


APPENDIX 2

STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS

 VINCENT & RYMILL LAKESIDE COUNTRY CLUB FRIMLEY GREEN SURREY	Project				Job Ref.	
	20 WELLS ROAD LONDON NW3 1LH				17 J02	
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PITCHED ROOF

Tiles	KN/m ²
	0.70
Felt & battens	0.05
Rafters	<u>0.10</u>
	<u>0.85</u>
30° on plan load D. L.	1.00 KN/m ²
30° Imposed Load	<u>0.60</u> KN/m ²
	1.60 KN/m ²

CEILING

Ceiling Joists	KN/m ²
	0.10
Plasterboard	<u>0.15</u>
D. L.	0.25 KN/m ²
I. L. where applicable	<u>0.25</u> KN/m ²
	0.50 KN/m ²

FLAT ROOF

Felt	KN/m ²
	0.25
Boards	0.25
Joists & firrings	0.15
Ceiling	<u>0.15</u>
D. L.	0.80 KN/m ²
I. L.	<u>0.75</u> KN/m ²
	1.55 KN/m ²

TIMBER FLOORS

Boards	KN/m ²
	0.20
Joists	0.10
Ceiling	<u>0.30</u>
D. L.	0.60 KN/m ²
I. L.	<u>1.50</u> KN/m ²
	2.10 KN/m ²

200 RIBDECK

Finish	KN/m ²
	1.90
Self Weight	<u>4.10</u>
D. L.	6.00 KN/m ²
I. L.	<u>1.50</u> KN/m ²
	7.50 KN/m ²

MASONRY

	KN/m ²
102 Brick	2.20 KN/m ²
100 lt. wt blk + (1 x plaster)	1.10 KN/m ²
330 BRICK	6.80 KN/m ²
215 BRICK	4.60 KN/m ²



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LAKESIDE COUNTRY CLUB
FRIMLEY GREEN
SURREY

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20 WELLS ROAD LONDON NW3 1LH

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STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS

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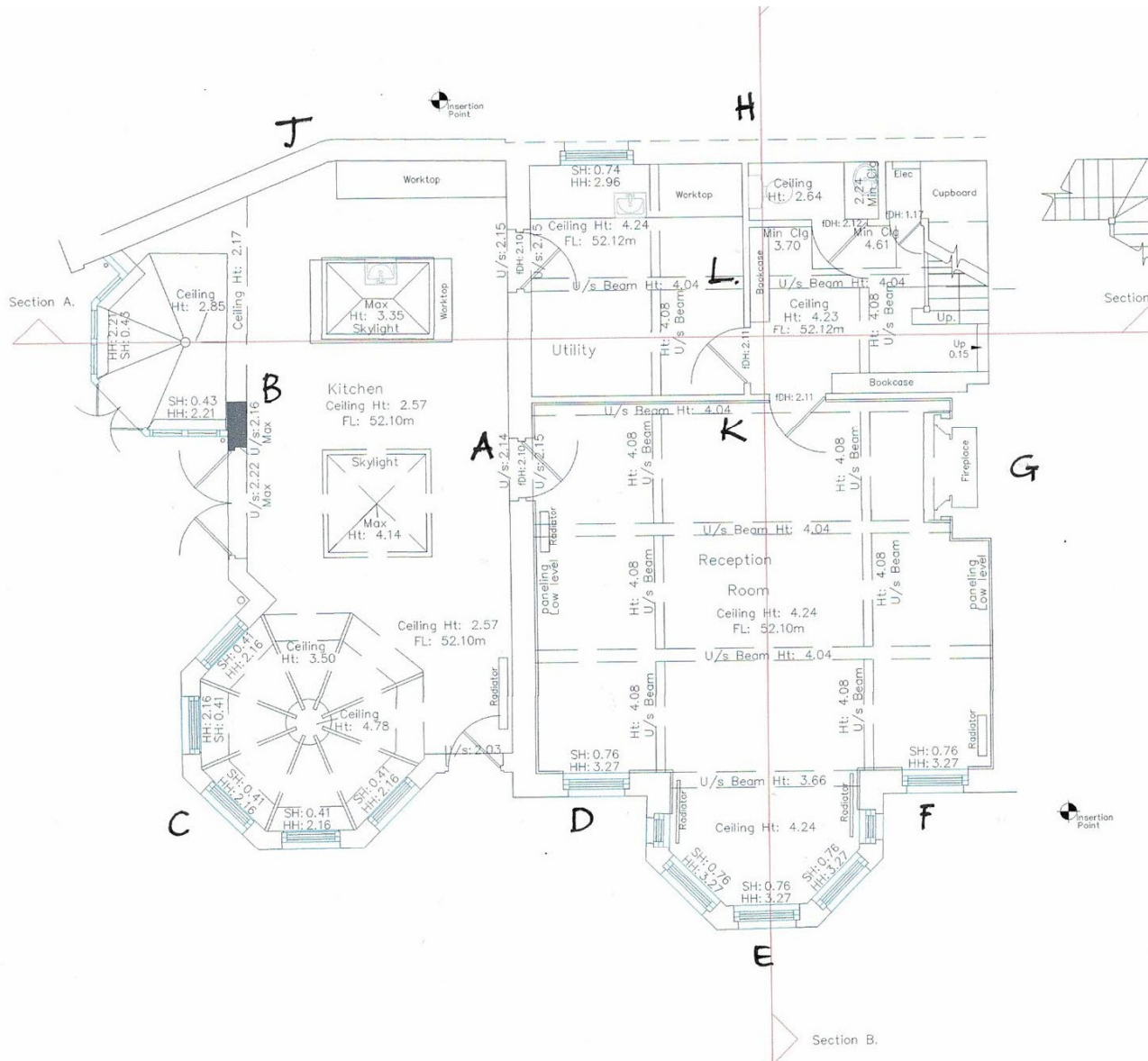
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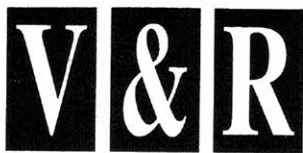
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KEY PLAN FOR WALL LOADING



Existing Ground Floor



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Project

20 WELLS ROAD NW3 1LT.

Portion

WALL LOADINGS

Job No.

Sheet No. 03

Made by: TV

Date: OCT 2017

Checked by:

WALL A.

WALL	$8.5 \times 6.8 =$	57.80	
Roof DL	$2.5 \times 1.0 =$	2.50	
Roof IL	$2.5 \times 0.6 =$		1.50
FLAT Roof DL	$2.1 \times 0.8 =$	1.70	
FLAT Roof IL	$2.1 \times 0.6 =$		1.30
1 st FLR DL	$3.6 \times 0.6 =$	2.20	
1 st FLR IL	$3.6 \times 1.5 =$		5.40
		<u>64.20</u>	
		kN/m	<u>8.20 kN/m</u>

WALL B

WALL	$3.5 \times 3.5 =$	12.30	
FLAT RF DL	$2.1 \times 0.8 =$	1.70	
FLAT RF IL	$2.1 \times 0.6 =$		1.30
		<u>14.00</u>	
		kN/m	<u>1.30 kN/m</u>

WALL C.

