



65 Gresham Street London EC2V 7NQ

T: +44 (0)20 7911 2468 F: +44 (0)20 7911 2560



Canfield Place

Canfield Place, London

Imperial Land Resources (Switzerland)

March 2017

Contents

1.	Introduction and Scope of Report	.1
2.	Information Relied Upon	.2
3.	Daylight & Sunlight Standards	.3
4.	Scheme Assessment	.5
5.	Summary and Conclusion	.6

Appendices

Appendix I Drawings: CA167/10/BRE/44-46

Appendix II Daylight & Sunlight Analysis Table

Prepared By: Myles Hamilton

Draft Date: March 2017

For and on behalf of GVA Grimley Limited

1. Introduction and Scope of Report

- 1.1 GVA Schatunowski Brooks has been retained by Imperial Land Resources (Switzerland) to assess the proposed development at Canfield Place, London with regards to Internal Daylight and Sunlight Amenity.
- 1.2 The development consists of the demolition of existing single story structures and aims to increase massing and height to bring the majority of buildings in line with the existing structure within the road.
- 1.3 The purpose of this report is to assess the Internal Daylight and Sunlight Amenity, within the proposed development and to identify that is in accordance with the Building Research Establishment BRE) Guidelines "Site Layout Planning for Daylight & Sunlight A Guide to Good Practice", 2011 & the standards in the British Standard Code of Practice for Daylighting, BS8206 Part 2.
- 1.4 The dwellings analysed are as follows
 - ➤ House 24 Type D
 - House 22 Type C2
 - House 18 Type B2
 - House 16 Type B1
 - House 14 Type A3
 - House 12 Type A2
 - House 10 Type A1

2. Information Relied Upon

2.1 Surrounding Buildings:

- Existing Green Hatch Group Survey
- Site Photos

2.2 **Proposed Site**:

- 2044-00-DR-0100_D02 Ground Floor Plan
- > 2044-00-DR-0101_D02 First Floor Plan
- 2044-00-DR-0102_D02 Second Floor Plan
- > 2044-00-DR-0103_D02 Roof Plan
- 2044-00-DR-0400_D02 Section AA Type A, (3 Storeys)
- 2044-00-DR-0401_D02 Section BB Type B, (2 Storeys)
- > 2044-00-DR-0410_D01 Section AA Type A (3 Storeys) Network Rail AIP.
- ➤ 2044-00-DR-0411_D01 Section BB Type B (2 Storeys) Network Rail AIP.
- ➤ 2044-00-DR-0600_D02 Mews & Railway Elevations.
- ➤ 2044-00-RV-PM_0010 Building Envelope Model. 20170201_Spot Height Capture

3. Daylight & Sunlight Standards

- 3.1 The BRE Guidelines Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight: A Guide to Good Practice are well established and are adopted by most Local Authorities as the appropriate scientific and empirical methods of measuring daylight and sunlight in order to provide objective data upon which to apply their planning policies. The Guidelines are not fixed standards but should be applied flexibly to take account of the specific circumstances of each case.
- 3.2 The Introduction of the Guidelines states:

"The guide is intended for building designers and their clients, consultants and planning officials. The advice given here is not mandatory and this document should not be seen as an instrument of planning policy. Its aim is to help rather than constrain the developer. Although it gives numerical guidelines, these should be interpreted flexibly because natural lighting is only one of the many factors in site layout design."

Future Occupants

- 3.3 The quality of Daylight for New-Build dwellings is measured using the standards set out in the British Standard Code of Practice for Daylighting, BS8206 Part 2. These standards are also referred to in Appendix C of the BRE Guidelines.
- For New-Build dwellings, Daylight is measured using Average Daylight Factors (ADF) rather than Vertical Sky Components (VSC) as the Designer has greater control over the various design inputs and variables which dictate the availability of daylight within the room.
- 3.5 VSC is more commonly used for assessing the availability of Daylight to existing neighbouring buildings as it represents the amount of light striking the face of a window. It is a "spot" measurement and equates to the amount of direct light from the sky that is incident on the face of the window. As such, it has its limitations as it does not take account of the size of the window or the size of the room served by the window. It therefore does not necessarily represent the availability and quality of daylight that will be received within the room itself.
- 3.6 In the case of New-Build dwellings, it is possible to change aspects of the design in order to achieve good daylighting conditions. The use of ADF is therefore seen as a more appropriate method of measurement during the design process as it is calculated from a number of design variables and co-efficient which provide a more accurate assessment of internal lighting conditions.

