

31 Willoughby Road,  
London, NW3 1RT

Basement Impact Assessment  
Audit

For  
London Borough of Camden

Project Number: 12466-50

Revision: D1

March 2017

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Contents

1.0 Non-technical summary ..... 1

2.0 introduction..... 3

3.0 Basement Impact Assessment Audit Check List..... 5

4.0 Discussion ..... 9

5.0 Conclusions ..... 12

Appendix

- Appendix 1: Residents' Consultation Comments
- Appendix 2: Audit Query Tracker
- Appendix 3: Supplementary Supporting Documents

## 1.0 NON-TECHNICAL SUMMARY

- 1.1. CampbellReith was instructed by London Borough of Camden, (LBC) to carry out an audit on the Basement Impact Assessment submitted as part of the Planning Submission documentation for 31 Willoughby Road, London NW3 1RT (planning reference 2016/7146/P). The basement is considered to fall within Category B as defined by the Terms of Reference.
- 1.2. The Audit reviewed the Basement Impact Assessment for potential impact on land stability and local ground and surface water conditions arising from basement development in accordance with LBC's policies and technical procedures.
- 1.3. CampbellReith was able to access LBC's Planning Portal and gain access to the latest revision of submitted documentation and reviewed it against an agreed audit check list.
- 1.4. The proposed development involves the construction of a basement beneath the existing house which will extend to a depth of approximately 4.1m below existing ground level. The proposed basement will also extend beneath part of the rear garden. The Grade II listed Willow Cottages and a 2.4m high retaining wall are immediately to the rear of the proposed basement.
- 1.5. The BIA has been prepared by Geotechnical and Environmental Associates. The author's qualifications are in accordance with CPG4 guidelines.
- 1.6. A desk study broadly in accordance with LBC guidance is presented. Utility companies have not been approached with regards to underground infrastructure, an outline construction programme is not provided and a conceptual site model has not been presented.
- 1.7. A site investigation has identified a varying thickness of Made Ground underlain by 'Superficial Deposits' and the London Clay Formation. Interpretative geotechnical information is not consistent with the site investigation data.
- 1.8. BGS mapping identifies that the site lies on a designated Secondary 'A' Aquifer, the Claygate Member. The monitoring data suggests that the basement development will be below standing groundwater level. The hydrogeological assessment states that the groundwater within the 'Superficial Deposits' is considered to be perched and not part of a continuous groundwater body. This has not been demonstrated and further assessment is required.
- 1.9. The propensity of local wells, the inferred historic route of a tributary of the River Fleet and the comments from residents of Willow Cottages indicating existing groundwater issues affecting their properties, plus the monitored water level below the site, should all be considered within a hydrogeological study.

- 1.10. It is proposed to construct the basement retaining walls by underpinning of the existing foundations. Outline temporary and permanent works are described. It is noted there are a number of assumptions and that loads, bearing capacities and bearing pressures are inconsistently referenced and that the site investigation data does not support the range of bearing pressures proposed.
- 1.11. Considering the form of construction, the temporary works plan should provide more detail on dewatering, in order to demonstrate temporary stability.
- 1.12. The GMA has assumed foundations will be formed within stiff clay, whereas the actual conditions to be underpinned are soft to firm. The GMA also adopts a maximum of 5mm horizontal movement to be generated by underpinning, which has not been substantiated. The GMA should be repeated, adopting the actual site conditions and providing evidence for any conclusions drawn.
- 1.13. The GMA identifies the potential sensitive structural receivers within the zone of impact of the proposed development, which includes neighbouring buildings and the boundary wall with Willow Cottages, but does not include Willow Cottages. For the structures assessed, Category 0 to 1 (Negligible to Very Slight) damage is predicted. The damage impact assessment is not accepted and should be re-evaluated, including all structures within the predicted zone of influence.
- 1.14. It is noted that the retaining wall between the site and Willow Cottages is reported as structurally unstable by neighbouring residents and the impact to this wall should be further assessed. A structural monitoring plan including allowance for condition surveys, suitable trigger values and contingency actions should be presented.
- 1.15. The BIA states that the site is at very low risk of surface water flooding but does identify it as being within a Critical Drainage Area (Group 3-010, as determined by LBC). In line with LBC guidance, a drainage solution should be presented incorporating attenuation SUDS to reduce peak discharge rates, if practicable.
- 1.16. The site is at low to moderate risk of flooding from sewers. It is understood that a non-return valve will be installed so that the basement will be protected further from sewer flooding.
- 1.17. Non-technical summaries should be provided within any revisions to the BIA submitted.
- 1.18. Queries and matters requiring further information or clarification are summarised in Appendix 2. Until the further information required has been presented, the BIA does not meet the criteria of CPG4.

