2016/0289/C Margaret Seymour 36 Eastfields Daventry NN11 7JN 21/02/2016 15:58:02 OBJNOT Braunston Daventry NN11 7JN 21/02/2016 15:58:02 OBJNOT • The proposed location for the bridge is much too clos • The proposed bridge passes over the lower lock landi waiting areas of minimum length 21.5 metres and furnishe while the crew prepare the lock for use. Boats will also of re-board. It is typical to experience a delay of 10 minutes Locating a bridge, from which damaging objects or substa immediately above a place where boats are regularly statio greatest concern about the scheme. • The lock landing immediately below St Pancras Lock by CRT workboats when they will spend days rather than the bridge. • Having a boat roof professionally repainted can easily a flying object could be considerably more expensive. When	ion I	Printed on: 29/02/2016 09:0:
 unfortunately no headroom figure is provided. The CRT s does not specify the minimum required headroom for a mowell back from the canal edge to achieve leverage on the r When approaching from below the lock, the bridge m traffic above the lock. The bridge will block even more of the once fantastic where, until recently, it was normal to see the stars at nigh The bridge will seriously impact the view from below Having gone to such immense trouble to re-imagine their of this is quite illogical. The design and location of the access ramp may enco private car park, the security of which is paramount. The boundary. Moving the ramp away from the boundary will proving (500mm is not nearly enough) and allow retention/replaced 	ion 1 89/C	nummer: Response: BINOT • The proposed location for the bridge is much too close to St Pancras Lock. • The proposed bridge passes over the lower lock landings on both sides of the canal. These are waiting areas of minimum length 21.5 metres and furnished with bollards where boats are secured while the crew prepare the lock for use. Boats will also often pause at the lock landing for crew to rehord. It is typical to expreince a delay of 10 minutes or more before this lock is available for use. Locating a bridge, from which damaging objects or substances may easily be dropped or thrown, immediately above a place where boats are regularly stationary is not an ideal arrangement and is my greatest concern about the scheme. • The lock landing immediately below St Pancras Lock is sometimes used as an short term mooring by CRT workboats when they will spend days rather than minutes in the "firing line" from the users of the bridge. • Having a boat roof professionally repainted can easily cost £2k and damage to a person caused by a flying object could be considerably more expensive. Who will be liable? • The headroom under the bridge, especially on the offside, does not appear to be over-generous; unfortunately no headroom figure is provided. The CRT statement covers headroom for cruising and well back from the canal edge to achieve leverage on the ropes while pulling the boat in to the bank. • When approaching from below the lock, the bridge may impede the boater's view of waterway traffic above the lock. • The bridge will block even more of the once fantastic open skies around St. Pancras Lock, an area where; until recently, it was normal to see the

traditional brickwork and greenery.

• It is vital that the fencing of the lock landing/workboat mooring area is sufficiently secure to prevent casual access from the Camley Street Natural Park to the lockside.

• The visual representation shows the waterway walls, on both sides of the Regents Canal, as tidy re-pointed brickwork but I did not see any waterway wall refurbishment specified in the documentation.

Do not think that my home address affects my right to comment as I visit and boat in the area regularly and have done so since 1988.