

$$\underline{2607 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\text{Pile load} = 651 \text{ kN}$$

Rear section Central Loading

Loadings

Lower GF

Slab DL

DL DL LL

9.6 x 6 576

Soil

24.3 x 6 1458

live

2.5 x 6 15

Basement part

Slab

12 x 3 36

Part slab

4.8 x 3 14.4

Water

20 x 3 60

live

1.5 x 3 4.5

313.8 19.5

kN/m

Pile load

$$DL = 313.8 \times 5 = 1569 \text{ kN}$$

$$LL = 19.5 \times 5 = 97.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$1666.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore \text{load/pile} = 555 \text{ kN}$$



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Kex

LS

Rear Section perimeter

LGF	Slab	$9.6 \times 3$	=	28.8	
	Soil	$24.3 \times 3$	=	72.9	
	W/a	$2.5 \times 3$			7.5

Basement	Slab	$12 \times 1.5$		18	
	Soil	$4.8 \times 1.5$		7.2	
	W/a	$20 \times 1.5$		30	
	W/a	$1.5 \times 1.5$			<u>22.5</u>

156.9      9.75

Wall

78.0

235kN      9.75kN

Load on piled wall

$DL = 235 \times 0.65 = 152.75 \text{ kN}$

$U = 9.75 \times 0.65 = 6.3375 \text{ kN/m}$

Tension Load =  $70 \times 1.5 \times 0.65 = 68.25 \text{ kN (Tension)}$



Load on Cd on GL D

Roof DL  $1.5 \times 2.5 \times 8 = 30$

LL  $0.75 \times 2.5 \times 8 = 15$

2nd  $9.5 \times 2.75 \times 8 = 209$

LL  $2.75 \times 2.75 \times 8 = 55$

1st  $9.5 \times 2.75 \times 8 = 209$

LL  $2.75 \times 2.75 \times 8 = 55$

UGF  $9.5 \times 5 \times 8 = 380$

LL  $2.5 \times 5 \times 8 = 100$

UGF  $9.5 \times 5 \times 8 = 380$

LL  $2.5 \times 5 \times 8 = 100$

LSF  $14.4 \times 5 \times 8 = 576$

LL  $2.5 \times 5 \times 8 = 100$

wall  $0.2 \times 24 \times 5 \times 9 = 216$

$0.2 \times 24 \times 2.5 \times 9 = 108$

2108

425

RC wall = 240

Additional load on Basepad:

B/B flow =  $A \times 1.5 \times 8 = 48 \text{ kN}$

Pool  $27 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{5} \times 3 = 86 \text{ kN}$

132

DL = 2108 = kN

LL = 425 = kN

60485

Calculation for:

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180709

Date:

Dec 13

Calculation by:

KSC

Checked by:

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L7

Gable wall

Wall	$0.35 \times 24 \times 10.5$	88.2	
LI-4	$9.5 \times 4.1 \times 4$	1558	
line	$3.5 \times 4.1 \times 4$		57.4
Roof	$1.25 \times 2.05$	5.06	
	$0.75 \times 2.00$		3.03
		250	60

$$DL + LL = 310 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\text{Column Result} = 310 \times 8 = 2480 \text{ kN}$$



Calculation for:

24-26 Redington Gardens

Job No.

180704

Date:

Dec 18

Calculation by:

KSC

Checked by:

Sheet No.

L8

Rear wall on GL D

$$\text{Cavity wall} - 0.2 \times 24 \times 6.6 \times \frac{15.95}{2} = 125$$

$$\times 0.75 \text{m} \quad \quad \quad 175 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Roof} \quad 1.25 \times 2 \times \frac{15.95}{2} = 20$$

$$\text{Lwr} \quad 0.75 \times 2 \times \frac{15.95}{2} = 12$$

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$$195 \quad 12$$

$$\text{Total Load} = 207 \text{ kN}$$

P19, P20 + P21 → PILE GROUP

LOWER GF.

SLAB D.L.

$9.6 \times 6$

D.L. [kN/m]

57.6

I.L. [kN/m]

SOIL

$24.3 \times 6$

145.8

LIVE

$2.5 \times 6$

15

BASEMENT

SLAB D.L.

$12 \times 3$

36

POOL SLAB

$4.8 \times 3$

14.4

WATER

$20 \times 3$

60

LIVE

$1.5 \times 3$

4.5

313.8

19.5

PILE LOAD

D.L.  $313.8 \times 5 = 1569 \therefore 550$  PER PILE

I.L.  $19.5 \times 5 = 97.5 \therefore 50$  PER PILE

TENSION

$45 \times 15 \text{ m}^2 = 675 \therefore 225 \text{ kN}$  PER PILE

P6 - BASEMENT

SLAB D.L.

$14.4 \times 14$

$\therefore 250 \text{ kN}$

LIVE

$2.5 \times 14$

$\therefore 50 \text{ kN}$

TENSION

$60 \times 14$

$\therefore 840 \text{ kN}$



P1

BASEMENT			D.L. [kN/m]	I.L. [kN/m]
SLAB	P.L.	12 x 13	156	
POOL	SLAB	4.8 x 13	62.4	
WATER		20 x 13	260	
LIVE		1.5 x 13		19.5
TOTAL			478.4	19.5

DL ∴ 500 kN ; IL = 50 kN

TENSION : 60 x 13 ∴ 780 kN

P40

BASEMENT			D.L. [kN/m]	I.L. [kN/m]
SLAB	D.L.	12 x 18	216	
LIVE		2.5 x 18		45

∴ D.L. = 250 kN ; I.L. = 50 kN

TENSION : 60 x 18 ∴ 1080 kN

PILE GROUP (P28, P29, P30 + P31)

LOWER GF / + UPPER FLOORS

SLAB	D.L.	(9.6 x 8) x 4 + 1.5	308.7	
LIVE		(2.5 x 8) x 4 + 0.75		80.7

BASEMENT

SLAB	D.L.	12 x 4.5	54	
LIVE		2.5 x 4.5		11.25

PILE LOAD PER PILE ∴ D.L.  $362.7 \times 5 / 4 = 450 \text{ kN}$   
 ∴ I.L.  $91.95 \times 5 / 4 = 115 \text{ kN}$

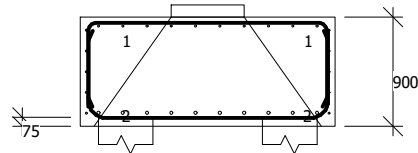
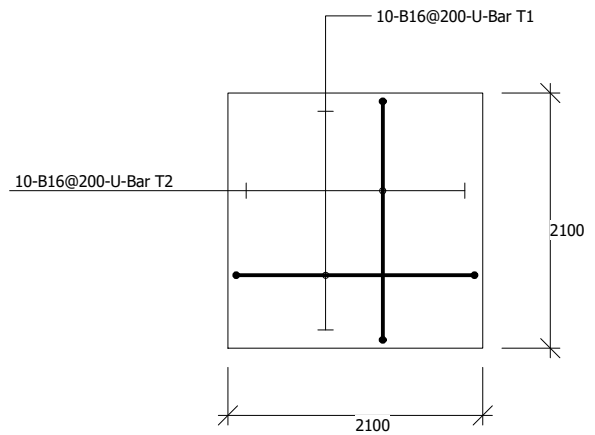
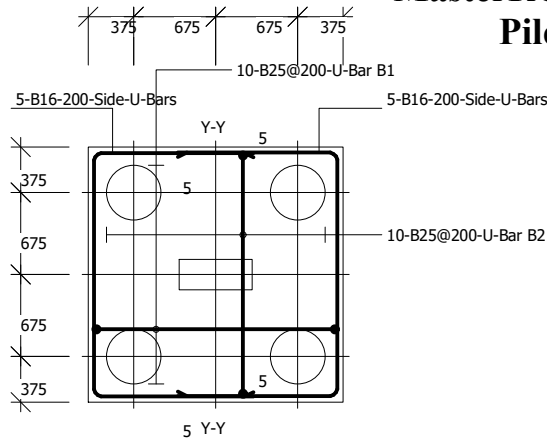
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Job Ref : 180709  
 Sheet : /PC01  
 Made by : JE  
 Date : 04 January 2019 / Ver. 2018.08  
 Checked : KSC  
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**MasterRC - Pile Cap Design  
 PileCap Type 1**



**Summary of Design Data**

Design to	EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values
Working vertical load per pile	750kN
Pile dia., cap o/a depth, overhang:	450mm, 900mm, 150mm
Pile spacing, centre to centre:	3.00 • dia. (1350mm)
Column size:	600mm. (x-x) x 250mm. (y-y)
Concrete grade:	C32/40
Concrete cover to reinforcement:	Bottom: 75mm., sides and top: 50mm.
Overall plan dimensions:	Width (x-x): 2100mm. Length (y-y): 2100mm.
Column Offsets:	ex = 0 mm. ey = 0 mm.

**Forces**

Axial Loads (kN)	Dead 1900, Imposed 950
Moments Mxx (kN.m)	Dead 0, Imposed 0 +ve causes compression on top
Moments Myy (kN.m)	Dead 0, Imposed 0 +ve causes compression on left

**Calculations**

No. of piles	2944/750	4	
Pile loads - Axial	Uniformly distributed from Column Axial Load		
Load per pile (service)	(1900 + 950 + 0 + 95 )/4	736 kN	OK
Load per pile (Ultimate)	((1900+95.3)•1.35 + 950•1.50 + 0•1.05)/4 = 4120/4	1030 kN	
Load per pile (Ultimate Net)	(1900•1.35 + 950•1.50 + 0•1.05)/4 = 3992/4	998 kN	

**Pile Cap Design Moments**

$M_{xx} = 2F_p(L-b/2)$	$2 \cdot 1030.0(0.675 - 0.250/2)$	1133.0 kN.m
$M_{xx,sw} = 1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot B \cdot D \cdot l_a^2/2$	$1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot 2.100 \cdot 0.900 \cdot 0.925^2/2$	26.0 kN.m
$M_{xx,res} = M_{xx} - M_{xx,sw}$	1133.0 - 26.0	1107.0 kN.m
$M_{yy} = 2F_p(L-a/2)$	$2 \cdot 1030.0(0.675 - 0.600/2)$	772.0 kN.m
$M_{yy,sw} = 1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot B \cdot D \cdot l_a^2/2$	$1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot 2.100 \cdot 0.900 \cdot 0.925^2/2$	26.0 kN.m
$M_{yy,res} = M_{yy} - M_{yy,sw}$	772.0 - 26.0	746.0 kN.m





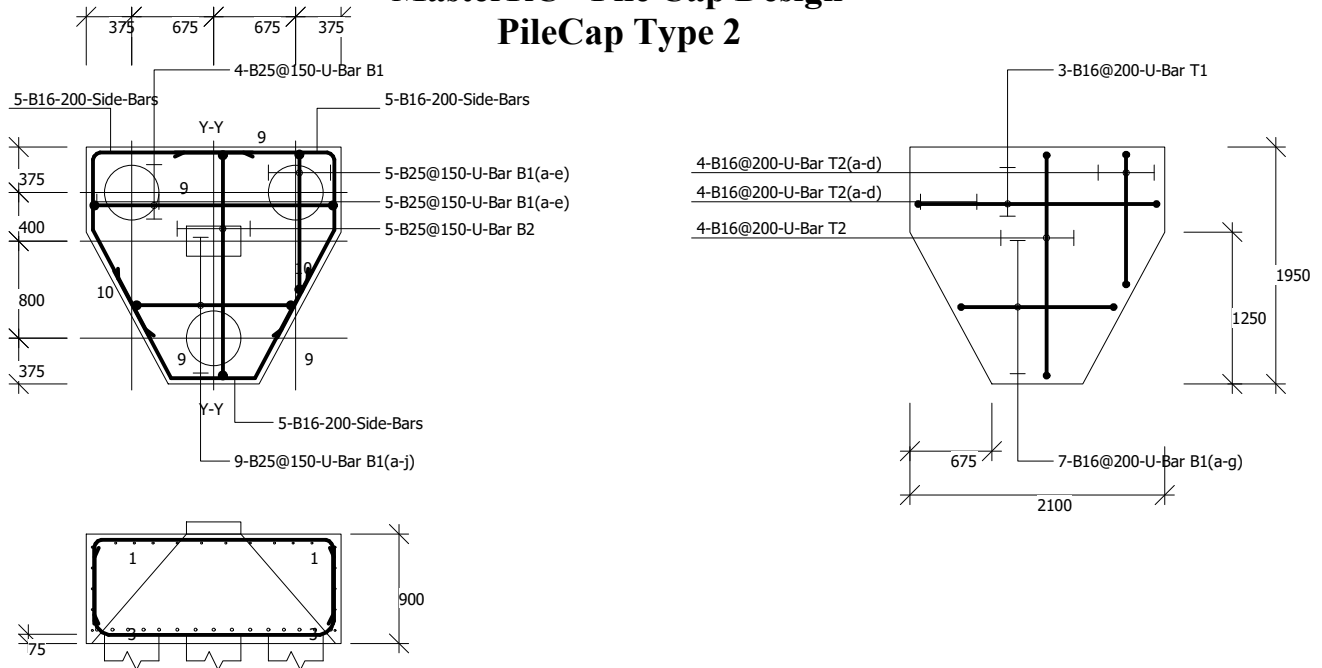
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Job Ref : 180709  
 Sheet : /PC03  
 Made by : JE  
 Date : 04 January 2019 / Ver. 2018.08  
 Checked : KSC  
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**MasterRC - Pile Cap Design  
 PileCap Type 2**



**Summary of Design Data**

Design to	EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values
Working vertical load per pile	750kN
Pile dia., cap o/a depth, overhang:	450mm, 900mm, 150mm
Pile spacing, centre to centre:	3.00 • dia. (1350mm)
Column size:	450mm. (x-x) x 250mm. (y-y)
Concrete grade:	C32/40
Concrete cover to reinforcement:	Bottom: 75mm., sides and top: 50mm.
Overall plan dimensions:	Width (x-x): 2100mm. Length (y-y): 1950mm.
Column Offsets:	ex = 0 mm. ey = 0 mm.

**Forces**

Axial Loads (kN)	Dead 1570, Imposed 150
Moments Mxx (kN.m)	Dead 0, Imposed 0 +ve causes compression on top
Moments Myy (kN.m)	Dead 0, Imposed 0 +ve causes compression on left

**Calculations**

No. of piles	1791/750	3	
Pile loads - Axial	Uniformly distributed from Column Axial Load		
Load per pile (service)	$(1570 + 150 + 0 + 70) / 3$	597 kN	OK
Load per pile (Ultimate)	$((1570+70.2) \cdot 1.35 + 150 \cdot 1.50 + 0 \cdot 1.05) / 3 = 2439 / 3$	813 kN	
Load per pile (Ultimate Net)	$(1570 \cdot 1.35 + 150 \cdot 1.50 + 0 \cdot 1.05) / 3 = 2346 / 3$	782 kN	

**Pile Cap Design Moments**

$M_{xx} = F_p(L-b/2)$	$813.0(0.779 - 0.250/2)$	532.0 kN.m
$M_{xxsw} = 1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot B \cdot D \cdot la^2 / 2$	$1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot 0.750 \cdot 0.900 \cdot 1.029^2 / 2$	12.0 kN.m
$M_{xxres} = M_{xx} - M_{xxsw}$	$532.0 - 12.0$	520.0 kN.m
$M_{yy} = F_p(L-a/2)$	$813.0(0.675 - 0.450/2)$	366.0 kN.m
$M_{yy,sw} = 1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot B \cdot D \cdot la^2 / 2$	$1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot 0.750 \cdot 0.900 \cdot 0.925^2 / 2$	9.0 kN.m
$M_{yy,res} = M_{yy} - M_{yy,sw}$	$366.0 - 9.0$	357.0 kN.m



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Sheet : /PC04  
Made by : JE  
Date : 04 January 2019 / Ver. 2018.08  
Checked : KSC  
Approved :

**Y-Y Axis: Layer B1**

Reinf% = 100As/BD	$As = 4B25@150 = 1964 \Rightarrow 100 \cdot 1964 / (700 \cdot 900)$	0.31%	OK
<b>Strut &amp; Tie Analogy</b>			
$F_{ten} = F_{ult} / (36 \cdot d) \cdot (4l^2 + b^2 - 3a^2)$	$2439 / (36 \cdot 1350 \cdot 813) \cdot (4 \cdot 1350^2 + 250^2 - 3 \cdot 450^2)$	417 kN	
$As = F_{ten} / (0.87 \cdot f_y)$	$416.6 / (0.87 \cdot 500)$	958 mm <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Beam Bending Theory</b>			
$As_{req} = fn(M, B, d, f_{cd}, f_y)$	357, 700, 813, 18, 500	1033 mm <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Deep Beam Bending Theory</b>			
Ref:	Reynolds & Steedman 10 <sup>th</sup> edition. Table 148		
$As = 1.9 \cdot M / (f_y \cdot \min(L, h))$	$1.9 \cdot 357 / (500 \cdot \min(1350, 900))$	1507 mm <sup>2</sup>	OK
<b>Deep Beam Shear Theory</b>			
$V_{1c} = K_1 \cdot (h - 0.35 \cdot a_1) \cdot f_t \cdot b$	$0.70 \cdot (900 - 0.35 \cdot 225) \cdot 3.16 \cdot 700.00$	1272 kN	
$V_1 = V_{1c} + K_2 \cdot A_{sprov} \cdot d \cdot \sin^2(\phi) / h$	$1272 + 225 \cdot 1964 \cdot 813 \cdot \sin^2(76.0) / 900$	1647 kN	
$V_{cap} = V_1 + K_2 \cdot A_{sv} \cdot \sin^2(\phi) / 2$	$1647 + 225 \cdot 2011 \cdot \sin^2(76.0) / 2$	1860 kN	
<b>Beam Shear on Y-Y plane</b>			
	$F_v = 813 \times 1 \text{ piles}$	813 kN	OK
Reduced $V_{app} = V_{app} \cdot \beta_{enhance}$	$813.0 \cdot 0.285$	231.898	6.2.2.6
$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$231.9 / \max(345.4, 338.1)$	0.671	OK
$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$	$0.5 \cdot 1162 \cdot 800.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	4409.7 kN	OK

**X-X Axis: Layer B2**

Reinf% = 100As/BD	$As = 5B25@150 = 2455 \Rightarrow 100 \cdot 2455 / (750 \cdot 900)$	0.36%	OK
<b>Strut &amp; Tie Analogy</b>			
$F_{ten} = F_{ult} / (18 \cdot d) \cdot (2l^2 - b^2)$	$2439 / (18 \cdot 1350 \cdot 788) \cdot (2 \cdot 1350^2 - 250^2)$	457 kN	
$As = F_{ten} / (0.87 \cdot f_y)$	$456.6 / (0.87 \cdot 500)$	1050 mm <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Beam Bending Theory</b>			
$As_{req} = fn(M, B, d, f_{cd}, f_y)$	520, 750, 788, 18, 500	1569 mm <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Deep Beam Bending Theory</b>			
Ref:	Reynolds & Steedman 10 <sup>th</sup> edition. Table 148		
$As = 1.9 \cdot M / (f_y \cdot \min(L, h))$	$1.9 \cdot 520 / (500 \cdot \min(1558, 900))$	2196 mm <sup>2</sup>	OK
<b>Deep Beam Shear Theory</b>			
$V_{1c} = K_1 \cdot (h - 0.35 \cdot a_1) \cdot f_t \cdot b$	$0.70 \cdot (900 - 0.35 \cdot 429) \cdot 3.16 \cdot 750.00$	1244 kN	
$V_1 = V_{1c} + K_2 \cdot A_{sprov} \cdot d \cdot \sin^2(\phi) / h$	$1244 + 225 \cdot 2455 \cdot 788 \cdot \sin^2(64.5) / 900$	1638 kN	
$V_{cap} = V_1 + K_2 \cdot A_{sv} \cdot \sin^2(\phi) / 2$	$1638 + 225 \cdot 2011 \cdot \sin^2(64.5) / 2$	1822 kN	
<b>Beam Shear on X-X plane</b>			
	$F_v = 813 \times 1 \text{ piles}$	813 kN	OK
Reduced $V_{app} = V_{app} \cdot \beta_{enhance}$	$813.0 \cdot 0.343$	278.566	6.2.2.6
$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$278.6 / \max(303.6, 374.3)$	0.744	OK
$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$	$0.5 \cdot 1301 \cdot 788.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	4863.2 kN	OK
<b>Punching Shear</b>			
Column Head	$F_v = 813 \times 3 \text{ piles} - (1.35 \times 70.23) \text{ selfweight}$	2344 kN	
$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$	$0.5 \cdot 1400 \cdot 812.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	5392.6 kN	OK
<b>Truss Concrete Compression</b>			
$F_c$ , Vertical Compression Check	Using maximum ultimate pile load	813.0 kN	
$F_{cap} = \pi \cdot dia^2 / 4 \cdot 0.85 \cdot v' \cdot f_{cd}$	$159043 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 18.1$	1282.6 kN	OK
<b>Anti-Crack Steel</b>			
Top Nominal Steel	$16@ 200 \text{ mm} = 1005 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$	0.112%	
Spacing [3.12.5.4]	$16^2 \cdot 500 / \min(900, 500)$	256	OK
Side Steel	$16@ 200 \text{ mm} = 1005 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$	0.052%	
Spacing [3.12.5.4]	$16^2 \cdot 500 / \min(1950, 500)$	256	OK
<b>Friction Pile Spacing</b>			
Circular piles Spacing $\geq 3\phi$	$3 \cdot 450 = 1350 \text{ mm}$ see BS 8004 Clause 7.3.4.2	actual = 1350 mm	OK

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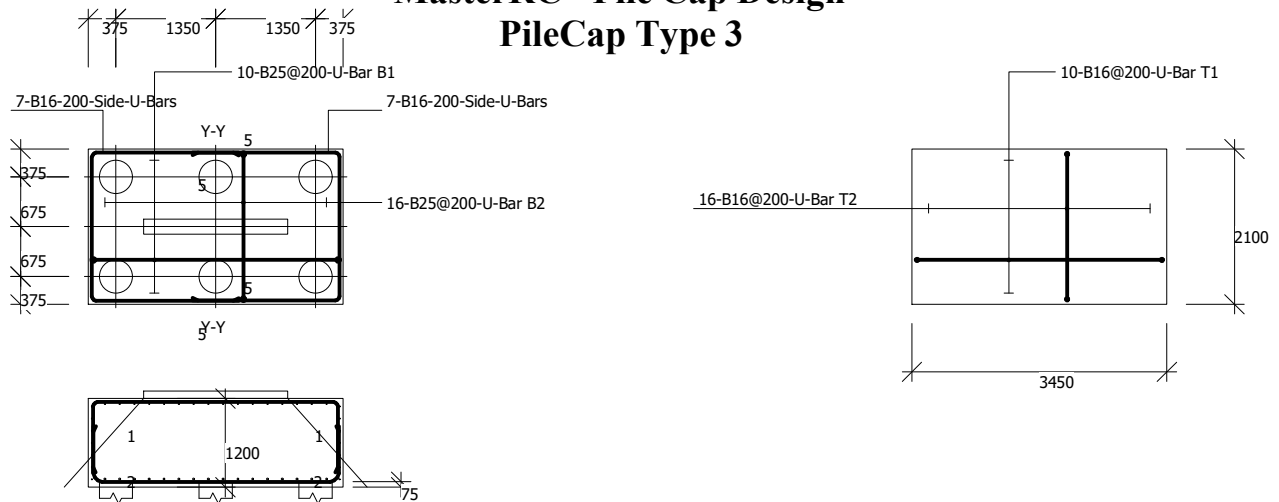
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Made by : JE  
Date : 04 January 2019 / Ver. 2018.08  
Checked : KSC  
Approved :

## MasterRC - Pile Cap Design

### PileCap Type 3



### Summary of Design Data

Design to	EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values
Working vertical load per pile	750kN
Pile dia., cap o/a depth, overhang:	450mm, 1200mm, 150mm
Pile spacing, centre to centre:	3.00 • dia. (1350mm)
Column size:	1950mm. (x-x) x 200mm. (y-y)
Concrete grade:	C32/40
Concrete cover to reinforcement:	Bottom: 75mm., sides and top: 50mm.
Overall plan dimensions:	Width (x-x): 3450mm. Length (y-y): 2100mm.
Column Offsets:	ex = 0 mm. ey = 0 mm.

### Forces

Axial Loads (kN)	Dead 2580, Imposed 625
Moments Mxx (kN.m)	Dead 0, Imposed 0 +ve causes compression on top
Moments Myy (kN.m)	Dead 0, Imposed 0 +ve causes compression on left

### Calculations

No. of piles	$3414/750 = 5$ (Overridden by preferred minimum!)	6	
Pile loads - Axial	Uniformly distributed from Column Axial Load		
Load per pile (service)	$(2580 + 625 + 0 + 209)/6$	569 kN	OK
Load per pile (Ultimate)	$((2580+208.7) \cdot 1.35 + 625 \cdot 1.50 + 0 \cdot 1.05)/6 = 4704/6$	784 kN	
Load per pile (Ultimate Net)	$(2580 \cdot 1.35 + 625 \cdot 1.50 + 0 \cdot 1.05)/6 = 4422/6$	737 kN	

### Pile Cap Design Moments

$M_{xx} = 3F_p(L-b/2)$	$3 \cdot 784.0(0.675 - 0.200/2)$	1352.0 kN.m
$M_{xx,sw} = 1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot B \cdot D \cdot l_a^2/2$	$1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot 3.450 \cdot 1.200 \cdot 0.950^2/2$	61.0 kN.m
$M_{xx,res} = M_{xx} - M_{xx,sw}$	$1352.0 - 61.0$	1291.0 kN.m
$M_{yy} = 2F_p(L-a/2)$	$2 \cdot 784.0(1.350 - 1.950/2)$	588.0 kN.m
$M_{yy,sw} = 1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot B \cdot D \cdot l_a^2/2$	$1.35 \cdot 24 \cdot 2.100 \cdot 1.200 \cdot 1.625^2/2$	108.0 kN.m
$M_{yy,res} = M_{yy} - M_{yy,sw}$	$588.0 - 108.0$	480.0 kN.m

### Y-Y Axis: Layer B1

Reinf% = $100A_s/BD$	$A_s = 10B25@200 = 4910 \Rightarrow 100 \cdot 4910/(2100 \cdot 1200)$	0.19%	OK
----------------------	---	-------	----

### Strut & Tie Analogy

$F_{ten} = F_{ult} \cdot l/(3 \cdot d)$	$4704 \cdot 1350 / (3 \cdot 1113)$	1903 kN	
$A_s = F_{ten}/(0.87 \cdot f_y)$	$1902.7/(0.87 \cdot 500)$	4374 mm <sup>2</sup>	OK

### Beam Bending Theory

$A_{sreq} = fn(M, B, d, f_{cd}, f_y)$	480, 2100, 1113, 18, 500	997 mm <sup>2</sup>
---------------------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------

### Beam Shear on Y-Y plane

$F_v = 784 \times 2$ piles	1568 kN		
Reduced $V_{app} = V_{app} \cdot \beta_{enhance}$	$1568.0 \cdot 0.250$	392.0	6.2.2.6

<b>Cranston Consulting</b>		25676	Job Ref : 180709	
Sketrick House			Sheet : /PC06	
19 Jubilee Road, Newtownards			Made by : JE	
Co. Down, BT23 4YH			Date : 04 January 2019 / Ver. 2018.08	
Tel: (028) 9181 5900			Checked : KSC	
			Approved :	
$V_{app}/ \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	392.0 / Max(753.4, 785.7)	0.499	OK	
$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$	$0.5 \cdot 2100 \cdot 1112.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	11077.4 kN	OK	
<b>X-X Axis: Layer B2</b>				
Reinf% = 100As/BD	As = 16B25@200 = 7856 => 100•7856/(3450 • 1200)	0.19%	OK	
<b>Strut &amp; Tie Analogy</b>				
$F_{ten} = F_{ult} \cdot l / (4 \cdot d)$	$4704 \cdot 1350 / (4 \cdot 1088)$	1460 kN		
As = Ften/(0.87•fy)	$1459.9 / (0.87 \cdot 500)$	3356 mm <sup>2</sup>		
<b>Beam Bending Theory</b>				
Asreq = fn(M, B, d, fcd, fy)	1291, 3450, 1088, 18, 500	2755 mm <sup>2</sup>		
<b>Deep Beam Bending Theory</b>				
Ref:	Reynolds & Steedman 10 <sup>th</sup> edition. Table 148			
As = 1.9•M/(fy•min(L,h))	$1.9 \cdot 1291 / (500 \cdot \min(1350, 1200))$	4088 mm <sup>2</sup>	OK	
<b>Deep Beam Shear Theory</b>				
$V_{1c} = K_1 \cdot (h - 0.35 \cdot a_1) \cdot f_t \cdot b$	$0.70 \cdot (1200 - 0.35 \cdot 350) \cdot 3.16 \cdot 3450.00$	8223 kN		
$V_1 = V_{1c} + K_2 \cdot A_{sprov} \cdot d \cdot \sin^2(\phi) / h$	$8223 + 225 \cdot 7856 \cdot 1088 \cdot \sin^2(73.7) / 1200$	9699 kN		
$V_{cap} = V_1 + K_2 \cdot A_{sv} \cdot \sin^2(\phi) / 2$	$9699 + 225 \cdot 2815 \cdot \sin^2(73.7) / 2$	9991 kN		
<b>Beam Shear on X-X plane</b>				
Reduced $V_{app} = V_{app} \cdot \beta_{enhance}$	Fv = 784 x 3 piles	2352 kN	OK	
$V_{app}/ \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$2352.0 \cdot 0.250$	588.0	6.2.2.6	
$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$	$588.0 / \max(1213.1, 1269.2)$	0.463	OK	
	$0.5 \cdot 3450 \cdot 1088.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	17805.9 kN	OK	
<b>Punching Shear</b>				
Column Head	Fv = 784 x 6 piles - (1.35 x 208.66) selfweight	4422 kN		
$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$	$0.5 \cdot 4300 \cdot 1112.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	22682.4 kN	OK	
Shear perimeter at 2 d <sub>eff</sub>	Perimeter Crosses Piles. Perimeter limit to 1/5 int piles			
Reduced $V_{app} = V_{app} \cdot \beta_{enhance}$	Fv = 784 x 6 piles	4704 kN		
$V_{app}/ \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$4704.0 \cdot 0.250$	1176.0	6.2.2.6	
	$1176.0 / \max(2263.0, 2604.6)$	0.452	OK	
<b>Truss Concrete Compression</b>				
Fc, Vertical Compression Check	Using maximum ultimate pile load	784.0 kN		
Fcap = pi•dia <sup>2</sup> /4 • 0.85•v•fcd	$159043 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 18.1$	1282.6 kN	OK	
<b>Anti-Crack Steel</b>				
Top Nominal Steel	16@ 200 mm = 1005 mm <sup>2</sup> /m	0.084%		
Spacing [3.12.5.4]	$16^2 \cdot 500 / \min(1200, 500)$	256	OK	
Side Steel	16@ 200 mm = 1005 mm <sup>2</sup> /m	0.048%		
Spacing [3.12.5.4]	$16^2 \cdot 500 / \min(2100, 500)$	256	OK	
<b>Friction Pile Spacing</b>				
Circular piles Spacing >= 3φ	3•450 = 1350 mm	actual = 1350 mm	OK	
	see BS 8004 Clause 7.3.4.2			



Floor Slab - Check as propped cantilever with  
continuity over spine wall

$$DL = 9.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$U = 2.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Factored Load} = 9.5 \times 1.35 + 2.5 \times 1.5 = 16.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Moment} = 16.5 \times 8^2 / 8 = 132.5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{Span moment} = \frac{16.5 \times 8^2}{16.2} = 74.36 \text{ kNm}$$

Refer to output

275 mm THK Slab Substructure.

400 slab for front

$$\begin{aligned} DL \quad 400 \text{ SLAB} &= 9.6 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\ \text{Soil} &= \underline{27 \text{ kN/m}^2} \\ &33.6 \text{ kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$LWR = 5.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Factored Load} = 33.6 + 1.35 + 5.0 \times 1.5 = 52.86 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Moment} = 52.87 \times 7^2 / 8 = 323 \text{ kNm}$$

Refer to output

400 mm THK Slab Substructure.

Calculation for:

2A-26 Redington Garden

Job No.

180709

Date:

Dec 18

Calculation by:

KSC

Checked by:

Sheet No.

52

Check Basement Slab for uplift

Load.

$$\text{Gravity} = 0.3 \times 24 = 7.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Uplift} = 60 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Refs to MPA Spreadsheet



Project Spreadsheets to EC2

Client MY Construction

Location Basement Floor Uplift from grids



A to D

The Concrete Centre

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FLAT SLAB ANALYSIS & DESIGN to EN 1992-1 : 2004



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**MATERIALS**

fck	<u>32</u>	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	dg	<u>20</u>	mm
fyk	<u>500</u>	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	ys	1.15	steel
fywk	<u>500</u>	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	yc	1.50	concrete
Φ <sub>(t-t0)</sub>	<u>2</u>		Wk	<u>0.4</u>	mm top
Steel class	<u>A</u>			<u>0.3</u>	mm btm

**COVERS**

	mm	TO LAYER
Top cover	<u>30</u>	<u>1</u>
Btm cover	<u>30</u>	<u>1</u>
Δ <sub>c,dev</sub>	<u>10</u>	mm

**SPANS**

	L (m)
SPAN 1	<u>4.000</u>
SPAN 2	<u>4.000</u>
SPAN 3	
SPAN 4	
SPAN 5	
SPAN 6	

**GEOMETRY**

Bay type	INTERNAL
Slab depth, h	<u>300</u> mm
Int Panel width, b	<u>3500</u> mm
End distance	<u>325</u> from supt 1
End distance	<u>325</u> from supt 3

**PERIMETER LOADS** characteristic

<u>1.00</u> kN/m outside supports 1 & 3
---

**LOADING PATTERN**

	min	max
DEAD	1.35	1.35
IMPOSED		1.50

BS EN 1990: (6.10)

**SUPPORTS**

	ABOVE (m)	H (mm)	B (mm)	End Cond	BELOW (m)	H (mm)	B (mm)	End Cond
Support 1					<u>3.75</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>450</u>	F
Support 2					<u>3.75</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>450</u>	F
Support 3					<u>3.75</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>450</u>	F
Support 4								
Support 5								
Support 6								
Support 7								

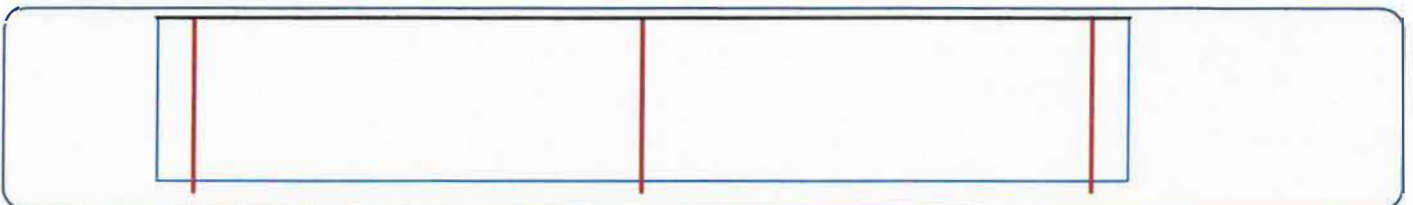
Usage: Dwelling With brittle partitions

**LOADING**

UDLs (kN/m<sup>2</sup>) PLs (kN/m) Position (m)

	Dead	Imposed	Position	Loaded		Dead	Imposed	Position	Loaded
	Load	Load	from left	Length		Load	Load	from left	Length
Span 1					Span 4				
UDL	<u>7.20</u>	<u>-60.00</u>	~~~~~	~~~~~	UDL			~~~~~	~~~~~
PL 1				~~~~~	PL 1				~~~~~
PL 2				~~~~~	PL 2				~~~~~
Part UDL					Part UDL				
Span 2					Span 5				
UDL	<u>7.20</u>	<u>-60.00</u>	~~~~~	~~~~~	UDL			~~~~~	~~~~~
PL 1				~~~~~	PL 1				~~~~~
PL 2				~~~~~	PL 2				~~~~~
Part UDL					Part UDL				
Span 3					Span 6				
UDL			~~~~~	~~~~~	UDL			~~~~~	~~~~~
PL 1				~~~~~	PL 1				~~~~~
PL 2				~~~~~	PL 2				~~~~~
Part UDL					Part UDL				

**LOADING DIAGRAM**





Project Spreadsheets to EC2  
 Client MY Construction  
 Location Basement Floor Uplift, from grids A to D

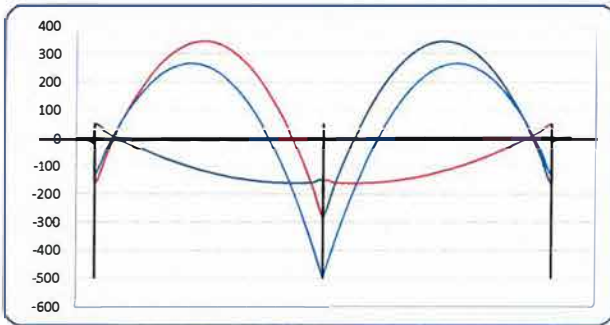


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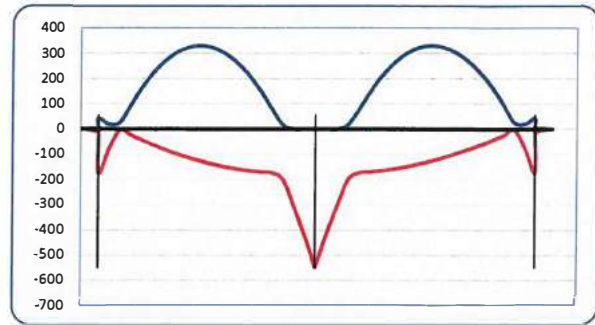
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**BENDING MOMENT DIAGRAMS (kNm)**



**Elastic Moments**



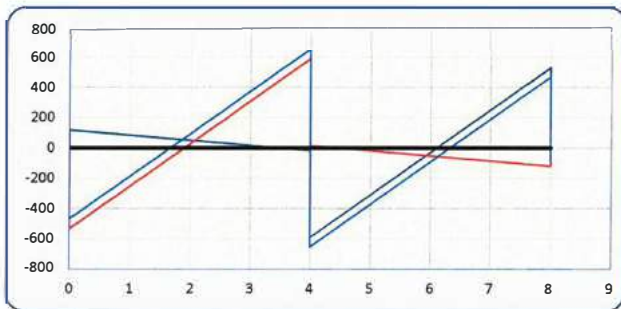
**Redistributed Envelope**

SUPPORT No	1	2	3				
Elastic M	47.6		47.6	~	~	~	~
Redistributed M	42.8		42.8	~	~	~	~
$\delta$	0.900	1.000	0.900	~	~	~	~
Redistribution	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%				
End support reinf. $\varnothing$ mm	12		12				

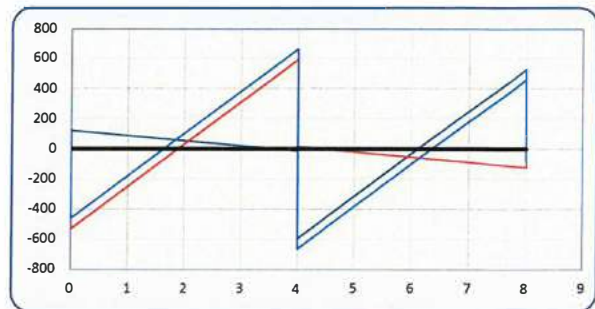
  

SPAN No	1	2				
Elastic M	161.3	498.1	~	~	~	~
Redistributed M	175.8	548.0	~	~	~	~
$\delta$	1.090	1.100	~	~	~	~

**SHEAR FORCE DIAGRAMS (kN/m)**



**Elastic Shears**



**Redistributed Shears**

SPAN No	1	2			
Elastic V	531.3	654.6	654.6	531.3	~ ~
Redistributed V	528.2	663.9	663.9	528.2	~ ~

SPAN No					
Elastic V	~	~	~	~	~
Redistributed V	~	~	~	~	~

**REACTIONS (kN/m)**

SUPPORT	1	2	3
ALL SPANS LOADED	-546.7	-1327.7	-546.7
MAXIMUM	35.4		35.4
Characteristic Dead	65.2	94.6	65.2
Characteristic Imposed			
For punching ex /by			
$u_1 / u_1^*$	1.2578		1.2578

