KR06350

Pret a Manger Finchley Road

Noise Impact Assessment...

Standard: British Standard 4142: 2014

Site: Pret a Manger Finchley Road

Address: 219 Finchley Road

London

Postcode: NW3 6LP

Customer: CCP HVAC Ltd

Address: Unit 3

Station Close
Potters Bar
Herfordshire

Postcode: EB6 1TL

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Status: Current Document

KR Associates (UK) Ltd

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Revisions...

		Project	Р	ret a Manger Finchley Roa	ad
KR	06350	Title	Noise Impact	Assessment - Proposed A	dditional Plant
		Standard	E	British Standard 4142: 201	.4
Issue	Date	'	Det	ails of Revision	
		Description	Report iss	ue for submission to Loca	l Authority
v1_0	09/07/2018	Signature			
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1. Executive Summary....

1.1. Instruction

KR Associates (UK) Ltd have been instructed by CCP HVAC Ltd to undertake and environmental noise survey at the Pret a Manger Finchley Road located at 219 Finchley Road, London to determine if the installation of the proposed plant will have a significant adverse impact in terms of noise on the local noise sensitive properties.

1.2. Executive Summary (Repeated at Section 7)

1.2.1 Assessment Position

The residential flats over-looking flat roof are located 7 m from the 3 No AC units on the flat roof.

1.2.2 Background Noise Measurements

Day 1	Гime (07:00 – 1	.9:00)	Ever	ning (19:00 – 23	3:00)	Night	Time (23:00 –	07:00)
L _{Amax,1h}	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	L _{Amax,1h}	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	L _{Amax,15m}	L _{Aeq,15m}	L _{A90,15m}
67 - 95 dB	60 - 72 dB	50 - 64 dB	68 - 94 dB	60 - 68 dB	49 - 59 dB	66 - 84 dB	56 - 64 dB	41 - 57 dB
Modal Ba	ckground	53 dB	Modal Ba	ckground	50	Modal Ba	ckground	44

1.2.3 Criterion at Assessment Position

NPPF Policy Aim (p 123)	Action	Night Noise Guidelines	ISO 1996: 2016 / IEMA	BS 4142: 2014
Significant Adverse Impact	Avoid	L _{night} 55 dB or more	L _{Aeq, t} +10 dB or more	+10 dB
Adverse Impact	Mitigate	L _{night} 40 – 55 dB	L _{Aeq, t} +3 to +9 dB	+5 dB
Improved Quality of Life	Ideal if Possible	L _{night} 40 dB or less	L _{Aeq, t} +2 dB or less	+0 dB

1.2.4 Mitigation Measures

No mitigation measures will be required due to the very high background noise levels.

1.2.5 Assessment of Noise Levels

Day T	ime (07:00 – :	19:00)	Ever	ning (19:00 – 2	3:00)	Night	Time (23:00 –	07:00)
L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	BS4142	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	BS4142	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	BS4142
38 dB	53 dB	-15 dB	38 dB	50 dB	-12 dB	43 dB	44 dB	-1 dB

1.2.6 Conclusions

In accordance with paragraph 14 of the National Planning Policy Framework (2012) planning permission should be granted for the proposal as the benefits outweigh any significant adverse impacts in terms of noise from the installation of the proposed additional mechanical equipment.

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2. Site Location...

2.1. General Location of Site





Site Plan (Imagery © Google 2016)

It is proposed to fit-out the ground floor of 219 Finchley Road as a Pret a Manger. The external AC units will be located on the flat roof above the adjacent railway station with residential windows over-looking the plant area

2.2. Key Positions (Source, Assessment & Background)



Position	Description	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation
Source	3 No AC units on the flat roof	51.546900°	-0.180289°	7 m
Assessment	1m from the residential flats over-looking flat roof	51.546894°	-0.180189 ⁰	9 m
Background	on the flat roof adjacent ot the plant area	51.547114 ⁰	-0.180332 ⁰	3 m

