



STATEMENT DESIGN AND ACCESS 75 LAWN ROAD, LONDON, NW3 2XB

# DESIGN AND ACCESS STATEMENT

75 Lawn Road, London, NW3 2XB *May 2018* 

'The erection of part one/part two-storey side extension, erection of a two-storey rear extension, formation of a new second floor within the roof with side and rear dormer windows, alterations to driveway, and associated works.'

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## **1. INTRODUCTION**

This Design and Access Statement has been prepared to accompany the proposed development at 75 Lawn Road, which includes the following works:

'The erection of part one/part two-storey side extension, erection of a two-storey rear extension, formation of a new second floor within the roof with side and rear dormer windows, alterations to driveway, and associated works.'



Front elevation of 75 Lawn Road



Rear elevation of 75 Lawn Road

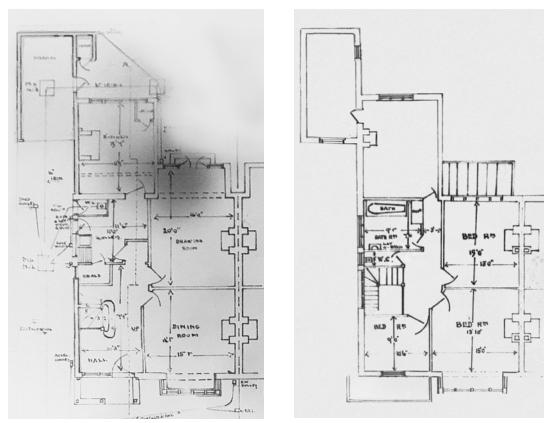


## **2. CONTEXT**

Number 75 is a two-storey 1920s residential property on the west side of Lawn Road. It is one of four similar dwellings in two linked pairs (Nos. 72 & 73 and 74 & 75 Lawn Road). These form part of the overall 1920s development of the west side of Lawn Road, which is characterised by a variety of house types of a similar style. The east side of the street was developed earlier, being comprised of five-storeys (including lower ground floor) semi-detached Victorian town houses. Whilst 75 Lawn Road is not listed, it falls within the Parkhill Conservation Area.

Historic plans dating from 1925 found in Camden's local archives clearly show No.75 broadly as it is now: a semi-detached property with a rear two-storey garage outrigger. The front elevation of the main house retains its original character having all its original architectural details and fenestration intact apart from the setback roof gable. The side elevation of the property facing No.76 has been modified, evidenced by a large rendered panel, bricked-up doorway and one modern window. It features an attractive original large leaded window to the staircase which will be retained in the proposed development.

The two-storey garage wing is built from facing brick of a different tone to the main house. It is crudely detailed with exposed concrete lintels to the garage doors and windows which are not characteristic of the main house or neighbouring properties. This physical evidence suggests that it has been modified over time and is not in its original configuration. The rendered panel to the side wall adjacent might indicate that the front garage wall itself was at one stage further forward towards the street. The corresponding adjoining two-storey annex to No.76 has also been subject to alterations.



Ground and First floor plan from 1925 drainage plans of 75 Lawn Road





Lawn Road County Series OS Map extract from 1935-1936



Lawn Road County Series OS Map extract from 1952-1953



Ordnance Survey plans indicate that by 1936 No. 76 had been constructed, including a structure abutting No. 75. The 1952-1953 OS map indicates that sometime between 1936 and 1953 the annex to No.76 was demolished or destroyed. Planning records show that it was rebuilt in 1956 providing a garden room at ground floor level and a bedroom at first floor level, with a copper roof covering. In 1966, No. 76 was further extended with a single-storey garage and car port to the front. This further closed the visual 'gap' between the properties.

The rear of No.75 Lawn Road, in common with several of the neighbouring houses, currently has an ad-hoc character. The main house is intact, but is in awkward juxtaposition with the two-storey flat-roofed garage annex, which has been subject to modifications in fenestration over time. The proposed development seeks to unify the rear aspect of the house.

