

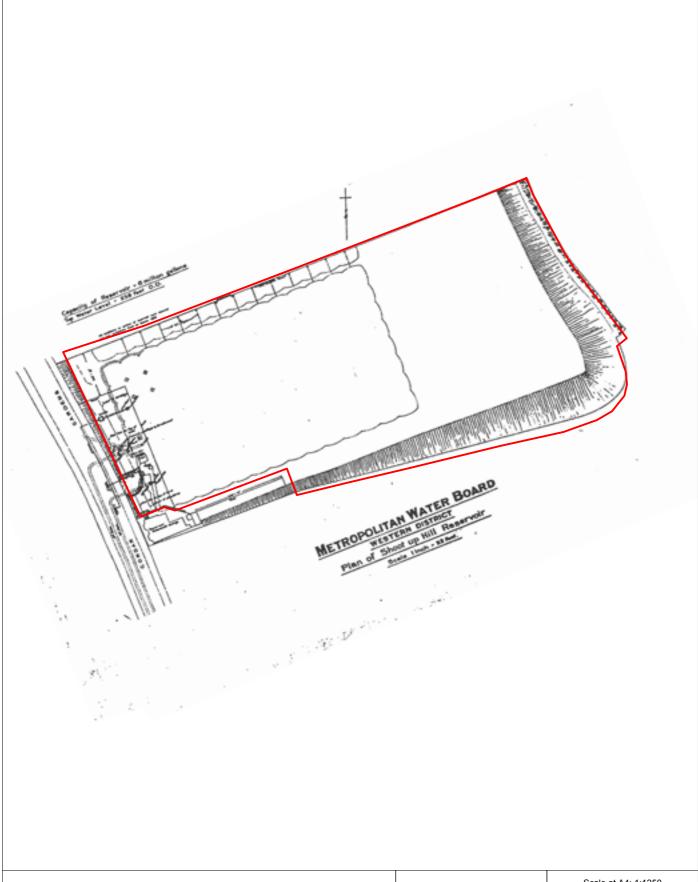






Not to scale

Figure 13: Sections of the Reservoir and the original ground level







Scale at A4: 1:1250

Figure 14:
Plan of Shoot up Hill
Reservoir from the
Metropolitan Water Board



Scale at A4: 1:500 0 10 m

Figure 15: Proposed Development -Ground Floor







Scale at A4: 1:500 0 10 m

Figure 16: Proposed Development -Lower Ground Floor







Scale at A4: 1:750 20 m

Figure 17: Proposed Development -Basement



Not to scale

Figure 18: Proposed Development - Site Sections





Plate 1: Large bank at the south of the site



Plate 2: Evidence of the reservoir above ground





Plate 3: Reservoir furniture

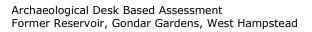


Plate 4: Electricity Sub station at the northwest of site



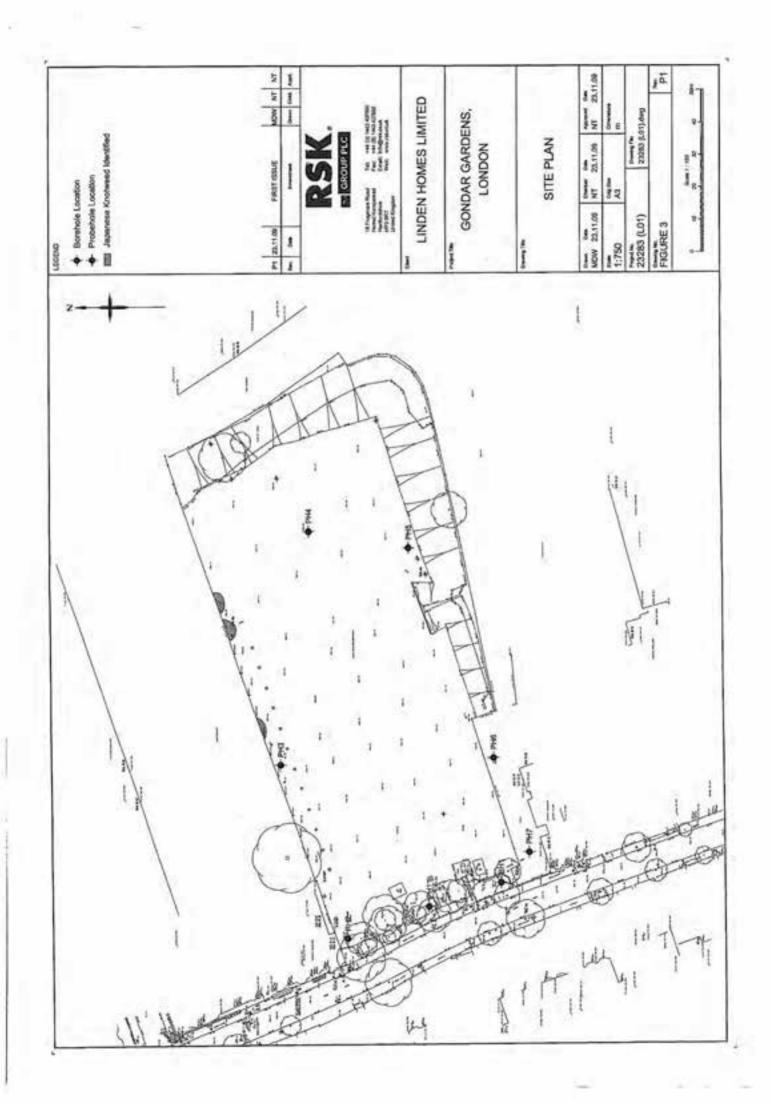


Plate 5: View up at the brick arches within the reservoir



Appendix 1

RSK Geo-technical information (RSK 2009)



Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of : PH1 Baring Method: Competitor Rig Ground Level: Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Scale, 1:25 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Driller; MB Drilling Logged By: NT Well Depth / (Thk) Samples 00 (m) Description Diagram Tests (m) and Field Records Level (m) Depth MADE GROUND (brown grey silty sandy day with occasional fine to coarse gravel and fragments of stone, brick concrete and roots) 0.30 D 001 60,000 0.70 D 002 8.50 MADE GROUND (remolded stiff to very stiff brown silty clay. Occasional roots and fragments of bricks between 1.00m, CPT N=18 (2,3,3,4,4,7) 1.0 1.5 and 1.7mbgl). Possible 1.20 D 003 desiccation. (1,00) 1.90 Stiff becoming very stiff brown occasional mottled grey sitty CLAY with occasional fine to medium 2.00m, CPT N=24 (3,3,4.5,7,8) gravel, Occasional roots, Occasional 2.20 D 004 pockets of sand. Possible desiccation. 2.90-3.00 D 005 (2.10) 3.00m, CPT N=31 (4,4,6,7,8,10) 4.00m, CPT N=28 (4,4,5,7,7,9) End of Borehole at 4.00 m General Remarks: Borehole and Casing Details Chiselling Water Strikes Groundwater was not encountered. Hand vane at 1.0m and 2.0m is greater Borehole Casing than 240kPa. Depth Strike Level From: Diam. Depth Diam. Too Time: (m) (m) (hr's) (m) (mm) (m) (mm) V ¥ No Grov 18 Fragmore Road, Hernel Hempstead, Herts, HP3 SRT, UK 15:23:23 - 2311/2009

Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of: PH2 Ground Level: Boring Method: Competitor Rig Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Scale, 1:25 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Driller: MB Drilling Logged By: NT Samples Depth Depth / (Thk) Well en (m) Diagran Legend Tests (m) and Field Records Level (m) Description TOPSOIL (grass over grey silty sendy clay with occasional fine to medium gravel, stone and roots) 9.30 MADE GROUND (remolded stiff to very 0.40 D 001 stilf brown silty clay. Occasional roots and fragments of bricks, concrete, stone and mudstone) (1.50) 1.00 D 002 1,00m, CPT N=15 (2,3,3,4,4,4) 1.80 Stiff becoming very stiff brown occasional mottled grey sitty CLAY with occasional fine to medium 2.00 D 003 2.00m, CPT N=14 (2,3,4,2,3,5) 20 gravel. Occasional roots up to 3.0mbgl. Occasional pockets of sand. (2.22) 3.00m, CPT N=20 (2,3,3,4,6,7) 3.00 D 004 4.00m, CPT N=18 (3,4,4,4,4,6) 4,004.0 End of Borehole at 4.00 m 5.0 General Remarks: Borehole and Casing Details Water Strikes Chiselling Groundwater was not encountered. Borehole Depth Depth Diam. Diam Strike Level From: To: Time: V x (m) (m) (hr's) (m) (mm) (m) (mm) No Gra RSK Geoup 18 Fragmore Road, Hernel Hampstead, Harts, HP3 BRT, LN 15/23/40 - 23/11/2009

Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of: PH3 Ground Level: Boring Method: Competitor Rig Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Scale, 1:25 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Driller: MB Drilling Logged By: NT Well Depth / (Thk) Samples Diagram Tests (m) and Field Records Level (m) Description na (m) Depth TOPSOIL (grass over grey silty sandy clay with occasional fine to medium gravel and roots) 0.30 MADE GROUND (Fine coarse grave) and 0.40 0.50 D 001 MADE GROUND (remolded stiff brown sity clay with occasional fine to medium gravel. Occasional pockets of sand. 10,801 1.00m, CPT N=10 (2,2,2,2,3,3) 1.20 Stiff becoming very stiff brown occasional mottled grey sitty CLAY with occasional fine to medium gravel, Occasional roots. Occasional pockets of sand (Possible remolded clay) 1.70 D 002 2.00m, CPT N=13 (2,2,3,2,4,4) 25 (1.92) 2.60 D 003 3.00m, CPT N=10 (1,2,2,2,3,3) 30 Firm to stiff brown occasional mottled grey silty CLAY with occasional fine to medium gravel. Occasional pockets of sand. (0.90) 3.70 D 004 Dining 4.00m, CPT N=8 (1,1,1,2,2,3) 4,004.0 End of Borehole at 4.00 m. 50 Borehole and Casing Details General Remarks: Water Strikes Chiselling Groundwards was not encountered. Hand vane at 2.0m is greater than Borehole Casing 240kPa. From: Depth Diam. Depth Diam Level Too Time: (m) (m) (hr's) (m) (mm) (mm) No Gro SK Group 18 Fragmore Road, Hamel Herroelead, Noda, HP3 SRT, LIK. 15:23:55 - 23/11/2009

Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of: PH4 Ground Level: Boring Method: Competitor Rig Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Scale, 1:25 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Driller: MB Drilling Logged By: NT Well Samples Depth Depth / (Thk) 90 (m) Description Tests (m) and Field Records Level (m) TOPSOIL (grass over grey brown slity sandy day with occasional fine to medium gravel and roots) MADE GROUND (brown grey silly sandy clay with occasional fine to coarse gravel and fragments of stone, tarmac 0.40 0.50 D 001 and brick) MADE GROUND (remolded stiff brown sity clay. Occasional pockets of (0,80) 1.00m, CPT N=5 (1,1,1,1,2,2) 1.8 1.20 MADE GROUND (remolded Firm to stiff 1.30 D 002 brown sitty clay. Occasional pockets of sand. Fragments of brick between 3.5m and 3.7m) 2.00m, CPT N=5 (0,1,1,1,1,2) 2.0 (2,80) 2.70 D 003 3.0 3.60 D 004 4.00m, CPT N=5 (1,1,1,1,1,2) End of Borehole at 4.00 m General Remarks: Borehole and Casing Details Chiselling Water Strikes Groundwarter was not encountered. Hand vane at 2.0m (100kPa) and 3.0m Borehole Casing (70kPa). Diam. Depth Diam Strike Level From: To: Time: Depth (hr's) (mm) (m) (mm) (m) (m) (m) ¥ 立 No Grou NSK Group 18 Fragmore Road, Hernel Hernesteed, Herts, HP3 9RT, UK

Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of : PH5 Ground Level: Boring Method: Competitor Rig Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Scale, 1:25 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Driller: MB Orilling Logged By: NT Depth / (Thk) Well Samples Depth Description Tests (m) and Field Records Level (m) TOPSOIL (grass over grey brown silty sandy clay with occasional fine to medium gravel and stone) 0.20 MADE GROUND (grey brown sity sandy day with occasional fine to coarse gravel, fragments of tramac, brick 0.30 D 001 (0.70) and stone) 0.90 MADE GROUND (remolded stiff brown 1.00m, CPT N=8 (1,1,2,2,2,2) sitty clay. Occasional pockets of (1.20) 1.60 D 002 2.00m, CPT N=8 (1,1,1,2,1,2) 2,10 MADE GROUND (remolded firm to stiff brown sity clay. Occasional fragments of bricks and pockets of sand) 2.80 D 003 (1.90) 3.00m, CPT N=5 (1,1,1,1,1,2) 3.50 D 004 4.00m, CPT N=7 (1,1,2,1,2,2) 4,004.0 End of Borehole at 4.00 m Borehole and Casing Details General Remarks: Water Strikes Chiselling Groundwater was not encountered. Casing Borehole Strike Level From: Too Time: Depth Diam. Depth Diam. (m) (m) (hr's) (m) (m) (mm) 18 Fragmere Road, Hemel Hampslead, Herts, HFS BRT, UK 15:24:29 - 23/11/2009

Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of: PH6 Ground Level: Boring Method: Competitor Rig Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Scale, 1:25 Driller: MB Drilling Logged By: NT Depth / (Thk) Well Samples Legend Depth Tests (m) and Fleid Records Level (m) (m) Description TOPSOIL (grass over grey brown slity sandy clay with occasional fine to medium gravel and roots) 0.30 D 001 MADE GROUND (remolded brown sity sandy clay with occasional fine to coarse gravel) 0.50 MADE GROUND (brown grey sity sandy clay with occasional fine to coarse gravel and fragments of stone, tarmed (0.80) and brick and roots) 1.00m, CPT N=12 (2,2,3,2,3,4) 1.0 1.10 MADE GROUND (Remolded stiff brown sity clay with occasional fine to coarse gravel and fragments of stone and roots) (0.60) 1.70 Stiff brown occasional mottled grey sity CLAY with occasional fine to medium gravel. Occasional pockets of sand. 2.00 D 002 2.00m, PT N=12 (3,2,2,3,3,4) 2,70 D 003 (2.36) 3.00m, CPT N=21 (3,3,4,4,6,7) 30 3.80 D 004 4.00m, CPT N=12 (2,2,2,3,3,4) End of Borehole at 4,00 m 5.0 General Remarks: Borehole and Casing Details Water Strikes Chiselling Groundwater was not encountered. Borehole Casing Strike From Too Time: Depth Diam. Depth Diam (m) (m) (hr's) (m) (mm) (m) (mm)

No Gro

15:24:48 - 23/11/2009

MSK Group

16 Fragmore Road, Hemel Hampstead, Hertz, HPS SRT, UK

Client: LINDEN HOMES LTD Site: GONDAR GARDENS, LONDON Project No: 23283 Record of: PH7 Ground Level: Boring Method: Competitor Rig Sheet 1 of 1 Date: 17/11/2009 - 17/11/2009 Scale, 1:25 Top of Casing Elevation (m): Driller: MB Drilling Logged By: NT Depth / (Thk) Well Samples Diagra Tests (m) and Field Records Level (m) Description Depth TOPSOIL (grass over grey brown silty sandy day with occasional fine to 0.20 medium gravel) MADE GROUND (brown grey sity sandy day with occasional fine to coarse gravel and fragments of stone, brick 0.30 D 001 (0.80) and roots) 0.80 MADE GROUND (sand and gravel with stone) 1.00m, CPT N=8 (2,2,2,2,2,2) 10 MADE GROUND (remolded stiff brown sity clay. Occasional roots, fragments of bricks and pockets of sand) (1.10) 1,80 D 002 2.0 2.00m, CPT N=9 (2,1,2,2,2,3) 2.20 Stiff bown occasional motified grey sity CLAY with occasional fine to medium gravel. Occasional roots up to 3.0mbgl. Occasional pockets of sand. 2.40 D 003 3.00m, CPT N=20 (3,3,4,4,5.7) (1.80) 3.50 D 004 4.00m, CPT N=12 (1,2,2,3,3,4) 4.004.0 End of Borehole at 4.00 m Borehole and Casing Details General Remarks: Water Strikes Chiselling Groundwater was not encountered. Borehole Casing From: Too Time: Depth Diam. Depth Diam. Strike Level Z (m) (m) (hr's) (m) (mm) (m) (mm) 18 Prognore Road, Hernel Herrosised, Hurtz, HPS SRT, UK 15/25/20 - 23/11/2009



