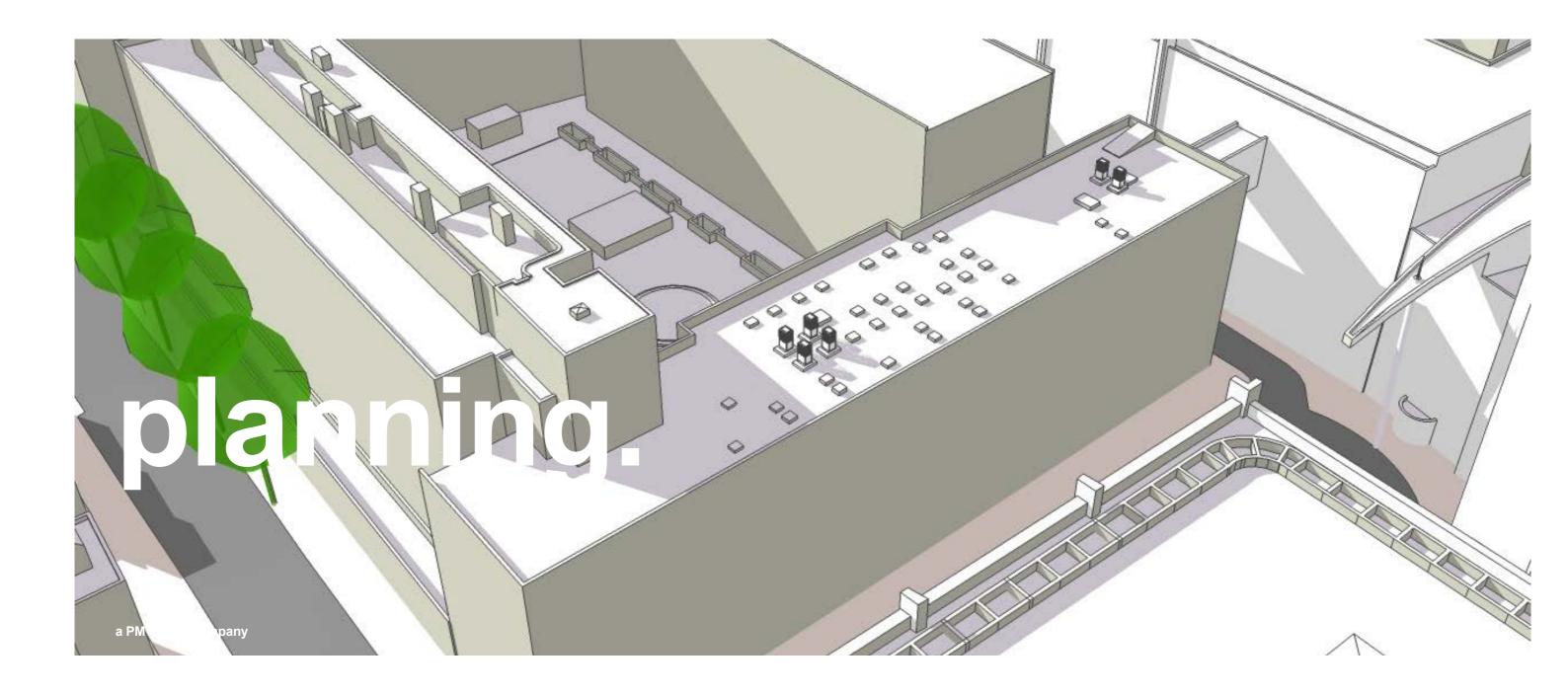


# Replacement of Air Conditioning Units, to the Roof of the 4th Floor of Maple House

Design & Access Statement - June 2015



PM Devereux

Replacement of Air Conditioning Units, to the Roof of the 4th Floor of Maple House

Design & Access Statement | July 2015

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## **Executive Summary**

This document is the Design and Access Statement in support of a full planning application for the replacement of three existing air conditioning units with six smaller units.

- The current dimensions of the existing three air condition units are 1770 mm height x 990 mm width x 790 mm depth each.