(6.43)  
(6.44)

**COLUMN MOMENTS (kNm)**

	1	2	3
ALL SPANS LOADED			
Above			
Below	-114.3		114.3
WITH MAX REACTION			
Above			
Below	60.9		-60.9

<b>Project</b>	Spreadsheets to EC2	 The Concrete Centre	<b>The Concrete Centre</b>		
<b>Client</b>	MY Construction		Made by	Date	Page
<b>Location</b>	Basement Floor Uplift, from grids A to D		rmw	04-Jan-19	55
	FLAT SLAB ANALYSIS & DESIGN to EN 1992-1 : 2004	Checked	chg	Revision	Job No
	Originated from TCC33.xlsmv 4.11 on CD			-	180709
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<b>SPAN 1</b>			<b>LEFT</b>	<b>CENTRE</b>	<b>RIGHT</b>
ACTIONS	δ		1.000	1.090	1.000
	Be		1000		1750
	Total M	kNm	27.8	175.8	0.0
	Mt max	kNm	379.1		653.5
MIDDLE STRIP	Width	mm	2500	1750	1750
	M	kNm	-9.5	79.1	
	d	mm	264.0	264.0	264.0
	As	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	-35	415	
	As deflection	mm <sup>2</sup> /m		79	
	As prov	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>	<i>Provide H12 @ 250 B1</i>	<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>
	Top steel		411	452	411
	Deflection		<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>		
			L/d = 4,000 /264 = 15.15 < 40K = 48.00		
					OK
COLUMN STRIP	Width	mm	1000	1750	1750
	M	kNm	27.8	96.7	0.0
	d	mm	264.0	264.0	262.0
	As	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	255	507	0
	As deflection	mm <sup>2</sup> /m		142	
	As prov	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>	<i>Provide H12 @ 200 B1</i>	<i>Provide H16 @ 350:700 T1</i>
	Top steel		411	565	431
	Deflection		<i>Provide H16 @ 250 T1</i>		
			L/d = 4,000 /264 = 15.15 < 40K = 48.00		
					OK
CHECKS	% As		ok	ok	ok
	Singly reinforced		ok	ok	ok
	σs		ok	ok	ok
	max S		ok	ok	ok

<b>SPAN 2</b>			<b>LEFT</b>	<b>CENTRE</b>	<b>RIGHT</b>
ACTIONS	δ		1.000	1.100	1.000
	Be		1750		1000
	Total M	kNm	0.0	548.0	27.8
	Mt max	kNm	653.5		379.1
MIDDLE STRIP	Width	mm	1750	1750	2500
	M	kNm		246.6	-2.7
	d	mm	264.0	262.0	264.0
	As	mm <sup>2</sup> /m		1316	-10
	As deflection	mm <sup>2</sup> /m		520	
	As prov	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>	<i>Provide H16 @ 150 B1</i>	<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>
	Top steel		411	1340	411
	Deflection		<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>		
			L/d = 4,000 /262 = 15.27 < 25.64 x 1.00 x 1.475 = 37.82		
					OK
COLUMN STRIP	Width	mm	1750	1750	1000
	M	kNm	0.0	301.4	27.8
	d	mm	262.0	262.0	264.0
	As	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	0	1634	255
	As deflection	mm <sup>2</sup> /m		759	
	As prov	mm <sup>2</sup> /m	<i>Provide H16 @ 350:700 T1</i>	<i>Provide H16 @ 100 B1</i>	<i>Provide H12 @ 275 T1</i>
	Top steel		431	2011	411
	Deflection		<i>Provide H16 @ 250 T1</i>		
			L/d = 4,000 /262 = 15.27 < 22.44 x 1.00 x 1.500 = 33.65		
					OK
CHECKS	% As		ok	ok	ok
	Singly reinforced		ok	ok	ok
	σs		ok	ok	ok
	max S		ok	ok	ok

Project Spreadsheets to EC2  
 Client MY Construction  
 Location Basement Floor Uplift, from grids A to D  
 FLAT SLAB ANALYSIS & DESIGN to EN 1992-1 : 2004  
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		No		Type	Dia	Length	Unit wt	Weight
WEIGHT of REINFORCEMENT		Mid Strip	Col Strip					
TOP STEEL	Support 1	10		T	12	1925	0.888	17.1
			5	T	12	1925	0.888	8.5
	Span 1	7		T	12	3350	0.888	20.8
			7	T	16	3800	1.578	42.0
	Support 2	7		T	12	2000	0.888	12.4
			4	T	16	2000	1.578	12.6
	Span 2	7		T	12	3350	0.888	20.8
			7	T	16	3800	1.578	42.0
	Support 3	10		T	12	1925	0.888	17.1
			5	T	12	1925	0.888	8.5
BTM STEEL	Span 1	7		T	12	3825	0.888	23.8
			9	T	12	4450	0.888	35.6
	Span 2	12		T	16	3825	1.578	72.4
			18	T	16	4450	1.578	126.4

**SUMMARY** Rebar for single direction only. All figures approximate - see User Guide.

TOTAL REINFORCEMENT IN BAY (kg) **460** REINFORCEMENT DENSITY (kg/m<sup>3</sup>) **50.7**

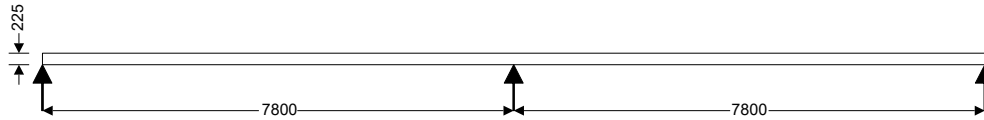


Project <b>Redington Gardens</b>				Job no. <b>180709</b>	
Calcs for <b>LGF Slab - 275 thk</b>				Start page no./Revision <b>S7</b>	
Calcs by <b>S</b>	Calcs date <b>09/05/2019</b>	Checked by	Checked date	Approved by	Approved date

## RC SLAB DESIGN

In accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 incorporating corrigendum January 2008 and the UK national annex

Tedds calculation version 1.0.17



### Slab definition

Slab reference name	<b>LGF Floor Slab</b>
Overall slab depth	<b>h = 225 mm</b>
Number of spans	<b>N<sub>spans</sub> = 2</b>
First support	<b>Simple</b>
Last support	<b>Simple</b>
Nominal cover to top reinforcement	<b>C<sub>nom_t</sub> = 25 mm</b>
Nominal cover to bottom reinforcement	<b>C<sub>nom_b</sub> = 25 mm</b>

### Loading

Ratio of quasi-permanent to ultimate load	<b>r<sub>q</sub> = 0.300</b>
---	------------------------------

### Concrete properties


Concrete strength class	<b>C32/40</b>
Characteristic cylinder strength	<b>f<sub>ck</sub> = 32 N/mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Partial factor (Table 2.1N)	<b>γ<sub>C</sub> = 1.50</b>
Compressive strength factor (cl. 3.1.6)	<b>α<sub>cc</sub> = 0.85</b>
Design compressive strength (cl. 3.1.6)	<b>f<sub>cd</sub> = 18.1 N/mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Mean axial tensile strength (Table 3.1)	<b>f<sub>ctm</sub> = 0.30 N/mm<sup>2</sup> × (f<sub>ck</sub> / 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>)<sup>2/3</sup> = 3.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Maximum aggregate size	<b>d<sub>g</sub> = 20 mm</b>

### Reinforcement properties

Characteristic yield strength	<b>f<sub>yk</sub> = 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Partial factor (Table 2.1N)	<b>γ<sub>S</sub> = 1.15</b>
Design yield strength (fig. 3.8)	<b>f<sub>yd</sub> = f<sub>yk</sub> / γ<sub>S</sub> = 434.8 N/mm<sup>2</sup></b>

### Concrete cover to reinforcement

Nominal cover to top reinforcement	<b>C<sub>nom_t</sub> = 25 mm</b>
Nominal cover to bottom reinforcement	<b>C<sub>nom_b</sub> = 25 mm</b>
Fire resistance period to top of slab	<b>R<sub>top</sub> = 60 min</b>
Fire resistance period to bottom of slab	<b>R<sub>btm</sub> = 60 min</b>
Axis distance to top reinf (Table 5.8)	<b>a<sub>fi_t</sub> = 20 mm</b>
Axis distance to bottom reinf (Table 5.8)	<b>a<sub>fi_b</sub> = 20 mm</b>
Max bar diameter in top	<b>φ<sub>max_t</sub> = 20 mm</b>
Max bar diameter in bottom	<b>φ<sub>max_b</sub> = 20 mm</b>
Min. top cover requirement with regard to bond	<b>C<sub>min,b_t</sub> = φ<sub>max_t</sub> = 20 mm</b>
Min. btm cover requirement with regard to bond	<b>C<sub>min,b_b</sub> = φ<sub>max_b</sub> = 20 mm</b>
Reinforcement fabrication	<b>Subject to QA system</b>
Cover allowance for deviation	<b>ΔC<sub>dev</sub> = 5 mm</b>
Min. required nominal cover to top reinf	<b>C<sub>nom_t_min</sub> = max(a<sub>fi_t</sub> - φ<sub>max_t</sub> / 2, C<sub>min,b_t</sub> + ΔC<sub>dev</sub>) = 25.0 mm</b>
Min. required nominal cover to bottom reinf	<b>C<sub>nom_b_min</sub> = max(a<sub>fi_b</sub> - φ<sub>max_b</sub> / 2, C<sub>min,b_b</sub> + ΔC<sub>dev</sub>) = 25.0 mm</b>

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**PASS - There is sufficient cover to the top reinforcement**  
**PASS - There is sufficient cover to the bottom reinforcement**

**Bending design checks**

Redistribution ratio  $\delta = 1.0$   
Limiting value of K  $K' = 0.598 \times \delta - 0.18 \times \delta^2 - 0.21 = 0.208$

**Reinforcement design at midspan of span 1 (cl.6.1)**

Length of span 1  $l_1 = 7800$  mm  
Design bending moment  $M_{p1} = 75.0$  kNm/m  
Reinforcement provided **20 mm dia. bars at 150 mm centres**  
Area provided  $A_{sp1} = 2094$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
Effective depth to tension reinforcement  $d_{p1} = h - C_{nom\_b} - \phi_{p1} / 2 = 190.0$  mm  
K factor  $K = M_{p1} / (b \times d_{p1}^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.065$   

**$K < K'$  - Compression reinforcement is not required**

Lever arm  $z = \min(0.95 \times d_{p1}, d_{p1} / 2 \times (1 + \sqrt{1 - 3.53 \times K}))$   
 $z = 178.4$  mm  
Area of reinforcement required for bending  $A_{sp1\_m} = M_{p1} / (f_{yd} \times z) = 967$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
Minimum area required  $A_{sp1\_min} = \max(0.26 \times (f_{ctm}/f_{yk}), 0.0013) \times b \times d_{p1} = 299$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
Area of reinforcement required  $A_{sp1\_req} = \max(A_{sp1\_m}, A_{sp1\_min}) = 967$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided is adequate (0.462)**

**Check reinforcement spacing**

Reinforcement service stress  $\sigma_s = (f_{yk} / \gamma_s) \times \min((A_{sp1\_m}/A_{sp1}), 1.0) \times r_q = 60.2$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
Maximum allowable spacing (Table 7.3N)  $s_{max\_p1} = 300$  mm  
Actual bar spacing  $s_{p1} = 150$  mm  

**PASS - The reinforcement spacing is acceptable**

**Reinforcement design at midspan of span 2 (cl.6.1)**

Length of span 2  $l_2 = 7800$  mm  
Design bending moment  $M_{p2} = 75.0$  kNm/m  
Reinforcement provided **20 mm dia. bars at 150 mm centres**  
Area provided  $A_{sp2} = 2094$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
Effective depth to tension reinforcement  $d_{p2} = h - C_{nom\_b} - \phi_{p2} / 2 = 190.0$  mm  
K factor  $K = M_{p2} / (b \times d_{p2}^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.065$   

**$K < K'$  - Compression reinforcement is not required**

Lever arm  $z = \min(0.95 \times d_{p2}, d_{p2} / 2 \times (1 + \sqrt{1 - 3.53 \times K}))$   
 $z = 178.4$  mm  
Area of reinforcement required for bending  $A_{sp2\_m} = M_{p2} / (f_{yd} \times z) = 967$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
Minimum area required  $A_{sp2\_min} = \max(0.26 \times (f_{ctm}/f_{yk}), 0.0013) \times b \times d_{p2} = 299$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
Area of reinforcement required  $A_{sp2\_req} = \max(A_{sp2\_m}, A_{sp2\_min}) = 967$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided is adequate (0.462)**


**Check reinforcement spacing**

Reinforcement service stress  $\sigma_s = (f_{yk} / \gamma_s) \times \min((A_{sp2\_m}/A_{sp2}), 1.0) \times r_q = 60.2$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
Maximum allowable spacing (Table 7.3N)  $s_{max\_p2} = 300$  mm  
Actual bar spacing  $s_{p2} = 150$  mm  

**PASS - The reinforcement spacing is acceptable**

**Reinforcement design at support 2 (cl.6.1)**

Design bending moment  $M_{n2} = 132.5$  kNm/m

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Reinforcement provided

**20 mm dia. bars at 150 mm centres**

Area provided

$A_{sn2} = 2094 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Effective depth to tension reinforcement

$d_{n2} = h - C_{nom\_t} - \phi_{n2} / 2 = 190.0 \text{ mm}$

K factor

$K = M_{n2} / (b \times d_{n2}^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.115$

**$K < K'$  - Compression reinforcement is not required**

Lever arm

$z = \min(0.95 \times d_{n2}, d_{n2} / 2 \times (1 + \sqrt{1 - 3.53 \times K}))$

$z = 168.3 \text{ mm}$

Area of reinforcement required for bending

$A_{sn2\_m} = M_{n2} / (f_{yd} \times z) = 1811 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Minimum area required

$A_{sn2\_min} = \max(0.26 \times (f_{ctm}/f_{yk}), 0.0013) \times b \times d_{n2} = 299 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Area of reinforcement required

$A_{sn2\_req} = \max(A_{sn2\_m}, A_{sn2\_min}) = 1811 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided is adequate (0.865)**

### Check reinforcement spacing

Reinforcement service stress

$\sigma_s = (f_{yk} / \gamma_s) \times \min((A_{sn2\_m}/A_{sn2}), 1.0) \times r_q = 112.8 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Maximum allowable spacing (Table 7.3N)

$s_{max\_n2} = 300 \text{ mm}$

Actual bar spacing

$s_{n2} = 150 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - The reinforcement spacing is acceptable**

### Shear design checks

Shear resistance constant (cl. 6.2.2)

$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18 \text{ N/mm}^2 / \gamma_c = 0.12 \text{ N/mm}^2$

### Shear capacity check at support 1

Shear force

$V_1 = 66.0 \text{ kN/m}$

Reinforcement provided

**20 mm dia. bars at 150 mm centres**

Area provided

$A_{sd1} = 2094 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Effective depth

$d_{d1} = h - C_{nom\_b} - \phi_{d1} / 2 = 190.0 \text{ mm}$

Effective depth factor (cl. 6.2.2)

$k = \min(2.0, 1 + (200 \text{ mm} / d_{d1})^{0.5}) = 2.000$

Reinforcement ratio

$\rho_l = \min(0.02, A_{sd1} / (b \times d_{d1})) = 0.0110$

Minimum shear resistance (Exp. 6.3N)

$V_{Rd,c\_min} = 0.035 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times k^{1.5} \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times b \times d_{d1}$

$V_{Rd,c\_min} = 106.4 \text{ kN/m}$

Shear resistance (Exp. 6.2a)

$V_{Rd,c1} = \max(V_{Rd,c\_min}, C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \times \rho_l \times (f_{ck}/1 \text{ N/mm}^2))^{0.333} \times b \times d_{d1})$

$V_{Rd,c1} = 149.4 \text{ kN/m}$

**PASS - Shear capacity is adequate (0.442)**

### Shear capacity check at support 2

Shear force

$V_2 = 66.0 \text{ kN/m}$

Effective depth factor (cl. 6.2.2)

$k = \min(2.0, 1 + (200 \text{ mm} / d_{n2})^{0.5}) = 2.000$

Reinforcement ratio

$\rho_l = \min(0.02, A_{sn2} / (b \times d_{n2})) = 0.0110$

Minimum shear resistance (Exp. 6.3N)

$V_{Rd,c\_min} = 0.035 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times k^{1.5} \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times b \times d_{n2}$

$V_{Rd,c\_min} = 106.4 \text{ kN/m}$

Shear resistance (Exp. 6.2a)

$V_{Rd,c2} = \max(V_{Rd,c\_min}, C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \times \rho_l \times (f_{ck}/1 \text{ N/mm}^2))^{0.333} \times b \times d_{n2})$

$V_{Rd,c2} = 149.4 \text{ kN/m}$

**PASS - Shear capacity is adequate (0.442)**

### Shear capacity check at support 3

Shear force

$V_3 = 66.0 \text{ kN/m}$


Reinforcement provided

**20 mm dia. bars at 150 mm centres**

Area provided

$A_{sd3} = 2094 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$



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Effective depth  $d_{d3} = h - C_{nom\_b} - \phi_{d3} / 2 = \mathbf{190.0 \text{ mm}}$   
 Effective depth factor (cl. 6.2.2)  $k = \min(2.0, 1 + (200 \text{ mm} / d_{d3})^{0.5}) = \mathbf{2.000}$   
 Reinforcement ratio  $\rho_l = \min(0.02, A_{sd3} / (b \times d_{d3})) = \mathbf{0.0110}$   
 Minimum shear resistance (Exp. 6.3N)  $V_{Rd,c\_min} = 0.035 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times k^{1.5} \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times b \times d_{d3}$   
 $V_{Rd,c\_min} = \mathbf{106.4 \text{ kN/m}}$   
 Shear resistance (Exp. 6.2a)  $V_{Rd,c3} = \max(V_{Rd,c\_min}, C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \times \rho_l \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2))^{0.333} \times b \times d_{d3})$   
 $V_{Rd,c3} = \mathbf{149.4 \text{ kN/m}}$   
**PASS - Shear capacity is adequate (0.442)**

**Deflection checks**

**Basic span-to-depth ratio deflection check span 1 (cl. 7.4.2)**

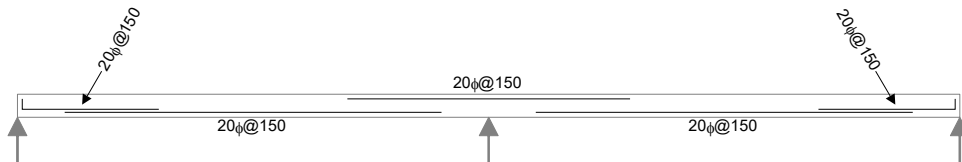
Reference reinforcement ratio  $\rho_0 = (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} / 1000 = \mathbf{0.0057}$   
 Required tension reinforcement ratio  $\rho = \max(0.0035, A_{sp1\_m} / (b \times d_{p1})) = \mathbf{0.0051}$   
 Required compression reinforcement ratio  $\rho' = A_{scp1\_req} / (b \times d_{p1}) = \mathbf{0.0000}$   
 Structural system factor (Table 7.4N)  $K_\delta = \mathbf{1.3}$   
 Basic span-to-depth ratio limit  $ratio_{lim1\_bas} = K_\delta \times [11 + 1.5 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times \rho_0 / \rho + 3.2 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times (\rho_0 / \rho - 1)^{1.5}]$   
 (Exp. 7.16a)  $ratio_{lim1\_bas} = \mathbf{27.44}$   
 Modified span-to-depth ratio limit  $ratio_{lim1} = \min(40 \times K_\delta, \min(1.5, (500 \text{ N/mm}^2 / f_{yk}) \times (A_{sp1} / A_{sp1\_m})) \times ratio_{lim1\_bas}) = \mathbf{41.16}$   
 Actual span-to-depth ratio  $ratio_{act1} = l_1 / d_{p1} = \mathbf{41.05}$   
**PASS - Span-to-depth ratio is acceptable (0.997)**


**Basic span-to-depth ratio deflection check span 2 (cl. 7.4.2)**

Reference reinforcement ratio  $\rho_0 = (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} / 1000 = \mathbf{0.0057}$   
 Required tension reinforcement ratio  $\rho = \max(0.0035, A_{sp2\_m} / (b \times d_{p2})) = \mathbf{0.0051}$   
 Required compression reinforcement ratio  $\rho' = A_{scp2\_req} / (b \times d_{p2}) = \mathbf{0.0000}$   
 Structural system factor (Table 7.4N)  $K_\delta = \mathbf{1.3}$   
 Basic span-to-depth ratio limit  $ratio_{lim2\_bas} = K_\delta \times [11 + 1.5 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times \rho_0 / \rho + 3.2 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times (\rho_0 / \rho - 1)^{1.5}]$   
 (Exp. 7.16a)  $ratio_{lim2\_bas} = \mathbf{27.44}$   
 Modified span-to-depth ratio limit  $ratio_{lim2} = \min(40 \times K_\delta, \min(1.5, (500 \text{ N/mm}^2 / f_{yk}) \times (A_{sp2} / A_{sp2\_m})) \times ratio_{lim2\_bas}) = \mathbf{41.16}$   
 Actual span-to-depth ratio  $ratio_{act2} = l_2 / d_{p2} = \mathbf{41.05}$   
**PASS - Span-to-depth ratio is acceptable (0.997)**

**Reinforcement sketch**

The following sketch is indicative only. Note that additional reinforcement may be required in accordance with clauses 9.2.1.2, 9.2.1.4 and 9.2.1.5 of EN 1992-1-1:2004 to meet detailing rules.



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### RC MEMBER ANALYSIS & DESIGN (EN1992-1-1:2004)

In accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 incorporating Corrigenda January 2008 and the UK national annex

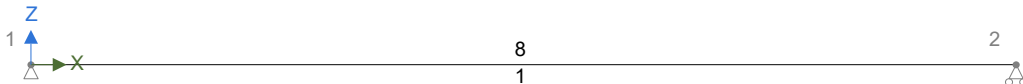
Tedds calculation version 3.0.13

### ANALYSIS

Tedds calculation version 1.0.23

### Geometry

#### Geometry (m) - Concrete (C32 2500 Quartzite) - R 1200x650



Span	Length (m)	Section	Start Support	End Support
1	8	R 1200x650	Pinned	Roller Pin X
R 1200x650: $A = 7800 \text{ cm}^2$ , $I_y = 2746250 \text{ cm}^4$ , $I_z = 9360000 \text{ cm}^4$ , $A_y = 6500 \text{ cm}^2$ , $A_z = 6500 \text{ cm}^2$				
Concrete (C32 2500 Quartzite): Density $2500 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Youngs $33.3457645 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ , Shear $13.8940685 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ , Thermal $0.00001 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$				

### Loading


Self weight included

#### Permanent - Loading (kN/m)



#### Imposed - Loading (kN/m)



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### Load combination factors

Load combination	Self Weight	Permanent	Imposed
1.35G + 1.5Q + 1.5RQ (Strength)	1.35	1.35	1.50
1.0G + 1.0Q + 1.0RQ (Service)	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.0G + 1.0 $\psi_2$ Q (Quasi)	1.00	1.00	0.30
1.35G + 1.5Q + 1.5 $\psi_0$ S (Strength)	1.35	1.35	1.50
1.0G + 1.0Q + 0.5S (Service)	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.35G + 1.5 $\psi_0$ Q + 1.5S (Strength)	1.35	1.35	1.05

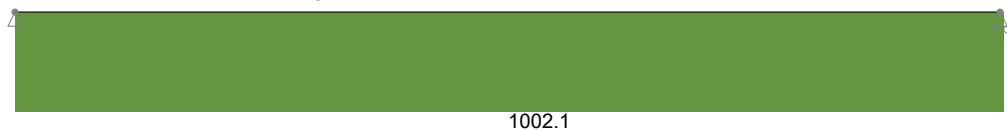
### Member Loads

Member	Load case	Load Type	Orientation	Description
Beam	Permanent	UDL	GlobalZ	57 kN/m
Beam	Imposed	UDL	GlobalZ	15 kN/m

### Results

#### Forces

#### Strength combinations - Moment envelope (kNm)




#### Strength combinations - Shear envelope (kN)



### Concrete details - Table 3.1. Strength and deformation characteristics for concrete

Concrete strength class	C32/40
Aggregate type	Quartzite
Aggregate adjustment factor - cl.3.1.3(2)	AAF = 1.0
Characteristic compressive cylinder strength	$f_{ck} = 32 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of compressive cylinder strength	$f_{cm} = f_{ck} + 8 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of axial tensile strength	$f_{ctm} = 0.3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{2/3} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Secant modulus of elasticity of concrete	$E_{cm} = 22 \text{ kN/mm}^2 \times [f_{cm} / 10 \text{ N/mm}^2]^{0.3} \times \text{AAF} = 33346 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Ultimate strain - Table 3.1	$\epsilon_{cu2} = 0.0035$
Shortening strain - Table 3.1	$\epsilon_{cu3} = 0.0035$
Effective compression zone height factor	$\lambda = 0.80$
Effective strength factor	$\eta = 1.00$



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Coefficient $k_1$	$k_1 = 0.40$
Coefficient $k_2$	$k_2 = 1.0 \times (0.6 + 0.0014 / \epsilon_{cu2}) = 1.00$
Coefficient $k_3$	$k_3 = 0.40$
Coefficient $k_4$	$k_4 = 1.0 \times (0.6 + 0.0014 / \epsilon_{cu2}) = 1.00$
Partial factor for concrete - Table 2.1N	$\gamma_C = 1.50$
Compressive strength coefficient - cl.3.1.6(1)	$\alpha_{cc} = 0.85$
Design compressive concrete strength - exp.3.15	$f_{cd} = \alpha_{cc} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_C = 18.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Compressive strength coefficient - cl.3.1.6(1)	$\alpha_{ccw} = 1.00$
Design compressive concrete strength - exp.3.15	$f_{owd} = \alpha_{ccw} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_C = 21.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Maximum aggregate size	$h_{agg} = 20 \text{ mm}$
Monolithic simple support moment factor	$\beta_1 = 0.25$

#### Reinforcement details

Characteristic yield strength of reinforcement	$f_{yk} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Partial factor for reinforcing steel - Table 2.1N	$\gamma_S = 1.15$
Design yield strength of reinforcement	$f_{yd} = f_{yk} / \gamma_S = 435 \text{ N/mm}^2$

#### Nominal cover to reinforcement

Nominal cover to top reinforcement	$c_{nom\_t} = 35 \text{ mm}$
Nominal cover to bottom reinforcement	$c_{nom\_b} = 35 \text{ mm}$
Nominal cover to side reinforcement	$c_{nom\_s} = 35 \text{ mm}$

#### Fire resistance

Standard fire resistance period	$R = 60 \text{ min}$
Number of sides exposed to fire	3
Minimum width of beam - EN1992-1-2 Table 5.5	$b_{min} = 120 \text{ mm}$

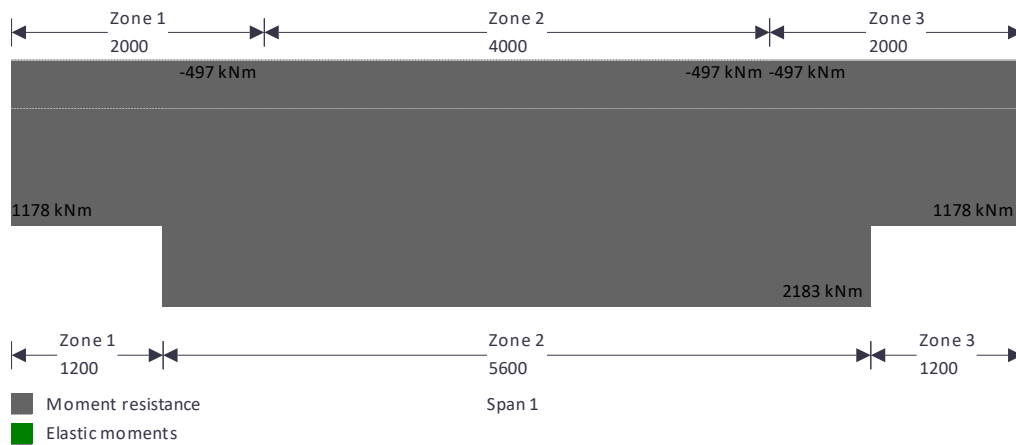
#### Beam - Span 1


##### Rectangular section details

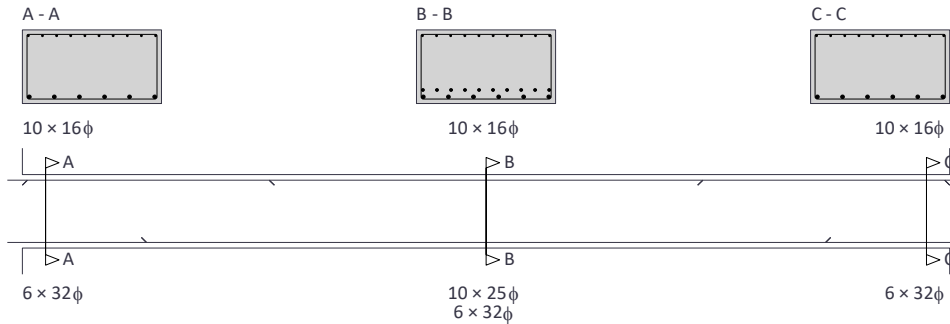
Section width	$b = 1200 \text{ mm}$
Section depth	$h = 650 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Minimum dimensions for fire resistance met**

#### Moment design



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### Zone 1 (0 mm - 1200 mm) Positive moment - section 6.1

Design bending moment	$M = \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_max\_red}) = 511.1 \text{ kNm}$
Effective depth of tension reinforcement	$d = 591 \text{ mm}$
Redistribution ratio	$\delta = \min(M_{pos\_red\_z1} / M_{pos\_z1}, 1) = 1.000$
	$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.038$
	$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$
	<b><math>K' &gt; K</math> - No compression reinforcement is required</b>
Lever arm	$z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 561 \text{ mm}$
Depth of neutral axis	$x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 74 \text{ mm}$
Area of tension reinforcement required	$A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 2094 \text{ mm}^2$
Tension reinforcement provided	$6 \times 32\phi$
Area of tension reinforcement provided	$A_{s,prov} = 4825 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N	$A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 1115 \text{ mm}^2$
Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)	$A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 31200 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Maximum crack width	$w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$
Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)	$E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of concrete tensile strength	$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Stress distribution coefficient	$k_c = 0.4$
Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient	$k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$
Actual tension bar spacing	$s_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (c_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} = 216.4 \text{ mm}$
Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N	$\sigma_s = 227 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio	$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$
Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam	$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 317 \text{ mm}$
Area of concrete in the tensile zone	$A_{ct} = b \times y = 380427 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1	$A_{s,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 1531 \text{ mm}^2$
	<b>PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control</b>
Quasi-permanent moment	$M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_neg\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_pos\_quasi})) = 328.9 \text{ kNm}$
Permanent load ratio	$R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.64$
Service stress in reinforcement	$\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 121 \text{ N/mm}^2$

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Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N

$$S_{bar,max} = 300 \text{ mm}$$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

**Zone 1 (0 mm - 2000 mm) Negative moment - section 6.1**

Design bending moment  $M = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_max\_red}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_min\_red})) = 250.5 \text{ kNm}$

Effective depth of tension reinforcement  $d = 599 \text{ mm}$

Redistribution ratio  $\delta = 1 = 1.000$

$$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.018$$

$$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$$

**$K' > K$  - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm  $z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 569 \text{ mm}$

Depth of neutral axis  $x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 75 \text{ mm}$

Area of tension reinforcement required  $A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 1013 \text{ mm}^2$

Tension reinforcement provided  $10 \times 16\phi$

Area of tension reinforcement provided  $A_{s,prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N  $A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 1130 \text{ mm}^2$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)  $A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 31200 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

**Crack control - Section 7.3**

Maximum crack width  $w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)  $E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength  $f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Stress distribution coefficient  $k_c = 0.4$

Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient  $k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$

Actual tension bar spacing  $S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} = 122 \text{ mm}$

Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N  $\sigma_s = 302 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio  $\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$

Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam  $y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 322 \text{ mm}$

Area of concrete in the tensile zone  $A_{ct} = b \times y = 385818 \text{ mm}^2$

Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1  $A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 1165 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment  $M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_pos\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_neg\_quasi})) = 161.2 \text{ kNm}$

Permanent load ratio  $R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.64$

Service stress in reinforcement  $\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 141 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N  $S_{bar,max} = 300 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**


**Minimum bar spacing (Section 8.2)**

Top bar spacing  $S_{top} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} - 1) = 106.0 \text{ mm}$

Minimum allowable top bar spacing  $S_{top,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20 \text{ mm}) = 25.0 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**



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Bottom bar spacing

$$S_{bot} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} - 1) = \mathbf{184.4 \text{ mm}}$$

Minimum allowable bottom bar spacing

$$S_{bot,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20\text{mm}) = \mathbf{32.0 \text{ mm}}$$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

### **Zone 2 (1200 mm - 6800 mm) Positive moment - section 6.1**

Design bending moment

$$M = \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_max\_red}) = \mathbf{1002.1 \text{ kNm}}$$

Effective depth of tension reinforcement

$$d = \mathbf{560 \text{ mm}}$$

Redistribution ratio

$$\delta = \min(M_{pos\_red\_z2} / M_{pos\_z2}, 1) = \mathbf{1.000}$$

$$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = \mathbf{0.083}$$

$$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = \mathbf{0.207}$$

**K' > K - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm

$$z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = \mathbf{516 \text{ mm}}$$

Depth of neutral axis

$$x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = \mathbf{112 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of tension reinforcement required

$$A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = \mathbf{4468 \text{ mm}^2}$$

Tension reinforcement provided

$$\text{Layer 1 - } 6 \times 32\phi, \text{ Spacing - } 32\text{mm}, \text{ Layer 2 - } 10 \times 25\phi$$

Area of tension reinforcement provided

$$A_{s,prov} = \mathbf{9734 \text{ mm}^2}$$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N

$$A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = \mathbf{1058 \text{ mm}^2}$$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)

$$A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = \mathbf{31200 \text{ mm}^2}$$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

### **Crack control - Section 7.3**

Maximum crack width

$$w_k = \mathbf{0.3 \text{ mm}}$$

Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)

$$E_s = \mathbf{200000 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength

$$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = \mathbf{3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Stress distribution coefficient

$$k_c = \mathbf{0.4}$$

Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient

$$k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = \mathbf{0.76}$$

Actual tension bar spacing

$$S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z2\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1})) / ((N_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} + N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1}) - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} = \mathbf{216.4 \text{ mm}}$$

Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N

$$\sigma_s = \mathbf{227 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio

$$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = \mathbf{6.00}$$

Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam

$$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = \mathbf{311 \text{ mm}}$$

Area of concrete in the tensile zone

$$A_{ct} = b \times y = \mathbf{373409 \text{ mm}^2}$$

Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1

$$A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = \mathbf{1503 \text{ mm}^2}$$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment

$$M_{QP} = \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_pos\_quasi}) = \mathbf{645.0 \text{ kNm}}$$

Permanent load ratio

$$R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = \mathbf{0.64}$$

Service stress in reinforcement

$$\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = \mathbf{128 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N

$$S_{bar,max} = \mathbf{300 \text{ mm}}$$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

### **Deflection control - Section 7.4**

Reference reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_{m0} = (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} / 1000 = \mathbf{0.00566}$$

Required tension reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_m = A_{s,req} / (b \times d) = \mathbf{0.00664}$$



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Required compression reinforcement ratio  $\rho'_m = A_{s2,req} / (b \times d) = \mathbf{0.00000}$   
 Structural system factor - Table 7.4N  $K_b = \mathbf{1.0}$   
 Basic allowable span to depth ratio  $span\_to\_depth_{basic} = K_b \times [11 + 1.5 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times \rho_{m0} / (\rho_m - \rho'_m) + (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times (\rho'_m / \rho_{m0})^{0.5} / 12] = \mathbf{18.225}$   
 Reinforcement factor - exp.7.17  $K_s = \min(A_{s,prov} / A_{s,req} \times 500 \text{ N/mm}^2 / f_{yk}, 1.5) = \mathbf{1.500}$   
 Flange width factor  $F1 = 1 = \mathbf{1.000}$   
 Long span supporting brittle partition factor  $F2 = 1 = \mathbf{1.000}$   
 Allowable span to depth ratio  $span\_to\_depth_{allow} = \min(span\_to\_depth_{basic} \times K_s \times F1 \times F2, 40 \times K_b) = \mathbf{27.338}$   
 Actual span to depth ratio  $span\_to\_depth_{actual} = L_{m1_s1} / d = \mathbf{14.273}$   
**PASS - Actual span to depth ratio is within the allowable limit**

### Minimum bar spacing (Section 8.2)

Top bar spacing  $Stop = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom_s} + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_v}) + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_tL1} \times N_{m1_s1_z2_tL1})) / (N_{m1_s1_z2_tL1} - 1) = \mathbf{106.0 \text{ mm}}$   
 Minimum allowable top bar spacing  $Stop_{min} = \max(\phi_{m1_s1_z2_tL1} \times K_{s1}, h_{agg} + K_{s2}, 20\text{mm}) = \mathbf{25.0 \text{ mm}}$   
**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**  
 Bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom_s} + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_v}) + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} \times N_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} + \phi_{m1_s1_z1_bL1} \times N_{m1_s1_z1_bL1})) / ((N_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} + N_{m1_s1_z1_bL1}) - 1) = \mathbf{184.4 \text{ mm}}$   
 Minimum allowable bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot,min} = \max(\phi_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} \times K_{s1}, h_{agg} + K_{s2}, 20\text{mm}) = \mathbf{32.0 \text{ mm}}$   
**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

### Zone 3 (6800 mm - 8000 mm) Positive moment - section 6.1

Design bending moment  $M = \text{abs}(M_{m1_s1_z3_{max\_red}}) = \mathbf{511.1 \text{ kNm}}$   
 Effective depth of tension reinforcement  $d = \mathbf{591 \text{ mm}}$   
 Redistribution ratio  $\delta = \min(M_{pos\_red\_z3} / M_{pos\_z3}, 1) = \mathbf{1.000}$   
 $K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = \mathbf{0.038}$   
 $K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = \mathbf{0.207}$   
**K' > K - No compression reinforcement is required**  
 Lever arm  $z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = \mathbf{561 \text{ mm}}$   
 Depth of neutral axis  $x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = \mathbf{74 \text{ mm}}$   
 Area of tension reinforcement required  $A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = \mathbf{2094 \text{ mm}^2}$   
 Tension reinforcement provided  $6 \times 32\phi$   
 Area of tension reinforcement provided  $A_{s,prov} = \mathbf{4825 \text{ mm}^2}$   
 Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N  $A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = \mathbf{1115 \text{ mm}^2}$   
 Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)  $A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = \mathbf{31200 \text{ mm}^2}$   
**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Maximum crack width  $w_k = \mathbf{0.3 \text{ mm}}$   
 Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)  $E_s = \mathbf{200000 \text{ N/mm}^2}$   
 Mean value of concrete tensile strength  $f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = \mathbf{3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2}$   
 Stress distribution coefficient  $K_c = \mathbf{0.4}$   
 Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient  $k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = \mathbf{0.76}$

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Actual tension bar spacing	$S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} = 216.4 \text{ mm}$
Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N	$\sigma_s = 227 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio	$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$
Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam	$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 317 \text{ mm}$
Area of concrete in the tensile zone	$A_{ct} = b \times y = 380427 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1	$A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 1531 \text{ mm}^2$
<b>PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control</b>	
Quasi-permanent moment	$M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_neg\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z3\_pos\_quasi})) = 328.9 \text{ kNm}$
Permanent load ratio	$R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.64$
Service stress in reinforcement	$\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 121 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N	$S_{bar,max} = 300 \text{ mm}$
<b>PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control</b>	


### Zone 3 (6000 mm - 8000 mm) Negative moment - section 6.1

Design bending moment	$M = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_max\_red}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z3\_min\_red})) = 250.5 \text{ kNm}$
Effective depth of tension reinforcement	$d = 599 \text{ mm}$
Redistribution ratio	$\delta = 1 = 1.000$
	$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.018$
	$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$
<b>K' &gt; K - No compression reinforcement is required</b>	
Lever arm	$z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 569 \text{ mm}$
Depth of neutral axis	$x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 75 \text{ mm}$
Area of tension reinforcement required	$A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 1013 \text{ mm}^2$
Tension reinforcement provided	$10 \times 16\phi$
Area of tension reinforcement provided	$A_{s,prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N	$A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 1130 \text{ mm}^2$
Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)	$A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 31200 \text{ mm}^2$
<b>PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required</b>	