RESERVOIRS ACT, 1975

SHOOT-UP HILL RESERVOIR

LEWIN, FRYER & PARTNERS

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

RESERVOIRS ACT, 1975

SHOOT-UP HILL RESERVOIR

Reservoirs Act, 1975

Inspecting Engineers Certificate under Section 10 (5)

I, Eric Charles Reed of Lewin Fryer and Partners, Grove House, 100 High Street, Hampton, Middlesex, being a member of the All Reservoirs Panel, appointed by the Thames Water Authority to carry out an inspection of the reservoir known as Shoot-Up Hill Reservoir situated at the north west of London adjacent to Gondar Gardens, West Hampstead, NW6 in the London Borough of Camden, National Grid Reference TQ 248 58532, made a report of that inspection on 15 thank 1988 which does not include recommendations as to measures to be taken in the interest of safety.

That report includes also a recommendation that the next inspection should be within 10 years of the date of the inspection.

Dated this Lifteenth day of March 1988

Signed

All Reservoirs Panel

Lewin, Fryer and Partners

Thames Water

Reservoirs Act 1975

Shoot-Up Hill Reservoir

Report of the Result of an Inspection made under Sections 10 and 26 of the Reservoirs Act 1975.

by.

E.C. Reed OBE, DFC, C.Eng.FICE,

Date of Report:

Lifteenth March 1988.

Reservoirs Act 1975

Report on the Result of an Inspection made under Section 10 and 26 of the Act

Periodical Inspection of the Reservoir

Name and Situation of the Reservoir

The Shoot-Up Hill Reservoir is situated to the north west of London adjacent to Gondar Gardens, West Hampstead, N.W.6 in the London Borough of Camden.

The National Grid Reference is TQ 24858532.

Name and Address of Engineer

E.C. Reed O.B.E., D.F.C., C.Eng., F.I.C.E., Lewin, Fryer and Partners Grove House 100 High Street Hampton Middlesex TW12 2ST

Name of Panel of which Engineer is a Member

The Inspecting Engineer is a member of the All Reservoirs Panel constituted under the Reservoirs Act, 1975.

Name and Address of Undertaker

Thames Water
Central Division
New River Head
173 Rosebery Avenue
London E.C.1

Dates of Inspection

10th November 1987 External Inspection

15th January 1988 Internal Inspection

Engineers Findings

Description of the Reservoir

The Shoot-Up Hill Reservoir was constructed in 1874 and was not considered by successive panel engineers qualified under the terms of the Reservoirs (Safety Provisions) Act, 1930 and employed by the Metropolitan Water Board to come within the meaning of that Act. With the enabling of the Reservoirs Act 1975 a re-evaluation of the position under the new legislation has been carried out resulting in the Undertaker on legal advice re-designating the reservoir as a large raised reservoir.

The reservoir is a brick structure constructed as a tank and is founded on Yellow Clay according to the old drawings. The internal dimensions into the bays are 92.41 metres long and 53.17 metres wide and the average height to top water level is 5.72 metres. The walls are constructed of lateral brick arches supported by brick counterforts on the inside. From an examination of the old drawings the outer face of the walls is water proofed by a puddle clay wall. This puddle wall is in turn supported by earth banks on all sides. On the north, west and east the fill is to roof level; on the south there is a slopping embankment immediately adjacent to the puddle wall. The north side has a puddle sandwich between the brick arches of the reservoir and a similar set of brick arches which indicate the intention to build another reservoir of similar design to the north of the existing. The reservoir is buried in the existing ground virtually over the length of the west side with a very small bank some 20 metres from the wall. On the north side there is a small bank some 10 metres from the wall. A flat plateau at roof level extends some 60 metres beyond the east wall. The greatest height of embankment is in the south east corner reducing rapidly to level fill half way along the south side (going west). Where banks exist they are of slopes roughly one vertical to two horizontal.

The roof is of brick arch construction believed to be two bricks thick with 0.5 metre brick main beams supported on brick columns across the reservoir in a north-south direction and brick secondary beams running along the length of the reservoir in an east-west direction. The floor is 300 mm of concrete. The roof is covered with soil and grassed.

The supply to the reservoir is through a 600mm C.I. pipe, the outgoing supply is a 600 mm C.I. situated below the floor of the reservoir. A 600 mm C.I. emptying drain is joined by a 750 mm C.I. overflow pipe with a 900 mm bellmouth at top water level. This drain discharges into a pit at the toe of the embankment which is connected to a drain in Gondar Gardens by a 400 mm C.I. pipe.

150 mm and 300 mm C.I. pipes provide protection for level control. All of the above are situated at the west end of the reservoir. Access is down a concrete/york stone staircase.

The Inspection

The first inspection was to look at the surface features of the reservoir. The operational requirements relating to the supply of the area must control the timing of the inside inspection. The surface of the reservoir was inspected in an anti-clockwise direction from the entrance to the site in Gondar Gardens at the west wall of the reservoir. The banks and the surface of the reservoir were found to be in good order and reasonably well maintained.

The site of the slip which was observed on the 19th March 1979 was carefully examined. The refurbishing of the bank in this area is satisfactory.

On this visit I was handed copies of various correspondence dealing with the decision to consider the reservoir a "large raised reservoir" under Section 1 of the Act and which included details of the embankment slip, correspondence and photographs, old reservoir record drawings and annual reports on previous inspections.

On the 15th January 1988 the reservoir was emptied and inspected, by proceeding in a anti-clockwise direction from the south west corner, examining the walls, counterforts and roof of the external bays. The roof beams and arches were then examined, together with the floor in bays along the length of the reservoir. The inlet - outlet valves had been tested and were in sound condition, overflow and drainage pipes were inspected. Previously this reservoir had not been considered to come within the Reservoir (Safety Provisions) Act, 1930 but the similar provisions relating to operational inspections and reports that Thames Water apply to Statutory Reservoirs had been applied to this reservoir and these records were examined. I also had the opportunity to examine the old drawings at full size.

The condition of the walls, piers and roof of this reservoir for one of a hundred years old was in very good condition, small cracks in some beams were noted and recorded. A hair crack along most of the arches about half way between springing and peak was evident. In both cases it would be my view that a probable cause of this was ground movement due to bombing in the 1939/45 hostilities. This can only be an opinion but a better reason than settlement.

The concrete floor is cracked in a number of places and the quality of the concrete surfaces is bad. This floor is founded on clay and from the way it was formed in construction cracks could be expected. From an operational viewpoint it would be prudent to repair this floor when an opportunity arose.

Findings and Recommendations

See Schedule 2 Reports 1986 No. 468.

- I find that the undertakers are complying with their obligations under Section 11 of the Act.
- (ii) The water level is recorded daily for operational purposes but for the purposes of Section 11 should be recorded weekly together with any instance of overflow.
- (iii) There are no recommendations involving alterations or additions to the works etc.
- (iv) No movement of the surrounding land was observed. The slip on bank at the south east corner was studied. No indications of movement internally were evident. The slip was contained in the bank and the most probable cause was high water table generated by run off from the roof. The measures taken to affect stability have been satisfactory.
- (v) The lowering of the reservoir water level can be rapidly achieved by discharge on to the district. The overflow and waste weir are to a pit outside the bank and then to a surface water sewer. The original discharge was to a stream some distance away and care should be taken to ensure that the old discharge is effectively sealed.
- (vi) No alterations which affect the level to which the water is stored have taken place.
- (vii) The margin between roof level and overflow is adequate.
- (viii) This matter has been referred to under item (v) above. The means of controlling the inflow and outflow either to the district or through the drain is adequate.

