

102 Camley Street, Kings Cross London, NW1 0NF

Strategic Drainage Report

Ref: 140674/AW/TG **Date:** 11 April 2016 **Rev No:** 6.0

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2010/586

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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1 Following the approval of the non-material amendment application, Ref: 2015/6282/P, drainage strategy has been revised. Due to the reduction in basement size this provides the opportunity to increase the size of the attenuation tank and therefore achieve Greenfield run-off rates of 5l/s from the site. Blue roof is no longer required as attenuation can now be accommodated within the permeable pavement and tank. Rainwater harvesting tanks will be also provided.
- **1.2** The proposed redevelopment will consist of the demolition of the existing warehouse, and the introduction of a 162 new residential flats and a mixed development of A1 and B1 employment use; spread over approximately 19,267sq ft.
- **1.3** The access road will be formed from Camley Street.
- **1.4** The Finished Floor Levels were set by the Architect.
- **1.5** The site is categorised on the Environment Agency database as Flood Zone 1 and therefore at a low risk of flooding.
- 1.6 In accordance with best practice guidelines stipulated in NPPF and Planning Policy Guidance it is proposed to provide attenuation up to and including the 1 in 100 year plus 30% for the Climate Change storm event for this site.
- 1.7 London Borough of Camden requires reasonable endeavours to achieve Greenfield run-off rates. Greenfield Run off rate for the 100YR storm event is 2.9 l/s. Therefore, the applicable runoff rate is to be limited to 5l/s which ensure hydraulic efficiency.
 - The attenuation will consist of underground modular storage units together with tanked porous pavement. These will attenuate surface water runoff from the new development prior to discharge into the Thames Water sewer running along Camley Street. Discharge rates are to be restricted to 5 l/s by Hydrobrake. The Preliminary Drainage Layout drawings can be found in Appendix C.
- **1.8** This strategic drainage report sets out the proposed sustainable urban drainage systems (suds) strategy, and provides an assessment of the proposed scheme against the suds hierarchy.
- **1.9** A flood risk assessment for the proposed development has been prepared by Conisbee in March 2016.
- **1.10** Surface water attenuation will be required; a volume of 124.6m³ has been calculated. This is based upon a discharge rate of 5l/s into existing Thames Water sewer, for the 1 in 100 year + 30% Climate Change storm event.

2.0 LIMITATIONS

- 2.1 This report is confidential and may not be disclosed by the client or relied upon by any other party without the express written agreement of Conisbee.
- 2.2 The conclusions and recommendations contained within this report are based upon information provided by others and upon the assumption that all relevant information received is accurate and correct

3.0 EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS & DRAINAGE

3.1 Existing Site Conditions

- 3.1.1 The site is located at NGR 529798,183740 in Kings Cross in the London Borough of Camden, approximately 400m north of St. Pancras Railway Station. The site is bounded to the west by Camley Street and to the north by the adjacent existing commercial/ industrial property on Camley Street. The southern boundary is formed by a brick retaining wall, approximately 2-3m high, adjacent to Regent's Canal. The eastern site boundary is adjacent to the mainline railway line and associated infrastructure.
- 3.1.2 The site's previous land use was classified as Brownfield.
- 3.1.3 The total area of the proposed development site is 2.543m² of which about 89% appears from the topographical survey to be currently impermeable.
- 3.1.4 A site investigation has been undertaken by REC Ltd in May 2014.
- 3.1.5 The Envirocheck geological data maps indicate that the site is underlain by Made Ground, underlain by London Clay forming the bedrock geology. The site investigation confirms this geological sequence.
- 3.1.6 Intrusive ground investigation report for the site found perched groundwater at depths of 2.0m below existing ground levels. The SFRA map shows the depth of the groundwater approx 60m 80m below the existing ground levels.
- 3.1.7 The Environment Agency website informs the site as classified within a Flood Zone 1 and therefore, at a very low risk of fluvial flooding.
- 3.1.8 The Environment Agency website informs that the site sits outside of any source protection zones.
- 3.1.9 The Environment Agency has recently amended their aquifer designations so that they are consistent with the Water Framework Directive. Both the Superficial (Drift) and Bedrock geology indicate that this site is not underlain by an Aquifer.



3.2 Existing Drainage

- 3.2.1 A Drainage CCTV survey of the site has been undertaken by SDS in January 2015; a review of the topographical and CCTV surveys has identified existing foul and surface water sewers and manhole covers within the existing site area, associated with the current building use. The CCTV survey has confirmed existing foul and surface water outfalls located in Camley Street.
- 3.2.2 The Thames Water drainage records have confirmed an existing 225mm foul water sewer in Camley Street. There is an existing foul water manhole ref. 7702, which is 2.25m deep.
- 3.2.3 The Thames Water drainage records have confirmed an existing 457mm surface water sewer in Camley Street. There is an existing surface water manhole ref. 7703, which is 2.01m deep
- 3.2.4 Depth of the existing Surface Water Sewer is approximately 2m; therefore connection by gravity is possible. Existing Foul Water Manhole 7702 is approx. 2.25m deep. A pumping station will be required for the lower ground/basement floor.
- 3.2.5 To date we have not received confirmation from Thames Water regarding available capacity on the public drainage networks, however pre-development enquiries are ongoing.

4.0 PROPOSED SURFACE WATER STRATEGY

- **4.1** The Surface Water Drainage strategy for the site has been developed based upon the following design standards aimed at providing a Sustainable Drainage System:
 - Sewers for Adoption 7th Edition
 - Building Regulations Part H
 - BS EN 752, BS EN 12056
 - National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF, March 2012)
 - The SuDS Manual CIRIA 697
 - BREEAM New Construction
 - London Plan Policy 5.13
- 4.2 In line with the current best practice for SUDS hierarchy, the development targets various methods of source control in order to limit surface water peak flows at the source and therefore reduce the overall peak demand on the existing sewer network, and in order to alleviate direct discharge of surface water to the sewers and watercourses.
- **4.3** Due to the presence clay geology, the use of traditional 'shallow' soakaways is precluded.

The SUDS system chosen for this site will primarily be required to dispose of surface water runoff from access road, hard surfaced areas and roofs. The roof water and water from car free hard surfaced areas will not require pre-treatment before it is discharged and so any of the techniques considered suitable for source control will be acceptable. Surface water runoff from access road will be treated by passing through a matrix of porous pavement aggregate and catchpits. The SUDS options for this site are in line with the London Plan Policy 5.13 drainage hierarchy, as follows:

- Storage rainwater for later use; for details refer to section 4.4 and Appendix E.
- Permeable Pavement
- Subsurface storage, provided by modular storage units

4.4 Rainwater harvesting systems

2No Rainwater harvesting systems will be incorporated, one for the 9th floor terrace and one for the ground floor external landscape areas.

Ground Level

The ground level external landscape area will be fitted with a rain water harvesting tank located within the basement of the building. A rain water down pipe will be diverted to fill the water tank, when the tank is full the rainwater shall continue to discharge through the down pipe.

The rainwater harvesting tank shall be fitted with a second water feed. The second feed shall be off the boosted could water supply and shall be controlled via a level switch mounted in the tank. The boosted supply shall only activate when the tank is down to 200mm above the outlet connection and shall turn off when 500mm above the outlet connection. The intention is to use as much rainwater as possible.

The tank shall have a capacity of 280 litres between the lower level switch location and the water line in the tank.

A Booster pump set will be provided to pump the harvested water up to the ground floor landscape area. A tap shall be provided within a cabinet in the wall of the landscape area. The cabinet shall be lockable. The pump shall have a minimum duty of 0.3 l/s at 2 bar.

All exposed pipework shall be suitably insulated. An isolating valve and drain cock shall be fitted inside the building prior to the connection to the outside tap. The tap shall be fitted with a removable insulated cover.



Level 9

The 9th floor terrace system will comprise a rain water harvesting tank/water butt adjacent to the main building. The rain water down pipe inside the main building shall be diverted to fill the water butt, when the butt is full the rainwater shall continue to discharge down the down pipe. The tank/Water Butt shall be fitted with a tap to allow manual watering on the 9th floor terrace. The tank/Water Butt shall have a capacity of 265 litres

For details Refer to M&E Specification located in Appendix E.