## 2.0 INTRODUCTION

- 2.1. CampbellReith was instructed by London Borough of Camden (LBC) on 19 February 2017 to carry out a Category B Audit on the Basement Impact Assessment (BIA) submitted as part of the Planning Submission documentation for 31 Willoughby Road, London NW3 1RT, Camden Reference 2016/7146/P.
- 2.2. The Audit was carried out in accordance with the Terms of Reference set by LBC. It reviewed the Basement Impact Assessment for potential impact on land stability and local ground and surface water conditions arising from basement development.
- 2.3. A BIA is required for all planning applications with basements in Camden in general accordance with policies and technical procedures contained within:
- Guidance for Subterranean Development (GSD). Issue 01. November 2010. Ove Arup & Partners.
  - Camden Planning Guidance (CPG) 4: Basements and Lightwells.
  - Camden Development Policy (DP) 27: Basements and Lightwells.
  - Camden Development Policy (DP) 23: Water.
- 2.4. The BIA should demonstrate that schemes:
- a) maintain the structural stability of the building and neighbouring properties;
  - b) avoid adversely affecting drainage and run off or causing other damage to the water environment; and,
  - c) avoid cumulative impacts upon structural stability or the water environment in the local area;
- and evaluate the impacts of the proposed basement considering the issues of hydrology, hydrogeology and land stability via the process described by the GSD and to make recommendations for the detailed design.
- 2.5. LBC's planning portal describes the proposal as: "Excavation of basement with rear lightwell below dwellinghouse (C3); demolition and reconstruction of single storey side extension."
- 2.6. The planning portal also confirmed the site lies within Hampstead Conservation Area but the building is not a listed building. Numbers 33 to 41 Willow Cottages (located adjacent to the north of the property) are Grade II listed, as is the retaining wall to the garden.

2.7. CampbellReith accessed LBC's Planning Portal on 27 February 2017 and gained access to the following relevant documents for audit purposes:

- Basement Impact Assessment (ref J15315) dated December 2016 by Geotechnical & Environmental Associates Ltd (with appendices including the Structural Methodology Statement).
- Design Access and Heritage Statement dated December 2016 by Michael Burroughs Associates.
- Flood Risk Assessment (ref 1542/RE/12-15/01 Revision A) dated January 2016 by Evans Rivers and Coastal Ltd.
- Construction Management Plan dated December 2016 by Areaview Ltd.
- Existing and Proposed Plans and Elevations dated December 2014 by Ungar Architects.
- Comments and objections to the proposed development from local residents.

### 3.0 BASEMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUDIT CHECK LIST

Item	Yes/No/NA	Comment
Are BIA Author(s) credentials satisfactory?	Yes	
Is data required by Cl.233 of the GSD presented?	No	Utility companies have not been approached with regards to underground infrastructure; no outline construction programme.
Does the description of the proposed development include all aspects of temporary and permanent works which might impact upon geology, hydrogeology and hydrology?	Yes	
Are suitable plans/maps included?	Yes	BIA Appendix.
Do the plans/maps show the whole of the relevant area of study and do they show it in sufficient detail?	Yes	
Land Stability Screening: Have appropriate data sources been consulted? Is justification provided for 'No' answers?	Yes	BIA Section 3.1.2. However, impacts to the northern boundary should be considered (a 2.4m high Grade II listed brick retaining wall which drops down to the rear courtyards of Willow Cottages).
Hydrogeology Screening: Have appropriate data sources been consulted? Is justification provided for 'No' answers?	Yes	BIA Section 3.1.1. However, potential for groundwater has been dismissed as unlikely, requires further assessment.
Hydrology Screening: Have appropriate data sources been consulted? Is justification provided for 'No' answers?	Yes	BIA Section 3.1.3. The Screening has identified that the site is at very low risk of flooding from surface water although the adjacent Willow Cottages are at medium risk (300 to 900mm flood depth and 0.25m/s flood velocity). The site is at low to moderate risk of flooding from sewers.



