

12 Park Village West

Construction Method Statement

• **London**

1–5 Offord St London N1 1DH
Telephone 020 7700 6666

Norwich

2 Woolgate Court
St Benedicts Street
Norwich NR2 4AP
Telephone 01603 628 074

Cambridge

47–51 Norfolk Street
Cambridge CB1 2LD
Telephone 01223 656 058

design@conisbee.co.uk
www.conisbee.co.uk

Ref: 140627/M Tulloch BEng MEng
Approved: C Boydell BSc CEng MIStructE MICE
Date: 27 May 2016
Rev No: 1.2

Directors

Alan Conisbee BA BAI CEng MIStructE
Chris Boydell BSc CEng MIStructE MICE
Tim Attwood BSc CEng MIStructE
Bob Stagg BSc CEng FIStructE MICE
Tom Beaven BEng (Hons) CEng MIStructE
Allan Dunsmore BEng CEng MIStructE MICE
Richard Dobson MEng CEng MIStructE
Paul Hartfree HNC (Civils) MCIHT FGS

Associates

David Richards BEng (Hons) CEng MIStructE ACGI
Gary Johns
Terry Girdler BSc (Hons) Eng MSc CEng FICE
MIStructE Conservation accredited engineer (GARE)
Ben Heath BEng CEng MIStructE
Keith Hirst BEng CEng MIStructE

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1.0 INTRODUCTION & BRIEF

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to consider the construction and condition of the existing buildings on the site of 12 Park Village West and consider how the proposed basement structure can be constructed safely without compromising the structural integrity of the existing buildings or those adjacent to the site.
- 1.2 The report is based on planning drawings produced by Collett Zarzycki Architects and a visual inspection of the building.
- 1.3 This report has been prepared to outline the proposed construction method with outline calculations and the related structural drawings and sections.

2.0 SITE INFORMATION

- 2.1 12 Park Village West, Camden is an early Victorian detached 'villa' style property, designed by office of John Nash and comprises a three storey house in an Italian style with a octagonal tower toward the road built in 1834-37. The house is Grade II Listed. The construction, typical for buildings of this era, has load bearing masonry walls and timber floors. The proposed development is structurally isolated from the main property.
- 2.2 The house lies within the generally gentle sloped setting toward Regents Canal. Although the areas to either side of no 12 are relatively flat, the site is divided into two levels: the front house and garage levelled with Park Village West road, and a lower ground level toward the garden facing Regents Canal area, with an approximately 3m difference in level.
- 2.3 The three surrounding properties: No. 11, 13-14 and 204 Albany Street are a reasonable distance from the proposed works; therefore the adjacent properties' foundations are outside the 45 degree line of influence taken from the bottom of the excavation.
- 2.4 The proposed basement development will be situation under the existing coach house. The construction consists of load bearing masonry walls, timber floor and a timber roof. A visual inspection of the site has indicated movement to the rear flank wall. A reinforced concrete box, with walls cast under the existing structure will allow the existing structure to be stabilised while creating useable living space.
- 2.5 A Basement Impact Assessment – Screening and Scoping Report has been completed for the site and concludes that there are no negative impacts anticipated in this basement proposal on the hydro-geological and hydrological conditions of the local environment that cannot be suitably addressed in the detailed design of this proposal.

3.0 PROPOSED WORKS

3.1 In outline the main proposed structural works consist of:

- Supporting the existing structure in the temporary state to allow for excavations;
- Reducing the existing ground level under the coach house by approximately 4.0m in order to provide a new basement structure;
- The construction of new reinforced concrete “box” to form the basement.

3.2 A reinforced concrete retaining wall, which will be designed to act as simply supported, will provide the retaining structure. The basement slab will be designed for potential overburden pressures, resisted by self weight and the frictional resistance of the concrete “box” in the ground. The ground floor will consist of a reinforced concrete slab, supported on the retaining walls and acting as a prop to the top of the retaining wall.

3.3 Outline sketch proposals for the basement construction are shown in drawings S100, S101, S200 in Appendix A.

3.4 Outline structural calculations are included in Appendix B.

4.0 DESIGN & OUTLINE CONSTRUCTION METHOD STATEMENT

4.1 SSK001, in Appendix C, shows the stages of construction on a typical cross-section through the site as detailed in the method statement below. S099 shows the proposed temporary works required to support the existing structure during construction.

4.2 The retaining wall will be constructed in an underpinning type sequence to ensure the stability of the existing building is not compromised. The underpinning works should be carried out by a competent contractor, experienced with these types of operations and, preferably accredited with the Association of Specialist Underpinning Contractors (ASUC).

4.3 Phase 1 – Locally break out existing slab and install Pynford beams under loading bearing walls. Install temporary piles to support Pynford beams. Demolition of the existing ground bearing slab once all temporary works are installed.

4.4 Phase 2 - The first stage of underpinning is to be carried out in traditional 1.0m wide sections to minimise the risk of damage to the existing walls. The depth of the underpinning sections will be over 1.5m so temporary shoring should be used to ensure the stability of the excavations are maintained during the formation of the pins particularly where increased depths of made ground are encountered.

- 4.5 Each section of underpinning is to be tied to the adjacent section using either pre-fixed or post-fixed dowels and surfaces prepared to provide a shear key between each section. Hydrophilic water stops are to be applied to each joint before pouring of new sections to ensure water tightness is achieved.
- 4.6 Horizontal propping is to be installed before the ground level is fully reduced to the level required to undertake the second stage of underpinning.
- 4.7 Phase 3 - The second stage of underpinning should be carried out in 1.0m bays similar to the first stage. Vertical bars from the first stage of underpinning should lap with reinforcement in the second stage pins in order to provide full continuity. As with the vertical joints hydrophilic are to be installed to the horizontal surface to prevent water ingress through the joints.
- 4.8 Horizontal propping is to be installed to the second stage pins in order to allow excavation to the base slab formation level.
- 4.9 Phase 4 – Construction of basement slab. Reinforcement from the lower underpinning sections is to be fully continuous with that present in the base slab which can be achieved using mechanical couplers.
- 4.10 Phase 5 – Construction of ground floor slab. Temporary propping can be removed once ground floor slab is fully cast and cured. Temporary piles to be broken down.

5.0 SUMMARY

The proposed development of 12 Park Village West is to construct a single storey basement under the existing coach house. The development allows for the stabilisation of the existing building, which is suffering from significant movement, while creating a useable living space.

The construction sequence indicated within this document allows for the basement to be constructed in a manner that is safe and economic considering the scale of the building.

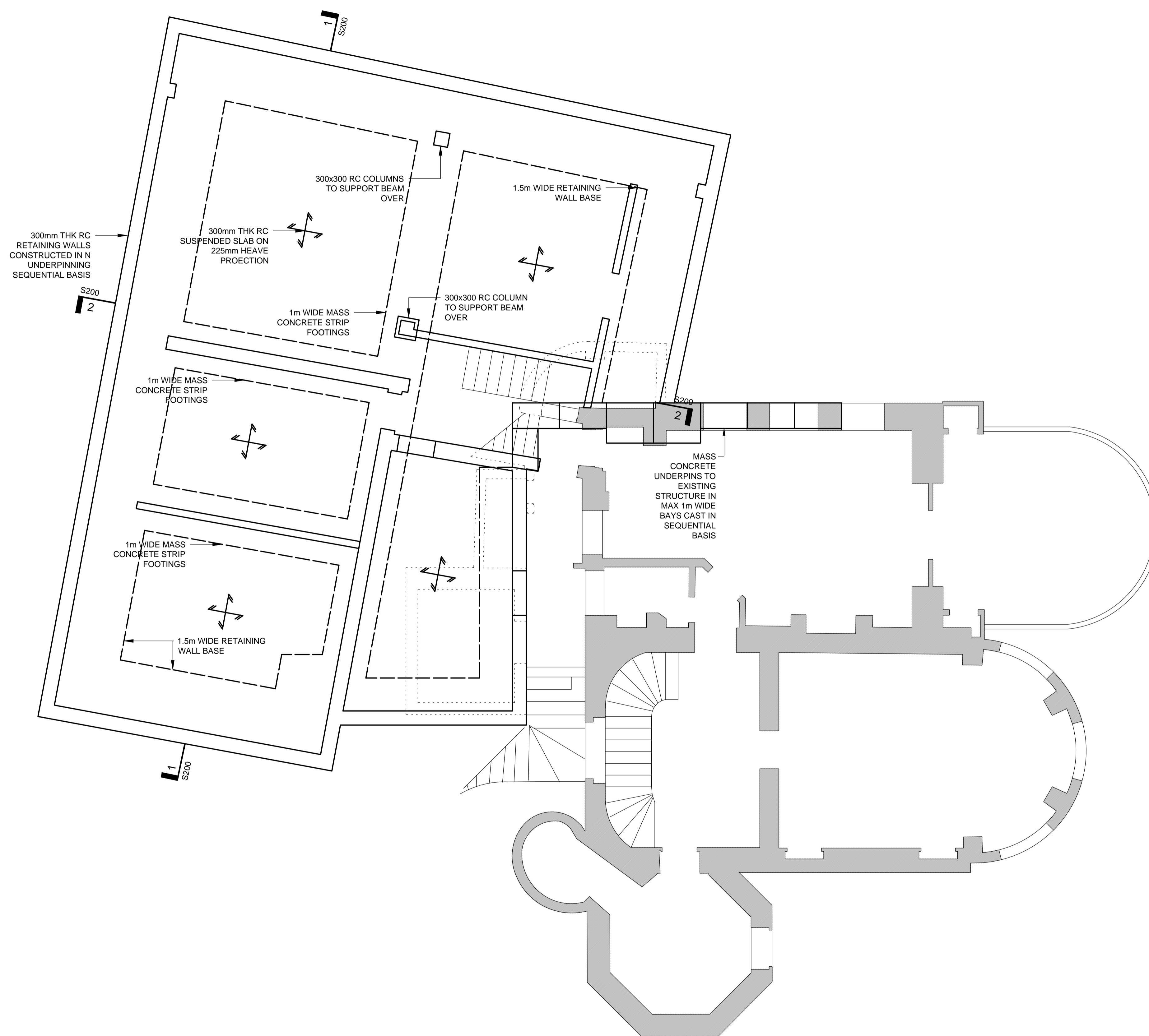
The works to 12 Park Village West, although complicated, should not be unfamiliar to a competent and experienced groundwork contractor and are relatively modest.

Appendix A – Structural Drawings and Sections

NOTES

GENERAL NOTES:

1. THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL RELEVANT ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, DRAINAGE AND SPECIALIST DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
2. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO ASCERTAIN THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORKS.
3. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN AND INSTALLATION OF ALL TEMPORARY WORKS AND SHALL SEQUENCE THE WORKS SUCH THAT THE BUILDING REMAINS STABLE AT ALL TIMES.



NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

P2	27.05.16	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	MT	CB
P1	14.08.15	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	MT	CB
Rev	Date	Description	Drawn	Check

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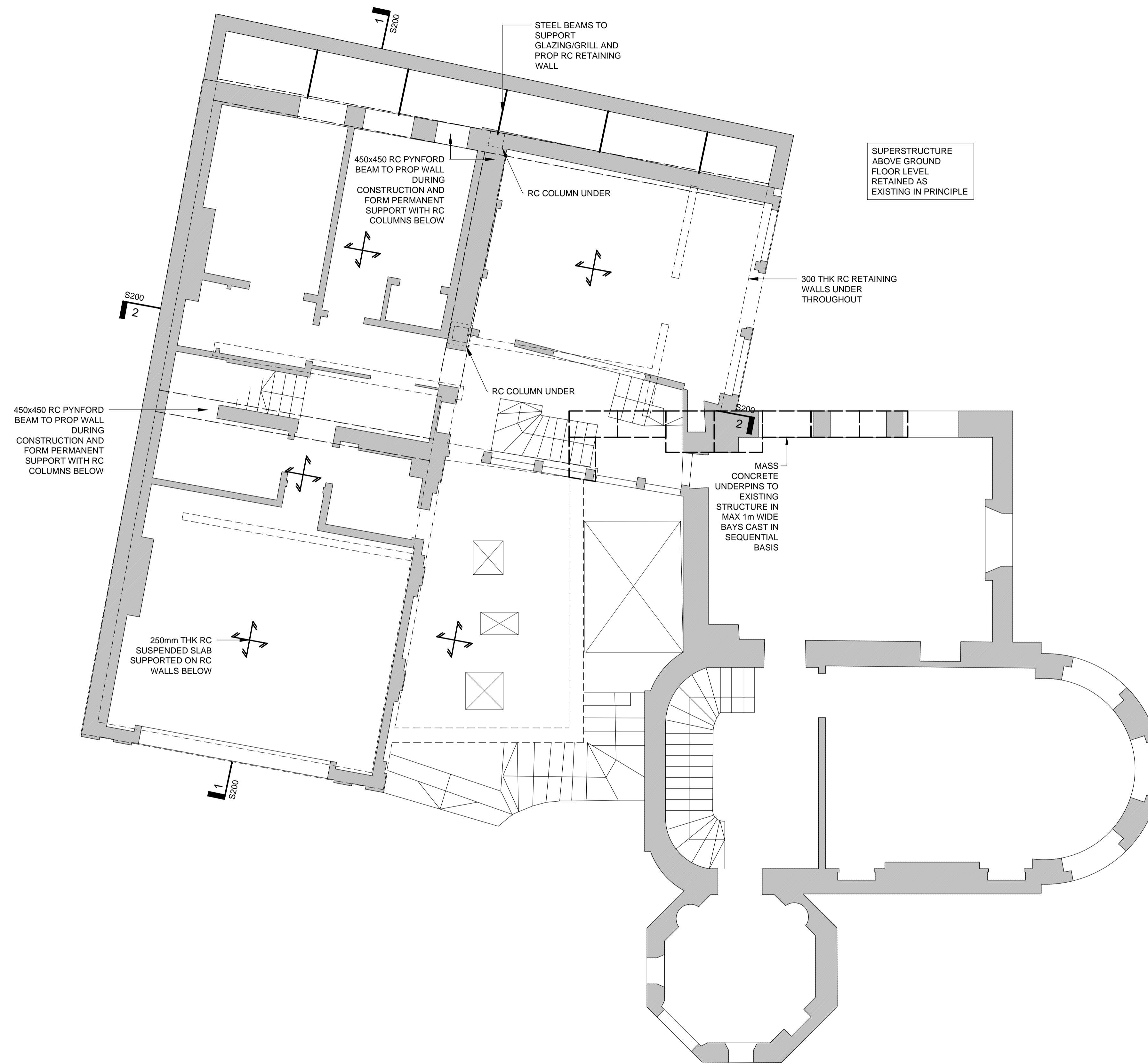
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 London N1 1DH
 Tel 020 7700 6666
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Drawing Status	Date	AUG 15
PLANNING	Scale	1:50@A1
Project	Drawn	MT
12 PARK VILLAGE WEST LONDON	Engineer	MT
	Project No	140627
Title	Drawing No	S100
BASEMENT PLAN	Revision	P2

NOTES

GENERAL NOTES:

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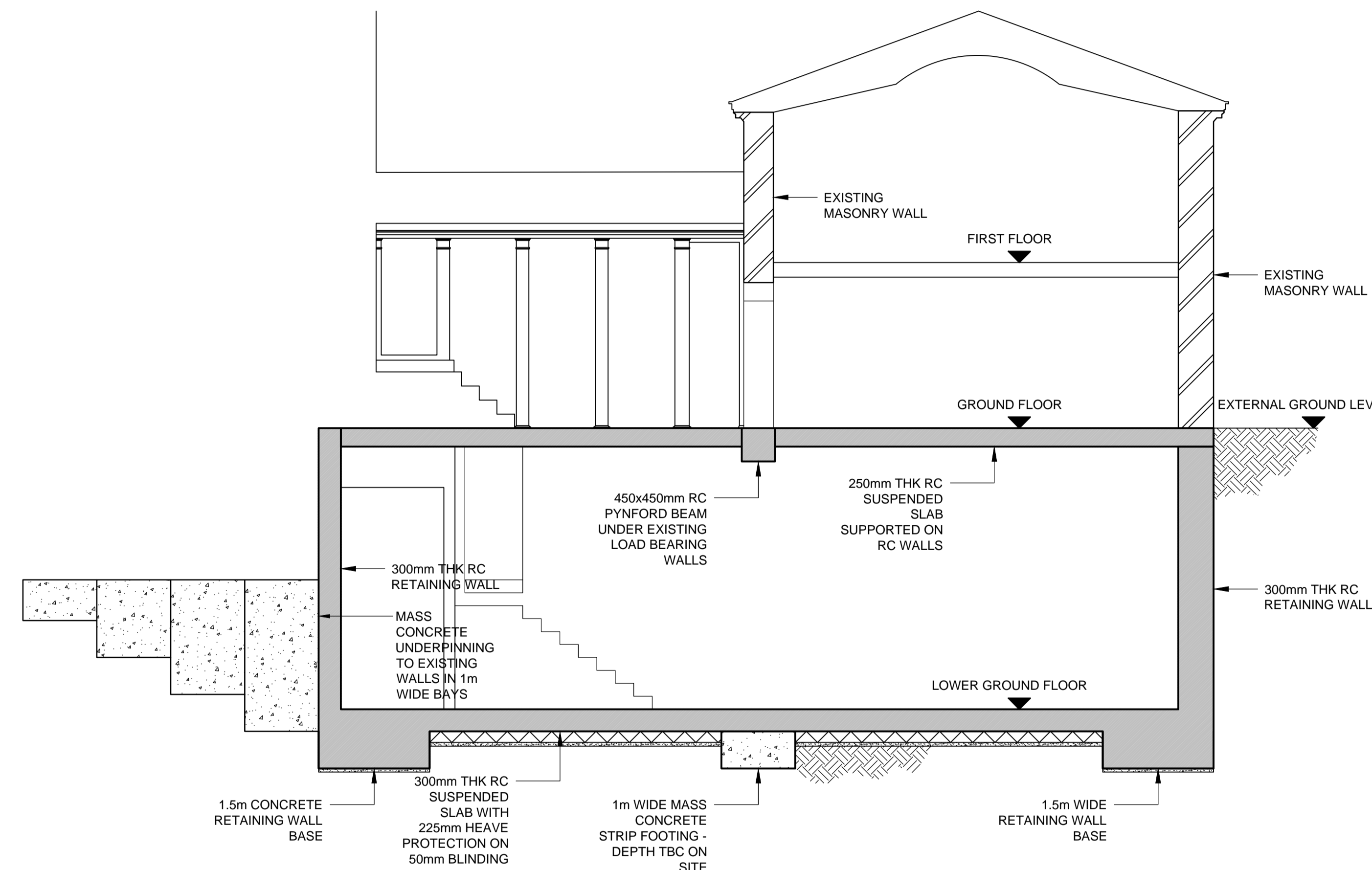
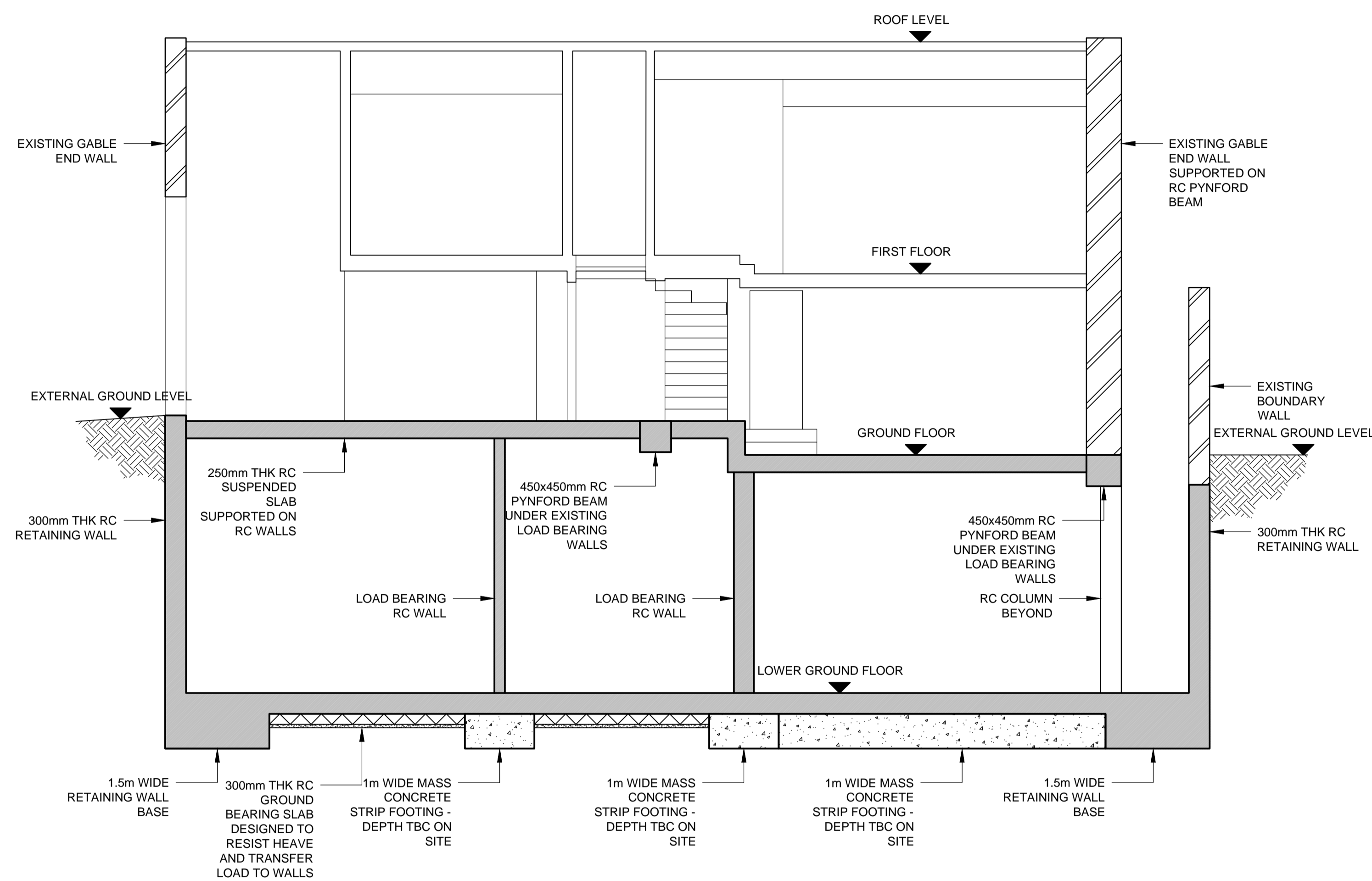
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 Tel 020 7700 6666
 Fax 020 7700 6686
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Drawing Status	Date	AUG 15
PLANNING	Scale	1:50@A1
Project	Drawn	MT
12 PARK VILLAGE WEST LONDON	Engineer	MT
	Project No	140627
Title	Drawing No	S101
GROUND FLOOR PLAN	Revision	P2