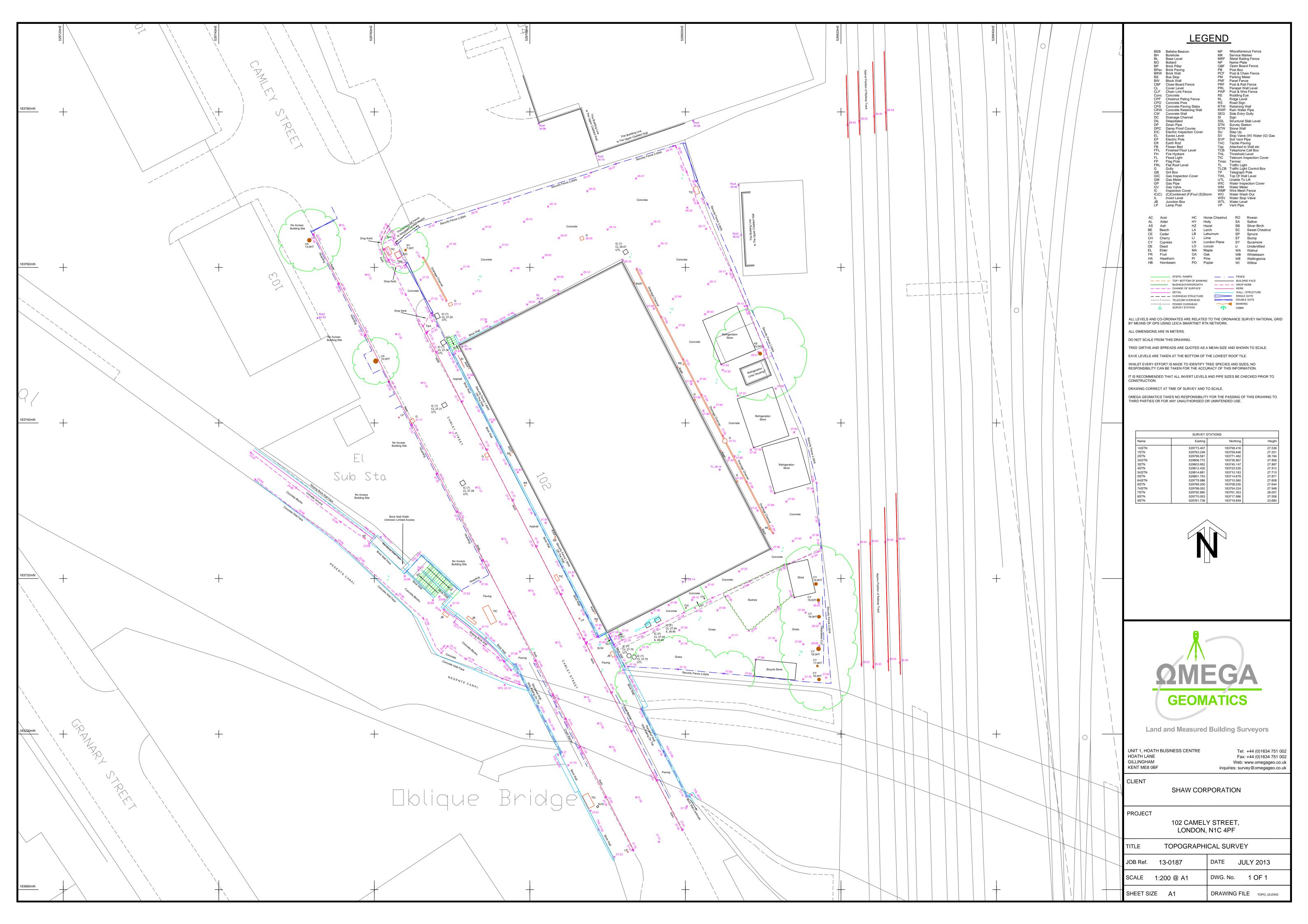
- **4.5** The total area of the proposed development site is 2,543m². The former use of the site has a impermeable area of 2,276m². A calculated Greenfield run off rate of 2.9 l/s for 100 years return period has been calculated.
- 4.6 In accordance with best practice guidelines stipulated in PPS25, it is proposed to provide attenuation up to and including the 1 in 100 year plus 30% for the Climate Change storm event for this site. In line with the London Plan and London Borough of Camden requirements, the proposed discharge rate will be restricted to 5l/s, which ensure hydraulic efficiency.
- 4.7 The hydraulic restriction will be Hydro-brake manhole chamber, which will reduce off site flows into the Thames Water sewer system to 5l/s.
- **4.8** Infiltration tests have been carried out and showed that the infiltration rates are very poor which suggest that infiltration techniques are not suitable for the site.
- **4.9** On site attenuation will have to be incorporated into the scheme. A volume of 124.6 m³ has been calculated.
- **4.10** The incorporation of SUDs should be used for the surface water strategy for the development, for cost purposes, we have allowed an attenuation volume of 124.62m³, this will be provided in the form of buried cellular storage tanks and permeable pavements.
- **4.11** The depth of the existing surface sewer system in Camley Street is sufficient to provide a gravity connection from the site, and therefore hydraulic pumping will not be required.
- **4.12** The FFLs shown on the drainage drawings have been set based upon the existing ground levels to the site.
- **4.13** The new surface water connection in Camley Street will require consent under Sections 106 of The Water Industry Act 1991.

5.0 PROPOSED FOUL WATER STRATEGY

- **5.1** In terms of the foul drainage strategy, it is proposed to discharge at rate of 20 l/s into the Thames Water public sewer network.
- 5.2 The Thames Water drainage records have confirmed an existing 225mm foul water sewer in Camley Street. There is an existing foul water manhole ref. 7702, which is 2.25m deep.
- 5.3 The foul water flow from ground floor and above is to be drained by gravity, with a suspended drainage network at basement ceiling level and connected in to proposed system and discharged in to existing Thames Water manhole located in Camley Street. It is proposed to drain the basement via an internal drainage network which will be pumped to new sewers outside the building.
- 5.4 The new foul water connection in Camley Street will require consent Under Section 106 of The Water Industry Act 1991.



Appendix A – Topographical Survey





Appendix B – Thames Water Records

Asset Location Search



Conisbee LONDON N1 1DH

Search address supplied 102

Camley Street London N1C 4PW

Your reference 140674 - Camley Street Kings Cross

Our reference ALS/ALS Standard/2014_2866291

Search date 17 September 2014

You are now able to order your Asset Location Search requests online by visiting <u>www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk</u>



Asset Location Search



Search address supplied: 102, Camley Street, London, N1C 4PW

Dear Sir / Madam

An Asset Location Search is recommended when undertaking a site development. It is essential to obtain information on the size and location of clean water and sewerage assets to safeguard against expensive damage and allow cost-effective service design.

The following records were searched in compiling this report: - the map of public sewers & the map of waterworks. Thames Water Utilities Ltd (TWUL) holds all of these.

This searchprovides maps showing the position, size of Thames Water assets close to the proposed development and also manhole cover and invert levels, where available.

Please note that none of the charges made for this report relate to the provision of Ordnance Survey mapping information. The replies contained in this letter are given following inspection of the public service records available to this company. No responsibility can be accepted for any error or omission in the replies.

You should be aware that the information contained on these plans is current only on the day that the plans are issued. The plans should only be used for the duration of the work that is being carried out at the present time. Under no circumstances should this data be copied or transmitted to parties other than those for whom the current work is being carried out.

Thames Water do update these service plans on a regular basis and failure to observe the above conditions could lead to damage arising to new or diverted services at a later date.

Contact Us

If you have any further queries regarding this enquiry please feel free to contact a member of the team on 0845 070 9148, or use the address below:

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches PO Box 3189 Slough SL1 4WW

Email: searches@thameswater.co.uk

Web: <u>www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk</u>

Asset Location Search



Waste Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public sewer map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate lines of our sewers. Our plans do not show sewer connections from individual properties or any sewers not owned by Thames Water unless specifically annotated otherwise. Records such as "private" pipework are in some cases available from the Building Control Department of the relevant Local Authority.

Where the Local Authority does not hold such plans it might be advisable to consult the property deeds for the site or contact neighbouring landowners.

This report relates only to sewerage apparatus of Thames Water Utilities Ltd, it does not disclose details of cables and or communications equipment that may be running through or around such apparatus.

The sewer level information contained in this response represents all of the level data available in our existing records. Should you require any further Information, please refer to the relevant section within the 'Further Contacts' page found later in this document.

For your guidance:

- The Company is not generally responsible for rivers, watercourses, ponds, culverts
 or highway drains. If any of these are shown on the copy extract they are shown for
 information only.
- Any private sewers or lateral drains which are indicated on the extract of the public sewer map as being subject to an agreement under Section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991 are not an 'as constructed' record. It is recommended these details be checked with the developer.

Clean Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public water main map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate positions of our water mains and associated apparatus. Please note that records are not kept of the positions of individual domestic supplies.

For your information, there will be a pressure of at least 10m head at the outside stop valve. If you would like to know the static pressure, please contact our Customer Centre on 0800 316 9800. The Customer Centre can also arrange for a full flow and

Asset Location Search



pressure test to be carried out for a fee.

For your guidance:

- Assets other than vested water mains may be shown on the plan, for information only.
- If an extract of the public water main record is enclosed, this will show known public
 water mains in the vicinity of the property. It should be possible to estimate the
 likely length and route of any private water supply pipe connecting the property to
 the public water network.

Payment for this Search

A charge will be added to your suppliers account.

Asset Location Search



Further contacts:

Waste Water queries

Should you require verification of the invert levels of public sewers, by site measurement, you will need to approach the relevant Thames Water Area Network Office for permission to lift the appropriate covers. This permission will usually involve you completing a TWOSA form. For further information please contact our Customer Centre on Tel: 0845 920 0800. Alternatively, a survey can be arranged, for a fee, through our Customer Centre on the above number.