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Maximum crack width	$w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$
Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)	$E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of concrete tensile strength	$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Stress distribution coefficient	$k_c = 0.4$
Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient	$k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$
Actual tension bar spacing	$S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} = 122 \text{ mm}$
Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N	$\sigma_s = 302 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio	$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$
Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam	$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 322 \text{ mm}$
Area of concrete in the tensile zone	$A_{ct} = b \times y = 385818 \text{ mm}^2$



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Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1  $A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 1165 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment

$$M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_pos\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z3\_neg\_quasi})) = 161.2 \text{ kNm}$$

Permanent load ratio

$$R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.64$$

Service stress in reinforcement

$$\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 141 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N

$$s_{bar,max} = 300 \text{ mm}$$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

### Minimum bar spacing (Section 8.2)

Top bar spacing

$$s_{top} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} - 1) = 106.0 \text{ mm}$$

Minimum allowable top bar spacing

$$s_{top,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20 \text{ mm}) = 25.0 \text{ mm}$$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

Bottom bar spacing

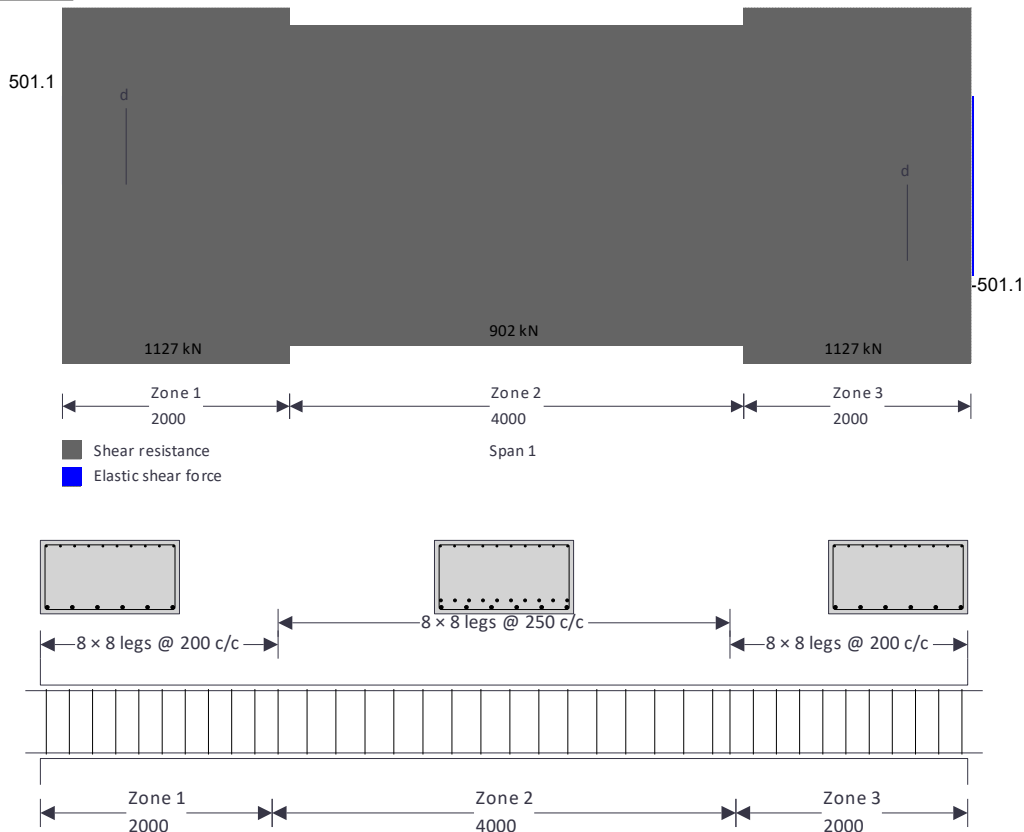
$$s_{bot} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} - 1) = 184.4 \text{ mm}$$

Minimum allowable bottom bar spacing

$$s_{bot,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20 \text{ mm}) = 32.0 \text{ mm}$$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

### Shear design



Angle of comp. shear strut for maximum shear

$$\theta_{max} = 45 \text{ deg}$$

Strength reduction factor - cl.6.2.3(3)

$$v_1 = 0.6 \times (1 - f_{ck} / 250 \text{ N/mm}^2) = 0.523$$

Compression chord coefficient - cl.6.2.3(3)

$$\alpha_{cw} = 1.00$$

Minimum area of shear reinforcement - exp.9.5N

$$A_{sv,min} = 0.08 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times b \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} / f_{yk} = 1086 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

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### **Zone 1 (0 mm - 2000 mm) shear - section 6.2**

Design shear force at support  $V_{Ed,max} = \max(\text{abs}(V_{z1\_max}), \text{abs}(V_{z1\_red\_max})) = 501 \text{ kN}$   
 Min lever arm in shear zone  $z = 516 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum design shear resistance - exp.6.9  $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \times b \times z \times v_1 \times f_{cwd} / (\cot(\theta_{max}) + \tan(\theta_{max})) = 3455 \text{ kN}$   
**PASS - Design shear force at support is less than maximum design shear resistance**

Design shear force at 560mm from support  $V_{Ed} = 431 \text{ kN}$   
 Design shear stress  $V_{Ed} = V_{Ed} / (b \times z) = 0.696 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 Angle of concrete compression strut - cl.6.2.3  $\theta = \min(\max(0.5 \times \text{Asin}(\min(2 \times V_{Ed} / (\alpha_{cw} \times f_{cwd} \times v_1), 1)), 21.8 \text{ deg}), 45\text{deg}) = 21.8 \text{ deg}$

Area of shear reinforcement required - exp.6.8  $A_{sv,des} = V_{Ed} \times b / (f_{yd} \times \cot(\theta)) = 768 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
 Area of shear reinforcement required  $A_{sv,req} = \max(A_{sv,min}, A_{sv,des}) = 1086 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
 Shear reinforcement provided  $8 \times 8 \text{ legs @ } 200 \text{ c/c}$   
 Area of shear reinforcement provided  $A_{sv,prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
**PASS - Area of shear reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required**

Maximum longitudinal spacing - exp.9.6N  $s_{vl,max} = 0.75 \times d = 420 \text{ mm}$   
**PASS - Longitudinal spacing of shear reinforcement provided is less than maximum**

### **Zone 2 (2000 mm - 6000 mm) shear - section 6.2**

Design shear force at support  $V_{Ed,max} = \max(\text{abs}(V_{z2\_max}), \text{abs}(V_{z2\_red\_max})) = 251 \text{ kN}$   
 Min lever arm in shear zone  $z = 516 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum design shear resistance - exp.6.9  $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \times b \times z \times v_1 \times f_{cwd} / (\cot(\theta_{max}) + \tan(\theta_{max})) = 3455 \text{ kN}$   
**PASS - Design shear force at support is less than maximum design shear resistance**

Design shear force within zone  $V_{Ed} = 251 \text{ kN}$   
 Design shear stress  $V_{Ed} = V_{Ed} / (b \times z) = 0.405 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 Angle of concrete compression strut - cl.6.2.3  $\theta = \min(\max(0.5 \times \text{Asin}(\min(2 \times V_{Ed} / (\alpha_{cw} \times f_{cwd} \times v_1), 1)), 21.8 \text{ deg}), 45\text{deg}) = 21.8 \text{ deg}$

Area of shear reinforcement required - exp.6.8  $A_{sv,des} = V_{Ed} \times b / (f_{yd} \times \cot(\theta)) = 447 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
 Area of shear reinforcement required  $A_{sv,req} = \max(A_{sv,min}, A_{sv,des}) = 1086 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
 Shear reinforcement provided  $8 \times 8 \text{ legs @ } 250 \text{ c/c}$   
 Area of shear reinforcement provided  $A_{sv,prov} = 1608 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
**PASS - Area of shear reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required**

Maximum longitudinal spacing - exp.9.6N  $s_{vl,max} = 0.75 \times d = 420 \text{ mm}$   
**PASS - Longitudinal spacing of shear reinforcement provided is less than maximum**

### **Zone 3 (6000 mm - 8000 mm) shear - section 6.2**

Design shear force at support  $V_{Ed,max} = \max(\text{abs}(V_{z3\_max}), \text{abs}(V_{z3\_red\_max})) = 501 \text{ kN}$   
 Min lever arm in shear zone  $z = 516 \text{ mm}$   
 Maximum design shear resistance - exp.6.9  $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \times b \times z \times v_1 \times f_{cwd} / (\cot(\theta_{max}) + \tan(\theta_{max})) = 3455 \text{ kN}$   
**PASS - Design shear force at support is less than maximum design shear resistance**

Design shear force at 560mm from support  $V_{Ed} = 431 \text{ kN}$   
 Design shear stress  $V_{Ed} = V_{Ed} / (b \times z) = 0.696 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 Angle of concrete compression strut - cl.6.2.3  $\theta = \min(\max(0.5 \times \text{Asin}(\min(2 \times V_{Ed} / (\alpha_{cw} \times f_{cwd} \times v_1), 1)), 21.8 \text{ deg}), 45\text{deg}) = 21.8 \text{ deg}$

Area of shear reinforcement required - exp.6.8  $A_{sv,des} = V_{Ed} \times b / (f_{yd} \times \cot(\theta)) = 768 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
 Area of shear reinforcement required  $A_{sv,req} = \max(A_{sv,min}, A_{sv,des}) = 1086 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
 Shear reinforcement provided  $8 \times 8 \text{ legs @ } 200 \text{ c/c}$   
 Area of shear reinforcement provided  $A_{sv,prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$   
**PASS - Area of shear reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required**



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Maximum longitudinal spacing - exp.9.6N

$$s_{vl,max} = 0.75 \times d = 420 \text{ mm}$$

**PASS - Longitudinal spacing of shear reinforcement provided is less than maximum**



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### RC MEMBER ANALYSIS & DESIGN (EN1992-1-1:2004)

In accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 incorporating Corrigenda January 2008 and the UK national annex

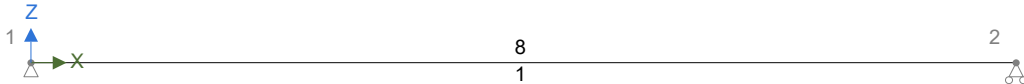
Tedds calculation version 3.0.13

### ANALYSIS

Tedds calculation version 1.0.23

### Geometry

Geometry (m) - Concrete (C32 2500 Quartzite) - Custom R 650x650



Span	Length (m)	Section	Start Support	End Support
1	8	Custom R 650x650	Pinned	Roller Pin X
Custom R 650x650: $A = 6525 \text{ cm}^2$ , $I_y = 1101094 \text{ cm}^4$ , $I_z = 1. \times 10^7 \text{ cm}^4$ , $A_y = 5438 \text{ cm}^2$ , $A_z = 5438 \text{ cm}^2$				
Concrete (C32 2500 Quartzite): Density $2500 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Youngs $33.3457645 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ , Shear $13.8940685 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ , Thermal $0.00001 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$				

### Loading

Self weight included

Permanent - Loading (kN/m)



Imposed - Loading (kN/m)





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### Load combination factors

Load combination	Self Weight	Permanent	Imposed
1.35G + 1.5Q + 1.5RQ (Strength)	1.35	1.35	1.50
1.0G + 1.0Q + 1.0RQ (Service)	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.0G + 1.0 $\psi_2$ Q (Quasi)	1.00	1.00	0.30
1.35G + 1.5Q + 1.5 $\psi_0$ S (Strength)	1.35	1.35	1.50
1.0G + 1.0Q + 0.5S (Service)	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.35G + 1.5 $\psi_0$ Q + 1.5S (Strength)	1.35	1.35	1.05

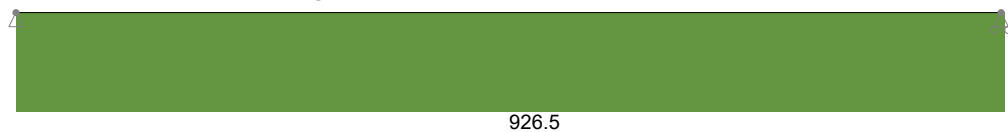
### Member Loads

Member	Load case	Load Type	Orientation	Description
Beam	Permanent	UDL	GlobalZ	47.5 kN/m
Beam	Permanent	UDL	GlobalZ	8.4 kN/m
Beam	Imposed	UDL	GlobalZ	12.5 kN/m

### Results

#### Forces

#### Strength combinations - Moment envelope (kNm)




#### Strength combinations - Shear envelope (kN)



### Concrete details - Table 3.1. Strength and deformation characteristics for concrete

Concrete strength class	C32/40
Aggregate type	Quartzite
Aggregate adjustment factor - cl.3.1.3(2)	AAF = <b>1.0</b>
Characteristic compressive cylinder strength	$f_{ck} = 32 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of compressive cylinder strength	$f_{cm} = f_{ck} + 8 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of axial tensile strength	$f_{ctm} = 0.3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times (f_{ck}/1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{2/3} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Secant modulus of elasticity of concrete	$E_{cm} = 22 \text{ kN/mm}^2 \times [f_{cm}/10 \text{ N/mm}^2]^{0.3} \times \text{AAF} = 33346 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Ultimate strain - Table 3.1	$\epsilon_{cu2} = 0.0035$
Shortening strain - Table 3.1	$\epsilon_{cu3} = 0.0035$
Effective compression zone height factor	$\lambda = 0.80$

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Effective strength factor  $\eta = 1.00$   
 Coefficient  $k_1 = 0.40$   
 Coefficient  $k_2 = 1.0 \times (0.6 + 0.0014 / \epsilon_{cu2}) = 1.00$   
 Coefficient  $k_3 = 0.40$   
 Coefficient  $k_4 = 1.0 \times (0.6 + 0.0014 / \epsilon_{cu2}) = 1.00$   
 Partial factor for concrete - Table 2.1N  $\gamma_C = 1.50$   
 Compressive strength coefficient - cl.3.1.6(1)  $\alpha_{cc} = 0.85$   
 Design compressive concrete strength - exp.3.15  $f_{cd} = \alpha_{cc} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_C = 18.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 Compressive strength coefficient - cl.3.1.6(1)  $\alpha_{ccw} = 1.00$   
 Design compressive concrete strength - exp.3.15  $f_{cwd} = \alpha_{ccw} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_C = 21.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 Maximum aggregate size  $h_{agg} = 20 \text{ mm}$   
 Monolithic simple support moment factor  $\beta_1 = 0.25$

#### Reinforcement details

Characteristic yield strength of reinforcement  $f_{yk} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$   
 Partial factor for reinforcing steel - Table 2.1N  $\gamma_S = 1.15$   
 Design yield strength of reinforcement  $f_{yd} = f_{yk} / \gamma_S = 435 \text{ N/mm}^2$

#### Nominal cover to reinforcement

Nominal cover to top reinforcement  $c_{nom\_t} = 35 \text{ mm}$   
 Nominal cover to bottom reinforcement  $c_{nom\_b} = 35 \text{ mm}$   
 Nominal cover to side reinforcement  $c_{nom\_s} = 35 \text{ mm}$

#### Fire resistance

Standard fire resistance period  $R = 60 \text{ min}$   
 Number of sides exposed to fire 3  
 Minimum width of beam - EN1992-1-2 Table 5.5  $b_{min} = 120 \text{ mm}$

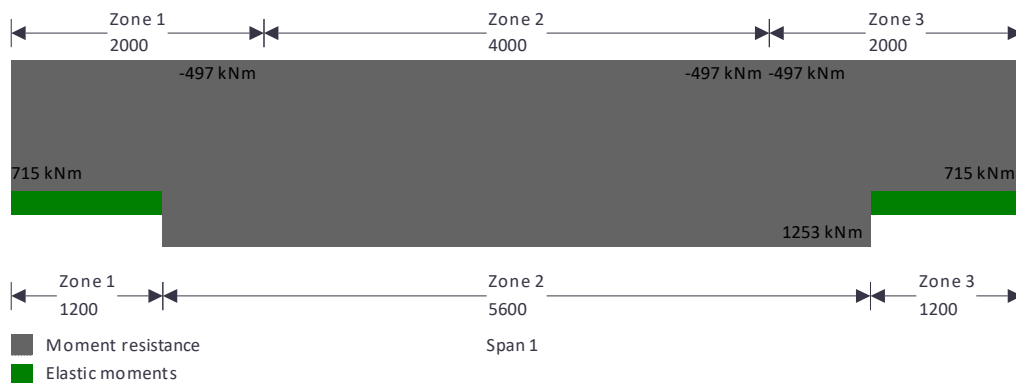
#### Beam - Span 1

##### Rectangular section details


Section width  $b = 650 \text{ mm}$   
 Section depth  $h = 650 \text{ mm}$

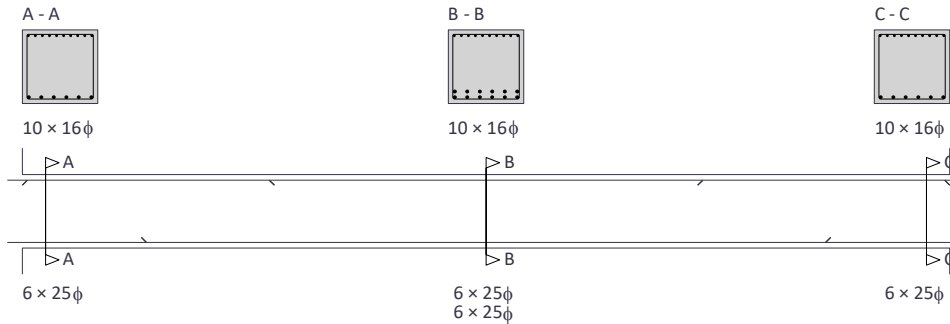
*PASS - Minimum dimensions for fire resistance met*

#### Moment design





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### Zone 1 (0 mm - 1200 mm) Positive moment - section 6.1

Design bending moment	$M = \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_max\_red}) = 472.5 \text{ kNm}$
Effective depth of tension reinforcement	$d = 595 \text{ mm}$
Redistribution ratio	$\delta = \min(M_{pos\_red\_z1} / M_{pos\_z1}, 1) = 1.000$
	$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.064$
	$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$
	<b><math>K' &gt; K</math> - No compression reinforcement is required</b>
Lever arm	$z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 559 \text{ mm}$
Depth of neutral axis	$x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 90 \text{ mm}$
Area of tension reinforcement required	$A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 1945 \text{ mm}^2$
Tension reinforcement provided	$6 \times 25\phi$
Area of tension reinforcement provided	$A_{s,prov} = 2945 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N	$A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 608 \text{ mm}^2$
Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)	$A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 16900 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Maximum crack width	$w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$
Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)	$E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of concrete tensile strength	$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Stress distribution coefficient	$k_c = 0.4$
Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient	$k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$
Actual tension bar spacing	$s_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (c_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} = 107.8 \text{ mm}$
Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N	$\sigma_s = 314 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio	$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$
Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam	$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 316 \text{ mm}$
Area of concrete in the tensile zone	$A_{ct} = b \times y = 205352 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1	$A_{s,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 598 \text{ mm}^2$
	<b>PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control</b>
Quasi-permanent moment	$M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_neg\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_pos\_quasi})) = 308.6 \text{ kNm}$
Permanent load ratio	$R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.65$
Service stress in reinforcement	$\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 188 \text{ N/mm}^2$

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Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N

$$S_{bar,max} = 265.5 \text{ mm}$$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

**Zone 1 (0 mm - 2000 mm) Negative moment - section 6.1**

Design bending moment  $M = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_max\_red}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_min\_red})) = 231.6 \text{ kNm}$

Effective depth of tension reinforcement  $d = 599 \text{ mm}$

Redistribution ratio  $\delta = 1 = 1.000$

$$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.031$$

$$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$$

**$K' > K$  - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm  $z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 569 \text{ mm}$

Depth of neutral axis  $x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 75 \text{ mm}$

Area of tension reinforcement required  $A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 936 \text{ mm}^2$

Tension reinforcement provided  $10 \times 16\phi$

Area of tension reinforcement provided  $A_{s,prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N  $A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 612 \text{ mm}^2$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)  $A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 16900 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

**Crack control - Section 7.3**

Maximum crack width  $w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)  $E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength  $f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Stress distribution coefficient  $k_c = 0.4$

Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient  $k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$

Actual tension bar spacing  $S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} = 60.9 \text{ mm}$

Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N  $\sigma_s = 351 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio  $\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$

Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam  $y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 319 \text{ mm}$

Area of concrete in the tensile zone  $A_{ct} = b \times y = 207113 \text{ mm}^2$

Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1  $A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 538 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment  $M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_pos\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z1\_neg\_quasi})) = 151.3 \text{ kNm}$

Permanent load ratio  $R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.65$

Service stress in reinforcement  $\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 132 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N  $S_{bar,max} = 300 \text{ mm}$


**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

**Minimum bar spacing (Section 8.2)**

Top bar spacing  $S_{top} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} - 1) = 44.9 \text{ mm}$

Minimum allowable top bar spacing  $S_{top,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_t\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20 \text{ mm}) = 25.0 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

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Bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} - 1) = 82.8 \text{ mm}$

Minimum allowable bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20\text{mm}) = 25.0 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

**Zone 2 (1200 mm - 6800 mm) Positive moment - section 6.1**

Design bending moment  $M = \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_max\_red}) = 926.5 \text{ kNm}$

Effective depth of tension reinforcement  $d = 570 \text{ mm}$

Redistribution ratio  $\delta = \min(M_{pos\_red\_z2} / M_{pos\_z2}, 1) = 1.000$

$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.137$

$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$

**$K' > K$  - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm  $z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 489 \text{ mm}$

Depth of neutral axis  $x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 201 \text{ mm}$

Area of tension reinforcement required  $A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 4356 \text{ mm}^2$

Tension reinforcement provided Layer 1 - 6  $\times$  25 $\phi$ , Spacing - 25mm, Layer 2 - 6  $\times$  25 $\phi$

Area of tension reinforcement provided  $A_{s,prov} = 5890 \text{ mm}^2$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N  $A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 582 \text{ mm}^2$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)  $A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 16900 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

**Crack control - Section 7.3**

Maximum crack width  $w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)  $E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength  $f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Stress distribution coefficient  $k_c = 0.4$

Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient  $k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$

Actual tension bar spacing  $S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z2\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1})) / ((N_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} + N_{m1\_s1\_z1\_b\_L1}) - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z2\_b\_L1} = 107.8 \text{ mm}$

Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N  $\sigma_s = 314 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio  $\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$

Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam  $y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 309 \text{ mm}$

Area of concrete in the tensile zone  $A_{ct} = b \times y = 200898 \text{ mm}^2$

Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1  $A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 585 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment  $M_{QP} = \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_pos\_quasi}) = 605.2 \text{ kNm}$

Permanent load ratio  $R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.65$

Service stress in reinforcement  $\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 210 \text{ N/mm}^2$


Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N  $S_{bar,max} = 237.5 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

**Deflection control - Section 7.4**

Reference reinforcement ratio  $\rho_{m0} = (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} / 1000 = 0.00566$

Required tension reinforcement ratio  $\rho_m = A_{s,req} / (b \times d) = 0.01177$

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Required compression reinforcement ratio  $\rho'_m = A_{s2,req} / (b \times d) = \mathbf{0.00000}$   
Structural system factor - Table 7.4N  $K_b = \mathbf{1.0}$   
Basic allowable span to depth ratio  $span\_to\_depth_{basic} = K_b \times [11 + 1.5 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times \rho_{m0} / (\rho_m - \rho'_m) + (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} \times (\rho'_m / \rho_{m0})^{0.5} / 12] = \mathbf{15.079}$   
Reinforcement factor - exp.7.17  $K_s = \min(A_{s,prov} / A_{s,req} \times 500 \text{ N/mm}^2 / f_{yk}, 1.5) = \mathbf{1.352}$   
Flange width factor  $F1 = 1 = \mathbf{1.000}$   
Long span supporting brittle partition factor  $F2 = 1 = \mathbf{1.000}$   
Allowable span to depth ratio  $span\_to\_depth_{allow} = \min(span\_to\_depth_{basic} \times K_s \times F1 \times F2, 40 \times K_b) = \mathbf{20.389}$   
Actual span to depth ratio  $span\_to\_depth_{actual} = L_{m1_s1} / d = \mathbf{14.047}$   
**PASS - Actual span to depth ratio is within the allowable limit**

### Minimum bar spacing (Section 8.2)

Top bar spacing  $Stop = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom_s} + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_v}) + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_tL1} \times N_{m1_s1_z2_tL1})) / (N_{m1_s1_z2_tL1} - 1) = \mathbf{44.9 \text{ mm}}$   
Minimum allowable top bar spacing  $Stop_{min} = \max(\phi_{m1_s1_z2_tL1} \times K_{s1}, h_{agg} + K_{s2}, 20\text{mm}) = \mathbf{25.0 \text{ mm}}$   
**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**  
Bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom_s} + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_v}) + \phi_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} \times N_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} + \phi_{m1_s1_z1_bL1} \times N_{m1_s1_z1_bL1})) / ((N_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} + N_{m1_s1_z1_bL1}) - 1) = \mathbf{82.8 \text{ mm}}$   
Minimum allowable bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot,min} = \max(\phi_{m1_s1_z2_bL1} \times K_{s1}, h_{agg} + K_{s2}, 20\text{mm}) = \mathbf{25.0 \text{ mm}}$   
**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

### Zone 3 (6800 mm - 8000 mm) Positive moment - section 6.1

Design bending moment  $M = \text{abs}(M_{m1_s1_z3_{max\_red}}) = \mathbf{472.5 \text{ kNm}}$   
Effective depth of tension reinforcement  $d = \mathbf{595 \text{ mm}}$   
Redistribution ratio  $\delta = \min(M_{pos\_red\_z3} / M_{pos\_z3}, 1) = \mathbf{1.000}$   
 $K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = \mathbf{0.064}$   
 $K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = \mathbf{0.207}$   
 **$K' > K$  - No compression reinforcement is required**  
Lever arm  $z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = \mathbf{559 \text{ mm}}$   
Depth of neutral axis  $x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = \mathbf{90 \text{ mm}}$   
Area of tension reinforcement required  $A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = \mathbf{1945 \text{ mm}^2}$   
Tension reinforcement provided  $6 \times 25\phi$   
Area of tension reinforcement provided  $A_{s,prov} = \mathbf{2945 \text{ mm}^2}$   
Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N  $A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = \mathbf{608 \text{ mm}^2}$   
Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)  $A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = \mathbf{16900 \text{ mm}^2}$   
**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Maximum crack width  $w_k = \mathbf{0.3 \text{ mm}}$   
Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)  $E_s = \mathbf{200000 \text{ N/mm}^2}$   
Mean value of concrete tensile strength  $f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = \mathbf{3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2}$   
Stress distribution coefficient  $K_c = \mathbf{0.4}$   
Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient  $k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = \mathbf{0.76}$



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Actual tension bar spacing	$S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1})) / ((N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1}) = 107.8 \text{ mm}$
Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N	$\sigma_s = 314 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio	$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$
Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam	$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 316 \text{ mm}$
Area of concrete in the tensile zone	$A_{ct} = b \times y = 205352 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1	$A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 598 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment	$M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_neg\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z3\_pos\_quasi})) = 308.6 \text{ kNm}$
Permanent load ratio	$R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.65$
Service stress in reinforcement	$\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 188 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N	$S_{bar,max} = 265.5 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**


### Zone 3 (6000 mm - 8000 mm) Negative moment - section 6.1

Design bending moment	$M = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_max\_red}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z3\_min\_red})) = 231.6 \text{ kNm}$
Effective depth of tension reinforcement	$d = 599 \text{ mm}$
Redistribution ratio	$\delta = 1 = 1.000$
	$K = M / (b \times d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.031$
	$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - k_1) / (2 \times k_2)) = 0.207$
	<b><math>K' &gt; K</math> - No compression reinforcement is required</b>
Lever arm	$z = \min(0.5 \times d \times [1 + (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}], 0.95 \times d) = 569 \text{ mm}$
Depth of neutral axis	$x = 2 \times (d - z) / \lambda = 75 \text{ mm}$
Area of tension reinforcement required	$A_{s,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 936 \text{ mm}^2$
Tension reinforcement provided	$10 \times 16\phi$
Area of tension reinforcement provided	$A_{s,prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2$
Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N	$A_{s,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times b \times d = 612 \text{ mm}^2$
Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)	$A_{s,max} = 0.04 \times b \times h = 16900 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Maximum crack width	$w_k = 0.3 \text{ mm}$
Design value modulus of elasticity reinf - 3.2.7(4)	$E_s = 200000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of concrete tensile strength	$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Stress distribution coefficient	$k_c = 0.4$
Non-uniform self-equilibrating stress coefficient	$k = \min(\max(1 + (300 \text{ mm} - \min(h, b)) \times 0.35 / 500 \text{ mm}, 0.65), 1) = 0.76$
Actual tension bar spacing	$S_{bar} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1})) / ((N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} - 1) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1}) = 60.9 \text{ mm}$
Maximum stress permitted - Table 7.3N	$\sigma_s = 351 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Steel to concrete modulus of elast. ratio	$\alpha_{cr} = E_s / E_{cm} = 6.00$
Distance of the Elastic NA from bottom of beam	$y = (b \times h^2 / 2 + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1) \times (h - d)) / (b \times h + A_{s,prov} \times (\alpha_{cr} - 1)) = 319 \text{ mm}$
Area of concrete in the tensile zone	$A_{ct} = b \times y = 207113 \text{ mm}^2$

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Minimum area of reinforcement required - exp.7.1  $A_{sc,min} = k_c \times k \times f_{ct,eff} \times A_{ct} / \sigma_s = 538 \text{ mm}^2$

**PASS - Area of tension reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required for crack control**

Quasi-permanent moment  $M_{QP} = \max(\beta_1 \times \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z2\_pos\_quasi}), \text{abs}(M_{m1\_s1\_z3\_neg\_quasi})) = 151.3 \text{ kNm}$

Permanent load ratio  $R_{PL} = M_{QP} / M = 0.65$

Service stress in reinforcement  $\sigma_{sr} = f_{yd} \times A_{s,req} / A_{s,prov} \times R_{PL} = 132 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Maximum bar spacing - Tables 7.3N  $s_{bar,max} = 300 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Maximum bar spacing exceeds actual bar spacing for crack control**

### Minimum bar spacing (Section 8.2)

Top bar spacing  $Stop = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} - 1) = 44.9 \text{ mm}$

Minimum allowable top bar spacing  $Stop_{min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_t\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20 \text{ mm}) = 25.0 \text{ mm}$

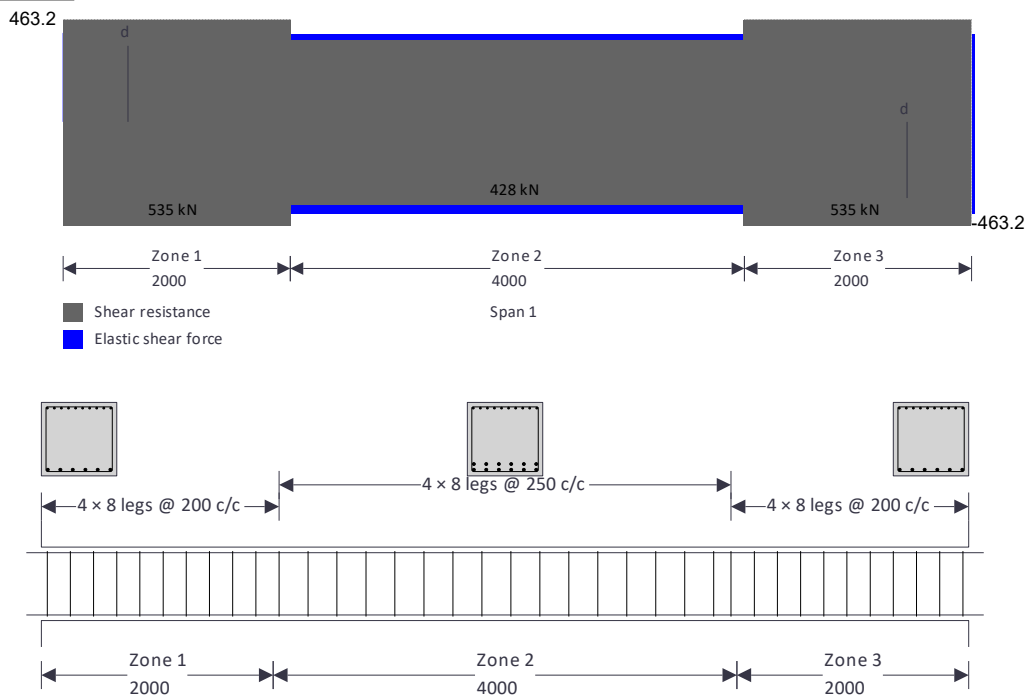
**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

Bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot} = (b - (2 \times (C_{nom\_s} + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_v}) + \phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} \times N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1})) / (N_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} - 1) = 82.8 \text{ mm}$

Minimum allowable bottom bar spacing  $S_{bot,min} = \max(\phi_{m1\_s1\_z3\_b\_L1} \times k_{s1}, h_{agg} + k_{s2}, 20 \text{ mm}) = 25.0 \text{ mm}$

**PASS - Actual bar spacing exceeds minimum allowable**

### Shear design



Angle of comp. shear strut for maximum shear  $\theta_{max} = 45 \text{ deg}$

Strength reduction factor - cl.6.2.3(3)  $v_1 = 0.6 \times (1 - f_{ck} / 250 \text{ N/mm}^2) = 0.523$

Compression chord coefficient - cl.6.2.3(3)  $\alpha_{cw} = 1.00$

Minimum area of shear reinforcement - exp.9.5N  $A_{sv,min} = 0.08 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times b \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.5} / f_{yk} = 588 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

### Zone 1 (0 mm - 2000 mm) shear - section 6.2

Design shear force at support  $V_{Ed,max} = \max(\text{abs}(V_{z1\_max}), \text{abs}(V_{z1\_red\_max})) = 463 \text{ kN}$

Min lever arm in shear zone  $z = 489 \text{ mm}$

Maximum design shear resistance - exp.6.9  $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \times b \times z \times v_1 \times f_{cw} / (\cot(\theta_{max}) + \tan(\theta_{max})) = 1774 \text{ kN}$

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Beam along GL 5

Loading

$$DL = 156.5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$LL = 42.5 \text{ kN/m}$$

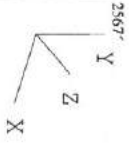
} Sheet L2 Exc  
Basement.

$$\text{Wall } DL = 0.2 \times 24 + 24 \times 10.2 = 58.7 \text{ kN/m}$$

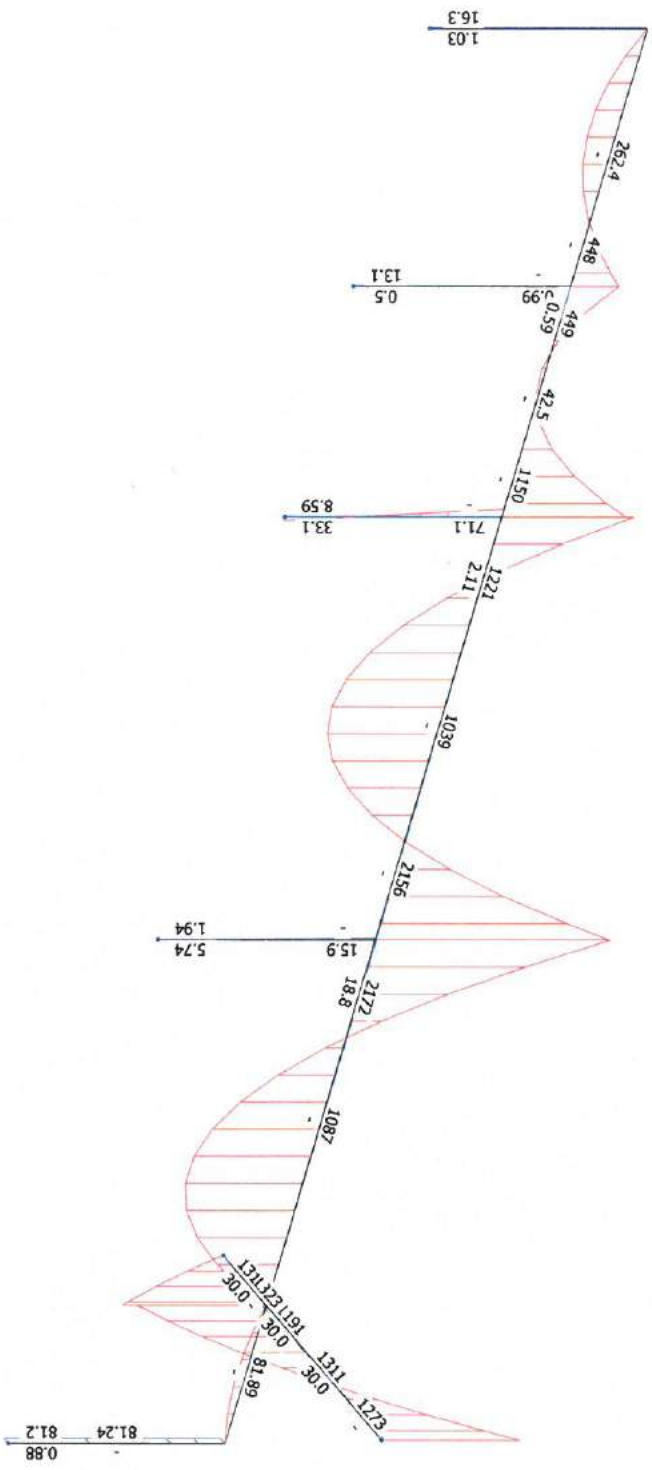
factored load ~

$$\text{Design for } DL = 215 \text{ kN/m}, LL = 45 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\text{factored load} = 215 \times 1.35 + 45 \times 1.5 = 357 \text{ kN/m}$$



B22



Load Case 001 : Dead plus Live b (Ultimate)

Bending Moment Diagram - (Full Frame) - 3D Front View

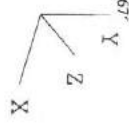
Bending Moment Values (kN.m)

Not to Scale

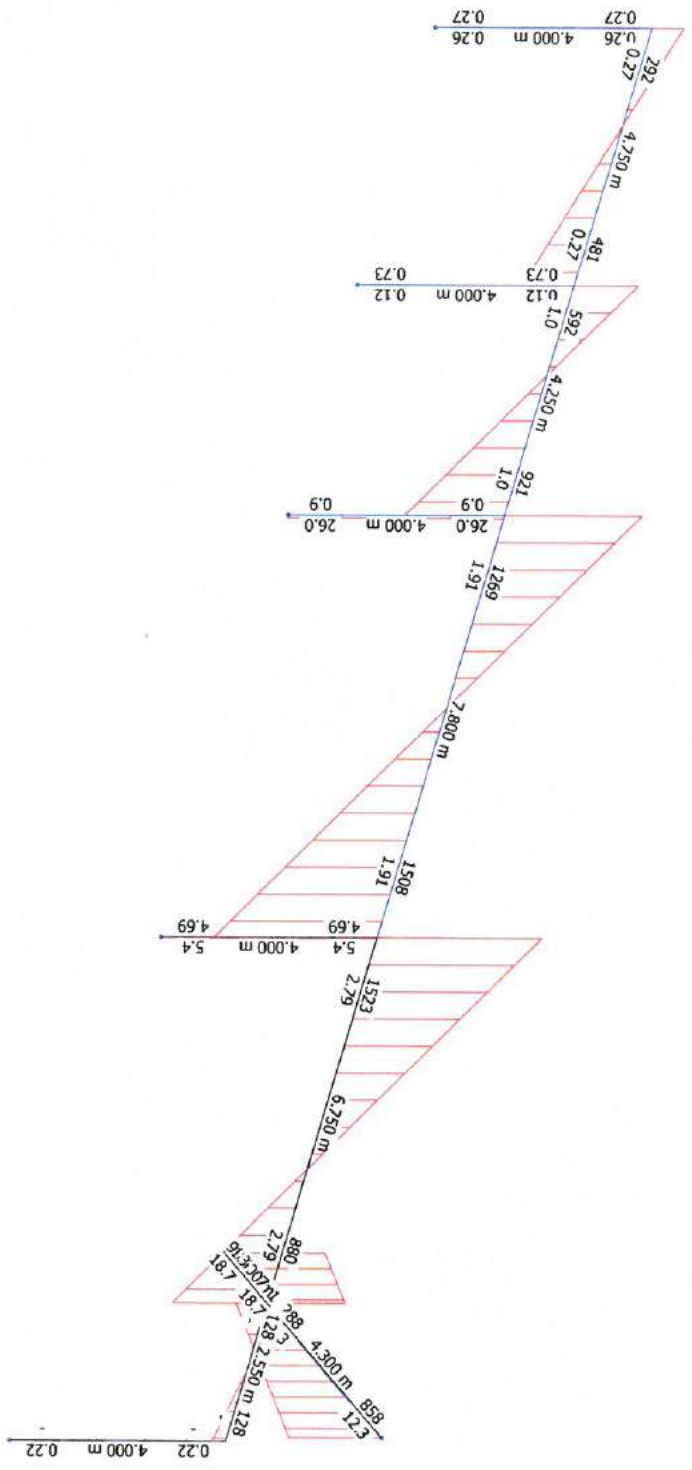
500 kN.m = 1m



2567



B23



Load Case 001 : Dead plus Live b (Ultimate)

