# DP25. Conserving Camden's heritage

25.1 Camden has inherited a rich architectural heritage with many special places and buildings from many different eras in the area's history, from the historic villages of Hampstead and Highgate to Georgian squares and John Nash's Regent's Park terraces, from the Victorian engineering of St Pancras Station to iconic modern structures such as Centrepoint. These places and buildings add to the quality of our lives by giving a sense of local distinctiveness, identity and history. 39 areas, covering much of the borough, are designated as conservation areas, recognising their special architectural or historic interest and their character and appearance. Also, thousands of buildings in Camden are nationally listed for their special historical or architectural interest (see map 3). We have a responsibility to preserve and, where possible, enhance these areas and buildings. This policy helps to implement Core Strategy policy CS14 – *Promoting high quality places and conserving our heritage*.



## **DP25** – Conserving Camden's heritage

#### **Conservation areas**

In order to maintain the character of Camden's conservation areas, the Council will:

- a) take account of conservation area statements, appraisals and management plans when assessing applications within conservation areas;
- only permit development within conservation areas that preserves and enhances the character and appearance of the area;
- c) prevent the total or substantial demolition of an unlisted building that makes a positive contribution to the character or appearance of a conservation area where this harms the character or appearance of the conservation area, unless exceptional circumstances are shown that outweigh the case for retention;
- d) not permit development outside of a conservation area that causes harm to the character and appearance of that conservation area; and
- e) preserve trees and garden spaces which contribute to the character of a conservation area and which provide a setting for Camden's architectural heritage.

### **Listed buildings**

To preserve or enhance the borough's listed buildings, the Council will:

- e) prevent the total or substantial demolition of a listed building unless exceptional circumstances are shown that outweigh the case for retention;
- f) only grant consent for a change of use or alterations and extensions to a listed building where it considers this would not cause harm to the special interest of the building; and
- g) not permit development that it considers would cause harm to the setting of a listed building.

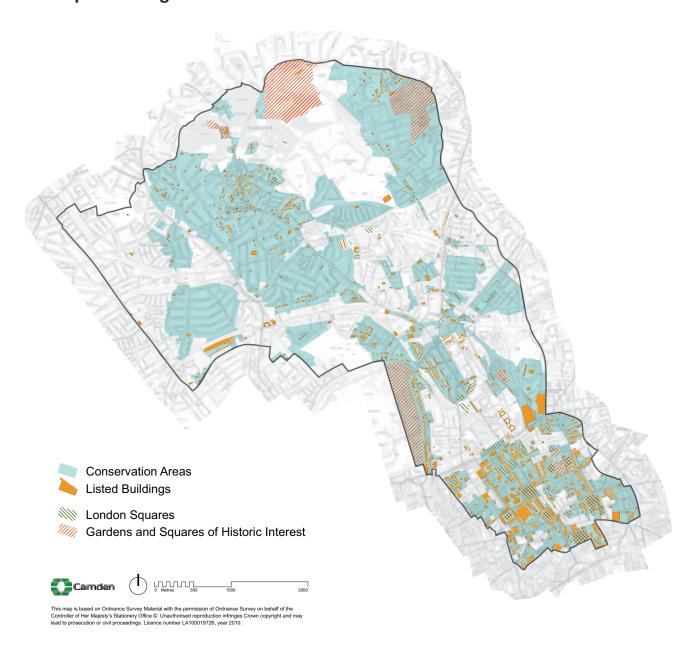
#### **Archaeology**

The Council will protect remains of archaeological importance by ensuring acceptable measures are taken to preserve them and their setting, including physical preservation, where appropriate.

#### Other heritage assets

The Council will seek to protect other heritage assets including Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest and London Squares.

Map 3: Heritage



### **Conservation Areas**

25.2 In order to preserve and enhance important elements of local character, we need to recognise and understand the factors that create this character. The Council has prepared a series of conservation area statements, appraisals and management plans that assess and analyse the character and appearance of each of our conservation areas and set out how we consider they can be preserved and enhanced. We will take these into account when assessing planning applications for development in conservation areas. We will seek to manage change in a way that retains the distinctive characters of our conservation areas and will expect new development to contribute positively to this. The Council will therefore only grant planning permission for development in Camden's conservation areas that preserves and enhances the special character or appearance of the area. The character of conservation areas derive from the combination of a number of factors, including scale, density, pattern of development, landscape, topography, open space, materials, architectural detailing, and uses. These elements should be identified and responded to in the design of new development. Design and Access Statements should include an assessment of local context and character, and set out how the development has been informed by it and responds to it.