I find that the reservoir is in sound condition, that there are no recommendations I wish to make in the interest of safety and that the next inspection of this reservoir should be within 10 years of the date of this inspection.

The Supervising Engineer should:

- (i) watch the slopes of the banks and particularly the area of the slip for movement, especially after very heavy rainfall.
- (ii) Ensure the maintainance of the inspection and record system.
- (iii) Be satisfied that the old discharge culvert is effectively blocked at the emptying pit.
- iv) The north wall is adjacent to property not now in the ownership of the undertaker. Should future developments take place on the land that supports the north wall, the Supervising Engineer should draw the attention of the undertaker to the support required to protect the reservoir.

Date this Tifteenthay of March 1988.

Signed

Panel A.R

for Lewin, Fryer and Partners

RESERVOIRS ACT, 1975

SHOOT-UP HILL RESERVOIR

ANNEX TO THE REPORT. SECTION 26

The Shoot-Up Hill Reservoir was constructed before the commencement of the Reservoirs (Safety Provisions) Act, 1930, and was not inspected under the provisions of that Act. Section 26 (2) of the Reservoirs Act, 1975 requires that on "first inspection of the reservoir under this Act the inspecting engineer shall annex to his report drawings and descriptions giving, so far as he can, the like information of the works actually constructed...."

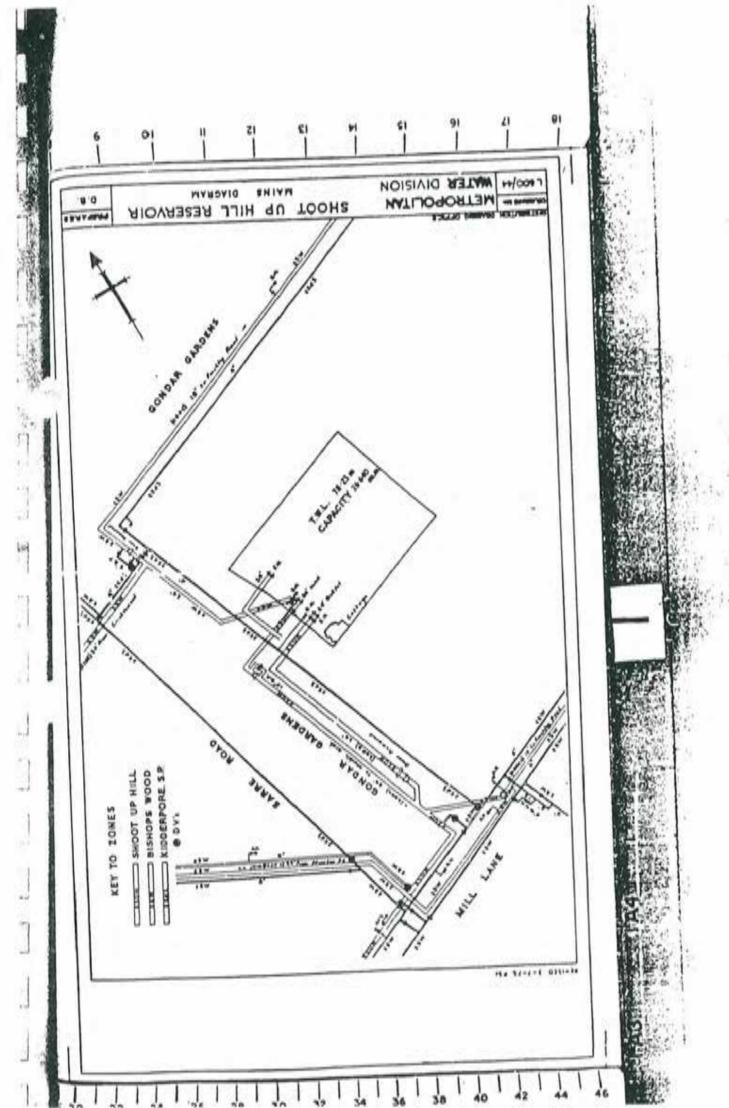
The description of the reservoir I have included in the body of my report under "Description of the Reservoir".

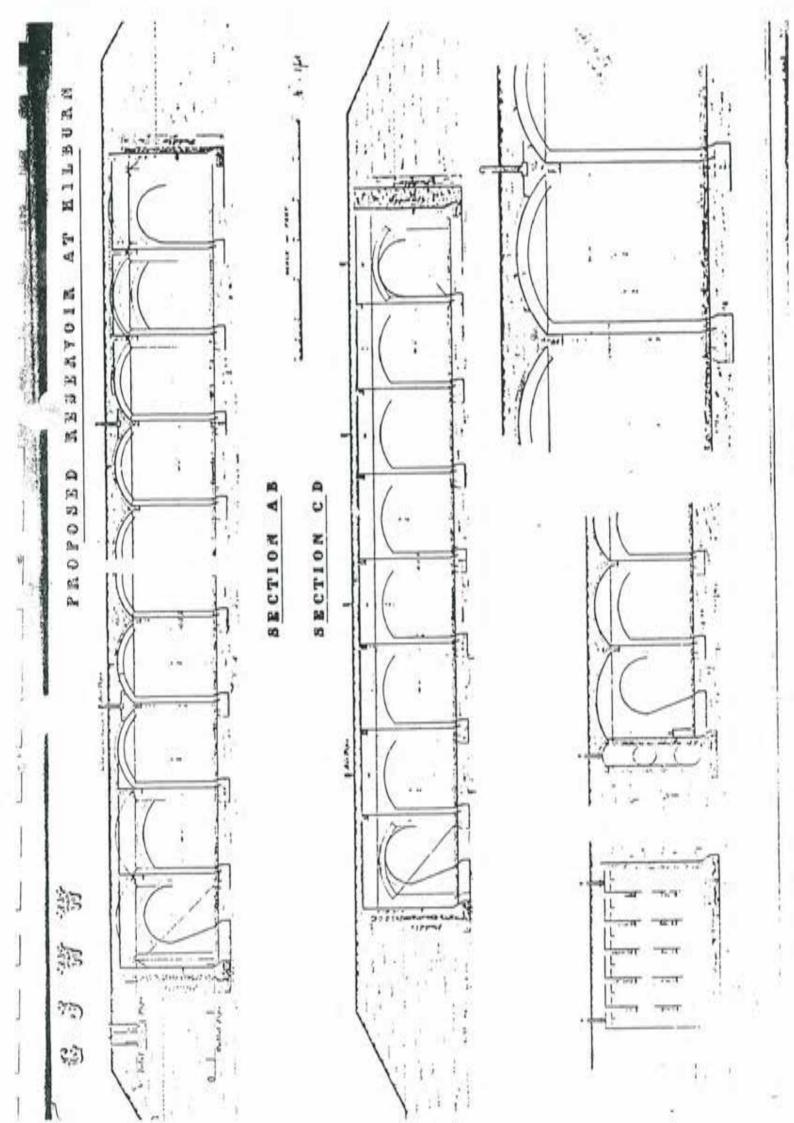
A file including 21 drawings which so far as I can give the like information of the works actually constructed, is enclosed.