Item	Yes/No/NA	Comment
Is a conceptual model presented?	No	A ground model is described in text. The conceptual model of the development is not presented. Strata, groundwater, existing and proposed development levels, relative levels of structures within the zone of influence should all be indicated in plan and section with relevant annotation.
Land Stability Scoping Provided? Is scoping consistent with screening outcome?	Yes	However, consideration of retaining wall / groundwater required
Hydrogeology Scoping Provided? Is scoping consistent with screening outcome?	Yes	However, hydrogeological assessment required – potential impacts to Willow Cottages and stability issue during construction.
Hydrology Scoping Provided? Is scoping consistent with screening outcome?	Yes	A Flood Risk Assessment has been provided for review. Attenuation drainage references need further detailing to assess.
Is factual ground investigation data provided?	Yes	Section 4 and 5 of the BIA.
Is monitoring data presented?	Yes	
Is the ground investigation informed by a desk study?	Yes	
Has a site walkover been undertaken?	Yes	
Is the presence/absence of adjacent or nearby basements confirmed?	No	Adjacent shallow foundations identified. Due to level changes Willow Cottages should be considered. 44 Willoughby Road has basement (consultation response).
Is a geotechnical interpretation presented?	Yes	Parameters not accepted. Full parameters in accordance with GSD Appendix G3 not provided.

Item	Yes/No/NA	Comment
Does the geotechnical interpretation include information on retaining wall design?	Yes	BIA section 8.1.1.
Are reports on other investigations required by screening and scoping presented?	Yes	Flood Risk Assessment provided in BIA Appendices.
Are baseline conditions described, based on the GSD?	No	Hydrogeological conditions require further assessment.
Do the base line conditions consider adjacent or nearby basements?	No	Due to level changes Willow Cottages should be considered.
Is an Impact Assessment provided?	Yes	BIA section 9. However, not all potential impacts considered.
Are estimates of ground movement and structural impact presented?	Yes	However, basis of assessment not accepted.
Is the Impact Assessment appropriate to the matters identified by screen and scoping?	No	The Impact Assessment addresses those issues identified by screening and scoping. However, it does not address hydrogeological impacts to Willow Cottages, potential stability impacts to the retaining wall, effects of groundwater on construction stability.
Has the need for mitigation been considered and are appropriate mitigation methods incorporated in the scheme?	No	A temporary works sequence indicating underpinning and propping is presented in section 11 of the BIA. Groundwater and drainage have not been addressed.
Has the need for monitoring during construction been considered?	Yes	Section 13.2 of BIA. Insufficient detail.

Item	Yes/No/NA	Comment
Have the residual (after mitigation) impacts been clearly identified?	No	Groundwater / stability.
Has the scheme demonstrated that the structural stability of the building and neighbouring properties and infrastructure will be maintained?	No	Geotechnical parameters not accepted; GMA not accepted.
Has the scheme avoided adversely affecting drainage and run-off or causing other damage to the water environment?	No	The proposed scheme has 100% impermeable site area, as per the current site condition. No attenuation SUDS proposed to mitigate surface water discharge flow.
Has the scheme avoided cumulative impacts upon structural stability or the water environment in the local area?	No	Geotechnical parameters not accepted; GMA not accepted; hydrogeological assessment not accepted.
Does report state that damage to surrounding buildings will be no worse than Burland Category 2?	Yes	Damage Impact limited to Category 1 (Very Slight). This requires further assessment.
Are non-technical summaries provided?	Yes	Section 9.1 of BIA.

## 4.0 DISCUSSION

- 4.1. The proposed development comprises the formation of a single level of basement underneath the entire footprint of the existing building and rear extension, and will extend into the rear garden to form a lightwell. The depth of the basement is proposed to be 4.1m below ground level (bgl).
- 4.2. The BIA has been prepared by Geotechnical and Environmental Associates. The author's qualifications are in accordance with CPG4 guidelines.
- 4.3. The site investigation and BIA have been informed by a desk study broadly in accordance with the GSD Appendix G1. Utility companies have not been approached with regards to underground infrastructure, an outline construction programme has not been provided and a conceptual site model has not been presented.
- 4.4. The site investigation identified a varying thickness of Made Ground underlain by 'Superficial / Head' Deposits overlying the London Clay Formation. The BGS mapping data for the area indicates that what has been described as Head Deposits is the Claygate Member, designated a Secondary 'A' Aquifer. The monitoring data suggests that groundwater is present between 2.55 and 3.04m below ground level within the Claygate Member.
- 4.5. The proposed basement development will be at a depth of 4.1mbgl and therefore below standing groundwater level. The BIA concludes that some form of dewatering may be required but states that since the Made Ground and 'Superficial Deposits' comprise predominantly clay strata they are unlikely to support groundwater flow. The BIA recommends that trial excavations are undertaken at the commencement of construction to assess the ground and groundwater conditions further.
- 4.6. The BIA does not consider that the groundwater encountered is representative of a continuous groundwater body and consequently does not further assess potential impacts to the wider hydrogeological environment. However, this has not been proven and should be demonstrated by further assessment. The propensity of local wells, the inferred historic route of a tributary of the River Fleet and the comments from residents of Willow Cottages indicating existing groundwater issues affecting their properties, plus the monitored water level below the site, should all be considered within a hydrogeological study. Groundwater flow rate and direction should be ascertained and considered with reference to the proposed structure and the potential impacts on neighbouring structures. Seasonal groundwater levels should be considered and further monitoring undertaken, as required.
- 4.7. The BIA does include a geotechnical interpretation, although this does not explicitly include all the parameters recommended in the GSD Appendix G3 (e.g. insitu shear strength). At