If you have any questions regarding sewer connections, budget estimates, diversions, building over issues or any other questions regarding operational issues please direct them to our service desk. Which can be contacted by writing to:

Developer Services (Waste Water) Thames Water Clearwater Court Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Tel: 0845 850 2777

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk

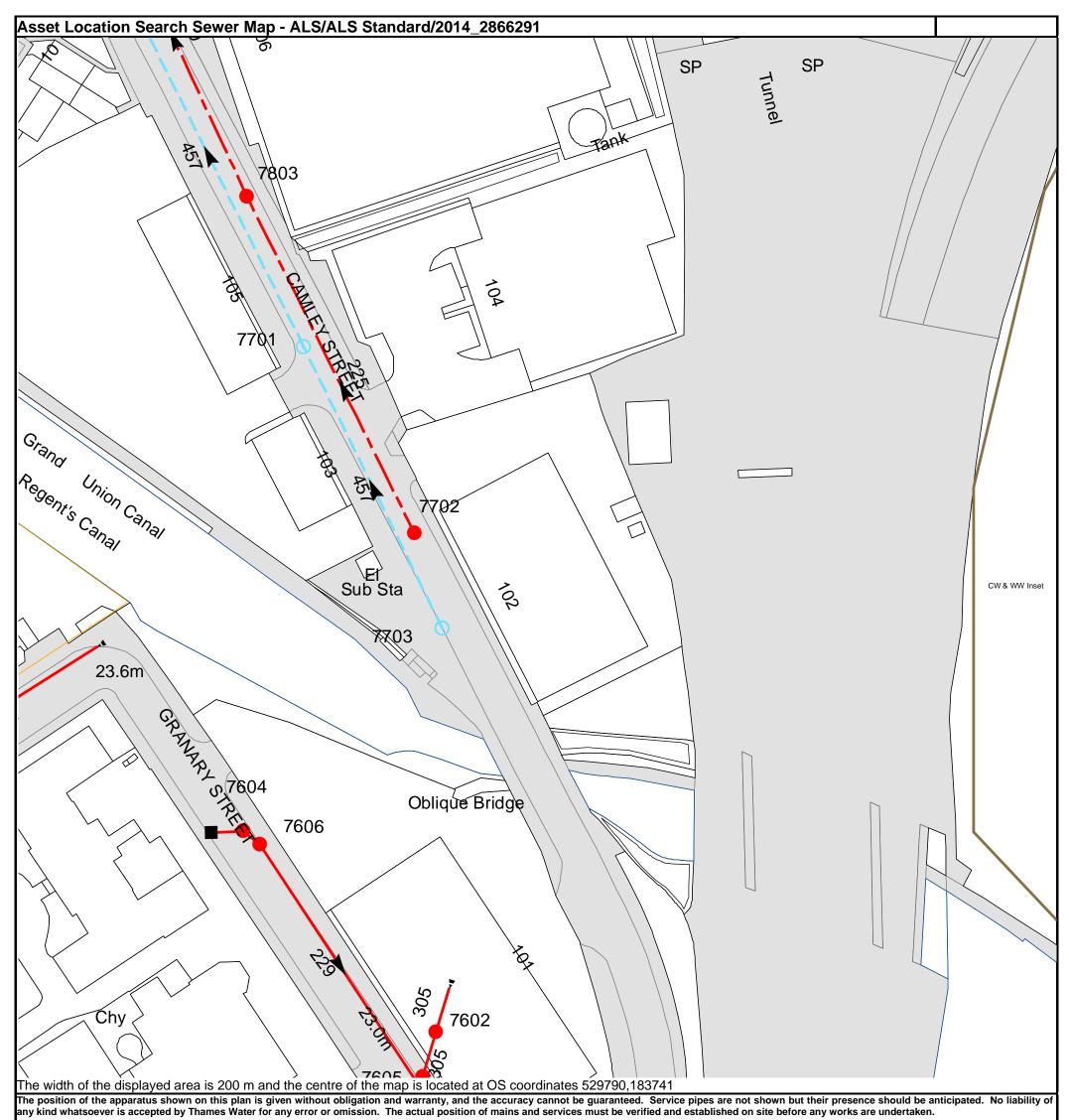
Clean Water queries

Should you require any advice concerning clean water operational issues or clean water connections, please contact:

Developer Services (Clean Water) Thames Water Clearwater Court Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Tel: 0845 850 2777

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk



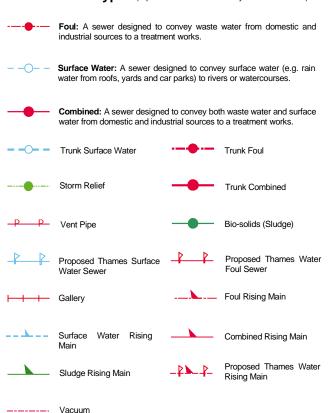
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Manhole Reference	Manhole Cover Level	Manhole Invert Level
7604	23.2	22.52
7803	26.85	23.93
7606	n/a	n/a
7701	27.5	24.8
7702	27.5	25
7605	n/a	n/a
7602	n/a	n/a
7703	27.5	25.4

The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified and established on site before any works are undertaken.



Public Sewer Types (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)



Sewer Fittings

A feature in a sewer that does not affect the flow in the pipe. Example: a vent is a fitting as the function of a vent is to release excess gas.

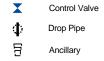


Σ Meter

0 Vent Column

Operational Controls

A feature in a sewer that changes or diverts the flow in the sewer. Example: A hydrobrake limits the flow passing downstream.



Weir

End Items

End symbols appear at the start or end of a sewer pipe. Examples: an Undefined End at the start of a sewer indicates that Thames Water has no knowledge of the position of the sewer upstream of that symbol, Outfall on a surface water sewer indicates that the pipe discharges into a stream or river.



Other Symbols

Symbols used on maps which do not fall under other general categories

Public/Private Pumping Station Change of characteristic indicator (C.O.C.I.)

Ø Invert Level

 \triangleleft Summit

Areas

Lines denoting areas of underground surveys, etc.

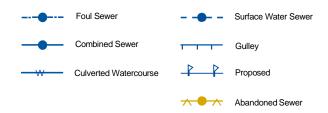


Chamber

Tunnel

Conduit Bridge

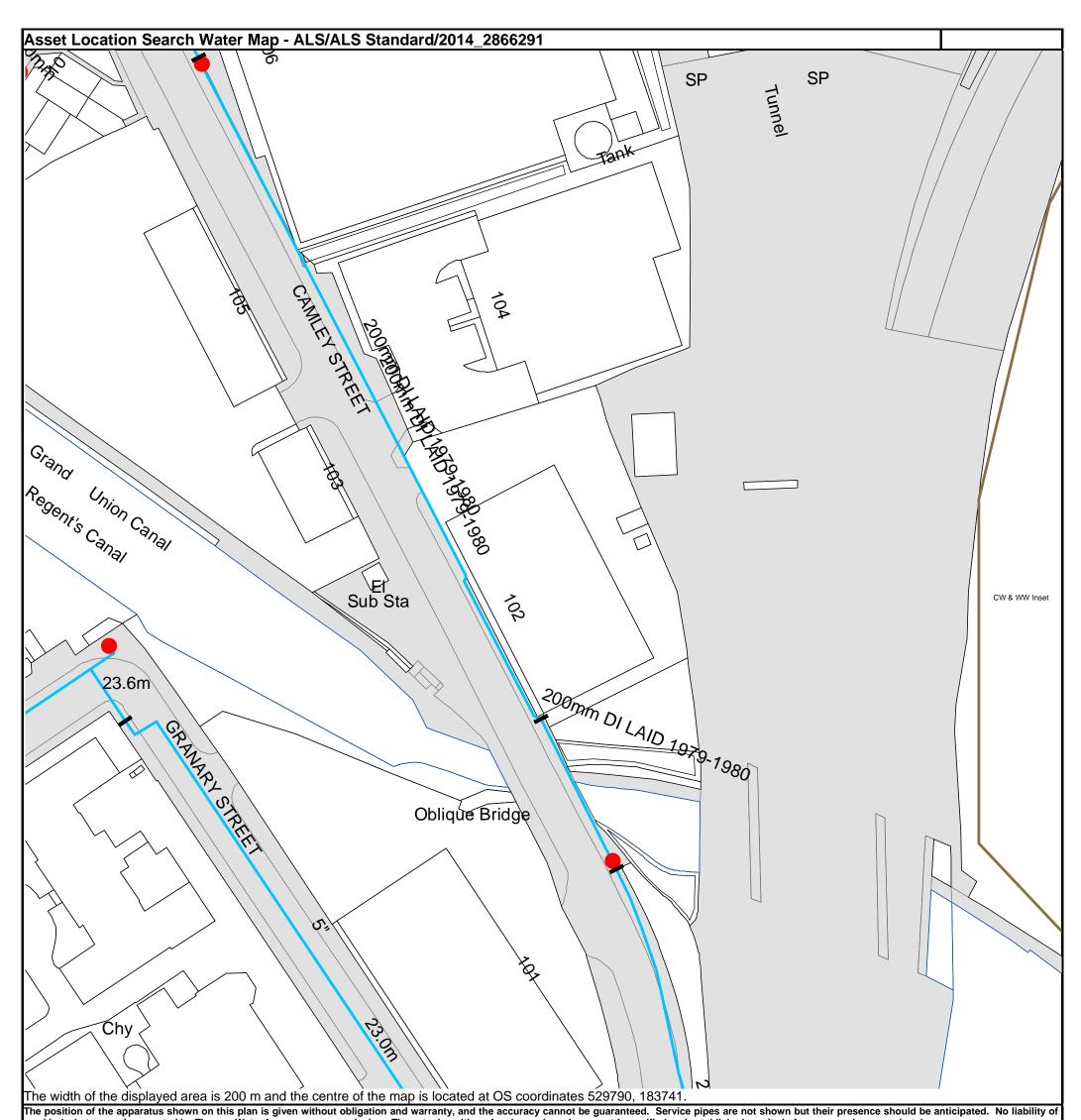
Other Sewer Types (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)



Notes:

- 1) All levels associated with the plans are to Ordnance Datum Newlyn.
- 2) All measurements on the plans are metric.
- 3) Arrows (on gravity fed sewers) or flecks (on rising mains) indicate direction of flow
- 4) Most private pipes are not shown on our plans, as in the past, this information has not been recorded.
- 5) 'na' or '0' on a manhole level indicates that data is unavailable.

