LDC Report	05/12/2018
Officer	Application Number
Matthias Gentet	2018/4854/P
Application Address 3 Dornfell Street	Recommendation
London	Approve
NW6 1QN	
1 <sup>st</sup> Signature	2 <sup>nd</sup> Signature (if refusal)
Proposal	
Single storey rear extension and rear dormer to dwelling (Class C3).	
Assessment	
western end and north side of Broomsleigh Street to the eas	, Living Room and Dining Room; oms;
The building is not listed and is not located in a Conservation Area.	
The application seeks to demonstrate that on balance of probability, the development benefits from permitted development rights.	
equalling to approximately 26 Schedule 2 of The Town and Order 2015 – paragraphs B.1 <b>Development is not permitt</b> (b) any part of the dwellinghout highest part of the existing root (c) any part of the dwellinghout any existing roof slope which fronts a highway;	ed by Class B if— use would, as a result of the works, exceed the height of the of; use would, as a result of the works, extend beyond the plane of forms the principal elevation of the dwellinghouse and sulting roof space would exceed the cubic content of the an—

The rear extension measures approximately 2m in width by 3m in height and 5.4m in depth, and would fall within Class A, Part 1, Schedule 2 of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 – paragraphs A.1:

## Development is not permitted by Class A if-

(g) until 30th May 2019, for a dwellinghouse not on article 2(3) land nor on a site of special scientific interest, the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have a single storey and—

(i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 8 metres in the case of a detached dwellinghouse, or 6 metres in the case of any other dwellinghouse, or

(ii) exceed 4 metres in height;

There is also the addition of a flue atop the flat roof of the rear dormer. This element of the proposal would fall within Class G, Part 1, Schedule 2 of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 – paragraphs G1:

### Development is not permitted by Class G if-

(b) the height of the chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe would exceed the highest part of the roof by 1 metre or more; or

(c) in the case of a dwellinghouse on article 2(3) land, the chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe would be installed on a wall or roof slope which—

(i) fronts a highway, and

(ii) forms either the principal elevation or a side elevation of the dwellinghouse.

# **Applicant's Evidence**

The applicant has submitted the following plans in support of the application:

 3DS/LDC/01 RevB- Ex & Pre-Ex Elevations & Floor Plans, including a site location plan outlining the application site (06/03/2019)

# **Council's Evidence**

There is relevant planning history on the subject site, as follow:

• **2018/2763/P** – (Prior approval not required granted on 26/07/2018) - Prior approval for the erection of a single storey rear infill extension to dwelling house (Depth: 5.33m; Maximum height: 4.00m; Eaves height: 3.00m).

There is relevant Building Control history on the subject site, as follow:

18/2L/06258 – (decided on 29/10/2018) - Loft conversion rear dormer, 12 m/sq single storey extension, rewire, new plumbing & heating.

A site visit to the property was undertaken on the 4<sup>th</sup> February 2019. It was noticed that only the dormer was fully finished. The rear extension was, however, still in construction and was waiting for the bi-folding doors to be installed. These were being delivered on the day the site visit took place – namely 4<sup>th</sup> February 2019. Photographs provided on 15<sup>th</sup> February 2019 clearly show the extension with the bi-folding doors in place and the rear elevation rendered. As such, the officer

is satisfied that the erection of the rear dormer and of the rear infill extension to be existing fixtures.

## Assessment

The Secretary of State has advised local planning authorities that the burden of proof in applications for a Certificate of Lawfulness is firmly with the applicant (DOE Circular 10/97, Enforcing Planning Control: Legislative Provisions and Procedural Requirements, Annex 8, para 8.12). The relevant test is the "balance of probability", and authorities are advised that if they have no evidence of their own to contradict or undermine the applicant's version of events, there is no good reason to refuse the application provided the applicant's evidence is sufficiently precise and unambiguous to justify the grant of a certificate. The planning merits of the use are not relevant to the consideration of an application for a certificate of lawfulness; purely legal issues are involved in determining an application.

The Council does not have any evidence to contradict or undermine the applicant's version of events. It is noted that the flue was installed a time period after the dormer was erected. Therefore, the Council have no evidence to contradict or undermine this statement and therefore the Flue falls under Part G due to the height of the roof being taken from the flat roof of the dormer and not exceeding 1m in height. The documents provided support the permitted development of the alterations to the rear of the property – namely the rear dormer and single storey extension – which were completed on 24/09/2018 (dormer) and prior to 15/02/2019 (rear extension), are compliant with existing lawful status.

The information provided by the applicant is deemed to be sufficiently precise and unambiguous to demonstrate that 'on the balance of probability' the single storey rear extension and rear dormer fall under The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, required under the Act. Furthermore, the Council's evidence does not contradict or undermine the applicant's version of events.

### **Recommendation: Approve**