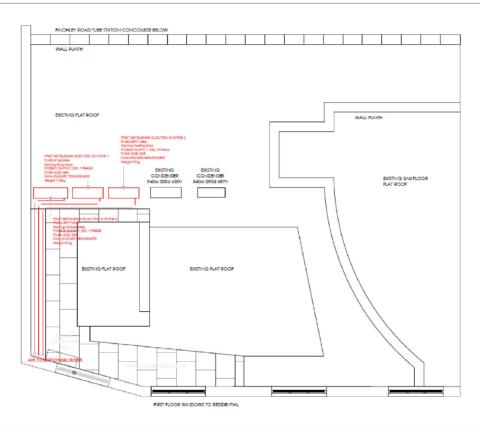
Site Plan (Imagery © Google 2016)

2.3. Free Field Source Sound Pressure Levels at 10m

Source	Description of Source	Sound Pressure Level at 10m – Annex C 13487: 2003			
Source	Beschiption of Source	07:00 - 19:00	19:00 – 23:00	23:00 - 07:00	
Source 1	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	L _{p(10)} 28 dB	L _{p(10)} 28 dB	L _{p(10)} 28 dB	
Source 2	PUHZ P140VHA AC Unit	L _{p(10)} 36 dB	L _{p(10)} 36 dB	L _{p(10)} 36 dB	
Source 3	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	L _{p(10)} 28 dB	L _{p(10)} 28 dB	L _{p(10)} 28 dB	
Combined Sou	und Pressure Level at 10m (1 Reflective Surface)	L _{p(10)} 37 dB	L _{p(10)} 37 dB	L _{p(10)} 37 dB	

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2.4. Locations and Distances of Individual Source Positions

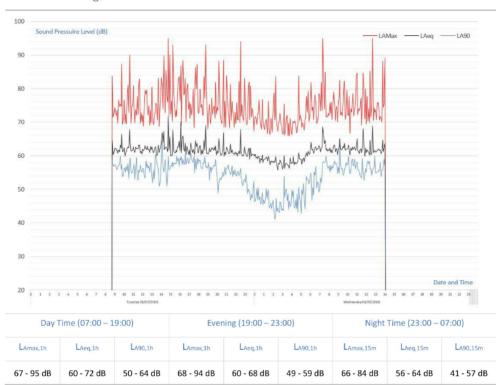


Position	Relative Distance	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation
Source 1	7 m to assessment position	51.546900°	-0.180289°	7 m
Source 2	7 m to assessment position	51.546906°	-0.1802820	7 m
Source 3	7 m to assessment position	51.5469150	-0.1802740	7 m

Site Plan (Imagery © Google 2016)

3. Background Noise Measurements...

3.1. 24-hour Background Measurements



3.2. Modal Analysis of Background Data



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4. Criterion...

4.1. National Planning Policy Framework: 2012 ("NPPF")

The National Planning Policy Framework ("NPPF") published in March 2012 sets out the Government's National Planning Policies for England and how these can be applied by local communities when developing their local plans or deciding planning application to best reflect the needs and priorities of the local communities. Current planning law requires Local Authorities to grant planning applications in accordance with the local development plan unless there are material considerations which require them to reach a different decision for sustainable developments.

4.1.1 Paragraph 14 - Requirement of Grant Planning Permission

"At the heart of the National Planning Policy Framework is a presumption in favour of sustainable development, which should be seen as a golden thread running through both plan-making and decision taking:

For decision-taking this means:

Approving development proposals that accord with the development plan without delay; and

Where the development plan is absent, silent or relevant policies are out-of-date, granting planning permission
unless:

Any adverse impact of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against policies in this Framework taken as a whole."

This report therefore will determine if there is a significant adverse impact in terms of noise from the development and then allow the Local Authority to grant planning permission unless they can demonstrate that the significant adverse impact would outweigh the benefits of the development.

4.1.2 Paragraph 123 - Aim of Planning Decisions with respect to Noise

Paragraph 123 of the NPPF provides the overall aims in terms of noise when determining planning applications.

"Avoid noise from giving rise to significant adverse impacts on health and quality of life as a result of new development;

mitigate and reduce to a minimum other adverse impacts on health and quality of life arising from noise from new development, including through the use of conditions..."

4.2. Noise Policy Statement for England: 2010 ("NPSE")

The "Noise Policy Statement for England" was published in March 2010 by Defra which expands on the requirements of paragraph 123 of the NPPF and clarifies the objectives on the need the manage noise to obtain sustainable developments for the future.