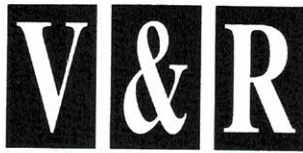
WALL	$3.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.6 =$	7.4	
Roof DL	$2 \times 1.0 =$	2.0	
Roof IL	$2 \times 0.6 =$		1.20
		<u>9.4 kN/m</u>	<u>1.20 kN/m</u>

WALL D / F / H

WALL	$8.5 \times 6.8 =$	57.80	
Roof DL	$1.5 \times 1.0 =$	1.50	
Roof IL	$1.5 \times 0.6 =$		0.90
Floor DL	$1.0 \times 0.6 =$	0.60	
Floor IL	$1.0 \times 1.5 =$		1.50
		<u>59.3 kN/m</u>	<u>2.40 kN/m</u>

WALL E

WALL	$8.5 \times 6.8 \times 0.6 =$	34.70	
Roof DL	$1.0 \times 1.0 =$	1.00	
Roof IL	$1.0 \times 0.6 =$		0.60
FLR DL	$1.0 \times 0.6 =$	0.60	
FLR IL	$1.0 \times 1.5 =$		1.50
		<u>36.3 kN/m</u>	<u>2.10 kN/m</u>



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WALL LOADINGS

Job No.

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WALL G.

$$\text{WALL } 8.5 \times 6.8 = 57.80$$

$$\text{Roof DL } 5 \times 1.0 = 5.00$$

$$\text{Roof IL } 5 \times 0.6 = 3.00$$

$$\text{Floor DL } 7.2 \times 0.6 =$$

$$\text{Floor I } 7.2 \times 1.5 =$$

WALL J.

$$\text{WALL } = 3.5 \times 3.5 = 12.30 \text{ kN/m}$$

WALL K.

$$\text{WALL } = 3.5 \times 2.6 = 9.10$$

$$\text{Floor DL } = 3 \times 0.6 = 1.80$$

$$\text{Floor I } = 3 \times 1.5 =$$

$$10.90 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$4.50$$

$$4.50 \text{ kN/m}$$

V&R VINCENT & RYMILL VINCENT & RYMILL LAKESIDE COUNTRY CLUB FRIMLEY GREEN SURREY	Project 20 WELLS ROAD LONDON NW3				Job Ref. 17J02	
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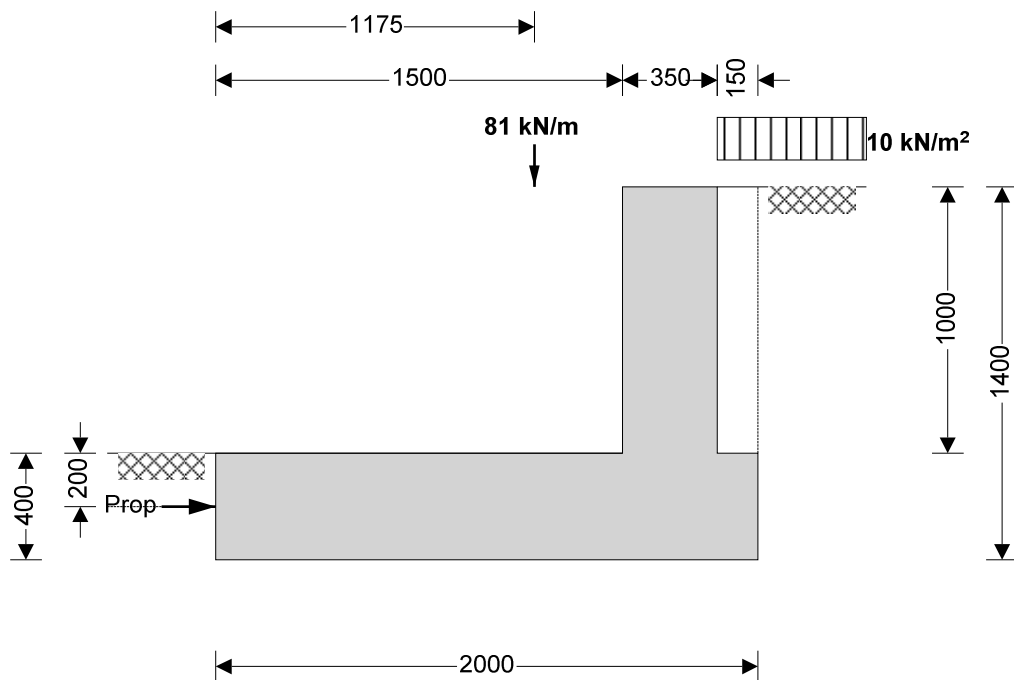
BASEMENT WALL AND BASE DESIGNS

WALL G – PARTY WALL

RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS & DESIGN (BS8002)

RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS (BS 8002:1994)

TEDDS calculation version 1.2.01.06



Wall details

Retaining wall type

Height of wall stem

Length of toe

Overall length of base

Height of retaining wall

Depth of downstand

Position of downstand

Depth of cover in front of wall

Height of ground water

Density of wall construction

Angle of soil surface

Mobilisation factor

Moist density

Design shear strength

Design shear strength

Moist density

Using Coulomb theory

Active pressure

Cantilever

$h_{\text{stem}} = 1000 \text{ mm}$

$l_{\text{toe}} = 1500 \text{ mm}$

$l_{\text{base}} = 2000 \text{ mm}$

$h_{\text{wall}} = 1400 \text{ mm}$

$d_{\text{ds}} = 0 \text{ mm}$

$l_{\text{ds}} = 1050 \text{ mm}$

$d_{\text{cover}} = 0 \text{ mm}$

$h_{\text{water}} = 0 \text{ mm}$

$\gamma_{\text{wall}} = 23.6 \text{ kN/m}^3$

$\beta = 0.0 \text{ deg}$

$M = 1.5$

$\gamma_m = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

$\phi' = 24.2 \text{ deg}$

$\phi'_b = 24.2 \text{ deg}$

$\gamma_{mb} = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

$K_a = 0.419$

Wall stem thickness

Length of heel

Base thickness

Thickness of downstand

Unplanned excavation depth

Density of water

Density of base construction

Effective height at back of wall

Saturated density

Angle of wall friction

Design base friction

Allowable bearing

Passive pressure

$t_{\text{wall}} = 350 \text{ mm}$

$l_{\text{heel}} = 150 \text{ mm}$

$t_{\text{base}} = 400 \text{ mm}$

$t_{\text{ds}} = 400 \text{ mm}$

$d_{\text{exc}} = 200 \text{ mm}$

$\gamma_{\text{water}} = 9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3$

$\gamma_{\text{base}} = 23.6 \text{ kN/m}^3$

$h_{\text{eff}} = 1400 \text{ mm}$

$\gamma_s = 21.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$

$\delta = 0.0 \text{ deg}$

$\delta_b = 18.6 \text{ deg}$

$P_{\text{bearing}} = 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$K_p = 4.187$