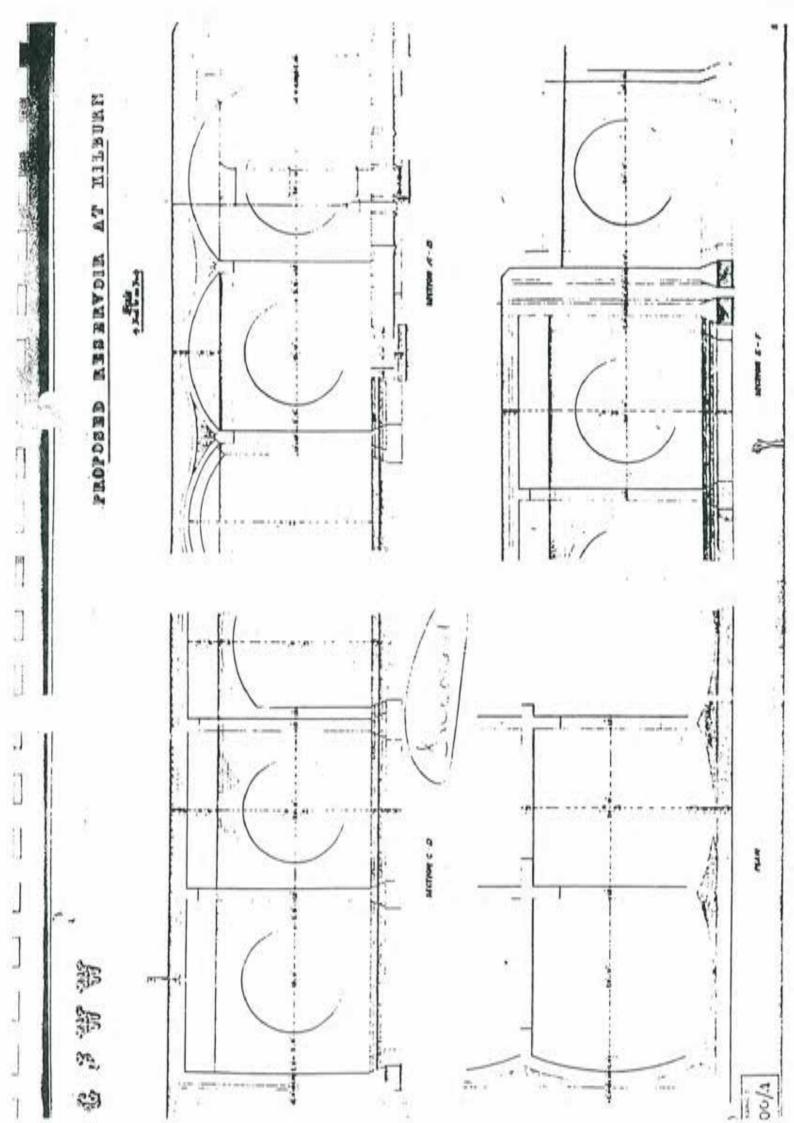
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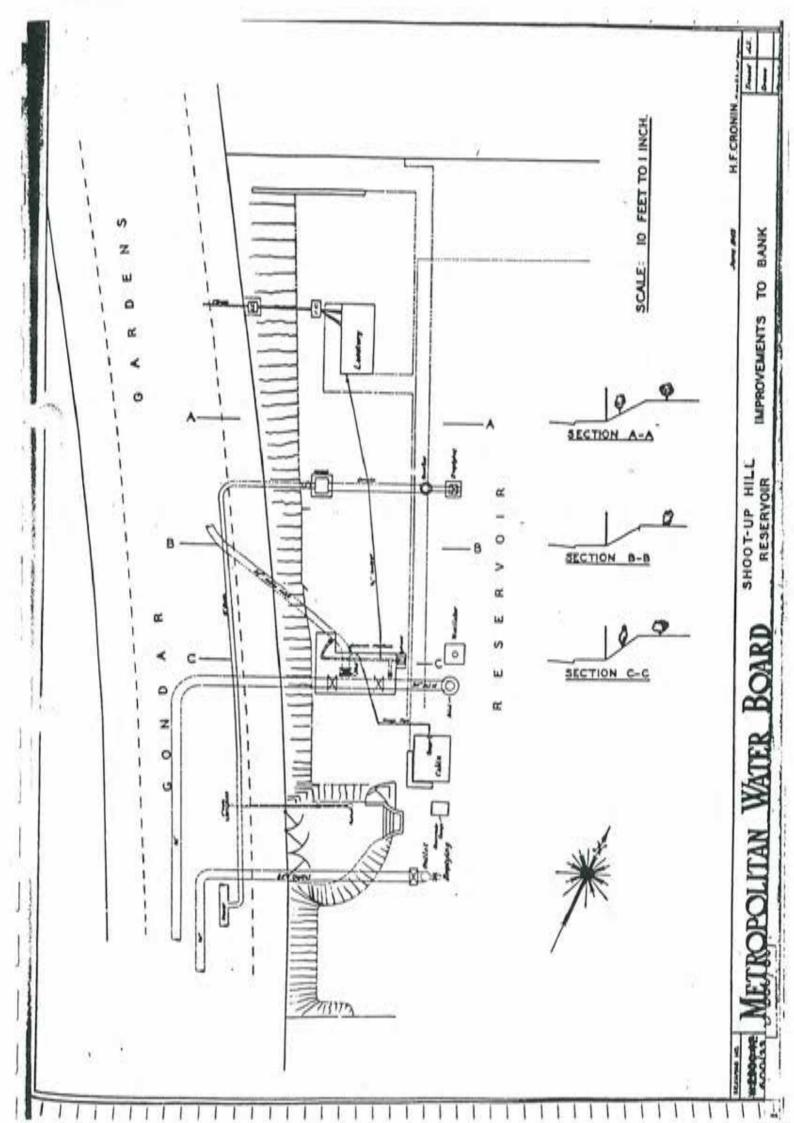
METROPOLITAN WATER BOARD Plan of Shoot up Hill Reservoir WESTERN DISTRICT Scale Linch - 11 had. WACHOD CONTRACTOR

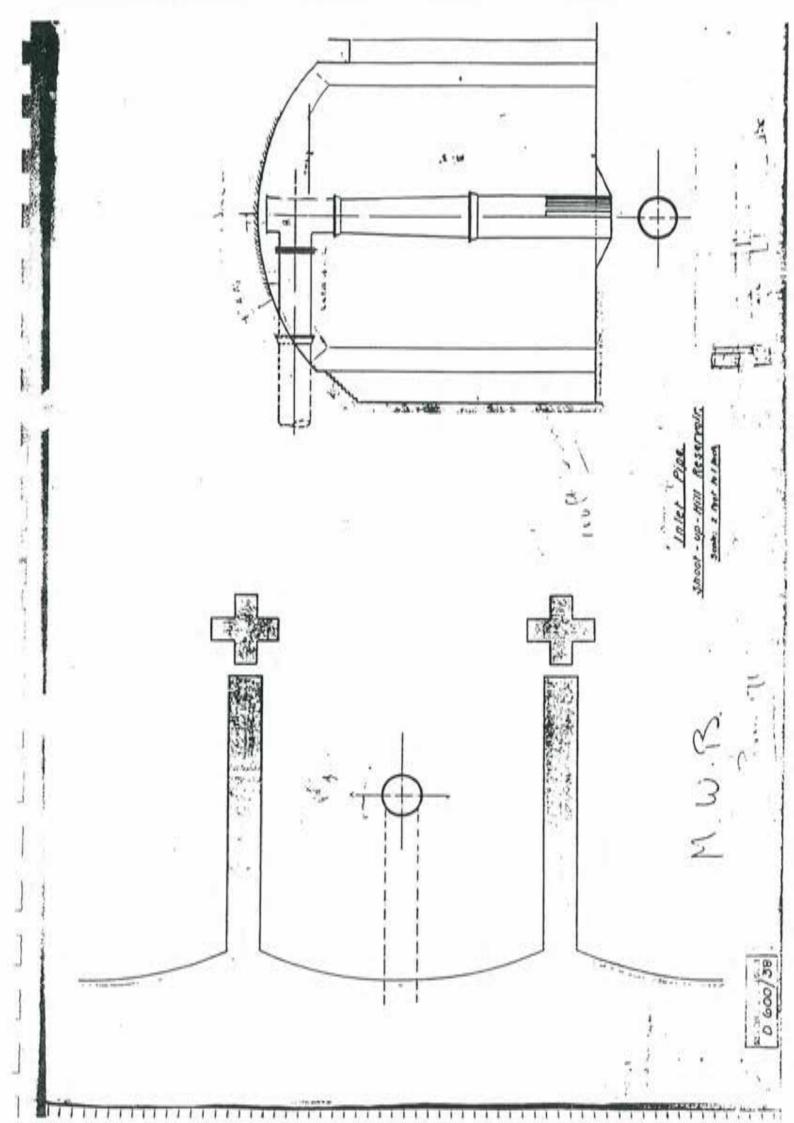
Capacity of Reservoir - 6 million gallons Sign Natur Level - 236 fast 0.0.

