Delegated Report	Analysis shee	et	Expiry Date:	23/03/2018
	N/A / attached		Consultation Expiry Date:	21/02/2018
Officer Leela Muthoora		Application No 2018/0317/P	umber(s)	
Application Address Pavement outside 97 Southampton Row London		Drawing Numbers		
WC1B 4HH		See decision notice		
PO 3/4 Area Team Signatu Proposal(s)	re C&UD	Authorised Of	ficer Signature	
Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on the pavement.				
Recommendation(s): Prior Approval Required - Approval Refused				
Application Type: GPDO Pr	Application Type: GPDO Prior Approval Determination			

Conditions or Reasons for Refusal:	Refer to Draft Decision Notice					
Informatives:						
Consultations						
Adjoining Occupiers:	No. notified	00	No. of responses	12	No. of objections	12
Summary of consultation responses:	A press notice w In response to th 1. 46 Great 2. address r 3. Flat 31 C 4. Flat 18 R 5. Flat 3 Cra 6. Flat 20 C 7. Flat 13 C 8. Flat 18 C 9. Flat 7 Cra 10. Flat 10 C 11. Flat 17 C 12. 97 Southa Objections were 1. Camden boards bl 2. The so-ca the entran accessibl opposite, Bloomsbu cynically 3. Such a ki entrance already h often put redundan and obtru ends and There is s 4. I wish to o I do not b existing p to use a t I also beli obstructio pavemen to place of	vas adv ne con Russe not give ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield ranfield amptor e made - You a ocking alled be nce to y and i free w ury has disgus osk we to a re as obs their g usive id space o object for rands a ment w	en d House, 97-107 Sout Square Mansions, 12 House, 97-107 South d House, 97-107 Sout d House, 97-107 Sout House, 97-107 South House, 97-107 South d House, 97 Southam	8 and e vere re- thampto ampto ampto thampto t	expired on 22/02/20 ceived from on Row hampton Row h Row on Row on Row on Row on Row on Row on Row on Row on Row on Row ow ting these advertisin ORE! ertising facility) will b d taxi rides less e are phone boxes ind everyone in eference to ChildLin o this pavement haz nediately outside the use. The pavement efficience to ChildLin o this pavement haz nediately outside the use. The pavement er bin and the restaut ment. There is alrea south. An unnecess ore litter, such as cig on a busy pavement sell Square. phone box. enefit as there are e ber of people who re have a mobile phone to public safety and he already crowded erve as a place for p merely results in litters.	g lock e ard. e urants dy a sary jarette nough ieed 2 d an pimps er on o

