

## Hand Digging & Tree Roots



Where excavations or lowering ground levels may be needed within the <u>BS5837</u> Root Protection Area (RPA) of a tree it may be necessary to undertake some form of investigation to identify if roots >25mm are present. Ideally ground excavation would be by <u>airspade</u> but this is not always practical (access) or cost effective relative to the scheme (crossovers etc.).

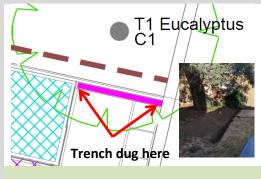
Careful hand digging can therefore be useful approach.

<u>Plan the excavation</u>: The trench should be located along the leading edge where level changes/ foundations are proposed and at the point closest to the tree (see inset as guide – the pink line was the leading edge of the proposed foundation). The aim is to retain as many of the roots as possible (even fibrous roots) and the idea is to 'see' what is present.



Digging around tree roots is a skill and you must proceed with caution. Once a root is located it is often necessary to use a combination of hand tools and a stiff hand brush to track and 'trace' the roots location.

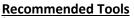




**How deep?** – The trench need only be as deep as the proposed excavation for the development/ or 1m whichever is more. Please note that hand digging holes deeper than 1m can often be difficult. Sandy soils can often collapse into an open trench and underlying soil type should be considered. The trench need often be only as wide as the spade head (30cm) as the aim is to see what is present crossing the trench and identify if the project can proceed.

WARNING: Breaking the ground has the potential to uncover services/ destabilise adjacent structures etc. Some general advice from the HSE can be found <u>here.</u> If the excavation is not on your land the land owner's permission must be secured. If a tree is located within a Conservation Area or affected by a TPO then the council should be notified of your intentions (but as you intend not to sever or prune exposed roots it should be sufficient just to advise them rather than make an application). In London tree officer details can be found here.

It is usually sufficient to then photograph the exposed roots and immediately back fill the trench. The images should be high quality showing the roots clearly and also a perspective shot showing the tree relative to the trench. Something should be put in the trench to add scale (keys etc.). If a trench is to be left open overnight roots must be wrapped in hessian or backfilled with a loose covering of top soil.





Narrow Face Spade & Hand Trowel



Stiff Hand Brush



Hi Vis Paint (for spot marking roots)



Hessian (to wrap exposed roots)



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