6) The text appearing alongside a sewer line indicates the internal diameter of the pipe in milimetres. Text next to a manhole indicates the manhole reference number and should not be taken as a measurement. If you are unsure about any text or symbology present on the plan, please contact a member of Property Insight on 0845 070 9148.



any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified and established on site before any works are undertaken.

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3" SUPPLY

3" FIRE

3" METERED

Water Pipes (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)

Distribution Main: The most common pipe shown on water maps. With few exceptions, domestic connections are only made to distribution mains.

Trunk Main: A main carrying water from a source of supply to a treatmentplant or reservoir, or from one treatmentplant or reservoir to another. Also a main transferring water in bulk to smaller water mains used for supplying individual customers.

Supply Main: A supply main indicates that the water main is used as a supply for a single property or group of properties.

Fire Main: Where a pipe is used as a fire supply, the word FIRE will be displayed along the pipe.

Metered Pipe: A metered main indicates that the pipe in question supplies water for a single property or group of properties and that quantity of water passing through the pipe is metered even though there may be no meter symbol shown.

Transmission Tunnel: A very large diameter water pipe. Most tunnels are buried very deep underground. These pipes are not expected to affect the structural integrity of buildings shown on the map provided.

Proposed Main: A main that is still in the planning stages or in the process of being laid. More details of the proposed main and its reference number are generally included near the main.

Valves

General PurposeValve

Air Valve

Pressure ControlValve

Customer Valve

Hydrants

Single Hydrant

Meters

Meter

End Items

Symbol indicating what happens at the end of ^L a water main.

Blank Flange
Capped End

Emptying Pit
Undefined End

Customer Supply

Fire Supply

Operational Sites

Booster Station
Other

Other (Proposed)

Pumping Station

Service Reservoir

Shaft Inspection

Treatment Works

Unknown

———── Water Tower

Other Symbols

_____ Data Logger

PIPE DIAMETER DEPTH BELOW GROUND

Up to 300mm (12")	900mm (3')	
300mm - 600mm (12" - 24")	1100mm (3' 8")	
600mm and bigger (24" plus)	1200mm (4')	

Other Water Pipes (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)

Other Water Company Main: Occasionally other water company water pipes may overlap the border of our clean water coverage area. These mains are denoted in purple and in most cases have the owner of the pipe displayed along them.

Private Main: Indiates that the water main in question is not owned by Thames Water. These mains normally have text associated with them indicating the diameter and owner of the pipe.

Terms and Conditions

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A copy of Thames Water's standard terms and conditions are available from the Commercial Billing Team (cashoperations@thameswater.co.uk).

We publish several Codes of Practice including a guaranteed standards scheme. You can obtain copies of these leaflets by calling us on 0800 316 9800

If you are unhappy with our service you can speak to your original goods or customer service provider. If you are not satisfied with the response, your complaint will be reviewed by the Customer Services Director. You can write to him at: Thames Water Utilities Ltd. PO Box 492, Swindon, SN38 8TU.

If the Goods or Services covered by this invoice falls under the regulation of the 1991 Water Industry Act, and you remain dissatisfied you can refer your complaint to Consumer Council for Water on 0121 345 1000 or write to them at Consumer Council for Water, 1st Floor, Victoria Square House, Victoria Square, Birmingham, B2 4AJ.

Ways to pay your bill

Credit Card	BACS Payment	Telephone Banking	Cheque
Call 0845 070 9148 quoting your invoice number starting CBA or ADS.	Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 A remittance advice must be sent to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW. or email ps.billing@thameswater. co.uk	By calling your bank and quoting: Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 and your invoice number	Made payable to 'Thames Water Utilities Ltd' Write your Thames Water account number on the back. Send to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW or by DX to 151280 Slough 13

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TPOs Contact Details

The Property Ombudsman scheme Milford House 43-55 Milford Street Salisbury Wiltshire SP1 2BP Tel: 01722 333306

Fax: 01722 333296 Email: admin@tpos.co.uk

You can get more information about the PCCB from www.propertycodes.org.uk

PLEASE ASK YOUR SEARCH PROVIDER IF YOU WOULD LIKE A COPY OF THE SEARCH CODE

Sewer Flooding History Enquiry



Conisbee

Search address supplied

102 Camley Street Camley Street

102

Camley Street London N1C 4PW

Your reference 140674 - Camley Street Kings Cross

Our reference SFH/SFH Standard/2014_2896944

Received date 27 October 2014

Search date 27 October 2014

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Property Searches PO Box 3189 Slough SL1 4WW

DX 151280 Slough 13

T 0118 925 1504

E searches@thameswater.co.uk
www.thameswaterpropertysearches.co.uk

Registered in England and Wales No. 2366661, Registered office Clearwater Court, Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Sewer Flooding

History Enquiry



Search address supplied: 102 Camley Street, Camley Street, 102, Camley Street, London, N1C 4PW

This search is recommended to check for any sewer flooding in a specific address or area

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I www.thameswaterpropertysearches.co.uk

Registered in England and Wales No. 2366661, Registered office Clearwater Court, Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Sewer Flooding

History Enquiry



History of Sewer Flooding

Is the requested address or area at risk of flooding due to overloaded public sewers?

The flooding records held by Thames Water indicate that there have been no incidents of flooding in the requested area as a result of surcharging public sewers.

For your guidance:

- A sewer is "overloaded" when the flow from a storm is unable to pass through it due to a permanent problem (e.g. flat gradient, small diameter).
 Flooding as a result of temporary problems such as blockages, siltation, collapses and equipment or operational failures are excluded.
- "Internal flooding" from public sewers is defined as flooding, which enters
 a building or passes below a suspended floor. For reporting purposes,
 buildings are restricted to those normally occupied and used for
 residential, public, commercial, business or industrial purposes.
- "At Risk" properties are those that the water company is required to include in the Regulatory Register that is presented annually to the Director General of Water Services. These are defined as properties that have suffered, or are likely to suffer, internal flooding from public foul, combined or surface water sewers due to overloading of the sewerage system more frequently than the relevant reference period (either once or twice in ten years) as determined by the Company's reporting procedure.
- Flooding as a result of storm events proven to be exceptional and beyond the reference period of one in ten years are not included on the At Risk Register.
- Properties may be at risk of flooding but not included on the Register where flooding incidents have not been reported to the Company.
- Public Sewers are defined as those for which the Company holds statutory responsibility under the Water Industry Act 1991.
- It should be noted that flooding can occur from private sewers and drains which are not the responsibility of the Company. This report excludes flooding from private sewers and drains and the Company makes no comment upon this matter.
- For further information please contact Thames Water on Tel: 0800 316 9800 or website www.thameswater.co.uk