NOTES

GENERAL NOTES:

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1-5 Offord St
London N1 1DH
Tel 020 7700 6666
Fax 020 7700 6686
design@conisbee.co.uk
www.conisbee.co.uk

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Project	Drawn	MT
12 PARK VILLAGE WEST LONDON	Engineer	MT
Project No		140627
Title	Drawing No	S200
SECTION 1-1 & 2-2	Revision	P2

Appendix B – Outline Structural Calculations

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12 PARK VILLAGE WEST

title

PLYWOOD BEAM DESIGN

job no.

140627

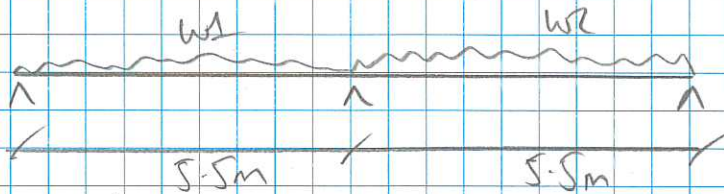
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engineer

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rev. date



loading

W1:
dead

$$\text{wall SW} = 6\text{m} \times 0.33\text{m} \times 20\text{kN/m}^3 = 39.6\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{ground floor} : 2.5\text{m} \times 2\text{kN/m}^2 \times 0.25\text{m} = 1.25\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{first floor} : 1\text{m} \times 1\text{kN/m}^2 = 1\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{roof} : 2\text{m} \times 1\text{kN/m}^2 = 2\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{beam SW} = 0.45 \times 0.45 \times 24\text{kN/m}^3 = 4.86\text{kN/m}$$

$$62.46\text{kN/m}$$

live

$$\text{floors} : 2.5\text{m} \times 2\text{kN/m}^2 = 5\text{kN/m}$$

$$1\text{m} \times 2\text{kN/m}^2 = 2\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{roof} : 2\text{m} \times 0.75\text{kN/m}^2 = 1.5\text{kN/m}$$

$$8.5\text{kN/m}$$

$$W1 = 101\text{kN/m}$$

W2:

dead

$$\text{wall SW} = 3\text{m} \times 0.33\text{m} \times 20\text{kN/m}^3 = 19.8\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{ground floor} : 2\text{m} \times 2\text{kN/m}^2 \times 0.25\text{m} = 1\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{roof} : 2\text{m} \times 1\text{kN/m}^2 = 2\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{beam SW} = 0.45 \times 0.45 \times 24\text{kN/m}^3 = 4.86\text{kN/m}$$

$$38.66\text{kN/m}$$

live

$$\text{floors} : 2\text{m} \times 2\text{kN/m}^2 = 4\text{kN/m}$$

$$\text{roof} : 2\text{m} \times 0.75\text{kN/m}^2 = 1.5\text{kN/m}$$

$$5.5\text{kN/m}$$

$$W2 = 62.9\text{kN/m}$$

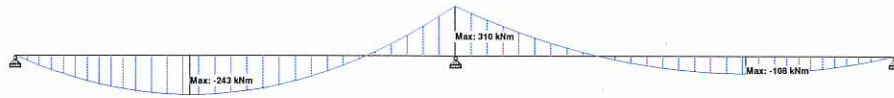


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Job No 140627	Sheet No	Rev
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Ref		
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File pynford beam.psa	Date/Time 13-Aug-2015 16:04	

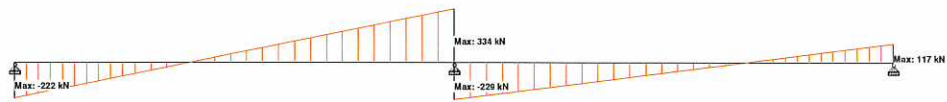
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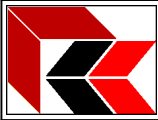


FACTORED BENDING MOMENT

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Job Title 12 PARK VILLAGE WEST	Ref		
	By	Date 12-08-15	Chd
Client	File pynford beam.psa	Date/Time	13-Aug-2015 16:04



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Date 12-08-15

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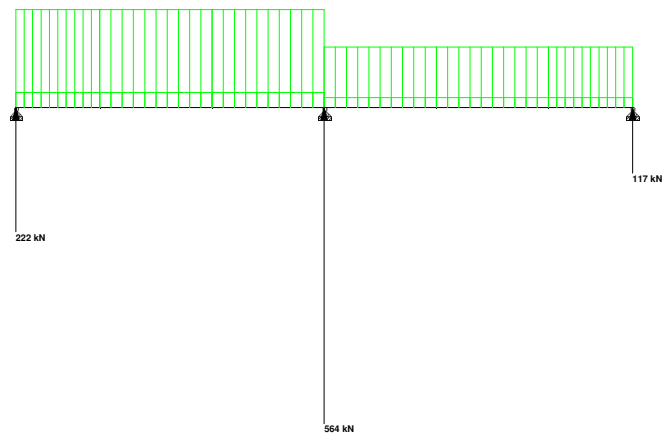
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pynford beam.psa

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BEAM REACTIONS

Job No. 140627

Job Title 12 Park Village West

Subject Pynford Beam

Reinforced Concrete Beam Design

Beam Reference

RC Beam

Forces

Maximum Moment $M = 310$ kNm
Maximum Shear Force $V = 334$ kN

Beam Dimensions

Depth 450 mm
Width 450 mm
Tens. reinf cover 35 mm
Comp. reinf cover 35 mm
Span 5.5 m

Material Properties

Char. Strength tension reinf $f_y = 500$ N/mm²
Char. Strength links $f_{yv} = 500$ N/mm²
Concrete strength $f_{cu} = 40$ N/mm²

Compression and Tension Reinforcement

Effective Depth to tension reinf $d = 392.5$ mm
Effective depth to compression reinf $d' = 57.5$ mm
 $k = 0.112$
Lever arm $z = 335.5$ mm
 $x = 126.8$ mm
Reduced char strength Not required N/mm² For compression reinforcement only

Tension Reinforcement

Tension reinforcement required $A_s = 1946$ mm²
Tension reinforcement provided $A_{s\text{ prov}} = 2454$ mm² Provide 5 H 25 s
Tension reinforcement ok

Compression reinforcement

Compression reinforcement required $A_s' = 0$ mm²
Compression reinforcement provided $A_{s'\text{ prov}} = 2454$ mm² Provide 5 H 25 s
Compression reinf ok

Shear reinforcement

Design shear stress $v = 1.89$ N/mm²
Concrete shear stress $v_c = 0.83$ N/mm²
Shear reinforcement $A_{sv} = 252$ mm² Provide 2 H 10 links
Area of shear links $A_{sv\text{ prov}} = 314$ mm² at 250 centres
Shear links ok

Deflection

Basic span/effective depth ratio 20
Design service stress $f_s = 264$ N/mm²
Modification factor (tension reinf) 0.88
Modification Factor (compression reinf) 1.32
Modified span/effective depth ratio 23.2
Actual span/effective depth ratio 14.0 *Span/effective depth ratio ok*

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12 PARK VILLAGE WEST

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GROUND FLOOR SLAB.

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engineer

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rev. date

span 5.5m

loading

dead

$$\begin{aligned} \text{slab} &: 24 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1 \text{ m} \times 0.25 \text{ m} = 6 \text{ kN/m} \\ \text{finishes} &: 1 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1 \text{ m} = 1 \text{ kN/m} \\ \text{live} &: 2 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1 \text{ m} = 2 \text{ kN/m} \end{aligned}$$

$$W = 13 \text{ kN/m}$$

wall @ midspan

$$\begin{aligned} \text{dead} &: 0.1 \text{ m} \times 2 \text{ m} \times 20 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times 1 \text{ m} = 4 \text{ kN} \\ \text{floor} &: 2.8 \text{ m} \times 1 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1 \text{ m} = 2.8 \text{ kN} \\ \text{live} &: 2.8 \text{ m} \times 2 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1 \text{ m} = 5.6 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$P = 18.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Moment: } M &= Wl^2/8 + Pl/4 = 49.16 + 25.44 = 74.6 \text{ kNm} \\ \text{Shear: } V &= Wl/2 + P/2 = 35.25 + 9.25 = 44.5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

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project
**12 Park Village West
London**

job no.
140627

sheet no.

title
Ground Floor Slab

date

engineer

checked

rev	date
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Material Properties

Concrete Self Weight = 24 kN/m³
Concrete Grade, f_{cu} = 40 N/mm²
Reinforcement Strength, f_y = 500 N/mm²

Slab Properties

Span = 5.5 m

Overall Depth, h = 250 mm
Bar Diameter = 16 mm
Link diameter = 0 mm
Cover = 30 mm
Effective depth, d = 212 mm

Design Moment, M = 75 kNm
Ultimate Moment, M_u = 280 kNm

$M < M_u$ therefore section adequate

Reinforcement


k = 0.0415 < 0.156 **No compression steel required**
 z = 0.9500 $d \leq 0.95d$
 $A_{s \text{ reqd}}$ = 852 mm²/m
 $A_{s \text{ min}}$ = 325
Therefore provide **16 s @ 200 mm spacing**
 $A_{s \text{ prov}}$ = **1005 mm²/m > $A_{s \text{ reqd}}$, reinforcement is adequate**
Steel content = 0.40% > 0.13 and < 4 %
 $A_{s' \text{ prov}}$ = 393 mm²/m