formation level the underlying soils are observed to be soft to firm, which is inconsistent with the stated allowable bearing capacity of 120kPa. It is also inconsistent with the stiffness values adopted in the ground movement assessment (GMA).

- 4.8. It is proposed to construct the basement retaining walls by underpinning of the existing foundations. Outline temporary and permanent works are described in both the main BIA text and the Structural Methodology Report written by Richard Tant Associates (RT/SMS/4186, December 2016) provided within the BIA Appendices. It is noted there are a number of assumptions and that loads, bearing capacities and bearing pressures are inconsistently referenced between the two and that the site investigation data does not support the range of bearing pressures proposed. Assumptions on whether retaining walls will be designed to withstand surcharge loads or whether transitional underpinning of adjacent structures will be required should be clarified.
- 4.9. Considering the form of construction, the temporary works plan should provide more detail on dewatering, in order to demonstrate temporary stability.
- 4.10. The GMA has assumed foundations will be formed within stiff clay, whereas the actual conditions to be underpinned are soft to firm Made Ground and Claygate Member / 'Superficial Deposits', and the foundations will be in soft to firm material. The GMA assumes a maximum of 5mm horizontal movement to be generated by underpinning, which in light of the nature of the soils and the groundwater level should be supported by assessment or evidence. The GMA should be repeated, adopting the actual site conditions and providing evidence for any conclusions drawn.
- 4.11. The GMA identifies the potentially sensitive structures within the zone of impact of the proposed development, which includes neighbouring buildings and the boundary wall with Willow Cottages, but does not include Willow Cottages. For the structures assessed, Category 0 to 1 (Negligible to Very Slight) damage is predicted. As the GMA is not considered to be based upon evidence or reasonably conservative parameters, the damage impact assessment is not accepted and should be re-evaluated, including all structures within the predicted zone of influence.
- 4.12. It is noted that the retaining wall between the site and Willow Cottages is reported as structurally unstable by neighbouring residents and the impact to this wall should be further assessed. A structural monitoring plan including allowance for condition surveys, suitable trigger values and contingency actions should be presented for all structures within the zone of influence.
- 4.13. The BIA states that the site is at very low risk of surface water flooding but does identify it as being within a Critical Drainage Area (Group 3-010, as determined by LBC). The site area is

currently 100% impermeable and there will be no change under the proposed development. In line with CPG4 (Section 3.51), a drainage solution should be presented incorporating attenuation SUDS to reduce peak discharge rates. In accordance with the guidance, only where attenuation SUDS cannot be practically implemented will direct discharge to sewers be approved.

- 4.14. The site is at low to moderate risk of flooding from sewers. The BIA states that a non-return valve will be installed so that the basement will be protected further from sewer flooding.
- 4.15. Considering the complexity and potential impacts arising from the proposed development, an appropriately detailed conceptual site model is required, illustrating the ground and groundwater conditions, existing and proposed development levels, foundation depths of surrounding structures and annotated with any potential impact and mitigation proposed.
- 4.16. Non-technical summaries should be provided within any revisions to the BIA submitted.
- 4.17. Queries and matters requiring further information or clarification are summarised in Appendix 2.