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At-rest pressure

$K_0 = 0.590$

Loading details

Surcharge load

Surcharge = **10.0** kN/m²

Vertical dead load

$W_{\text{dead}} = 78.0$ kN/m

Vertical live load

$W_{\text{live}} = 3.0$ kN/m

Horizontal dead load

$F_{\text{dead}} = 0.0$ kN/m

Horizontal live load

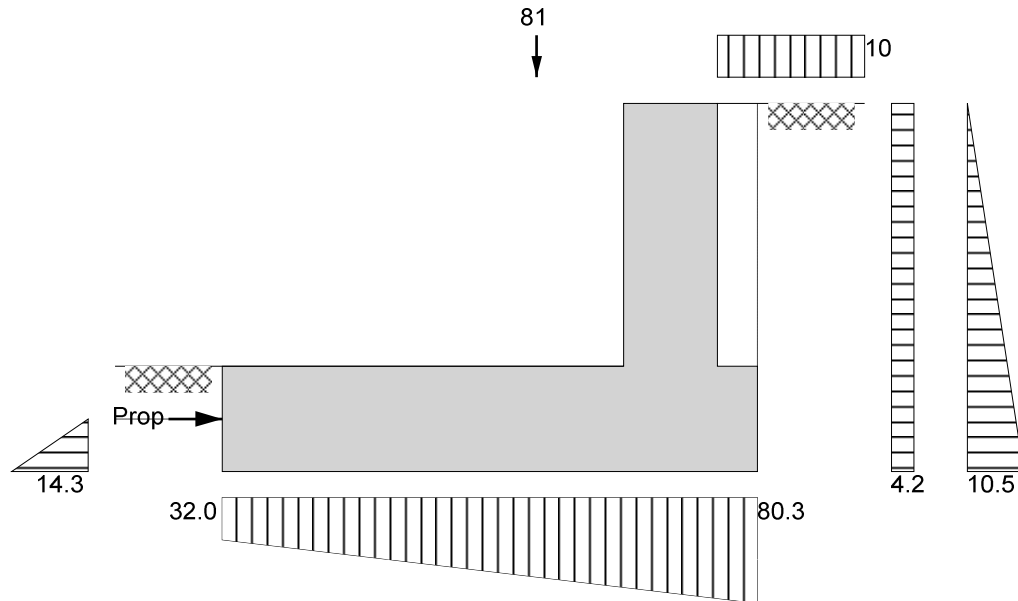
$F_{\text{live}} = 0.0$ kN/m

Position of vertical load

$l_{\text{load}} = 1175$ mm

Height of horizontal load

$h_{\text{load}} = 0$ mm



Loads shown in kN/m, pressures shown in kN/m²

Calculate propping force

Propping force

$F_{\text{prop}} = 0.0$ kN/m

Check bearing pressure

Total vertical reaction

$R = 112.3$ kN/m

Distance to reaction

$x_{\text{bar}} = 1143$ mm

Eccentricity of reaction

$e = 143$ mm

Bearing pressure at toe


$p_{\text{toe}} = 32.0$ kN/m²

Bearing pressure at heel

$p_{\text{heel}} = 80.3$ kN/m²

Reaction acts within middle third of base

PASS - Maximum bearing pressure is less than allowable bearing pressure

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RETAINING WALL DESIGN (BS 8002:1994)

TEDDS calculation version 1.2.01.06

Ultimate limit state load factors

Dead load factor $\gamma_{f_d} = 1.4$ Live load factor $\gamma_{f_l} = 1.6$
 Earth pressure factor $\gamma_{f_e} = 1.4$

Calculate propping force

Propping force $F_{prop} = 0.0$ kN/m

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall toe (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Base details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ % Cover in toe $C_{toe} = 50$ mm

Design of retaining wall toe

Shear at heel $V_{toe} = 89.0$ kN/m Moment at heel $M_{toe} = 76.2$ kNm/m

Compression reinforcement is not required

Check toe in bending

Reinforcement provided **12 mm dia.bars @ 150 mm centres**
 Area required $A_{s_toe_req} = 536.1$ mm²/m Area provided $A_{s_toe_prov} = 754$ mm²/m

PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall toe is adequate

Check shear resistance at toe

Design shear stress $V_{toe} = 0.259$ N/mm² Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000$ N/mm²

PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress

Concrete shear stress $V_{c_toe} = 0.463$ N/mm²

$V_{toe} < V_{c_toe}$ - No shear reinforcement required

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall heel (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Base details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ % Cover in heel $C_{heel} = 50$ mm

As the moment is negative the design of the retaining wall heel is beyond the scope of this calculation

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall stem (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Wall details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ %
 Cover in stem $C_{stem} = 75$ mm Cover in wall $C_{wall} = 50$ mm

Design of retaining wall stem


Shear at base of stem $V_{stem} = 16.9$ kN/m Moment at base of stem $M_{stem} = 10.6$ kNm/m

Compression reinforcement is not required

Check wall stem in bending

Reinforcement provided **12 mm dia.bars @ 150 mm centres**
 Area required $A_{s_stem_req} = 455.0$ mm²/m Area provided $A_{s_stem_prov} = 754$ mm²/m

PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall stem is adequate


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Check shear resistance at wall stem

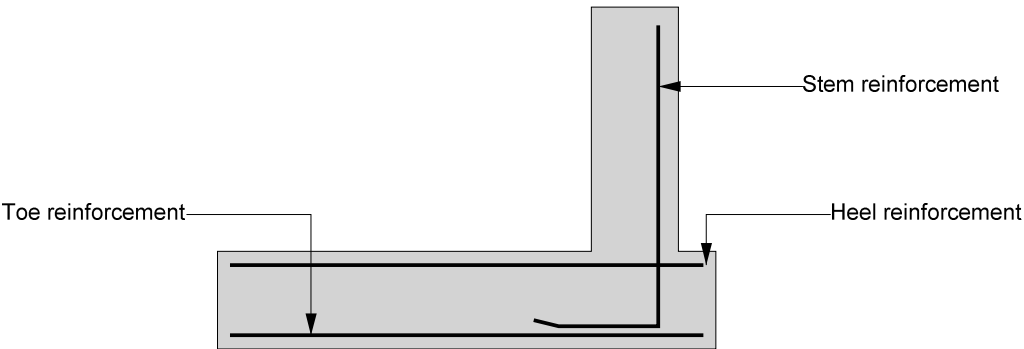
Design shear stress $V_{stem} = 0.063 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress
Concrete shear stress $V_{c_stem} = 0.534 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $V_{stem} < V_{c_stem}$ - No shear reinforcement required

Check retaining wall deflection

Max span/depth ratio $ratio_{max} = 14.00$ Actual span/depth ratio $ratio_{act} = 3.72$
PASS - Span to depth ratio is acceptable

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Indicative retaining wall reinforcement diagram



Toe bars - 12 mm dia.@ 150 mm centres - (754 mm²/m)

The design of the retaining wall heel is beyond the scope of this calculation!