Deflection Check

basic l/d = 20 (Simply supported)
 M / bd^2 = 1.660
Design Service Stress, f_s = 264.93 N/mm²
Modification factor (t) = 1.24 ≤ 2
Modification factor (c) = 1.06 ≤ 1.5
Allowable l/d = 26.25
Actual l/d = 25.94 **OK**

Shear Check

V = 45 kN
Design Shear Stress, v = 0.212 N/mm² < 5N/mm² **therefore beam size adequate**
 $100A_s / b_v d$ = 0.474
Design Concrete Shear Stress, 0.576 N/mm²
 $v < v_c$ therefore shear links are not required

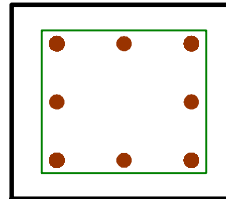
Project	12 PARK VILLAGE WEST		 The Concrete Centre™	Made by	Date	Page
Client	Basement Column			Checked	Revision	Job No
Location	SYMMETRICALLY REINFORCED RECTANGULAR COLUMN DESIGN, BENT ABOUT TWO AXES TO BS 8110:2005 Originated from RCC53.xls v3.2 on CD © 2006 TCC					

MATERIALS

fcu 40 N/mm² γ_m, steel 1.15 Cover to link 30 mm
 fy 500 N/mm² γ_m, conc 1.5 h agg 20 mm
 steel class A

SECTION

h 300 mm
 b 300 mm
 with 3 bars per 300 face
 and 3 bars per 300 face



RESTRAINTS

	Lo (mm)	Top Condition	Btm Condition	Braced ?	β	Le (mm)	Slenderness	Status
X-AXIS	<u>3800</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	1	3800	Lex/h = 12.67	Column is SHORT
Y-AXIS	<u>3800</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	1	3800	Ley/b = 12.67	

LOADCASES

LOADCASES	AXIAL	TOP MOMENTS (kNm)		BTM MOMENTS (kNm)	
	N (kN)	M _{ix}	M _{iy}	M _{ix}	M _{iy}
<u>B1</u>	<u>564</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
		<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
		<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
		<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
		<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
		<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>

BAR ARRANGEMENTS

Bar Ø	Asc %	Link Ø	BAR CENTRES (mm)		Nuz (kN)	Checks
			300 Face	300 Face		
H 40	11.17	10	90	90	0	Asc > 6 % (3.12.6.2)
H 32	7.15	8	96	96	0	Asc > 6 % (3.12.6.2)
H 25	4.36	8	100	100	3245	ok
H 20	2.79	6	104	104	2656	ok
H 16	1.79	6	106	106	2279	ok
H 12	1.01	6	108	108	1985	ok

DESIGN MOMENTS (k)

	X AXIS			Y AXIS		COMBINED		REBAR	max V *
	K	M add	Mx	M add	My	Axis	M'		
B1	0.000	0.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	X	8.5	8 H12	48.4
0									#DIV/0!
0									#DIV/0!
0									#DIV/0!
0									#DIV/0!
0									#DIV/0!

SEE CHARTS ON NEXT SHEET

Project 12 PARK VILLAGE WEST

Client 0

Location Basement Column

SYMMETRICALLY REINFORCED RECTANGULAR COLUMN DESIGN,
BENT ABOUT TWO AXES TO BS 8110:2005

Originated from RCC53.xls v3.2 on CD

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Date
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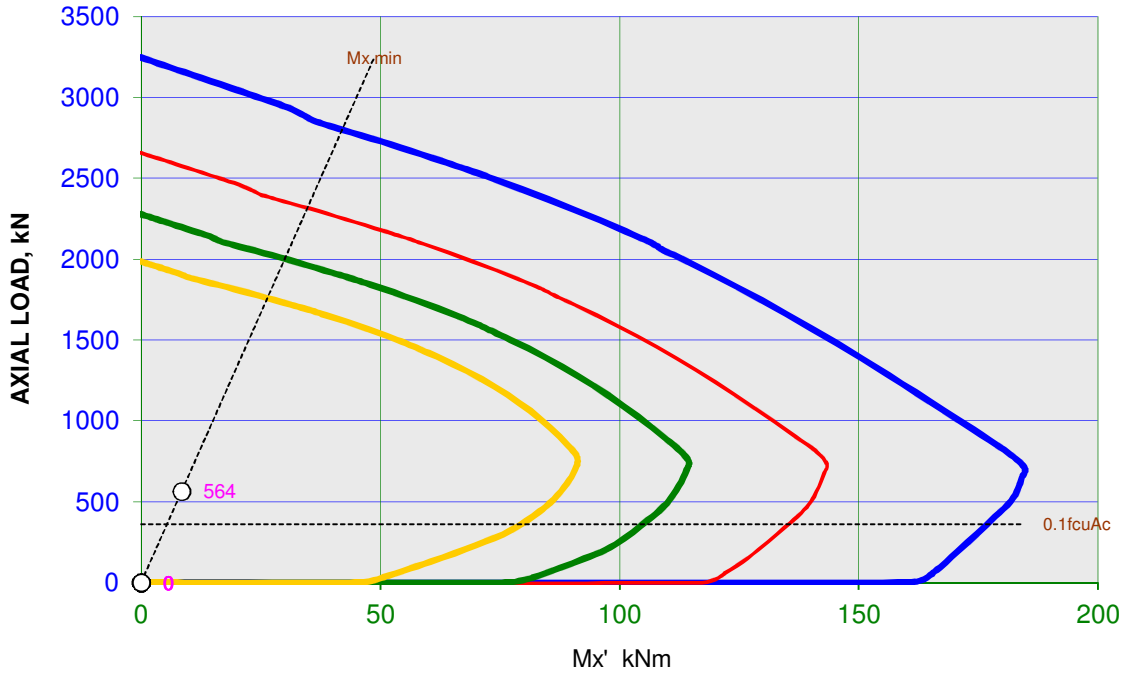
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Revision

Job No

N:M interaction chart: Mx' critical

300 x 300 column (h x b), grade C40, 30 mm cover



KEY

8H25

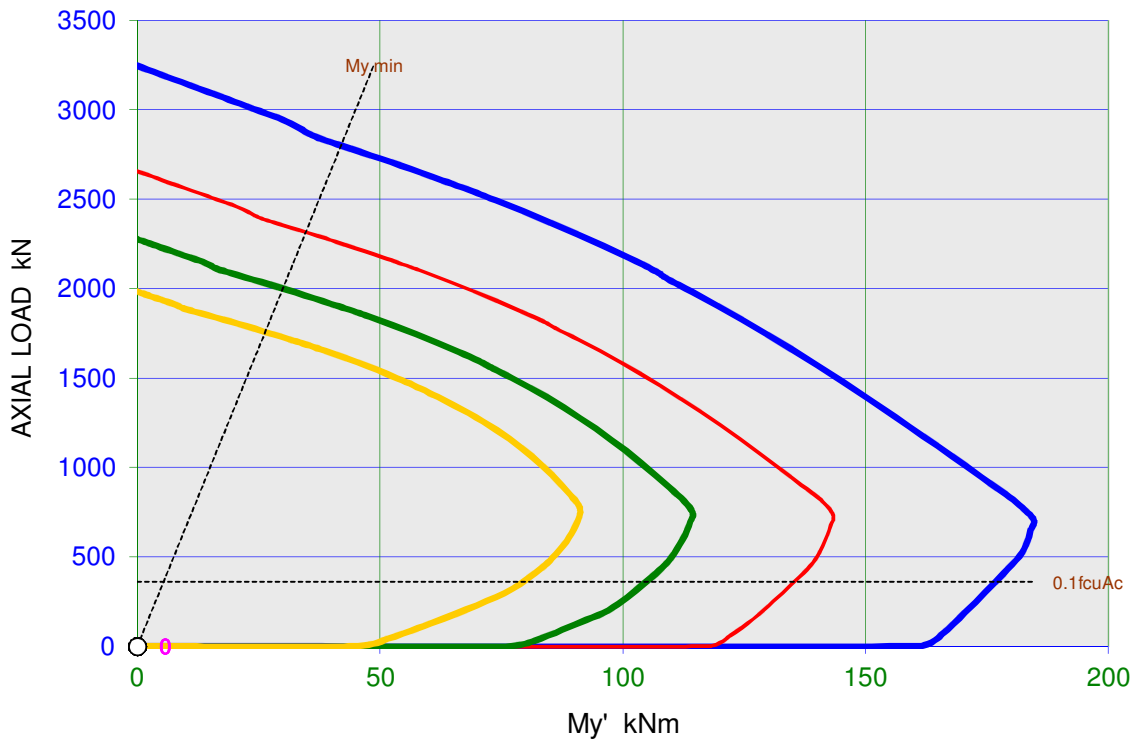
8H20

8H16

8H12

N:M interaction chart: My' critical

300 x 300 column (h x b), moment about yy axis), Grade C40, 30 Cover



KEY

8H25

8H20

8H16

8H12

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project

12 PARK VILLAGE WEST

title

RETAINING WALL

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sheet no.

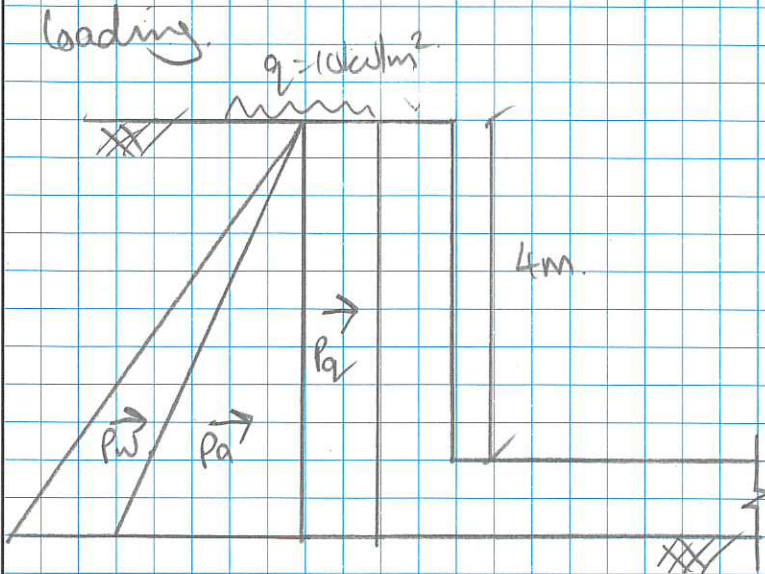
date

engineer

checked

rev.

date



$$\gamma = 19.5 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$\phi = 23^\circ$$

$$k_{ea} = 0.44$$

$$k_p = 2.28$$

Soil

Depth (m)

pressure (kN/m²)

Clay

0
4

$$10 \times 0.44 = 4.4$$

$$4.4 + (4 \times 19.5 \times 0.44) + (4 \times 10 \times 0.44) = 86.32$$

2 conditions

Propped Top & bottom

(wall to be propped during construction)

$$M_{max} = 86.7 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{max} = 109 \text{ kN}$$