#### Current condition of 75 Lawn Road

The property hasn't been refurbished for over 50 years and has fallen into a tired state of disrepair. The building suffers from damp throughout, due to poor waterproofing and insufficient ventilation. The house is of solid masonry construction and both walls and roof remain uninsulated. Consequently, the building has a low energy efficiency rating (*category D*). Furthermore, the existing timber roof structure is noticeably defecting along the length of the rafters and beams and requires replacement or significant repairs. The facades require renovation and redecoration works, including repointing. The proposed development will include the comprehensive renovation of the building, improving its contribution to the quality of the street scene of the Conservation Area, and upgrading its thermal and environmental performance.



Rendered brick effect panel on side of No. 75 showing previous position of garage

*View of flank wall to single-storey garage at No.76 granted permission in 1966* 



## **3. RECENT PLANNING HISTORY**

### Reasons for refusal of application ref: 2017/6726/P

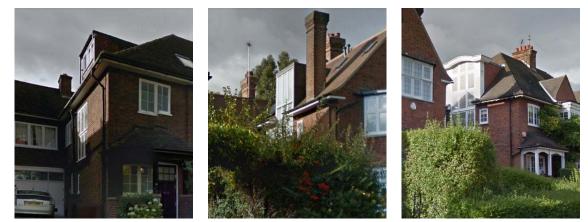
The most recently determined planning application pertaining to the house (ref: 2017/6726/P) was refused permission on 14th March 2018. It included single and two-storey extensions to the side and rear, a new second floor within the existing roof space and landscaping to the front and rear gardens.

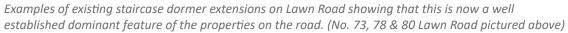
The main reasons for refusal cited in the delegated report were:

**1.** That the extension of the existing stairwell window through the eaves line into a new dormer window was a *'feature' 'not supported by the Parkhill & Upper Conservation Area Appraisal and Management Strategy'*;

**2.** That the two-storey rear extension was deemed inappropriate in its design, size, scale and massing, as it did not preserve the existing character of the existing house and would have a detrimental impact on the amenity of No.74 Lawn Road by increasing the sense of enclosure. The delegated report stated, *'the extension intrudes into the 45 degree visibility zone of No.74's ground floor rear living room windows demonstrating that there would be overbearing and possible overshadowing caused by the extension to Nos.74's side and rear windows.';* 

**3.** That the use of brick for the proposed rear extension was inappropriate, since it: *'adds to the extension appearing wide'*.







3D visualisation of proposed rear two-storey extension refused under application (ref:2017/6726/P)



#### Addressing Objections of refused application ref: 2017/6726/P

This application is for a more modest development, in keeping with the host building and the character of the Conservation Area. This scheme addresses the previously raised concerns as follows:

**1.** The existing leaded staircase window will be retained. A new dormer window will be constructed within the main roof above, preserving the eaves line. This approach has precedent at No.73 Lawn Road, however the dormer proposed for No.75 is positioned lower in the roof and is less imposing than this example;

**2.** The proposed two-storey rear extension has been reduced at first floor level to prevent the rear elevation intruding into the '45-degree visibility zone' of No.74's ground floor rear living room. (See diagram 1.)

#### Amenity: First Floor

*a)* This modest 2.19m rear first floor infill extension is not overbearing and will have a negligible effect upon the sense of enclosure towards no.74 as illustrated in the proposed computer-generated view from their dining room.

b) The extension will have no impact upon overlooking as no windows are proposed on the flank wall of the rear extension at first floor level. However, a small obscured window to the existing first floor flank wall is proposed, to mirror the precedent at no.74, but this will not increase overlooking.

*c)* The extension will have no impact upon outlook or overshadowing as the first floor element doesn't intrude into the '45-degree visibility zone' of no.74's living room window in plan or elevation.



Existing view from dining room of no.74 Lawn Road as seen from a standard 1600mm eye height



Proposed view from dining room of no.74 Lawn Road. It shows the extension will have no adverse impact upon the amenity of no.74 since it does not increase the sense of enclosure





Diagram 1: Proposed first floor plan showing 45-degree visibility zone from No.74's ground floor rear living room window



#### Amenity: Ground Floor

The proposed full depth infill extension at ground floor will have negligible impact upon the amenity of No.74 Lawn Road since it is not overbearing, does not overshadow No.74, and has minimal impact upon the sense of enclosure.