## 5.0 CONCLUSIONS

- 5.1. The qualifications of the authors meet the LBC requirements.
- 5.2. Underground utility infrastructure information, an outline construction programme and a conceptual site model is required.
- 5.3. A site investigation is presented. The interpreted geological sequence and geotechnical parameters presented are inconsistent and are not accepted. These should be provided in line with the GSD Appendix G3.
- 5.4. Outline temporary and permanent works are described. It is noted there are a number of assumptions and inconsistencies. The site investigation data does not support the range of bearing pressures proposed. Assumptions on retaining wall design should be clarified. Dewatering to maintain temporary stability should be further clarified.
- 5.5. The GMA should be repeated, adopting the actual site conditions and providing evidence for any conclusions drawn.
- 5.6. The damage impact assessment is not accepted and should be re-evaluated, including all structures within the predicted zone of influence.
- 5.7. A structural monitoring plan including allowance for condition surveys, suitable trigger values and contingency actions should be presented.
- 5.8. The hydrogeological assessment is not accepted. Groundwater flow rate and direction should be ascertained and considered with reference to the proposed structure and the potential impacts on neighbouring structures. Seasonal groundwater levels should be considered and further monitoring undertaken, as required.
- 5.9. A drainage strategy, which considers implementation of attenuation SUDS, should be presented, in accordance with the LBC guidance.
- 5.10. Further assessments should consider the high groundwater conditions reported at Willow Cottages and the structural condition of the rear retaining wall.
- 5.11. Non-technical summaries should be provided within any revisions to the BIA submitted.
- 5.12. Queries and matters requiring further information or clarification are summarised in Appendix 2. Until the additional information requested has been provided, the requirements of CPG4 have not been met.

## Appendix 1: Residents' Consultation Comments



Residents' Consultation Comments

Surname	Address	Date	Issue raised	Response
Fricker	50 Willoughby Road	Not provided	"I strongly object to the planning application because as I live opposite the proposed basement area the reconstruction of number 31 could cause water penetration into our home. We have water seepage into our old coal cellar and patio. We are vulnerable to water flowing from the clay under Willoughby Road. Excavation in Willoughby Road causes unforeseen consequences and likely damage to our property."	5.8
Franklin and Beinhocker	21 Willoughby Road	15th January 2017	"We would like to register our concern relating to the planned basement excavation at this address on the basis of potential disruption to the water table and foundations of surrounding buildings."	5.3 - 5.8
Guibert	32 Willow Road	17 <sup>th</sup> January 2017	"I am quite concerned by all the consequences of the vibrations on a vulnerable soil and I am concerned as well with having 2 basements built at the same time (number 31 and 33)." (Planning application for 33 Willoughby Road has now been withdrawn).	5.3 – 5.7, 5.10
Heath and Hampstead Society		18 <sup>th</sup> January 2017	"The proposal requires considerable engineering work before the basement can be constructed – including excavation, propping support of the existing building and reinforced concrete retaining walls all round. We are very concerned about the sub-soil water movement known to exist in this location and the effect this proposed basement will have on water movement and on the structure of the very near Listed cottages in Willow Road."	5.8, 5.10
Hersov	23 Willoughby Road	20 <sup>th</sup> January 2017	"We want to register our strong objection to the proposed basement excavation at 31 Willoughby Road. We know from our own experience of work carried out on No 21 Willoughby Road several years ago that any digging down and into a property on our street has a significant and wholly negative impact on the adjoining properties. Because of the water table running underneath our side of the street (which is sloping downwards) and its clay based soil structure which swells and contracts, any work underground during a basement development will result in the water having to find a new way out with unpalatable consequences. We witnessed the impact on our own and the next property down the street (No 25) affecting the growth of the garden as well as producing marked problems with damp and mould. We feel Camden ought to insist on a full hydrogeological examination of any proposed work in Hampstead village and its impact because of the particular soil structure and presence of underground springs. The separate Basement application for No 33 Willoughby Road – Application number 2016/6733/P which is on an	5.8