Shear Force Diagram - (Full Frame) - 3D Front View

Shear Force Values (kN)

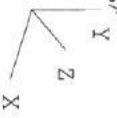
Not to Scale

500 kN = 1m

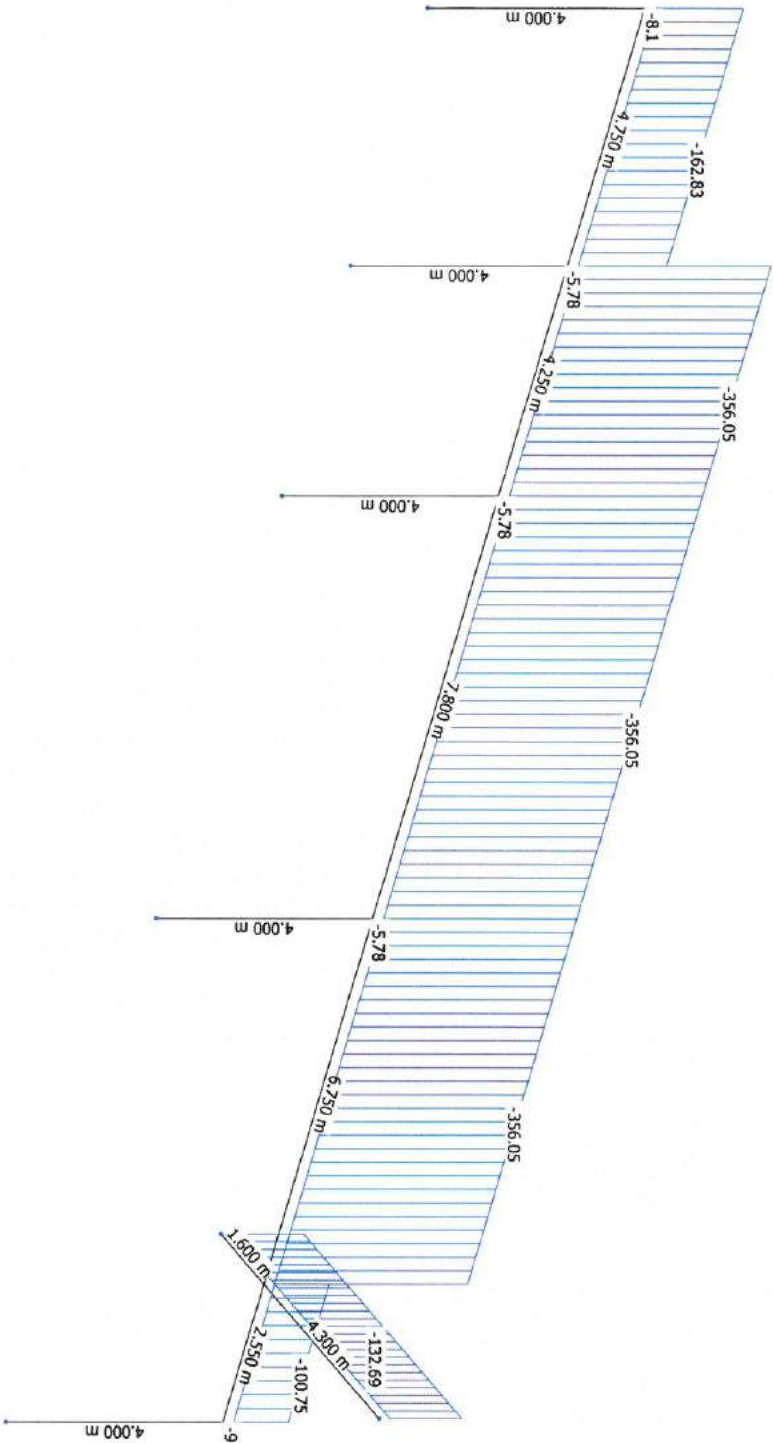
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Ref : Redington Gdns, / , Date : 05/09/2019

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B24



Load Diagram - Load Case 001 - All Groups - Y Loads - Including Automatic Selfweight (Density)  
Frame Geometry - (Full Frame) - 3D Front View

Not to Scale

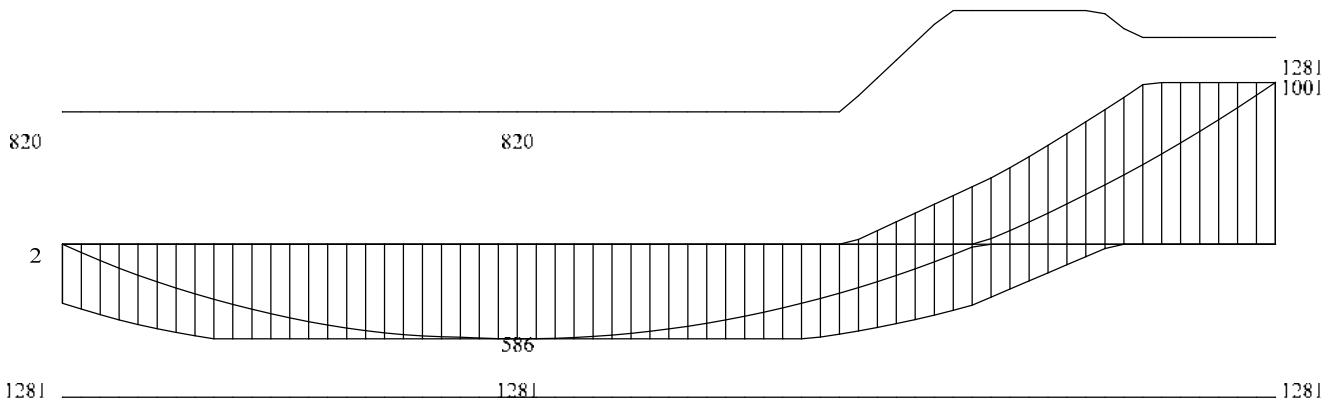
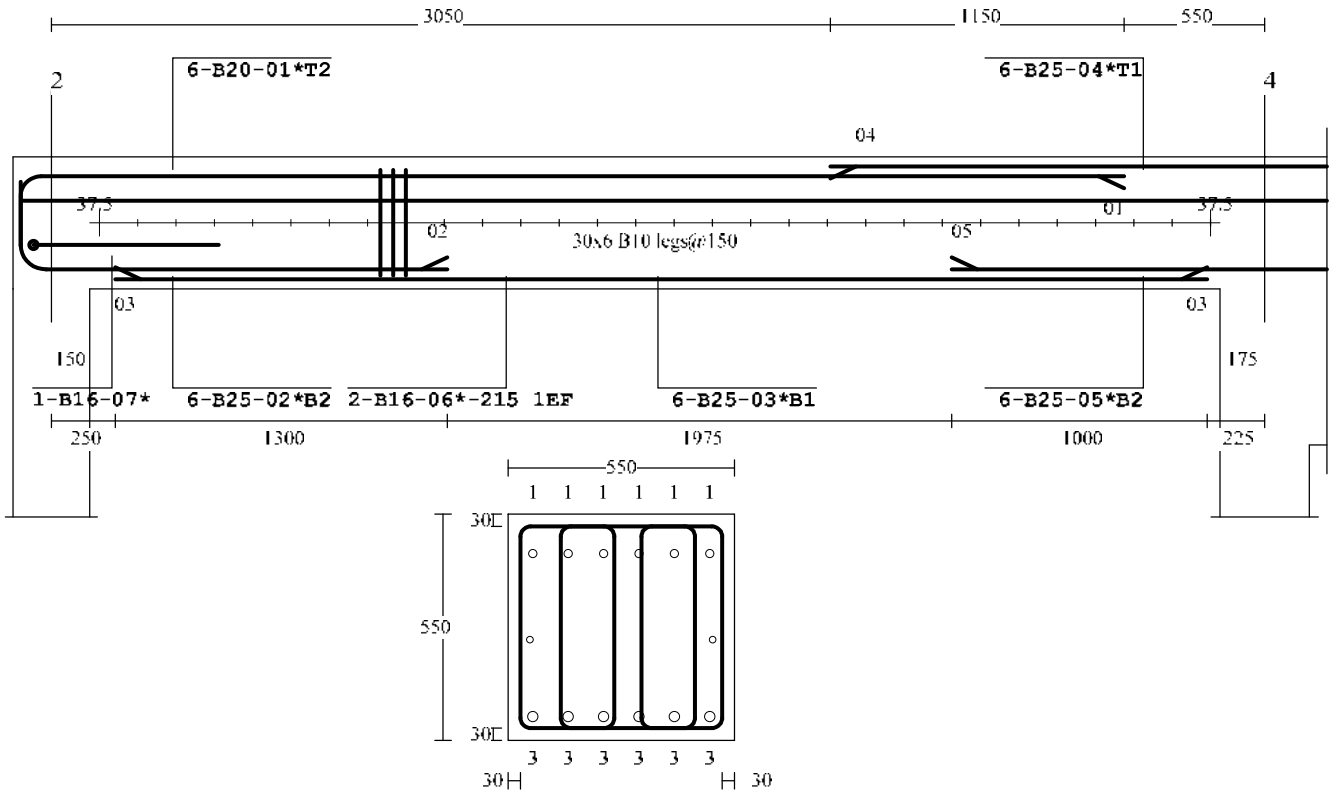
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 19 Jubilee Road, Newtownards  
 Co. Down, BT23 4YH  
 Tel: (028) 9181 5900

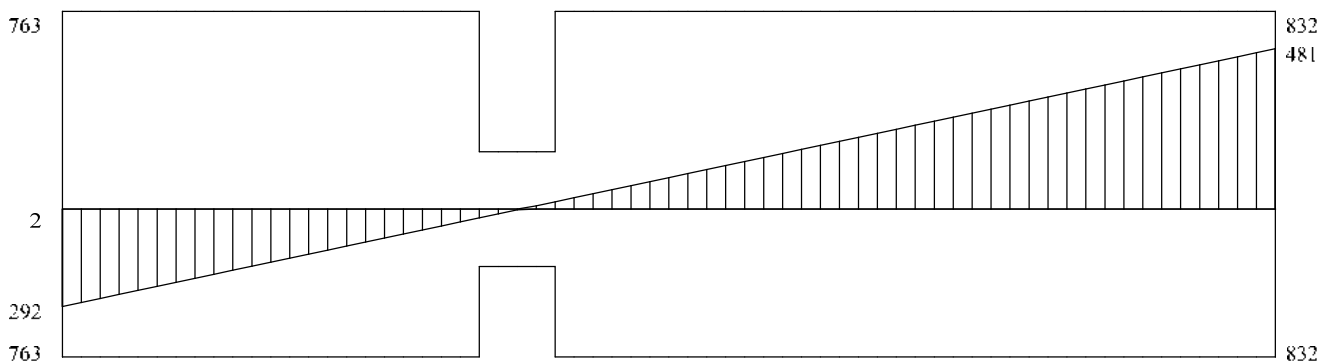
25676

Job Ref : Redington Gdns  
 Sheet : /  
 Made by :  
 Date : 09 May 2019 / Ver. 2018.15  
 Checked :  
 Approved :

**Member CBL1d 1 @ Level 1**



Tension Force Envelope (EC2 Fig 9.2)



Shear Force Envelope

\* Bar mark numbers are local and for guidance only. Do Not use with Bar Schedule

# Cranston Consulting

25676

**Sketrick House**  
**19 Jubilee Road, Newtownards**  
**Co. Down, BT23 4YH**  
**Tel: (028) 9181 5900**

**Job Ref : Redington Gdns**  
**Sheet : /**  
**Made by :**  
**Date : 09 May 2019 / Ver. 2018.15**  
**Checked :**  
**Approved :**

## Member CBL1Id 1

### Basic Data

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
 $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, S_v \text{ crit}$  500, 0.1

### Torsional Design

$A_k = F_n(A, u, B, H, C, V_{tmax}, t)$  302500, 2200, 550, 550, 53, 105.00 198025 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $T_{Rd,c} = f_{ctd} \cdot t \cdot 2 \cdot A_k$  1.41 \cdot 105.00 \cdot 2 \cdot 198025 58.7 kN.m  
 $T_{Rd,max} = 2 \cdot v \cdot \alpha_{tw} \cdot f_{ctd} \cdot A_k \cdot t \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$  2 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 18.13 \cdot 198025 \cdot 105.0 \cdot 0.89 \cdot 0.45 157.8 kN.m  
 Unity  $T_{Ed} / T_{Rd,c} + V_{Ed} / V_{Rd,c}$  15.18/58.68 + 481.10/172.21 3.05 Design Torsion  
 $A_{st} = T_{Ed} / A_k / 2 \cdot \cot \theta + u_k / (F_{yk} / \gamma_s)$  15.18 / 198025 / 2 \cdot 2.00 \cdot 1780 / (500 / 1.15) 313.8 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{s,prov} = A_{st} / (No_{hor} + No_{ver}) / 2$  313.8 / (3 + 1) / 2 39.2 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{st} \text{ deduction T+B} = A_s \cdot No_{hor}$  39.2 \cdot 3 117.7 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $q = T / A_k / 2$  15.2 / 198025/2 38.3 N/mm  
 $A_s / S_v \text{ reduction} = (q \cdot \gamma_s) / (\cot \theta \cdot F_{yk}) \cdot 2$  (38.3 \cdot 1.15) / (2.00 \cdot 500) \cdot 2 0.088 mm  
 $A_{sprov}$  min(1885, 2945, 2945, 2945, 2945) 1885 OK

## Bending Moments

### In-Span Steel @ 1781 mm. Sagging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming d = 496, d' = 54 top 118, bottom 1408 mm<sup>2</sup>

### Right Support Steel Hogging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming d = 496, d' = 54 top 2432, bottom 118 mm<sup>2</sup>

## Shear

### Max Shear

$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{ctd}$  0.5 \cdot 550 \cdot 456.5 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18 1191.0 kN  
 $V_{Ed,max}$  444.8 kN OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 151 mm

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K_1, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.662, 2828, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 456.5 165.4 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.42 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 456.5 106.5 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$  267.7 / Max(165.4, 106.5) 1.618 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot \cot \theta$  458 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 410.85 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 1253.9 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{tw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 410.85 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 763.0 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$  267.7 / Min(1253.9, 763.0) 0.351 OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 4574 mm

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K_1, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.634, 2828, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 497.5 172.2 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.41 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 497.5 113.2 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$  452.5 / Max(172.2, 113.2) 2.628 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot \cot \theta$  458 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 447.75 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 1366.5 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{tw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 447.75 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 831.5 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$  452.5 / Min(1366.5, 831.5) 0.544 OK



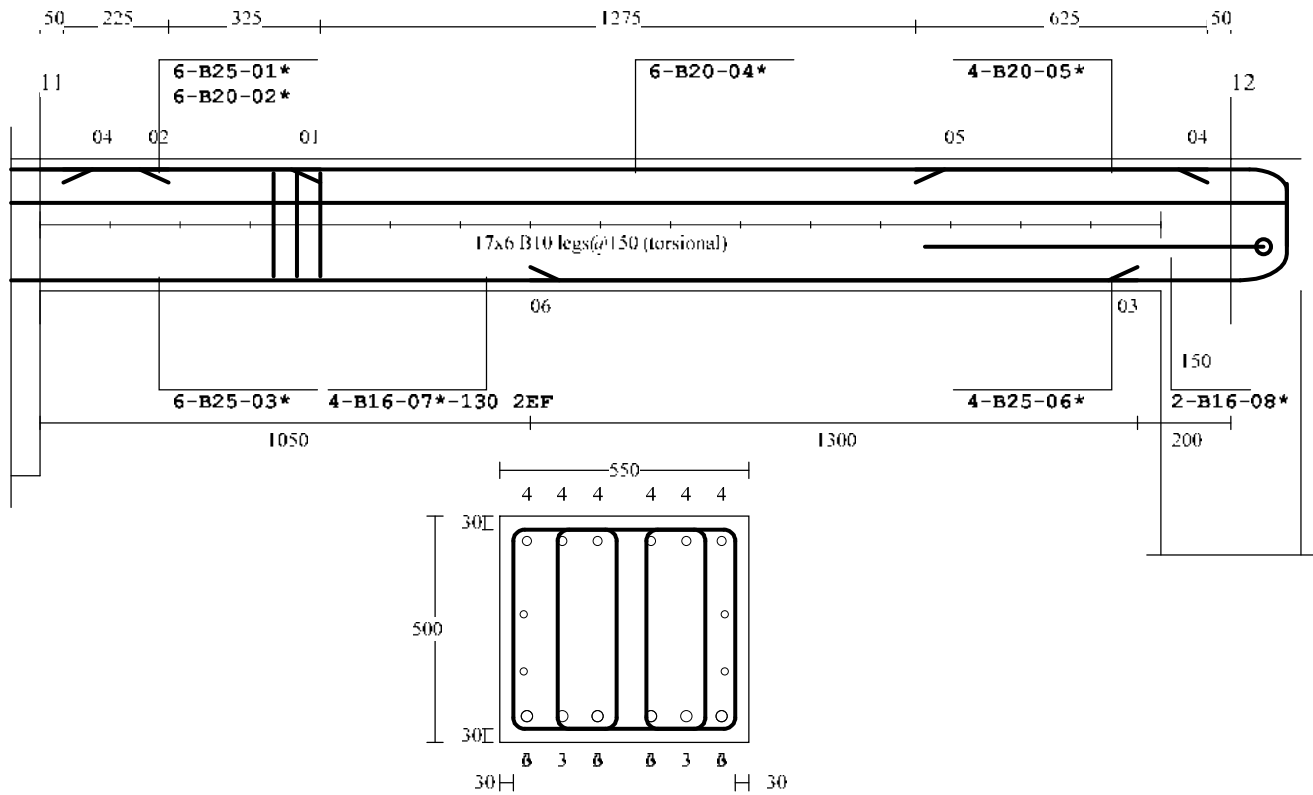
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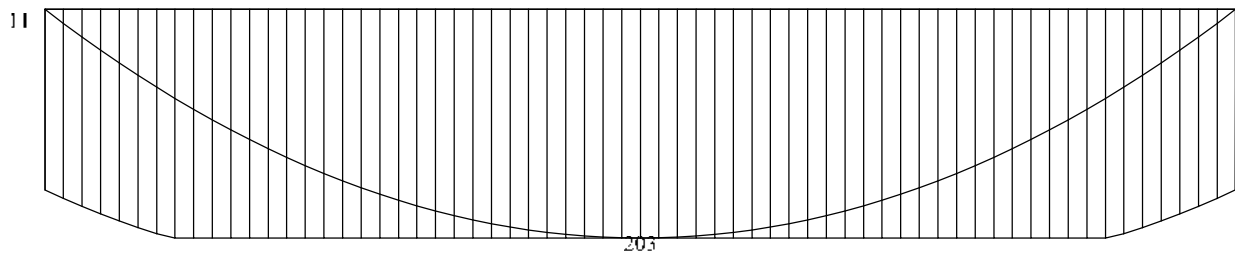
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**Member CBL1Id 10 @ Level 1**

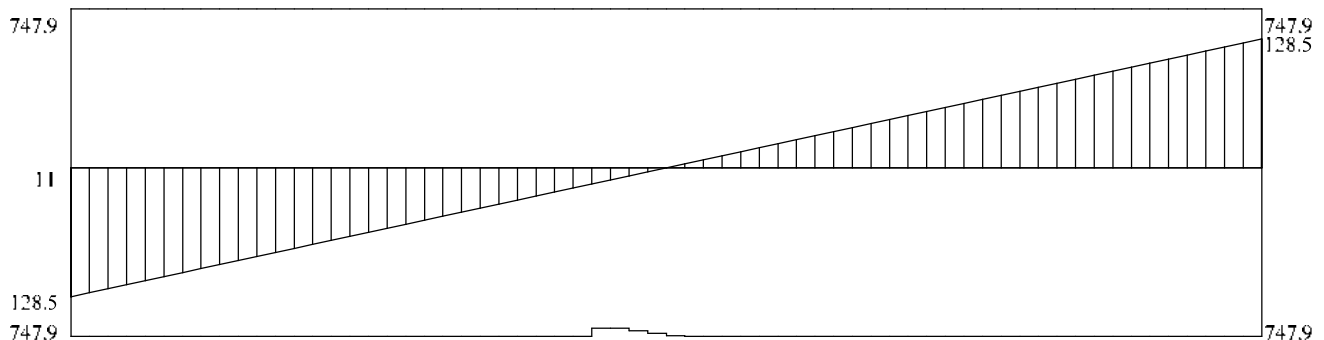


1235 820 546



1281 1601 854

**Tension Force Envelope (EC2 Fig 9.2)**



**Shear Force Envelope**

\* Bar mark numbers are local and for guidance only. Do Not use with Bar Schedule

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## Member CBL1Id 10

### Basic Data

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
 $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, S_v \text{ crit}$  500, 0.1

### Torsional Design

$A_k = F_n(A_s, u, B, H, C_{v_{\text{max}}}, t)$  275000, 2100, 550, 500, 53, 105.00 175775 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $T_{rd,c} = f_{ctd} \cdot t \cdot 2 \cdot A_k$  1.41 \cdot 105.00 \cdot 2 \cdot 175775 52.1 kN.m  
 $T_{rd,max} = 2 \cdot v \cdot \sigma_{ctw} \cdot f_{ctd} \cdot A_k \cdot t \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$  2 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 18.13 \cdot 175775 \cdot 105.0 \cdot 0.89 \cdot 0.45 140.1 kN.m  
 Unity  $T_{rd} / T_{rd,c} + V_{rd} / V_{rd,c}$  81.24/52.09 + 128.46/167.34 2.33 Design Torsion  
 $A_{st} = T_{rd} / A_k / 2 \cdot \cot \theta + u_k / (F_{yk} / \gamma_s)$  81.24 / 175775 / 2 \cdot 2.00 \cdot 1680 / (500 / 1.15) 1785.9 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{s \text{ prov}} = A_{st} / (N_{o, \text{floor}} + N_{o, \text{ceiling}}) / 2$  1785.9 / (3 - 1) / 2 223.2 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{st} \text{ deduction T+B} = A_{s \text{ prov}} \cdot N_{o, \text{floor}}$  223.2 \cdot 3 669.7 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $q = T / A_k / 2$  81.2 / 175775 / 2 231.1 N/mm  
 $A_{s} / S_v \text{ reduction} = (q \cdot \gamma_s) / (\cot \theta \cdot F_{yk}) \cdot 2$  (231.1 \cdot 1.15) / (2.00 \cdot 500) \cdot 2 0.532 mm  
 $A_{s \text{ prov}}$  min(4830, 2945, 1885, 1257, 1963) 1257 OK  
 $A_{sv} / S_v \text{ prov (2 external legs only)}$  min(1.05) 1.05 OK

## Bending Moments

### In-Span Steel @ 1275 mm. Sagging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 446$ ,  $d' = 54$  top 670, bottom 1101 mm<sup>2</sup>

## Shear

### Max Shear

$V_{rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{ctd}$  0.5 \cdot 550 \cdot 447.5 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18 1167.5 kN  
 $V_{Ed,max}$  128.5 kN OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 1 mm

$V_{rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rd,c}, K_1, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.669, 2276, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 447.5 152.4 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.43 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 447.5 105.0 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{rd,c,a}, V_{rd,c,b})$  128.3 / Max(152.4, 105.0) 0.842 no links req  
 $V_{rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{wk} \cdot \cot \theta$  391 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 402.75 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 1050.6 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{rd,max} = \sigma_{ctw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 402.75 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 747.9 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{rd,s}, V_{rd,max})$  128.3 / Min(1050.6, 747.9) 0.172 OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 2399 mm

$V_{rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rd,c}, K_1, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.669, 1294, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 447.5 126.3 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.43 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 447.5 104.9 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{rd,c,a}, V_{rd,c,b})$  113.3 / Max(126.3, 104.9) 0.897 no links req  
 $V_{rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{wk} \cdot \cot \theta$  391 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 402.75 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 1050.6 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{rd,max} = \sigma_{ctw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 402.75 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 747.9 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{rd,s}, V_{rd,max})$  113.3 / Min(1050.6, 747.9) 0.151 OK

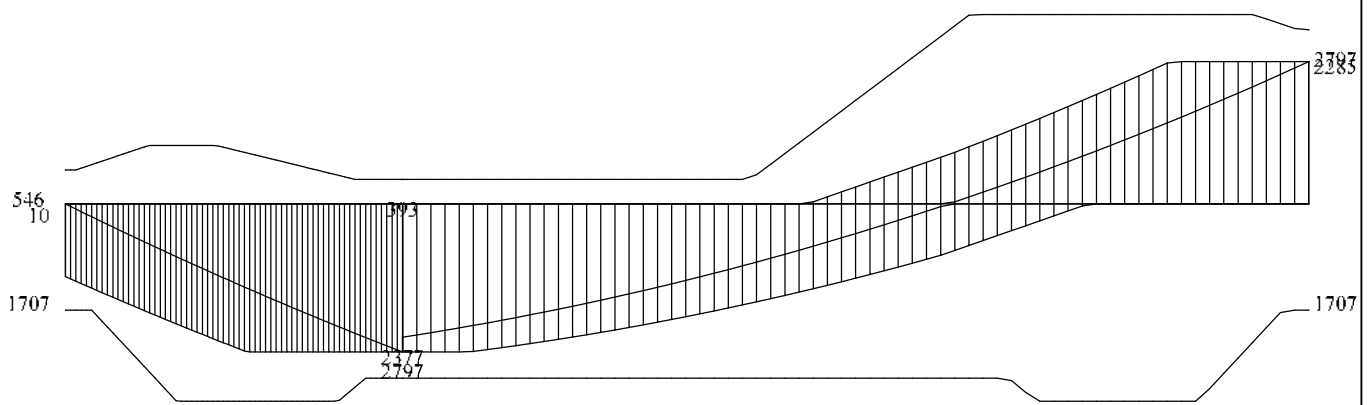
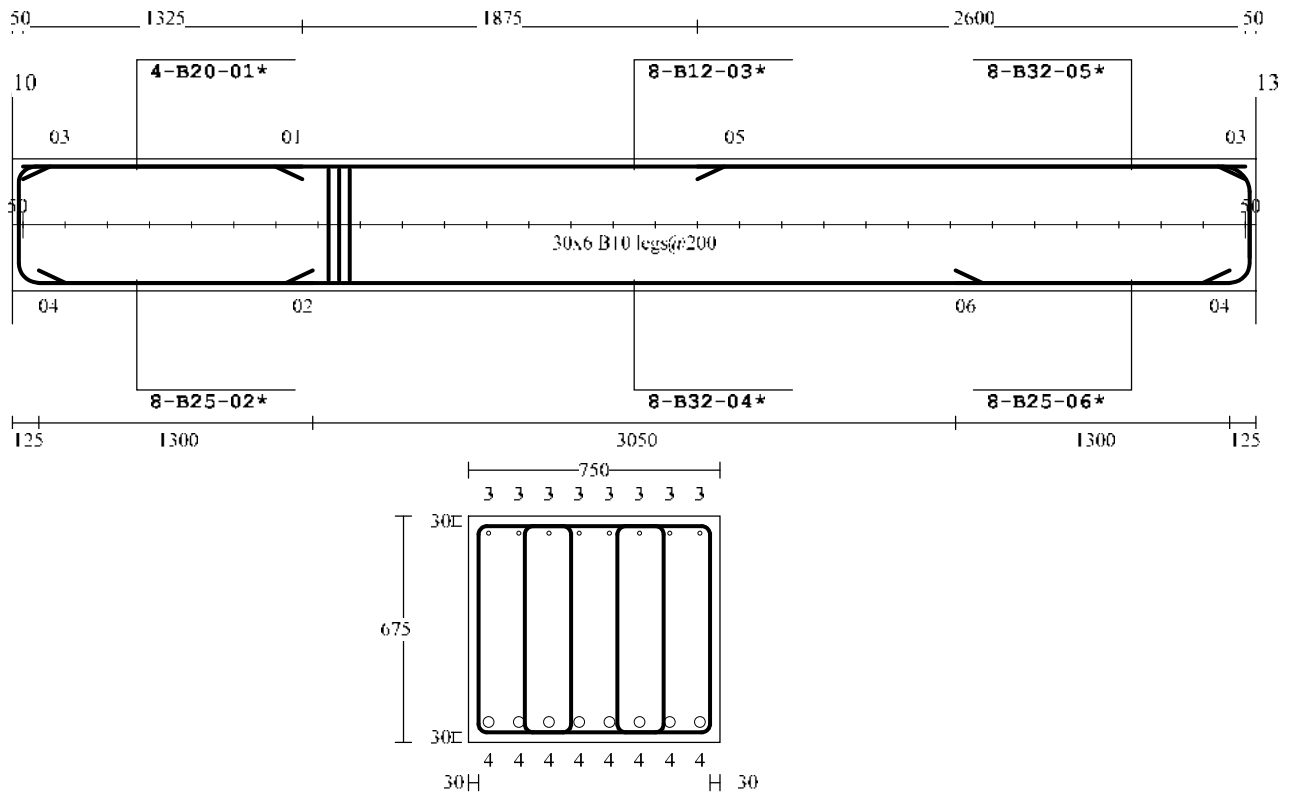
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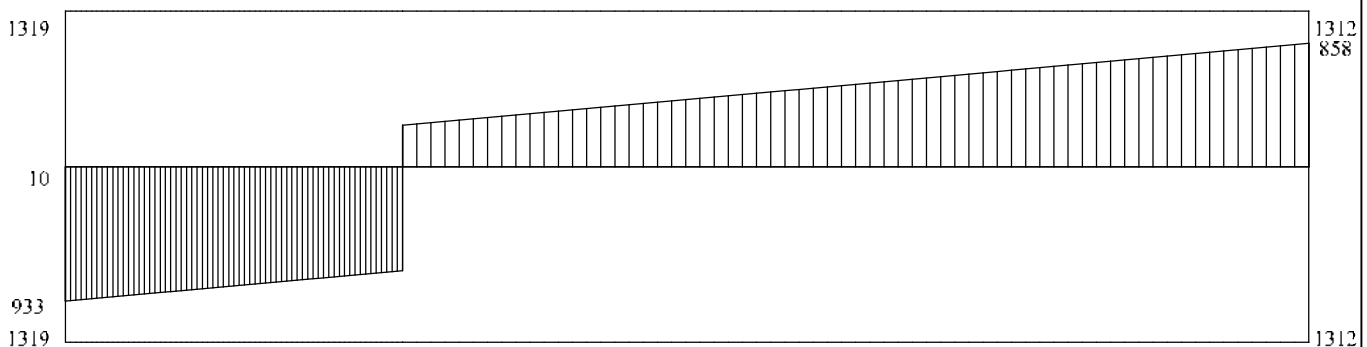
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Tension Force Envelope (EC2 Fig 9.2)



Shear Force Envelope

\* Bar mark numbers are local and for guidance only. Do Not use with Bar Schedule

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**Member CBL1Id 11****Basic Data**

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
 $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, S_v$  crit 500, 0.1

**Minor Axis Moments**

$M_y$  max = 30.5 kN.m Minor axis moments ignored by user

**Bending Moments****In-Span Steel @ 1599 mm. Sagging**

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 621$ ,  $d' = 54$  bottom 5757 mm<sup>2</sup>

**Right Support Steel Hogging**

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 621$ ,  $d' = 54$  top 5492

**Shear****Max Shear**

$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{cd}$   $0.5 \cdot 750 \cdot 619.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$  2202.3 kN  
 $V_{Ed,max}$  933.1 kN OK

**Nominal Shear Zone at 1 mm**

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.567, 3927, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 750, 622.5 263.1 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$   $(0.39 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 750.0 \cdot 622.5$  181.3 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$   $932.9 / \max(263.1, 181.3)$  3.546 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot C_{otQ}$   $471 \cdot 200.0 \cdot 560.25 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5$  1319.4 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{cd} / (\cot Q + \tan Q)$   $1 \cdot 750 \cdot 560.25 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4)$  1418.8 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$   $932.9 / \min(1319.4, 1418.8)$  0.707 OK

**Nominal Shear Zone at 5899 mm**

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.568, 6434, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 750, 619.0 309.3 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$   $(0.39 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 750.0 \cdot 619.0$  180.5 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$   $858.3 / \max(309.3, 180.5)$  2.775 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot C_{otQ}$   $471 \cdot 200.0 \cdot 557.1 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5$  1312.0 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{cd} / (\cot Q + \tan Q)$   $1 \cdot 750 \cdot 557.1 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4)$  1410.8 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$   $858.3 / \min(1312.0, 1410.8)$  0.654 OK



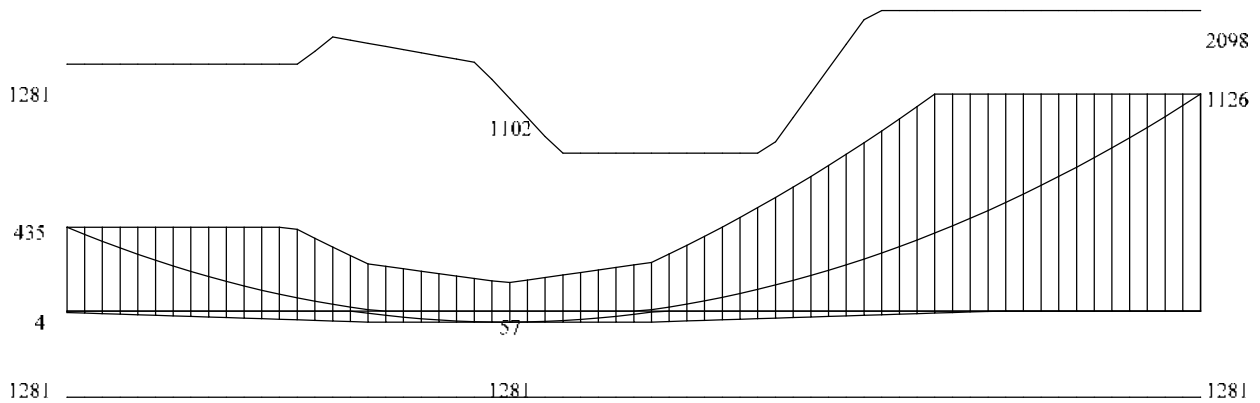
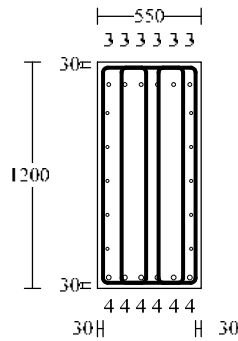
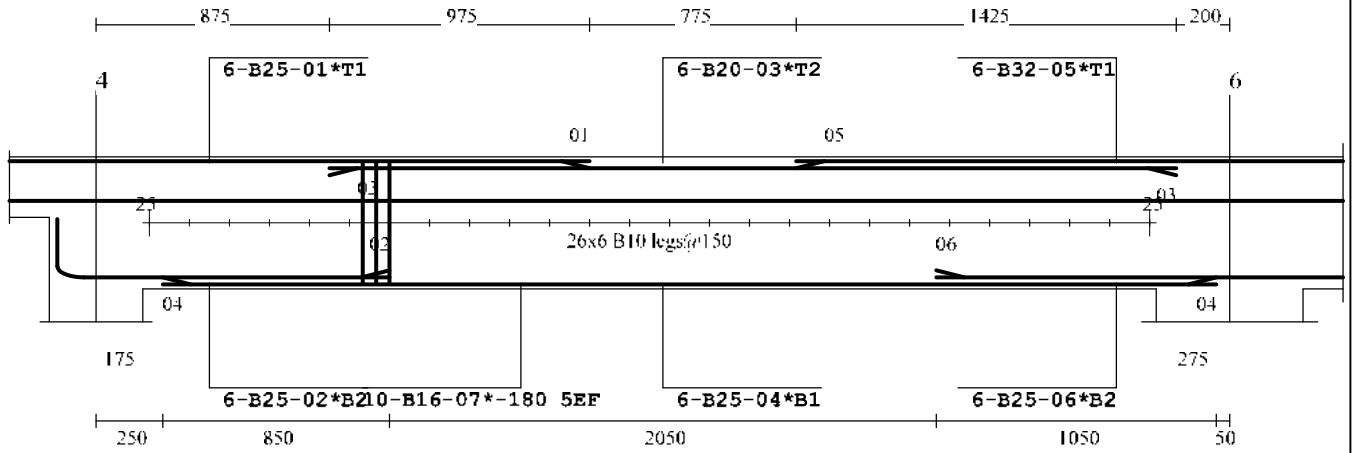
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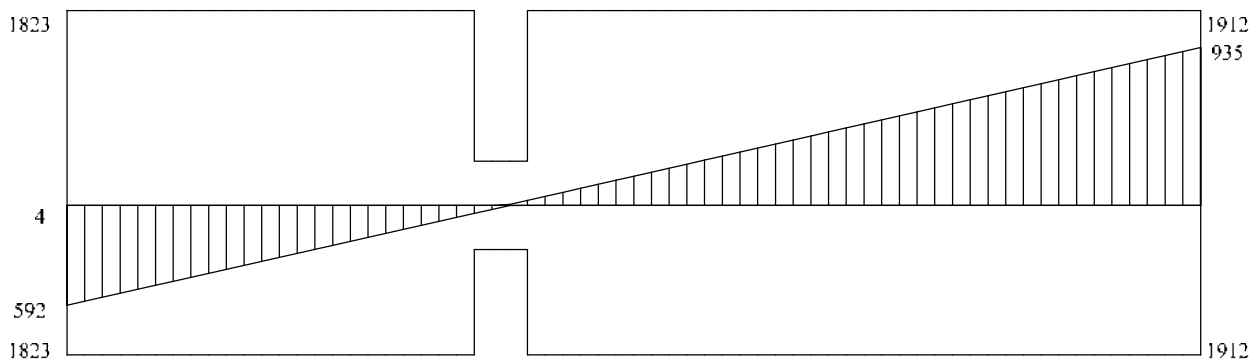
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Tension Force Envelope (EC2 Fig 9.2)



Shear Force Envelope

\* Bar mark numbers are local and for guidance only. Do Not use with Bar Schedule

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## Member CBL1Id 2

### Basic Data

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
 $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, S_v$  crit 500, 0.1

### Minor Axis Moments

$M_y$  max = 3.7 kN.m Minor axis moments ignored by user

### Torsional Design

$A_k = F_n(A, u, B, H, C, v_{limax}, t)$	660000, 3500, 550, 1200, 56, 112.00	476544 mm <sup>2</sup>	
$T_{Rd,c} = f_{ctd} \cdot t \cdot 2 \cdot A_k$	$1.41 \cdot 112.00 \cdot 2 \cdot 476544$	150.6 kN.m	
$T_{Rd,max} = 2 \cdot v \cdot \alpha_{cw} \cdot f_{ctd} \cdot A_k \cdot t \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$	$2 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 18.13 \cdot 476544 \cdot 112.0 \cdot 0.89 \cdot 0.45$	405.1 kN.m	
Unity $T_{Rd,c} / T_{Rd,c} + V_{Ed} / V_{Rd,c}$	$25.35 / 150.63 + 935.02 / 261.54$	3.74	Design Torsion
$A_{sl} = T_{Ed} / A_k / 2 \cdot \cot \theta + u_k / (F_{ywk} / \gamma_s)$	$25.35 / 476544 / 2 \cdot 2.00 \cdot 3052 / (500 / 1.15)$	373.4 mm <sup>2</sup>	
$A_{s,prov} = A_{sl} / (N_{o,tlor} + N_{o,vor}) / 2$	$373.4 / (3 + 3) / 2$	31.1 mm <sup>2</sup>	
$A_{s,deduction} T+B = A_s \cdot N_{o,tlor}$	$31.1 \cdot 3$	93.4 mm <sup>2</sup>	
$q = T / A_k / 2$	$25.3 / 476544 / 2$	26.6 N/mm	
$A_s / S_v$ reduction = $(q \cdot \gamma_s) / (\cot \theta \cdot F_{ywk}) \cdot 2$	$(26.6 \cdot 1.15) / (2.00 \cdot 500) \cdot 2$	0.061 mm	
$A_{s,prov}$	min(2945, 2945, 1885, 2945, 4825, 2945)	1885	OK

