LISTED BUILDING APPLICATION

FOR

BLOCKING UP OF EXISTING OPENING/DOOR TO UNDERSTAIR STORAGE AREA & FORMATION OF NEW OPENING AND DOOR

APPLICATION SITE:
8 SOUTH SQUARE,
THE HONOURABLE SOCIETY OF GRAY'S INN,
LONDON WC1R 5ET

DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT/HERITAGE ASSESSMENT/SCHEDULE OF WORKS

Prepared by Mark Snook Planning on behalf of The Honourable Society of Gray's Inn

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This document has been prepared to support an accompanying listed building application for the proposed alterations to an internal door that serves an understair cupboard at 8 South Square, in the basement area beneath the buttery.
- 1.2 This document should be read in conjuction with the Mark Snook Planning drawings, which are referenced below:-

DRAWING	REVISION
Location Plan	INN/1064/PL/06/17/001/A
Partial Lower Ground and Ground Floor Plans	INN/1064/PL/06/17/002/A
New door to understairs cupboard – Existing plans and elevations	INN/1064/PL/06/17/003/A
New door to understairs cupboard – Proposed plan and elevations	INN/1064/PL/06/17/04/A

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF WORKS

- 2.1 These works relate to an understair area that is used by kitchen staff for storage. Presently, the staff have to access the area through a door that opens out onto an open staircase see drawings/photos. This is a dangerous situation that does not comply with health and safety regulations. It is proposed to block this doorway off and create a new opening to serve this area to the hallway adjacent to the existing staircase to allow safe access.
- 2.2 We believe staircase was constructed as part of the 1950's re-build due to the substantial bomb damage sustained to this part of Gray's Inn during in the Second World War.
- 2.3 The existing doorway would be blocked in and the external surface made good and finished to match existing decoration.
- 2.4 A new opening would be formed within the adjacent hall, creating a new doorway to access the understairs storage area. A standard, timber flush door to match the other doors in this section of hall would be fitted, with an architrave timber surround again to match through.

- 2.5 The general staircase, timber strings etc would be unaffected by the proposal.
- 2.6 No external alterations are required.

3.0 LISTING DESCRIPTION/HERITAGE ASSESSMENT

- 3.1 This statement has been prepared to support a Listed Building application by The Honourable Society of Gray's Inn to block off an existing doorway into an understairs cupboard, that poses a significant safety hazard, and insert a new door way in the adjacent hall to provide a new access point. The door is situated within a lower basement area that sits beneath the 'buttery' that serves the banqueting hall. It is a functional area, like the buttery it has been adapted for the purposes of food preparation.
- 3.2 No. 8 South Square is a Grade II Listed Building and therefore constitutes a 'Heritage Asset' as described in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).
- 3.3 The NPPF states that any application for proposals affecting a Heritage Asset should provide a Heritage Assessment (HA), this is set out below.
- 3.4 The NPPF states that the level of detail required for a Heritage Assessment should be proportionate to the assets' importance and no more than is sufficient to understand the potential impact of the proposal on their significance.
- 3.5 The listing description is as follows:

798-1/102/640 GRAY'S INN 14-JUN-10 (North side) THE HALL AND ATTACHED RAILINGS SOUTH S QUARE (Formerly listed as: GRAY'S INN THE HALL AND ATTACHED RAILINGS SOUTH SQUARE)

GV II* Banqueting hall. Rebuilt 1556-58, retaining earlier fabric. Externally remodelled 1826 and 1897. Restored 1948-51 under Sir Edward Maufe, following major WWII bomb damage. Buttery added to W end 1971-72, to the design of Erith and Terry.

MATERIALS: Red brick laid in English bond with darker burnt bricks; some traces of diapering. Portland stone dressings. Clay tile roof.

PLAN: The hall stands above an undercroft. Five bays externally, six bays internally; screens passage to W end with gallery above. Porches to westermost bays on N and S sides. Buttery (kitchen) to W end is single storey above basement.

EXTERIOR: The facing brickwork has been restored, particularly at the upper levels. It is of five bays divided by offset buttresses. The crow-stepped gables, although restored, are an early feature; the plain parapets date from Maufe's restoration, replacing an eaves cornice. Porch on the S side, much restored, with stone tablet carved with a griffin, the badge of Gray's Inn, above door.

On the N side is a porch with a keyed round-arched doorway, built as a servery by Maufe on the site of a porch removed in the 1930s, and adapted again as a porch. E bay of the north elevation has large bay window of four transomed lights on the face and two on the canted sides, all with cinquefoiled heads and three-centred heads to the lower lights. The other windows are three-over-three light mullion-and-transom with drip moulds. The windows are described by RCHME (1925) as 'restored'; the stonework may date from he 1826 remodelling or later. E and W gables each have large four-centred arched window of five pointed lights and two transoms. The bay window on the south side was added by Maufe. Stone mullioned windows to basement date from post-war restoration. Roof has a hexagonal lead lantern with pinnacles. Area railings on N side with Gothic pattern heads.