			<p>even larger scale would have a similar and likely even greater negative impact, so we would like the linkage between these 2 applications to be considered by the Planning Department."</p> <p>(Planning application for 33 Willoughby Road has now been withdrawn).</p>	
Manchanda	6 Denning Road	21st January 2017	"Strongly object to basement development as this further increases the likelihood of damage to my property through subsidence and cracking."	5.3 – 5.7
13 residents	33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41	22 <sup>nd</sup> January 2017	<p>"Strongly object to the proposed basement works as they will:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Realign the existing underground water patterns to form a convergence of increased water volumes with higher flow velocities causing increased hydrostatic pressure on an already weakened and unstable listed retaining wall that will in due course if left unchecked, precipitate structural failure to Listed Willow Cottages and the already damaged and unstable lower listed retaining wall along the shared boundary with 31 Willoughby Road.</li> <li>2. Realign the existing underground water patterns to form a convergence of increased water volumes with higher flow velocities causing increased water to be forced to flow under the lower trench level of Willow Cottages. This will cause the loss and corrosion of fines to the existing soil undermining existing safe bearing capacity and causing structural loading imbalance which will result in very real structural damage to the loadbearing walls of Listed Willow Cottages and the rear listed lower retaining wall.</li> <li>3. Cause higher water table levels in and around Listed Willow Cottages resulting in rising water ingress to existing loadbearing brickwork which is of poor standard. This will cause structural decay, wood rot and undermine the structural and environmental wellbeing of the existing listed cottages.</li> <li>4. Cause increased levels of loss of privacy to cottages 39, 40 and 41 due to the close proximity to the new rear ground habitable room.</li> <li>5. Cause excessive disruption and noise to the residents of Willow Cottages who are in extremely close proximity to 31 Willoughby Road site.</li> <li>6. Cause major traffic flow and parking problems during the work phase.</li> </ol> <p>Furthermore the proposed works submission is seen to have (a) project drawings that do not cover all required areas of the works making any assessment incomplete (e.g. the drawings do not show key relationships to Willow Cottages in either plan or section); and (b) the Desk Study and BIA Document undermines and contradicts any and all desk calculated real impacts and associated damage to both Listed Willow Cottages and the</p>	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10

			fragile rear lower listed retaining wall running the full length of the south boundary to Willow Cottages, by way of utilising oversimplified inputs and assumptions within the document. This makes the BIA incomplete and incorrect."	
Griffis	14 Denning Road	24 <sup>th</sup> January 2017	<p>"On behalf of the Pilgrim's to Willoughby Residents Association, I would like to lodge an objection to this basement proposal for the following reasons:</p> <p>As argued by the residents of Willow Cottages, a basement in this location, built to a depth of 4.1m, would likely change the flow of underground water in ways that could put at risk the Grade II listed Willow Cottages and the listed boundary wall; These changes have been inadequately modelled and therefore have not fully addressed mitigation measures; Insufficient attention has been given to the protection of the 8m chestnut within 5m of the new development and the Construction Management Plan does not adequately address how the root protection zone will be maintained and monitored."</p>	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10
Zarifi	19 Willoughby Road	25th January 2017	<p>"Objection: construction of the basement triggers instability in the area. My house, built on a slope already has water seeping in as a result of basement constructed nearby. Doors and windows have altered angle, swelling is causing cracks. This might increase more rapidly (prior to underground constructions the structure of my house had been stable for 35 years). Noise, vibration dust and traffic affects the neighbourhood and my work and health."</p>	5.3 – 5.8
King	34 Willow Road	28 <sup>th</sup> January 2017	<p>"Willow cottages were built to form a level row sunk into a trench cut out of the hillside so that the lower ground floors sit at a depth ranging from 1.5 to 2.6 metres below street level. This makes them more vulnerable to flooding from below. When number 44 Willoughby Road, directly opposite number 31, was rebuilt some 5 years ago and a basement dug out there was considerable flooding of the newly excavated area. The 1866 ordnance survey map identifies 4 wells following the downward slope of Willow Road suggesting an underground watercourse running close to or along the boundary of Willow Cottages and numbers 31 and 33 Willoughby Road. There is also an 'active' well in the garden on 38 Willow Cottages. Willow Cottages were built with minimum footings and with substandard brickwork, our listed retaining wall sits on slabs of stones and is already damaged by undue pressure from the soil in the garden of numbers 31 and has had to be braced to prevent collapse.</p> <p>I am concerned that this proposed basement excavation so close to our buildings will inevitably cause a substantial and wholly unacceptable level of damage and I ask that this application be rejected."</p>	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10