Stem bars - 12 mm dia.@ 150 mm centres - (754 mm²/m)

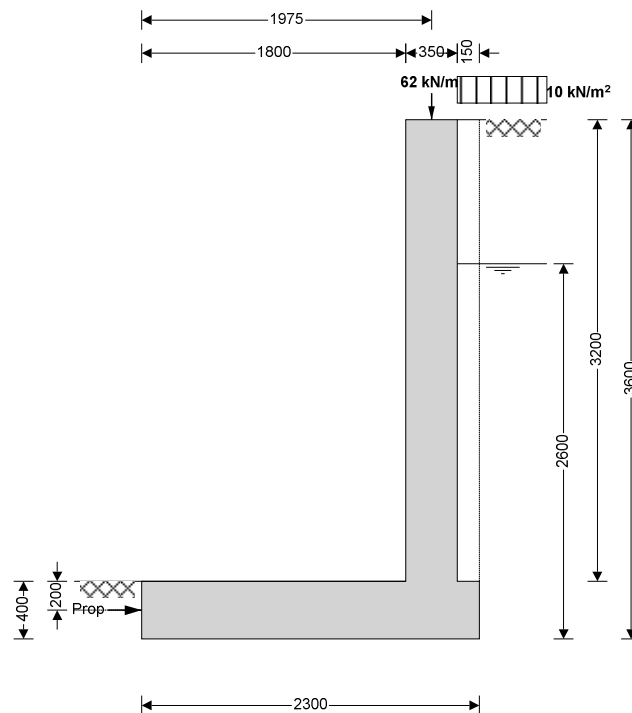
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WALL H – END WALL – WALL D SIMILAR

RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS & DESIGN (BS8002)


RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS (BS 8002:1994)

TEDDS calculation version 1.2.01.06



Wall details

Retaining wall type	Cantilever	Wall stem thickness	$t_{\text{wall}} = 350 \text{ mm}$
Height of wall stem	$h_{\text{stem}} = 3200 \text{ mm}$	Length of heel	$l_{\text{heel}} = 150 \text{ mm}$
Length of toe	$l_{\text{toe}} = 1800 \text{ mm}$	Base thickness	$t_{\text{base}} = 400 \text{ mm}$
Overall length of base	$l_{\text{base}} = 2300 \text{ mm}$	Thickness of downstand	$t_{\text{ds}} = 400 \text{ mm}$
Height of retaining wall	$h_{\text{wall}} = 3600 \text{ mm}$	Unplanned excavation depth	$d_{\text{exc}} = 200 \text{ mm}$
Depth of downstand	$d_{\text{ds}} = 0 \text{ mm}$	Density of water	$\gamma_{\text{water}} = 9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Position of downstand	$l_{\text{ds}} = 1900 \text{ mm}$	Density of base construction	$\gamma_{\text{base}} = 23.6 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Depth of cover in front of wall	$d_{\text{cover}} = 0 \text{ mm}$	Effective height at back of wall	$h_{\text{eff}} = 3600 \text{ mm}$
Height of ground water	$h_{\text{water}} = 2600 \text{ mm}$	Saturated density	$\gamma_s = 21.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Density of wall construction	$\gamma_{\text{wall}} = 23.6 \text{ kN/m}^3$	Angle of wall friction	$\delta = 0.0 \text{ deg}$
Angle of soil surface	$\beta = 0.0 \text{ deg}$	Design base friction	$\delta_b = 18.6 \text{ deg}$
Mobilisation factor	$M = 1.5$	Allowable bearing	$P_{\text{bearing}} = 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Moist density	$\gamma_m = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$		
Design shear strength	$\phi' = 24.2 \text{ deg}$		
Design shear strength	$\phi'_b = 24.2 \text{ deg}$		
Moist density	$\gamma_{mb} = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$		
Using Coulomb theory			
Active pressure	$K_a = 0.419$	Passive pressure	$K_p = 4.187$
At-rest pressure	$K_0 = 0.590$		

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RETAINING WALL DESIGN (BS 8002:1994)

TEDDS calculation version 1.2.01.06

Ultimate limit state load factors

Dead load factor $\gamma_{f_d} = 1.4$ Live load factor $\gamma_{f_l} = 1.6$
 Earth pressure factor $\gamma_{f_e} = 1.4$

Calculate propping force

Propping force $F_{prop} = 46.6$ kN/m

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall toe (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Base details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ % Cover in toe $C_{toe} = 50$ mm

Design of retaining wall toe

Shear at heel $V_{toe} = 144.5$ kN/m Moment at heel $M_{toe} = 195.9$ kNm/m
Compression reinforcement is not required

Check toe in bending

Reinforcement provided **16 mm dia.bars @ 100 mm centres**
 Area required $A_{s_toe_req} = 1386.0$ mm²/m Area provided $A_{s_toe_prov} = 2011$ mm²/m
PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall toe is adequate

Check shear resistance at toe

Design shear stress $V_{toe} = 0.422$ N/mm² Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000$ N/mm²
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress
 Concrete shear stress $V_{c_toe} = 0.563$ N/mm²
 $V_{toe} < V_{c_toe}$ - No shear reinforcement required

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall heel (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Base details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ % Cover in heel $C_{heel} = 50$ mm

Design of retaining wall heel


Shear at heel $V_{heel} = 17.9$ kN/m Moment at heel $M_{heel} = 4.7$ kNm/m
Compression reinforcement is not required

Check heel in bending

Reinforcement provided **12 mm dia.bars @ 150 mm centres**
 Area required $A_{s_heel_req} = 520.0$ mm²/m Area provided $A_{s_heel_prov} = 754$ mm²/m
PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall heel is adequate

Check shear resistance at heel

Design shear stress $V_{heel} = 0.052$ N/mm² Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000$ N/mm²
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress
 Concrete shear stress $V_{c_heel} = 0.463$ N/mm²
 $V_{heel} < V_{c_heel}$ - No shear reinforcement required

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Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall stem (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Wall details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13 \%$

Cover in stem $C_{stem} = 75 \text{ mm}$ Cover in wall $C_{wall} = 50 \text{ mm}$

Design of retaining wall stem

Shear at base of stem $V_{stem} = 25.4 \text{ kN/m}$ Moment at base of stem $M_{stem} = 151.5 \text{ kNm/m}$
Compression reinforcement is not required

Check wall stem in bending

Reinforcement provided **16 mm dia.bars @ 100 mm centres**


Area required $A_{s_stem_req} = 1391.8 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$ Area provided $A_{s_stem_prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall stem is adequate