## Bending Moments

### Left Support Steel Hogging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 1146, d' = 54$  top 1011, bottom 93 mm<sup>2</sup>

### In-Span Steel @ 1660 mm. Sagging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 1146, d' = 54$  top 93, bottom 211 mm<sup>2</sup>

### Right Support Steel Hogging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 1146, d' = 54$  top 2534, bottom 93 mm<sup>2</sup>

## Shear

### Max Shear

$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{ctd}$	$0.5 \cdot 550 \cdot 1144.0 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18$	2984.7 kN	
$V_{Ed,max}$		815.9 kN	OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 176 mm

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$	0.12, 1.428, 2852, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 1090.5	254.7 kN	(6.2.a)
$V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$	$(0.34 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 1090.5$	202.7 kN	(6.2.b)
$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$529.0 / \max(254.7, 202.7)$	2.077	Links Req
$V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{ywk} \cdot \cot \theta$	$462 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 981.45 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5$	3021.7 kN	(6.8)
$V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$	$1 \cdot 550 \cdot 981.45 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4)$	1822.7 kN	(6.9)
$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$	$529.0 / \min(3021.7, 1822.7)$	0.29	OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 3974 mm

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$	0.12, 1.419, 4949, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 1141.5	313.4 kN	(6.2.a)
$V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$	$(0.33 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 1141.5$	210.0 kN	(6.2.b)
$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$836.1 / \max(313.4, 210.0)$	2.668	Links Req
$V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{ywk} \cdot \cot \theta$	$462 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 1027.35 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5$	3163.0 kN	(6.8)
$V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$	$1 \cdot 550 \cdot 1027.35 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4)$	1907.9 kN	(6.9)
$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$	$836.1 / \min(3163.0, 1907.9)$	0.438	OK

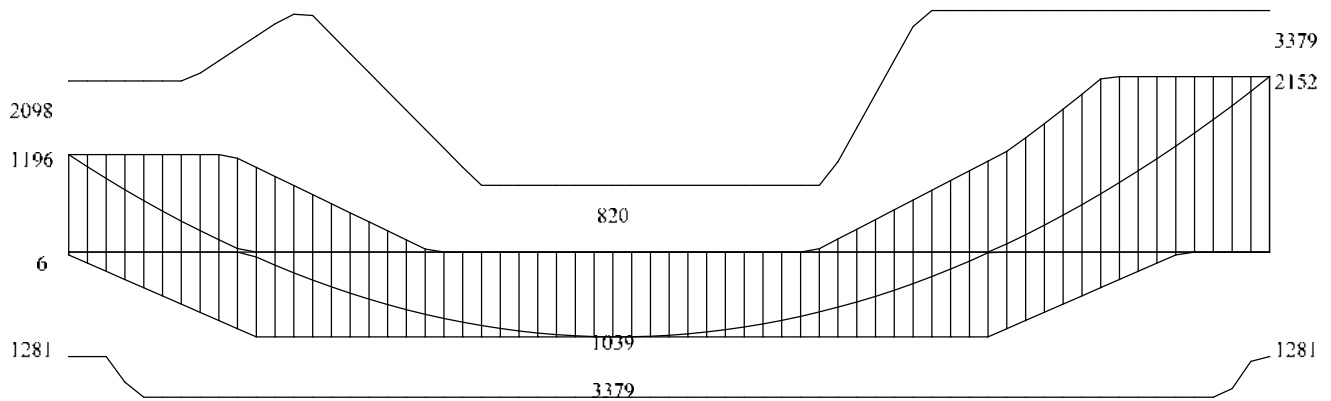
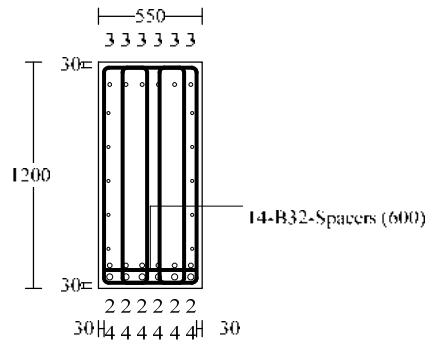
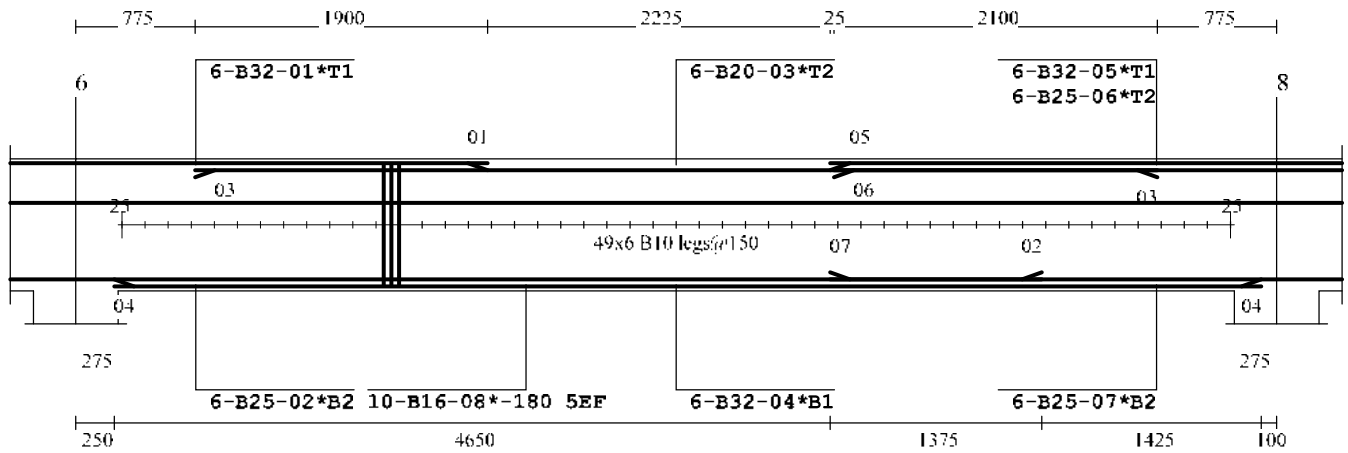
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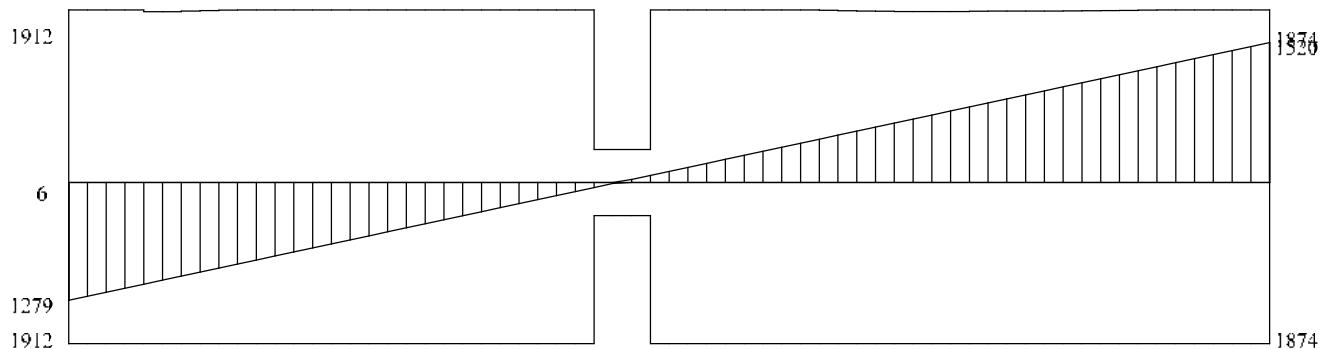
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Tension Force Envelope (EC2 Fig 9.2)



Shear Force Envelope

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## Member CBL1Id 3

### Basic Data

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
 $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, S_v$  crit 500, 0.1

### Minor Axis Moments

$M_y$  max = 17.0 kN.m Minor axis moments ignored by user

### Torsional Design

$A_k = F_n(A, u, B, H, C, v_{tmax}, t)$  660000, 3500, 550, 1200, 56, 112.00 476544 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $T_{Rd,c} = f_{ctd} \cdot t \cdot 2 \cdot A_k$  1.41 \cdot 112.00 \cdot 2 \cdot 476544 150.6 kN.m  
 $T_{Rd,max} = 2 \cdot v \cdot \alpha_{cw} \cdot f_{ctd} \cdot A_k \cdot t \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$  2 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 18.13 \cdot 476544 \cdot 112.0 \cdot 0.89 \cdot 0.45 405.1 kN.m  
 Unity  $T_{Rd,c} / T_{Rd,c} + V_{Ed} / V_{Rd,c}$  30.32 / 150.63 + 1520.21 / 359.17 4.43 Design Torsion  
 $A_{sl} = T_{Ed} / A_k / 2 \cdot \cot \theta \cdot u_k / (F_{yk} / \gamma_s)$  30.32 / 476544 / 2 \cdot 2.00 \cdot 3052 / (500 / 1.15) 446.7 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{s,prov} = A_{sl} / (N_{0,tlor} + N_{0,vor}) / 2$  446.7 / (3 + 3) / 2 37.2 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{sl}$  deduction  $T+B = A_s \cdot N_{0,tlor}$  37.2 \cdot 3 111.7 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $q = T / A_k / 2$  30.3 / 476544 / 2 31.8 N/mm  
 $A_s / S_v$  reduction  $= (q \cdot \gamma_s) / (\cot \theta \cdot F_{yk}) \cdot 2$  (31.8 \cdot 1.15) / (2.00 \cdot 500) \cdot 2 0.073 mm  
 $A_{sprov}$  min(4825, 2945, 1885, 4825, 7771, 2945) 1885 OK

## Bending Moments

### Left Support Steel Hogging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 1146, d' = 54$  top 2711, bottom 112 mm<sup>2</sup>

### In-Span Steel @ 3534 mm. Sagging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 1146, d' = 54$  top 112, bottom 2307 mm<sup>2</sup>

### Right Support Steel Hogging

$A_s$  Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming  $d = 1146, d' = 54$  top 4907, bottom 112 mm<sup>2</sup>

## Shear

### Max Shear

$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{ctd}$  0.5 \cdot 550 \cdot 1121.1 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18 2924.9 kN  
 $V_{Ed,max}$  1389 kN OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 276 mm

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.418, 4714, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 1144.0 308.7 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.34 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 1144.0 212.8 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$  1179.8 / Max(308.7, 212.8) 3.821 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot \cot \theta$  460 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 1029.6 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 3157.6 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 1029.6 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 1912.1 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$  1179.8 / Min(3157.6, 1912.1) 0.617 OK

### Nominal Shear Zone at 7524 mm

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.422, 7659, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 1121.1 359.2 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.34 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 1121.07 207.1 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$  1421.3 / Max(359.2, 207.1) 3.957 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot \cot \theta$  460 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 1008.96 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 3094.3 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 1008.96 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 1873.7 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$  1421.3 / Min(3094.3, 1873.7) 0.759 OK





**Cranston Consulting**

25676

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Job Ref : Redington Gdns  
Sheet : /  
Made by :  
Date : 09 May 2019 / Ver. 2018.15  
Checked :  
Approved :

**Member CBL1Id 4**

**Basic Data**

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
 $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, S_v$  crit 500, 0.1

**Minor Axis Moments**

My max = 18.8 kN.m Minor axis moments ignored by user

**Torsional Design**

$A_k = F_n(A, u, B, H, C, v_{max}, t)$  660000, 3500, 550, 1200, 56, 112.00 476544 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $T_{Rd,c} = f_{ctd} \cdot t \cdot 2 \cdot A_k$  1.41 \cdot 112.00 \cdot 2 \cdot 476544 150.6 kN.m  
 $T_{Rd,max} = 2 \cdot v \cdot \alpha_{cw} \cdot f_{ctd} \cdot A_k \cdot t \cdot \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$  2 \cdot 0.52 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 18.13 \cdot 476544 \cdot 112.0 \cdot 0.89 \cdot 0.45 405.1 kN.m  
 Unity  $T_{Rd,c} / T_{Rd,c} + V_{Ed} / V_{Rd,c}$  51.03/150.63 + 1535.22/301.03 5.44 Design Torsion  
 $A_{sl} = T_{Ed} / A_k / 2 \cdot \cot \theta + u_k / (F_{yk} / \gamma_s)$  51.03 / 476544 / 2 \cdot 2.00 \cdot 3052 / (500 / 1.15) 751.7 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{s,prov} = A_{sl} \cdot (N_{o,tot} + N_{o,vor}) / 2$  751.7 / (3 + 3) / 2 62.6 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{s,deduction} T+B = A_s \cdot N_{o,tot}$  62.6 \cdot 3 187.9 mm<sup>2</sup>  
 $q = T / A_k / 2$  51.0 / 476544 / 2 53.5 N/mm  
 $A_s / S_v, reduction = (q \cdot \gamma_s) / (\cot \theta \cdot F_{yk}) \cdot 2$  (53.5 \cdot 1.15) / (2.00 \cdot 500) \cdot 2 0.123 mm  
 $A_{s,prov}$  min(7771, 2945, 2945, 1885, 2945) 1885 OK

**Bending Moments**

**Left Support Steel Hogging**

A<sub>s</sub> Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming d = 1146, d' = 54 top 5021, bottom 188 mm<sup>2</sup>

**In-Span Steel @ 4324 mm. Sagging**

A<sub>s</sub> Required to EC2 Cl 3.1.7, Fig 3.5 Assuming d = 1146, d' = 54 top 188, bottom 2489 mm<sup>2</sup>

**Shear**

**Max Shear**

$V_{Rd,max} = 0.5 \cdot B_w \cdot d \cdot v \cdot f_{ctd}$  0.5 \cdot 550 \cdot 1147.5 \cdot 0.523 \cdot 18 2993.9 kN  
 $V_{Ed,max}$  1421.7 kN OK

**Nominal Shear Zone at 276 mm**

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.422, 7583, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 1121.1 358.0 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.34 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 1121.07 208.3 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$  1436.0 / Max(358.0, 208.3) 4.011 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot \cot \theta$  453 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 1008.96 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 3043.9 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 1008.96 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 1873.7 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$  1436.0 / Min(3043.9, 1873.7) 0.766 OK

**Nominal Shear Zone at 6749 mm**

$V_{Rd,c,a} = F_n(C_{rdc}, K, A_{sl}, f_{ck}, K_1, \sigma_{cp}, B_w, d)$  0.12, 1.417, 2757, 32, 0.15, 0.0, 550, 1147.5 258.6 kN (6.2.a)  
 $V_{Rd,c,b} = (V_{min} + K_1 \cdot \sigma_{cp}) \cdot B_w \cdot d$  (0.33 + 0.15 \cdot 0.0) \cdot 550.0 \cdot 1147.5 210.8 kN (6.2.b)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$  887.2 / Max(258.6, 210.8) 3.431 Links Req  
 $V_{Rd,s} = A_{sw} / S \cdot Z \cdot 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \cdot \cot \theta$  453 \cdot 150.0 \cdot 1032.75 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 500.0 \cdot 2.5 3115.7 kN (6.8)  
 $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \cdot b_w \cdot z \cdot v_1 \cdot f_{ctd} / (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$  1 \cdot 550 \cdot 1032.75 \cdot 0.54 \cdot 18.1 / (2.5 + 0.4) 1917.9 kN (6.9)  
 $V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,max})$  887.2 / Min(3115.7, 1917.9) 0.463 OK

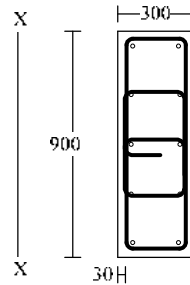
**Cranston Consulting**

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25676

Job Ref : Redington Gdns  
Sheet : /  
Made by :  
Date : 09 May 2019 / Ver. 2018.15  
Checked :  
Approved :

**Member CCL1Id 5 @ Level 1**



Grade C40  
Corners : 4-B16  
Internal xx: 6-B16 3 EF  
Links : B10 x 0 c/c

**Basic Data**

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
Grades  $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_c, \gamma_s, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, V_{crit}$  500, 0.1

**Loading Case 1 : Dead plus Live b**

Loading N Mx, Mx, My, My 324.7 kN, 1.0 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, -16.3 kN.m, -15.2 kN.m

**Slenderness Classification**

X-X Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.205, 1.70, 0.07	109.76	
X-X Effective len: $l_0 = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 10.000, 4.000	3.042 m	
X-X Slenderness: $\lambda = l_0/i$	3.042 / 0.087 = 35.1		$\lambda <= \lambda_{lim}$ Short
Y-Y Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.205, 0.77, 0.07	49.49	
Y-Y Effective len: $l_0 = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 0.115, 4.000	2.385 m	
Y-Y Slenderness $\lambda = l_0/i$	2.385 / 0.260 = 9.2		$\lambda <= \lambda_{lim}$ Short
Equ. 5.38a $\lambda_{cc} / \lambda_{cy}$	35.1 / 9.2 >> Limit 0.5 to 2	3.825	Bi-Axial

**Axial Capacity**

$N_{uz} = F_{av} \cdot (B \cdot H - Asc) + Asc \cdot f_{yk} / \gamma_s$  18.1 \* (900 \* 300 - 2011) + 2010.6 \* 500 / 1.15 5733.7 kN OK

**Design Moments x-x**

$M_{sdt} = Max(M, M)$  0.0, 1.0 (no nominal moments) 1.0 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = Fn(M, M, N_{ed}, e_o, e_i)$  0.0, 1.0, 324.7, 20.0, 7.6 6.5 kN.m

**Design Moments y-y**

$M_{sdt} = Max(M, M)$  -15.2, -16.3 (no nominal moments) 16.3 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = Fn(M, M, N_{ed}, e_o, e_i)$  -15.2, -16.3, 324.7, 30.0, 6.0 18.2 kN.m

Data N, Mz, Mz0, My, My0, Beq, heq 324.7, 6.5, 1.0, 18.2, 16.3, 900, 300  
Equ. 5.38b  $(e_{y0} / H_{eq}) / (e_z / B_{eq})$  (3.2/300) / (56.0/900) 0.170 <= 0.2  
Equ. 5.38b  $(e_{z0} / B_{eq}) / (e_y / H_{eq})$  (50.1/900) / (20.0/300) 0.834

**Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: X-X**

**Design Loads**

$N_{ed}, M_{ed x-x}, M_{ed y-y}, M_{ed res}, Ang$  324.7 kN, 6.5 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 6.5 kN.m, 0.0 deg  
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar 0.177, 300 mm, 900 mm, 53.14 mm, 38262 mm<sup>2</sup>, 21.3 mm  
Bar group1: M1  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, la, F)$  5 x 16, 252.0, -1.310, -435, -102.0, -437.1 44.6 kNm  
Bar group2: M2  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, la, F)$  5 x 16, 48.0, 0.034, 68, 102.0, 68.1 6.9 kNm  
Concrete  $F_c = (A_{c_{net}} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$  (38262 x 1.00 x 18.1) 693.8 kN  
E Equilibrium  $\sum (F_i) + F_c - F_{app} = 0$  -437 + 68 - 694 - 324.7 0.1 kN OK  
Concrete  $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Ybar)$  693.8 x (300 / 2 - 21.3) 89.3 kNm  
 $M_u = M_c - (M1 + \dots + M2)$  89.3 - (44.6 - 6.9) 140.9 kNm OK  
Max Moment/ $M_u$  6.5 / 140.9 0.046 OK

**Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: Y-Y**

**Design Loads**

$N_{ed}, M_{ed y-y}, M_{ed x-x}, M_{ed res}, Ang$  324.7 kN, 18.2 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 18.2 kN.m, 0.0 deg  
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar 0.200, 900 mm, 300 mm, 179.83 mm, 43160 mm<sup>2</sup>, 71.9 mm  
Bar group1: M1  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, la, F)$  2 x 16, 852.0, -1.308, -435, -402.0, -174.8 70.3 kNm  
Bar group2: M2  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, la, F)$  2 x 16, 651.0, -0.917, -435, -201.0, -174.8 35.1 kNm  
Bar group3: M3  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, la, F)$  2 x 16, 450.0, -0.526, -435, 0.0, -174.8 0.0 kNm

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Bar group4:M4 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$2 \times 16, 249.0, -0.135, -269, 201.0, -108.3$	-21.8 kNm	
Bar group5:M5 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$2 \times 16, 48.0, 0.257, 435, 402.0, 174.8$	70.3 kNm	
Concrete $F_c = (\lambda c_{net} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$	$(43160 \times 1.00 \times 18.1)$	782.6 kN	
F Equilibrium $\sum (F_i) + F_C - F_{app} = 0$	$-175 -175 -175 -108 + 175 + 783 -324.7$	0.0 kN	OK
Concrete $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Ybar)$	$782.6 \times (900 / 2 - 71.9)$	295.9 kNm	
Mu = $M_c - (M1 + \dots + M5)$	$295.9 + (70.3 + 35.1 + 0.0 + -21.8 + 70.3)$	449.8 kNm	OK
Max Moment/Mu	$18.2 / 449.8$	0.040	OK

## Bi-Axial Moment Capacity: X-X Axis Dominant

### Design Loads

$N_{eds}, M_{ed x-x}, M_{ed y-y}, M_{ed rcs}, \text{Ang}$	$324.7 \text{ kN}, 6.5 \text{ kN.m}, 16.3 \text{ kN.m}, 17.5 \text{ kN.m}, 68.2 \text{ deg}$		
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar	$0.260, 947 \text{ mm}, 900 \text{ mm}, 246.44 \text{ mm}, 45713 \text{ mm}^2, 122.7 \text{ mm}$		
Bar group1:M1 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 884.7, -0.906, -435, -411.2, -87.4$	35.9 kNm	
Bar group2:M2 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 138.1, 0.154, 308, 335.5, 61.9$	20.8 kNm	
Bar group3:M3 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 698.0, -0.641, -435, -224.5, -87.4$	19.6 kNm	
Bar group4:M4 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 511.4, -0.376, -435, -37.8, -87.4$	3.3 kNm	
Bar group5:M5 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 324.7, -0.111, -222, 148.8, -44.7$	-6.7 kNm	
Bar group6:M6 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 809.0, -0.799, -435, -335.5, -87.4$	29.3 kNm	
Bar group7:M7 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 62.4, 0.261, 435, 411.2, 87.4$	35.9 kNm	
Bar group8:M8 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 622.4, -0.534, -435, -148.8, -87.4$	13.0 kNm	
Bar group9:M9 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 435.7, -0.269, -435, 37.8, -87.4$	-3.3 kNm	
Bar group10:M10 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 249.0, -0.004, -7, 224.5, -1.5$	-0.3 kNm	
Concrete $F_c = (\lambda c_{net} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$	$(45713 \times 0.90 \times 18.1)$	746.0 kN	
F Equilibrium $\sum (F_i) + F_C - F_{app} = 0$	$-87 + 62 - 87 - 87 - 45 - 87 + 87 - 87 - 1 - 746 - 324.7$	-0.1 kN	OK
Concrete $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Ybar)$	$746.0 \times (947 / 2 - 122.7)$	261.7 kNm	
Mu = $M_c - (M1 + \dots + M10)$	$261.7 + (35.9 - 20.8 + 19.6 + 3.3 + -6.7 + 29.3 - 35.9)$ $+ (13.0 + -3.3 + -0.3)$	409.3 kNm	OK
Max Moment/Mu	$17.5 / 409.3$	0.043	OK

## Bi-Axial Moment Capacity: Y-Y Axis Dominant

### Design Loads

$N_{eds}, M_{ed y-y}, M_{ed x-x}, M_{ed rcs}, \text{Ang}$	$324.7 \text{ kN}, 18.2 \text{ kN.m}, 1.0 \text{ kN.m}, 18.2 \text{ kN.m}, 3.2 \text{ deg}$		
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar	$0.206, 915 \text{ mm}, 300 \text{ mm}, 188.68 \text{ mm}, 42813 \text{ mm}^2, 79.6 \text{ mm}$		
Bar group1:M1 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 864.9, -1.254, -435, -407.1, -87.4$	35.6 kNm	
Bar group2:M2 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 853.4, -1.233, -435, -395.6, -87.4$	34.6 kNm	
Bar group3:M3 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 664.2, -0.882, -435, -206.4, -87.4$	18.0 kNm	
Bar group4:M4 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 463.5, -0.510, -435, -5.8, -87.4$	0.5 kNm	
Bar group5:M5 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 262.8, -0.138, -275, 194.9, -55.3$	-10.8 kNm	
Bar group6:M6 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 62.1, 0.235, 435, 395.6, 87.4$	34.6 kNm	
Bar group7:M7 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 50.6, 0.256, 435, 407.1, 87.4$	35.6 kNm	
Bar group8:M8 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 652.7, -0.861, -435, -194.9, -87.4$	17.0 kNm	
Bar group9:M9 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 452.0, -0.488, -435, 5.8, -87.4$	-0.5 kNm	
Bar group10:M10 $f_n(\text{bars}, d, \epsilon\%, \sigma, l_a, F)$	$1 \times 16, 251.3, -0.116, -232, 206.4, -46.7$	-9.6 kNm	
Concrete $F_c = (\lambda c_{net} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$	$(42813 \times 1.00 \times 18.1)$	776.3 kN	
F Equilibrium $\sum (F_i) + F_C - F_{app} = 0$	$-87 - 87 - 87 - 87 - 55 + 87 + 87 - 87 - 87 - 47 + 776 - 324.7$	-0.1 kN	OK
Concrete $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Ybar)$	$776.3 \times (915 / 2 - 79.6)$	293.6 kNm	
Mu = $M_c - (M1 + \dots + M10)$	$293.6 + (35.6 - 34.6 + 18.0 + 0.5 + -10.8 + 34.6 + 35.6)$ $+ (17.0 + -0.5 + -9.6)$	448.6 kNm	OK
Max Moment/Mu	$18.2 / 448.6$	0.041	OK

## Shear Check

$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	$0.4 / \max(93.3, 119.7)$	0.003 no links req
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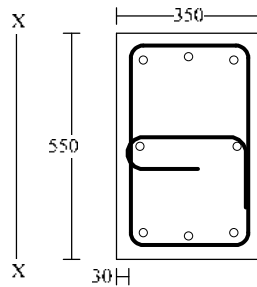
# Cranston Consulting

Sketrick House  
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Co. Down, BT23 4YH  
Tel: (028) 9181 5900

25676

Job Ref : Redington Gdns  
Sheet : /  
Made by :  
Date : 09 May 2019 / Ver. 2018.15  
Checked :  
Approved :

## Member CCL1Id 6 @ Level 1



Grade C 40  
Corners : 4-B20  
Internal xx: 2-B20 1 EF  
Internal yy: 2-B20 1 EF  
Links : B12 x 100 c/c

### Basic Data

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
Grades  $f_{ck}, f_{yk}, \gamma_s, \gamma_{ss}, \eta, \lambda$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
 $f_{yk}, V_{crit}$  500, 0.1

### Loading Case 1 : Dead plus Live b

1096.0 kN, 0.0 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, -13.1 kN.m, -10.2 kN.m

Loading N Mx, Mx, My, My

### Slenderness Classification

X-X Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.360, 0.70, 0.31	22.94	
X-X Effective len: $l_e = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 0.754, 4.000	2.773 m	
X-X Slenderness: $\lambda = l_e/i$	2.773 / 0.101 = 27.4		$\lambda > \lambda_{lim}$ Slender
Y-Y Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.360, 0.92, 0.31	30.28	
Y-Y Effective len: $l_e = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 0.463, 4.000	2.669 m	
Y-Y Slenderness $\lambda = l_e/i$	2.669 / 0.159 = 16.8		$\lambda \leq \lambda_{lim}$ Short OK
Equ. 5.38a $\lambda_{cc} / \lambda_{cy}$	27.4 / 16.8 >> Limit 0.5 to 2	1.632	

### Axial Capacity

$N_{uz} = F_{av} \cdot (B \cdot H - Asc) + Asc \cdot f_{yk} / \gamma_s$  18.1 \* (550 \* 350 - 2513) + 2513.3 \* 500 / 1.15 4537.8 kN OK

### Design Moments x-x

$e_2 = Fn(K_s, K_{cp}, \rho_{min}, n, \rho_{as}, n_{bal}, \omega d, \dots)$  1.00, 1.65, 2.0, 0.314, 1.313, 0.396, 0.313, 298 20.62 mm  
 $M_{ed0} = Fn(M, M, M_2, M_{0,ed}, N_{ed}, e_2)$  0, 0, 22.6, 0, 1096, 20.6 (no nominal moments) 22.6 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = Fn(M, M, M_2, M_{0,ed}, N_{ed}, e_0, c_1, c_2)$  0, 0, 22.6, 21.9, 1096, 20, 6.9, 20.6 44.5 kN.m

### Design Moments y-y

$M_{ed0} = Max(M, M)$  -10.2, -13.1 (no nominal moments) 13.1 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = Fn(M, M, N_{ed}, e_0, c_1)$  -10.2, -13.1, 1096.0, 20.0, 6.7 21.9 kN.m  
 Data N, Mz, Mz0, My, My0, Beq, heq 1096.0, 44.5, 22.6, 21.9, 13.1, 550, 350  
 Equ. 5.38b  $(e_{y0} / Beq) / (e_z / Beq)$  (20.6/350) / (20.0/550) 1.620  
 Equ. 5.38b  $(e_{z0} / Beq) / (e_y / Beq)$  (12.0/550) / (40.6/350) 0.187  $\leq 0.2$   
 Bi-Axial Design Not required as Equ. 5.38a & 5.38b satisfied

### Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: X-X

#### Design Loads

$N_{ed}, M_{ed,x}, M_{ed,y}, M_{ed,rs}, Ang$  1096.0 kN, 44.5 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 44.5 kN.m, 0.0 deg  
 Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar 0.422, 350 mm, 550 mm, 147.60 mm, 64943 mm<sup>2</sup>, 59.0 mm  
 Bar group1: M1  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  3 x 20, 298.0, -0.357, -435, -123.0, -409.8 50.4 kN/m  
 Bar group2: M2  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  2 x 20, 175.0, -0.065, -130, 0.0, -81.7 0.0 kN/m  
 Bar group3: M3  $fn(bars, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  3 x 20, 52.0, 0.227, 435, 123.0, 409.8 50.4 kN/m  
 Concrete  $F_c = (A_{c,ed} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$  (64943 x 1.00 x 18.1) 1177.6 kN  
 F Equilibrium  $\sum (F_i) + F_C - F_{app} = 0$  -410 - 82 + 410 - 1178 - 1096.0 0.0 kN OK  
 Concrete  $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Ybar)$  1177.6 x (350 / 2 - 59.0) 136.6 kN/m  
 Mu = Mc - (M1 + ... + M3) 136.6 + (50.4 + 0.0 - 50.4) 237.4 kN/m OK  
 Max Moment/Mu 44.5 / 237.4 0.188 OK

### Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: Y-Y

#### Design Loads

$N_{ed}, M_{ed,y}, M_{ed,x}, M_{ed,rs}, Ang$  1096.0 kN, 21.9 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 21.9 kN.m, 0.0 deg  
 Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar 0.422, 550 mm, 350 mm, 231.94 mm, 64943 mm<sup>2</sup>, 92.8 mm



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Bar group1:M1 fn(bars,d,e%σ,la,F)	3 x 20, 498.0, -0.401, -435, -223.0, -409.8	91.4 kNm	
Bar group2:M2 fn(bars,d,e%σ,la,F)	2 x 20, 275.0, -0.065, -130, 0.0, -81.7	0.0 kNm	
Bar group3:M3 fn(bars,d,e%σ,la,F)	3 x 20, 52.0, 0.272, 435, 223.0, 409.8	91.4 kNm	
Concrete Fc=(Acnet•η) •fcd)	(64943 x 1.00 x 18.1)	1177.6 kN	
F Equilibrium Σ (Fi) + Fc - Fapp= 0	-410 - 82 + 410 - 1178 - 1096.0	0.0 kN	OK
Concrete Mc=Fc•(H/2-Ybar)	1177.6 x (550 / 2 - 92.8)	214.6 kNm	
Mu =Mc + (M1+...+M3)	214.6 + (91.4+0.0+91.4)	397.4kNm	OK
Max Moment/Mu	21.9 / 397.4	0.055	OK

## Shear Check

$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	0.7 / Max(96.1, 81.7)	0.008 no links req
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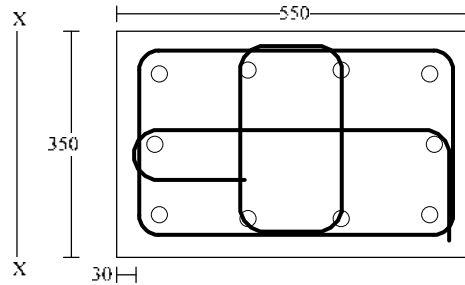
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**Member CCL1Id 7 @ Level 1**



Grade C40  
Corners : 4-B25  
Internal xx: 2-B25 1 EF  
Internal yy: 4-B25 2 EF  
Links : B12 x 250 c/c

**Basic Data**

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
Grades  $f_{ck}$ ,  $f_{yk}$ ,  $\gamma_c$ ,  $\gamma_s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\lambda$   
 $f_{yk}$ ,  $V_{crit}$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
500, 0.1

**Loading Case 2 : Dead plus Live a**

2239.1 kN, -33.3 kN.m, 71.6 kN.m, -8.6 kN.m, -5.0 kN.m

Loading N Mx, Mx, My, My

**Slenderness Classification**

X-X Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.703, 2.16, 0.64	58.70	
X-X Effective len: $l_0 = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 0.268, 4.000	2.548 m	
X-X Slenderness: $\lambda = l_0/i$	2.548 / 0.159 = 16.0		$\lambda <= \lambda_{lim}$ Short
Y-Y Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.703, 1.12, 0.64	30.39	
Y-Y Effective len: $l_0 = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 3.366, 4.000	2.983 m	
Y-Y Slenderness $\lambda = l_0/i$	2.983 / 0.101 = 29.5		$\lambda <= \lambda_{lim}$ Short
Equ. 5.38a $\lambda_{cc} / \lambda_{cy}$	16.0 / 29.5 >> Limit 0.5 to 2	0.544	OK

**Axial Capacity**

$N_{uz} = F_{av} \cdot (B \cdot H - Asc) + Asc \cdot f_{yk} / \gamma_s$  18.1 \* (350 \* 550 - 4909) + 4908.7 \* 500 / 1.15 5535.9 kN OK

**Design Moments x-x**

$M_{sdt} = \text{Max}(M, M)$  -33.3, 71.6 (no nominal moments) 71.6 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = \text{Fn}(M, M, N_{ed}, c_o, c_i)$  -33.3, 71.6, 2239.1, 20.0, 6.4 85.8 kN.m

**Design Moments y-y**

$M_{sdt} = \text{Max}(M, M)$  -5.0, -8.6 (no nominal moments) 8.6 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = \text{Fn}(M, M, N_{ed}, c_o, c_i)$  -5.0, -8.6, 2239.1, 20.0, 7.5 44.8 kN.m

Data N, Mz, Mz0, My, My0, Beq, heq 2239.1, 85.8, 71.6, 44.8, 8.6, 350, 550

Equ. 5.38b  $(e_{y0} / \text{Beq}) / (e_z / \text{Beq})$  (32.0/550) / (20.0/350) 1.017

Equ. 5.38b  $(e_{z0} / \text{Beq}) / (e_y / \text{Heq})$  (3.8/350) / (38.3/550) 0.157 <= 0.2

Bi-Axial Design Not required as Equ. 5.38a & 5.38b satisfied

**Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: X-X**

**Design Loads**

$N_{ed}$ , $M_{ed,x}$ , $M_{ed,y}$ , $M_{ed,rs}$ Ang	2239.1 kN, 85.8 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 85.8 kN.m, 0.0 deg	
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar	0.630, 550 mm, 350 mm, 346.43 mm, 97000 mm <sup>2</sup> , 138.6 mm	
Bar group1: M1 $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma_s, l_a, F)$	3 x 25, 495.5, -0.151, -301, -220.5, -443.6	97.8 kNm
Bar group2: M2 $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma_s, l_a, F)$	2 x 25, 348.5, -0.002, -4, -73.5, -4.1	0.3 kNm
Bar group3: M3 $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma_s, l_a, F)$	2 x 25, 201.5, 0.146, 293, 73.5, 287.5	21.1 kNm
Bar group4: M4 $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma_s, l_a, F)$	3 x 25, 54.5, 0.295, 435, 220.5, 640.3	141.2 kNm
Concrete $F_c = (A_{c,net} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$	(97000 x 1.00 x 18.1)	1758.9 kN
F Equilibrium $\sum (F_i) + F_C - F_{app} = 0$	-444 - 4 - 287 + 640 + 1759 - 2239.1	-0.1 kN
Concrete $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Ybar)$	1758.9 x (550 / 2 - 138.6)	240.0 kNm
$M_u = M_c - (M1 + \dots + M4)$	240.0 + (97.8 + 0.3 + 21.1 + 141.2)	500.4 kNm
Max Moment / $M_u$	85.8 / 500.4	0.172

**Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: Y-Y**

**Design Loads**

$N_{ed}$ , $M_{ed,y}$ , $M_{ed,x}$ , $M_{ed,rs}$ Ang	2239.1 kN, 44.8 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 44.8 kN.m, 0.0 deg
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar	0.623, 350 mm, 550 mm, 217.95 mm, 95900 mm <sup>2</sup> , 87.2 mm

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Bar group1:M1 fn(bars,d,e%,σ,la,F)	4 x 25, 295.5, -0.125, -249, -120.5, -489.0	58.9 kNm	
Bar group2:M2 fn(bars,d,e%,σ,la,F)	2 x 25, 175.0, 0.069, 138, 0.0, 135.4	0.0 kNm	
Bar group3:M3 fn(bars,d,e%,σ,la,F)	4 x 25, 54.5, 0.262, 435, 120.5, 853.7	102.9 kNm	
Concrete Fc=(Acnet•η) •fcd)	(95900 x 1.00 x 18.1)	1739.0 kN	
F Equilibrium Σ (Fi) + Fc - Fapp= 0	-489 + 135 - 854 + 1739 - 2239.1	0.0 kN	OK
Concrete Mc=Fc•(H/2-Ybar)	1739.0 x (350 / 2 - 87.2)	152.7 kNm	
Mu =Mc + (M1+...+M3)	152.7 + (58.9+0.0+102.9)	314.5kNm	OK
Max Moment/Mu	44.8 / 314.5	0.142	OK

## Shear Check

$V_{app} / \max(V_{Rd,c,a}, V_{Rd,c,b})$	26.2 / Max(103.5, 73.0)	0.253 no links req
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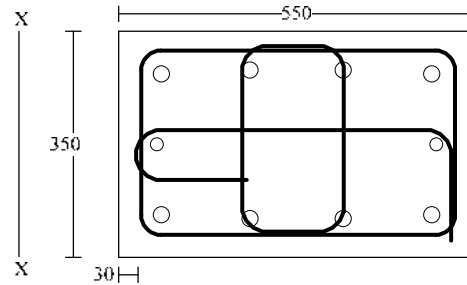
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## Member CCL1Id 8 @ Level 1



Grade C40  
Corners : 4-B25  
Internal xx: 2-B20 1 EF  
Internal yy: 4-B25 2 EF  
Links : B12 x 200 c/c

### Basic Data

Design to EC 2: 2004 - Using UK values  
Grades  $f_{ck}$ ,  $f_{yk}$ ,  $\gamma_c$ ,  $\gamma_s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\lambda$   
 $f_{yk}$ ,  $V_{crit}$  C32/40, 500, 1.5, 1.15, 1.0, 0.8  
500, 0.1