Propped cantilever

$$M_{max} = 89.9 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{max} = 132 \text{ kN}$$

rev	date

Material Properties

Concrete Self Weight = 24 kN/m³
 Concrete Grade, f_{cu} = 40 N/mm²
 Reinforcement Strength, f_y = 500 N/mm²

Slab Properties

Span = 4 m
 Overall Depth, h = 300 mm
 Bar Diameter = 16 mm
 Link diameter = 0 mm
 Cover = 30 mm
 Effective depth, d = **262 mm**

Design Moment, M = **87 kNm**
 Ultimate Moment, M_u = **428 kNm**

$M < M_u$ therefore section adequate

Reinforcement

$k = 0.0316 < 0.156$ **No compression steel required**
 $z = 0.9500 d \leq 0.95d$
 $A_{s \text{ reqd}} = 801 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$
 $A_{s \text{ min}} = 390$
 Therefore provide **16 s @ 200 mm spacing**
 $A_{s \text{ prov}} = 1005 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m} > A_{s \text{ reqd}}$, reinforcement is adequate
 Steel content = 0.34% > 0.13 and < 4 %
 $A_{s' \text{ prov}} = 1005 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Deflection Check

basic $l/d = 20$ (Simply supported)
 $M / bd^2 = 1.263$
 Design Service Stress, $f_s = 249.07 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 Modification factor (t) = 1.43 ≤ 2
 Modification factor (c) = 1.11 ≤ 1.5
 Allowable $l/d = 31.80$
 Actual $l/d = 15.27$ **OK**

Shear Check

$V = 109 \text{ kN}$
 Design Shear Stress, $v = 0.416 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ therefore beam size adequate
 $100A_s / b_v d = 0.384$
 Design Concrete Shear Stress, $v_c = 0.537 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $v < v_c$ therefore shear links are not required

rev	date
-----	------

Material Properties

Concrete Self Weight = 24 kN/m³
Concrete Grade, f_{cu} = 40 N/mm²
Reinforcement Strength, f_y = 500 N/mm²

Slab Properties

Span = 4 m

Overall Depth, h = 300 mm
Bar Diameter = 16 mm
Link diameter = 0 mm
Cover = 35 mm
Effective depth, d = 257 mm

Design Moment, M = 90 kNm
Ultimate Moment, M_u = 412 kNm

$M < M_u$ therefore section adequate

Reinforcement

$k = 0.0340 < 0.156$ **No compression steel required**
 $z = 0.9500 d \leq 0.95d$
 $A_{s\ reqd} = 847$ mm²/m
 $A_{s\ min} = 390$
Therefore provide **16 s @ 100** mm spacing
 $A_{s\ prov} = 2010$ mm²/m **> $A_{s\ reqd}$, reinforcement is adequate**
Steel content = 0.67% > 0.13 and < 4 %
 $A_{s'\ prov} = 1005$ mm²/m

Deflection Check

basic $l/d = 20$ (Simply supported)
 $M / bd^2 = 1.361$
Design Service Stress, $f_s = 131.69$ N/mm²
Modification factor (t) = 1.82 ≤ 2
Modification factor (c) = 1.12 ≤ 1.5
Allowable $l/d = 40.66$
Actual $l/d = 15.56$ **OK**

Shear Check

$V = 132$ kN
Design Shear Stress, $v = 0.514$ N/mm² **< 5N/mm² therefore beam size adequate**
 $100A_s / b_v d = 0.782$
Design Concrete Shear Stress, 0.681 N/mm²
 $v < v_c$ therefore shear links are not required

London • Cambridge • Norwich

Telephone 020 7700 6666

design@conisbee.co.uk

www.conisbee.co.uk

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project

12 PARK VILLAGE WEST

job no.

140627.

sheet no.

title

BASEMENT SLAB

date

engineer

checked

rev.

date

Basement Slab

loading

$$\begin{aligned} \text{dead: } 0.3\text{m} \times 24\text{kN/m}^2 &= 7.2\text{kN/m}^2 \\ \text{finishes} &= 1.0\text{kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Wf} = 2.0\text{kN/m}^2$$

uplift:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{heave: } 225\text{mm Cellcase } 11/13 &= 13\text{kN/m}^2 \\ \text{water: } 3\text{m} \times 10\text{kN/m}^2 &= 30\text{kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{W downward} = 14.68\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{W upward} = 35.8\text{kN/m}^2$$

Project	12 Park Village Wesr		
Client	The Concrete Centre		
Location	Basement Slab	F to G: 1 to 2	Made by
	2-WAY SPANNING INSITU CONCRETE SLABS to BS 8110:2005 (Table 3.14)		Date
	Originated from RCC94.xls v3.1	© 2006 TCC	Page
			Checked
			Revision
			Job No

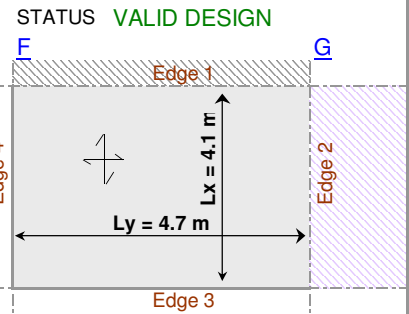
DIMENSIONS
short span, lx m **4.10**
long span, ly m **4.70**
h mm **300**
Top cover mm **30**
Btm cover mm **40**

LOADING characteristic
Self weight kN/m² 7.20
Extra dead kN/m² **1.00**
Total Dead, gk kN/m² 8.20
Imposed, qk kN/m² **2.00**
Design load, n kN/m² **14.68**

MATERIALS
fcu N/mm² **35** γ_c = **1.50**
fy N/mm² **500** γ_s = **1.15**
steel class **A**
Density kN/m³ **24**
(Normal weight concrete)

EDGE CONDITIONS
Edge 1 **C** C = Continuous
Edge 2 **C** D = Discontinuous
Edge 3 **D**
Edge 4 **d**

γ_f = **1.40** γ_f = **1.60**
See Figure 3.8 and clauses 3.5.3.5-6



MAIN STEEL	SHORT SPAN x	LONG SPAN y	EDGE 1 Continuous	EDGE 2 Continuous	EDGE 3 Free	EDGE 4 Free	BS8110 Reference Table 3.14
β _s	0.044	0.034	0.059	0.045	0.000	0.000	
M kNm/m	10.9	8.4	14.6	11.2	0.0	0.0	
d mm	254.0	242.0	264.0	252.0	264.0	252.0	
k'	0.156	0.156	0.156	0.156	0.156	0.156	
k	0.005	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.000	0.000	
Z mm	241.3	229.9	250.8	239.4	250.8	239.4	3.4.4.4
As req mm ² /m	104	84	134	107	0	0	
As min mm ² /m	390	390	390	390	390	390	Table 3.25
As deflection mm ² /m	104	84	~	~	~	~	
∅ mm	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Layer	B 1	B 2	T 1	T 2	T 1	T 2	
@ mm	275	275	275	275	275	275	
As prov mm ² /m	411	411	411	411	411	411	
= %	0.162	0.170	0.156	0.163	0.156	0.163	%
S max mm	762	738	762	762	762	762	Clause
Subclause	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	3.12.11.2.7
DEFLECTION							
fs	85	68	108	87	0	0	Eqn 8
Mod factor	2.000						Eqn 7
Perm L/d	52.00	Actual L/d	16.14	<i>Asx enhanced 0.0% for deflection control</i>			Table 3.10

TORSION STEEL

∅ mm	BOTH EDGES DISCONTINUOUS		ONE EDGE DISCONTINUOUS	
	X	Y	X	Y
10	390		390	
As req mm ² /m	411	411	411	411
As prov T mm ² /m	0	0	0	0
Additional As T req mm ²	411	411	411	411
As prov B mm ² /m				

Bottom steel not curtailed in edge strips at free edges

SUPPORT REACTIONS (kN/m char uno) (See Figure 3.10)

	EDGE 1	EDGE 2	EDGE 3	EDGE 4
β _v	1, F-G	G, 2-1	2, F-G	F, 2-1
Dead kN/m	0.455	0.396	0.303	0.264
Imposed kN/m	15.28	13.31	10.19	8.88
Vs kN/m	3.73	3.25	2.48	2.16
	27.4	23.8	18.2	15.9

Sum β_{vx} = 0.758
Sum β_{vy} = 0.660

OUTPUT/SUMMARY

PROVIDE MAIN STEEL	SHORT SPAN	LONG SPAN	EDGE 1	EDGE 2	EDGE 3	EDGE 4
	H12 @ 275 B1	H12 @ 275 B2	H12 @ 275 T1	H12 @ 275 T2	H12 @ 275 T1	H12 @ 275 T2

ADDITIONAL TORSION STEEL	CORNER 1	CORNER 2	CORNER 3	CORNER 4
X direction	F1	G1	G2	F2
Y direction				

placed in edge strips

CHECKS

Lx > Ly	BAR ∅ < COVER	SINGLY REINFORCED	MIN SPACING	MAX SPACING	DEFLECTION	GLOBAL STATUS
OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	VALID DESIGN

Project	12 Park Village Wesr			The Concrete Centre	Made by	Date	Page
Client	Basement Slab Heave				F to G: 1 to 2	Checked	Revision
Location	2-WAY SPANNING INSITU CONCRETE SLABS to BS 8110:2005 (Table 3.14)			© 2006 TCC			

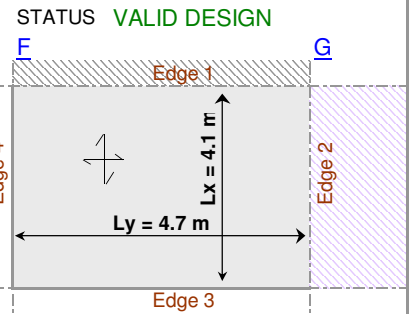
DIMENSIONS
short span, lx m **4.10**
long span, ly m **4.70**
h mm **300**
Top cover mm **30**
Btm cover mm **40**

LOADING characteristic
Self weight kN/m² 7.20
Extra dead kN/m² **0.00**
Total Dead, gk kN/m² 7.20
Imposed, qk kN/m² **35.80**
Design load, n kN/m² 67.36

MATERIALS
fcu N/mm² **35** $\gamma_c = 1.50$
fy N/mm² **500** $\gamma_s = 1.15$
steel class **A**
Density kN/m³ **24**
(Normal weight concrete)

EDGE CONDITIONS
Edge 1 **C** C = Continuous
Edge 2 **C** D = Discontinuous
Edge 3 **D**
Edge 4 **d**