- 3.7 Those input variables comprise:-
 - > The size of the window serving the room (area of glazing).
 - > The size of the room being assessed (internal surface area).
 - > The average reflectance values of the internal finishes.
 - > The loss of transmittance of Daylight through the glazing.
 - A correction factor for maintenance and soiling of the glass finish.
 - > The amount of daylight actually received by the window (the angle of visible sky) calculated from the VSC.
 - > The actual use of the room in question.
- In addition, the application of ADF values makes a distinction between the different uses of the rooms being assessed. For example, a higher ADF value should be achieved for a principal living room in comparison to a bedroom.

4. Scheme Assessment

Daylight & Sunlight

4.1 The test discussed is for planning purposes in accordance with the BRE Report 209 and the London Borough Camden's planning policy.

Daylight & Sunlight Amenity within the Proposal

- 4.2 We have undertaken a 3D computer study of the proposal in respect of Internal Daylight & Sunlight Amenity in accordance with BS 8206: Part 2, as descried in section 3.11 to 3.15 above. We have tested all rooms to accurately assess the Daylight & Sunlight levels within the building as a whole.
- 4.3 The BRE Guidelines also suggest that for dwellings, kitchens should obtain 2.0% ADF, Living/Dining Rooms 1.5% & bedrooms 1.0%. For this development, the dwelling configuration requirements dictate that the majority of houses contain open plan kitchens, and adjoin well lit living/dining rooms, supplied by windows to the rear and in two buildings supplied by additional windows to the front looking over canfield place.
- 4.4 For Daylight, ADF Test within the room indicates that all 21 bedrooms tested, (100%) will meet the 1% criteria for bedrooms, with many achieving far in excess of this figure. Of the 5 Living rooms on the first floor 100% achieve 1.5% and higher.
- 4.5 On the first floor and second floor, tests have been run for a total of 7 Living/Kitchen/Dining areas, and the results show that 100% are in excess of 2% ADF's. Therefore the results indicate a high percentage of adherences to the BRE target values, with 34 of 34 (100%) satisfying guidelines figures.
- 4.6 For Sunlight, we have applied the ASPH test to the rooms that face within 90° of due south and results show rooms will satisfy annual guidelines of 25% and the winter guideline of 5%.
- 4.7 It should be noted that 4 rooms also have windows which face within 90° of due north and have not been tested. It would be seen as an unreasonable expectation that they will be able to obtain enough light to satisfy the required guidance levels and as such, will be shown as N/A within the results.
- 4.8 The above findings suggest that the proposal will be adequately lit and satisfies the BRE Guidelines & the BS 8206: Part 2.