Check shear resistance at wall stem

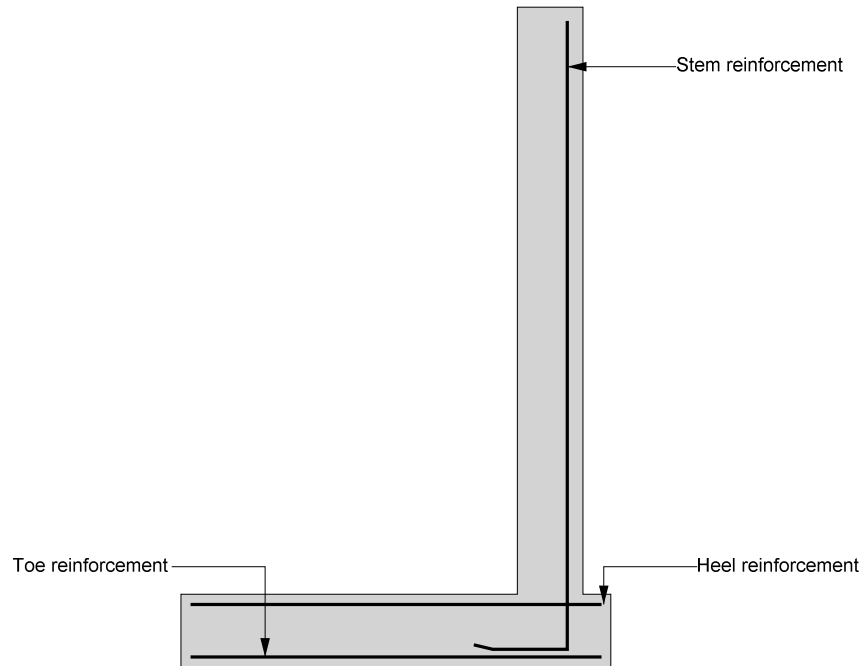
Design shear stress $V_{stem} = 0.095 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress

Concrete shear stress $V_{c_stem} = 0.744 \text{ N/mm}^2$


$V_{stem} < V_{c_stem}$ - No shear reinforcement required

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Indicative retaining wall reinforcement diagram



Toe bars - 16 mm dia.@ 100 mm centres - (2011 mm²/m)
 Heel bars - 12 mm dia.@ 150 mm centres - (754 mm²/m)
 Stem bars - 16 mm dia.@ 100 mm centres - (2011 mm²/m)

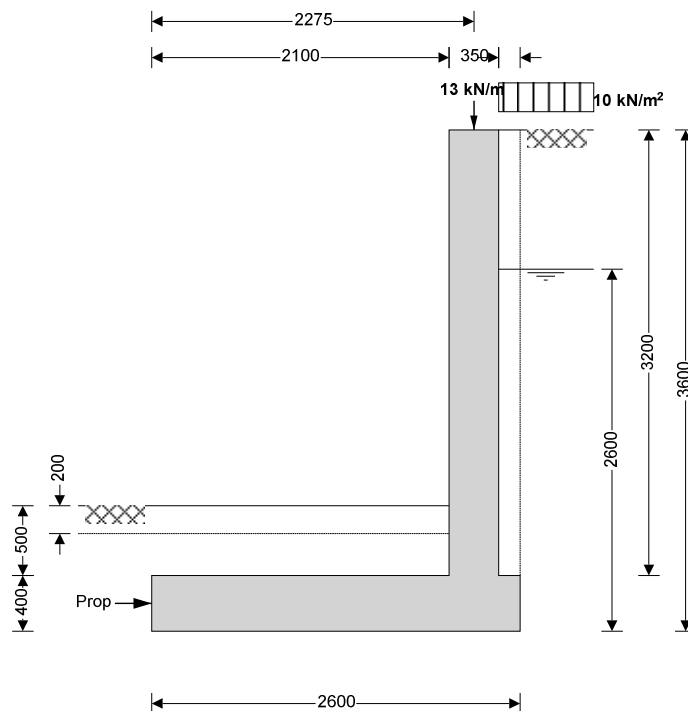
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WALL J

RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS & DESIGN (BS8002)

RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS (BS 8002:1994)