$\gamma_f = 1.40$ $\gamma_f = 1.60$
See Figure 3.8 and clauses 3.5.3.5-6



MAIN STEEL	SHORT SPAN x	LONG SPAN y	EDGE 1 Continuous	EDGE 2 Continuous	EDGE 3 Free	EDGE 4 Free	BS8110 Reference Table 3.14
	β_s	0.044	0.034	0.059	0.045	0.000	
M kNm/m	50.2	38.5	67.0	51.3	0.0	0.0	
d mm	254.0	242.0	264.0	252.0	264.0	252.0	
k'	0.156	0.156	0.156	0.156	0.156	0.156	
k	0.022	0.019	0.027	0.023	0.000	0.000	
Z mm	241.3	229.9	250.8	239.4	250.8	239.4	3.4.4.4
As req mm ² /m	479	385	614	493	0	0	
As min mm ² /m	390	390	390	390	390	390	Table 3.25
As deflection mm ² /m	479	385	~	~	~	~	
\emptyset mm	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Layer	B 1	B 2	T 1	T 2	T 1	T 2	
@ mm	225	275	175	225	275	275	
As prov mm ² /m	503	411	646	503	411	411	
= %	0.198	0.170	0.245	0.199	0.156	0.163	%
S max mm	762	738	762	762	762	762	Clause
Subclause	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	3.12.11.2.7
DEFLECTION							
fs	317	312	317	327	0	0	Eqn 8
Mod factor	1.342						Eqn 7
Perm L/d	34.89	Actual L/d	16.14	<i>Asx enhanced 0.0% for deflection control</i>			Table 3.10

TORSION STEEL

	BOTH EDGES DISCONTINUOUS		ONE EDGE DISCONTINUOUS		3.5.3.5
	X	Y	X	Y	
\emptyset mm	10				
As req mm ² /m	390		390		
As prov T mm ² /m	411	411	411	411	
Additional As T req mm ²	0	0	0	0	
As prov B mm ² /m	503	411	503	411	

Bottom steel not curtailed in edge strips at free edges

SUPPORT REACTIONS (kN/m char uno) (See Figure 3.10)

	EDGE 1 1, F-G	EDGE 2 G, 2-1	EDGE 3 2, F-G	EDGE 4 F, 2-1	Sum $\beta_{vx} = 0.758$ Sum $\beta_{vy} = 0.660$	Table 3.15 equations 19 & 20
β_v	0.455	0.396	0.303	0.264		
Dead kN/m	13.42	11.69	8.95	7.79		
Imposed kN/m	66.72	58.12	44.48	38.75		
Vs kN/m	125.5	109.4	83.7	72.9		

OUTPUT/SUMMARY

PROVIDE MAIN STEEL	SHORT SPAN	LONG SPAN	EDGE 1	EDGE 2	EDGE 3	EDGE 4
	H12 @ 225 B1	H12 @ 275 B2	H12 @ 175 T1	H12 @ 225 T2	H12 @ 275 T1	H12 @ 275 T2

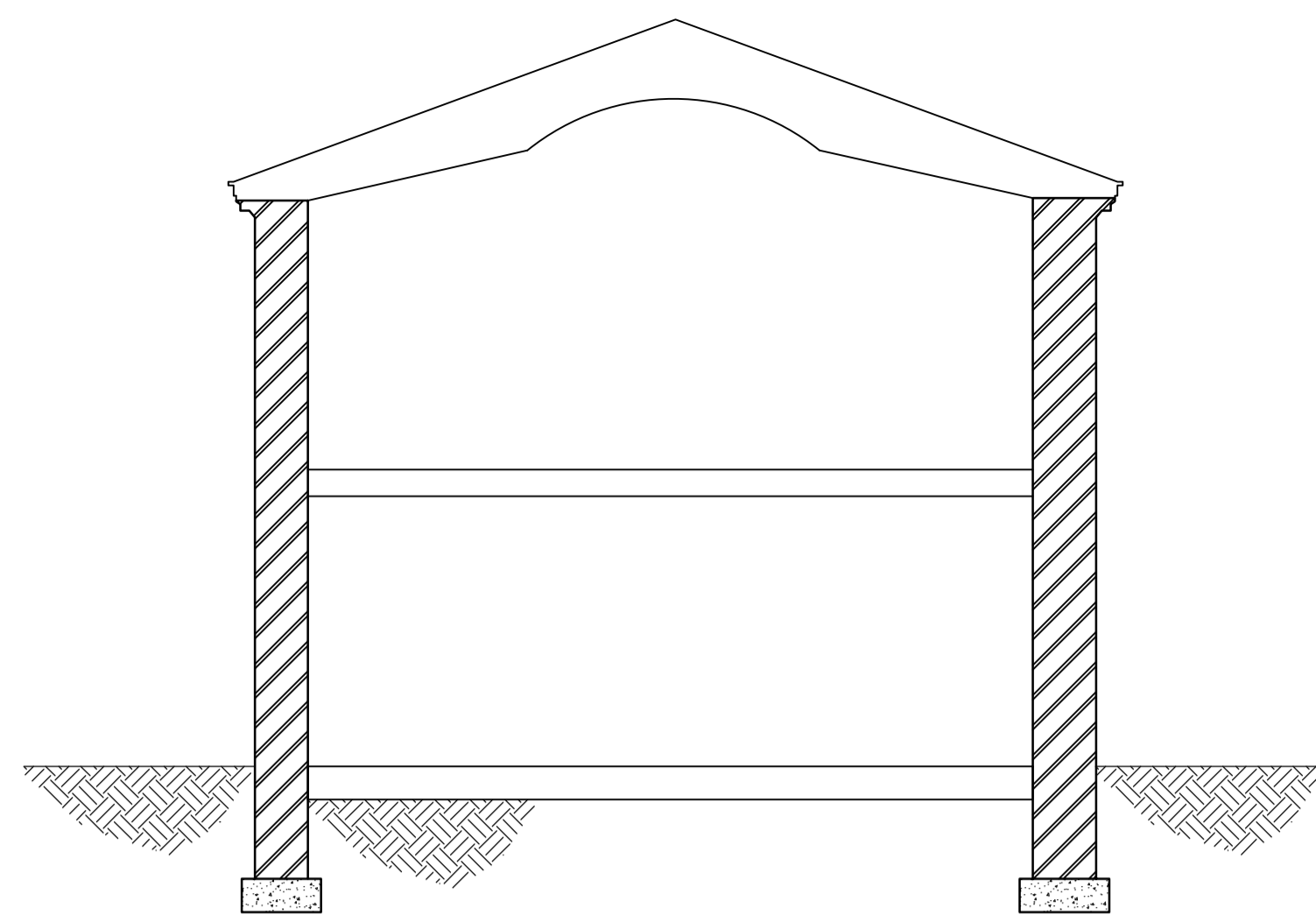
ADDITIONAL TORSION STEEL	CORNER 1	CORNER 2	CORNER 3	CORNER 4
X direction	F1	G1	G2	F2
Y direction				

placed in edge strips

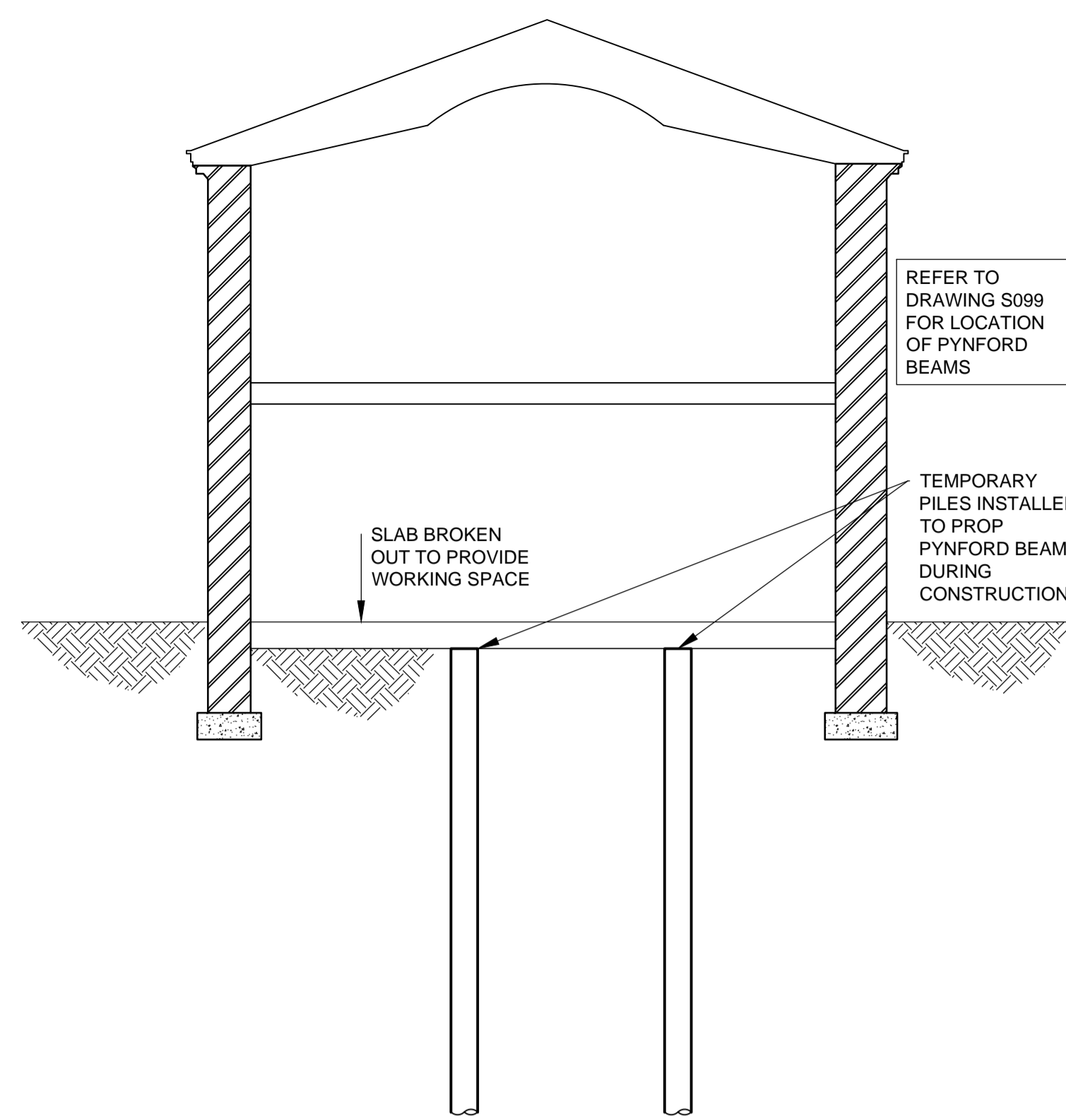
CHECKS

Lx > Ly	BAR \emptyset < COVER	SINGLY REINFORCED	MIN SPACING	MAX SPACING	DEFLECTION	GLOBAL STATUS
OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	VALID DESIGN