Hatje	36 Willow Road	29th January 2017	"I am extremely concerned that the proposed basement will have a damming effect and could lead to flooding. The excavation works for this proposal will cause considerable disturbance and inconvenience to residents. I believe that my property is likely to suffer damage if the proposed works go ahead."	5.8, 5.10
Chappell	Flat 2, 5 Denning Road	30th January 2017	<p>"If passed in the short term our tranquil neighbourhood will subjected to months and months of noise, vibration, dust and the inevitable fleet of heavy lorries. Also inevitably even though this will denied by the applicant's parties there will be structural movement and cracking of neighbouring properties.</p> <p>In the long term, the slopes of Hampstead especially on the southern side are fragile with several rivers emanating from this area. The southern slopes of Hampstead are the most vulnerable with Claygate over sand. The Claygate allows water to easily pass through it; however the construction of a basement forms a damming effect, making the clay expand one side of the building more than the drier side on the other. The area we live in being one of the worst hence the water surfaces forming the Hampstead Ponds.</p> <p>A high profile case was that of St Stephen's Church where the Royal Free Hospital caused a damming effect and the major subsidence of the church. Clay swells and contracts by around 7% in volume across the seasons. By changing the hydrogeology from the front to back of the house and potentially across the house (as the land slopes both ways) will cause differing swell characteristics in the clay and therefore problems. The critical angle of stability for this clay is around 7°. Arup' advice is 'the construction of a basement may be the triggering factor which initiates an instability problem in an area which otherwise would have remained stable for the foreseeable future'. They also say that a period building built using lime mortar will move with the clay. As basements have to be built of rigid concrete construction this can have a detrimental effect. By digging down and putting the building onto a different soil stratum than the attached house, this will cause differential movement between the houses. In a survey published by Camden in February last year, they record 'Approximately one quarter of respondents suffered damage to their property. 25% windows and doors sticking; 19% internal fractures; 20% external cracking; etc".</p>	5.3 – 5.8
Johnson	33 Willow Road	3 <sup>rd</sup> February 2017	"The basis of my objection is the scale and depth of the proposed basement which means it is likely to disrupt the water tributaries under the house and houses nearby and cause increased ground water volumes. I am concerned there hasn't been enough due diligence in the BIA to prove otherwise. This disruption of the underground tributaries and the additional loss of a significant amount of soft, permeable landscape will have a negative impact on the ground waters and risks causing major structural failure to a row of listed	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10

			<p>19th century properties close by – Willow Cottages - and the retaining wall behind them. My property is the end property of the row and it already has historic structural issues – a recent survey discovered that in the past there had been remedial work carried out in the form of brick stitching and lateral restraint wall-tie installation. The surveyor found that the side wall of the terrace was experiencing what is known as the ‘bookend effect’ – a form of structural movement which can occur in long terraces of buildings due to the longitudinal expansion of the brick walls. I am concerned that the creation of an extensive and deep basement nearby that reroutes the underground tributaries can only exacerbate this structural problem which risks affecting the whole row of cottages. I am also extremely concerned about the impact on the listed retaining wall at the back of our cottages. This wall encloses an external shared yard area and recreation space which is used by families with children and I am concerned the basement would do significant damage to the wall making it a serious hazard.”</p>	
Homa	Gayton Crescent	14 <sup>th</sup> February 2017	<p>“Disruption caused by the building of basements has become increasingly controversial but it would seem inconceivable that such development would be permitted where there is a real risk of damage to the structural integrity of a listed terrace of cottages which contributes enormously to the charm and character of the area.</p> <p>The Willow cottages are built as a level terrace on a sloping site, together with load bearing walls with apparently shallow footings; in view of the underground water courses which will surely be disrupted by the above proposed basement, there would appear to be a substantial risk of destabilising this delightful terrace of such individual design.”</p>	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10

