## Appendix C: Acoustic Terminology

Term	Description
Decibel (dB)	A unit of noise level derived from the logarithm of the ratio between the value of a quantity and a reference value. It is used to describe the level of many different quantities. For sound pressure level the reference quantity is 20 $\mu$ Pa, the threshold of normal hearing is 0dB, and 140dB is the threshold of pain. A change of 1dB is only perceptible under controlled conditions. Under normal conditions a change in noise level of 3dB(A) is the smallest perceptible change.
dB(A)	Decibels measured on a sound level meter incorporating a frequency weighting (A weighting) which differentiates between sounds of different frequency (pitch) in a similar way to the human ear. Measurements in dB(A) broadly agree with people's assessment of loudness. A change of 3 dB(A) is the minimum perceptible under normal conditions, and a change of 10 dB(A) corresponds roughly to halving or doubling the loudness of a sound. The background noise level in a living room may be about 30 dB(A); normal conversation about 60 dB(A) at 1 metre; heavy road traffic about 80 dB(A) at 10 metres; the level near a pneumatic drill about 100 dB(A).
L <sub>Aeq,T</sub>	The equivalent continuous sound level – the sound level of a notionally steady sound having the same energy as a fluctuating sound over a specified measurement period (T). $L_{Aeq, T}$ is used to describe many types of noise and can be measured directly with an integrating sound level meter.
L <sub>A10,T</sub>	The A weighted noise level exceeded for 10% of the specified measurement period (T). $L_{A10}$ is the index generally adopted to assess traffic noise.
L <sub>A90, T</sub>	The A weighted noise level exceeded for 90% of the specified measurement period (T). In BS 4142:2014 it is used to define the 'background' noise level.
L <sub>Amax</sub>	The maximum A-weighted sound pressure level recorded during a measurement.
L <sub>Amin</sub>	The minimum A-weighted sound pressure level recorded during a measurement.
R <sub>w</sub>	The weighted sound reduction index, Rw, is a single figure description of sound reduction index which is defined in BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997. The Rw is calculated from measurements in an acoustic laboratory to BS EN ISO 140-3:1997 and ratings to BS EN ISO 717-1:1997. Sound insulation ratings derived from site (which are invariably lower than the laboratory figures) are referred to as the R'w ratings (apparent weighted sound reduction index) and measured to BS EN ISO 140-4:1998