Thames Water Utilities Ltd

Property Searches PO Box 3189 Slough SL1 4WW

DX 151280 Slough 13

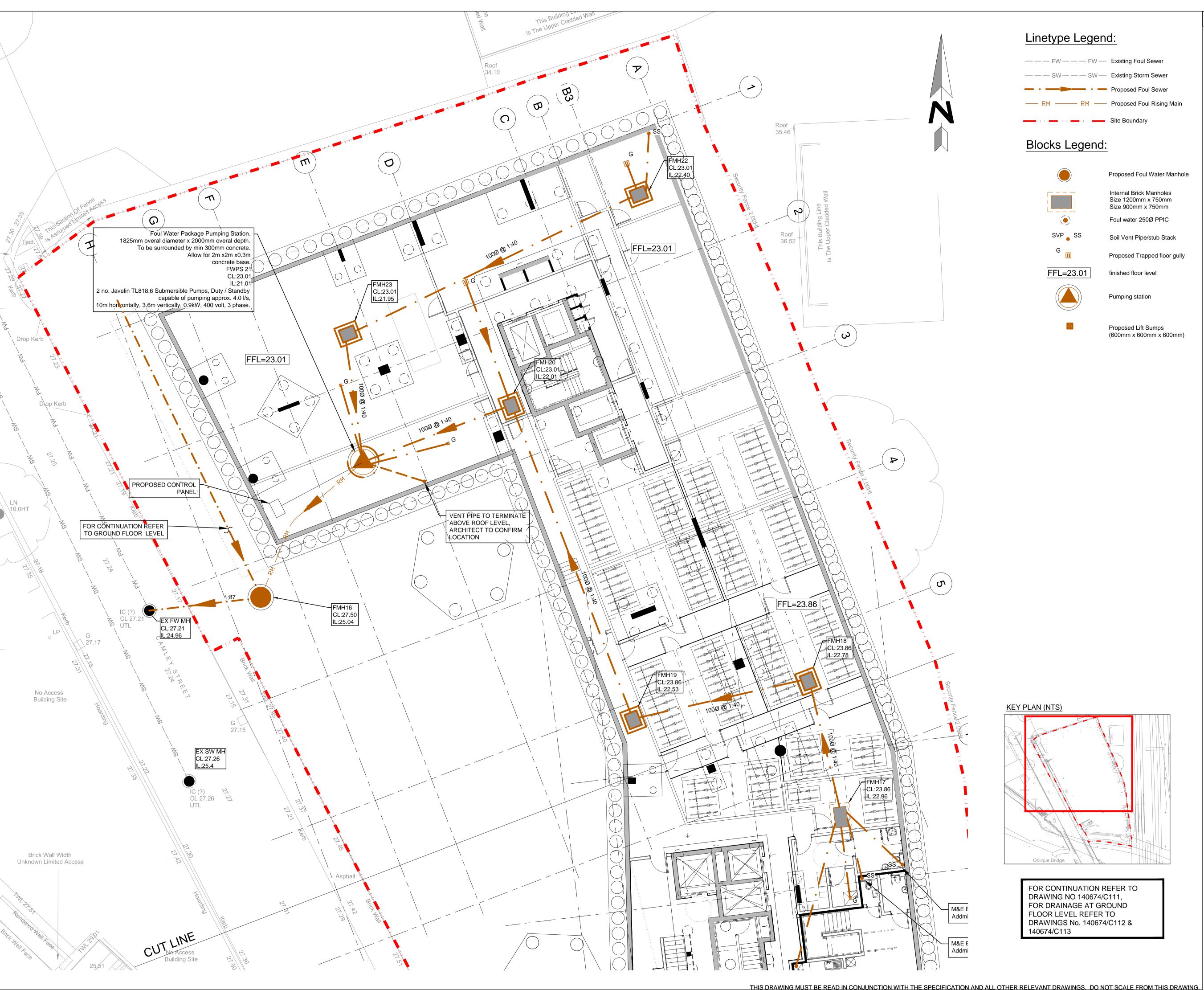
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Appendix C – Strategic Drainage Layout



NOTES

- 1. Invert levels and positions of existing drains / chambers / sewers where new connections are to be made must be checked and confirmed to the engineer prior to the commencement of any works.
- 2. All drainage works shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Local Authority, the Environment Agency and in conjunction with all relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice and 'Sewers for Adoption' 7th
- Edition and any addendums as appropriate.

 All drainage shall comply with the typical details and the requirements of BS

EN 752 and Part H of the Building Regulations.

- 4. Any part of the existing drainage system to be retained as part of the new scheme shall be cleaned and inspected. Any structural defects shall be repaired using appropriate and approved means.
- For setting-out dimensions of SVP's, RWP's etc, refer to Architect's or Mechanical Engineer's drawings. Positions shown are indicative and subject to final design.
- All foul and RWP connections shall be 100mm diameter unless otherwise
- specified.

 All precast concrete units used in the drainage works shall be manufactured
- using sulphate resisting cement.

 Manhole covers and frames shall be to BS EN 124 and shall be Kitemarked.

 Covers and frames shall be heavy duty D400 in carriageways and vehicular
- areas and medium duty B125 in footways and soft landscaping. In blocked/concrete paved areas covers shall be recessed fabricated steel. All recessed covers shall in accordance with the FACTA association gradings.

 All internal inspection chambers to be recessed, double sealed with screw
- wn covers.
- At least one soil pipe at the head of each foul run shall vent to the
- atmosphere.

12. Existing drainage to be removed is to be broken out to bed level and void

0. Cover levels are to be adjusted locally to suit finished ground levels.

- backfilled with granular material, compacted in layers not exceeding 250mm.
- All drain runs from SVP's, stub stacks or FW gullies to be laid at 1:40 gradient unless otherwise stated. All RWP's to be laid 1:80 min unless otherwise stated.
- All manholes / inspection chambers in block paved areas, to have recessed covers. MH covers in paved areas to have cover & frame orientated 'square' with paving to minimise cut slabs or blocks.

All private drainage to be laid to levels shown using flexibly jointed pipes,

- either uPVC to BS 4660 and BS 5481 or vitrified clayware to BS EN 295. Pipes below structural building slabs or basements shall be Cast Iron to BS 437.
- Rodding eyes, etc are to be laid to manufacturers minimum cover and depth to allow adequate fall from adjoining unit.
- All proposed trees to have appropriate tree barrier details linking pits to ensure roots are directed away from drainage.
- 18. Where new sewers are constructed within 5m of a new or existing tree the sewer shall be concrete encased against root intrusion. Refer to drainage details.
- 19. All new drainage to be jetted and CCTV surveyed on completion. Contractor to make sure that the drainage is fully operational. Refer to Drainage maintenance manual for maintenance details.
- All runs connecting into the public drainage network to be vitrified clay, extra length to BS EN 295 or BS65 with plain sleeved or socketed flexible joints.
- . CDM note: All pipework, silt traps, catchpits, trapped gullies and attenuation tanks to be regularly inspected every three months and cleared out on a regular frequency for the first nine months. After this period the frequency
- can be reduced to every six months. Porous surface to be regularly swept three times a year to remove the silt.

 22. This drawing is to be read in conjunction with all relevant Conisbee drawings.
- 23. HEALTH AND SAFETY: The works shall be carried out by specialist competent and experienced contractors who are members of a recognised national organisation. Operatives shall have received full and appropriate training for the operations they are to undertake. All work shall be carried out

in accordance with all pertinent Health and Safety Regulations.

