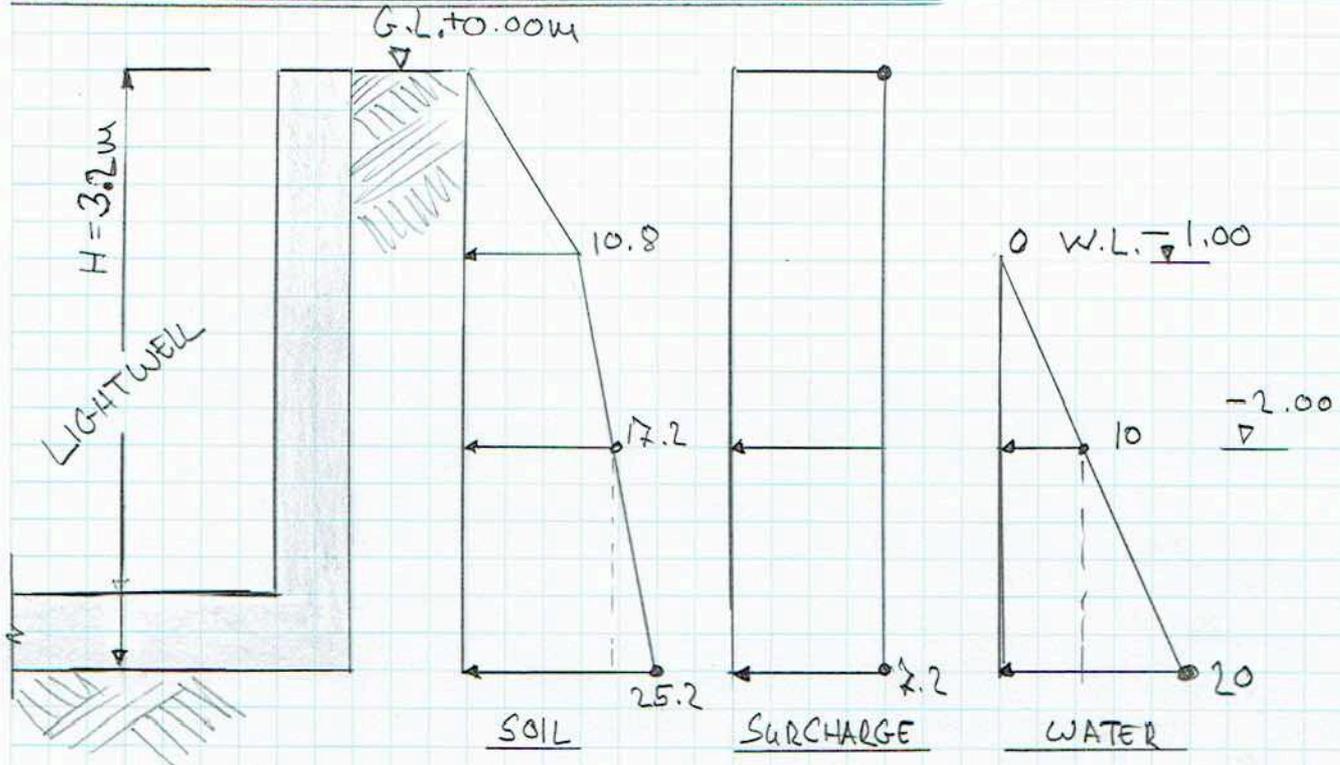


Project No. 1522	Sheet 1	Revision	27 GLADES ROAD Project
Date 28.05.2012	Engineer KT	Checked	

RETAINING WALL DESIGN AT LIGHTWELL:

THE RETAINING WALL IS A CANTILEVER WITHOUT ANY PROPPING PROVIDED TO THE TOP.

DERIVATION OF HORIZONTAL LOADING:



SOIL:

$$w_{\text{soil1}} = 0.6 (18 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times 1\text{m} \times 1\text{m}) = \underline{10.8 \text{ kN/m}}$$

$$w_{\text{soil2}} = w_{\text{soil1}} + \left[0.6 (18 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times 2\text{m} \times 1\text{m}) \times \frac{2}{3} \right] = \underline{25.2 \text{ kN/m}}$$

SURCHARGE:

$$w_{\text{sue}} = 0.6 \times 12 \text{ kN/m}^2 = \underline{7.2 \text{ kN/m}}$$

WATER:

$$w_{\text{water}} = 10 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times 2\text{m} = \underline{20 \text{ kN/m}}$$

Project No. 1587	Sheet 2	Revision	27 GLADYS ROAD Project
Date 23.05.2017	Engineer KT	Checked	

RETAINING WALL IS TO BE DESIGNED TO SPAN HORIZONTALLY.
AS AN RC SLAB.