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4.2.1 Noise Policy Aims

The NPSE details the three main aims to meet the Governments long term vision:

"Through the effective management and control of environmental, neighbour and neighbourhood noise within the context of Government policy in sustainable development:

- Avoid significant adverse impact on health and the quality of life;
- Mitigate and minimise adverse impacts on health and quality of life; and
- Where possible, contribute to the improvement of health and the quality of life."

4.2.2 Lowest and Significant Observed Adverse Effects (LOAEL & SOAEL)

The NPSE provide clarity on the exact aims of the Policy by introducing the following concepts.

"LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

This is the level above which adverse effects on health and quality of life can be detected.

SOAEL - Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level

This is the level above which significant adverse effects on health and quality of life occur."

4.3. Night Noise Guidelines ("NNG")

The European Union and the World Health Organisation published the document "Night Noise Guidelines for Europe" in 2009.

4.3.1 Recommendation for Health Protection

"Below the level of 30 dB $L_{night, outside}$ no effects on sleep are observed except for a slight increase in the frequency of body movements during sleep due to night noise.

 $.... 40 \ dB \ \textit{L}_{\textit{night, outside}} \ is \ equivalent \ to \ the \ lowest \ observed \ adverse \ effect \ level \ (\textit{LOAEL}) \ for \ night \ noise.$

Above 55 dB the cardiovascular effects become the major public health concern."

For reference the L_{night, outside} is the average outside noise level over 8 hour calculated over a year (EU: 2002/49/EC).

4.4. ISO 1996 - Part 1: 2016

This document details the measurement and assessment of environmental noise and details the basic quantities and assessment procedures adopting the principle of Rating Noise Level which is the resultant noise level after various corrections have been applied.

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4.4.1 Designation of Day, Evening and Night Time

The document provides guidance on the designation of day time and evening time in section 3.6.1. and 3.6.2:

" $L_{day,12\ hours}$ equivalent continuous sound pressure level when the reference time interval is the day Note 2 – A day is normally 12 hours between 7h and 19 h....

 $L_{evening, 4 \, hours}$ equivalent continuous sound pressure level when the reference time interval is the day Note 2 – An evening is normally 4 hours between 19h and 23h

 $L_{night,8\ hours}$ equivalent continuous sound pressure level when the reference time interval is the night "Note 2 – A night is normally 8 hours between 23h and 07h

4.4.2 Adjustments to Specific Noise Levels

The following adjustments are detailed within table A.1 of Annex A which enable the calculation of the Rating Level from the Specific Noise level

Туре	Specification	Level Adjustment – dB
	Regular Impulsive	+ 5 dB
Source Character	Highly Impulsive	+ 12 dB
	Prominent Tones	+ 3 dB to + 6 dB
	Evening (19:00 to 23:00)	+5 dB
Time Period	Night Time (23:00 to 07:00)	+10 dB
	Weekend Day Time (07:00 to 19:00)	+5 dB

For reference the impulsivity and tones must be clearly audible at the assessment position and to this end the specific noise level must not be more than 3 dB below the existing residual noise level to allow the inclusion of the source character adjustment.

4.5. IEMA Guidelines for Environmental Noise Impact Assessment

The Institute of Environmental Management and Assessment ("IEMA") document entitled "Guidelines for Environmental Noise Impact Assessment" version 1.2 dated November 2014 describes the methodology for undertaking a noise impact assessment and an outline procedure for rating the significance of the likely impact based on the change in the overall noise levels.

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4.5.1 Description of Effect of Change in Noise Level

Noise Level Change (dB)	Subjective Response	Significance
0.1 – 2.9	Barely perceptible	Minor Impact
3.0 – 5.9	Noticeable	Moderate Impact
6.0 – 9.9	Up to a doubling of loudness	Substantial Impact
10.0 or more	More than a doubling of loudness	Major Impact

4.6. WHO - Criterion for Community Noise

The World Health Organisation document entitled "Guidelines for Community Noise" published in 1999 suggests that a maximum level of L_{AMax} 60 dB at a distance of 1m from a bedroom window is a suitable criterion to avoid sleep disturbance during the night time period. The document clarifies this is for a single event at paragraph 4.3.1. of the document. Usefully the document provides some overall guidance and commentary at paragraph 4.2.7.

"The annoyance response to noise is affected by several factors, including equivalent sound pressure level and the highest sound pressure level of the noise, the number of such events, and the time of day.....