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

C1 30.03.16 CONSTRUCTION ISSUE AW

Rev Date Description Drawn Check

conisbee consulting Structural Engineers

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Date NOV 2014

Drawn AW

Engineer TG

1:100

1-5 Offord St

Drawing Status
CONSTRUCTION

Project

Consulting Civil Engineers

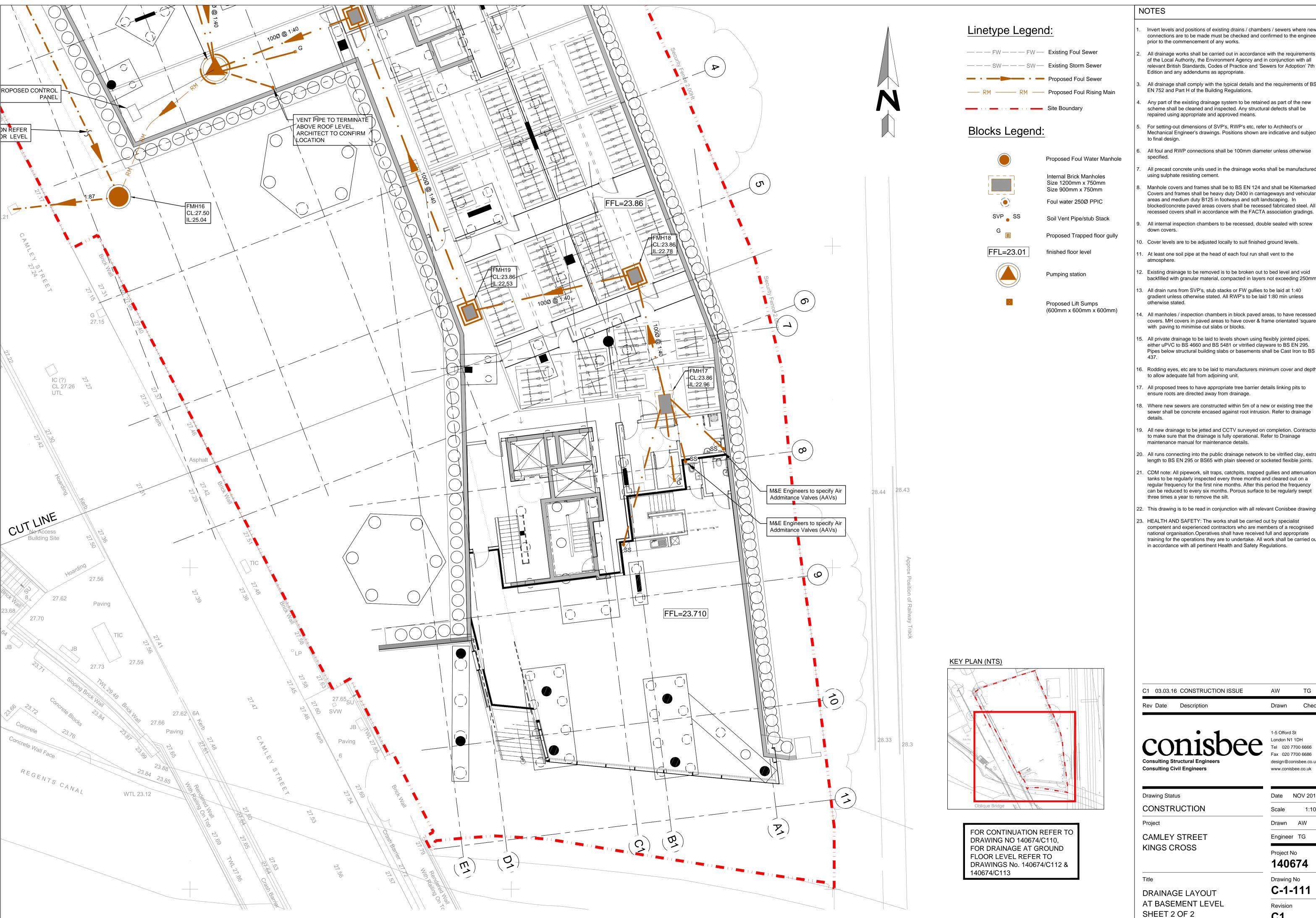
CAMLEY STREET KINGS CROSS

Project No
140674

DRAINAGE LAYOUT
AT BASEMENT LEVEL
SHEET 1 OF 2

C-1-110

Revision
C1



- Invert levels and positions of existing drains / chambers / sewers where new connections are to be made must be checked and confirmed to the engineer prior to the commencement of any works.
- All drainage works shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Local Authority, the Environment Agency and in conjunction with all relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice and 'Sewers for Adoption' 7th
 - Edition and any addendums as appropriate. All drainage shall comply with the typical details and the requirements of BS
 - Any part of the existing drainage system to be retained as part of the new scheme shall be cleaned and inspected. Any structural defects shall be repaired using appropriate and approved means.
 - For setting-out dimensions of SVP's, RWP's etc, refer to Architect's or Mechanical Engineer's drawings. Positions shown are indicative and subject
 - All foul and RWP connections shall be 100mm diameter unless otherwise
 - All precast concrete units used in the drainage works shall be manufactured
 - Manhole covers and frames shall be to BS EN 124 and shall be Kitemarked. Covers and frames shall be heavy duty D400 in carriageways and vehicular areas and medium duty B125 in footways and soft landscaping. In blocked/concrete paved areas covers shall be recessed fabricated steel. All
 - All internal inspection chambers to be recessed, double sealed with screw
 - 10. Cover levels are to be adjusted locally to suit finished ground levels.
 - At least one soil pipe at the head of each foul run shall vent to the
 - 12. Existing drainage to be removed is to be broken out to bed level and void backfilled with granular material, compacted in layers not exceeding 250mm.
 - 3. All drain runs from SVP's, stub stacks or FW gullies to be laid at 1:40 gradient unless otherwise stated. All RWP's to be laid 1:80 min unless
 - All manholes / inspection chambers in block paved areas, to have recessed covers. MH covers in paved areas to have cover & frame orientated 'square'
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 - Rodding eyes, etc are to be laid to manufacturers minimum cover and depth to allow adequate fall from adjoining unit.
 - All proposed trees to have appropriate tree barrier details linking pits to ensure roots are directed away from drainage.
 - 18. Where new sewers are constructed within 5m of a new or existing tree the sewer shall be concrete encased against root intrusion. Refer to drainage
 - 19. All new drainage to be jetted and CCTV surveyed on completion. Contractor to make sure that the drainage is fully operational. Refer to Drainage
 - maintenance manual for maintenance details. 20. All runs connecting into the public drainage network to be vitrified clay, extra
 - length to BS EN 295 or BS65 with plain sleeved or socketed flexible joints. . CDM note: All pipework, silt traps, catchpits, trapped gullies and attenuation tanks to be regularly inspected every three months and cleared out on a
 - regular frequency for the first nine months. After this period the frequency can be reduced to every six months. Porous surface to be regularly swept three times a year to remove the silt.
 - 22. This drawing is to be read in conjunction with all relevant Conisbee drawings.
 - competent and experienced contractors who are members of a recognised national organisation. Operatives shall have received full and appropriate training for the operations they are to undertake. All work shall be carried out in accordance with all pertinent Health and Safety Regulations.

C1 03.03.16 CONSTRUCTION ISSUE

Consulting Structural Engineers

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Date NOV 2014

Drawn AW

Engineer TG

140674

Project No

Scale

1:100

1-5 Offord St

Drawn Check

CONSTRUCTION

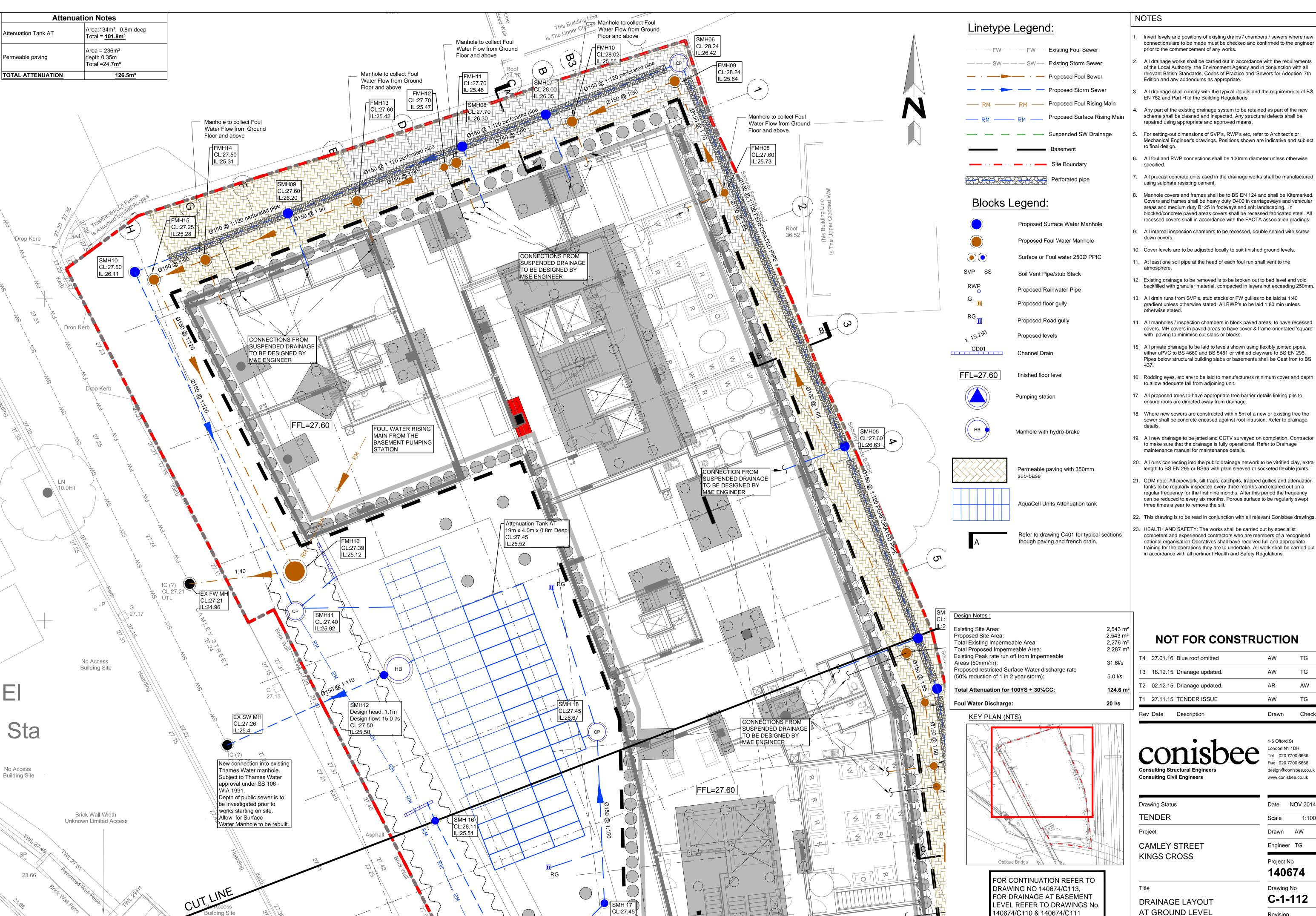
CAMLEY STREET

THIS DRAWING MUST BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SPECIFICATION AND ALL OTHER RELEVANT DRAWINGS. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.