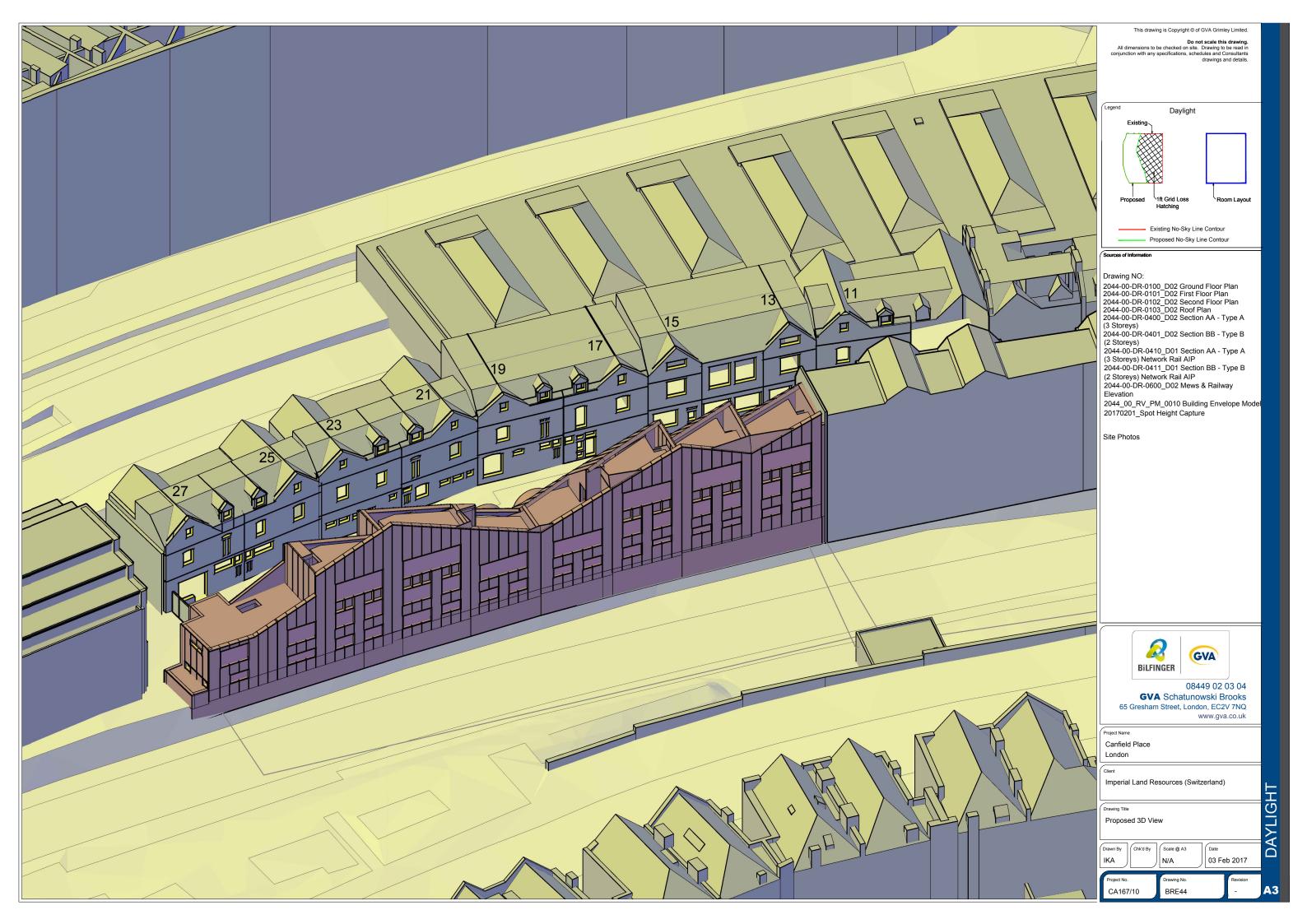
5. Summary and Conclusion

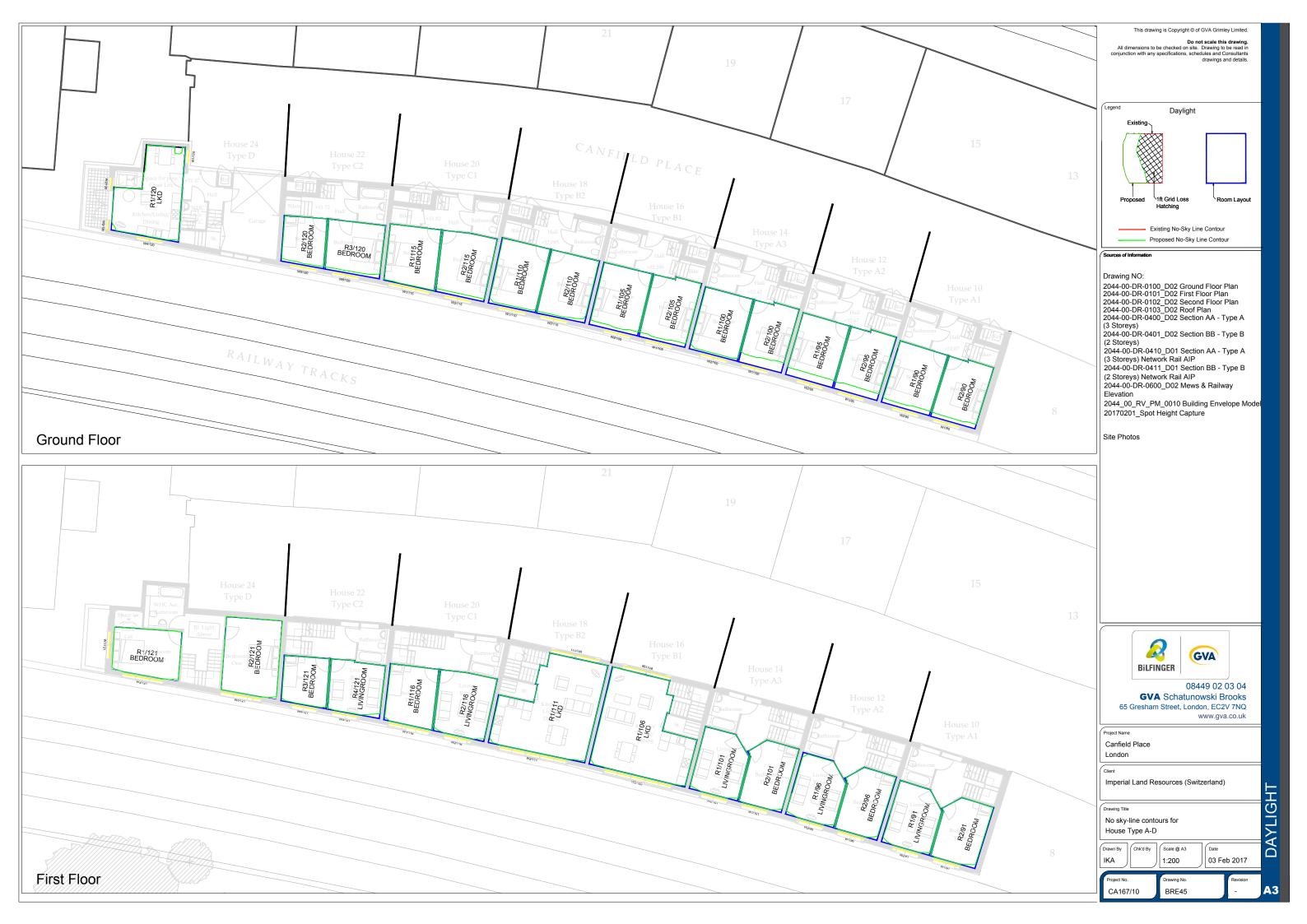
- 5.1 The London Borough of Camden's Planning Policy seeks to safeguard daylight and sunlight to existing buildings, and promote adequate standards for new developments in adherence to the guidance published in the BRE Report 209 "Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight A Guide to Good Practice".
- 5.2 For daylight and sunlight amenity within the proposal, all the habitable rooms tested will achieve the target values for their use in respect of daylight and sunlight.
- In conclusion, the proposal adheres to the BRE Guidelines. We therefore consider the London Borough of Camden's planning policy on Daylight & Sunlight will be satisfied.