During the daytime, few people are seriously annoyed by activities with LAeq levels below 55 dB; or moderately annoyed with LAeq levels below 50 dB.....

It is emphasized that for intermittent noise it is necessary to take into account the maximum sound pressure level as well as the number of events"

4.7. British Standard 4142:2014 ("BS4142")

4.7.1 Scope of Standard

In the assessment of the proposed plant, consideration has been given to the scope of British Standard 4142:2014, which in section 1, details applicability of this standard to rating assessing sound of an industrial and/or commercial nature.

"The determination of noise amount to a nuisance is beyond the scope of this British Standard.

The standard is not intended to be applied to the derivation of indoor sound levels arising from sound levels outside, or the assessment of indoor sound levels."

It is considered appropriate that both the background noise levels and the rating noise levels obtained fall within the scope of British Standard 4142:2014 by using outdoor sound levels to assess the effect of sound on local residents.

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4.7.2 Assessment of Noise

British Standard 4142:2014 outlines a general consideration and 3 levels of impact based on the calculated assessment level:

"Typically, the greater [the] difference, the greater the magnitude of the impact.

- A difference of around +10 dB or more is likely to be an indication of a significant adverse impact, depending on the context.
- A difference of around +5dB is likely to be an indication of an adverse impact, depending on the context.
- Where the rating level does not exceed the background sound level, this is an indication of the specific sound source having a low impact, depending on the context."

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5. Calculations of Noise Levels...

5.1. ISO 9613 - Part 2:1996

The International Standards Organisation ("ISO") published ISO 9613 – Part 2: 1996 entitled "Acoustics – Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors – Part 2: General method of calculations" which details the corrections that are required to established the resultant noise levels of the existing and proposed plant at the assessment position.

5.1.1 Source Directivity (Dc)

A correction is made to account for the location of the source and the effect of additional reflective surfaces excluding the ground and is contained within section 6 of ISO 9613 - Part 2:1996.

Number of Surfaces	Correction in dB (D _c)
1 Reflective Surface	+3 dB
2 Reflective Surfaces	+6 dB
3 Reflective Surfaces	+9 dB

5.1.2 Geometric Divergence (Adiv)

A correction is made for the distance between the source and assessment position using the following formula defined in section 7.1 of ISO 9613-Part 2:1996.

Formula	Symbols
$A_{div} = 20 . Log_{10} (d/d_0) +11$	A _{div} = Reduction due to Geometric Divergence (dB) d = Distance from source to receiver (m)
	d ₀ = reference distance (1m)

5.1.3 Ground Absorption (Agr)

A correction is made for the effect of the ground between the source and receiver depending on whether it is considered hard or soft ground.

Type of ground	Correction in dB (Agr)
Hard Ground	+ 3 dB
Soft Ground	+ 0 dB

5.1.4 Atmospheric Absorption (A_{atm})

As the source was less than 100m from the receiver position (assessment position) no correction was made for atmospheric absorption.

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5.1.5 Barrier Effect (Abar)

A correction is made for any barrier in the direct line of site between the source and the assessment position and is detailed in section 7.4 of ISO 9613-Part 2:1996. For clarity the K_{met} meteorological correction has been ignored and C_2 equals 40 and C_3 equals 1.

Formula	Symbols		
	A _{bar} = Effective barrier attenuation (dB)		
	Agr = Total Ground Absorption (dB)		
$A_{bar} = 10 \cdot Log_{10} [3 + (40 \cdot \delta / \lambda) - A_g]$ *Note 1	*Note 1: Only apply the A_{gr} correction if $A_{gr} > 0$		
	δ = Path difference (m)		
Note 1	a = Distance from source to barrier head (m)		
where $\delta = a + b - r$	b = Distance from barrier head to assessment position (m)		
	r = Distance from source to assessment position (m)		
and $\lambda = c / f$	λ = Wavelength of sound (m)		
	c = Speed of sound - Assumed to be 342 ms-1		
	f = Octave band centre frequency (Hz)		

5.2. British Standard 4142: 2014 Feature Correction

It is appropriate to add a character correction where there is a new source that cannot be measured in line with BS4142:2014. The 3 methods for approaching this are the subjective, objective, and reference methods. In this report the subjective method is used.