Ratzer	Gayton Road	14 <sup>th</sup> February 2017	<p>I live just above Willow Cottages in Gayton Road and am well aware of how much they contribute to the street scene in Hampstead. They are justifiably grade II listed, but some of the buildings' structure is fragile, as has been pointed out in the comments by Glen Robinson et al, and in particular the back retaining wall.</p> <p>There is much concern about the movement of underground water in this part of Hampstead. It is complex geologically, having the Bagshot Sands, the Claygate Beds and the London Clay in close proximity to one another. How complex it is is shown by the fact that the BIA report presents a BGS map (eg page 11) showing 31 Willoughby Road lying within the Claygate Beds, but the presence of the Claygate Beds was not firmly identified during the investigations.</p> <p>The BIA report refers to wells in the area but does not mention that at one stage there was a stream running down along Willow Road. <i>The Victoria History of the County of Middlesex: Volume IX: Hampstead and Paddington Parishes (1989)</i> states on page 138 "The Fleet tributary ran along the line of Willow Road to the lowest of the Hampstead ponds and fed watercress beds and wells along its length."</p> <p>On page 13 of the BIA a map is reproduced of river flow, which posits that there is an (underground) tributary which flows down from the Whitestone Pond area through Gainsborough Gardens towards the area of the Hampstead ponds. However, looking at this area on the 1:25 000 Ordnance Survey the shape of the contours strongly support the fact that a watercourse had once run in the vicinity of Willow Road (see attached map where the relevant contours for this part of Hampstead village have been emphasised).</p> <p>The underground flow of water will naturally be dependent on the amount of rainfall. A winter of heavy rain will give rise to water flows that may not be picked up by a study of insufficient length. In addition, the BIA report does recognise the fact that at the interface of the Bagshot Sands and the Claygate Beds there will be a spring line. Water from such springs, which may not be active year-round, will naturally affect the flow of underground water in the Claygate Beds area, and more markedly so after heavy rain. (The Claygate Beds are mapped on pp 303 and 304 as a Minor Aquifer (Variably Permeable) or as a Secondary A Aquifer.)</p> <p>There is also the worrying comment on page 13 of the report that "The investigation [presumably at No 44 Willoughby Road] also encountered deposits interpreted as material accumulating at the base of a former pond and there is potential for similar ground conditions beneath number 31 Willoughby Road."</p> <p>Willow Cottages are in a vulnerable position whereby water flows altered by the nearby construction of an extensive basement could quite substantially destabilise them. I urge Camden to turn down this planning application.</p>	5.3 – 5.8
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Sherlock	35 Willow Cottages	15 <sup>th</sup> February 2017	Object because “the submitted documents do not correctly define the real possible damage that will be caused to both the listed Willow Cottages and to the rear boundary listed retaining wall which is contiguous to 31 Willoughby Road. Furthermore the BIA document omits including Willow Cottages numbering 40, 39, 38 and 37 within the 5m zone for considering potential damage to surround structures and buildings, the water table calculations are inadequate as they do not cover a suitable longitudinal study period which the report itself acknowledges. Loss of light – we are currently in dispute with applicant based on the damage that their poor construction has caused to our lower listed boundary wall which has made it both unsafe and dangerous, requiring temporary support so that we can use our south facing rear patio space. The submitted scheme shows no intent of resolution nor solution to the rear boundary which currently has a temporary screen at higher level blocking out daylight to our home. Danger to existing safe play area used by the children of Willow Cottages and frequented rear access to most of the listed cottages.”	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10
Skipwith	38 Willow Cottages	20 <sup>th</sup> February 2017	<p>“We had extensive modernisation works carried out on our house over 40 years ago and when the floors were up in the basement, we could see the wet mud on which these properties stand. The cottages which were built in the 1840s have basically no foundations and have moved as a unit with the expansion and contraction of the soil. Willow Cottages were here before either Willow or Willoughby Roads were built and when the foundations of the red brick houses opposite and those in adjacent Willoughby Road were dug out the soil was piled up in front to make the existing road level. At this point the cottages were, in effect, partially buried, creating the existing basement areas and the alleyway that connects the cottages at the rear. This alley which is accessed by a flight of steps down from Willoughby Road is supported on the one side by an already bulging brick wall – the retaining wall for Numbers 31 and 33 Willoughby Road – and on the other gives rear door access to each of the properties.</p> <p>The proximity of water to the cottages is exemplified by the fact that I still have in my garden the well that served these properties.”</p>	5.3 – 5.8, 5.10

## Appendix 2: Audit Query Tracker



Audit Query Tracker

Query No	Subject	Query	Status/Response	Date closed out
1	Desk Study	Utility infrastructure information, outline construction programme	Open – to be provided as 5.2	
2	BIA	Conceptual site model	Open – to be provided as 5.2	
3	Stability / Hydrogeology	Geotechnical parameters to be provided as GSD Appendix G3, based on site investigation data and proposed development foundation level	Open – to be provided as 5.3	
4	Stability	Permanent and temporary works information, including loads, retaining wall design, dewatering to be clarified	Open – to be provided as 5.4	
5	Stability	GMA and damage impact assessment, to be based on revised geotechnical parameters and actual site proposals	Open – to be provided as 5.5, 5.6, 5.10	
6	Stability	Condition surveys, structural monitoring, to be undertaken in accordance with BIA recommendations plus suitable proposed scheme	Open – to be provided as 5.7, 5.10	
7	Hydrogeology	Groundwater flow rate and direction should be ascertained and considered with reference to the proposed structure and the potential impacts on neighbouring structures. Seasonal groundwater levels should be considered and further monitoring undertaken, as required.	Open – to be provided as 5.8, 5.10	
8	Surface Water Flow	Attenuation SUDS assessment	Open - to be provided as 5.9	
9	BIA	Non-technical summaries	Open – to be provided as 5.11	

## Appendix 3: Supplementary Supporting Documents

None

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