### Loading Case 2 : Dead plus Live a

3080.4 kN, -5.6 kN.m, 15.6 kN.m, -1.9 kN.m, -20.7 kN.m

Loading N Mx, Mx, My, My

### Slenderness Classification

X-X Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.652, 2.06, 0.88	46.54	
X-X Effective len: $l_0 = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 0.322, 4.000	2.588 m	
X-X Slenderness: $\lambda = l_0/i$	2.588 / 0.159 = 16.3		$\lambda <= \lambda_{lim}$ Short
Y-Y Braced $\lambda_{lim} = fn(A, \omega, C, n)$	0.7, 0.652, 1.61, 0.88	36.35	
Y-Y Effective len: $l_0 = fn(k1, k2, l)$	0.100, 1.350, 4.000	2.876 m	
Y-Y Slenderness $\lambda = l_0/i$	2.876 / 0.101 = 28.5		$\lambda <= \lambda_{lim}$ Short
Equ. 5.38a $\lambda_{cc} / \lambda_{cy}$	16.3 / 28.5 >> Limit 0.5 to 2	0.573	OK

### Axial Capacity

$N_{uz} = F_{av} \cdot (B \cdot H - Asc) + Asc \cdot f_{yk} / \gamma_s$  18.1 \* (350 \* 550 - 4555) + 4555.3 \* 500 / 1.15 5388.6 kN OK

### Design Moments x-x

$M_{sdt} = \text{Max}(M, M)$  -5.6, 15.6 (no nominal moments) 15.6 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = \text{Fn}(M, M, N_{ed}, c_o, c_i)$  -5.6, 15.6, 3080.4, 20.0, 6.5 61.6 kN.m

### Design Moments y-y

$M_{sdt} = \text{Max}(M, M)$  -1.9, -20.7 (no nominal moments) 20.7 kN.m  
 $M_{ed} = \text{Fn}(M, M, N_{ed}, c_o, c_i)$  -1.9, -20.7, 3080.4, 20.0, 7.2 61.6 kN.m

Data N, Mz, Mz0, My, My0, Beq, heq 3080.4, 61.6, 15.6, 61.6, 20.7, 350, 550  
Equ. 5.38b  $(c_{y0} / H_{eq}) / (c_z / B_{eq})$  (5.1/550) / (20.0/350) 0.161 <= 0.2  
Equ. 5.38b  $(c_{z0} / B_{eq}) / (c_y / H_{eq})$  (6.7/350) / (20.0/550) 0.528

Bi-Axial Design Not required as Equ. 5.38a & 5.38b satisfied

### Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: X-X

#### Design Loads

$N_{ed}$ ,  $M_{ed,x}$ ,  $M_{ed,y}$ ,  $M_{ed,rs}$  Ang 3080.4 kN, 61.6 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 61.6 kN.m, 0.0 deg  
Design Data X/h, h, b, X, Ac, Ybar 0.778, 550 mm, 350 mm, 427.67 mm, 119749 mm<sup>2</sup>, 171.1 mm  
Bar group1: M1  $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  2 x 25, 495.5, -0.056, -111, -220.5, -109.0 24.0 kNm  
Bar group2: M2  $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  1 x 20, 498.0, -0.058, -115, -223.0, -36.2 8.1 kNm  
Bar group3: M3  $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  2 x 25, 348.5, 0.065, 130, -73.5, 127.2 -9.4 kNm  
Bar group4: M4  $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  2 x 25, 201.5, 0.185, 370, 73.5, 363.4 26.7 kNm  
Bar group5: M5  $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  2 x 25, 54.5, 0.305, 435, 220.5, 426.8 94.1 kNm  
Bar group6: M6  $fn(\text{bars}, d_e \% \sigma, l_a, F)$  1 x 20, 52.0, 0.307, 435, 223.0, 136.6 30.5 kNm  
Concrete  $F_c = (A_{c,net} \cdot \eta) \cdot f_{cd}$  (119749 x 1.00 x 18.1) 2171.4 kN  
F Equilibrium  $\sum (F_i) + F_C - F_{opp} = 0$  -109-36+127+363+427-137+2171-3080.4 0.0 kN OK  
Concrete  $M_c = F_c \cdot (H/2 - Y_{bar})$  2171.4 x (550 / 2 - 171.1) 225.7 kNm  
 $M_u = M_c - (M1 + \dots + M6)$  225.7 - (24.0+8.1+-9.4+26.7+94.1+30.5) 399.7 kNm OK  
Max Moment/ $M_u$  61.6 / 399.7 0.154 OK

### Uni-Axial Moment Capacity: Y-Y

#### Design Loads

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N <sub>eds</sub>	M <sub>ed y&gt;y</sub> , M <sub>ed x&gt;x</sub> , M <sub>ed res</sub>	Ang	
Design Data	X/h, h, b, X, A <sub>c</sub> , Ybar		
Bar group1:M1	fn(bars,d <sub>c</sub> %σ <sub>s</sub> ,la,F)		
Bar group2:M2	fn(bars,d <sub>c</sub> %σ <sub>s</sub> ,la,F)		
Bar group3:M3	fn(bars,d <sub>c</sub> %σ <sub>s</sub> ,la,F)		
Concrete	F <sub>c</sub> =(A <sub>c,net</sub> •l) •fcd		
F <sub>i</sub> Equilibrium	Σ (F <sub>i</sub> ) + F <sub>C</sub> - F <sub>app</sub> = 0		
Concrete	Mc=F <sub>c</sub> •(H/2-Ybar)		
Mu	=Mc - (M1+...+M3)		
Max Moment	/Mu		
	3080.4 kN, 61.6 kN.m, 0.0 kN.m, 61.6 kN.m, 0.0 deg		
	0.781, 350 mm, 550 mm, 273.27 mm, 120240 mm <sup>2</sup> , 109.3 mm		
	4 x 25, 295.5, -0.028, -57, -120.5, -111.8	13.5 kNm	
	2 x 20, 175.0, 0.126, 252, 0.0, 158.2	0.0 kNm	
	4 x 25, 54.5, 0.280, 435, 120.5, 853.7	102.9 kNm	
	(120240 x 1.00 x 18.1)	2180.3 kN	
	-112 + 158 - 854 + 2180 - 3080.4	0.0 kN	OK
	2180.3 x (350 / 2 - 109.3)	143.2 kNm	
	143.2 + (13.5+0.0+102.9)	259.6kNm	OK
	61.6 / 259.6	0.237	OK

## Shear Check

V<sub>app</sub> / max(V<sub>Rd,c,a</sub>, V<sub>Rd,c,b</sub>)                      7.1 / Max(99.2, 73.0)                      0.071 no Links req



 <b>Cranston Consulting Limited</b> 16 Jubilee Road Newtownards BT23 4YH	Project			Job no.	
	Redington Gardens			180709	
	Calcs for			Start page no./Revision	
LGF Beam on GL C			B20		
Calcs by	Calcs date	Checked by	Checked date	Approved by	Approved date
S	04/01/2019				

**PASS - Design shear force at support is less than maximum design shear resistance**

Design shear force at 570mm from support  $V_{Ed} = 397$  kN  
 Design shear stress  $V_{Ed} = V_{Ed} / (b \times z) = 1.250$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Angle of concrete compression strut - cl.6.2.3  $\theta = \min(\max(0.5 \times \text{Asin}(\min(2 \times V_{Ed} / (\alpha_{cw} \times f_{cwd} \times V_1), 1)), 21.8 \text{ deg}), 45\text{deg}) = 21.8$  deg  
 Area of shear reinforcement required - exp.6.8  $A_{sv,des} = V_{Ed} \times b / (f_{yd} \times \cot(\theta)) = 747$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
 Area of shear reinforcement required  $A_{sv,req} = \max(A_{sv,min}, A_{sv,des}) = 747$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
 Shear reinforcement provided 4 × 8 legs @ 200 c/c  
 Area of shear reinforcement provided  $A_{sv,prov} = 1005$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m

**PASS - Area of shear reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required**

Maximum longitudinal spacing - exp.9.6N  $s_{vl,max} = 0.75 \times d = 427$  mm

**PASS - Longitudinal spacing of shear reinforcement provided is less than maximum**

**Zone 2 (2000 mm - 6000 mm) shear - section 6.2**

Design shear force at support  $V_{Ed,max} = \max(\text{abs}(V_{z2,max}), \text{abs}(V_{z2,red,max})) = 232$  kN  
 Min lever arm in shear zone  $z = 489$  mm  
 Maximum design shear resistance - exp.6.9  $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \times b \times z \times V_1 \times f_{cwd} / (\cot(\theta_{max}) + \tan(\theta_{max})) = 1774$  kN

**PASS - Design shear force at support is less than maximum design shear resistance**

Design shear force within zone  $V_{Ed} = 232$  kN  
 Design shear stress  $V_{Ed} = V_{Ed} / (b \times z) = 0.728$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Angle of concrete compression strut - cl.6.2.3  $\theta = \min(\max(0.5 \times \text{Asin}(\min(2 \times V_{Ed} / (\alpha_{cw} \times f_{cwd} \times V_1), 1)), 21.8 \text{ deg}), 45\text{deg}) = 21.8$  deg  
 Area of shear reinforcement required - exp.6.8  $A_{sv,des} = V_{Ed} \times b / (f_{yd} \times \cot(\theta)) = 436$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
 Area of shear reinforcement required  $A_{sv,req} = \max(A_{sv,min}, A_{sv,des}) = 588$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
 Shear reinforcement provided 4 × 8 legs @ 250 c/c  
 Area of shear reinforcement provided  $A_{sv,prov} = 804$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m

**PASS - Area of shear reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required**

Maximum longitudinal spacing - exp.9.6N  $s_{vl,max} = 0.75 \times d = 427$  mm

**PASS - Longitudinal spacing of shear reinforcement provided is less than maximum**

**Zone 3 (6000 mm - 8000 mm) shear - section 6.2**

Design shear force at support  $V_{Ed,max} = \max(\text{abs}(V_{z3,max}), \text{abs}(V_{z3,red,max})) = 463$  kN  
 Min lever arm in shear zone  $z = 489$  mm  
 Maximum design shear resistance - exp.6.9  $V_{Rd,max} = \alpha_{cw} \times b \times z \times V_1 \times f_{cwd} / (\cot(\theta_{max}) + \tan(\theta_{max})) = 1774$  kN


**PASS - Design shear force at support is less than maximum design shear resistance**

Design shear force at 570mm from support  $V_{Ed} = 397$  kN  
 Design shear stress  $V_{Ed} = V_{Ed} / (b \times z) = 1.250$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Angle of concrete compression strut - cl.6.2.3  $\theta = \min(\max(0.5 \times \text{Asin}(\min(2 \times V_{Ed} / (\alpha_{cw} \times f_{cwd} \times V_1), 1)), 21.8 \text{ deg}), 45\text{deg}) = 21.8$  deg  
 Area of shear reinforcement required - exp.6.8  $A_{sv,des} = V_{Ed} \times b / (f_{yd} \times \cot(\theta)) = 747$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
 Area of shear reinforcement required  $A_{sv,req} = \max(A_{sv,min}, A_{sv,des}) = 747$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m  
 Shear reinforcement provided 4 × 8 legs @ 200 c/c  
 Area of shear reinforcement provided  $A_{sv,prov} = 1005$  mm<sup>2</sup>/m

**PASS - Area of shear reinforcement provided exceeds minimum required**

Maximum longitudinal spacing - exp.9.6N  $s_{vl,max} = 0.75 \times d = 427$  mm

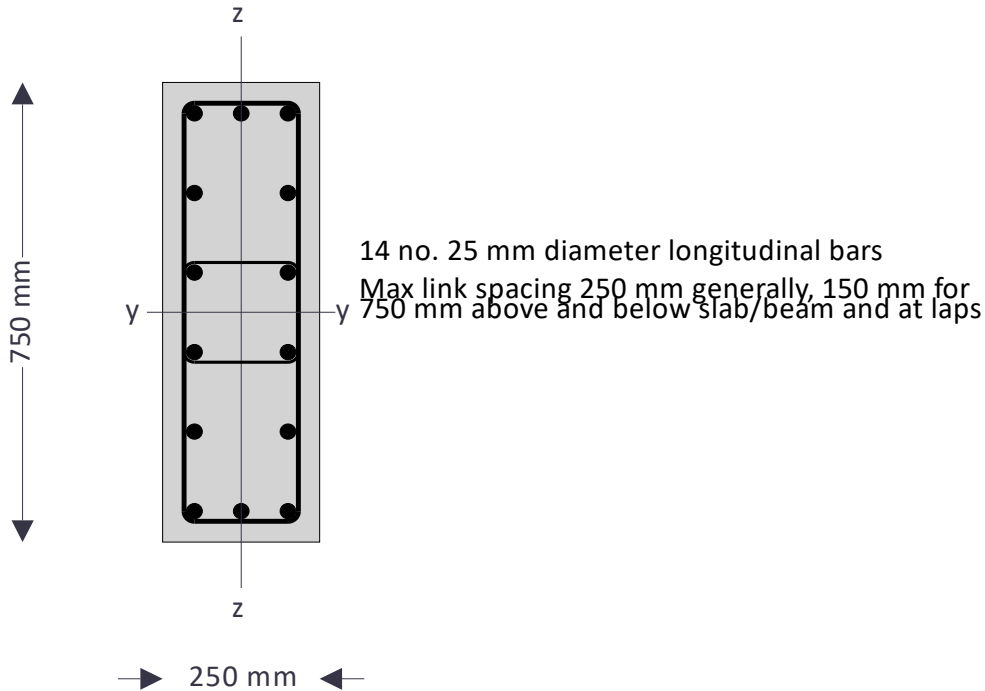
**PASS - Longitudinal spacing of shear reinforcement provided is less than maximum**

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## RC COLUMN DESIGN

In accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 incorporating Corrigendum January 2008 and the UK national annex

Tedds calculation version 1.3.02



### Column input details

#### Column geometry


Overall depth (perpendicular to y axis)	$h = 750$ mm
Overall breadth (perpendicular to z axis)	$b = 250$ mm
Stability in the z direction	<b>Braced</b>
Stability in the y direction	<b>Braced</b>

#### Concrete details

Concrete strength class	<b>C32/40</b>
Partial safety factor for concrete (2.4.2.4(1))	$\gamma_c = 1.50$
Coefficient $\alpha_{cc}$ (3.1.6(1))	$\alpha_{cc} = 0.85$
Maximum aggregate size	$d_g = 20$ mm

#### Reinforcement details

Nominal cover to links	$c_{nom} = 30$ mm
Longitudinal bar diameter	$\phi = 25$ mm
Link diameter	$\phi_v = 8$ mm
Total number of longitudinal bars	$N = 14$
No. of bars per face parallel to y axis	$N_y = 3$
No. of bars per face parallel to z axis	$N_z = 6$
Area of longitudinal reinforcement	$A_s = N \times \pi \times \phi^2 / 4 = 6872$ mm <sup>2</sup>
Characteristic yield strength	$f_{yk} = 500$ N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Partial safety factor for reinf (2.4.2.4(1))	$\gamma_s = 1.15$
Modulus of elasticity of reinf (3.2.7(4))	$E_s = 200$ kN/mm <sup>2</sup>

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### Fire resistance details

Fire resistance period **R = 60 min**  
 Exposure to fire **Exposed on one side only**  
 Ratio of fire design axial load to design resistance  $\mu_{fi} = 0.70$

### Axial load and bending moments from frame analysis

Design axial load  **$N_{Ed} = 3288.0$  kN**  
 Moment about y axis at top  **$M_{topy} = 75.0$  kNm**  
 Moment about y axis at bottom  **$M_{btmy} = 75.0$  kNm**  
 Moment about z axis at top  **$M_{topz} = 50.0$  kNm**  
 Moment about z axis at bottom  **$M_{btmz} = 50.0$  kNm**

### Column effective lengths

Effective length for buckling about y axis  **$l_{0y} = 3925$  mm**  
 Effective length for buckling about z axis  **$l_{0z} = 3925$  mm**

### Calculated column properties

#### Concrete properties

Area of concrete  **$A_c = h \times b = 187500$  mm<sup>2</sup>**  
 Characteristic compression cylinder strength  **$f_{ck} = 32$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>**  
 Design compressive strength (3.1.6(1))  **$f_{cd} = \alpha_{cc} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_c = 18.1$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>**  
 Mean value of cylinder strength (Table 3.1)  **$f_{cm} = f_{ck} + 8$  MPa = 40.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup>**  
 Secant modulus of elasticity (Table 3.1)  **$E_{cm} = 22000$  MPa  $\times (f_{cm} / 10 \text{ MPa})^{0.3} = 33.3$  kN/mm<sup>2</sup>**

#### Rectangular stress block factors

Depth factor (3.1.7(3))  **$\lambda_{sb} = 0.8$**   
 Stress factor (3.1.7(3))  **$\eta = 1.0$**

#### Strain limits

Compression strain limit (Table 3.1)  **$\epsilon_{cu3} = 0.00350$**   
 Pure compression strain limit (Table 3.1)  **$\epsilon_{c3} = 0.00175$**

#### Design yield strength of reinforcement


Design yield strength (3.2.7(2))  **$f_{yd} = f_{yk} / \gamma_s = 434.8$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>**

#### Check nominal cover for fire and bond requirements

Min. cover reqd for bond (to links) (4.4.1.2(3))  **$c_{min,b} = \max(\phi_v, \phi - \phi_v) = 17$  mm**  
 Min axis distance for fire (EN1992-1-2 T 5.2a)  **$a_{fi} = 25$  mm**  
 Allowance for deviations from min cover (4.4.1.3)  **$\Delta C_{dev} = 5$  mm**  
 Min allowable nominal cover  **$c_{nom\_min} = \max(a_{fi} - \phi / 2 - \phi_v, c_{min,b} + \Delta C_{dev}) = 22.0$  mm**  
**PASS - the nominal cover is greater than the minimum required**

#### Effective depths of bars for bending about y axis

Area per bar  **$A_{bar} = \pi \times \phi^2 / 4 = 491$  mm<sup>2</sup>**  
 Spacing of bars in faces parallel to z axis (c/c)  **$s_z = (h - 2 \times (c_{nom} + \phi_v) - \phi) / (N_z - 1) = 130$  mm**  
 Layer 1 (in tension face)  **$d_{y1} = h - c_{nom} - \phi_v - \phi / 2 = 700$  mm**  
 Layer 2  **$d_{y2} = d_{y1} - s_z = 570$  mm**  
 Layer 3  **$d_{y3} = d_{y2} - s_z = 440$  mm**  
 Layer 4  **$d_{y4} = d_{y3} - s_z = 310$  mm**  
 Layer 5  **$d_{y5} = d_{y4} - s_z = 180$  mm**  
 Layer 6  **$d_{y6} = d_{y5} - s_z = 51$  mm**  
 2nd moment of area of reinf about y axis  **$I_{sy} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times [N_y \times (d_{y1} - h/2)^2 + 2 \times (d_{y2} - h/2)^2 + 2 \times (d_{y3} - h/2)^2] = 39284$  cm<sup>4</sup>**

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Radius of gyration of reinf about y axis  $i_{sy} = \sqrt{(I_{sy} / A_s)} = \mathbf{239 \text{ mm}}$

Effective depth about y axis (5.8.8.3(2))  $d_y = h / 2 + i_{sy} = \mathbf{614 \text{ mm}}$

#### Effective depths of bars for bending about z axis

Area of per bar  $A_{bar} = \pi \times \phi^2 / 4 = \mathbf{491 \text{ mm}^2}$

Spacing of bars in faces parallel to y axis (c/c)  $s_y = (b - 2 \times (C_{nom} + \phi_v) - \phi) / (N_y - 1) = \mathbf{75 \text{ mm}}$

Layer 1 (in tension face)  $d_{z1} = b - C_{nom} - \phi_v - \phi / 2 = \mathbf{199 \text{ mm}}$

Layer 2  $d_{z2} = d_{z1} - s_y = \mathbf{125 \text{ mm}}$

Layer 3  $d_{z3} = d_{z2} - s_y = \mathbf{50 \text{ mm}}$

2nd moment of area of reinf about z axis  $I_{sz} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times N_z \times (d_{z1} - b/2)^2 = \mathbf{3269 \text{ cm}^4}$

Radius of gyration of reinf about z axis  $i_{sz} = \sqrt{(I_{sz} / A_s)} = \mathbf{69 \text{ mm}}$

Effective depth about z axis (5.8.8.3(2))  $d_z = b / 2 + i_{sz} = \mathbf{194 \text{ mm}}$

#### Column slenderness about y axis

Radius of gyration  $i_y = h / \sqrt{(12)} = \mathbf{21.7 \text{ cm}}$

Slenderness ratio (5.8.3.2(1))  $\lambda_y = l_{0y} / i_y = \mathbf{18.1}$

#### Column slenderness about z axis

Radius of gyration  $i_z = b / \sqrt{(12)} = \mathbf{7.2 \text{ cm}}$

Slenderness ratio (5.8.3.2(1))  $\lambda_z = l_{0z} / i_z = \mathbf{54.4}$

#### Design bending moments

##### Frame analysis moments about y axis combined with moments due to imperfections (cl. 5.2 & 6.1(4))

Ecc. due to geometric imperfections (y axis)  $e_{iy} = l_{0y} / 400 = \mathbf{9.8 \text{ mm}}$

Min end moment about y axis  $M_{01y} = \min(\text{abs}(M_{topy}), \text{abs}(M_{btmy})) + e_{iy} \times N_{Ed} = \mathbf{107.3 \text{ kNm}}$

Max end moment about y axis  $M_{02y} = \max(\text{abs}(M_{topy}), \text{abs}(M_{btmy})) + e_{iy} \times N_{Ed} = \mathbf{107.3 \text{ kNm}}$

##### Slenderness limit for buckling about y axis (cl. 5.8.3.1)

Factor A  $A = \mathbf{0.7}$

Mechanical reinforcement ratio  $\omega = A_s \times f_{yd} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = \mathbf{0.879}$

Factor B  $B = \sqrt{(1 + 2 \times \omega)} = \mathbf{1.661}$

Moment ratio  $r_{my} = M_{01y} / M_{02y} = \mathbf{1.000}$

Factor C  $C_y = 1.7 - r_{my} = \mathbf{0.700}$

Relative normal force  $n = N_{Ed} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = \mathbf{0.967}$

Slenderness limit  $\lambda_{limy} = 20 \times A \times B \times C_y / \sqrt{(n)} = \mathbf{16.5}$

$\lambda_y > \lambda_{limy}$  - Second order effects must be considered

##### Frame analysis moments about z axis combined with moments due to imperfections (cl. 5.2 & 6.1(4))

Ecc. due to geometric imperfections (z axis)  $e_{iz} = l_{0z} / 400 = \mathbf{9.8 \text{ mm}}$

Min end moment about z axis  $M_{01z} = \min(\text{abs}(M_{topz}), \text{abs}(M_{btmz})) + e_{iz} \times N_{Ed} = \mathbf{82.3 \text{ kNm}}$

Max end moment about z axis  $M_{02z} = \max(\text{abs}(M_{topz}), \text{abs}(M_{btmz})) + e_{iz} \times N_{Ed} = \mathbf{82.3 \text{ kNm}}$

##### Slenderness limit for buckling about y axis (cl. 5.8.3.1)

Factor A  $A = \mathbf{0.7}$

Mechanical reinforcement ratio  $\omega = A_s \times f_{yd} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = \mathbf{0.879}$

Factor B  $B = \sqrt{(1 + 2 \times \omega)} = \mathbf{1.661}$

Moment ratio  $r_{mz} = M_{01z} / M_{02z} = \mathbf{1.000}$

Factor C  $C_z = 1.7 - r_{mz} = \mathbf{0.700}$

Relative normal force  $n = N_{Ed} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = \mathbf{0.967}$

Slenderness limit  $\lambda_{limz} = 20 \times A \times B \times C_z / \sqrt{(n)} = \mathbf{16.5}$

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$\lambda_z > \lambda_{limz}$  - **Second order effects must be considered**

**Local second order bending moment about y axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 & 5.8.8.3)**

Relative humidity of ambient environment	RH = <b>50 %</b>
Column perimeter in contact with atmosphere	u = <b>1700 mm</b>
Age of concrete at loading	t <sub>0</sub> = <b>28 day</b>
Parameter n <sub>u</sub>	n <sub>u</sub> = 1 + ω = <b>1.879</b>
Approx value of n at max moment of resistance	n <sub>bal</sub> = <b>0.4</b>
Axial load correction factor	K <sub>r</sub> = min(1.0 , (n <sub>u</sub> - n) / (n <sub>u</sub> - n <sub>bal</sub> )) = <b>0.617</b>
Reinforcement design strain	ε <sub>yd</sub> = f <sub>yd</sub> / E <sub>s</sub> = <b>0.00217</b>
Basic curvature	curve <sub>basic_y</sub> = ε <sub>yd</sub> / (0.45 × d <sub>y</sub> ) = <b>0.0000079 mm<sup>-1</sup></b>
Notional size of column	h <sub>0</sub> = 2 × A <sub>c</sub> / u = <b>221 mm</b>
Factor α <sub>1</sub> (Annex B.1(1))	α <sub>1</sub> = (35 MPa / f <sub>cm</sub> ) <sup>0.7</sup> = <b>0.911</b>
Factor α <sub>2</sub> (Annex B.1(1))	α <sub>2</sub> = (35 MPa / f <sub>cm</sub> ) <sup>0.2</sup> = <b>0.974</b>
Relative humidity factor (Annex B.1(1))	φ <sub>RH</sub> = [1 + ((1 - RH / 100%) / (0.1 mm <sup>-1/3</sup> × (h <sub>0</sub> ) <sup>1/3</sup> )) × α <sub>1</sub> ] × α <sub>2</sub> = <b>1.707</b>
Concrete strength factor (Annex B.1(1))	β <sub>fcm</sub> = 16.8 × (1 MPa) <sup>1/2</sup> / √(f <sub>cm</sub> ) = <b>2.656</b>
Concrete age factor (Annex B.1(1))	β <sub>t0</sub> = 1 / (0.1 + (t <sub>0</sub> / 1 day) <sup>0.2</sup> ) = <b>0.488</b>
Notional creep coefficient (Annex B.1(1))	φ <sub>0</sub> = φ <sub>RH</sub> × β <sub>fcm</sub> × β <sub>t0</sub> = <b>2.215</b>
Final creep development factor (at t = ∞)	β <sub>∞</sub> = 1.0
Final creep coefficient (Annex B.1(1))	φ <sub>∞</sub> = φ <sub>0</sub> × β <sub>∞</sub> = <b>2.215</b>
Ratio of SLS to ULS moments	γ <sub>My</sub> = <b>0.80</b>
Effective creep ratio	φ <sub>efy</sub> = φ <sub>∞</sub> × γ <sub>My</sub> = <b>1.772</b>
Factor β	β <sub>y</sub> = 0.35 + f <sub>ck</sub> / 200 MPa - λ <sub>y</sub> / 150 = <b>0.389</b>
Creep factor	K <sub>φy</sub> = max(1.0 , 1 + β <sub>y</sub> × φ <sub>efy</sub> ) = <b>1.690</b>
Modified curvature	curve <sub>mod_y</sub> = K <sub>r</sub> × K <sub>φy</sub> × curve <sub>basic_y</sub> = <b>0.0000082 mm<sup>-1</sup></b>
Curvature distribution factor	c = <b>10</b>
Deflection	e <sub>2y</sub> = curve <sub>mod_y</sub> × l <sub>0y</sub> <sup>2</sup> / c = <b>12.6 mm</b>
Nominal 2 <sup>nd</sup> order moment	M <sub>2y</sub> = N <sub>Ed</sub> × e <sub>2y</sub> = <b>41.5 kNm</b>

**Design bending moment about y axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 & 6.1(4))**

Equivalent moment from frame analysis	M <sub>0ey</sub> = max(0.6 × M <sub>02y</sub> + 0.4 × M <sub>01y</sub> , 0.4 × M <sub>02y</sub> ) = <b>107.3 kNm</b>
Design moment	M <sub>Edy</sub> = max(M <sub>02y</sub> , M <sub>0ey</sub> + M <sub>2y</sub> , M <sub>01y</sub> + 0.5 × M <sub>2y</sub> , N <sub>Ed</sub> × max(h/30, 20 mm)) M <sub>Edy</sub> = <b>148.8 kNm</b>

**Local second order bending moment about z axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 & 5.8.8.3)**

Basic curvature	curve <sub>basic_z</sub> = ε <sub>yd</sub> / (0.45 × d <sub>z</sub> ) = <b>0.0000249 mm<sup>-1</sup></b>
Ratio of SLS to ULS moments	γ <sub>Mz</sub> = <b>0.80</b>
Effective creep ratio (5.8.4(2))	φ <sub>efz</sub> = φ <sub>∞</sub> × γ <sub>Mz</sub> = <b>1.772</b>
Factor β	β <sub>z</sub> = 0.35 + f <sub>ck</sub> / 200 MPa - λ <sub>z</sub> / 150 = <b>0.147</b>
Creep factor	K <sub>φz</sub> = max(1.0 , 1 + β <sub>z</sub> × φ <sub>efz</sub> ) = <b>1.261</b>
Modified curvature	curve <sub>mod_z</sub> = K <sub>r</sub> × K <sub>φz</sub> × curve <sub>basic_z</sub> = <b>0.0000194 mm<sup>-1</sup></b>
Curvature distribution factor	c = <b>10</b>
Deflection	e <sub>2z</sub> = curve <sub>mod_z</sub> × l <sub>0z</sub> <sup>2</sup> / c = <b>29.8 mm</b>
Nominal 2 <sup>nd</sup> order moment	M <sub>2z</sub> = N <sub>Ed</sub> × e <sub>2z</sub> = <b>98.1 kNm</b>

**Design bending moment about z axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 & 6.1(4))**

Equivalent moment from frame analysis	M <sub>0ez</sub> = max(0.6 × M <sub>02z</sub> + 0.4 × M <sub>01z</sub> , 0.4 × M <sub>02z</sub> ) = <b>82.3 kNm</b>
Design moment	M <sub>Edz</sub> = max(M <sub>02z</sub> , M <sub>0ez</sub> + M <sub>2z</sub> , M <sub>01z</sub> + 0.5 × M <sub>2z</sub> , N <sub>Ed</sub> × max(b/30, 20 mm))

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$$M_{Edz} = 180.4 \text{ kNm}$$

### Moment capacity about y axis with axial load $N_{Ed}$

#### Moment of resistance of concrete

By iteration:-

Position of neutral axis

$$y = 568.0 \text{ mm}$$

Concrete compression force (3.1.7(3))

$$F_{yc} = \eta \times f_{cd} \times \min(\lambda_{sb} \times y, h) \times b = 2059.9 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance

$$M_{Rdy_c} = F_{yc} \times [h / 2 - (\min(\lambda_{sb} \times y, h)) / 2] = 304.5 \text{ kNm}$$

#### Moment of resistance of reinforcement

Strain in layer 1

$$\epsilon_{y1} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y1} / y) = -0.00081$$

Stress in layer 1

$$\sigma_{y1} = \max(-1 \times f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y1}) = -162.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Force in layer 1

$$F_{y1} = N_y \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y1} = -238.7 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance of layer 1

$$M_{Rdy1} = F_{y1} \times (h / 2 - d_{y1}) = 77.4 \text{ kNm}$$

Strain in layer 2

$$\epsilon_{y2} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y2} / y) = -0.00001$$

Stress in layer 2

$$\sigma_{y2} = \max(-1 \times f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y2}) = -2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Force in layer 2

$$F_{y2} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y2} = -2.1 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance of layer 2

$$M_{Rdy2} = F_{y2} \times (h / 2 - d_{y2}) = 0.4 \text{ kNm}$$

Strain in layer 3

$$\epsilon_{y3} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y3} / y) = 0.00079$$

Stress in layer 3

$$\sigma_{y3} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y3}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 139.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Force in layer 3

$$F_{y3} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y3} = 137.2 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance of layer 3

$$M_{Rdy3} = F_{y3} \times (h / 2 - d_{y3}) = -8.9 \text{ kNm}$$

Strain in layer 4

$$\epsilon_{y4} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y4} / y) = 0.00159$$

Stress in layer 4

$$\sigma_{y4} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y4}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 299.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Force in layer 4

$$F_{y4} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y4} = 294.2 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance of layer 4

$$M_{Rdy4} = F_{y4} \times (h / 2 - d_{y4}) = 19.1 \text{ kNm}$$

Strain in layer 5

$$\epsilon_{y5} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y5} / y) = 0.00239$$

Stress in layer 5

$$\sigma_{y5} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y5}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 416.6 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Force in layer 5

$$F_{y5} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y5} = 409.0 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance of layer 5

$$M_{Rdy5} = F_{y5} \times (h / 2 - d_{y5}) = 79.6 \text{ kNm}$$

Strain in layer 6

$$\epsilon_{y6} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y6} / y) = 0.00319$$

Stress in layer 6

$$\sigma_{y6} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y6}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 416.6 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Force in layer 6

$$F_{y6} = N_y \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y6} = 613.6 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance of layer 6

$$M_{Rdy6} = F_{y6} \times (h / 2 - d_{y6}) = 199.1 \text{ kNm}$$

Resultant concrete/steel force

$$F_y = 3273.3 \text{ kN}$$

**PASS - This is within half of one percent of the applied axial load**

#### Combined moment of resistance

Moment of resistance about y axis

$$M_{Rdy} = 671.2 \text{ kNm}$$

**PASS - The moment capacity about the y axis exceeds the design bending moment**

### Moment capacity about z axis with axial load $N_{Ed}$

#### Moment of resistance of concrete

By iteration:-

Position of neutral axis

$$z = 184.6 \text{ mm}$$


Concrete compression force (3.1.7(3))

$$F_{zc} = \eta \times f_{cd} \times \min(\lambda_{sb} \times z, b) \times h = 2008.1 \text{ kN}$$

Moment of resistance

$$M_{Rdz_c} = F_{zc} \times [b / 2 - (\min(\lambda_{sb} \times z, b)) / 2] = 102.8 \text{ kNm}$$



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### Moment of resistance of reinforcement

Strain in layer 1	$\epsilon_{z1} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{z1} / z) = -0.00028$
Stress in layer 1	$\sigma_{z1} = \max(-1 \times f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{z1}) = -56.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Force in layer 1	$F_{z1} = N_z \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{z1} = -166.8 \text{ kN}$
Moment of resistance of layer 1	$M_{Rdz1} = F_{z1} \times (b / 2 - d_{z1}) = 12.4 \text{ kNm}$
Strain in layer 2	$\epsilon_{z2} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{z2} / z) = 0.00113$
Stress in layer 2	$\sigma_{z2} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{z2}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 207.8 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Force in layer 2	$F_{z2} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{z2} = 204.0 \text{ kN}$
Moment of resistance of layer 2	$M_{Rdz2} = F_{z2} \times (b / 2 - d_{z2}) = 0.0 \text{ kNm}$
Strain in layer 3	$\epsilon_{z3} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{z3} / z) = 0.00254$
Stress in layer 3	$\sigma_{z3} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{z3}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 416.6 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Force in layer 3	$F_{z3} = N_z \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{z3} = 1227.1 \text{ kN}$
Moment of resistance of layer 3	$M_{Rdz3} = F_{z3} \times (b / 2 - d_{z3}) = 91.4 \text{ kNm}$
Resultant concrete/steel force	$F_z = 3272.3 \text{ kN}$

**PASS - This is within half of one percent of the applied axial load**

### Combined moment of resistance

Moment of resistance about z axis	$M_{Rdz} = 206.6 \text{ kNm}$
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**PASS - The moment capacity about the z axis exceeds the design bending moment**

### Biaxial bending

#### Determine if a biaxial bending check is required (5.8.9(3))


Ratio of column slenderness ratios	$ratio_\lambda = \max(\lambda_y, \lambda_z) / \min(\lambda_y, \lambda_z) = 3.00$
Eccentricity in direction of y axis	$e_y = M_{Edz} / N_{Ed} = 54.9 \text{ mm}$
Eccentricity in direction of z axis	$e_z = M_{Edy} / N_{Ed} = 45.2 \text{ mm}$
Equivalent depth	$h_{eq} = i_y \times \sqrt{(12)} = 750 \text{ mm}$
Equivalent width	$b_{eq} = i_z \times \sqrt{(12)} = 250 \text{ mm}$
Relative eccentricity in direction of y axis	$e_{rel\_y} = e_y / b_{eq} = 0.219$
Relative eccentricity in direction of z axis	$e_{rel\_z} = e_z / h_{eq} = 0.060$
Ratio of relative eccentricities	$ratio_e = \min(e_{rel\_y}, e_{rel\_z}) / \max(e_{rel\_y}, e_{rel\_z}) = 0.275$

**ratio<sub>λ</sub> > 2 & ratio<sub>e</sub> > 0.2 - Biaxial bending check is required**

#### Biaxial bending (5.8.9(4))

Design axial resistance of section	$N_{Rd} = (A_c \times f_{cd}) + (A_s \times f_{yd}) = 6387.9 \text{ kN}$
Ratio of applied to resistance axial loads	$ratio_N = N_{Ed} / N_{Rd} = 0.515$
Exponent a	$a = 1.35$
Biaxial bending utilisation	$UF = (M_{Edy} / M_{Rdy})^a + (M_{Edz} / M_{Rdz})^a = 0.965$

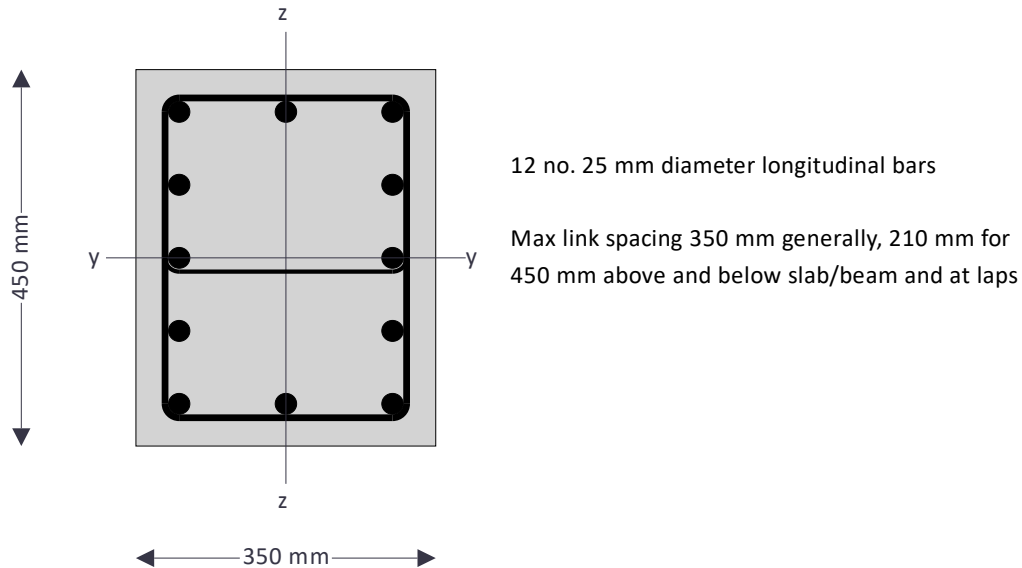
**PASS - The biaxial bending capacity is adequate**

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## RC COLUMN DESIGN

In accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 incorporating Corrigendum January 2008 and the UK national annex

Tedds calculation version 1.3.02



### Column input details

#### Column geometry

Overall depth (perpendicular to y axis)	<b>h = 450 mm</b>
Overall breadth (perpendicular to z axis)	<b>b = 350 mm</b>
Stability in the z direction	<b>Braced</b>
Stability in the y direction	<b>Braced</b>

#### Concrete details


Concrete strength class	<b>C32/40</b>
Partial safety factor for concrete (2.4.2.4(1))	$\gamma_C = 1.50$
Coefficient $\alpha_{cc}$ (3.1.6(1))	$\alpha_{cc} = 0.85$
Maximum aggregate size	<b><math>d_g = 20</math> mm</b>

#### Reinforcement details

Nominal cover to links	<b><math>c_{nom} = 30</math> mm</b>
Longitudinal bar diameter	<b><math>\phi = 25</math> mm</b>
Link diameter	<b><math>\phi_v = 8</math> mm</b>
Total number of longitudinal bars	<b>N = 12</b>
No. of bars per face parallel to y axis	<b><math>N_y = 3</math></b>
No. of bars per face parallel to z axis	<b><math>N_z = 5</math></b>
Area of longitudinal reinforcement	<b><math>A_s = N \times \pi \times \phi^2 / 4 = 5890</math> mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Characteristic yield strength	<b><math>f_{yk} = 500</math> N/mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Partial safety factor for reinf (2.4.2.4(1))	<b><math>\gamma_S = 1.15</math></b>
Modulus of elasticity of reinf (3.2.7(4))	<b><math>E_s = 200</math> kN/mm<sup>2</sup></b>

#### Fire resistance details

Fire resistance period	<b>R = 60 min</b>
Exposure to fire	<b>Exposed on one side only</b>