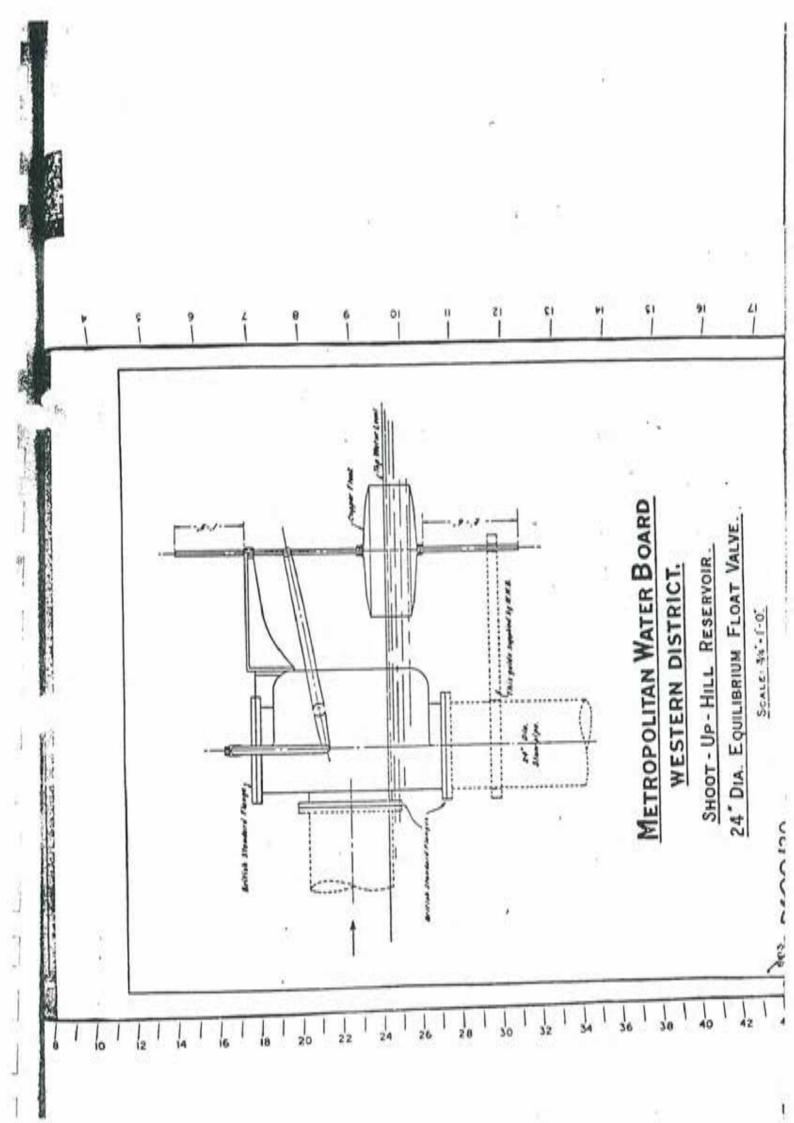


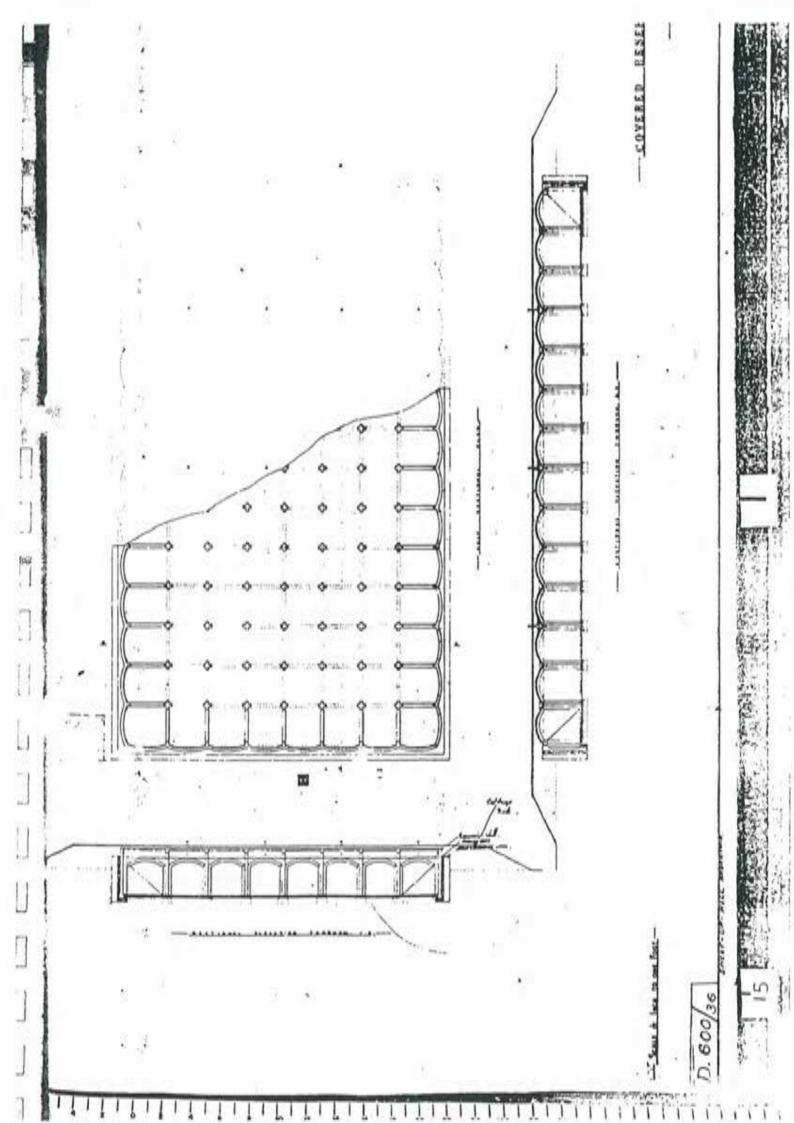




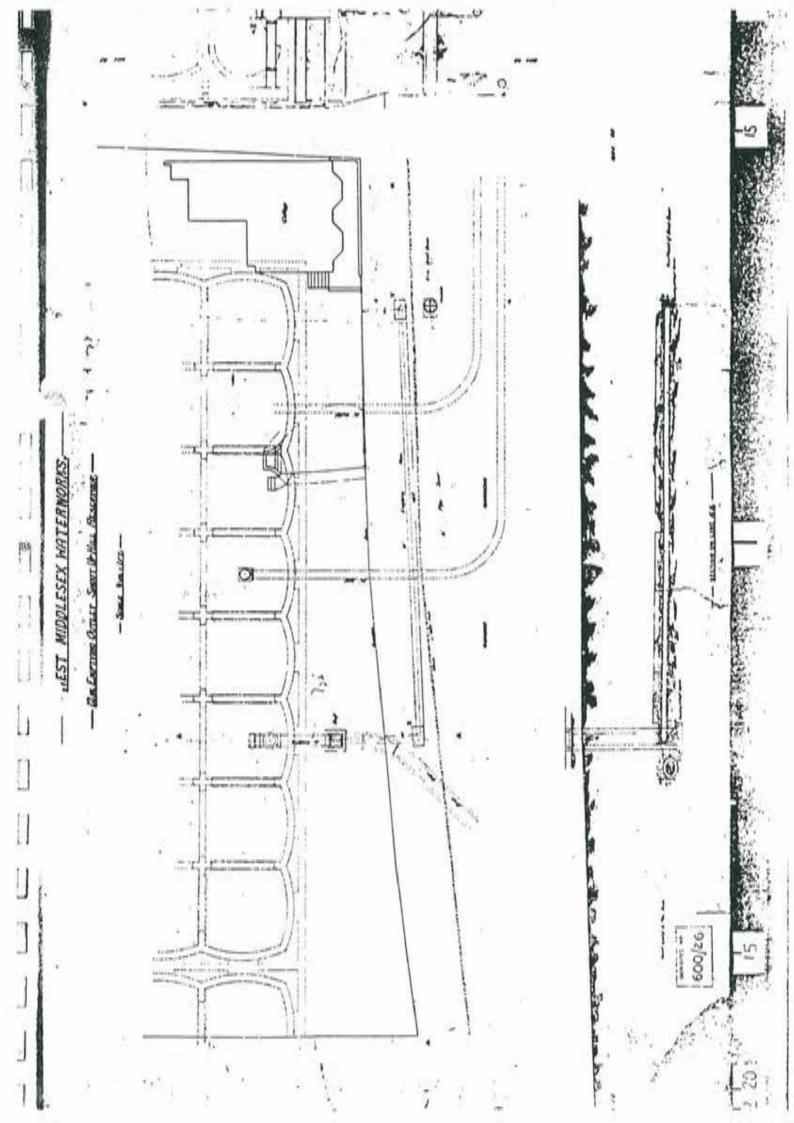


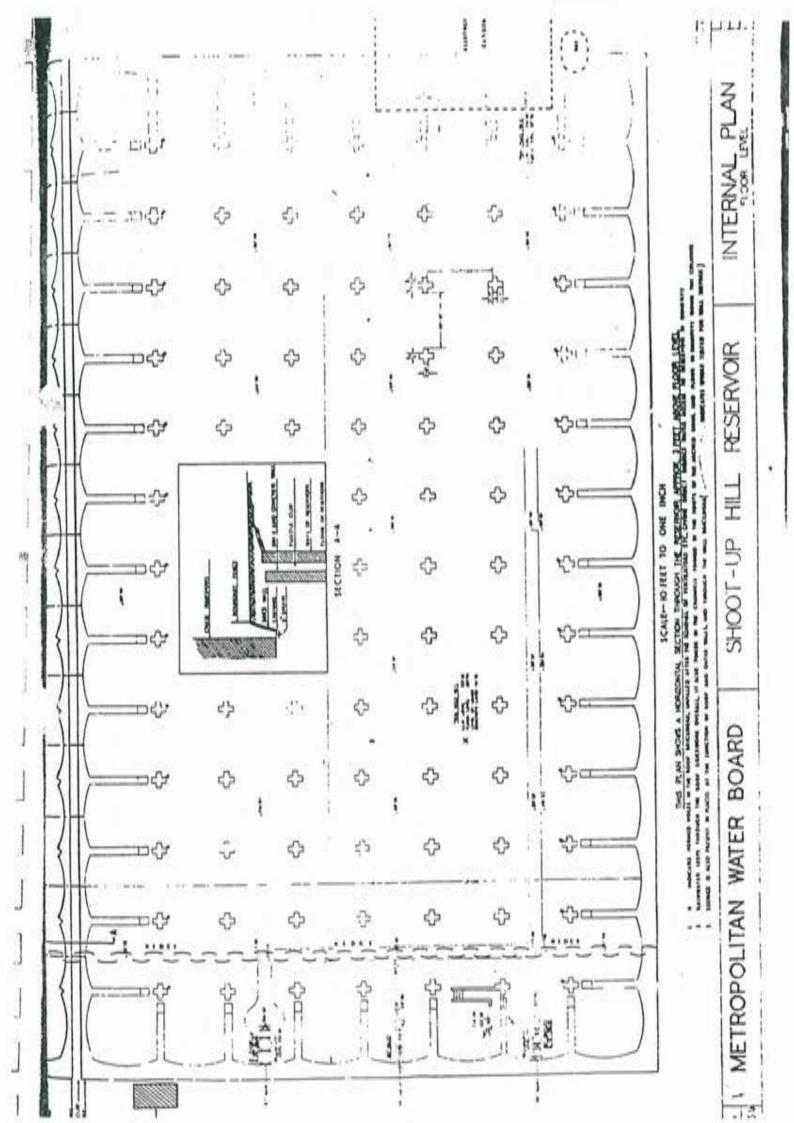