TEDDS calculation version 1.2.01.06



Wall details

Retaining wall type

Height of wall stem

Length of toe

Overall length of base

Height of retaining wall

Depth of downstand

Position of downstand

Depth of cover in front of wall

Height of ground water

Density of wall construction

Angle of soil surface

Mobilisation factor

Moist density

Design shear strength

Design shear strength

Moist density

Using Coulomb theory

Active pressure

At-rest pressure

Cantilever

$h_{\text{stem}} = 3200$ mm

$l_{\text{toe}} = 2100$ mm

$l_{\text{base}} = 2600$ mm

$h_{\text{wall}} = 3600$ mm

$d_{\text{ds}} = 0$ mm

$l_{\text{ds}} = 1900$ mm

$d_{\text{cover}} = 500$ mm

$h_{\text{water}} = 2600$ mm

$\gamma_{\text{wall}} = 23.6$ kN/m³

$\beta = 0.0$ deg

$M = 1.5$

$\gamma_m = 18.0$ kN/m³

$\phi' = 24.2$ deg

$\phi'_b = 24.2$ deg

$\gamma_{mb} = 18.0$ kN/m³

$K_a = 0.419$

$K_0 = 0.590$

Wall stem thickness

Length of heel

Base thickness

Thickness of downstand

Unplanned excavation depth

Density of water

Density of base construction

Effective height at back of wall

Saturated density

Angle of wall friction

Design base friction

Allowable bearing

Passive pressure

$t_{\text{wall}} = 350$ mm

$l_{\text{heel}} = 150$ mm

$t_{\text{base}} = 400$ mm

$t_{\text{ds}} = 400$ mm

$d_{\text{exc}} = 200$ mm

$\gamma_{\text{water}} = 9.81$ kN/m³

$\gamma_{\text{base}} = 23.6$ kN/m³

$h_{\text{eff}} = 3600$ mm

$\gamma_s = 21.0$ kN/m³

$\delta = 0.0$ deg

$\delta_b = 18.6$ deg

$P_{\text{bearing}} = 100$ kN/m²

$K_p = 4.187$



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SURREY

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Loading details

Surcharge load

Surcharge = **10.0 kN/m²**

Vertical dead load

$W_{\text{dead}} = \mathbf{13.0 \text{ kN/m}}$

Vertical live load

$W_{\text{live}} = \mathbf{0.0 \text{ kN/m}}$

Horizontal dead load

$F_{\text{dead}} = \mathbf{0.0 \text{ kN/m}}$

Horizontal live load

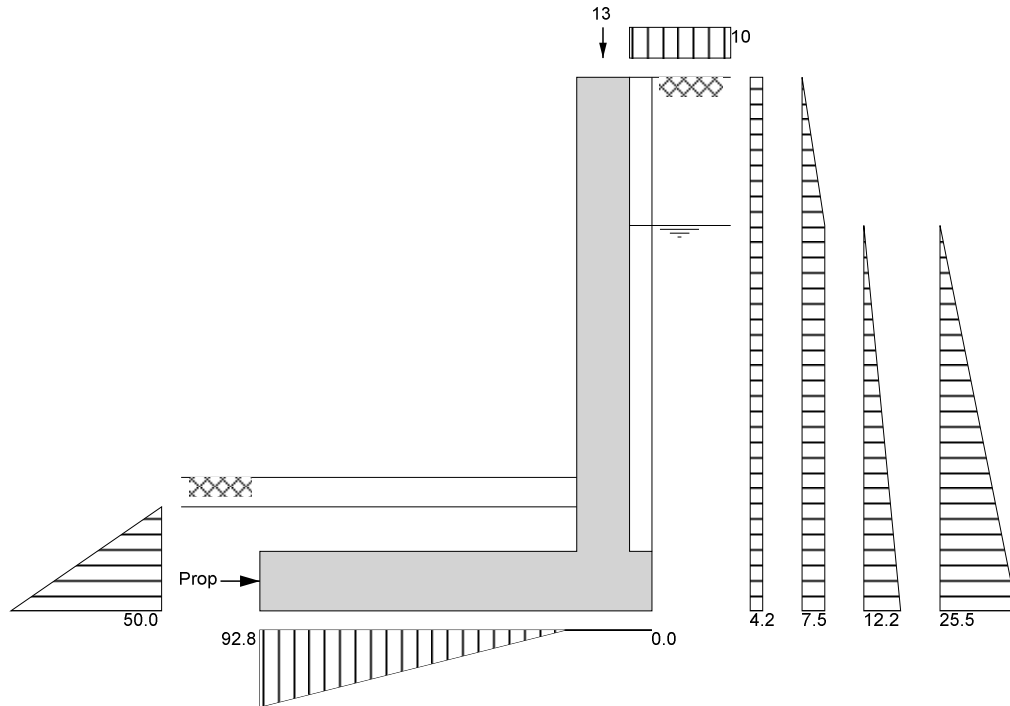
$F_{\text{live}} = \mathbf{0.0 \text{ kN/m}}$

Position of vertical load

$l_{\text{load}} = \mathbf{2275 \text{ mm}}$

Height of horizontal load

$h_{\text{load}} = \mathbf{0 \text{ mm}}$



Loads shown in kN/m, pressures shown in kN/m²

Calculate propping force

Propping force

$F_{\text{prop}} = \mathbf{45.1 \text{ kN/m}}$

Check bearing pressure

Total vertical reaction

$R = \mathbf{94.0 \text{ kN/m}}$

Distance to reaction

$X_{\text{bar}} = \mathbf{675 \text{ mm}}$

Eccentricity of reaction

$e = \mathbf{625 \text{ mm}}$

Reaction acts outside middle third of base


Bearing pressure at toe

$p_{\text{toe}} = \mathbf{92.8 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

Bearing pressure at heel

$p_{\text{heel}} = \mathbf{0.0 \text{ kN/m}^2}$

PASS - Maximum bearing pressure is less than allowable bearing pressure

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RETAINING WALL DESIGN (BS 8002:1994)

TEDDS calculation version 1.2.01.06

Ultimate limit state load factors

Dead load factor $\gamma_{f_d} = 1.4$ Live load factor $\gamma_{f_l} = 1.6$
 Earth pressure factor $\gamma_{f_e} = 1.4$

Calculate propping force

Propping force $F_{prop} = 45.1$ kN/m

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall toe (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Base details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ % Cover in toe $C_{toe} = 50$ mm

Design of retaining wall toe

Shear at heel $V_{toe} = 88.3$ kN/m Moment at heel $M_{toe} = 208.9$ kNm/m
Compression reinforcement is not required

Check toe in bending

Reinforcement provided **16 mm dia.bars @ 100 mm centres**
 Area required $A_{s_toe_req} = 1481.4$ mm²/m Area provided $A_{s_toe_prov} = 2011$ mm²/m
PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall toe is adequate

Check shear resistance at toe

Design shear stress $V_{toe} = 0.258$ N/mm² Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000$ N/mm²
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress
 Concrete shear stress $V_{c_toe} = 0.644$ N/mm²
 $V_{toe} < V_{c_toe}$ - No shear reinforcement required

Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall heel (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm² Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Base details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13$ % Cover in heel $C_{heel} = 50$ mm

Design of retaining wall heel


Shear at heel $V_{heel} = 17.9$ kN/m Moment at heel $M_{heel} = 4.7$ kNm/m
Compression reinforcement is not required

Check heel in bending

Reinforcement provided **12 mm dia.bars @ 150 mm centres**
 Area required $A_{s_heel_req} = 520.0$ mm²/m Area provided $A_{s_heel_prov} = 754$ mm²/m
PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall heel is adequate

Check shear resistance at heel

Design shear stress $V_{heel} = 0.052$ N/mm² Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000$ N/mm²
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress
 Concrete shear stress $V_{c_heel} = 0.463$ N/mm²
 $V_{heel} < V_{c_heel}$ - No shear reinforcement required

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Design of reinforced concrete retaining wall stem (BS 8002:1994)

Material properties

Strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Wall details

Minimum reinforcement $k = 0.13 \%$

Cover in stem $C_{stem} = 75 \text{ mm}$ Cover in wall $C_{wall} = 50 \text{ mm}$

Design of retaining wall stem

Shear at base of stem $V_{stem} = 27.4 \text{ kN/m}$ Moment at base of stem $M_{stem} = 151.5 \text{ kNm/m}$
Compression reinforcement is not required

Check wall stem in bending


Reinforcement provided **16 mm dia.bars @ 100 mm centres**

Area required $A_{s_stem_req} = 1391.8 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$ Area provided $A_{s_stem_prov} = 2011 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
PASS - Reinforcement provided at the retaining wall stem is adequate

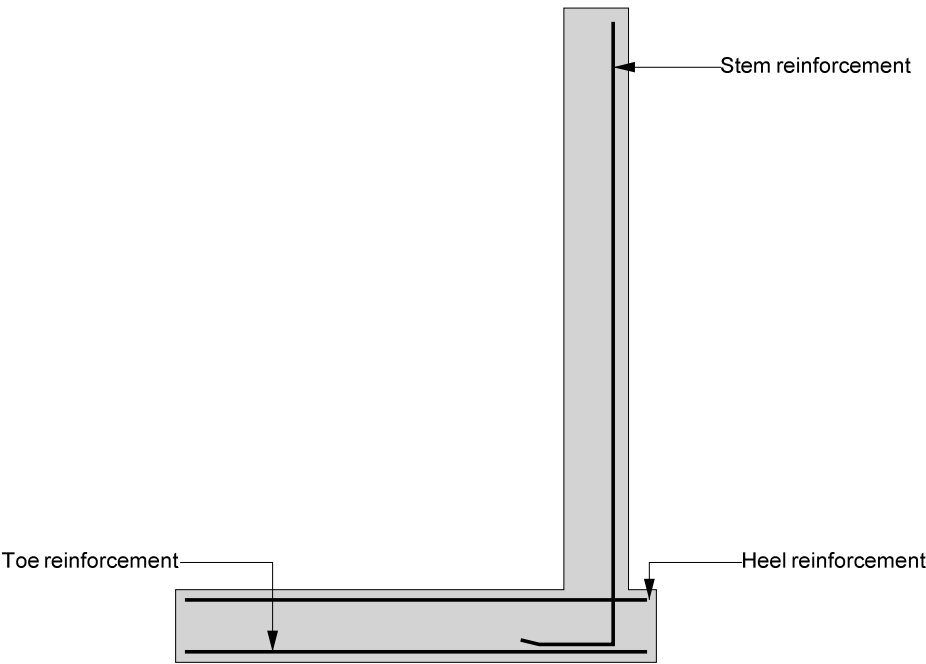
Check shear resistance at wall stem

Design shear stress $V_{stem} = 0.103 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Allowable shear stress $V_{adm} = 5.000 \text{ N/mm}^2$
PASS - Design shear stress is less than maximum shear stress