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Ratio of fire design axial load to design resistance  $\mu_{fi} = 0.70$

#### Axial load and bending moments from frame analysis

Design axial load  $N_{Ed} = 1901.0$  kN  
 Moment about y axis at top  $M_{topy} = 75.0$  kNm  
 Moment about y axis at bottom  $M_{btmy} = 75.0$  kNm  
 Moment about z axis at top  $M_{topz} = 50.0$  kNm  
 Moment about z axis at bottom  $M_{btmz} = 50.0$  kNm

#### Column effective lengths

Effective length for buckling about y axis  $l_{oy} = 5925$  mm  
 Effective length for buckling about z axis  $l_{oz} = 5925$  mm

#### Calculated column properties

##### Concrete properties

Area of concrete  $A_c = h \times b = 157500$  mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Characteristic compression cylinder strength  $f_{ck} = 32$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Design compressive strength (3.1.6(1))  $f_{cd} = \alpha_{cc} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_c = 18.1$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Mean value of cylinder strength (Table 3.1)  $f_{cm} = f_{ck} + 8$  MPa = 40.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Secant modulus of elasticity (Table 3.1)  $E_{cm} = 22000$  MPa  $\times (f_{cm} / 10 \text{ MPa})^{0.3} = 33.3$  kN/mm<sup>2</sup>

##### Rectangular stress block factors

Depth factor (3.1.7(3))  $\lambda_{sb} = 0.8$   
 Stress factor (3.1.7(3))  $\eta = 1.0$

##### Strain limits

Compression strain limit (Table 3.1)  $\epsilon_{cu3} = 0.00350$   
 Pure compression strain limit (Table 3.1)  $\epsilon_{c3} = 0.00175$

##### Design yield strength of reinforcement

Design yield strength (3.2.7(2))  $f_{yd} = f_{yk} / \gamma_s = 434.8$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>

##### Check nominal cover for fire and bond requirements

Min. cover reqd for bond (to links) (4.4.1.2(3))  $c_{min,b} = \max(\phi_v, \phi - \phi_v) = 17$  mm  
 Min axis distance for fire (EN1992-1-2 T 5.2a)  $a_{fi} = 25$  mm  
 Allowance for deviations from min cover (4.4.1.3)  $\Delta C_{dev} = 5$  mm  
 Min allowable nominal cover  $C_{nom,min} = \max(a_{fi} - \phi / 2 - \phi_v, c_{min,b} + \Delta C_{dev}) = 22.0$  mm  
**PASS - the nominal cover is greater than the minimum required**

##### Effective depths of bars for bending about y axis

Area per bar  $A_{bar} = \pi \times \phi^2 / 4 = 491$  mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Spacing of bars in faces parallel to z axis (c/c)  $s_z = (h - 2 \times (C_{nom} + \phi_v) - \phi) / (N_z - 1) = 87$  mm  
 Layer 1 (in tension face)  $d_{y1} = h - C_{nom} - \phi_v - \phi / 2 = 399$  mm  
 Layer 2  $d_{y2} = d_{y1} - s_z = 312$  mm  
 Layer 3  $d_{y3} = d_{y2} - s_z = 225$  mm  
 Layer 4  $d_{y4} = d_{y3} - s_z = 138$  mm  
 Layer 5  $d_{y5} = d_{y4} - s_z = 50$  mm  
 2nd moment of area of reinf about y axis  $I_{sy} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times [N_y \times (d_{y1} - h/2)^2 + 2 \times (d_{y2} - h/2)^2] = 10463$  cm<sup>4</sup>  
 Radius of gyration of reinf about y axis  $i_{sy} = \sqrt{I_{sy} / A_s} = 133$  mm  
 Effective depth about y axis (5.8.8.3(2))  $d_y = h / 2 + i_{sy} = 358$  mm

##### Effective depths of bars for bending about z axis

Area of per bar  $A_{bar} = \pi \times \phi^2 / 4 = 491$  mm<sup>2</sup>



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Spacing of bars in faces parallel to y axis (c/c)  $s_y = (b - 2 \times (C_{nom} + \phi_v) - \phi) / (N_y - 1) = 125 \text{ mm}$   
 Layer 1 (in tension face)  $d_{z1} = b - C_{nom} - \phi_v - \phi / 2 = 300 \text{ mm}$   
 Layer 2  $d_{z2} = d_{z1} - s_y = 175 \text{ mm}$   
 Layer 3  $d_{z3} = d_{z2} - s_y = 50 \text{ mm}$   
 2nd moment of area of reinf about z axis  $I_{sz} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times N_z \times (d_{z1} - b/2)^2 = 7609 \text{ cm}^4$   
 Radius of gyration of reinf about z axis  $i_{sz} = \sqrt{I_{sz} / A_s} = 114 \text{ mm}$   
 Effective depth about z axis (5.8.8.3(2))  $d_z = b / 2 + i_{sz} = 289 \text{ mm}$

#### Column slenderness about y axis

Radius of gyration  $i_y = h / \sqrt{12} = 13.0 \text{ cm}$   
 Slenderness ratio (5.8.3.2(1))  $\lambda_{y} = l_{0y} / i_y = 45.6$

#### Column slenderness about z axis

Radius of gyration  $i_z = b / \sqrt{12} = 10.1 \text{ cm}$   
 Slenderness ratio (5.8.3.2(1))  $\lambda_{z} = l_{0z} / i_z = 58.6$

#### Design bending moments

##### Frame analysis moments about y axis combined with moments due to imperfections (cl. 5.2 & 6.1(4))

Ecc. due to geometric imperfections (y axis)  $e_{iy} = l_{0y} / 400 = 14.8 \text{ mm}$   
 Min end moment about y axis  $M_{01y} = \min(\text{abs}(M_{topy}), \text{abs}(M_{btmy})) + e_{iy} \times N_{Ed} = 103.2 \text{ kNm}$   
 Max end moment about y axis  $M_{02y} = \max(\text{abs}(M_{topy}), \text{abs}(M_{btmy})) + e_{iy} \times N_{Ed} = 103.2 \text{ kNm}$

##### Slenderness limit for buckling about y axis (cl. 5.8.3.1)

Factor A  $A = 0.7$   
 Mechanical reinforcement ratio  $\omega = A_s \times f_{yd} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = 0.897$   
 Factor B  $B = \sqrt{1 + 2 \times \omega} = 1.671$   
 Moment ratio  $r_{my} = M_{01y} / M_{02y} = 1.000$   
 Factor C  $C_y = 1.7 - r_{my} = 0.700$   
 Relative normal force  $n = N_{Ed} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = 0.666$   
 Slenderness limit  $\lambda_{limy} = 20 \times A \times B \times C_y / \sqrt{n} = 20.1$

$\lambda_y > \lambda_{limy}$  - Second order effects must be considered

##### Frame analysis moments about z axis combined with moments due to imperfections (cl. 5.2 & 6.1(4))

Ecc. due to geometric imperfections (z axis)  $e_{iz} = l_{0z} / 400 = 14.8 \text{ mm}$   
 Min end moment about z axis  $M_{01z} = \min(\text{abs}(M_{topz}), \text{abs}(M_{btmz})) + e_{iz} \times N_{Ed} = 78.2 \text{ kNm}$   
 Max end moment about z axis  $M_{02z} = \max(\text{abs}(M_{topz}), \text{abs}(M_{btmz})) + e_{iz} \times N_{Ed} = 78.2 \text{ kNm}$

##### Slenderness limit for buckling about y axis (cl. 5.8.3.1)

Factor A  $A = 0.7$   
 Mechanical reinforcement ratio  $\omega = A_s \times f_{yd} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = 0.897$   
 Factor B  $B = \sqrt{1 + 2 \times \omega} = 1.671$   
 Moment ratio  $r_{mz} = M_{01z} / M_{02z} = 1.000$   
 Factor C  $C_z = 1.7 - r_{mz} = 0.700$   
 Relative normal force  $n = N_{Ed} / (A_c \times f_{cd}) = 0.666$   
 Slenderness limit  $\lambda_{limz} = 20 \times A \times B \times C_z / \sqrt{n} = 20.1$

$\lambda_z > \lambda_{limz}$  - Second order effects must be considered

##### Local second order bending moment about y axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 & 5.8.8.3)

Relative humidity of ambient environment  $RH = 50 \%$   
 Column perimeter in contact with atmosphere  $u = 1400 \text{ mm}$


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Age of concrete at loading	$t_0 = 28$ day
Parameter $n_u$	$n_u = 1 + \omega = 1.897$
Approx value of $n$ at max moment of resistance	$n_{bal} = 0.4$
Axial load correction factor	$K_r = \min(1.0, (n_u - n) / (n_u - n_{bal})) = 0.823$
Reinforcement design strain	$\epsilon_{yd} = f_{yd} / E_s = 0.00217$
Basic curvature	$curve_{basic\_y} = \epsilon_{yd} / (0.45 \times d_y) = 0.0000135 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
Notional size of column	$h_0 = 2 \times A_c / u = 225 \text{ mm}$
Factor $\alpha_1$ (Annex B.1(1))	$\alpha_1 = (35 \text{ MPa} / f_{cm})^{0.7} = 0.911$
Factor $\alpha_2$ (Annex B.1(1))	$\alpha_2 = (35 \text{ MPa} / f_{cm})^{0.2} = 0.974$
Relative humidity factor (Annex B.1(1))	$\phi_{RH} = [1 + ((1 - RH / 100\%) / (0.1 \text{ mm}^{-1/3} \times (h_0)^{1/3})) \times \alpha_1] \times \alpha_2 = 1.703$
Concrete strength factor (Annex B.1(1))	$\beta_{fcm} = 16.8 \times (1 \text{ MPa})^{1/2} / \sqrt{f_{cm}} = 2.656$
Concrete age factor (Annex B.1(1))	$\beta_{t0} = 1 / (0.1 + (t_0 / 1 \text{ day})^{0.2}) = 0.488$
Notional creep coefficient (Annex B.1(1))	$\phi_0 = \phi_{RH} \times \beta_{fcm} \times \beta_{t0} = 2.209$
Final creep development factor (at $t = \infty$ )	$\beta_{c\infty} = 1.0$
Final creep coefficient (Annex B.1(1))	$\phi_{\infty} = \phi_0 \times \beta_{c\infty} = 2.209$
Ratio of SLS to ULS moments	$\gamma_{My} = 0.80$
Effective creep ratio	$\phi_{efy} = \phi_{\infty} \times \gamma_{My} = 1.767$
Factor $\beta$	$\beta_y = 0.35 + f_{ck} / 200 \text{ MPa} - \lambda_y / 150 = 0.206$
Creep factor	$K_{\phi y} = \max(1.0, 1 + \beta_y \times \phi_{efy}) = 1.364$
Modified curvature	$curve_{mod\_y} = K_r \times K_{\phi y} \times curve_{basic\_y} = 0.0000151 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
Curvature distribution factor	$c = 10$
Deflection	$e_{2y} = curve_{mod\_y} \times l_{0y}^2 / c = 53.1 \text{ mm}$
Nominal 2 <sup>nd</sup> order moment	$M_{2y} = N_{Ed} \times e_{2y} = 101.0 \text{ kNm}$
<b>Design bending moment about y axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 &amp; 6.1(4))</b>	
Equivalent moment from frame analysis	$M_{0ey} = \max(0.6 \times M_{02y} + 0.4 \times M_{01y}, 0.4 \times M_{02y}) = 103.2 \text{ kNm}$
Design moment	$M_{Edy} = \max(M_{02y}, M_{0ey} + M_{2y}, M_{01y} + 0.5 \times M_{2y}, N_{Ed} \times \max(h/30, 20 \text{ mm}))$ $M_{Edy} = 204.1 \text{ kNm}$
<b>Local second order bending moment about z axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 &amp; 5.8.8.3)</b>	
Basic curvature	$curve_{basic\_z} = \epsilon_{yd} / (0.45 \times d_z) = 0.0000167 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
Ratio of SLS to ULS moments	$\gamma_{Mz} = 0.80$
Effective creep ratio (5.8.4(2))	$\phi_{efz} = \phi_{\infty} \times \gamma_{Mz} = 1.767$
Factor $\beta$	$\beta_z = 0.35 + f_{ck} / 200 \text{ MPa} - \lambda_z / 150 = 0.119$
Creep factor	$K_{\phi z} = \max(1.0, 1 + \beta_z \times \phi_{efz}) = 1.210$
Modified curvature	$curve_{mod\_z} = K_r \times K_{\phi z} \times curve_{basic\_z} = 0.0000167 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
Curvature distribution factor	$c = 10$
Deflection	$e_{2z} = curve_{mod\_z} \times l_{0z}^2 / c = 58.5 \text{ mm}$
Nominal 2 <sup>nd</sup> order moment	$M_{2z} = N_{Ed} \times e_{2z} = 111.2 \text{ kNm}$
<b>Design bending moment about z axis (cl. 5.8.8.2 &amp; 6.1(4))</b>	
Equivalent moment from frame analysis	$M_{0ez} = \max(0.6 \times M_{02z} + 0.4 \times M_{01z}, 0.4 \times M_{02z}) = 78.2 \text{ kNm}$
Design moment	$M_{Edz} = \max(M_{02z}, M_{0ez} + M_{2z}, M_{01z} + 0.5 \times M_{2z}, N_{Ed} \times \max(b/30, 20 \text{ mm}))$ $M_{Edz} = 189.4 \text{ kNm}$

**Moment capacity about y axis with axial load  $N_{Ed}$**

**Moment of resistance of concrete**

By iteration:-

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Position of neutral axis  $y = 274.5$  mm  
 Concrete compression force (3.1.7(3))  $F_{yc} = \eta \times f_{cd} \times \min(\lambda_{sb} \times y, h) \times b = 1394.0$  kN  
 Moment of resistance  $M_{Rdy_c} = F_{yc} \times [h / 2 - (\min(\lambda_{sb} \times y, h)) / 2] = 160.6$  kNm

#### Moment of resistance of reinforcement

Strain in layer 1  $\epsilon_{y1} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y1} / y) = -0.00159$   
 Stress in layer 1  $\sigma_{y1} = \max(-1 \times f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y1}) = -318.6$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 1  $F_{y1} = N_y \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y1} = -469.1$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 1  $M_{Rdy1} = F_{y1} \times (h / 2 - d_{y1}) = 81.9$  kNm  
 Strain in layer 2  $\epsilon_{y2} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y2} / y) = -0.00048$   
 Stress in layer 2  $\sigma_{y2} = \max(-1 \times f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y2}) = -96.1$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 2  $F_{y2} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y2} = -94.4$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 2  $M_{Rdy2} = F_{y2} \times (h / 2 - d_{y2}) = 8.2$  kNm  
 Strain in layer 3  $\epsilon_{y3} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y3} / y) = 0.00063$   
 Stress in layer 3  $\sigma_{y3} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y3}) = 126.3$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 3  $F_{y3} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y3} = 124.0$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 3  $M_{Rdy3} = F_{y3} \times (h / 2 - d_{y3}) = 0.0$  kNm  
 Strain in layer 4  $\epsilon_{y4} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y4} / y) = 0.00174$   
 Stress in layer 4  $\sigma_{y4} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y4}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 330.7$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 4  $F_{y4} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y4} = 324.6$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 4  $M_{Rdy4} = F_{y4} \times (h / 2 - d_{y4}) = 28.3$  kNm  
 Strain in layer 5  $\epsilon_{y5} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{y5} / y) = 0.00286$   
 Stress in layer 5  $\sigma_{y5} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{y5}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = 416.6$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 5  $F_{y5} = N_y \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{y5} = 613.6$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 5  $M_{Rdy5} = F_{y5} \times (h / 2 - d_{y5}) = 107.1$  kNm  
 Resultant concrete/steel force  $F_y = 1892.7$  kN  
**PASS - This is within half of one percent of the applied axial load**

#### Combined moment of resistance

Moment of resistance about y axis  $M_{Rdy} = 386.0$  kNm  
**PASS - The moment capacity about the y axis exceeds the design bending moment**

#### Moment capacity about z axis with axial load $N_{Ed}$

##### Moment of resistance of concrete


By iteration:-

Position of neutral axis  $z = 215.6$  mm  
 Concrete compression force (3.1.7(3))  $F_{zc} = \eta \times f_{cd} \times \min(\lambda_{sb} \times z, b) \times h = 1407.7$  kN  
 Moment of resistance  $M_{Rdz_c} = F_{zc} \times [b / 2 - (\min(\lambda_{sb} \times z, b)) / 2] = 124.9$  kNm

##### Moment of resistance of reinforcement

Strain in layer 1  $\epsilon_{z1} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{z1} / z) = -0.00136$   
 Stress in layer 1  $\sigma_{z1} = \max(-1 \times f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{z1}) = -272.2$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 1  $F_{z1} = N_z \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{z1} = -668.1$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 1  $M_{Rdz1} = F_{z1} \times (b / 2 - d_{z1}) = 83.2$  kNm  
 Strain in layer 2  $\epsilon_{z2} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{z2} / z) = 0.00066$   
 Stress in layer 2  $\sigma_{z2} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{z2}) = 131.9$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Force in layer 2  $F_{z2} = 2 \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{z2} = 129.5$  kN  
 Moment of resistance of layer 2  $M_{Rdz2} = F_{z2} \times (b / 2 - d_{z2}) = 0.0$  kNm



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Strain in layer 3  $\epsilon_{z3} = \epsilon_{cu3} \times (1 - d_{z3} / z) = \mathbf{0.00268}$   
 Stress in layer 3  $\sigma_{z3} = \min(f_{yd}, E_s \times \epsilon_{z3}) - \eta \times f_{cd} = \mathbf{416.6 \text{ N/mm}^2}$   
 Force in layer 3  $F_{z3} = N_z \times A_{bar} \times \sigma_{z3} = \mathbf{1022.6 \text{ kN}}$   
 Moment of resistance of layer 3  $M_{Rdz3} = F_{z3} \times (b / 2 - d_{z3}) = \mathbf{127.3 \text{ kNm}}$   
 Resultant concrete/steel force  $F_z = \mathbf{1891.7 \text{ kN}}$   
**PASS - This is within half of one percent of the applied axial load**

#### Combined moment of resistance

Moment of resistance about z axis  $M_{Rdz} = \mathbf{335.4 \text{ kNm}}$

**PASS - The moment capacity about the z axis exceeds the design bending moment**

#### Biaxial bending

##### Determine if a biaxial bending check is required (5.8.9(3))

Ratio of column slenderness ratios  $ratio_\lambda = \max(\lambda_y, \lambda_z) / \min(\lambda_y, \lambda_z) = \mathbf{1.29}$   
 Eccentricity in direction of y axis  $e_y = M_{Edz} / N_{Ed} = \mathbf{99.6 \text{ mm}}$   
 Eccentricity in direction of z axis  $e_z = M_{Edy} / N_{Ed} = \mathbf{107.4 \text{ mm}}$   
 Equivalent depth  $h_{eq} = i_y \times \sqrt{(12)} = \mathbf{450 \text{ mm}}$   
 Equivalent width  $b_{eq} = i_z \times \sqrt{(12)} = \mathbf{350 \text{ mm}}$   
 Relative eccentricity in direction of y axis  $e_{rel\_y} = e_y / b_{eq} = \mathbf{0.285}$   
 Relative eccentricity in direction of z axis  $e_{rel\_z} = e_z / h_{eq} = \mathbf{0.239}$   
 Ratio of relative eccentricities  $ratio_e = \min(e_{rel\_y}, e_{rel\_z}) / \max(e_{rel\_y}, e_{rel\_z}) = \mathbf{0.838}$   
**ratio<sub>e</sub> > 0.2 - Biaxial bending check is required**

##### Biaxial bending (5.8.9(4))

Design axial resistance of section  $N_{Rd} = (A_c \times f_{cd}) + (A_s \times f_{yd}) = \mathbf{5417.1 \text{ kN}}$   
 Ratio of applied to resistance axial loads  $ratio_N = N_{Ed} / N_{Rd} = \mathbf{0.351}$   
 Exponent a  $a = \mathbf{1.21}$   
 Biaxial bending utilisation  $UF = (M_{Edy} / M_{Rdy})^a + (M_{Edz} / M_{Rdz})^a = \mathbf{0.964}$   
**PASS - The biaxial bending capacity is adequate**



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### RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS

In accordance with EN1997-1:2004 incorporating Corrigendum dated February 2009 and the UK National Annex incorporating Corrigendum No.1

Tedds calculation version 2.9.05

#### **Retaining wall details**

Stem type	Propped cantilever
Stem height	$h_{\text{stem}} = 3925$ mm
Prop height	$h_{\text{prop}} = 3925$ mm
Stem thickness	$t_{\text{stem}} = 300$ mm
Angle to rear face of stem	$\alpha = 90$ deg
Stem density	$\gamma_{\text{stem}} = 25$ kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Toe length	$l_{\text{toe}} = 2500$ mm
Heel length	$l_{\text{heel}} = 100$ mm
Base thickness	$t_{\text{base}} = 300$ mm
Base density	$\gamma_{\text{base}} = 25$ kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Height of retained soil	$h_{\text{ret}} = 3925$ mm
Angle of soil surface	$\beta = 0$ deg
Depth of cover	$d_{\text{cover}} = 0$ mm
Height of water	$h_{\text{water}} = 2925$ mm
Water density	$\gamma_w = 9.8$ kN/m <sup>3</sup>

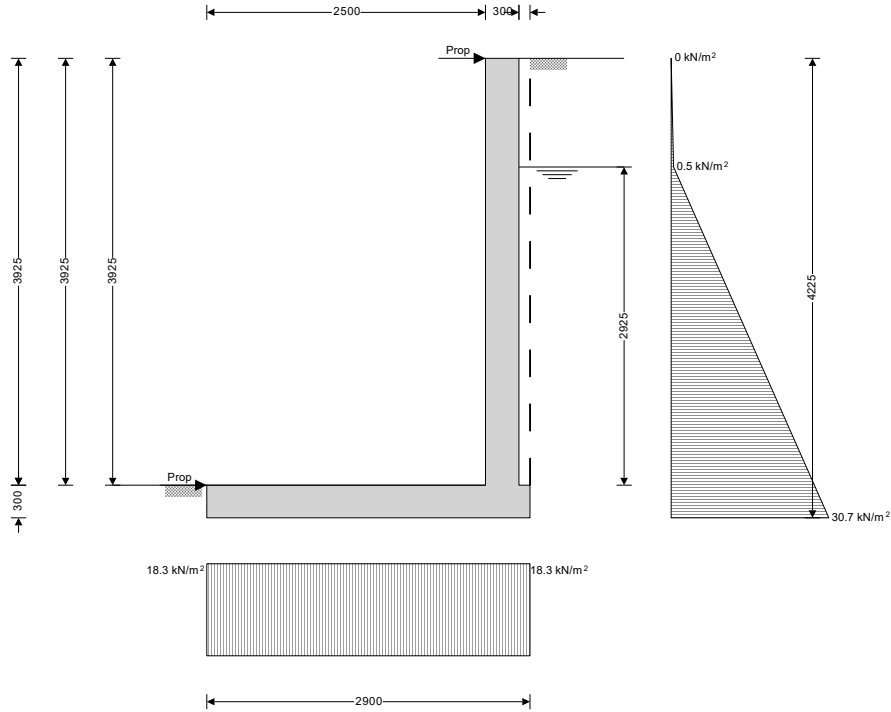
#### **Retained soil properties**

Soil type	Dense gravel
Moist density	$\gamma_{\text{mr}} = 5$ kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Saturated density	$\gamma_{\text{sr}} = 5$ kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Characteristic effective shear resistance angle	$\phi'_{r,k} = 60$ deg
Characteristic wall friction angle	$\delta_{r,k} = 30$ deg

#### **Base soil properties**

Soil type	Stiff clay
Soil density	$\gamma_b = 19$ kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Characteristic cohesion	$c'_{b,k} = 30$ kN/m <sup>2</sup>
Characteristic effective shear resistance angle	$\phi'_{b,k} = 18$ deg
Characteristic wall friction angle	$\delta_{b,k} = 9$ deg
Characteristic base friction angle	$\delta_{bb,k} = 12$ deg

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**General arrangement**

**Calculate retaining wall geometry**

Base length	$l_{base} = l_{toe} + t_{stem} + l_{heel} = \mathbf{2900 \text{ mm}}$
Saturated soil height	$h_{sat} = h_{water} + d_{cover} = \mathbf{2925 \text{ mm}}$
Moist soil height	$h_{moist} = h_{ret} - h_{water} = \mathbf{1000 \text{ mm}}$
Retained surface length	$l_{sur} = l_{heel} = \mathbf{100 \text{ mm}}$
Effective height of wall	$h_{eff} = h_{base} + d_{cover} + h_{ret} = \mathbf{4225 \text{ mm}}$
Area of wall stem	$A_{stem} = h_{stem} \times t_{stem} = \mathbf{1.178 \text{ m}^2}$
- Distance to vertical component	$x_{stem} = l_{toe} + t_{stem} / 2 = \mathbf{2650 \text{ mm}}$
Area of wall base	$A_{base} = l_{base} \times t_{base} = \mathbf{0.87 \text{ m}^2}$
- Distance to vertical component	$x_{base} = l_{base} / 2 = \mathbf{1450 \text{ mm}}$
Area of saturated soil	$A_{sat} = h_{sat} \times l_{heel} = \mathbf{0.293 \text{ m}^2}$
- Distance to vertical component	$x_{sat\_v} = l_{base} - (h_{sat} \times l_{heel}^2 / 2) / A_{sat} = \mathbf{2850 \text{ mm}}$
- Distance to horizontal component	$x_{sat\_h} = (h_{sat} + h_{base}) / 3 = \mathbf{1075 \text{ mm}}$
Area of water	$A_{water} = h_{sat} \times l_{heel} = \mathbf{0.293 \text{ m}^2}$
- Distance to vertical component	$x_{water\_v} = l_{base} - (h_{sat} \times l_{heel}^2 / 2) / A_{sat} = \mathbf{2850 \text{ mm}}$
- Distance to horizontal component	$x_{water\_h} = (h_{sat} + h_{base}) / 3 = \mathbf{1075 \text{ mm}}$
Area of moist soil	$A_{moist} = h_{moist} \times l_{heel} = \mathbf{0.1 \text{ m}^2}$
- Distance to vertical component	$x_{moist\_v} = l_{base} - (h_{moist} \times l_{heel}^2 / 2) / A_{moist} = \mathbf{2850 \text{ mm}}$
- Distance to horizontal component	$x_{moist\_h} = (h_{moist} \times (t_{base} + h_{sat} + h_{moist} / 3) / 2 + (h_{sat} + t_{base})^2 / 2) / (h_{sat} + t_{base} + h_{moist} / 2) = \mathbf{1874 \text{ mm}}$

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### Design approach 1

#### Partial factors on actions - Table A.3 - Combination 1

Partial factor set	A1
Permanent unfavourable action	$\gamma_G = 1.35$
Permanent favourable action	$\gamma_{Gf} = 1.00$
Variable unfavourable action	$\gamma_Q = 1.50$
Variable favourable action	$\gamma_{Qf} = 0.00$

#### Partial factors for soil parameters – Table A.4 - Combination 1

Soil parameter set	M1
Angle of shearing resistance	$\gamma_{\phi'} = 1.00$
Effective cohesion	$\gamma_{c'} = 1.00$
Weight density	$\gamma_{\gamma} = 1.00$

Library item Partial factors output

#### Water properties

Design water density	$\gamma_w' = \gamma_w / \gamma_{\gamma} = 9.8 \text{ kN/m}^3$
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#### Retained soil properties

Design moist density	$\gamma_{mr}' = \gamma_{mr} / \gamma_{\gamma} = 5 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Design saturated density	$\gamma_{sr}' = \gamma_{sr} / \gamma_{\gamma} = 5 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Design effective shear resistance angle	$\phi'_{r,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\phi'_{r,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 60 \text{ deg}$
Design wall friction angle	$\delta_{r,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\delta_{r,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 30 \text{ deg}$

#### Base soil properties

Design soil density	$\gamma_b' = \gamma_b / \gamma_{\gamma} = 19 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Design effective shear resistance angle	$\phi'_{b,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\phi'_{b,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 18 \text{ deg}$
Design wall friction angle	$\delta_{b,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\delta_{b,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 9 \text{ deg}$
Design base friction angle	$\delta_{bb,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\delta_{bb,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 12 \text{ deg}$
Design effective cohesion	$c'_{b,d} = c'_{b,k} / \gamma_{c'} = 30 \text{ kN/m}^2$

#### Using Coulomb theory

Active pressure coefficient	$K_A = \sin(\alpha + \phi'_{r,d})^2 / (\sin(\alpha)^2 \times \sin(\alpha - \delta_{r,d}) \times [1 + \sqrt{[\sin(\phi'_{r,d} + \delta_{r,d}) \times \sin(\phi'_{r,d} - \beta) / (\sin(\alpha - \delta_{r,d}) \times \sin(\alpha + \beta))]}]^2) = 0.072$
Passive pressure coefficient	$K_P = \sin(90 - \phi'_{b,d})^2 / (\sin(90 + \delta_{b,d}) \times [1 - \sqrt{[\sin(\phi'_{b,d} + \delta_{b,d}) \times \sin(\phi'_{b,d}) / (\sin(90 + \delta_{b,d}))]}]^2) = 2.359$

#### Bearing pressure check

##### Vertical forces on wall

Wall stem	$F_{\text{stem}} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{stem}} \times \gamma_{\text{stem}} = 39.7 \text{ kN/m}$
Wall base	$F_{\text{base}} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{base}} \times \gamma_{\text{base}} = 29.4 \text{ kN/m}$
Saturated retained soil	$F_{\text{sat}_v} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{sat}} \times (\gamma_{sr}' - \gamma_w') = -1.9 \text{ kN/m}$
Water	$F_{\text{water}_v} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{water}} \times \gamma_w' = 3.9 \text{ kN/m}$
Moist retained soil	$F_{\text{moist}_v} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{moist}} \times \gamma_{mr}' = 0.7 \text{ kN/m}$
Total	$F_{\text{total}_v} = F_{\text{stem}} + F_{\text{base}} + F_{\text{sat}_v} + F_{\text{moist}_v} + F_{\text{water}_v} = 71.8 \text{ kN/m}$

##### Horizontal forces on wall

Saturated retained soil	$F_{\text{sat}_h} = \gamma_G \times K_A \times \cos(\delta_{r,d}) \times (\gamma_{sr}' - \gamma_w') \times (h_{\text{sat}} + h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 = -2.1 \text{ kN/m}$
Water	$F_{\text{water}_h} = \gamma_G \times \gamma_w' \times (h_{\text{water}} + d_{\text{cover}} + h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 = 68.9 \text{ kN/m}$

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Moist retained soil  $F_{\text{moist}_h} = \gamma_G \times K_A \times \cos(\delta_{r,d}) \times \gamma_{m'} \times ((h_{\text{eff}} - h_{\text{sat}} - h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 + (h_{\text{eff}} - h_{\text{sat}} - h_{\text{base}}) \times (h_{\text{sat}} + h_{\text{base}})) = \mathbf{1.6 \text{ kN/m}}$

Base soil  $F_{\text{pass}_h} = -\gamma_G \times K_P \times \cos(\delta_{b,d}) \times \gamma_b' \times (d_{\text{cover}} + h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 = \mathbf{-2 \text{ kN/m}}$

Total  $F_{\text{total}_h} = F_{\text{sat}_h} + F_{\text{moist}_h} + F_{\text{pass}_h} + F_{\text{water}_h} = \mathbf{66.3 \text{ kN/m}}$

### Moments on wall

Wall stem  $M_{\text{stem}} = F_{\text{stem}} \times X_{\text{stem}} = \mathbf{105.3 \text{ kNm/m}}$

Wall base  $M_{\text{base}} = F_{\text{base}} \times X_{\text{base}} = \mathbf{42.6 \text{ kNm/m}}$

Saturated retained soil  $M_{\text{sat}} = F_{\text{sat}_v} \times X_{\text{sat}_v} - F_{\text{sat}_h} \times X_{\text{sat}_h} = \mathbf{-3.1 \text{ kNm/m}}$

Water  $M_{\text{water}} = F_{\text{water}_v} \times X_{\text{water}_v} - F_{\text{water}_h} \times X_{\text{water}_h} = \mathbf{-63 \text{ kNm/m}}$

Moist retained soil  $M_{\text{moist}} = F_{\text{moist}_v} \times X_{\text{moist}_v} - F_{\text{moist}_h} \times X_{\text{moist}_h} = \mathbf{-1 \text{ kNm/m}}$

Total  $M_{\text{total}} = M_{\text{stem}} + M_{\text{base}} + M_{\text{sat}} + M_{\text{moist}} + M_{\text{water}} = \mathbf{80.7 \text{ kNm/m}}$

### Check bearing pressure

Propping force to stem  $F_{\text{prop}_\text{stem}} = (F_{\text{total}_v} \times l_{\text{base}} / 2 - M_{\text{total}}) / (h_{\text{prop}} + t_{\text{base}}) = \mathbf{5.5 \text{ kN/m}}$

Propping force to base  $F_{\text{prop}_\text{base}} = F_{\text{total}_h} - F_{\text{prop}_\text{stem}} = \mathbf{60.8 \text{ kN/m}}$

Moment from propping force  $M_{\text{prop}} = F_{\text{prop}_\text{stem}} \times (h_{\text{prop}} + t_{\text{base}}) = \mathbf{23.3 \text{ kNm/m}}$

Distance to reaction  $\bar{x} = (M_{\text{total}} + M_{\text{prop}}) / F_{\text{total}_v} = \mathbf{1450 \text{ mm}}$

Eccentricity of reaction  $e = \bar{x} - l_{\text{base}} / 2 = \mathbf{0 \text{ mm}}$

Loaded length of base  $l_{\text{load}} = l_{\text{base}} = \mathbf{2900 \text{ mm}}$

Bearing pressure at toe  $q_{\text{toe}} = F_{\text{total}_v} / l_{\text{base}} = \mathbf{24.7 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

Bearing pressure at heel  $q_{\text{heel}} = F_{\text{total}_v} / l_{\text{base}} = \mathbf{24.7 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

Effective overburden pressure  $q = \max((t_{\text{base}} + d_{\text{cover}}) \times \gamma_b' - (t_{\text{base}} + d_{\text{cover}} + h_{\text{water}}) \times \gamma_w', 0 \text{ kN/m}^2) = \mathbf{0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

Design effective overburden pressure  $q' = q / \gamma_r = \mathbf{0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

Bearing resistance factors  $N_q = \text{Exp}(\pi \times \tan(\phi'_{b,d})) \times (\tan(45 \text{ deg} + \phi'_{b,d} / 2))^2 = \mathbf{5.258}$

$N_c = (N_q - 1) \times \cot(\phi'_{b,d}) = \mathbf{13.104}$

$N_y = 2 \times (N_q - 1) \times \tan(\phi'_{b,d}) = \mathbf{2.767}$

Foundation shape factors

$S_q = 1$

$S_\gamma = 1$

$S_c = 1$

Load inclination factors

$H = F_{\text{sat}_h} + F_{\text{water}_h} + F_{\text{moist}_h} + F_{\text{pass}_h} - F_{\text{prop}_\text{stem}} - F_{\text{prop}_\text{base}} = \mathbf{0 \text{ kN/m}}$

$V = F_{\text{total}_v} = \mathbf{71.8 \text{ kN/m}}$

$m = 2$

$i_q = [1 - H / (V + l_{\text{load}} \times c'_{b,d} \times \cot(\phi'_{b,d}))]^m = \mathbf{1}$

$i_\gamma = [1 - H / (V + l_{\text{load}} \times c'_{b,d} \times \cot(\phi'_{b,d}))]^{(m+1)} = \mathbf{1}$

$i_c = i_q - (1 - i_q) / (N_c \times \tan(\phi'_{b,d})) = \mathbf{1}$

Net ultimate bearing capacity

$n_f = c'_{b,d} \times N_c \times S_c \times i_c + q' \times N_q \times S_q \times i_q + 0.5 \times (\gamma_b' - \gamma_w') \times l_{\text{load}} \times N_\gamma \times S_\gamma \times i_\gamma = \mathbf{430 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

Factor of safety

$FoS_{bp} = n_f / \max(q_{\text{toe}}, q_{\text{heel}}) = \mathbf{17.378}$

**PASS - Allowable bearing pressure exceeds maximum applied bearing pressure**

### Design approach 1

#### Partial factors on actions - Table A.3 - Combination 2

Partial factor set **A2**

Permanent unfavourable action  $\gamma_G = \mathbf{1.00}$

Permanent favourable action  $\gamma_{Gf} = \mathbf{1.00}$

Variable unfavourable action  $\gamma_Q = \mathbf{1.30}$

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Variable favourable action  $\gamma_{Qf} = 0.00$

### Partial factors for soil parameters – Table A.4 - Combination 2

Soil parameter set M2  
 Angle of shearing resistance  $\gamma_{\phi'} = 1.25$   
 Effective cohesion  $\gamma_{c'} = 1.25$   
 Weight density  $\gamma_{\gamma} = 1.00$

Library item Partial factors output

### Water properties

Design water density  $\gamma_w' = \gamma_w / \gamma_{\gamma} = 9.8 \text{ kN/m}^3$

### Retained soil properties

Design moist density  $\gamma_{mr}' = \gamma_{mr} / \gamma_{\gamma} = 5 \text{ kN/m}^3$   
 Design saturated density  $\gamma_{sr}' = \gamma_{sr} / \gamma_{\gamma} = 5 \text{ kN/m}^3$   
 Design effective shear resistance angle  $\phi'_{r,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\phi'_{r,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 54.2 \text{ deg}$   
 Design wall friction angle  $\delta_{r,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\delta_{r,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 24.8 \text{ deg}$

### Base soil properties

Design soil density  $\gamma_b' = \gamma_b / \gamma_{\gamma} = 19 \text{ kN/m}^3$   
 Design effective shear resistance angle  $\phi'_{b,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\phi'_{b,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 14.6 \text{ deg}$   
 Design wall friction angle  $\delta_{b,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\delta_{b,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 7.2 \text{ deg}$   
 Design base friction angle  $\delta_{bb,d} = \text{atan}(\tan(\delta_{bb,k}) / \gamma_{\phi'}) = 9.7 \text{ deg}$   
 Design effective cohesion  $c'_{b,d} = c'_{b,k} / \gamma_{c'} = 24 \text{ kN/m}^2$

### Using Coulomb theory

Active pressure coefficient  $K_A = \sin(\alpha + \phi'_{r,d})^2 / (\sin(\alpha)^2 \times \sin(\alpha - \delta_{r,d}) \times [1 + \sqrt{(\sin(\phi'_{r,d} + \delta_{r,d}) \times \sin(\phi'_{r,d} - \beta) / (\sin(\alpha - \delta_{r,d}) \times \sin(\alpha + \beta))}]^2) = 0.101$   
 Passive pressure coefficient  $K_P = \sin(90 - \phi'_{b,d})^2 / (\sin(90 + \delta_{b,d}) \times [1 - \sqrt{(\sin(\phi'_{b,d} + \delta_{b,d}) \times \sin(\phi'_{b,d}) / (\sin(90 + \delta_{b,d}))}]^2) = 1.965$

### Bearing pressure check

#### Vertical forces on wall

Wall stem  $F_{\text{stem}} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{stem}} \times \gamma_{\text{stem}} = 29.4 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Wall base  $F_{\text{base}} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{base}} \times \gamma_{\text{base}} = 21.8 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Saturated retained soil  $F_{\text{sat}_v} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{sat}} \times (\gamma_{sr}' - \gamma_w') = -1.4 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Water  $F_{\text{water}_v} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{water}} \times \gamma_w' = 2.9 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Moist retained soil  $F_{\text{moist}_v} = \gamma_G \times A_{\text{moist}} \times \gamma_{mr}' = 0.5 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Total  $F_{\text{total}_v} = F_{\text{stem}} + F_{\text{base}} + F_{\text{sat}_v} + F_{\text{moist}_v} + F_{\text{water}_v} = 53.2 \text{ kN/m}$