KINGS CROSS

Drawing No C-1-111 DRAINAGE LAYOUT AT BASEMENT LEVEL Revision

C1



- Invert levels and positions of existing drains / chambers / sewers where new connections are to be made must be checked and confirmed to the engineer
- All drainage works shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Local Authority, the Environment Agency and in conjunction with all
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 - Manhole covers and frames shall be to BS EN 124 and shall be Kitemarked. Covers and frames shall be heavy duty D400 in carriageways and vehicular
 - recessed covers shall in accordance with the FACTA association gradings. All internal inspection chambers to be recessed, double sealed with screw

 - 1. At least one soil pipe at the head of each foul run shall vent to the
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 - 20. All runs connecting into the public drainage network to be vitrified clay, extra length to BS EN 295 or BS65 with plain sleeved or socketed flexible joints.
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NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

- 17	27.01.10	Blue 1001 offitted	7.00	
Т3	18.12.15	Drianage updated.	AW	TG
T2	02.12.15	Drianage updated.	AR	AW
T1	27.11.15	TENDER ISSUE	AW	TG
Rev	/ Date	Description	Drawn	Check

London N1 1DH Fax 020 7700 6686 design@conisbee.co.uk www.conisbee.co.uk

Date NOV 2014

Scale

1-5 Offord St

Project No 140674 Drawing No

Drawn AW

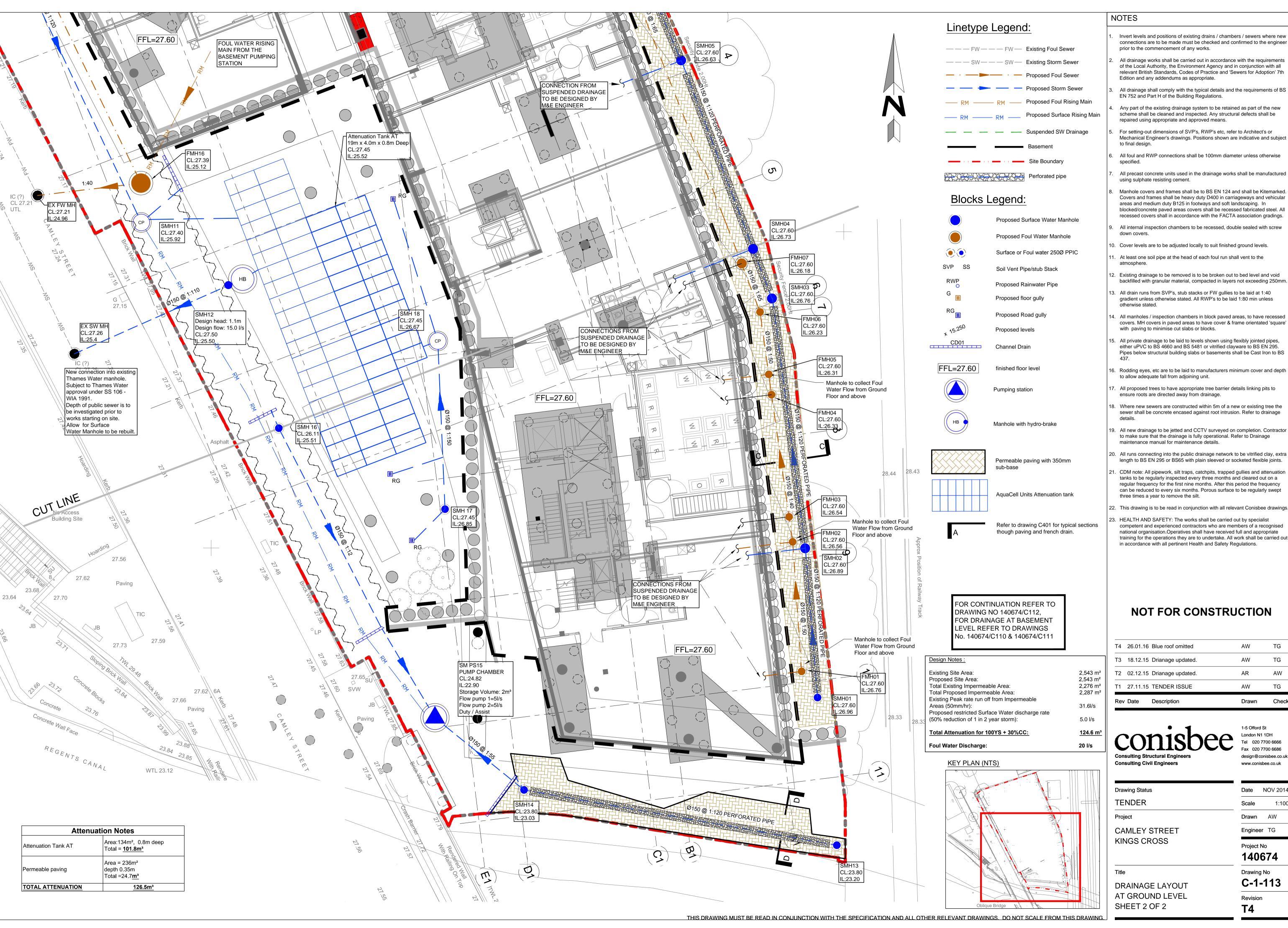
Engineer TG

C-1-112

SHEET 1 OF 2

THIS DRAWING MUST BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SPECIFICATION AND ALL OTHER RELEVANT DRAWINGS. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.

Revision **T4**



- Invert levels and positions of existing drains / chambers / sewers where new connections are to be made must be checked and confirmed to the engineer prior to the commencement of any works.
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 - For setting-out dimensions of SVP's, RWP's etc, refer to Architect's or
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 - This drawing is to be read in conjunction with all relevant Conisbee drawings.
 - 23. HEALTH AND SAFETY: The works shall be carried out by specialist competent and experienced contractors who are members of a recognised national organisation. Operatives shall have received full and appropriate training for the operations they are to undertake. All work shall be carried out in accordance with all pertinent Health and Safety Regulations.

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Rev	Date	Description	Drawn	Check
T1	27.11.15	TENDER ISSUE	AW	TG
T2	02.12.15	Drianage updated.	AR	AW
Т3	18.12.15	Drianage updated.	AW	TG
T4	26.01.16	Blue roof omitted	AW	TG

Consulting Structural Engineers

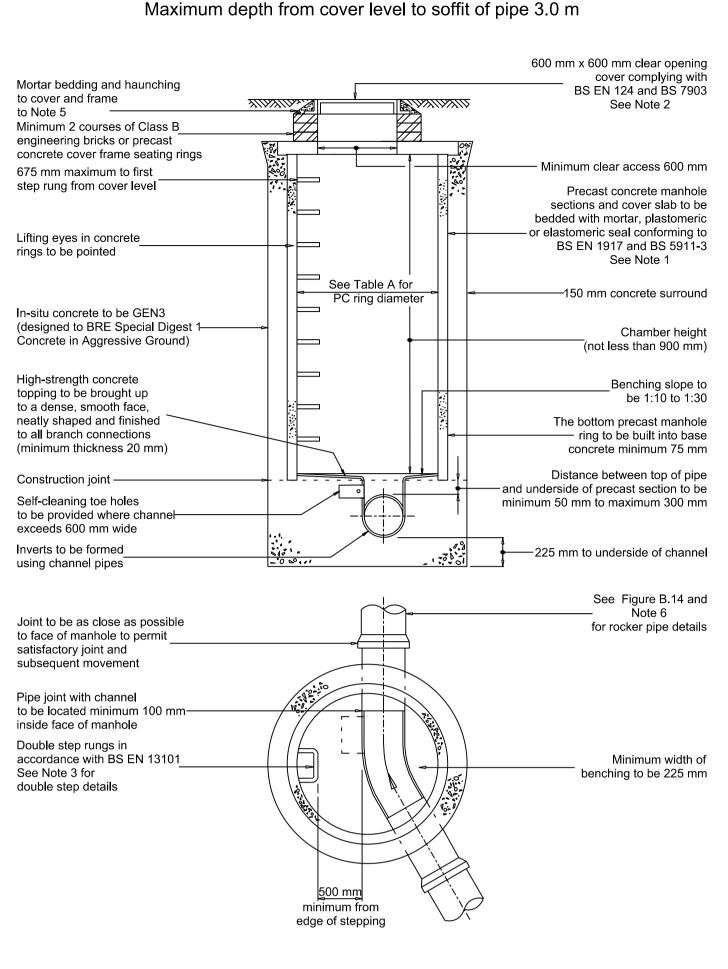
1-5 Offord St London N1 1DH Fax 020 7700 6686 design@conisbee.co.uk www.conisbee.co.uk

Date NOV 2014 **Drawing Status TENDER** Scale Drawn **CAMLEY STREET** Engineer TG **KINGS CROSS** Project No 140674