Section 9.2 Subjective Method	Perceptibility to noise sensitive façades	Correction
	Not tonal	+0
Tonality	Just perceptible	+2
Ranging from not tonal to prominently tonal	Clearly perceptible	+4
	Highly perceptible	+6
Impulsivity Considering both the rapidity and any overall	Not impulsive	+0
	Just impulsive	+3
change in sound levels	Clearly impulsive	+6
	Highly impulsive	+9
Readily Distinctive	Is not present	+0
Characteristic is neither tonal nor impulsive	Is present	+3
Intermittency	Is not present	+0
Identifiable "on/off" conditions	Is present	+3

5.3. Calculation of Plant Noise Levels

5.3.1 Day Time (07:00 to 19:00)

		Source		ISO 9613 – Part 2: 1996 Corrections				Assessment
Ref	Description	L _w	Dc	A _{div}	Agr	A _{atm}	A _{bar}	Lp
1	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	56 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	29 dB
2	PUHZ P140VHA AC Unit	64 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	37 dB
3	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	56 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	30 dB
тот	Total Noise Levels	65 dB	-27 dB			38 dB		

5.3.2 Evening (19:00 to 23:00)

		Source		ISO 9613 – Part 2: 1996 Corrections				Assessment
Ref	Description	L _w	Dc	A _{div}	Agr	A _{atm}	A _{bar}	Lp
1	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	56 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	29 dB
2	PUHZ P140VHA AC Unit	64 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	37 dB
3	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	56 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	30 dB
тот	Total Noise Levels	65 dB			-27 dB			38 dB

5.3.3 Night Time (23:00 to 07:00)

		Source		ISO 9613 – Part 2: 1996 Corrections				Assessment
Ref	Description	L _w	Dc	A _{div}	Agr	A _{atm}	A _{bar}	Lp
1	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	56 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	-29 dB
2	PUHZ P140VHA AC Unit	64 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	-37 dB
3	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit	56 dB	+3 dB	-28 dB	+3 dB	-0 dB	5 dB	-30 dB
TOT	Total Noise Levels	65 dB	-27 dB			38 dB		

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6. Assessment of Noise Levels...

6.1. Night Noise Guidelines

Night Noise Guidelines	Day Time - 07:00 to 19:00	Evening – 19:00 to 23:00	Night Time – 23:00 to 07:00	
Specific Sound	L _{Aeq,1 hour} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,15 minutes} 38 dB	
NPPF – Improve Quality of Life	Less than L _{Aeq,1 hour} 40 dB	Less than L _{Aeq,1 hour} 40 dB	Less than L _{Aeq,1 hour} 40 dB	
NPPF – Paragraph 123	Complies	Complies	Complies	

6.2. ISO 1996 Part 1: 2016

ISO 1996 – Part 1: 2016	Day Time - 07:00 to 19:00	Evening – 19:00 to 23:00	Night Time – 23:00 to 07:00
Specific Sound	L _{Aeq,1 hour} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,15 minutes} 38 dB
Adjustment - Regular Impulsive	+0 dB	+0 dB	+3 dB
Adjustment – Tonal	+0 dB	+ 0 dB	+ 5 dB
Adjustment - Time Period	+0 dB (Day Time)	+5 dB (Evening)	+10 dB (Night Time)
Rating Levels	L _{Aeq,1 hour} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,15 minutes} 46 dB
Residual Sound Levels	L _{Aeq,1 hour} 62 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 61 dB	L _{Aeq,15 minutes} 59 dB
Rating + Residual	L _{Aeq,1 hour} 62.0 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 61.0 dB	L _{Aeq,15 minutes} 59.2 dB
Increase in Residual Noise	+ 0.0 dB	+ 0.0 dB	+ 0.2 dB
IEMA Significance	+2 dB (No Impact)	2 dB (No Impact)	2 dB (No Impact)
NPPF – Paragraph 123	Complies	Complies	Complies