Appendix I

CA167/10/BRE/44-46









Appendix II

Daylight & Sunlight Analysis Table



Canfield Place

Daylight and Sunlight Analysis Results Job 10 03-Feb-17

			No Sky			%Sun				
Room/Floor	Room Use	Window	%VSC	%ADF	% of Room	Summer	Winter	Total		
House 24 Ty	pe D									
Gnd Floor										
		W1/120	13.98			6.00	0.00	6.00		
R1/120	LKD	W3/120	24.73	2.16	97.21%	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A		
		W4/120	33.84	1		17.00	26.00	43.00		
1st Floor										
D1 /101	DEDDOOM	W1/121	22.71	6.45	00.1404	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A		
R1/121	BEDROOM	W2/121	35.81		98.16%	43.00	28.00	71.00		
R2/121	BEDROOM	W3/121	35.60	4.67	99.53%	43.00	27.00	70.00		
House 22 Ty	pe C2					•				
Gnd Floor										
R2/120	BEDROOM	W5/120	33.94	3.36	94.86%	26.00	26.00	52.00		
R3/120	BEDROOM	W6/120	33.89	2.58	95.20%	26.00	25.00	51.00		
1st Floor										
R3/121	BEDROOM	W4/121	35.52	5.13	97.32%	39.00	27.00	66.00		
R4/121	LIVINGROOM	W5/121	35.47	4.24	97.58%	39.00	27.00	66.00		
2nd Floor		-	-	-	-		-	_		
R1/122		W1/122	37.10	6.59	98.99%	44.00	29.00	73.00		
House 20 Ty	pe C1			-						
Gnd Floor										
R1/115	BEDROOM	W1/115	34.05	4.75	99.03%	35.00	26.00	61.00		
R2/115	BEDROOM	W2/115	33.72	1.95	95.71%	22.00	25.00	47.00		
1st Floor										
R1/116	BEDROOM	W1/116	35.56	5.92	98.51%	42.00	26.00	68.00		
R2/116	LIVINGROOM	W2/116	35.44	3.29	99.02%	40.00	26.00	66.00		
2nd Floor										
R1/117	LKD	W1/117	37.11	6.79	99.18%	45.00	29.00	74.00		
House 18 Type B2										
Gnd Floor										
R1/110	BEDROOM	W1/110	33.82	2.38	95.92%	28.00	25.00	53.00		
R2/110	BEDROOM	W2/110	33.76	2.40	95.37%	28.00	25.00	53.00		
1st Floor										
D1 /111	LKD	W1/111	24.73	7.23	99.25%	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A		
R1/111	LND	W2/111	35.54	1.23	99.25%	43.00	27.00	70.00		



			No Sky			%Sun						
Room/Floor	Room Use	Window	%VSC	%ADF	% of Room	Summer	Winter	Total				
House 16 Ty	House 16 Type B1											
Gnd Floor												
R1/105	BEDROOM	W2/105	33.63	1.87	93.05%	21.00	26.00	47.00				
R2/105	BEDROOM	W1/105	33.53	1.89	94.64%	21.00	25.00	46.00				
1st Floor												
R1/106	LKD	W1/106	24.98		98.91%	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A				
		W2/106	35.52		90.9170	44.00	26.00	70.00				
House 14 Ty	pe A3											
Gnd Floor												
R1/100	BEDROOM	W2/100	33.79	2.41	95.79%	30.00	25.00	55.00				
R2/100	BEDROOM	W1/100	31.36	1.02	85.59%	3.00	23.00	26.00				
1st Floor					_							
R1/101	LIVINGROOM	W2/101	35.42	3.76		38.00	26.00	64.00				
R2/101	BEDROOM	W1/101	35.36	3.73	99.15%	39.00	25.00	64.00				
2nd Floor												
R1/102	LKD	W1/102	37.07	5.99	98.87%	45.00	27.00	72.00				
House 12 Ty	pe A2											
Gnd Floor												
R1/95	BEDROOM	W2/95	33.06	1.25	88.42%	7.00	24.00					
R2/95	BEDROOM	W1/95	33.00	1.28	88.69%	8.00	24.00	32.00				
1st Floor					_							
R1/96	LIVINGROOM	W2/96	35.45	3.67	97.10%	38.00	26.00					
R2/96	BEDROOM	W1/96	35.39	3.73	97.68%	38.00	26.00	64.00				
2nd Floor												
	LKD	W1/97	37.09	6.46	98.90%	46.00	27.00	73.00				
House 10 Ty	pe A1											
Gnd Floor												
R1/90	BEDROOM	W2/90	33.54		92.32%	18.00	25.00					
R2/90	BEDROOM	W1/90	33.46	1.85	93.54%	18.00	25.00	43.00				
1st Floor												
R1/91	LIVINGROOM	W2/91	35.44	3.71	98.18%	38.00	26.00					
R2/91	BEDROOM	W1/91	35.38	3.74	97.46%	38.00	26.00	64.00				
2nd Floor												
R1/92	LKD	W1/92	37.09	5.97	99.30%	46.00	27.00	73.00				