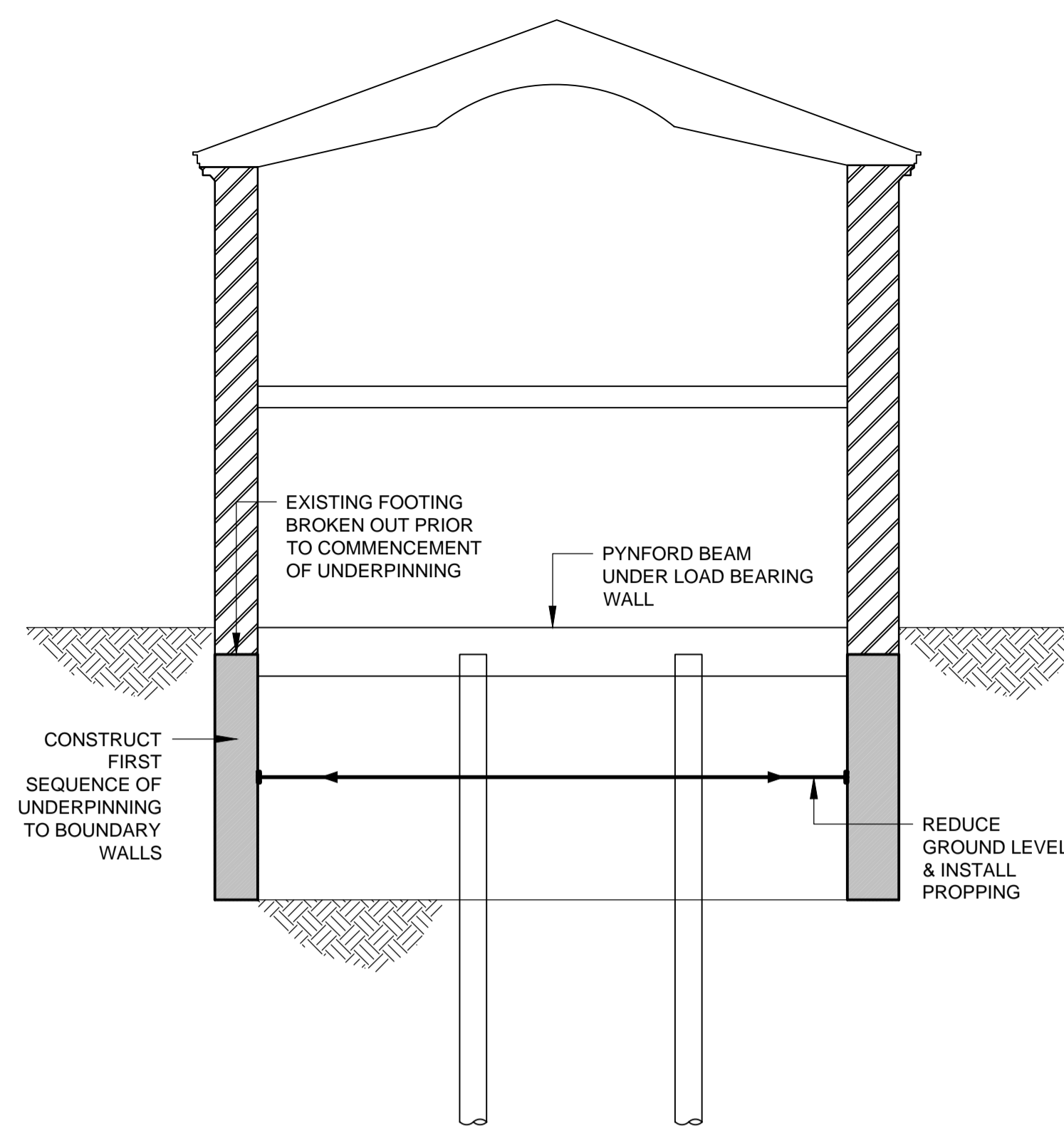
Appendix C – Construction Method Statement



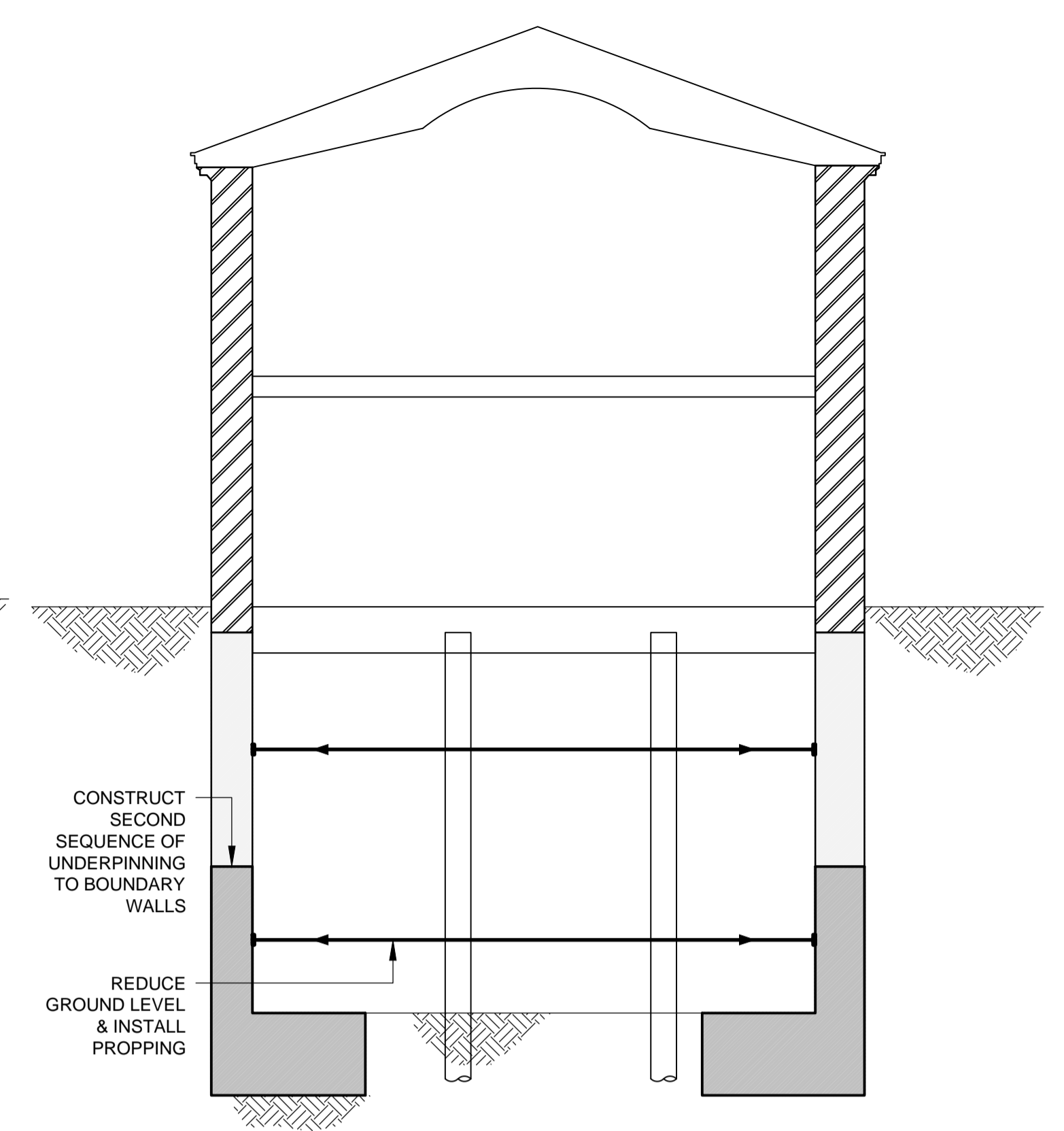
CROSS SECTION THROUGH EXISTING STRUCTURE



CROSS SECTION THROUGH BASEMENT PHASE 1 - GROUND FLOOR SLAB LOCALLY BROKEN OUT, TEMPORARY PILES INSTALLED & PYNFORD BEAMS CAST