WORST CASE DEAD LOAD ON RC WALL:

$$\text{SOIL} = 17.2 + \frac{(25.2 - 17.2) \times 1}{2} = \underline{\underline{21.2 \text{ kN/m}}}$$

$$\text{WATER} = 10 + \frac{(20 - 10) \times 1}{2} = \underline{\underline{15 \text{ kN/m}}}$$

WORST CASE LIVE LOAD ON RC WALL:

$$\text{SURCHARGE} = \underline{\underline{7.2 \text{ kN/m}}}$$

DESIGN:

FOR CALCULATION AND DESIGN REFER TO TEDD'S
PRINT-OUTS.

$$w_{uls} = 1.4 [21.2 + 15] + 1.6 [7.2] = \underline{\underline{62.2 \text{ kN/m}}}$$

$$R = \frac{wL}{2} = \frac{62.2 \times 5}{2} = \underline{\underline{156 \text{ kN}}}$$

$$M = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{62.2 \times 5^2}{8} = \underline{\underline{195 \text{ kNm}}}$$

Constructure Ltd 15 Bell Yard Mews London SE1 3TY	Project		27 Gladys Road		Job no.		1587
	Calcs for		Retaining wall at lightwell		Start page no./Revision		3
	Calcs by	Calcs date	Checked by	Checked date	Approved by	Approved date	
	KT	23/05/2017					

RC SLAB DESIGN (BS8110:PART1:1997)

TEDDS calculation version 1.0.04

CONCRETE SLAB DESIGN (CL 3.5.3 & 4)

SIMPLE ONE WAY SPANNING SLAB DEFINITION

Overall depth of slab $h = 300$ mm

Cover to tension reinforcement resisting sagging $c_b = 50$ mm

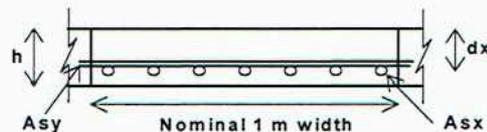
Trial bar diameter $D_{tryx} = 25$ mm

Depth to tension steel (resisting sagging)

$$d_x = h - c_b - D_{tryx}/2 = 237 \text{ mm}$$

Characteristic strength of reinforcement $f_y = 500$ N/mm²

Characteristic strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm²



**One-way spanning slab
(simple)**

ONE WAY SPANNING SLAB (CL 3.5.4)

MAXIMUM DESIGN MOMENTS IN SPAN

Design sagging moment (per m width of slab) $m_{sx} = 195.0$ kNm/m

CONCRETE SLAB DESIGN – SAGGING – OUTER LAYER OF STEEL (CL 3.5.4)

Design sagging moment (per m width of slab) $m_{sx} = 195.0$ kNm/m

Moment Redistribution Factor $\beta_{bx} = 1.0$

Area of reinforcement required

$$K_x = \text{abs}(m_{sx}) / (d_x^2 \times f_{cu}) = 0.086$$

$$K'_x = \min(0.156, (0.402 \times (\beta_{bx} - 0.4)) - (0.18 \times (\beta_{bx} - 0.4)^2)) = 0.156$$

Outer compression steel not required to resist sagging

Slab requiring outer tension steel only - bars (sagging)

$$z_x = \min((0.95 \times d_x), (d_x \times (0.5 + \sqrt{(0.25 - K_x/0.9)}))) = 212 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Neutral axis depth } x_x = (d_x - z_x) / 0.45 = 57 \text{ mm}$$

Area of tension steel required

$$A_{sx_req} = \text{abs}(m_{sx}) / (1/\gamma_{ms} \times f_y \times z_x) = 2116 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Tension steel

Provide 25 dia bars @ 150 centres outer tension steel resisting sagging

$$A_{sx_prov} = A_{sx} = 3270 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Area of outer tension steel provided sufficient to resist sagging

Constructure Ltd 15 Bell Yard Mews London SE1 3TY	Project 27 Gladys Road				Job no. 1587	
	Calcs for Retaining wall at lightwell				Start page no./Revision 4	
	Calcs by KT	Calcs date 23/05/2017	Checked by	Checked date	Approved by	Approved date

TRANSVERSE BOTTOM STEEL - INNER

Inner layer of transverse steel

Provide 12 dia bars @ 150 centres

$$A_{sy_prov} = A_{sy} = 754 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Check min and max areas of steel resisting sagging

Total area of concrete $A_c = h = 300000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Minimum % reinforcement $k = 0.13 \%$

$$A_{st_min} = k \times A_c = 390 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{st_max} = 4 \% \times A_c = 12000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Steel defined:

Outer steel resisting sagging $A_{sx_prov} = 3270 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Area of outer steel provided (sagging) OK

Inner steel resisting sagging $A_{sy_prov} = 754 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Area of inner steel provided (sagging) OK

SHEAR RESISTANCE OF CONCRETE SLABS (CL 3.5.5)

Outer tension steel resisting sagging moments

Depth to tension steel from compression face $d_x = 237 \text{ mm}$

Area of tension reinforcement provided (per m width of slab) $A_{sx_prov} = 3270 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Design ultimate shear force (per m width of slab) $V_x = 156 \text{ kN/m}$

Characteristic strength of concrete $f_{cu} = 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Applied shear stress

$$v_x = V_x / d_x = 0.66 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Check shear stress to clause 3.5.5.2

$$v_{allowable} = \min((0.8 \text{ N}^{1/2}/\text{mm}) \times \sqrt{f_{cu}}, 5 \text{ N/mm}^2) = 5.00 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Shear stress - OK

Shear stresses to clause 3.5.5.3

Design shear stress

$$f_{cu_ratio} = \text{if } (f_{cu} > 40 \text{ N/mm}^2, 40/25, f_{cu}/(25 \text{ N/mm}^2)) = 1.600$$

$$v_{cx} = 0.79 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times \min(3,100 \times A_{sx_prov} / d_x)^{1/3} \times \max(0.67, (400 \text{ mm} / d_x)^{1/4}) / 1.25 \times f_{cu_ratio}^{1/3}$$

$$v_{cx} = 0.94 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Applied shear stress

$$v_x = 0.66 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

No shear reinforcement required

CONCRETE SLAB DEFLECTION CHECK (CL 3.5.7)

Slab span length $l_x = 5.000 \text{ m}$

Constructure Ltd 15 Bell Yard Mews London SE1 3TY	Project			Job no.	
	27 Gladys Road			1587	
	Calcs for			Start page no./Revision	
Retaining wall at lightwell			5		
Calcs by	Calcs date	Checked by	Checked date	Approved by	Approved date
KT	23/05/2017				

Design ultimate moment in shorter span per m width $m_{sx} = 195 \text{ kNm/m}$

Depth to outer tension steel $d_x = 237 \text{ mm}$

Tension steel

Area of outer tension reinforcement provided $A_{sx_prov} = 3270 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Area of tension reinforcement required $A_{sx_req} = 2116 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Moment Redistribution Factor $\beta_{bx} = 1.00$

Modification Factors

Basic span / effective depth ratio (Table 3.9) $\text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} = 20$

The modification factor for spans in excess of 10m (ref. cl 3.4.6.4) has not been included.

$$f_s = 2 \times f_y \times A_{sx_req} / (3 \times A_{sx_prov} \times \beta_{bx}) = 215.7 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\text{factor}_{\text{tens}} = \min (2, 0.55 + (477 \text{ N/mm}^2 - f_s) / (120 \times (0.9 \text{ N/mm}^2 + m_{sx} / d_x^2))) = 1.050$$

Calculate Maximum Span

This is a simplified approach and further attention should be given where special circumstances exist. Refer to clauses 3.4.6.4 and 3.4.6.7.

$$\text{Maximum span } l_{\text{max}} = \text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} \times \text{factor}_{\text{tens}} \times d_x = 4.99 \text{ m}$$

Check the actual beam span

$$\text{Actual span/depth ratio } l_x / d_x = 21.05$$

$$\text{Span depth limit } \text{ratio}_{\text{span_depth}} \times \text{factor}_{\text{tens}} = 20.99$$

Span/Depth ratio exceeds limit - check Fails

*LOADING IS CONSERVATIVE,
THEREFORE OK!*

CHECK OF NOMINAL COVER (SAGGING) – (BS8110:PT 1, TABLE 3.4)

Slab thickness $h = 300 \text{ mm}$

Effective depth to bottom outer tension reinforcement $d_x = 237.5 \text{ mm}$

Diameter of tension reinforcement $D_x = 25 \text{ mm}$

Diameter of links $L_{\text{diat}} = 0 \text{ mm}$

Cover to outer tension reinforcement

$$c_{\text{tenx}} = h - d_x - D_x / 2 = 50.0 \text{ mm}$$

Nominal cover to links steel

$$c_{\text{nomx}} = c_{\text{tenx}} - L_{\text{diat}} = 50.0 \text{ mm}$$

Permissible minimum nominal cover to all reinforcement (Table 3.4)

$$c_{\text{min}} = 50 \text{ mm}$$

Cover over steel resisting sagging OK