## **D20 Excavating and filling**

To be read with Preliminaries/General conditions

#### **GENERALLY/THE SITE**

### **CLEARANCE/EXCAVATING**

#### 164 TREE ROOTS

- Protected area: Do not cut roots within precautionary protection area.
  - Size of area: As defined by the Arboriculturalist.
- Excavation in protected area:
  - Method: By hand.
  - Backfill as soon as possible or temporarily line with polyethylene sheet to reduce evaporation.
- Outside protected area: Give notice of roots exceeding 25 mm and do not cut without approval.
- Cutting:
  - Make clean smooth cuts with no ragged edges.
  - Pare cut surfaces smooth with a sharp knife.
  - Treatment of cut roots: As per Arboricultural Method Statement.
- Backfill: As dug material, enriched with amelioration as section Q31.

#### 166 TREE ROOT BARRIERS

- Trench: Sever all roots.
  - Depth: Below adjacent services.
- Root barrier: Terram Root Guard or similar and approved.
- Cutting roots: As clause 164.
- Root barrier installation: Full depth of excavation. Fit closely to trench wall nearest the tree.
- Backfill material: As dug material excavated from trench.
- Backfilling: Lay and compact thoroughly in layers not more than 300 mm thick.

#### 170 REMOVING SMALL TREES, SHRUBS, HEDGES AND ROOTS

- Identification: Clearly mark trees to be removed.
- Small trees, shrubs and hedges: Cut down
- Roots: Grub up and dispose of without undue disturbance of soil and adjacent areas
- Safety: Comply with HSE/ Arboriculture and Forestry Advisory Group safety leaflets.

#### 175 FELLING LARGE TREES

- Definition: Girth over 600 mm.
- Identification: Clearly mark trees to be removed.
- Safety: Comply with HSE/ Arboriculture and Forestry Advisory Group safety leaflets.
- Felling: As close to the ground as possible.
- Stumps: Remove mechanically to a minimum depth of 300 mm below ground level. Obtain

- approval before removing by winch. Do not use other trees as supports or anchors.
- Work near retained trees: Take down trees carefully in small sections to avoid damage to adjacent trees that are to be retained, where tree canopies overlap and in confined spaces generally.
- 180 CHIPPING AND SHREDDING
  - General: Client to confirm whether permitted or not, remove arisings from site.

#### 225 HANDLING TOPSOIL

- Standard: To BS 3882.
- Aggressive weeds:
  - Species: Included in the Weeds Act, section 2 or the appropriate Wildlife and Countryside Act for the relevant jurisdiction.
  - Give notice: Obtain instructions before moving topsoil.
- Contamination: Do not mix topsoil with:
  - Subsoil, stone, hardcore, rubbish or material from demolition work.
  - Other soil or material containing aggressive weeds, sharps, plastics and non soil forming materials and notifiable animal or plant diseases.
  - Oil, fuel, cement or other substances harmful to plant growth.
  - Other classifications of topsoil.
- Multiple handling: Keep to a minimum. Use topsoil immediately after stripping.

#### 370 UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES IN LANDSCAPE AREAS

- Generally: Remove walls, roads, foundations, disused services, drains, manholes and the like to minimum depth.
- Minimum depth below finished levels:
  - Grass, ground cover and perennial planting: 500 mm.
  - Shrub planting: 750 mm.
  - Within 2 m of tree planting: 1000 mm.
- Walls and slabs remaining: In every 10 m<sup>2</sup> of wall or slab, make a drainage hole at least 600 mm diameter.

### DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

- 410 EXCAVATED TOPSOIL STORAGE
  - Storage: Stockpile in temporary storage heaps Locations to be agreed .

#### 420 TOPSOIL STORAGE HEAPS

- Location: to be agreed.
- Standard: To BS 3882.
- Height (maximum): 1.5M.
- Protection:
  - Do not place any other material on top of storage heaps.
  - Do not allow construction plant to pass over storage heaps.
  - Prevent compaction and contamination.

#### 421 TOPSOIL STORAGE HEAP TREATMENT

- Treatment: Apply a suitable herbicide at appropriate times to prevent seeding of weeds .
- 441 SURPLUS SUBSOIL
  - Excavated material: Stockpile in temporary storage heaps.
  - Retained material: Spread and level surplus subsoil on site.
    - Locations: to be agreed .
    - Protected areas: Do not raise soil level within root spead of trees that are to be retained.
  - Remaining material: Remove from site.

# E In situ concrete/Large precast concrete

E10 Mixing/casting/curing in situ concrete

### E10 Mixing/casting/curing in situ concrete

To be read with Preliminaries/General conditions.

#### **CONCRETE MIXES**

- 101A SPECIFICATION
  - For any structural concrete refer to Engineers information.
  - Concrete generally: To BS 8500-2.
  - Exchange of information: Provide concrete producer with information required by BS 8500-1, clauses 4 and 5.
- 106 DESIGNATED BLACK TERRAZZO CONCRETE TO COURTYARD WATER FEATURE
  - To specialist water feature designers specification, finish to match adjoining seats.
- 312 PROPRIETARY AGGREGATE
  - Manufacturer: Contractor to submit proposals.
    - Product reference: Angular granite aggregate in white and grey (50:50) samples to be provided for approval.
  - Standard: To BS 8500-2: .
    - Permitted deviations from standard: none.
  - Other requirements: Submit proposals.