6.2.1 Assessment of Average Noise Levels (BS 4142: 2014)

BS 4142: 2014	Day Time - 07:00 to 19:00	Evening – 19:00 to 23:00	Night Time – 23:00 to 07:00	
Residual Noise Levels	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 62 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 61 dB	L _{Aeq,15 minutes} 59 dB	
Specific Noise Levels	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq, 15 minutes} 38 dB	
Impulsivity Feature	+0 dB	+0 dB	+2 dB	
Tonality Feature	+0 dB	+0 dB	+3 dB	
Rating Noise Levels	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq,1 hours} 38 dB	L _{Aeq, 15 minutes} 43 dB	
Background Noise Levels	L _{A90,1 hours} 53 dB	L _{A90,1 hours} 50 dB	L _{A90, 15 minutes} 44 dB	
BS 4142 Assessment	-15 dB	-12 dB (Low Impact)	-1 dB (Low Impact)	
NPPF – Paragraph 123	-0 dB (Low Impact)	-0 dB (Low Impact)	-0 dB (Low Impact)	
Uncertainty (95% Confidence, k=2)	+- 1.81 dB	+- 1.79 dB	+- 1.94 dB	

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7. Conclusions...

7.1. Assessment Position

The residential flats over-looking flat roof are located 7 m from the 3 No AC units on the flat roof.

7.2. Background Noise Measurements

Day	Γime (07:00 – 1	.9:00)	Evening (19:00 – 23:00)		Night	Time (23:00 –	07:00)	
L _{Amax,1h}	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	L _{Amax,1h}	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	L _{Amax,15m}	L _{Aeq,15m}	L _{A90,15m}
67 - 95 dB	60 - 72 dB	50 - 64 dB	68 - 94 dB	60 - 68 dB	49 - 59 dB	66 - 84 dB	56 - 64 dB	41 - 57 dB
Modal Ba	ckground	53 dB	Modal Ba	ckground	50	Modal Ba	ckground	44

7.3. Criterion at Assessment Position

NPPF Policy Aim (p 123)	Action	Night Noise Guidelines	ISO 1996: 2016 / IEMA	BS 4142: 2014
Significant Adverse Impact	Avoid	L _{night} 55 dB or more	L _{Aeq, t} +10 dB or more	+10 dB
Adverse Impact	Mitigate	L _{night} 40 – 55 dB	L _{Aeq, t} +3 to +9 dB	+5 dB
Improved Quality of Life	Ideal if Possible	L _{night} 40 dB or less	L _{Aeq, t} +2 dB or less	+0 dB

7.4. Mitigation Measures

No mitigation measures will be required due to the very high background noise levels.

7.5. Assessment of Noise Levels

Day 1	ime (07:00 – 1	9:00)	Ever	ning (19:00 – 23	3:00)	Night	Time (23:00 –	07:00)
L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	BS4142	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	BS4142	L _{Aeq,1h}	L _{A90,1h}	BS4142
38 dB	53 dB	-15 dB	38 dB	50 dB	-12 dB	43 dB	44 dB	-1 dB

7.6. Conclusions

In accordance with paragraph 14 of the National Planning Policy Framework (2012) planning permission should be granted for the proposal as the benefits outweigh any significant adverse impacts in terms of noise from the installation of the proposed additional mechanical equipment.

7.7. Uncertainty

Evening (19:00 – 23:00)	Night Time (23:00 – 07:00)
+-1.79 dB (k=2, 95% Confidence)	+-1.94 dB (k=2, 95% Confidence)
	,

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8. Appendix A - BS 4142:2014 Information to Be Reported...

8.1. a) Competency

	Name	Role	Competency
1)	Ms. E. Samphier	Trainee Consultant	Currently undertaking the IOA Diploma
	Mr. R. Scrivener	Director	Master of Science Degree in Acoustics and Noise Control (MSc) Member of the Institute of Acoustics (MIOA)

8.2. b) Source Under Investigation

	Source Number	Description					
1)	Source 1	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit					
	Source 2	PUHZ P140VHA AC Unit					
	Source 3	PUHZ RP71 VHA AC Unit					
	Description of Source	Source Location	Hours of Operation	Mode of Operation			
	Source 1		24-hour	Continuously on Demand			
	Source 2	3 No AC units on the flat roof	24-hour				
21	Source 3		24-hour				
2) 3) 4)	Description of Operation	Period	Conditions	Load			
5)		Day Time (07:00 to 19:00)	Ambient Temp 32°C	Maximum Load (100%)			
	All Sources	Evening (19:00 to 23:00)	Ambient Temp 28°C	Part Load (60%)			
		Night Time (23:00 to 07:00)	Ambient Temp 24°C	Part Load (40%)			
	Description of Premises	It is proposed to fit-out the ground floor of 219 Finchley Road as a Pret a Manger T external AC units will be located on the flat roof above the adjacent railway station w residential windows over-looking the plant area					