behaviour when the two parties argue. They provide a place for a variety of items to be stowed. This application seems merely an attempt to get advertising space o the street without admitting as much. For these reasons, I would ask that this is rejected.
5. I wish to register an objection to the proposed new phone box. Somewhat incredibly the location chosen by the applicant is right outside the front door of our apartment block. This would cause access issues for collections and deliveries and (most concerning to me) attract calling cards of the kind for which London's phone boxes are an unfortunate magnet and which would be among the first thing seen by our children and those of our neighbours in the building on their way out to school. There might be a spot in Southampton Row where a new phone box could be built without causing this kind of disruption - on the site of the old one, perhaps? But in any event, right in front of the entrance to our building cannot, surely, be it!
 We object to the proposed application since the telephone kiosk will directly obstruct our entrance and it creates more unnecessary stree furniture. Further, this installation will attract inappropriate and illegal adverts of escort agents etc and will invariably will be used as a urinal. Our building has many young families in residence and this is an entirely inappropriate location for such a structure. Surely it would be better placed immediately outside one of the many hotels in the area. Thank you.
 I would like to object to this application for several reasons: This is placed immediately outside our front door which will restrict access and not give us a clear line of sight from our door. Deliveries may not be able to see the entrance clearly with this telephone box restricting the view. there is already too much street furniture in this part of Southampton Row, this will add to the narrowness of the pavement. There are already 11 phone boxes within 50 yards of this site, although not all are in operation, it would be better to bring back into use one of the existing telephone boxes rather than construct another. Telephone boxes in this area of London are prone to anti-social behaviour: graffiti; prostitution advertisements; and damage. We really do not need another site where this can happen. The application has shown no research into the need for another telephone box, current research available suggests that usage of telephone boxes is declining year on year.
8. The telephone kiosk will not only be unsightly, it will obstruct the entrance and create unnecessary street furniture. We object to this application.
9. The telephone kiosk will be unsightly, will obstruct the entrance to ou home and create unnecessary street furniture. There is already a kiosk a few meters down on the same side of the street, filled only with leaflets. Who needs a telephone kiosk in this era of mobile phones??
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 10. There are a number of families with small children and also elderly people living in Cranfield House. Having a telephone kicsk sited outside of the entrance to Cranfield House will be not only unsightly but will deter easy access to the building in view of the number of prams and walkers used by residents. Why not site the telephone kicsk on the same side of Southampton Row between the Bedford Hotel and Denise's restaurant? There is ample 'dead' space there which could be used to site the kicsk. 11. I object to the proposed installation of a telephone kicsk on the pavement at this location which is directly in front of a luxury block of flats in Bloomsbury. There are several commercial properties in very close proximity which are more appropriate to install the kicsk rather than the proposed location. These kicsks are prone to gathering rubbish, are shelters for the homeless, drug addicts and provide a structure for flyers and advertisements for illegal and illicit prostitution. Dog walkers also allow their pets to urinate and defecate on the outside on such kicosks. This also causes a security risk when people are leaving and entering the block, particularly in the evening. There is a site of an old unused telephone kicosk in front of the proposed location. 12. We have just been notified today of the planning application for a telephone kicosk. Instead of allowing applications for further unfit-for-purpose kicosks in the area, we hope that some time soon members of the Council will consider removing the existing ones which have become little more than pom-kicosk along the size of and using the store of using and anti-social behaviour occurring at other similar sites nearby, of particular concern to us with the charity hostel in close proximity. Another kicosk along the road was painstakingly decorated and filled with plants - for once an ice addition to the traffic-choked street - only to be vandalised (plants stolen, replaced, stolen again) within days of completion. It now, alo	
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Metropolitan Police – Designing Out Crime Officer objects on the following grounds:
 Telephone kiosks are no longer used for their original purpose due to the fact that nearly every person is in possession of some kind of mobile device thus negating the need to use fixed land line telephone. As a result of this the phone boxes in The London Borough of Camden have now become 'crime generators' and a focal point for anti-social behaviour (ASB). My own previous experience of policing Camden highlights the above ASB, ranging from witnessing the taking of Class A drugs, urination, littering, the placing of 'Prostitute Cards', graffiti, sexual activities and a fixed location for begging. All of which have occurred within the
current telephone kiosks. Also, due to poor maintenance any that are damaged or are dirty do not get cleaned, which makes the telephone kiosk unusable and an eye sore. Following the 'Broken Window' theory, if a location looks and feels that it is uncared for and in a state of disrepair then this leads to other criminal activity occurring within that location.
 The introduction of the telephone kiosk will only increase the above ASB, as it conceals the activities of what is occurring inside the actual space and prevents police or passers-by seeing what or who is in/near there.
 This generates for the latter a fear of crime especially in regards to begging. As they will use the phone box as a cover and as a back rest when they sit on the floor, when the footpath is reduced in width even more by their presence pedestrians have to walk past closely and therefore this generates an uncomfortable feeling for them.
 The extra lighting produced by the kiosk and the space it uses up in the public realm will also create an added distraction to an already cluttered street space. Any CCTV monitoring the area will be effected by this and therefore any crime prevention/detection properties they produce is lost.
 Recent media reports have highlighted the increase in planning applications submitted to local planners for the construction of telephone kiosks. These were proven to have very little or no benefit to the local community especially in regards to the facilities that they are alleged to supply. The main reason busy locations with a high pedestrian and vehicle activity is chosen so that the telephone kiosk can be used as advertising space. For the above reasons I object to this planning application.
 The Council's Building Control Access Officer objects as follows: Under the New BS8300-1:2018 and BS-2:2018 all telephone communication devices for public use should be fitted with assistive technology such as volume control and inductive couplers and there should be an indication of their presence. A kneehole should be provided at least 500mm deep and 700mm high to allow ease of access for wheelchair users.
 Telephone controls should be located between 750mm and 1000mm above the floor level. To benefit people who are blind or partially sighted, telephones should be selected which have well-lit keypads, large embossed or raised numbers that contrast visually with their background, and a raised dot on the number 5. Instructions for using the phone should be clear and displayed in a large easy to read typeface. A fold down seat (450-520mm high) or a
perch seat (650-800mm high) should be provided for the convenience