### **PROJECT TESTING/ CERTIFICATION**

- 505 PROJECT TESTING OF CONCRETE GENERAL
  - Testing: BS EN 206-1, Annex B.
    - Nonconformity: Obtain instructions immediately.
  - Recording: Maintain complete correlated records including:
    - Concrete designation.
    - Sampling, site tests, and identification numbers of specimens tested in the laboratory.
    - Location of the parts of the structure represented by each sample.
    - Location in the structure of the batch from which each sample is taken.
- 630 PREMATURE WATER LOSS
  - Requirement: Prevent water loss from concrete laid on absorbent substrates.
    - Underlay: Select from: Polyethylene sheet: 250 micrometres thick. Building paper: To BS 1521, grade B1F.
    - Installation: Lap edges 150 mm.
- 840 PROTECTION
  - Prevent damage to concrete, including:
    - Surfaces generally: From rain, indentation and other physical damage.

- Surfaces to exposed visual concrete: From dirt, staining, rust marks and other disfiguration.
- Immature concrete: From thermal shock, physical shock, overloading, movement and vibration
- In cold weather: From entrapment and freezing expansion of water in pockets, etc.

# E41 Worked finishes to in situ concrete

# E41 Worked finishes to in situ concrete

To be read with Preliminaries/ General conditions.

#### 150A FINISHING

- For specification of any Structural concrete refer to Engineers specification.
- Timing: Carry out at optimum times in relation to setting and hardening of concrete.
- Prohibited treatments to concrete surfaces:
  - Wetting to assist surface working.
  - Sprinkling cement.

#### 310 SMOOTH FLOATED FINISH

• Surface on completion: Even, with no ridges or steps.

# F Masonry

F10 Brick/ block walling

## F10 Brick/ block walling

To be read with Preliminaries/ General conditions.

#### TYPES OF WALLING

- 110 CLAY FACING BRICKWORK TO COURTYARD WALLS
  - Bricks: To BS EN 771-1.
    - Manufacturer: Brick type to match internal courtyard building facades, refer to Architects specification .
    - Product reference: Refer to Architects specification.
    - Recycled content: Refer to Architects specification.
    - Special shapes: Refer to Architects specification.
  - Mortar: As section Z21.
    - Standard: To BS EN 998-2.
    - Mix: Refer to Architects specification.
    - Additional requirements: Refer to Architects specification.
  - Bond: Refer to Architects specification.
  - Joints: Refer to Architects specification.
  - Features: Brick capping as detailed.

#### 345A CONCRETE COMMON BRICKWORK THROUGHOUT

Engineers to design and specify all concrete blockwork elements, refer to Engineers information.

- CONCRETE THERMAL BLOCKWORK TO ROOF FOUNDATIONS FOR VARIOUS ROOF 357 **FIXED ELEMENTS** 
  - Blocks: To BS EN 771-3.
    - Manufacturer: Marmox (UK) Ltd or similar as approved Caxton House 101 - 103 Hopewell Drive Chatham Kent ME5 7NP UK

TEL: 01634 835290. Product reference: Thermoblock.

- Configuration: Group 1.
- Compressive strength: Mean value: 6.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Characteristic value: 5.9 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Category: I.
- Freeze/ Thaw resistance: Not applicable.
- Thermal properties: Thermal conductivity: 0.032-0.072 W/mK.
- Recycled content: Not applicable
- Work sizes (length x width x height): 600x140x65mm. Tolerance category: D1.
- Special shapes: None.
- Additional requirements: None.
- Mortar: As section Z21.
  - Standard: To BS EN 998-2.
  - Mix: 1:1:6 cement:lime:sand.
  - Additional requirements: None.
- Bond: Half lap stretcher.

### WORKMANSHIP GENERALLY

- 430 CONDITIONING OF CLAY AND CALCIUM SILICATE BRICKS AND CLAY BLOCKS
  - Bricks and blocks delivered warm from manufacturing process: Do not use until cold.
  - Absorbent bricks in warm weather: Wet to reduce suction. Do not soak.
- CONDITIONING OF CONCRETE BRICKS/ BLOCKS 440
  - Autoclaved concrete bricks/ blocks delivered warm from manufacturing process: Do not use.
  - Age of nonautoclaved concrete bricks/ blocks: Do not use until at least four weeks old.
  - Avoidance of suction in concrete bricks/ blocks: Do not wet.
    - Use of water retaining mortar admixture: Submit details.

#### LAYING GENERALLY 500

- Mortar joints: Fill vertical joints. Lay bricks, solid and cellular blocks on a full bed.
- AAC block thin mortar adhesive and gypsum block adhesive joints: Fill vertical joints. Lay blocks on a full bed.

- Clay block joints:
  - Thin layer mortar: Lay blocks on a full bed.
  - Interlocking perpends: Butted.
- Bond where not specified: Half lap stretcher.
- Vertical joints in brick and concrete block facework: Even widths. Plumb at every fifth cross joint.