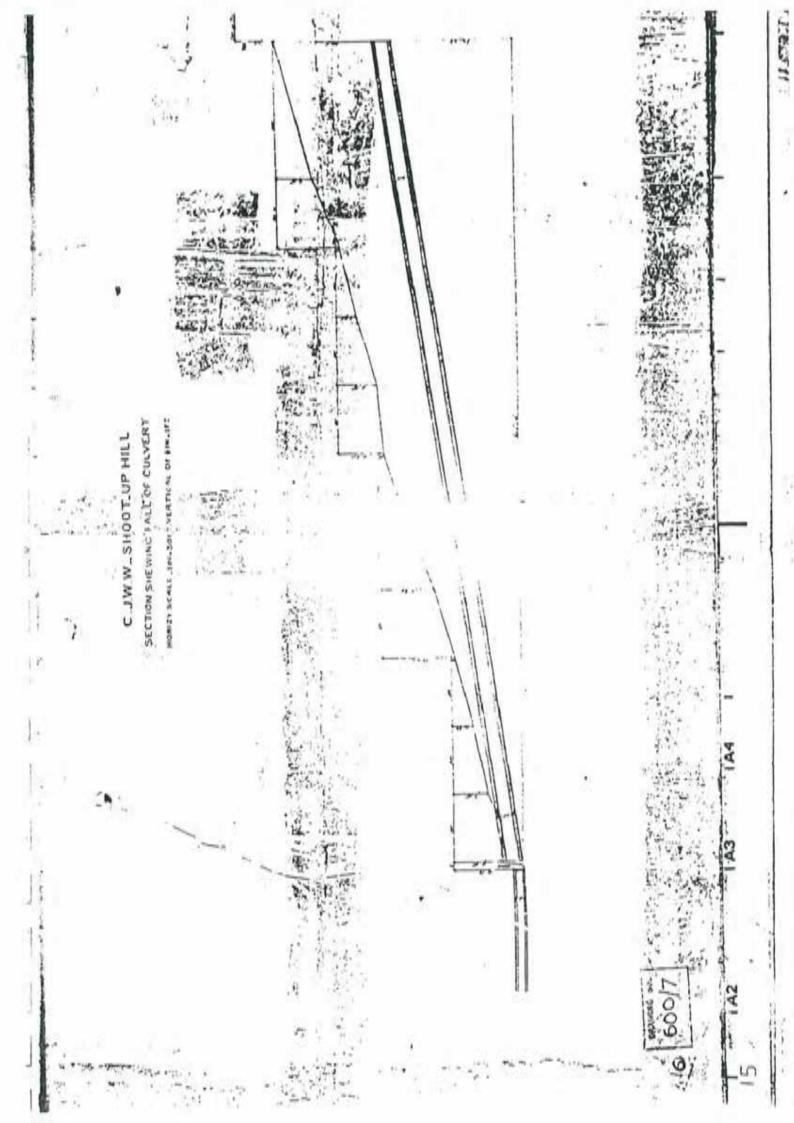




Plan showing Boundaries of Land of Shoot up Mill proposed to be WEST MIDDLESEX WATER WORKS acquired from the Crand Junction Mater Co