a financial and the sector and the sector and the sector and the
of people with ambulant mobility impairments.
The Council's Transport Strategy team object as follows:
 The dimensions provided on the site location and block plans are misleading. The footway has been measured as being 4.8 metres wide with an effective footway width of 3.0 metres between the telephone kiosk and the adjacent building. However, this fails to make note that there is a strip of private forecourt adjacent to the property. This private forecourt cannot be relied on to be permanently available to pedestrians. The adjacent shop could come forward with a tables and chairs licence application in the future. The restaurant just to the north of the site places tables and chairs on this section of pavement. The proposal to introduce a telephone kiosk at this location would reduce the true effective footway width for pedestrian movement by approximately 2.0 metres. The true effective footway width for pedestrian movement by approximately 2.0 metres. The true effective footway width for pedestrian corridors in the borough. Pedestrian volumes are extremely high and are forecast to increase significantly when Crossrail services become operational later this year along with ongoing economic growth in the borough. Existing footway space is a scarce resource and must be safeguarded for pedestrians both now and in the future to accommodate economic growth. The telephone kiosk would be located within a narrow strip of defined street furniture zone on the footway, adjacent to the kerb. The telephone kiosk would be significantly wider than other items of street furniture such as lamp columns and sign posts in the general vicinity of the site. The proposal would therefore have a harmful and negative impact on the streetscape.
movement (especially for blind and partially sighted pedestrians) and visibility on and along the footway. This would have a significant impact on pedestrian comfort levels, both now and in the future. It would obstruct inter-visibility between vehicular traffic and pedestrians wishing to cross the road at this location. The proposal therefore constitutes a hazard to public safety.
 The telephone kiosk would obstruct and impede kerbside activity such as deliveries, taxi pick-ups and drop-offs, refuse and recycling collections, and other servicing.
 I am also aware that the Metropolitan Police have raised concerns about this type of application. The telephone kiosk would facilitate crime and anti-social behaviour and would constitute a hazard to public safety. It would also obstruct CCTV visibility. The proposal must be refused for the above reasons.
 Councillor Sue Vincent objects as follows: Please register my strong objections to the plethora of advertising hoardings, masquerading as "telephone boxes" in my ward. These are superfluous to requirements, add pavement clutter in heavily footfall areas and cause harm to the conservation area.
Councillors Adam Harrison, Sabrina Francis and Rishi Madlani object as follows:
Street environment: use of space

As ward councillors for a central London ward, and one amongst us with executive responsible for street management and the environment, we are aware of the enormous demands that there are on space on the public highway. There are always a large number of competing claims from different items of street furniture. Their location can also impact on meeting other related demands, such as providing different types of parking or keeping the highway between a phonebox and nearby buildings clear. Especially as London's population only grows, with the number of jobs projected to grow in the area (increasing the daytime population), and the arrival of major transport infrastructure developments such as Crossrail and HS2. permitting these new phone boxes to sprout up in these locations will cause significant detriment to the local authority's ability to effectively manage the streets, hindering the achievement of the very valid public aims of keeping the street clear, moving and uncluttered. When set against the virtually zero public benefit of more pay phones in the era of the smartphone – and in an area already with a preponderance of phone boxes – the additional clutter these would bring to the area form a strong reason for refusal. While we are here, one notes the brazenness of the pretence that these items are being proposed for any reason other than to generate income through advertising, which in itself represents zero public benefit.