8.3. c) Subjective Impression of Source at Assessment Position

1)	Dominance	Source will not be dominant at residential facade	
-,	Audibility	Source will not be audible at residential facade	
2)	Residual Noise Sources	Residual noise due to local road traffic	

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8.4. d) Existing Contexts

	Type of Receptor	Period	Sensitivity	Description
	Residential	Day Time (07:00 to 19:00)	Low	Noise can disturb outside amenity space and internal living space
1)		Evening (19:00 to 23:00)	Moderate	Noise can interrupt people trying to get to sleep
		Night Time (23:00 to 07:00)	High	Noise can disturb sleeping

8.5. e) Relative Positions

	Assessment Position	1m from t	he residential flats over-looking fla	at roof		
1)		BS 4142:2014 Criteria	Details	Compliance with Criteria		
		Section 6	1.0m from façade (external)	Position is valid		
2)	Source Measurement	The source sound power levels were supplied by the client. It is believed the sound power levels were established in accordance with BS EN 13487:2003				
	Justification	The client supplied the noise levels for the proposed plant				
	Background Position	on the flat roof adjacent ot the plant area				
	Justification	BS 4142:2014 Criteria	Details	Compliance with Criteria		
		Section 6.2	3.5m to any reflecting surface	Complies		
		Section 6.2	Height 1.2m to 1.5m	Complies		
3)		Section 6.2	1st floor 1m to facade	Not applicable		
		Section 6.2	Measurement Height	3.5		
		Section 6.2	Distance to Reflecting Surface	1.0		
		In order to record remote ba	ackground levels the noise meter h	nad to be left in a secure		
		position. The position represen	nted the assessment position with	the constraints of the site.		
1)	Topography, surfaces etc.	Hard and Flat				
5)	Relative Distances	The plant is located approximately 6.7 m to 7.3 m from the assessment position.				
5)	Dimensioned sketch	See maps and images				

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8.6. f) Noise Measurement Equipment Calibration

1)	Туре	Sound Level Meter	Microphone	Calibrator
-/	.,,,,	KRE/027/01 - NL31	KRE/027/03 - UC53A	KRE/027/04 - NC74
2)	Manufacturer	Rion	Rion	Rion
3)	Serial Number	503252	37016	34304655
4)	Certificate Number	Certificate: 09235	Certificate: 09235	Certificate: 09232
7)	Calibration Date=	07/06/2017	07/06/2017	07/06/2017

8.7. g) Noise Measurement Equipment Operation Test

1)	Ref. Level of Calibrator	94 dB	
2)	Meter Reading Before	94 dB – Meter operation checked. Meter in good working order.	
-/	Meter Reading After	94 dB - Meter operation checked. Meter in good working order.	

8.8. h) Weather Conditions

1)	Wind Speed	See weather information
-/	Wind Direction	variable
2)	Temperature Inversion	Unlikely to have occurred
3)	Precipitation	None – See Appendix B
4)	Fog	None
5)	Wet Ground	Not within the measurement period – See Appendix B
6)	Frozen Ground or Snow	Not within the measurement period – See Appendix B
7)	Temperature	See Appendix B
8)	Cloud Cover	Partly Cloudy

8.9. i) Date and Time of Measurements

1)	Source Measurements	Unknown
-/	Background Measurements	03/07/2018

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8.10. j) Measurement Time Interval

	Source Measurements	T _m = 15	T _m = 15 minutes	
1)	Background Measurements	Day Time (07:00 to 19:00)	T _m = 12 hours	
1)		Evening (19:00 to 23:00)	T _m = 4 hours	
		Night Time (23:00 to 07:00)	T _m = 8 hours	

8.11. k) Reference Time Interval

1)	Reference Time Interval	Day Time (07:00 to 19:00)	T _r = 1 hour
		Evening (19:00 to 23:00)	T _r = 1 hour
		Night Time (23:00 to 07:00)	T _r = 15 minutes

8.12. | Specific Noise / m) Background Noise / n) Rating / o) Assessment / p) Conclusions

These details are all included within the body of the report and are not replicated within this section.

END OF REPORT (1st and last page not numbered)