Drawing No

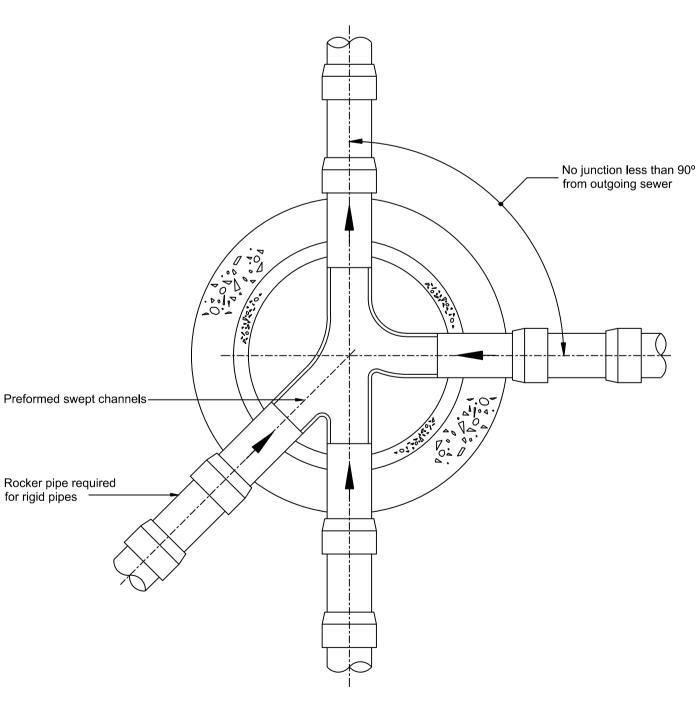
C-1-113 DRAINAGE LAYOUT AT GROUND LEVEL Revision

FIGURE B.12 **TYPICAL MANHOLE DETAIL - TYPE 2**



Not to scale

FIGURE B.14 TYPICAL ARRANGEMENT OF PIPE JUNCTIONS WITHIN MANHOLES



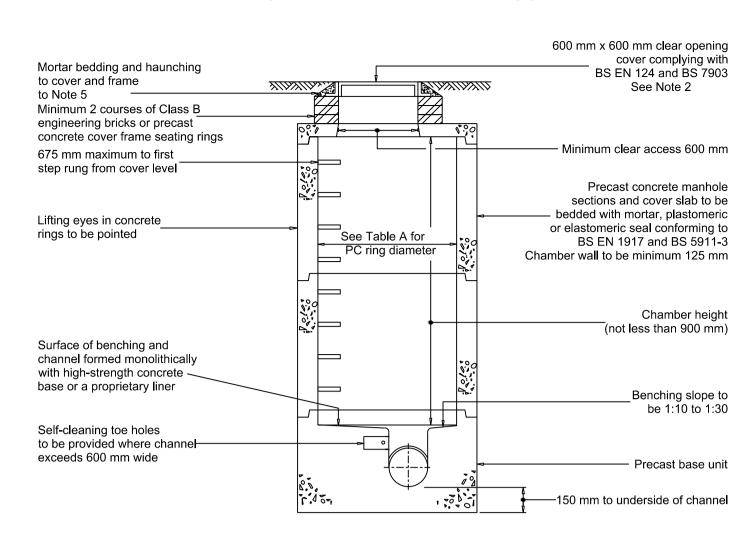
Sectional Plan

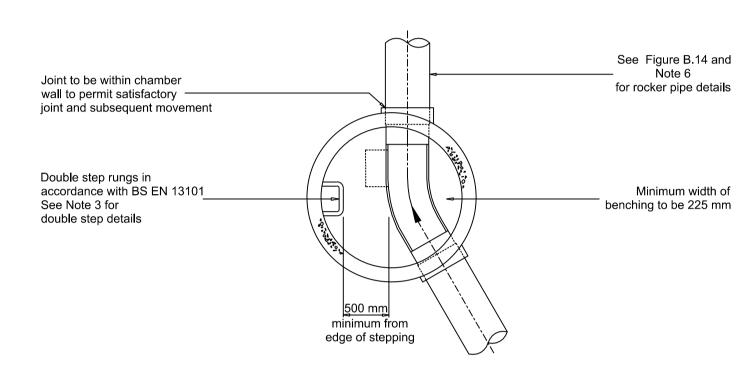
Rigid pipes built into manhole should have a flexible joint as close as feasible to the external face of the structure and the length of the next rocker pipe should be as shown.

Table C		
Nominal diameter (mm)	Maximum effective length (m)	
150 - 600	0.6	
601 - 750	1.00	
over 750	1.25	

All pipes entering the bottom of the manhole to have soffits level.

FIGURE B.13 TYPICAL MANHOLE DETAIL - TYPE 2 (Alternative construction detail) Maximum depth from cover level to soffit of pipe 3.0 m





Not to scale

Table A

Diameter of largest pipe (mm)	Internal diameter of manhole (mm)	
Less than 375	1200	
375-700	1500	
750-900	1800	
Greater than 900	Consult undertaker	

SFA 7th Edition, Clause B3.2, Table B.1)

Tahla B

	Table B	
NRSWA Road Category	Description	Minimum fram depth (mm)
I	Trunk roads and dual carriageways	150
II	All other A roads	150
III	Bus sevices	150
IV All other roads except residential cul-de-sacs		150
	Residential cul-de-sacs	100

(SFA 7th Edition, Clause E2.32, Table E.6)

NOTES For proposed drainage layouts refer to drawing nos. C-140674 - X - 00 - DR -

110 to 113.

Precast Concrete Manholes (SFA 7th edition, Clause E2.29)

- 2.1. Precast concrete manhole units shall comply with the relevant provisions of BS EN 1917 and BS 5911-3. Units wich bed into bases shall be manufactured so that imposed vertical loads are transmitted directly via the full wall thickness of the unit. The profiles of joints between units and the underside of slabs, shall be capable of withstanding applied loadings from such slabs and spigot-ended sections shall only be used where the soffit of the slab is recessed to receive them.
- 2.2. Precast concrete chamber sections for valves and meters shall be interlocking and comply with BS EN 1917 and BS 5911-3.

. Manhole Covers and Frames (SFA 7th edition, Clause E2.32)

- 3.1. Manhole covers and frames shall comply with the relevant provisions of BS EN 124, BS 7903 and Highways Agency Guidance Document HA 104/09. They shall be of non-rocking design which does not rely on the use of
- 3.2. Manhole covers on foul only sewers shall be of low leakage types in order
- 3.3. As a minimum, Class D400 covers shall be used in carriageways of roads (including pedestrian streets), hard shoulders and parking areas used by all types of road vehicles.
- 3.4. Minimum frame depths for NRSWA road categories I t IV shall be as
- 3.5. Class B125 shall be used in footways, pedestrian areas and comparable

to prevent excessive surface water ingress.

- 3.6. In situations where traffic loading is anticipated to be heavier than would occur on a typical residential estate distributor road (i.e., braking or turning near a junction), a higher specification (E600) shall be used.
- 3.7. All manhole covers shall be the non-ventilating type and shall have closed keyways.

. Manhole Steps (SFA 7th edition, Clause E2.33)

- 4.1. steps for manholes and other chambers shall be Type D Class 1, complying with the requirements of BS EN 13101.
- 4.2. Galvanized mild steel and plastic encapsulated steps are preferred.

- Ladders (SFA 7th edition, Clause E2.37) 5.1. Ladders in manholes and similar structures shall comply with the requirements of BS EN 14396, with width of rung 380mm and two
- stringers, but shall not be made from aluminium. 5.2. Mild steel ladders for vertical fixing shall be fabricated from steel conforming to BS EN 10025-2. After fabrication, low carbon steel ladders
- 5.3. Stainless steel ladders for fixing shall be fabricated from Grade X5CrNiMo 17-12-2 steel conforming to BS EN 10088-3.

shall not be hot dip galvanized in accordance with BS EN ISO 1461.

5.4. GRP ladders shall be manufactured from pultruded sections conforming to BS EN 13706-3. The surface shall be smooth with the fibres embedded and sealed against penetration from dirt and water. The Barcol hardness of the sections shall be at least 35 when tested in accordance with BS

Pipes and Joints Adjacent to Structures (SFA 7th edition, Clause E6.6)

- 6.1. Where rigid pipes are used, a flexible joint shall be provided as close as is feasible to the outside face of any structure into which a pipe is built, within 150mm for pipe diameters less than 300m. The design of the joints shall be compatible with any subsequent movement.
- 6.2. The recommended length of the next pipe (rocker pipe) away from the structure shall be as shown in Table C.

Setting manhole covers and frames (SFA 7th edition, Clause E6.7)

- 7.1. Manhole frames shall be set to level, bedded and haunched externally over the base and sides of the frame in mortar, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The frame shall be seated on at least two courses of Class B engineering bricks, on precast concrete masonry units or on a precast concrete cover frame seating rings to regulate the distance between the top of the cover and the top rung to no greater than 675mm. A mortar fillet shall be provided where the corners to an opening in a slab are chamfered and the brickwork is not flush with the edges of the opening.
- 7.2. Frames for manhole covers shall be bedded in a polyester resin bedding mortar in all situations where covers are sited in NRSWA Road Categories i, ii or iii (i.e., all except residential cul-de-sacs).

T1 10.07.15 TENDER ISSUE AW TG

London N1 1DH

Rev Date Description

Tel 020 7700 6666 **Consulting Structural Engineers** design@conisbee.co.uk **Consulting Civil Engineers** www.conisbee.co.uk

Date MAY 2014 Drawing Status **TENDER** Scale AS SHOWN Drawn PM Project CAMLEY STREET Engineer AW KINGS CROSS Project No 140674

DRAINAGE DETAILS - SHEET 1

Drawing No

C-1-161

Drawn Check

1-5 Offord St