- Street environment: cleanliness
 Phone boxes attract litter and mess of a variety of type, both inside
 the structures and adjacent. Getting the companies to properly and
 regularly clean them is a never ending struggle, and it is not a task
 where they have covered themselves in glory. On occasion the
 council has stepped in to clean. These applications should be refused
 on the grounds of (lack of) cleanliness, consequent impact on the
 appearance of the area, and the drain this can represent to the local
 authority.
- Crime and antisocial behaviour
 As noted by the local police, phone boxes can attract and provide a
 place for crime and antisocial behaviour to take place in. Creating
 new semi-enclosed spaces runs counter to both good design when it
 comes to designing out crime, and their creation will also represent a
 further drain on the time and resources of the police and of the local
 authority whose community safety officers, we know from our
 experience of many years as ward councillors, are obliged to respond
 to residents' complaints about these on-street venues of crime.

Bloomsbury Neighbourhood Policing Team - Sgt Dave Hodges

- I am the ward Sgts for Holborn and Covent garden, Bloomsbury and the Camden sector team.
- To be clear, my stance on phone boxes, new and old is the same, they are a magnet for drug dealing, drug taking, anti-social behaviour, prostitute carding and urinating to name a few.
- The new systems by 'Inlink' outside Euston station, which allows free calls, although they look great, they are now being used by drug users to call their drug dealers. You now have a huge problem of drug users congregating around them, which is yet another problem for police to deal with. This is an example of no matter how much innovation you put into new boxes, the result is the same, drugs and crime.
- I have many phone boxes across my wards on Tottenham court road, Seven dials and Cambridge circus that attract so many drug users

	 and dealers, that I am bombarded by residents and businesses alike, demanding that I take action against the boxes in general and the crime associated with it. BT's response, categorically WILL NOT remove the boxes as in their words, create too much revenue for the company. Essentially, once they are in, you will never get rid of them! I could go on for pages regarding the crimes and issues these boxes cause local residents and businesses, but I won't as hopefully this email is clear enough. I will go on tackling crime on my wards as that is my job. All I am asking the council for is to not put more of these crime generators into these wards that already suffer from drug misuse.
CAAC/Local groups* comments:	 Bloomsbury Conservation Area Advisory Committee (BCAAC) objects on the following grounds: I would like to reiterate our objection to ALL these applications for new telephone kiosks, which end up being a location for advertisements, a hazard to pedestrian movements and a blight on the streetscape. Maximus Networks submitted applications in 2017 and I know that the one on Russell Square (an identical application) was refused last year by the planning officer concerned. So it seems the company is trying again in 2018. BCAAC continue to object to the endless applications for more unwelcome kiosks, which seem utterly irrelevant in today's era of mobile phone communication. Bloomsbury Residents Action Group (BRAG) objects as follows: I am aware that Maximus Networks have yet again submitted planning applications for stainless steel telephone kiosks - some located within the Bloomsbury Conservation Area, some along the Euston Road. There may be others which I am, as yet, unaware. Maximus submitted applications in 2017 and I know that the one on Russell Square (an identical application) was refused last year by the planning officer concerned (Matthew Dempsey). So it seems the company is trying again in 2018. I have submitted an on-line objection for the application at 69-70 Russell Square [2018/0318/P] on behalf of Bloomsbury CAAC, a statutory consultee. I would like to reiterate our objection to ALL these applications for new telephone kiosks, which end up being a location for advertisements, a hazard to pedestrian movements and a blight on the streetscape. I am also object to every single application. I hove submitted on the proliferation of these telephone kiosks on behalf of BRAG (Bloomsbury Residents Action Group). As residents of Bloomsbury, we are concerned about the quality of the environment in which we live, but we have neither the time nor the resources to object to every single applicat

Site Description

The application site comprises of an area of the footway adjacent to 97 Southampton Row on the south-west side of the road. The site is directly adjacent to the retail units and restaurant units at the ground floor of Cranfield House in close proximity to vehicle entrance to the block. The footway width is approximately 5.0m in this location. This is very busy road for both vehicular and pedestrian traffic. The existing street furniture on the pavement in close proximity includes; traffic lights, tables and chairs for the restaurant, lamp-posts and litter bins.