Concrete shear stress $V_{c_stem} = 0.744 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $V_{stem} < V_{c_stem}$ - No shear reinforcement required

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Indicative retaining wall reinforcement diagram



Toe bars - 16 mm dia.@ 100 mm centres - (2011 mm²/m)

Heel bars - 12 mm dia.@ 150 mm centres - (754 mm²/m)

Stem bars - 16 mm dia.@ 100 mm centres - (2011 mm²/m)

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BASEMENT SLAB

UPLIFT = $2.6 \times 10 = 26\text{KN/m}^2$

SWT + FINISH = 6.8KN/m^2

DESIGN LOAD = 27KN/m^2 UPLIFT.

DowLOADING UNDER NORMAL CONDITION DESIGN LOAD = 12KN/m^2

TOP REINFT

BM = $27 \times 2.75^2 / 8 = 25.5\text{KN.m}$

RC SLAB DESIGN (BS8110)

RC SLAB DESIGN (BS8110:PART1:1997)

TEDDS calculation version 1.0.04

CONCRETE SLAB DESIGN (CL 3.5.3 & 4)

SIMPLE ONE WAY SPANNING SLAB DEFINITION

Overall depth of slab $h = 200 \text{ mm}$

Cover to tension reinforcement resisting sagging $c_b = 50 \text{ mm}$

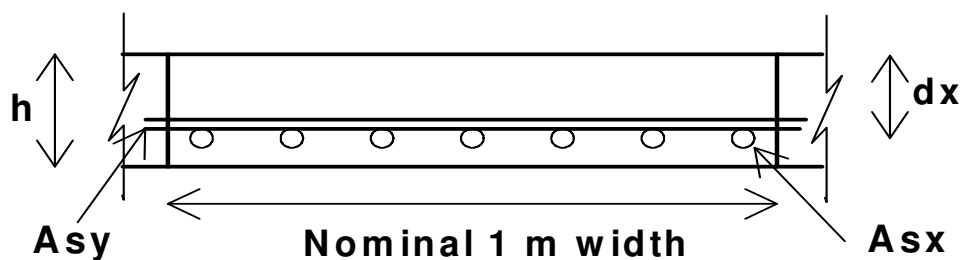
Trial bar diameter $D_{tryx} = 10 \text{ mm}$

Depth to tension steel (resisting sagging)

$$d_x = h - c_b - D_{tryx}/2 = 145 \text{ mm}$$

Characteristic strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Characteristic strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 35 \text{ N/mm}^2$




One-way spanning slab (simple)

ONE WAY SPANNING SLAB (CL 3.5.4)

MAXIMUM DESIGN MOMENTS IN SPAN

Design sagging moment (per m width of slab) $m_{sx} = 26.0 \text{ kNm/m}$

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CONCRETE SLAB DESIGN – SAGGING – OUTER LAYER OF STEEL (CL 3.5.4)

Design sagging moment (per m width of slab) $m_{sx} = 26.0$ kNm/m

Moment Redistribution Factor $\beta_{bx} = 1.0$

Area of reinforcement required

$$K_x = \text{abs}(m_{sx}) / (d_x^2 \times f_{cu}) = 0.035$$

$$K'_x = \min(0.156, (0.402 \times (\beta_{bx} - 0.4)) - (0.18 \times (\beta_{bx} - 0.4)^2)) = 0.156$$

Outer compression steel not required to resist sagging

Slab requiring outer tension steel only - bars (sagging)

$$z_x = \min((0.95 \times d_x), (d_x \times (0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_x/0.9)}))) = 138 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Neutral axis depth } x_x = (d_x - z_x) / 0.45 = 16 \text{ mm}$$

Area of tension steel required

$$A_{sx_req} = \text{abs}(m_{sx}) / (1/\gamma_{ms} \times f_y \times z_x) = 434 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Tension steel

Provide 10 dia bars @ 100 centres outer tension steel resisting sagging

$$A_{sx_prov} = A_{sx} = 785 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of outer tension steel provided sufficient to resist sagging

TRANSVERSE BOTTOM STEEL - INNER

Inner layer of transverse steel

Provide 10 dia bars @ 100 centres

$$A_{sy_prov} = A_{sy} = 785 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Check min and max areas of steel resisting sagging

Total area of concrete $A_c = h = 200000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Minimum % reinforcement $k = 0.13 \%$

$$A_{st_min} = k \times A_c = 260 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{st_max} = 4 \% \times A_c = 8000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Steel defined:

$$\text{Outer steel resisting sagging } A_{sx_prov} = 785 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of outer steel provided (sagging) OK

$$\text{Inner steel resisting sagging } A_{sy_prov} = 785 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of inner steel provided (sagging) OK

CONCRETE SLAB DEFLECTION CHECK (CL 3.5.7)

Slab span length $l_x = 2.750$ m

Design ultimate moment in shorter span per m width $m_{sx} = 26$ kNm/m

Depth to outer tension steel $d_x = 145$ mm


Tension steel

Area of outer tension reinforcement provided $A_{sx_prov} = 785 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Area of tension reinforcement required $A_{sx_req} = 434 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Moment Redistribution Factor $\beta_{bx} = 1.00$

Modification Factors

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Basic span / effective depth ratio (Table 3.9) $\text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} = 20$

The modification factor for spans in excess of 10m (ref. cl 3.4.6.4) has not been included.

$$f_s = 2 \times f_y \times A_{sx_req} / (3 \times A_{sx_prov} \times \beta_{bx}) = 184.3 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\text{factor}_{\text{tens}} = \min (2, 0.55 + (477 \text{ N/mm}^2 - f_s) / (120 \times (0.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 + m_{sx} / d_x^2))) = 1.691$$

Calculate Maximum Span

This is a simplified approach and further attention should be given where special circumstances exist. Refer to clauses 3.4.6.4 and 3.4.6.7.

$$\text{Maximum span } l_{\text{max}} = \text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} \times \text{factor}_{\text{tens}} \times d_x = 4.91 \text{ m}$$

Check the actual beam span

$$\text{Actual span/depth ratio } l_x / d_x = 18.97$$

$$\text{Span depth limit } \text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} \times \text{factor}_{\text{tens}} = 33.83$$

Span/Depth ratio check satisfied

CHECK OF NOMINAL COVER (SAGGING) – (BS8110:PT 1, TABLE 3.4)

