

Project:	Symes Mews	Date:	15 <sup>th</sup> February 2019
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Status:	For Information	Issue:	x
Reference:	WED14117		
Design Note:	Modelling details for the Energy Statement		

### 1 MODELLING APPROACH

A dynamic thermal model has been created from architectural drawings received (dated 16<sup>th</sup> August 2018), using the IES-VE software tool (version 2018.0.1.0) to represent the development and enable an evaluation of external and internal conditions for all spaces within the basement and grounds floors as well as the yard building.

## 1.1 Climate Conditions and Weather File

Symes Mews is in the Borough of Camden, London. London has a moderate climate with the maximum temperature rarely rising above 26°C (Figure 1).



Figure 1: Annual Dry bulb and wet bulb outdoor air temperatures for London



1161

49%

It is an ideal climate for passive cooling through window opening in the summer months when the temperature outside is low enough, with dehumidification rarely required.



Annual Hourly Humidity Ratio in London

Occupied Hours between May - Oct (SUMMER) Humidification is required Figure 2: Annual outdoor humidity levels for London



Cooling Degree Days 898 (base 10°C)



## 1.2 Geometry

The IES-VE model includes all spaces and adjacent spaces have been modelled to capture their thermal and shading effects.





Figure 3: IES-VE model street East facing facade

Figure 4: IES-VE model back





### 1.3 Constructions

The following constructions have been applied to the model. As this is an existing building, photos have been used to identify the type of construction currently in the building. This construction make up and u-value has then been found in IES-VE construction database and assumed to be the u-value for this building. All proposed constructions meet with Part L2B requirements.



## Existing building constructions and u-values





Exisitin	a Roof - Symes Mews								STD ROO2	
EXISIII	Name of Assembly:	Iame of Assembly: Concrete roof with insulation				Residential? no				
Layer	Material	d [mm]	d [m]	Conductivity (W/mK) λ	R-Value (m²K/W) R	Density (kg/m³)	Specific Heat (J/kg.k)	Heat Capacity (Wh/m².K)	U-Value (W/m²K)	
ae	Outside Air Film				0.04				25.00	
1	Stone Chippings	10	0.01	0.96	0.01	1800	1000	5,000	96	
2	Flet/Bitumen Layers	5	0.01	0.5	0.01	1700	1000	2,361	100.00	
3	Cast Concrete	150	0.15	1.13	0.13	2000	1000	83,333	8	
4	Cavity	250	0.25	-	0.17	-	-	-	5.88	
5	Insulation	50	0.05	0.025	2.00	20	1030	286	0.50	
ai	Inside Air Film				0.10				10.00	
	Thickness of the construction		0.465	m			U Value	e Assembly	0.41 W/m²K	
	R-value Insulation		2.00	m²K/W						
	Heat Capacity									



0.00 m²K/W

R-value Insulation Heat Capacity 84



#### Existing Interior Wall Construction AAAE Fire C A Exisiting Interior Wall - Symes Mews nt Wall 2 Single Brick Interior Wall Residential? No Code in docun Name of Assembly: Specific Heat Conductivity d d R-Value Density Capacity U-Value (W/m²K) Layer Material Heat [mm] [m] (W/mK) λ (m²K/W) R (kg/m³) (J/kg.k) (Wh/m².K Outside Air Film 17.05 a e 0.06 0.26 1 Brick 220 0.22 0.84 1845 900 101,475 4 a i Inside Air Film 0.12 8.29 0.220 Thickness of the construction