The site lies within the Central London Area and within a Bloomsbury Conservation Area and is not adjacent to any listed buildings.

Relevant History

2017/1093/P - Land Adjacent to **97 Southampton Row** - Installation of 1 x telephone kiosk on the pavement.- **Prior Approval Required - Approval Refused 07-04-2017**

2017/0109/A - Bus Stop outside **142 Southampton Row** - Display of 1x internally illuminated digital screen facing inwards to the existing bus shelter structure no. CAM0006AB - **Advertisement Consent Granted 06-03-2017**

2016/6056/P - Telephone kiosk Outside 148 Southampton Row - Change of use from telephone kiosk to office pod (sui generis). Granted 06-03-2017

2015/0923/P - Telephone Kiosk Outside 148 Southampton Row - Change of use of BT telephone box to retail kiosk (Class A1). Refused 17-04-2015

Relevant policies

National Planning Policy Framework (2012)

London Plan 2016 Draft New London Plan 2017

TfL's Pedestrian Comfort Guidance for London (2010)

Camden Local Plan 2017

A1 Managing the impact of development

- C5 Safety and Security
- C6 Access
- D1 Design
- G1 Delivery and location of growth
- T1 Prioritising walking, cycling and public transport

Camden Planning Guidance

CPG1 Design (2015) CPG7 Transport (2011)

Bloomsbury Conservation Area Appraisal and Management Strategy (2011)

Camden Streetscape Design Manual

Assessment

1.0 Proposal

- 1.1 Confirmation is sought as to whether the installation of a telephone kiosk would require prior approval under Part 16 of Schedule 2 of the GPDO. The order permits the Council to only consider matters of siting, design and appearance in determining GPDO prior approval applications. The potential impact on crime and public safety are relevant considerations under siting, design, appearance and accessibility.
- 1.2The kiosk would measure 1.325m by 1.125m with an overall height of 2.6m, and would be located on the south-west pedestrian footway on Southampton Row close to the junction with Russell Square. There are traffic lights nearby and the vehicle entrance to the Cranfield House would be within approximately 10m. The existing street furniture on the pavement in close proximity includes; traffic lights, tables and chairs for the restaurant, lamp-posts and litter bins.
- 1.3 It would have a powder coated metal frame with reinforced laminated glass on three sides, and a solar panel on the roof.

2.0 Assessment

- 2.1 Policy A1 states that the Council will seek to ensure development contributes towards strong and successful communities by balancing the needs of development with the needs and characteristics of local areas and communities, and that the Council will resist development that fails to adequately assess and address transport impacts affecting communities, occupiers, neighbours and the existing transport network. Paragraph 6.10 states that the Council will expect works affecting the highway network to consider highway safety, with a focus on vulnerable road users, including the provision of adequate sightlines for vehicles, and that development should address the needs of vulnerable or disabled users. Furthermore, Policy T1 point e) states that the Council will seek to ensure that developments provide high quality footpaths and pavements that are wide enough for the number of people expected to use them, including features to assist vulnerable road users where appropriate, and paragraph 8.9 of CPG7 (Transport) highlights that footways should be wide enough for two people using wheelchairs, or prams, to pass each other.
- 2.2 Camden's Streetscape Design manual section 3.01 footway width states the following:
 - "Clear footway" is not the distance from kerb to boundary wall, but the unobstructed pathway width within the footway;
 - 1.8 metres minimum width needed for two adults passing;
 - 3 metres minimum width for busy pedestrian street though greater widths are usually required;
 - Keeping the footway width visually free of street furniture is also important, allowing clear sightlines along the street'.
- 2.3All development affecting footways in Camden is also expected to comply with Appendix B of Transport for London's (TfL's) Pedestrian Comfort Guidance, which notes that active and high flow locations must provide a minimum 2.2m and 3.3m of 'clear footway width' (respectively) for the safe and comfortable movement of pedestrians.
- 2.4 Policy T1 states that the Council will promote sustainable transport choices by prioritising walking, cycling and public transport use and that development should ensure that sustainable transport will be the primary means of travel to and from the site. Policy T1 points a) and b) state that in order to promote walking in the borough and improve the pedestrian environment, the Council will seek to ensure that developments improve the pedestrian environment by supporting high quality improvement works, and make improvements to the pedestrian environment including the provision of high quality safe road crossings where needed, seating, signage and landscaping.