Slab thickness $h = 200 \text{ mm}$

Effective depth to bottom outer tension reinforcement $d_x = 145.0 \text{ mm}$

Diameter of tension reinforcement $D_x = 10 \text{ mm}$

Diameter of links $L_{\text{diat}} = 0 \text{ mm}$

Cover to outer tension reinforcement

$$c_{\text{tenx}} = h - d_x - D_x / 2 = 50.0 \text{ mm}$$

Nominal cover to links steel

$$c_{\text{nomx}} = c_{\text{tenx}} - L_{\text{diat}} = 50.0 \text{ mm}$$

Permissible minimum nominal cover to all reinforcement (Table 3.4)

$$c_{\text{min}} = 35 \text{ mm}$$

Cover over steel resisting sagging OK

2 LAYERS A393 TOP

BOTTOM REINFORCEMENT

$$\text{BM} = 12 \times 2.75^2 / 8 = 11.4 \text{ kN.m}$$

RC SLAB DESIGN (BS8110)


RC SLAB DESIGN (BS8110:PART1:1997)

TEDDS calculation version 1.0.04

CONCRETE SLAB DESIGN (CL 3.5.3 & 4)

SIMPLE ONE WAY SPANNING SLAB DEFINITION

Overall depth of slab $h = 200 \text{ mm}$

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Cover to tension reinforcement resisting sagging $c_b = 35$ mm

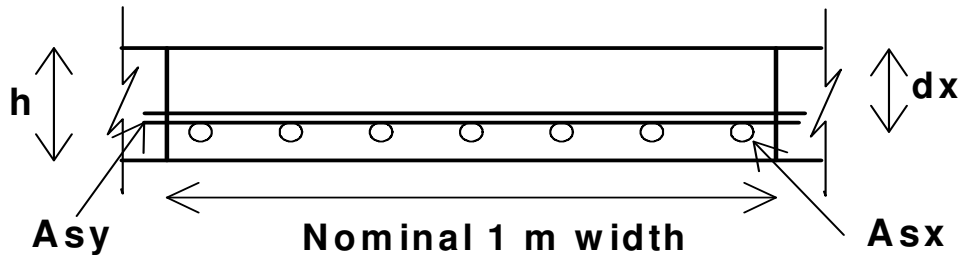
Trial bar diameter $D_{tryx} = 10$ mm

Depth to tension steel (resisting sagging)

$$d_x = h - c_b - D_{tryx}/2 = 160 \text{ mm}$$

Characteristic strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Characteristic strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 35$ N/mm²



One-way spanning slab (simple)

ONE WAY SPANNING SLAB (CL 3.5.4)

MAXIMUM DESIGN MOMENTS IN SPAN

Design sagging moment (per m width of slab) $m_{sx} = 12.0$ kNm/m

CONCRETE SLAB DESIGN – SAGGING – OUTER LAYER OF STEEL (CL 3.5.4)

Design sagging moment (per m width of slab) $m_{sx} = 12.0$ kNm/m

Moment Redistribution Factor $\beta_{bx} = 1.0$

Area of reinforcement required

$$K_x = \text{abs}(m_{sx}) / (d_x^2 \times f_{cu}) = 0.013$$

$$K'_x = \min(0.156, (0.402 \times (\beta_{bx} - 0.4)) - (0.18 \times (\beta_{bx} - 0.4)^2)) = 0.156$$

Outer compression steel not required to resist sagging

Slab requiring outer tension steel only - bars (sagging)

$$z_x = \min((0.95 \times d_x), (d_x \times (0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_x/0.9)}))) = 152 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Neutral axis depth } x_x = (d_x - z_x) / 0.45 = 18 \text{ mm}$$

Area of tension steel required

$$A_{sx_req} = \text{abs}(m_{sx}) / (1/\gamma_{ms} \times f_y \times z_x) = 182 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Tension steel

Provide 10 dia bars @ 200 centres outer tension steel resisting sagging


$$A_{sx_prov} = A_{sx} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of outer tension steel provided sufficient to resist sagging

TRANSVERSE BOTTOM STEEL - INNER

Inner layer of transverse steel

Provide 10 dia bars @ 200 centres

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$$A_{sy_prov} = A_{sy} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Check min and max areas of steel resisting sagging

Total area of concrete $A_c = h = 200000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Minimum % reinforcement $k = 0.13 \%$

$$A_{st_min} = k \times A_c = 260 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{st_max} = 4 \% \times A_c = 8000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Steel defined:

$$\text{Outer steel resisting sagging } A_{sx_prov} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of outer steel provided (sagging) OK

$$\text{Inner steel resisting sagging } A_{sy_prov} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of inner steel provided (sagging) OK

CONCRETE SLAB DEFLECTION CHECK (CL 3.5.7)

Slab span length $l_x = 2.750 \text{ m}$

Design ultimate moment in shorter span per m width $m_{sx} = 12 \text{ kNm/m}$

Depth to outer tension steel $d_x = 160 \text{ mm}$

Tension steel

Area of outer tension reinforcement provided $A_{sx_prov} = 393 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Area of tension reinforcement required $A_{sx_req} = 182 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Moment Redistribution Factor $\beta_{bx} = 1.00$

Modification Factors

Basic span / effective depth ratio (Table 3.9) $\text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} = 20$

The modification factor for spans in excess of 10m (ref. cl 3.4.6.4) has not been included.

$$f_s = 2 \times f_y \times A_{sx_req} / (3 \times A_{sx_prov} \times \beta_{bx}) = 154.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\text{factor}_{\text{tens}} = \min (2 , 0.55 + (477 \text{ N/mm}^2 - f_s) / (120 \times (0.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 + m_{sx} / d_x^2))) = 2.000$$

Calculate Maximum Span

This is a simplified approach and further attention should be given where special circumstances exist. Refer to clauses 3.4.6.4 and 3.4.6.7.

$$\text{Maximum span } l_{\text{max}} = \text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} \times \text{factor}_{\text{tens}} \times d_x = 6.40 \text{ m}$$

Check the actual beam span

Actual span/depth ratio $l_x / d_x = 17.19$

$$\text{Span depth limit } \text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} \times \text{factor}_{\text{tens}} = 40.00$$

Span/Depth ratio check satisfied

CHECK OF NOMINAL COVER (SAGGING) – (BS8110:PT 1, TABLE 3.4)


Slab thickness $h = 200 \text{ mm}$

Effective depth to bottom outer tension reinforcement $d_x = 160.0 \text{ mm}$

Diameter of tension reinforcement $D_x = 10 \text{ mm}$

Diameter of links $L_{\text{diat}} = 0 \text{ mm}$

Cover to outer tension reinforcement

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$$C_{tenx} = h - d_x - D_x / 2 = \mathbf{35.0\ mm}$$

Nominal cover to links steel

$$C_{nomx} = C_{tenx} - L_{di}ax = \mathbf{35.0\ mm}$$

Permissable minimum nominal cover to all reinforcement (Table 3.4)

$$C_{min} = \mathbf{35\ mm}$$

Cover over steel resisting sagging OK

A393 BOTTOM