#### Horizontal forces on wall

Saturated retained soil  $F_{\text{sat}_h} = \gamma_G \times K_A \times \cos(\delta_{r,d}) \times (\gamma_{sr}' - \gamma_w') \times (h_{\text{sat}} + h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 = -2.3 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Water  $F_{\text{water}_h} = \gamma_G \times \gamma_w' \times (h_{\text{water}} + d_{\text{cover}} + h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 = 51 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Moist retained soil  $F_{\text{moist}_h} = \gamma_G \times K_A \times \cos(\delta_{r,d}) \times \gamma_{mr}' \times ((h_{\text{eff}} - h_{\text{sat}} - h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 + (h_{\text{eff}} - h_{\text{sat}} - h_{\text{base}}) \times (h_{\text{sat}} + h_{\text{base}})) = 1.7 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Base soil  $F_{\text{pass}_h} = -\gamma_G \times K_P \times \cos(\delta_{b,d}) \times \gamma_b' \times (d_{\text{cover}} + h_{\text{base}})^2 / 2 = -1.7 \text{ kN/m}$   
 Total  $F_{\text{total}_h} = F_{\text{sat}_h} + F_{\text{moist}_h} + F_{\text{pass}_h} + F_{\text{water}_h} = 48.8 \text{ kN/m}$

#### Moments on wall

Wall stem  $M_{\text{stem}} = F_{\text{stem}} \times X_{\text{stem}} = 78 \text{ kNm/m}$   
 Wall base  $M_{\text{base}} = F_{\text{base}} \times X_{\text{base}} = 31.5 \text{ kNm/m}$



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Saturated retained soil	$M_{sat} = F_{sat\_v} \times X_{sat\_v} - F_{sat\_h} \times X_{sat\_h} = -1.6 \text{ kNm/m}$
Water	$M_{water} = F_{water\_v} \times X_{water\_v} - F_{water\_h} \times X_{water\_h} = -46.7 \text{ kNm/m}$
Moist retained soil	$M_{moist} = F_{moist\_v} \times X_{moist\_v} - F_{moist\_h} \times X_{moist\_h} = -1.8 \text{ kNm/m}$
Total	$M_{total} = M_{stem} + M_{base} + M_{sat} + M_{moist} + M_{water} = 59.6 \text{ kNm/m}$
<b>Check bearing pressure</b>	
Propping force to stem	$F_{prop\_stem} = (F_{total\_v} \times l_{base} / 2 - M_{total}) / (h_{prop} + t_{base}) = 4.1 \text{ kN/m}$
Propping force to base	$F_{prop\_base} = F_{total\_h} - F_{prop\_stem} = 44.6 \text{ kN/m}$
Moment from propping force	$M_{prop} = F_{prop\_stem} \times (h_{prop} + t_{base}) = 17.5 \text{ kNm/m}$
Distance to reaction	$\bar{x} = (M_{total} + M_{prop}) / F_{total\_v} = 1450 \text{ mm}$
Eccentricity of reaction	$e = \bar{x} - l_{base} / 2 = 0 \text{ mm}$
Loaded length of base	$l_{load} = l_{base} = 2900 \text{ mm}$
Bearing pressure at toe	$q_{toe} = F_{total\_v} / l_{base} = 18.3 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Bearing pressure at heel	$q_{heel} = F_{total\_v} / l_{base} = 18.3 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Effective overburden pressure	$q = \max((t_{base} + d_{cover}) \times \gamma'_b - (t_{base} + d_{cover} + h_{water}) \times \gamma'_w, 0 \text{ kN/m}^2) = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Design effective overburden pressure	$q' = q / \gamma_\gamma = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Bearing resistance factors	$N_q = \text{Exp}(\pi \times \tan(\phi'_{b,d})) \times (\tan(45 \text{ deg} + \phi'_{b,d} / 2))^2 = 3.784$ $N_c = (N_q - 1) \times \cot(\phi'_{b,d}) = 10.711$ $N_\gamma = 2 \times (N_q - 1) \times \tan(\phi'_{b,d}) = 1.447$
Foundation shape factors	$s_q = 1$ $s_\gamma = 1$ $s_c = 1$
Load inclination factors	$H = F_{sat\_h} + F_{water\_h} + F_{moist\_h} + F_{pass\_h} - F_{prop\_stem} - F_{prop\_base} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$ $V = F_{total\_v} = 53.2 \text{ kN/m}$ $m = 2$ $i_q = [1 - H / (V + l_{load} \times c'_{b,d} \times \cot(\phi'_{b,d}))]^m = 1$ $i_\gamma = [1 - H / (V + l_{load} \times c'_{b,d} \times \cot(\phi'_{b,d}))]^{(m+1)} = 1$ $i_c = i_q - (1 - i_q) / (N_c \times \tan(\phi'_{b,d})) = 1$
Net ultimate bearing capacity	$n_f = c'_{b,d} \times N_c \times s_c \times i_c + q' \times N_q \times s_q \times i_q + 0.5 \times (\gamma'_b - \gamma'_w) \times l_{load} \times N_\gamma \times s_\gamma \times i_\gamma = 276.3 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Factor of safety	$FoS_{bp} = n_f / \max(q_{toe}, q_{heel}) = 15.078$ <b>PASS - Allowable bearing pressure exceeds maximum applied bearing pressure</b>

### RETAINING WALL DESIGN

In accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 incorporating Corrigendum dated January 2008 and the UK National Annex incorporating National Amendment No.1

Tedds calculation version 2.9.05

#### Concrete details - Table 3.1 - Strength and deformation characteristics for concrete

Concrete strength class	C32/40
Characteristic compressive cylinder strength	$f_{ck} = 32 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Characteristic compressive cube strength	$f_{ck,cube} = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of compressive cylinder strength	$f_{cm} = f_{ck} + 8 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Mean value of axial tensile strength	$f_{ctm} = 0.3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times (f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{2/3} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
5% fractile of axial tensile strength	$f_{ctk,0.05} = 0.7 \times f_{ctm} = 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Secant modulus of elasticity of concrete	$E_{cm} = 22 \text{ kN/mm}^2 \times (f_{cm} / 10 \text{ N/mm}^2)^{0.3} = 33346 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Partial factor for concrete - Table 2.1N	$\gamma_c = 1.50$

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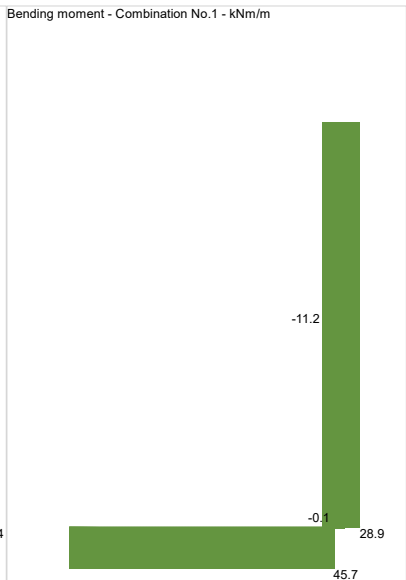
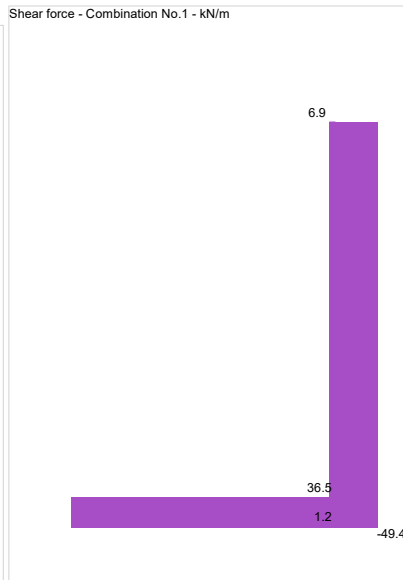
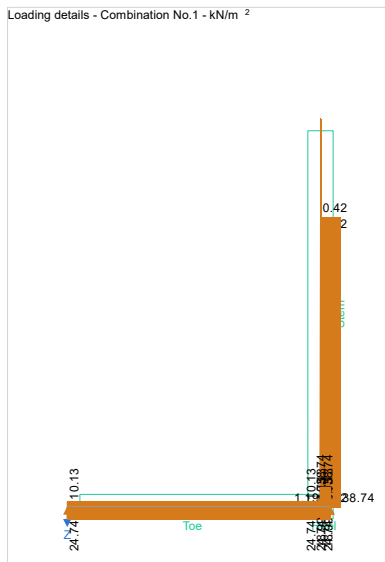
Compressive strength coefficient - cl.3.1.6(1)  $\alpha_{cc} = \mathbf{0.85}$   
 Design compressive concrete strength - exp.3.15  $f_{cd} = \alpha_{cc} \times f_{ck} / \gamma_C = \mathbf{18.1 N/mm^2}$   
 Maximum aggregate size  $h_{agg} = \mathbf{20 mm}$   
 Ultimate strain - Table 3.1  $\epsilon_{cu2} = \mathbf{0.0035}$   
 Shortening strain - Table 3.1  $\epsilon_{cu3} = \mathbf{0.0035}$   
 Effective compression zone height factor  $\lambda = \mathbf{0.80}$   
 Effective strength factor  $\eta = \mathbf{1.00}$   
 Bending coefficient  $k_1 = \mathbf{0.40}$   
 Bending coefficient  $k_2 = 1.00 \times (0.6 + 0.0014/\epsilon_{cu2}) = \mathbf{1.00}$   
 Bending coefficient  $k_3 = \mathbf{0.40}$   
 Bending coefficient  $k_4 = 1.00 \times (0.6 + 0.0014/\epsilon_{cu2}) = \mathbf{1.00}$

**Reinforcement details**

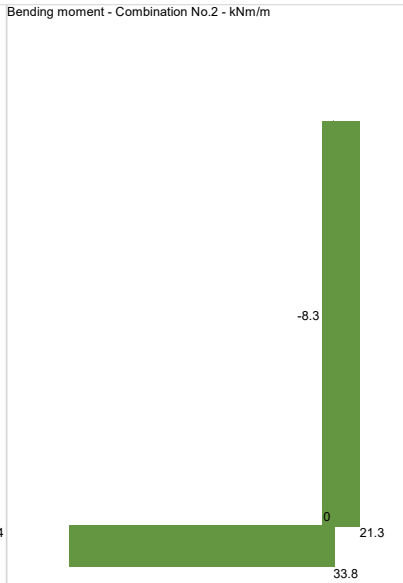
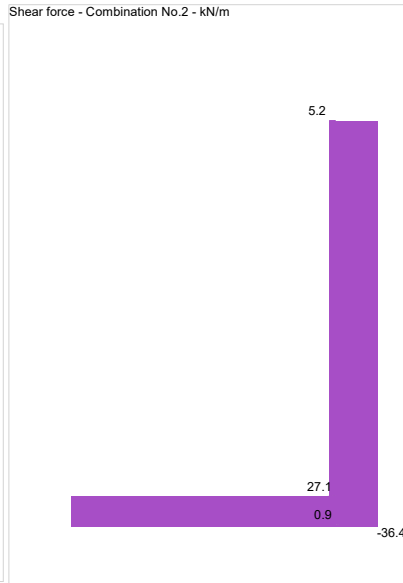
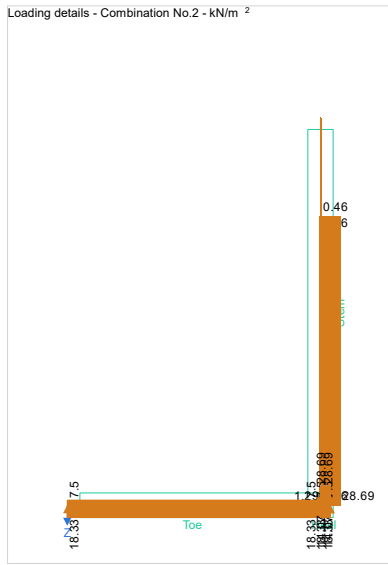
Characteristic yield strength of reinforcement  $f_{yk} = \mathbf{500 N/mm^2}$   
 Modulus of elasticity of reinforcement  $E_s = \mathbf{200000 N/mm^2}$   
 Partial factor for reinforcing steel - Table 2.1N  $\gamma_S = \mathbf{1.15}$   
 Design yield strength of reinforcement  $f_{yd} = f_{yk} / \gamma_S = \mathbf{435 N/mm^2}$

**Cover to reinforcement**

Front face of stem  $C_{sf} = \mathbf{40 mm}$   
 Rear face of stem  $C_{sr} = \mathbf{50 mm}$   
 Top face of base  $C_{bt} = \mathbf{50 mm}$   
 Bottom face of base  $C_{bb} = \mathbf{75 mm}$



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### Check stem design at 1935 mm

Depth of section

$h = 300 \text{ mm}$

### Rectangular section in flexure - Section 6.1

Design bending moment combination 1

$M = 11.2 \text{ kNm/m}$

Depth to tension reinforcement

$d = h - c_{sf} - \phi_{sx} - \phi_{sfM} / 2 = 242 \text{ mm}$

$K = M / (d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.006$

$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2))$

$K' = 0.207$

**$K' > K$  - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm

$z = \min(0.5 + 0.5 \times (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}, 0.95) \times d = 230 \text{ mm}$

Depth of neutral axis

$x = 2.5 \times (d - z) = 30 \text{ mm}$

Area of tension reinforcement required

$A_{sfM,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 112 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Tension reinforcement provided

12 dia.bars @ 150 c/c

Area of tension reinforcement provided

$A_{sfM,prov} = \pi \times \phi_{sfM}^2 / (4 \times S_{sfM}) = 754 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N

$A_{sfM,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times d = 381 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)

$A_{sfM,max} = 0.04 \times h = 12000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

$\max(A_{sfM,req}, A_{sfM,min}) / A_{sfM,prov} = 0.505$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

Library item: Rectangular single output

### Deflection control - Section 7.4

Reference reinforcement ratio

$\rho_0 = \sqrt{(f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)} / 1000 = 0.006$

Required tension reinforcement ratio

$\rho = A_{sfM,req} / d = 0.000$

Required compression reinforcement ratio

$\rho' = A_{sfM,2,req} / d_2 = 0.000$

Structural system factor - Table 7.4N

$K_b = 1$

Reinforcement factor - exp.7.17

$K_s = \min(500 \text{ N/mm}^2 / (f_{yk} \times A_{sfM,req} / A_{sfM,prov}), 1.5) = 1.5$

Limiting span to depth ratio - exp.7.16.a

$\min(K_s \times K_b \times [11 + 1.5 \times \sqrt{(f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)}] \times \rho_0 / \rho + 3.2 \times \sqrt{(f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)} \times (\rho_0 / \rho - 1)^{3/2}), 40 \times K_b) = 40$

Actual span to depth ratio

$h_{prop} / d = 16.2$

**PASS - Span to depth ratio is less than deflection control limit**

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### Crack control - Section 7.3

Limiting crack width	$W_{max} = 0.2 \text{ mm}$
Variable load factor - EN1990 – Table A1.1	$\psi_2 = 0.3$
Serviceability bending moment	$M_{sls} = 8.3 \text{ kNm/m}$
Tensile stress in reinforcement	$\sigma_s = M_{sls} / (A_{sfM,prov} \times z) = 47.9 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Load duration	Long term
Load duration factor	$k_t = 0.4$
Effective area of concrete in tension	$A_{c,eff} = \min(2.5 \times (h - d), (h - x) / 3, h / 2)$ $A_{c,eff} = 89917 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
Mean value of concrete tensile strength	$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Reinforcement ratio	$\rho_{p,eff} = A_{sfM,prov} / A_{c,eff} = 0.008$
Modular ratio	$\alpha_e = E_s / E_{cm} = 5.998$
Bond property coefficient	$k_1 = 0.8$
Strain distribution coefficient	$k_2 = 0.5$ $k_3 = 3.4$ $k_4 = 0.425$
Maximum crack spacing - exp.7.11	$S_{r,max} = k_3 \times C_{sf} + k_1 \times k_2 \times k_4 \times \phi_{sfM} / \rho_{p,eff} = 379 \text{ mm}$
Maximum crack width - exp.7.8	$W_k = S_{r,max} \times \max(\sigma_s - k_t \times (f_{ct,eff} / \rho_{p,eff}) \times (1 + \alpha_e \times \rho_{p,eff}), 0.6 \times \sigma_s) / E_s$ $W_k = 0.055 \text{ mm}$ $W_k / W_{max} = 0.273$ <b>PASS - Maximum crack width is less than limiting crack width</b>

### Check stem design at base of stem

Depth of section  $h = 300 \text{ mm}$

### Rectangular section in flexure - Section 6.1

Design bending moment combination 1	$M = 28.9 \text{ kNm/m}$
Depth to tension reinforcement	$d = h - c_{sr} - \phi_{sr} / 2 = 244 \text{ mm}$ $K = M / (d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.015$ $K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2))$ $K' = 0.207$ <b><math>K' &gt; K</math> - No compression reinforcement is required</b>
Lever arm	$z = \min(0.5 + 0.5 \times (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}, 0.95) \times d = 232 \text{ mm}$
Depth of neutral axis	$x = 2.5 \times (d - z) = 31 \text{ mm}$
Area of tension reinforcement required	$A_{sr,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 286 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
Tension reinforcement provided	12 dia.bars @ 150 c/c
Area of tension reinforcement provided	$A_{sr,prov} = \pi \times \phi_{sr}^2 / (4 \times s_{sr}) = 754 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N	$A_{sr,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times d = 384 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)	$A_{sr,max} = 0.04 \times h = 12000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$ $\max(A_{sr,req}, A_{sr,min}) / A_{sr,prov} = 0.509$ <b>PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required</b>

Library item: Rectangular single output

### Deflection control - Section 7.4

Reference reinforcement ratio	$\rho_0 = \sqrt{(f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)} / 1000 = 0.006$
Required tension reinforcement ratio	$\rho = A_{sr,req} / d = 0.001$
Required compression reinforcement ratio	$\rho' = A_{sr,2,req} / d_2 = 0.000$
Structural system factor - Table 7.4N	$K_b = 1$
Reinforcement factor - exp.7.17	$K_s = \min(500 \text{ N/mm}^2 / (f_{yk} \times A_{sr,req} / A_{sr,prov}), 1.5) = 1.5$

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Limiting span to depth ratio - exp.7.16.a

$$\min(K_s \times K_b \times [11 + 1.5 \times \sqrt{(f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)} \times \rho_0 / \rho + 3.2 \times \sqrt{(f_{ck} / 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)} \times (\rho_0 / \rho - 1)^{3/2}], 40 \times K_b) = 40$$

Actual span to depth ratio

$$h_{prop} / d = 16.1$$

**PASS - Span to depth ratio is less than deflection control limit**

### Crack control - Section 7.3

Limiting crack width

$$w_{max} = 0.2 \text{ mm}$$

Variable load factor - EN1990 – Table A1.1

$$\psi_2 = 0.3$$

Serviceability bending moment

$$M_{sls} = 21.4 \text{ kNm/m}$$

Tensile stress in reinforcement

$$\sigma_s = M_{sls} / (A_{sr,prov} \times z) = 122.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Load duration

Long term

Load duration factor

$$k_t = 0.4$$

Effective area of concrete in tension

$$A_{c,eff} = \min(2.5 \times (h - d), (h - x) / 3, h / 2)$$

$$A_{c,eff} = 89833 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength

$$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_{p,eff} = A_{sr,prov} / A_{c,eff} = 0.008$$

Modular ratio

$$\alpha_e = E_s / E_{cm} = 5.998$$

Bond property coefficient

$$k_1 = 0.8$$

Strain distribution coefficient

$$k_2 = 0.5$$

$$k_3 = 3.4$$

$$k_4 = 0.425$$

Maximum crack spacing - exp.7.11

$$s_{r,max} = k_3 \times C_{sr} + k_1 \times k_2 \times k_4 \times \phi_{sr} / \rho_{p,eff} = 413 \text{ mm}$$

Maximum crack width - exp.7.8

$$w_k = s_{r,max} \times \max(\sigma_s - k_t \times (f_{ct,eff} / \rho_{p,eff}) \times (1 + \alpha_e \times \rho_{p,eff}), 0.6 \times \sigma_s) / E_s$$

$$w_k = 0.152 \text{ mm}$$

$$w_k / w_{max} = 0.758$$

**PASS - Maximum crack width is less than limiting crack width**

### Rectangular section in shear - Section 6.2

Design shear force

$$V = 49.4 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18 / \gamma_C = 0.120$$

$$k = \min(1 + \sqrt{(200 \text{ mm} / d)}, 2) = 1.905$$

Longitudinal reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_l = \min(A_{sr,prov} / d, 0.02) = 0.003$$

$$v_{min} = 0.035 \text{ N}^{1/2}/\text{mm} \times k^{3/2} \times f_{ck}^{0.5} = 0.521 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Design shear resistance - exp.6.2a & 6.2b

$$V_{Rd,c} = \max(C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \text{ N}^2/\text{mm}^4 \times \rho_l \times f_{ck})^{1/3}, v_{min}) \times d$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = 127.1 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V / V_{Rd,c} = 0.389$$

**PASS - Design shear resistance exceeds design shear force**

### Check stem design at prop

Depth of section

$$h = 300 \text{ mm}$$

### Rectangular section in shear - Section 6.2

Design shear force

$$V = 6.9 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18 / \gamma_C = 0.120$$

$$k = \min(1 + \sqrt{(200 \text{ mm} / d)}, 2) = 1.905$$

Longitudinal reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_l = \min(A_{sr1,prov} / d, 0.02) = 0.002$$

$$v_{min} = 0.035 \text{ N}^{1/2}/\text{mm} \times k^{3/2} \times f_{ck}^{0.5} = 0.521 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Design shear resistance - exp.6.2a & 6.2b

$$V_{Rd,c} = \max(C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \text{ N}^2/\text{mm}^4 \times \rho_l \times f_{ck})^{1/3}, v_{min}) \times d$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = 127.1 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V / V_{Rd,c} = 0.055$$

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**PASS - Design shear resistance exceeds design shear force**

**Horizontal reinforcement parallel to face of stem - Section 9.6**

Minimum area of reinforcement – cl.9.6.3(1)  $A_{sx.req} = \max(0.25 \times A_{sr.prov}, 0.001 \times t_{stem}) = 300 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Maximum spacing of reinforcement – cl.9.6.3(2)  $s_{sx.max} = 400 \text{ mm}$

Transverse reinforcement provided 12 dia.bars @ 175 c/c

Area of transverse reinforcement provided  $A_{sx.prov} = \pi \times \phi_{sx}^2 / (4 \times s_{sx}) = 646 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

**Check base design at toe**

Depth of section  $h = 300 \text{ mm}$

**Rectangular section in flexure - Section 6.1**

Design bending moment combination 1  $M = 45.7 \text{ kNm/m}$

Depth to tension reinforcement  $d = h - c_{bb} - \phi_{bb} / 2 = 217 \text{ mm}$

$K = M / (d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.030$

$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2))$

$K' = 0.207$

**$K' > K$  - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm  $z = \min(0.5 + 0.5 \times (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_c))^{0.5}, 0.95) \times d = 206 \text{ mm}$

Depth of neutral axis  $x = 2.5 \times (d - z) = 27 \text{ mm}$

Area of tension reinforcement required  $A_{bb.req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 510 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Tension reinforcement provided 16 dia.bars @ 150 c/c

Area of tension reinforcement provided  $A_{bb.prov} = \pi \times \phi_{bb}^2 / (4 \times s_{bb}) = 1340 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N  $A_{bb.min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times d = 341 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)  $A_{bb.max} = 0.04 \times h = 12000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

$\max(A_{bb.req}, A_{bb.min}) / A_{bb.prov} = 0.38$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

Library item: Rectangular single output

**Crack control - Section 7.3**

Limiting crack width  $w_{max} = 0.2 \text{ mm}$

Variable load factor - EN1990 – Table A1.1  $\psi_2 = 0.3$

Serviceability bending moment  $M_{sls} = 33.8 \text{ kNm/m}$

Tensile stress in reinforcement  $\sigma_s = M_{sls} / (A_{bb.prov} \times z) = 122.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Load duration Long term

Load duration factor  $k_t = 0.4$

Effective area of concrete in tension  $A_{c.eff} = \min(2.5 \times (h - d), (h - x) / 3, h / 2)$

$A_{c.eff} = 90958 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength  $f_{ct.eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Reinforcement ratio  $\rho_{p.eff} = A_{bb.prov} / A_{c.eff} = 0.015$

Modular ratio  $\alpha_e = E_s / E_{cm} = 5.998$

Bond property coefficient  $k_1 = 0.8$

Strain distribution coefficient  $k_2 = 0.5$

$k_3 = 3.4$

$k_4 = 0.425$

Maximum crack spacing - exp.7.11  $s_{r.max} = k_3 \times c_{bb} + k_1 \times k_2 \times k_4 \times \phi_{bb} / \rho_{p.eff} = 440 \text{ mm}$

Maximum crack width - exp.7.8  $w_k = s_{r.max} \times \max(\sigma_s - k_t \times (f_{ct.eff} / \rho_{p.eff}) \times (1 + \alpha_e \times \rho_{p.eff}), 0.6 \times \sigma_s) / E_s$

$w_k = 0.161 \text{ mm}$

$w_k / w_{max} = 0.807$



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**PASS - Maximum crack width is less than limiting crack width**

**Rectangular section in shear - Section 6.2**

Design shear force

$$V = 36.5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18 / \gamma_C = 0.120$$

$$k = \min(1 + \sqrt{(200 \text{ mm} / d)}, 2) = 1.960$$

Longitudinal reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_l = \min(A_{bb,prov} / d, 0.02) = 0.006$$

$$V_{min} = 0.035 \text{ N}^{1/2}/\text{mm} \times k^{3/2} \times f_{ck}^{0.5} = 0.543 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Design shear resistance - exp.6.2a & 6.2b

$$V_{Rd,c} = \max(C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \text{ N}^2/\text{mm}^4 \times \rho_l \times f_{ck})^{1/3}, V_{min}) \times d$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = 138 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V / V_{Rd,c} = 0.265$$

**PASS - Design shear resistance exceeds design shear force**

**Check base design at heel**

Depth of section

$$h = 300 \text{ mm}$$

**Rectangular section in flexure - Section 6.1**

Design bending moment combination 1

$$M = 0.1 \text{ kNm/m}$$

Depth to tension reinforcement

$$d = h - C_{bt} - \phi_{bt} / 2 = 242 \text{ mm}$$

$$K = M / (d^2 \times f_{ck}) = 0.000$$

$$K' = (2 \times \eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_C) \times (1 - \lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2)) \times (\lambda \times (\delta - K_1) / (2 \times K_2))$$

$$K' = 0.207$$

**K' > K - No compression reinforcement is required**

Lever arm

$$z = \min(0.5 + 0.5 \times (1 - 2 \times K / (\eta \times \alpha_{cc} / \gamma_C))^{0.5}, 0.95) \times d = 230 \text{ mm}$$

Depth of neutral axis

$$x = 2.5 \times (d - z) = 30 \text{ mm}$$

Area of tension reinforcement required

$$A_{bt,req} = M / (f_{yd} \times z) = 1 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Tension reinforcement provided

$$16 \text{ dia. bars @ } 150 \text{ c/c}$$

Area of tension reinforcement provided

$$A_{bt,prov} = \pi \times \phi_{bt}^2 / (4 \times s_{bt}) = 1340 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Minimum area of reinforcement - exp.9.1N

$$A_{bt,min} = \max(0.26 \times f_{ctm} / f_{yk}, 0.0013) \times d = 381 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Maximum area of reinforcement - cl.9.2.1.1(3)

$$A_{bt,max} = 0.04 \times h = 12000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\max(A_{bt,req}, A_{bt,min}) / A_{bt,prov} = 0.284$$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**

Library item: Rectangular single output

**Crack control - Section 7.3**

Limiting crack width

$$w_{max} = 0.2 \text{ mm}$$

Variable load factor - EN1990 – Table A1.1

$$\psi_2 = 0.3$$

Serviceability bending moment

$$M_{sls} = 0 \text{ kNm/m}$$

Tensile stress in reinforcement

$$\sigma_s = M_{sls} / (A_{bt,prov} \times z) = 0.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Load duration

Long term

Load duration factor

$$k_t = 0.4$$

Effective area of concrete in tension

$$A_{c,eff} = \min(2.5 \times (h - d), (h - x) / 3, h / 2)$$

$$A_{c,eff} = 89917 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Mean value of concrete tensile strength

$$f_{ct,eff} = f_{ctm} = 3.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_{p,eff} = A_{bt,prov} / A_{c,eff} = 0.015$$

Modular ratio

$$\alpha_e = E_s / E_{cm} = 5.998$$

Bond property coefficient

$$k_1 = 0.8$$

Strain distribution coefficient

$$k_2 = 0.5$$

$$k_3 = 3.4$$

$$k_4 = 0.425$$

Project <b>24-26 Redington Gardens</b>				Job no. <b>180709</b>	
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Maximum crack spacing - exp.7.11

$$s_{r,max} = K_3 \times C_{bt} + K_1 \times K_2 \times K_4 \times \phi_{bt} / \rho_{p,eff} = \mathbf{352 \text{ mm}}$$

Maximum crack width - exp.7.8

$$w_k = s_{r,max} \times \max(\sigma_s - k_t \times (f_{ct,eff} / \rho_{p,eff}) \times (1 + \alpha_e \times \rho_{p,eff}), 0.6 \times \sigma_s) / E_s$$

$$w_k = \mathbf{0 \text{ mm}}$$

$$w_k / w_{max} = \mathbf{0.001}$$

**PASS - Maximum crack width is less than limiting crack width**

### Rectangular section in shear - Section 6.2

Design shear force

$$V = \mathbf{1.2 \text{ kN/m}}$$

$$C_{Rd,c} = 0.18 / \gamma_C = \mathbf{0.120}$$

$$k = \min(1 + \sqrt{(200 \text{ mm} / d)}, 2) = \mathbf{1.909}$$

Longitudinal reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_l = \min(A_{bt,prov} / d, 0.02) = \mathbf{0.006}$$

$$v_{min} = 0.035 \text{ N}^{1/2}/\text{mm} \times k^{3/2} \times f_{ck}^{0.5} = \mathbf{0.522 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

Design shear resistance - exp.6.2a & 6.2b

$$V_{Rd,c} = \max(C_{Rd,c} \times k \times (100 \text{ N}^2/\text{mm}^4 \times \rho_l \times f_{ck})^{1/3}, v_{min}) \times d$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = \mathbf{144.5 \text{ kN/m}}$$

$$V / V_{Rd,c} = \mathbf{0.008}$$

**PASS - Design shear resistance exceeds design shear force**

### Secondary transverse reinforcement to base - Section 9.3

Minimum area of reinforcement – cl.9.3.1.1(2)

$$A_{bx,req} = 0.2 \times A_{bb,prov} = \mathbf{268 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

Maximum spacing of reinforcement – cl.9.3.1.1(3)

$$s_{bx,max} = \mathbf{450 \text{ mm}}$$

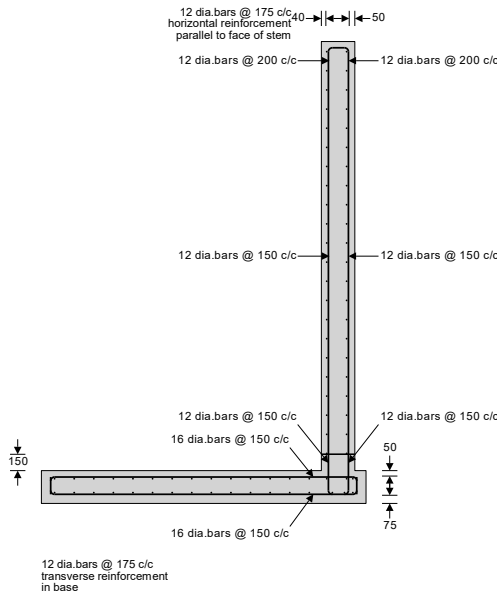
Transverse reinforcement provided

$$\mathbf{12 \text{ dia. bars @ } 175 \text{ c/c}}$$

Area of transverse reinforcement provided

$$A_{bx,prov} = \pi \times \phi_{bx}^2 / (4 \times s_{bx}) = \mathbf{646 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}}$$

**PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required**



**Reinforcement details**



Sketrick House  
Newtownards  
Tel:028 9181 5900

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S	04/01/2019						

Large empty rectangular area for drawing or content.

### Temporary works

The construction of the Basement shall be carried out in a top Down Sequence.

Refer to 180709-PL-01-03 for construction Sequence

In General, The Capping Beam shall be propped in the temporary and permanent condition by the lower ground floor slabs which shall be cast before excavation for the basement commences.

The central spine wall shall be supported by a series of plunge columns and transfer beams. The central spine beam shall be designed to support the lower ground floor and upper sup. structure until such times as the permanent structure is in place.

The Gable wall on grid line 7 shall be supported off a piled wall, however should it be decided to construct No's 25&26 with No 24, the piled wall shall be removed and replaced with a transfer beam.

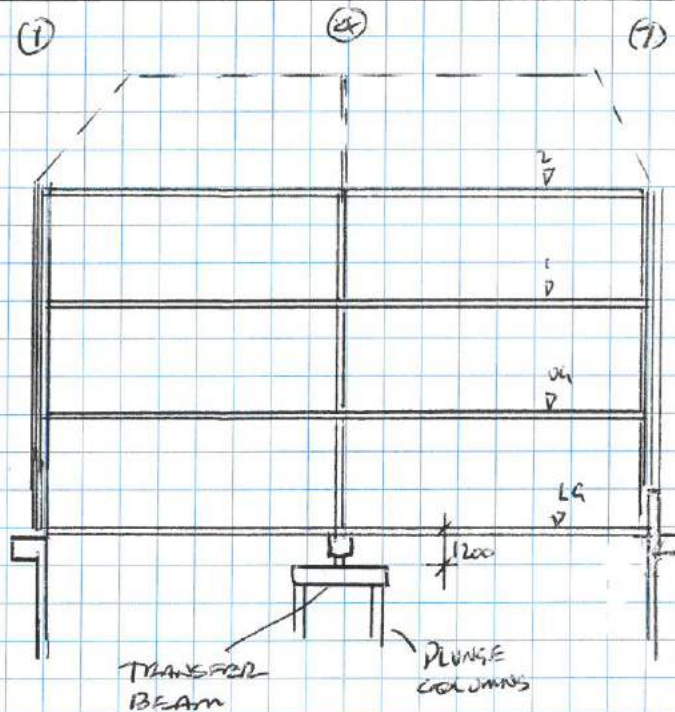


25-26 Redington Gardens  
Temporary works

180709

Dec 18

T2



GL

Working load = 416 kN

∴ for 850 kN pile, Spacing =  $\frac{850}{416 \div 2} = 4.03 \text{ m}$ .  
Say max 4.5 m CTRs.

Transfer Beam.

Worst case:  $M_{max} = 416 \div 1.45 + 4.25^2 \times 0.11 = 1198 \text{ kNm}$

Moment from Analysis =  $M_{max} = 1198 \text{ kNm}$

$V_{max} = 1326 \text{ kN}$

For RC Reinforced Beam.

Provide 6 T32 Btm, 2 T12 Top min, 6 legs T10 links @ 110%

# RECTANGULAR BEAMS

## INPUT

	Location	<u>Spine beam</u>	Beam type	<u>END SPAN</u>												
M	kNm	<u>1198.0</u>	$f_{ck}$	<u>40</u> N/mm <sup>2</sup> $\gamma_c = 1.50$												
$\delta$		<u>1.00</u>	$f_{yk}$	<u>500</u> N/mm <sup>2</sup> $\gamma_s = 1.15$												
span	mm	<u>4250</u>	steel class	<u>A</u> $\Delta C_{dev} = 10$												
h	mm	<u>750</u>	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <thead> <tr> <th>REBAR</th> <th><math>\emptyset</math></th> <th>COVER</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Tension</td> <td><u>32</u></td> <td><u>42</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Comp'n</td> <td><u>12</u></td> <td><u>35</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Side</td> <td>--</td> <td><u>42</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <span style="font-size: small; vertical-align: middle;">to main bars</span>		REBAR	$\emptyset$	COVER	Tension	<u>32</u>	<u>42</u>	Comp'n	<u>12</u>	<u>35</u>	Side	--	<u>42</u>
REBAR	$\emptyset$	COVER														
Tension	<u>32</u>	<u>42</u>														
Comp'n	<u>12</u>	<u>35</u>														
Side	--	<u>42</u>														
b	mm	<u>450</u>														
$g_k$	kN/m	<u>1.00</u>														
$q_k$	kN/m	<u>1.00</u>														
$\psi_2 =$	0.3	Dwelling brittle partitions? <b>YES</b>														



## OUTPUT

### Spine beam

Effective depth,  $d = 750 - 42 - 32/2 = 692.0$  mm  
 Neutral axis,  $x = [692 - \sqrt{(692^2 - 2E6 \times 1198 \times 1.5 / 0.85 / 450 / 40)}] / 0.8 = 247.6$  mm  
 $(x/d)$  limit = 0.600     $x/d$  actual = 0.358 ok  
 Lever arm,  $z = 692 - 0.4 \times 247.6 = 593.0$  mm  
 Tension steel,  $A_s = 1198.0E6 / 593.0 / 434.8 = 4647$  mm<sup>2</sup>  
 9.2.1.1 (1)  $A_{s \text{ min}} = 0.00182 \times 450 \times 750 = 568$  mm<sup>2</sup>  
 7.3.2 (2)  $A_{s \text{ crack}} = 0.4 \times 0.8 \times 3 \times 750 / 2 \times 450 / 500 = 369$  mm<sup>2</sup>  
 for deflection,  $A_{s \text{ def}} = 1359$  mm<sup>2</sup>

**PROVIDE 6 H32 TENSION BARS = 4825 mm<sup>2</sup>**

Service stress, SLS  $M = 1198 \times 2 / 2.9 = 840.7$  kNm       $\rho = 299$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Modification factor =  $310 / 298.7 = 1.038$   
 Permissible  $L/d = \text{MIN}(40 \times 1.3, 1.038 \times 1.000 \times 19.527) = 20.27$   
 Actual  $L/d = 4250 / 692 = 6.14$  ok



**BEAM SHEAR**

Originated from TCC11.xlsm, v 4.7 on CD © 2003-2010 TCC

T4

**INPUT** Location Spine Beam

$f_{ck}$	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	<u>40</u>	$Y_c = 1.50$	d	bw
$f_{yk}$	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	<u>500</u>	$Y_s = 1.15$	<u>750</u>	<u>450</u>

**Main Steel**Ø 32No 6

Link Ø	Legs	Side cover	V <sub>Ed</sub>	n
<u>10</u> mm	<u>4</u> No	<u>30</u> mm	<u>1325.0</u> kN at face	<u>0</u> kN/m

**OUTPUT** Spine Beam

$$6.2.2 (1) \quad A_{sL} = 4825 \text{ mm}^2 = 1.430\% \quad f_{cd} = 26.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\text{equation (6.6)} \quad v = 0.6(1 - 40/250) = 0.504 \quad \cot\theta = 2.50$$

$$\text{equation (6.9)} \quad V_{Rd,max} = 1 \times 450 \times 675.0 \times 0.504 \times 26.7 / 2.90 / 1000 = 1,407. \quad \text{ok}$$

$$6.2.1 (8) \quad V_{Ed} @ d = 1325 - 0 \times 0.75 = 1,325.0 \text{ kN}$$

$$6.2.2 (1) \quad k = 1 + \sqrt{(200 / 750)} = 1.516$$

$$\text{equation (6.2)} \quad V_{Rd,c} = 0.12 \times 1.516 \text{ cube root}(1.430 \times 40) = 236.6 \text{ kN}$$

$$9.2.2 (5) \quad A_{sw}/s (\text{min}) = 0.08 \times 450 / 500 \times \sqrt{40} = 0.455 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{equation (6.9)} \quad A_{sw}/s (\text{max}) = 0.5 \times 450 / 500 \times 1.15 \times 0.504 \times 26.7 = 6.955 \text{ mm} \quad \text{ok}$$

$$\text{equation (6.7)} \quad A_{sw}/s = 1,325.0E3 / (675.0 \times 434.8 \times 2.50) = 1.806 > 0.455$$

$$9.2.2 (6) \quad s_{max,L} = 563 \text{ mm} \quad s_{max,T} = 563 \text{ mm} \quad 9.2.2 (8) \quad \text{ok}$$

**PROVIDE 4 legs H10 @ 150***Throughout*

Support Beams

$$Reactions = 416 \times 1.45 \times 4.25 = 2536 \text{ kN}$$

$$Moment = \frac{2536 \times 1.35}{4} = 856 \text{ kNm}$$

Provide 533 x 210 x 109 UB

Column (plunge) Reaction

$$F = 2536 / 2 = 1268 \text{ kN}$$

$$L_e = 4700 \text{ mm}$$

Try 152 x 152 x 44 UC

$$N_{b1} = 1332 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{b2} = 1280 \text{ kN with Restraints at } 2.5 \text{ m } \frac{1}{4}$$

Provide 152 x 152 x 44 UC