2.5 Policy T1 (Public Transport) states that where appropriate, development will be required to provide

for interchanging between different modes of transport including facilities to make interchange easy and convenient for all users and maintain passenger comfort.

- 2.6 Paragraph 8.6 of CPG7 (Transport) seeks improvements to streets and spaces to ensure good quality access and circulation arrangements for all. Ensuring the following:
 - Safety of vulnerable road users, including children, elderly people and people with mobility difficulties, sight impairments and other disabilities;
 - Maximising pedestrian accessibility and minimising journey times;
 - Providing stretches of continuous public footways without public highway crossings;
 - Linking to, maintaining, extending and improving the network pedestrian pathways;
 - Providing a high quality environment in terms of appearance, design and construction, paying attention to Conservation Areas;
 - Use of paving surfaces which enhance ease of movement for vulnerable road users; and,
 - Avoiding street clutter and minimising the risk of pedestrian routes being obstructed or narrowed e.g. by pavement parking or by street furniture.
- 2.7 Policy C5 requires development to contribute to community safety and security, and paragraph 4.89 of Policy C5 states that the design of streets needs to be accessible, safe and uncluttered, with careful consideration given to the design and location of any street furniture or equipment. Paragraphs 9.26 and 9.27 of CPG1 (Design) advise that the proposed placement of a new phone kiosk needs to be considered to ensure that it has a limited impact on the sightlines of the footway, and that the size of the kiosk should be minimised to limit its impact on the streetscene and to decrease opportunities for crime and anti-social behaviour.

3.0 Siting

- 3.1 The application site is located on a pavement measuring approximately 4.8m wide. This area of the footway consistently experiences high pedestrian flows, due to its commercial location and approach to Russell Square Underground Station.
- 3.2 Section 3.01 of Camden's Streetscape Design Manual requires a minimum unobstructed pathway width within the footway, known as the 'clear footway'. This guidance and Appendix B of TfL's Pedestrian Comfort Guidance, outlines the recommended minimum footway widths for different levels of pedestrian flows.
- 3.3 The footprint of the proposed telephone kiosk measures 1.325m by 1.125m an area of 1.49m2. Detailed design drawings that include the orientation and exact proposed positioning of the new telephone kiosk on the pavement have not been submitted and so it is unclear as to how wide the 'clear footway' width would be once the proposed telephone kiosk has been installed. However, Camden's Streetscape Design Manual section 4.01, together with TfL's Pedestrian Comfort Guidance, states that street furniture should be placed a minimum of 0.45m back from the carriageway and allow a minimum of 3.3m of 'clear footway width'. Although the site plan annotates the kiosk is set 0.45m back from the carriageway, the proposal would result in the loss of a minimum of 1.8m of the footway. As noted by Transport colleagues the private forecourt adjacent to the site cannot be relied upon to be permanently available to pedestrians. Therefore, the proposal would reduce the 'clear footway' to less than the minimum threshold, which would reduce pedestrian comfort, resulting in overcrowding, issues highway safety through interfering with signals, visual obstructions, visibility splays and may lead to the discouragement of sustainable travel. As such, the proposal would be contrary to Policies A1 and T1 and is considered unacceptable.
- 3.4 There are seven existing telephone kiosks within approximately 120m of the site. These include two to the north of the site at Russell Square, four to the south-east of the site along Southampton Row and another at Queens Square. No justification has been submitted for the need to install a further one. The applicant states there is a need for children to have access to public phone boxes in order to make free calls to Childline. This does not justify the addition of the proposed kiosk and

any need for this purpose is mitigated by the number of existing phone boxes in the surrounding area. In addition to concerns about the infrequent use of telephone kiosks due to the prevalence of mobile phone use, it is considered that the proposed telephone kiosk would act only as a hindrance to pedestrian movement, adding further clutter to the streetscene rather than providing a public service for the benefit of highways users, contrary to Policy A1.