U Value Assembly 2.27 W/m²K Heat Capacity 101



**R-value Insulation** 

0.00

Exisitn	g Ground Floor - Symes Mew	s							Slab 1		
	Name of Assembly:	Concrete	oncrete floor no insulation					Residential? no			
Layer	Material	d [mm]	d [m]	Conductivity (W/mK) λ	R-Value (m²K/W) R	Density (kg/m³)	Specific Heat (J/kg.k)	Heat Capacity (Wh/m².K)	U-Value (W/m²K)		
ae	Outside Air Film				0.03						
1	London Clay	750	0.75	1.41	0.53	1900	1000	395,833	2		
2	Brickwork	250	0.25	0.84	0.30	1700	800	94,444	3.36		
3	Cast Concrete	100	0.10	1.13	0.09	2000	1000	55,556	11		
4	Screed	50	0.05	0.41	0.12	1200	840	50,400	8.20		
ai	Inside Air Film				0.12				8.29		
Thickness of the construction			1.150				U Valu	e Assembly	0.84 W/m <sup>2</sup> K		
	R-value Insulation			0							
	Heat	Capacity	596								



## Upgraded Roof Construction – Proposed Design

New R	oof - Symes Mews								STD_ROO1
	Name of Assembly:	Insulation	nsulation above deck - Part L complaint					no	Exisiting building
Layer	Material	d [mm]	d [m]	Conductivity (W/mK) λ	R-Value (m²K/W) R	Density (kg/mª)	Specific Heat (J/kg.k)	Heat Capacity (Wh/m².K)	U-Value (W/m²K)
ae	Outside Air Film				0.04				25.00
1	Insulation	154.4	0.15	0.03	5.15	40	1450	2,488	0
2	membrane	0.1	0.00	1	0.00	1100	1000	31	10000.00
3	Concrete deck	100	0.10	2	0.05	2400	1000		20
4	Cavity	50	0.05	0	0.16	0	0	-	6.25
5	Plasterboard	12.5	0.01	0.21	0.06	700	1000	8,750	16.80
ai	Inside Air Film				0.10				10.00
Thickness of the construction			0.317				U Value	e Assembly	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
	R-value Insulation			30					
	Heat Capacity								

# 1.4 Windows and External Openings

The existing windows are a mixture of Crittall, metal framed and uPVc single and double glazed. All the windows will be replaced except the those on the north façade.

Existing windows around the façade are shown on the floor plans below. These existing windows were measured from the survey drawings for their frame to glazing ratio. Except for the uPVc windows they are assumed to be single paned. The uPVc are modelled as double glazed in the existing conditions.











	Residential - glazing west 1 and 2									
	Name of Assembly:	Metal Fro	med Sind	ale Glazed 6r	mm					
	Turne .	Glazed	frame	Takal man	Glazed Are	a	Terreret		11. ) ( = h = = (10) ( == 2)()	
	lype	area	area	total area	ratio	G-Value	e iransmi	Hance	u-value (w/m-k)	
	Total framing and glazing	1.48	0.35	1.83	19.2%	0.6	0.1	72	5.4	
	Interior blinds									
The second se	U Value Assembly								5.40 W/m²K	
·····································										
	Residential - glazing north 1, 2, 3,	5 and 6								
	Name of Assembly:	Metal Fra	imed sing	gle glazed 6n	nm					
	Type	Glazed	trame	Total area	Glazed Are	a G-value	e Transmi	ttance	U-Value (W/m²K)	
		area	area		ratio					
	lotal framing and glazing	1.26	0.34	1.60	21.2%	0.6	0.	/2	5.4	
	Interior blinds						-	-		
	U Value Assembly								5.40 W/m²K	
	Decidential planing perits 7 and 8									
	Norme of Assembly: Metal Framed single clazed (mm									
	Nome of Assembly.	Glazed	frame	gie glazea an	Glazed Are	a	1			
	Туре	Gluzeu	area	Total area	ratio	G-value	e Transmi	ttance	U-Value (W/m²K)	
		uleu	uleu		Tano					
	Total framing and alazing	4.89	0.51	5 39	9.4%	0.6	0	72	5.4	
A	Interior blinds	4.07	0.01	0.07	7.470	0.0	0.	2	0.4	
32.70	II Value Assembly								E 40 W/m2V	
	o value Assembly		1						5.40 W/III K	
and the second	Commerical - glazing east 3 and 4									
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	Name of Assembly:	Clazed	frame	zea (air) 15%. T	Irame	2	1			
and the second	Type	Gluzeu	area	Total area	Giuzeu Are	G-value	Transmi	Itance	U-Value (W/m²K)	
			alea		Tallo					
	Total framing and alazing	4.92	0.78	5.40	12.00	0.54	0.3	2	2.24	
	Interior blinds	4.00	0.70	0.62	13.770	0.04	0.7	2	2.20	
									2 24 W/m2V	
	o value Assembly								2.20 W/III K	
	Commerical - glazing east 8									
	Name of Assembly:	wooden fr	rame dou	ble glazed						
	Type	Glazed	frame	Total area	Glazed Area	G-value	Transmitta	nce	U-Value (W/m²K)	
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	area	area	ar aroa	ratio				- · 3.00 (********)	
	Iotal traming and glazing				20.0%	0.6	0.72		5.5	
	Interior blinds									
	U Value Assembly								5.50 W/m²K	

