32 Parkway Camden Town London NW17AH

Annex C: Risk Assessment for Odour

Odour control must be designed to prevent odour nuisance in a given situation. The following score methodology is suggested as a means of determining odour control requirements using a simple risk assessment approach. The odour control requirements considered here are consistent with the performance requirements listed in this report.

Impact Risk	Odour Control	Significance
	Requirement	Score*
Low to Medium	Low level odour control Less than 20	
High	High Level odour control 20 to 35	
Very high	Very high-level odour control more than 35 (38)	

^{*} based on the sum of contributions from dispersion, proximity of receptors, size of kitchen and cooking type:

Criteria	Score	Score	Details
Dispersion	Very	20	Low level discharge, discharge into
	Poor		courtyard or restriction on stack.
	Poor	<mark>15</mark>	Not low level but below eaves, or
			discharge at below 10 m/s.
	Moderate	10	Discharging 1m above eaves at 10 -15
			m/s.
	Good	5	Discharging 1m above ridge at 15 m/s.
Proximity of receptors	Close	<mark>10</mark>	Closest sensitive receptor less than 20m
			from kitchen discharge.
	Medium	5	Closest sensitive receptor between 20 and
			100m from kitchen discharge.
	Far	1	Closest sensitive receptor more than 100m
			from kitchen discharge.
Size of kitchen	Large	5	More than 100 covers or large sized take away.
	Medium	<mark>3</mark>	Between 30 and 100 covers or medium
			sized take away.
	Small	1	Less than 30 covers or small take away.
Cooking type (odour	Very high	<mark>10</mark>	Pub (high level of fried food), fried chicken,
and grease loading)			burgers or fish & chips.
	High	7	Kebab, Vietnamese, Thai or Indian.
	Medium	4	Cantonese, Japanese or Chinese.
	Low	1	Most pubs, Italian, French, Pizza or
			steakhouse.