4.0 Design and Appearance

- 4.1 Policy D1 aims to ensure the highest design standards for developments. Policy D1 states that the Council will require all developments to be of the highest standard of design and to respect the character, setting, form and scale of neighbouring buildings, its contribution to the public realm, and its impact on wider views and vistas.
- 4.2 Considerable importance and weight has been attached to the harm and special attention has been paid to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of the conservation area, under s.72 of the Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas Act 1990 as amended by the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act (ERR) 2013.
- 4.3 The Bloomsbury Conservation Area Statement advises that 'the planning authority will seek to encourage improvements to the public realm including the reduction of street clutter and improved street lamps, way-finding and signage design'.
- 4.4 The street furniture that presently exists on this section of the footway comprises necessary elements of street lamps and traffic signalling. It is considered that the introduction of a new telephone kiosk to this section of footway would introduce additional street furniture that would degrade the visual amenity of the area through the creation of unnecessary street clutter. Furthermore, due to its proposed location within 120m of seven existing telephone kiosks, it is considered that the proposed development would add to the over-proliferation of such structures and severely degrade the visual amenity of the area through the creation of further unnecessary street clutter.
- 4.5 The proposed structure is considered a very poor design in terms of size, scale, massing and proposed materials, and is not an appropriate or acceptable addition in this location. It would be an obtrusive piece of street furniture in this location detracting from the streetscene. The powder coated metal frame and reinforced laminated glass incongruous design would provide an intrusive addition to the street. Consequently, the proposed kiosk would seriously affect the character and appearance of the Bloomsbury Conservation Area, and would thus result in a significant harm to the wider streetscene. As such, the proposal would fail to adhere to Policy D1 and D2.
- 4.6 The National Planning Policy Framework (The Framework) says that heritage assets are an irreplaceable resource and that they should be conserved in a manner appropriate to their significance. In this case, there would be harm but it is considered that this would be less than substantial harm. In these circumstances, the harm should be weighed against the public benefits of the proposals. As there are already, a number of existing telephone kiosks within close proximity of the site there is not considered any public benefit from the provision of another kiosk in this location.

<u>Access</u>

4.7 Policy C6 requires new buildings, spaces and facilities that the public may use to be fully accessible to promote equality of opportunity. Although the proposed kiosk would allow wheelchair users to 'access' the kiosk, this does not amount to the provision of a wheelchair accessible phone. The Council's Access Officer has highlighted that there are a number of requirements, which need to be considered for an accessible phone booth, including kneeholes and the height of the telephone controls, which should be located between 0.75m and 1.0m above the floor. The telephone controls in the proposed kiosk would be located at a maximum height of 1.2m above the floor, and so the proposed kiosk is considered unacceptable in terms of providing access for all,

contrary to Policy C6.

5.0 Anti-social behaviour and crime

5.1 With regards to community safety matters, a number of issues have been raised by the Metropolitan Police Crime Prevention Design Advisor. In particular, it has been noted that existing telephone kiosks within the London Borough of Camden have become 'crime generators' and a focal point for anti-social behaviour (ASB). An additional kiosk in this location would be likely to increase opportunities for crime in an area where there are already issues of existing kiosks being used for criminal activity. The design and siting of the proposal on a busy footway would further add to street clutter and safety issues in terms of crime and ASB, through reducing sight lines and natural surveillance in the area, and providing a potential opportunity for an offender to loiter. The proposal would therefore be contrary to Policy C5 and CPG1 (Design).

6.0 Conclusion

6.1 The proposal would result in unacceptable street clutter, harmful to the character and appearance of the streetscape and the Bloomsbury Conservation Area, and to the detriment of pedestrian flows. By virtue of its inappropriate siting, size and design would fail to reduce opportunities for crime and antisocial behaviour to the detriment of community safety and security as well as poor accessibility. The proposal, by virtue of its siting and appearance, is considered unacceptable.

7.0 Recommendation

7.1 Refuse Prior Approval