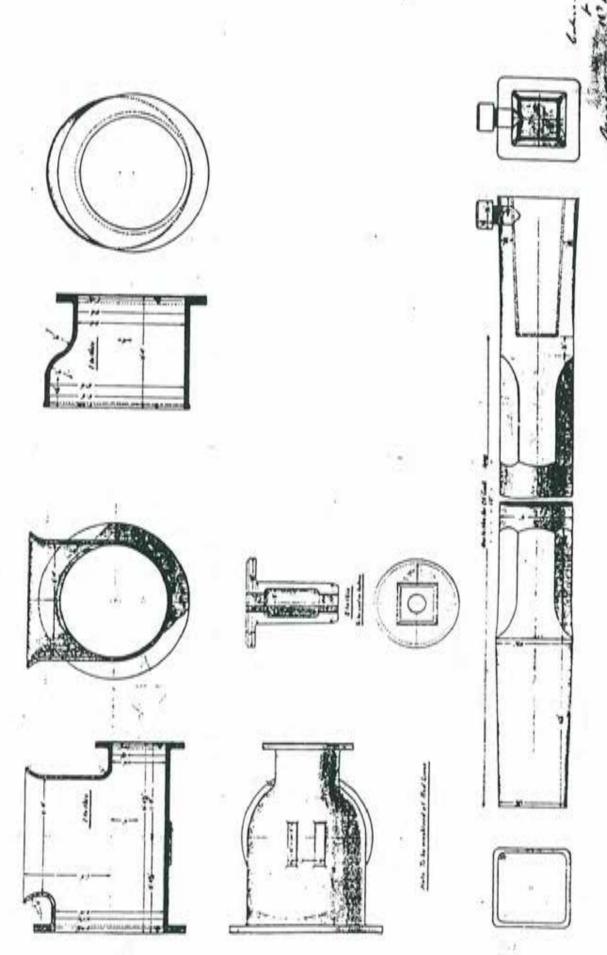


18 IN MAIN THE SUPPLY TO SHOOT OF HILL REGERTORS L. F MIDDLESEX WATER WORKS

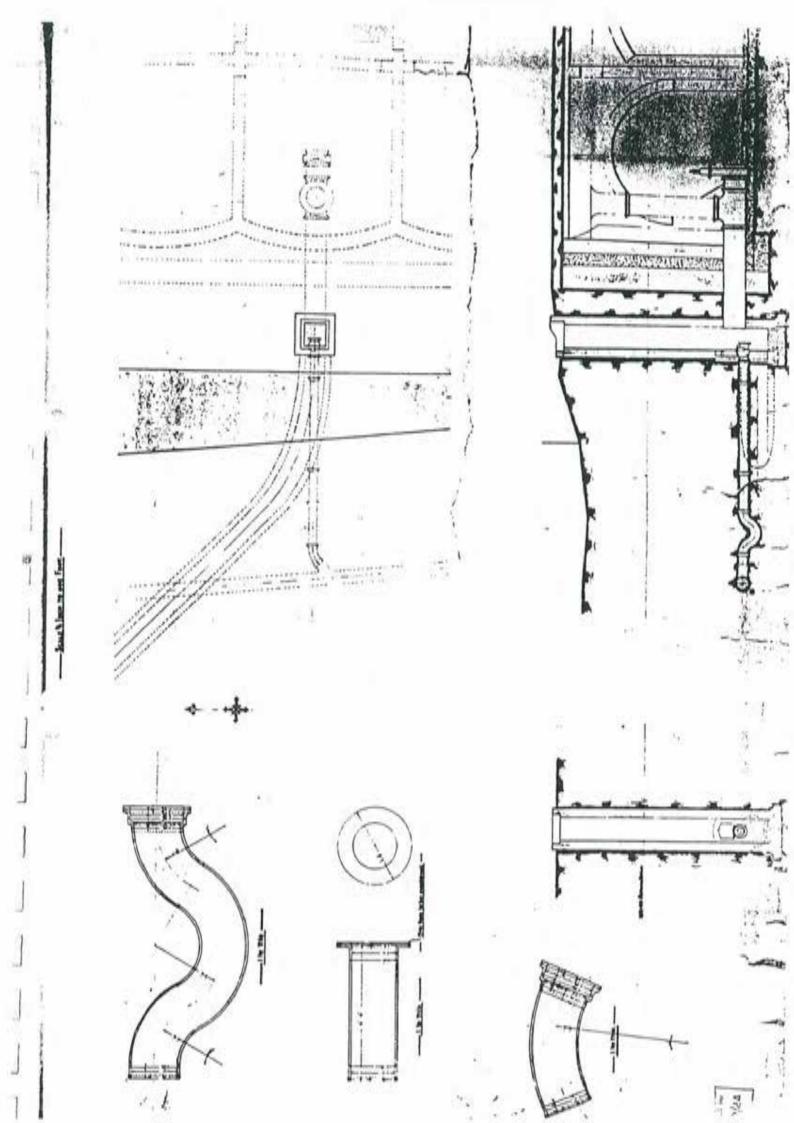
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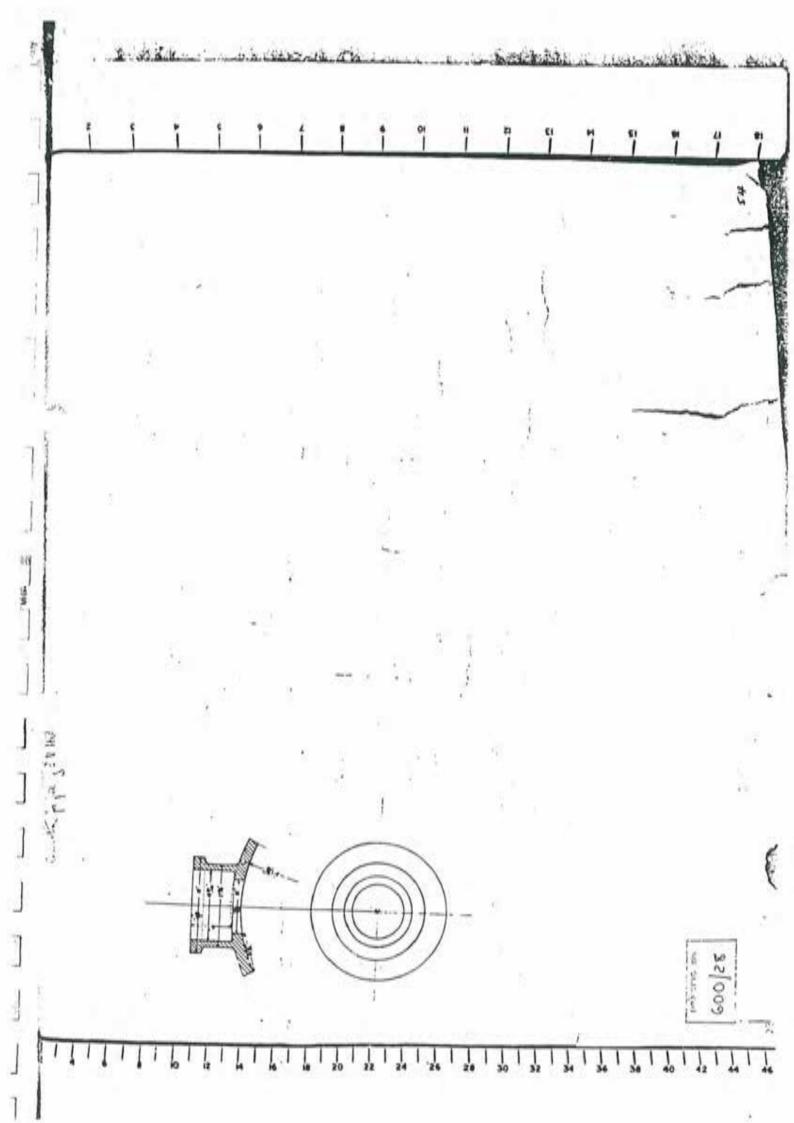
WEST MIDDLESEX WATER WORKS

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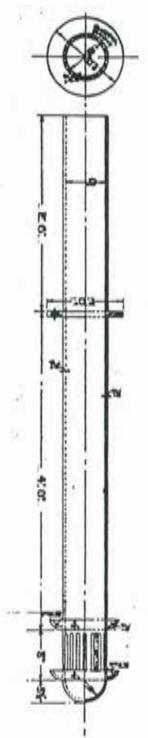


12/00/5





4



METROPOLITAN WATER BOARD WESTERN DISTRICT

Air Pipe for Shoot-up-Hill. Reservoir.

SCALE IN INCHES TO ONE FOOT