- 25.3 The character and appearance of a conservation area can be eroded through the loss of traditional architectural details such as historic windows and doors, characteristic rooftops, garden settings and boundary treatments. Where alterations are proposed they should be undertaken in a material of a similar appearance to the existing. Traditional features should be retained or reinstated where they have been lost, using examples on neighbouring houses and streets to inform the restoration. The Council will consider the introduction of Article 4 Directions to remove permitted development rights for the removal or alterations of traditional details where the character and appearance of a conservation area is considered to be under threat.
- 25.4 Historic buildings in conservation areas can be sensitively adapted to meet the needs of climate change and energy saving preserving their special interest and ensuring their long term survival. For detailed advice on energy saving in historic buildings and conservation areas visit the English Heritage website and our Camden Planning Guidance supplementary document. Changes in patterns of use can also erode the character of an area. It is therefore important that, whenever possible, uses which contribute to the character of a conservation area are not displaced by redevelopment.
- 25.5 The value of existing gardens, trees and landscaping to the character of the borough is described in DP24 Securing High Quality Design, and they make a particular contribution to conservation areas. Development will not be permitted which causes the loss of trees and/or garden space where this is important to the character and appearance of a conservation area. DP27 Basements and lightwells provides further guidance on this issue where landscaping may be affected by basements and other underground structures.
- 25.6 The Council has a general presumption in favour of retaining buildings that make a positive contribution to the character or appearance of a conservation area, whether they are listed or not so as to preserve the character and appearance of the conservation area. We will not grant conservation area consent for the total or substantial demolition of such a building where this would harm the appearance of the conservation area, unless exceptional circumstances are shown that outweigh the case for retention. Applicants will be required to justify the demolition of a building that makes a positive contribution to a conservation area, having regard to Policy HE7 of Planning Policy Statement (PPS) 5: Planning for the Historic Environment, Camden's conservation area statements, appraisals and management plans and any other relevant supplementary guidance produced by the Council.







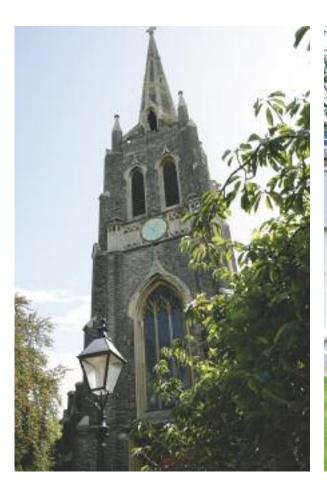
- 25.7 When considering applications for demolition, the Council will take account of group value, context and setting of buildings, as well as their quality as individual structures and any contribution to the setting of listed buildings. Applications must clearly show which buildings or parts of buildings are to be demolished.
- 25.8 Applications for total or substantial demolition in conservation areas must demonstrate to the Council's satisfaction that effective measures will be taken during demolition and building works to ensure structural stability of retained parts and adjoining structures. Before conservation area consent for demolition is granted, the Council must be satisfied that there are acceptable detailed plans for the redevelopment. Any replacement building should enhance the conservation area to an appreciably greater extent than the existing building. When a building makes little or no contribution to the character and appearance of a conservation area, any replacement building should enhance the conservation area to an appreciably greater extent than the existing building.
- 25.9 Due to the largely dense urban nature of Camden, the character or appearance of our conservation areas can also be affected by development which is outside of conservation areas, but visible from within them. This includes high or bulky buildings, which can have an impact on areas some distance away, as well as adjacent premises. The Council will therefore not permit development in locations outside conservation areas that it considers would cause harm to the character, appearance or setting of such an area.
- 25.10 Our Camden Planning Guidance supplementary document provides further information on our approach to conservation areas.

### **Listed buildings**

- 25.11 Camden's listed buildings and structures provide a rich and unique historic and architectural legacy. They make an important and valued contribution to the appearance of the borough and provide places to live and work in, well known visitor attractions, and cherished local landmarks. We have a duty to preserve and maintain these for present and future generations. There are over 5,600 buildings and structures in Camden that are on the statutory list for their special architectural or historic interest.
- 25.12 The Council has a general presumption in favour of the preservation of listed buildings. Total demolition, substantial demolition and rebuilding behind the façade of a listed building will not normally be considered acceptable. The matters which will be taken into consideration in an application for the total or substantial demolition of a listed building are those set out in Policy HE7 of PPS5.