# 1.5 Internal gains

Internal gains were set using NCM templates, in the existing building all lighting is set to T8 fluorescent bulbs and in the proposed building the following lighting has been applied:

Usage Type	Averaged lighting power density	Local Manual	Constant illuminance control*	Occupancy Sensor Type	Automatic Daylighting Control	Daylight Control Type	Daylight Sensor Type
	lm/W	Switching	[Y/N]	/ Controls	[Y/N]	(Switching/Dimming)	(Standalone / Addressable)
Office	100	Local PIR Switching	Y	Auto-On- Off (0.9)	Y	Dimming (Daylight only) Rest shall be switched via PIR	Addressable
Circulation	90	Local PIR Switching	Y	Auto-On- Off (0.9)	Z	N/A	Addressable
kitchens	60	manual	Y	None (0.1)	Ν	N/A	Strand Alone
Reception / Entrance	60	Local PIR Switching	Y	Auto-On- Off (0.9)	Ζ	N/A	Strand Alone
Toilet	90	Local PIR Switching	Y	Auto-On- Off (0.9)	Ν	N/A	Strand Alone



# 1.6 Heating and cooling strategy

The electric panel heating in the building is being replaced by a LTHW system. Cooling and fresh air are provided by natural ventilation through the openable windows.

Description	Units	Office/Gallery/Bedrooms and Kitchens	Office / Kitchen
		Existing	Proposed
System Description			
Outdoor air delivery (Ventilation) Central Plant Room Conditioning Heating Room Conditioning Cooling		Natural Ventilation none Electric Panel Radiator Open Windows	Natural Ventilation Gas Boiler Radiator Open Windows
Plant Heating Details			
Heating system type (assumed system in model) Heat Fuel Type Heat generator seasonal efficiency Boiler installed on or after 1998? Central Time Control? Optimum start/stop control? Local Time Control? Local Temperature Control? Weather Compensation Control? Is there provision for metering?	Description Elec/gas SCOP/% Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No	Electric panel radiators (100% efficient) Electricity 100 n/a none none yes none none none	LTHW system, gas boiler w/Radiators Gas 92% yes
Does the metering warn "out of range"	Yes/No	none	
Pump	List	N/A	
Plant Cooling Details			
Cooling system type (assumed system in model)	Description	open windows	open windows
Ventilation / AHU			
Specific Fan power for AHU Demand controlled ventilation? Ductwork Leakage Classification AHU Leakage Classification Heat recovery	W/I/s List Type Type Type	none none none none	none none none none
	efficiency	n/a	n/a
DHW system type	Description	Electric	From main bailer
DHW system delivery efficiency DHW Fuel Type	Elec/gas	100% Electricity	92% Gas
Is the system a storage system?	Yes/No	no	yes
10. Building Management			
Lighting systems have provision for metering?	Yes/No	no	no



Lighting systems metering warns of 'out of range' values?	Yes/No		no	no
11. LZC technologies				
Low carbon technologies	Description	none		None
Renewable technologies	Description			

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