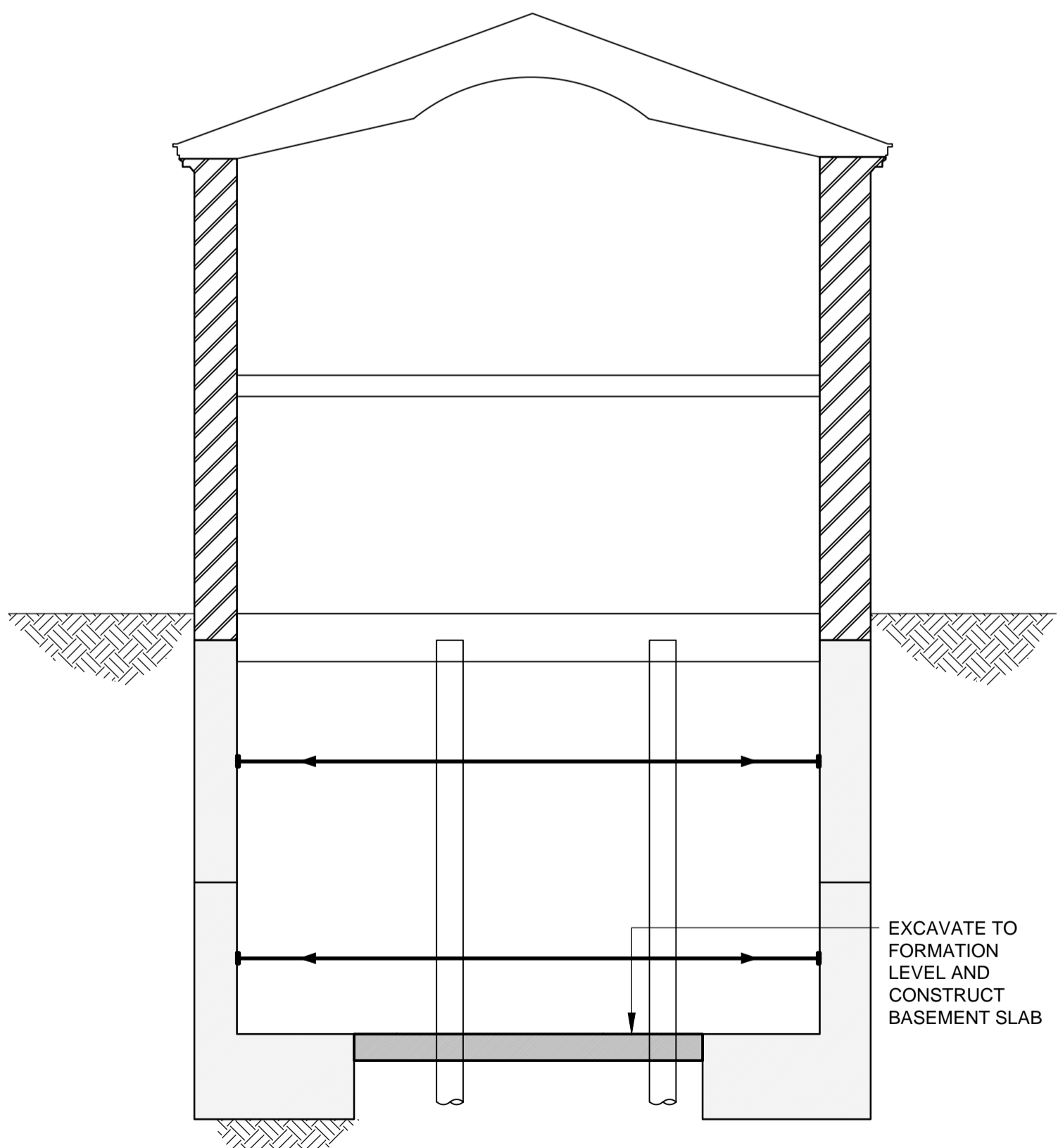


CROSS SECTION THROUGH BASEMENT PHASE 2 - STAGE 1 RETAINING WALL, REDUCED DIG & PROP

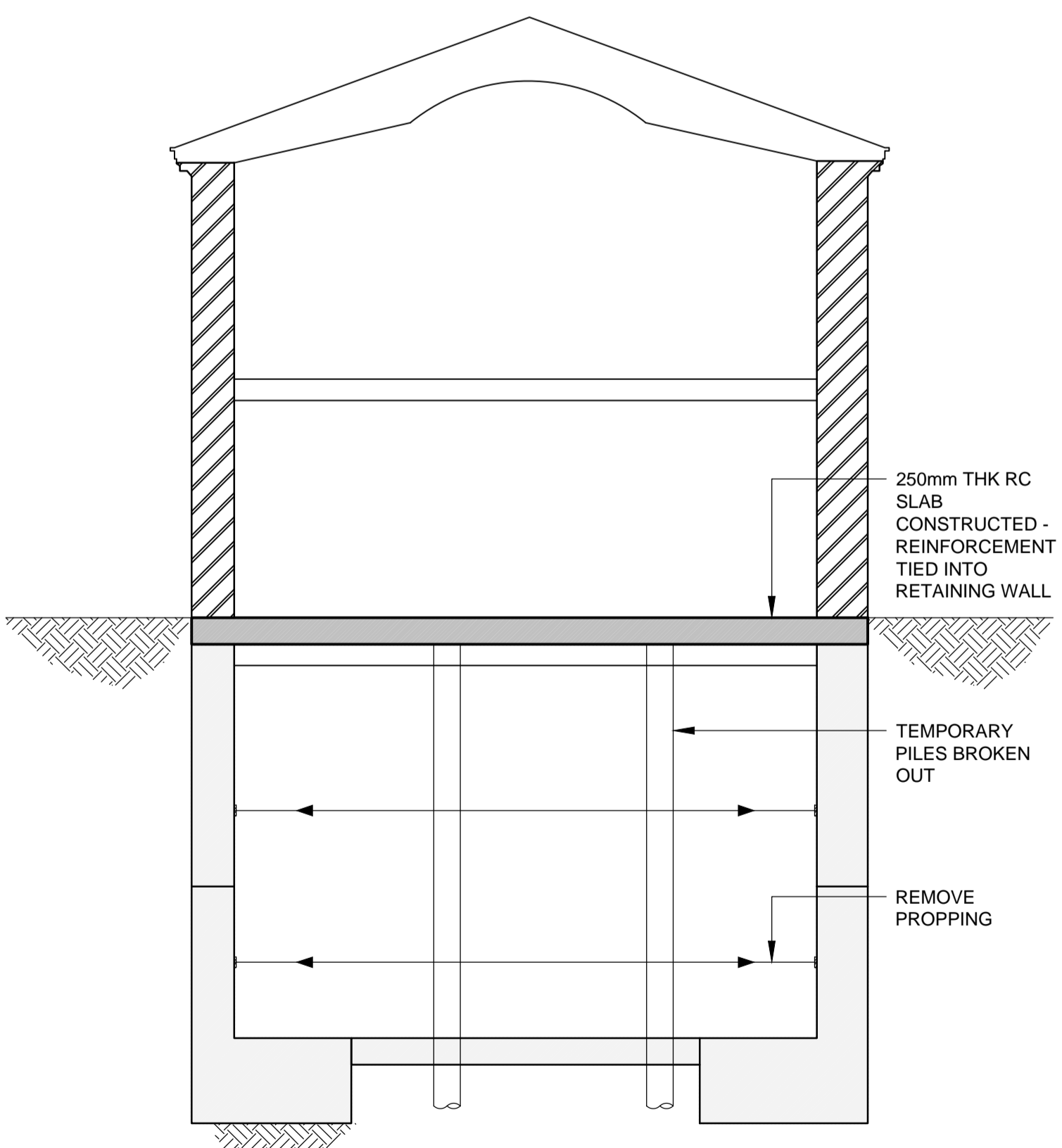


CROSS SECTION THROUGH BASEMENT PHASE 3 - STAGE 2 RETAINING WALL, REDUCED DIG AND PROP

THE PRINCIPLE OF THIS SEQUENCE APPLIES THROUGHOUT PROPOSED BASEMENT



CROSS SECTION THROUGH BASEMENT PHASE 4 - CONSTRUCTION OF BASEMENT SLAB



CROSS SECTION THROUGH BASEMENT PHASE 5 - GROUND FLOOR SLAB CONSTRUCTED

NOTE: SOIL LEVELS OUTSIDE THE COACH HOUSE ONLY TO REDUCE ONCE UNDERPINNING OF THE COACH HOUSE IS COMPLETE

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

P2	27.05.16	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	MT	CB
P1	14.08.15	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	MT	CB
Rev	Date	Description	Drawn	Check

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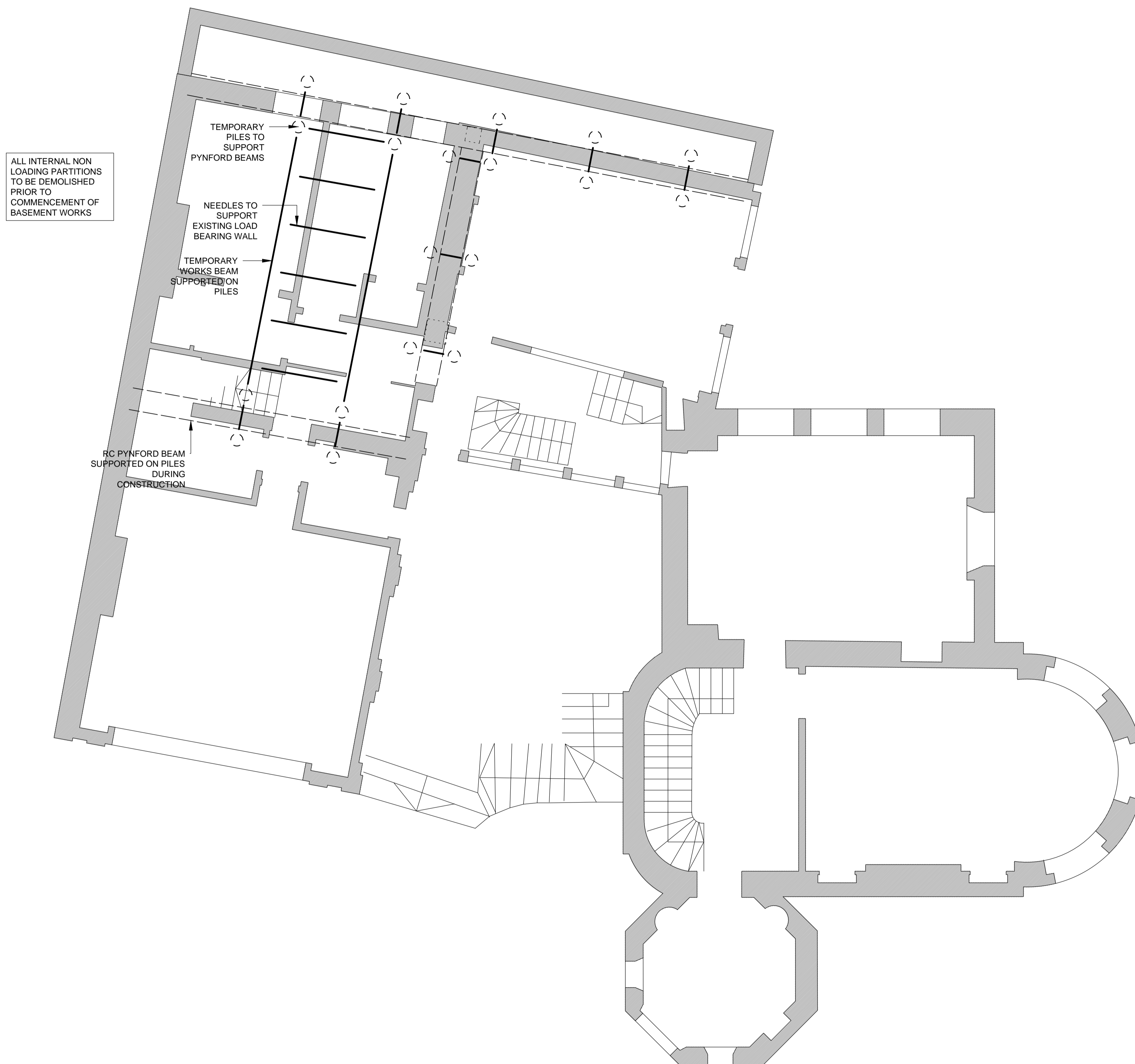
1-5 Offord St
London N1 1DH
Tel 020 7700 6666
Fax 020 7700 6686
design@conisbee.co.uk
www.conisbee.co.uk

Drawing Status	Date	AUG 15
PLANNING	Scale	1:50@A1
Project	Drawn	MT
12 PARK VILLAGE WEST LONDON	Engineer	MT
	Project No	140627
	Drawing No	SSK001
	Revision	P2

NOTES

GENERAL NOTES:

1. THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL RELEVANT ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, DRAINAGE AND SPECIALIST DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
2. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO ASCERTAIN THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORKS.
3. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN AND INSTALLATION OF ALL TEMPORARY WORKS AND SHALL SEQUENCE THE WORKS SUCH THAT THE BUILDING REMAINS STABLE AT ALL TIMES.



NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

P1	14.08.15	ISSUED FOR INFORMATION	MT	CB
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conisbee
 Consulting Structural Engineers
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1-5 Offord St
 London N1 1DH
 Tel 020 7700 6666
 Fax 020 7700 6686
 design@conisbee.co.uk
 www.conisbee.co.uk

Drawing Status	Date	AUG 15
PLANNING	Scale	1:50@A1
Project	Drawn	MT
12 PARK VILLAGE WEST LONDON	Engineer	MT
	Project No	140627
	Drawing No	S099
PROPOSED TEMPORARY WORKS GROUND FLOOR PLAN	Revision	P1