- 25.13 In order to protect listed buildings, the Council will control external and internal works that affect their special architectural or historic interest. Consent is required for any alterations, including some repairs, which would affect the special interest of a listed building. The matters which will be taken into consideration in an application for alterations and extensions to a listed building are those set out in Policy HE7 of PPS5.
- 25.14 Where listed buildings are being altered for the provision of access for people with disabilities, the Council will balance their needs with the interests of conservation and preservation. We will expect design approaches to be fully informed by an audit of conservation constraints and access needs, and to have considered all available options. The listed nature of a building does not preclude the development of inclusive design solutions, and the Council expects sensitivity and creativity to be employed in achieving solutions that meet the needs of accessibility and conservation.
- 25.15 The setting of a listed building is of great importance and should not be harmed by unsympathetic neighbouring development. While the setting of a listed building may be limited to its immediate surroundings, it often can extend some distance from it. The value of a listed building can be greatly diminished if unsympathetic development elsewhere harms its appearance or its harmonious relationship with its surroundings. Applicants will be expected to provide sufficient information about the proposed development and its relationship with its immediate setting, in the form of a design statement.
- 25.16 Proposals that reduce the energy consumption of listed buildings will be welcomed provided that they do not cause harm to the special architectural and historic interest of the building or group. Energy use can be reduced by means that do not harm the fabric or appearance of the building, for instance roof insulation, draught proofing and secondary glazing, more efficient boilers and heating/lighting systems, and use of green energy sources. Depending on the form of the building, renewable energy technologies may also be installed, for instance solar water heating and photovoltaics.
- 25.17 Our Camden Planning Guidance supplementary document provides further information on our approach to listed buildings.

Map 4: Archaeoloical Priority Areas



# **Archaeology**

25.18 Camden has a rich archaeological heritage comprised of both above and below ground remains, in the form of individual finds, evidence of former settlements and standing structures. These remains are vulnerable to modern development and land use. There are 13 archaeological priority areas in the borough (see map 4):

Hampstead Heath	Hampstead	Highgate
London Suburbs	South End	Baginigge Wells
St Pancras	West End	Canalside Industry
Kentish Town	Kilburn	
Battle Bridge	Belsize	

- 25.19 The archaeological priority areas provide a general guide to areas of archaeological remains, but do not indicate every find site in the borough. These are based on current knowledge and may be refined or altered as a result of future archaeological research or discoveries.
- 25.20 It is likely that archaeological remains will be found throughout the borough, both within and outside the archaeological priority areas. Many archaeological remains have yet to be discovered, so their extent and significance is not known. When researching the development potential of a site, developers should, in all cases, assess whether the site is known or is likely to contain archaeological remains. Where there is good reason to believe that there are remains of archaeological importance on a site, the Council will consider directing applicants to supply further details of proposed developments, including the results of archaeological desk-based assessment and field evaluation. Scheduled monument consent must be obtained before any alterations are made to scheduled ancient monuments. Camden has only one scheduled ancient monument: Boadicea's Grave in Hampstead Heath.
- 25.21 If important archaeological remains are found, the Council will seek to resist development which adversely affects remains and to minimise the impact of development schemes by requiring either in situ preservation or a programme of excavation, recording, publication and archiving of remains. There will usually be a presumption in favour of in situ preservation of remains and, if important archaeological remains are found, measures should be adopted to allow the remains to be permanently preserved in situ. Where in situ preservation is not feasible, no development shall take place until satisfactory excavation and recording of the remains has been carried out on site, and subsequent analysis, publication and archiving undertaken by an archaeological organisation approved by the Council.
- 25.22 The Council will consult with, and be guided by, English Heritage and the Greater London Archaeology Advisory Service (GLAAS) on the archaeological implications of development proposals. The Greater London Sites and Monuments Record, maintained by English Heritage, contains further information on archaeological sites in Camden. When considering schemes involving archaeological remains, the Council will also have regard to government Planning Policy Guidance (PPG) 16 Archaeology and Planning.

### Other heritage assets

25.23 In addition to conservation areas, listed buildings and archaeological remains, Camden contains 14 Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest, as identified by English Heritage. There are also 53 London Squares in the borough protected by the London Squares Preservation Act 1931. The Council will encourage the management of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest and London Squares to maintain, and where appropriate, enhance their value and protect their setting. As set out within Core Strategy policy CS14 – *Promoting high quality places and conserving our heritage*, we will consult with English Heritage over proposals affecting these parks and gardens.

#### Key evidence and references

- Greater London Sites and Monuments Record; English Heritage
- Guidance on conservation area appraisals, English Heritage, 2006
- Guidance on the management of conservation areas, English Heritage, 2006