Buttery in a Georgian Gothick style, in red brick with Portland stone dressings and crenellations. Two-inch bricks for the main structure and three-inch bricks for the parapet and blind windows, to suggest a C16 building gothicised in the early C19. Broad ogee windows of three lights with Y tracery; that on the W elevation is flanked by blind ogee windows. The three pinnacles along the west parapet were designed on those of the Abbot's Lodging at Combernere Abbey, Cheshire (remodelled 1814-20).

INTERIOR: On N side of screens passage is a C16 doorway with moulded jambs and fourcentred arch set in a square head. Left-hand spandrel is carved with the arms of Charles Brandon, 1st Duke of Suffolk (1484-1545), brother-in-law to Henry VIII. On S side is a similar arch, without carving. Hall has dais at the high (E) end. The oak hammer-beam truss roof follows the form of the original, of six bays with carved drop finials set diagonally; the spandrels below the hammer beam with Gothic tracery. At W end is an elaborately carved C16 oak screen of five bays divided by Ionic columns whose shafts are enriched with strapwork relief. Each bay has a round arch with a scrolled key; the second and fourth bays have panelled double doors with strapwork decoration and glazed radial fanlights; the others have panelling of similar decoration and carved lunettes in the tympana. The spandrels are carved with recumbent figures of Victory. The entablature is enriched with strapwork and jewel ornaments; above the cornice is a second enriched frieze; above each column a terminal figure supports the gallery rail; above each bay is a separate entablature and scrolled pediment. The screen is believed to post-date the 1556-58 rebuilding, although stylistically it could belong to that date. According to tradition, it was a gift of Elizabeth I, the Inn's patron.

N, S and E walls are lined with timber panelling to cill level, replacing panelling of 1706 destroyed in the bombing. The panels are hung with the armorial bearings of successive Treasurers. The windows have extensive heraldic stained glass, the earliest dating from 1476, reinstated after the war. The undercroft has been adapted for services and storage, and is clad in modern finishes. The Buttery is entered from the screens passage via a modern four-centred arch. The interior serves as a kitchen and has no decorative treatment.

HISTORY: Gray's Inn is one of the four Inns of Court, the principal legal societies of England and Wales. The Inns' dates of origin are obscure, but they are thought to have emerged in the later C14. Gray's Inn stands on the site of the Manor of Purpoole, the property of the de Grey family. The hall was 're-edified' in 1556-58, at a cost of £863 10s 8d.

The medieval Inn was progressively rebuilt from the late C17, hastened by a series of fires in the 1680s, and the hall is the only building with earlier fabric to survive. Students resided in the Inn and attendance at Dinner (lunch) and Supper in Hall was compulsory. Among the many prominent C16 Inn members were Thomas Cromwell, Sir William Cecil and Francis Bacon, who became Treasurer and Dean of the Chapel, and who laid out the garden Walks to the north west. Shakespeare's Comedy of Errors was first staged in the hall on 28 December 1594.

The hall was remodelled and stuccoed in the Gothick style in 1826, with a crenellated parapet. In 1897 the stucco and crenellations were removed. Gray's Inn suffered extensive damage in an incendiary bomb attack on 11 May 1941, which left the hall in ruins. Its magnificent hammer-beam roof was destroyed, but a number of fittings including heraldic glass and coats of arms had been removed for safekeeping; the C16 screen, already dismantled, was rescued as the building burned. A set of detailed drawings of the roof, undertaken as a precaution in WWI, provided the basis for its reconstruction under Sir Edward Maufe (1883-1974), who undertook extensive restoration work at Gray's Inn. In 1971-72 the Buttery was added to the west end of Gray's Inn Hall to the design of Erith and Terry.

- 3.6 The property forms part of The Honourable Society of Gray's Inn Estate and is located within The London Borough of Camden Bloomsbury Conservation Area.
- 3.8 As noted elsewhere in this statement, the works under this application are of an internal nature only. NO EXTERNAL WORKS/ALTERATIONS ARE PROPOSED. Therefore, there would be no impact upon the character and appearance of the Conservation Area, nor the external facade as a result of the proposals.
- 3.9 The works are as described above. They are required to address an existing health and safety issue. The works do not impinge upon the general fabric of the staircase, but involve the blocking up and making good of an opening mid way up a set of stairs and the formation of a new opening in a safe, convenient position that would match the other openings/doors within this section of hall.
- 3.10 The listing description confirms that the buttery, that sits over the basement where the works are proposed, has no decorative treatment. The basement area is used food preparation/storage and similarly has a functional appearance, with no special decorative features.
- 3.11 To conclude, in our opinion, the proposed works would not have any form of detrimental impact upon the listed building and it's special character, but would be of benefit in allowing safe access to a storage area and removing a hazard.

4.0 DESIGN/ACCESS

- 4.1 The reasoning behind this proposal has already been set out above and has been described in both written and diagrammatical form.
- 4.2 The general access arrangements to no. 8 South Square would be unaffected by this proposal.

Author: Mark Snook Date: June 2017