The rear extension is largely obscured from view at no.74 by the existing boundary wall and planting above.

In addition to this, the fences and screening by trees at the rear minimise the visual impact of the rear extension upon other neighbouring properties.

**3.** The two-storey extension and rebuilt elevations to the rear will be in white render, in keeping with the existing rear elevations of the property and others within the conservation area. The architectural detailing has been carefully considered to be in harmony with the character of the main house.

In addition to the works described above, the proposed development includes works from the refused application which were deemed acceptable by the Council: the part one-/part two- storey front and side extension; the rear dormer window and rooflight. In relation to the front/ side extension, it is of note that the delegated report stated, 'it is not considered the first floor [front/side] extension would have a detrimental impact to the amenities of No.76 in regards to loss of light, overbearing, overshadowing or privacy impacts.'



Existing rear elevation



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### 4. USE & AMOUNT

The residential use (C3) of the property will be maintained in the proposed development and will provide an increase to the internal living space. The existing property's gross internal area (GIA) will be increased by the following amounts:

Storey	GIA
Ground Floor	31.8m²
First Floor	12.6m²
Second Floor	35.5m²
Total additional GIA	79.8m²

## 6. SCALE

The scale of the property as perceived from the street is largely unaffected by the proposed development. The vertically stepped extensions to the side adjoining No.76 are modestly scaled following the adjacent precedents.

The side new dormer, above the staircase, is well proportioned and the eaves line remains unbroken. The dormer will be traditionally detailed and be a subservient addition which will have a negligible impact upon the perceived scale of the property. A further traditional dormer window to the rear will have no impact on the street aspect of the property.

### **5. ACCESS**

The primary access into the dwelling will remain as existing. A new secondary side door will be created within a garage-door-style entrance, which will provide step-free direct access to kitchen and utility areas from the driveway. Access to the rear garden will be via the kitchen dining room.



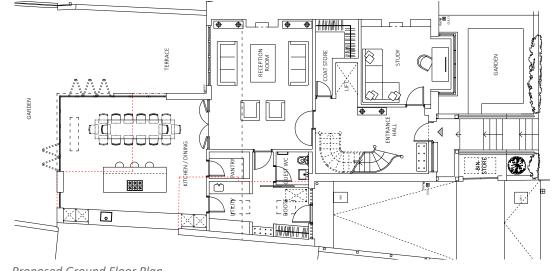
## **7. LAYOUT**

#### Ground Floor

Towards the front of the ground floor, the existing internal layout will be adjusted to allow for an enlarged entrance hall with a new central lift core between ground and first floor level. The front reception room will be reduced in size to form a study. To the rear, the existing reception room will be enlarged.

The existing kitchen will be extended towards the rear by 13m<sup>2</sup>and into the former garage to form a large open-plan kitchen/dining room with a rooflight above. To the side, a new single storey extension will provide a boot room and utility.

This volume is designed to align with the neighbouring single-storey garage projection at No. 76, constructed in 1966. It will have garage style timber and glazed door and side panels. The result will be a measure of uniformity to this elevation, very similar to the immediately adjacent garages at Nos. 73 & 74 and others along Lawn Road, which are in their original configuration.







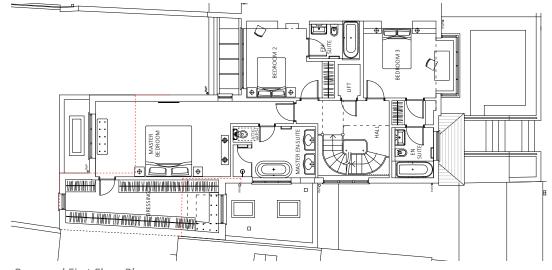
#### <u>First Floor</u>

At first floor, the bedroom above the entrance porch will be reduced in size and converted into an en-suite bathroom to the adjacent Bedroom 3. This will also allow for a more generous first floor landing. To the rear, the existing bedroom beneath the rear hipped roof will be extended 2.19m towards the rear garden, partially infilling the area between the garage block and main house, to provide a master bedroom that is proportionate to the scale of the property. The existing main

bathroom and WC will be amalgamated to form an en-suite bathroom to this new master bedroom.

Externally, the proposed first floor extension is set back from the rear-most elevation, maintaining a stepped building line, which respects the existing rhythm of the neighbouring facades at Nos. 74 and 76.

The existing bedroom and en-suite bathroom above the garage will be converted into a large dressing room to serve the master bedroom. This dressing room extends into a new first floor side extension to the front of the property. This extension will be similar to those at Nos. 72-73 Lawn Road, having a pitched roof and dormer window. As noted above, this element of the proposals was found acceptable under the previous application 2017/6726/P.

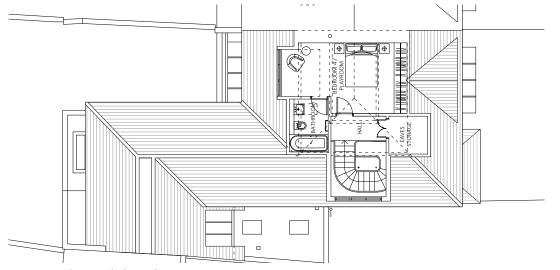


Proposed First Floor Plan



#### <u>Second Floor</u>

At second floor, the existing loft space will be converted into habitable accommodation including a bedroom/playroom with a rear dormer window, an en-suite bathroom with Velux style rooflight, hall and eaves storage. A side dormer provides headroom for the new staircase, enabling access to a new bedroom/playroom with en-suite bathroom.



Proposed Second Floor Plan



### 8. APPEARANCE

#### <u>Front</u>

The front of the dwelling will remain generally as existing, with the exception of modifications to the brick front entrance steps and landscaping to the existing driveway which will be slightly reconfigured to allow for a central landing with wrought iron handrails either side enabling safer access to the dwelling. The works to the front drive area allow for the creation of a bin store adjacent to the front entrance porch, which will be fitted with painted timber panel doors. The driveway will be re-laid to allow for access to the new external bin store.

The new part one-/part two-storey side extension will be constructed in brickwork matching the main house, laid in Flemish bond, and all remaining brickwork will be repaired where necessary.

The side extension will be finished with pitched clay tiled roofs to give a traditional appearance in keeping with the main house and to minimise visual impact and perceived massing. The dormer windows will be traditionally detailed, with lead clad cheeks and rolled lead roofs.

The front of the single-storey garage extension will be fitted with a set of white painted timber panel doors with overlights, with a central pass door, giving an overall effect similar to the traditional garage door configuration seen in immediately adjacent properties.



Existing front elevation



Proposed front elevation



#### <u>Rear</u>

To the rear, walls to the ground floor and first floor rear extensions and re-built walls are to be finished in white render to match the main house.

All new windows and French doors to the rear will be slimline doubleglazed white painted timber casements with lambs tongue moulding, with fenestration to match the historic precedents on the site.



## 9. LANDSCAPE

In the rear garden, it is proposed to install new planting to provide a welllandscaped family garden.

The arboricultural report has advised that the existing small cherry tree in the rear garden should be felled, but any application in respect of this work in a conservation area would be under separate cover. The report has also confirmed that no existing trees will be impacted by the proposed works.



Rear elevation of No. 75 Lawn Road



Existing rear garden of No. 75 Lawn Road



## **10. CONCLUSION**

The proposed above ground extensions and refurbishments to 75 Lawn Road have been carefully considered following the refusal of the previous planning application. The proposed works will be of a high-quality finish and will form sensitive and modest interventions to the existing dwelling, in keeping with the character of the original house and its immediate neighbour's. This will additionally enhance the council's local housing stock and provide a modern and attractive living environment for the applicants. The impact upon the street scene and conservation area will be minimal, in keeping with precedents on the street.

Through a combination of carefully considered restorative and new build works, one of the Borough's currently unoccupied and dilapidated historic dwellings will be brought back into use as a modern family home. Greatly improved energy efficiency and construction quality will extend the life span of the building and ensure its continued positive contribution to the Conservation Area.



### COMPLETED PROJECTS BY: NASH BAKER ARCHITECTS





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NEWTON ROAD - Westminster, London





BOURNE LANE - Kent

BROAD STREET - Orford - Shortlisted RIBA East Awards 2016