  The dimensions of the six replacement units 1680 mm height x 640 mm width x 770 mm depth each.

This document includes a Noise Survey report produce by Hilson Moran, site photographs and CGI's of the proposal.



#### **Executive Summary**

#### THE SITE - EXISTING

The Site is situated centrally within the main University College London Hospital (UCLH) campus on the roof of Maple House. The fourth floor of Maple House is directly linked by a bridge to the third floor of UCLH's Podium Building.

#### THE BRIEF

The proposal consists of replacing three existing air conditioning units, which provide ventilation for UCLH's 12 theatre staff changing facilities, with six smaller air conditioning units. The existing air conditioning units are located on the on the roof of the fourth floor of Maple House above these changing facilities.

#### THE DESIGN PROPOSAL

The design proposal is to replace the existing three air conditioning units with six air conditioning units. The new air conditioning units will be located in the exact same location as the existing which is on the roof of the fourth floor of Maple House.

The heights of the new six air conditioning units (1680 mm) are lower than the existing units. (1770 mm)

The six new air conditioning units will improve the efficiency of the ventilation to the staff changing for the 12 operating theatres at UCLH.

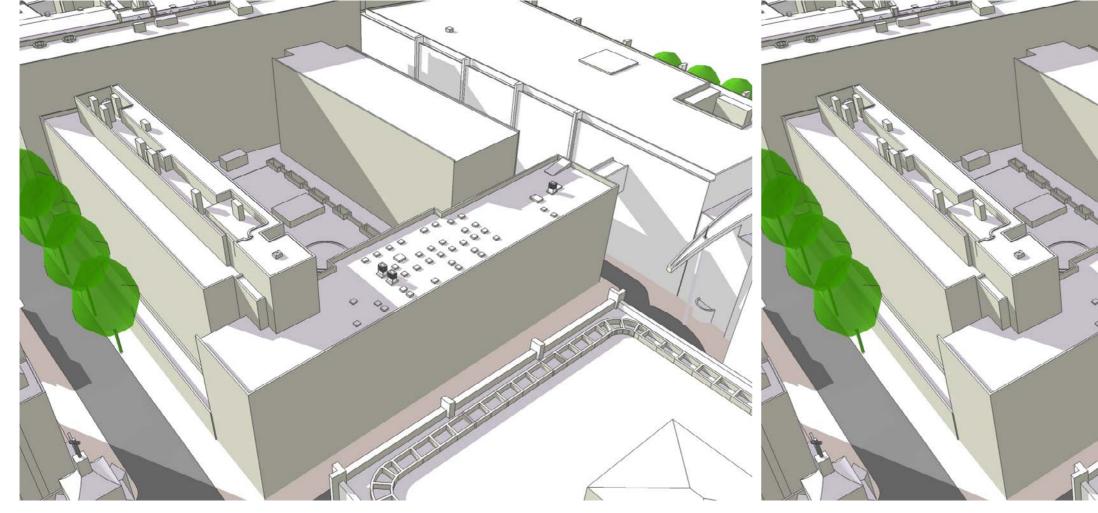
#### CONTEXT

UCLH (Maple House) is located within the Bloomsbury area of central London, and is bordered to the north by UCLH's Podium building, to east by Beaumont Place oak tree to the Palace of Westminster. The and UCLH's EGA Wing, to the south by Grafton Way and to the west by the A400 Tottenham Court Road. The surrounding buildings range in height from 5 to 18 storeys. The three existing air conditioning units are fitted to the roof of the fourth floor of Maple House. The four storey UCLH podium building is located immediately to the North, and is physically linked on the third floor to Maple House's fourth floor by a bridge.

UCLH falls within the Central London Area designation of the adopted Proposals Map. The area immediately to the South and East of the site is also occupied by various University College London (UCLH) building including the Grade II listed Cruciform building opposite the site on Grafton Way. The site is not located in the Bloomsbury Conservation Area, although the boundary of this designation is just south of the site on Grafton Way.

#### CONTEXT - VIEW CORRIDOR

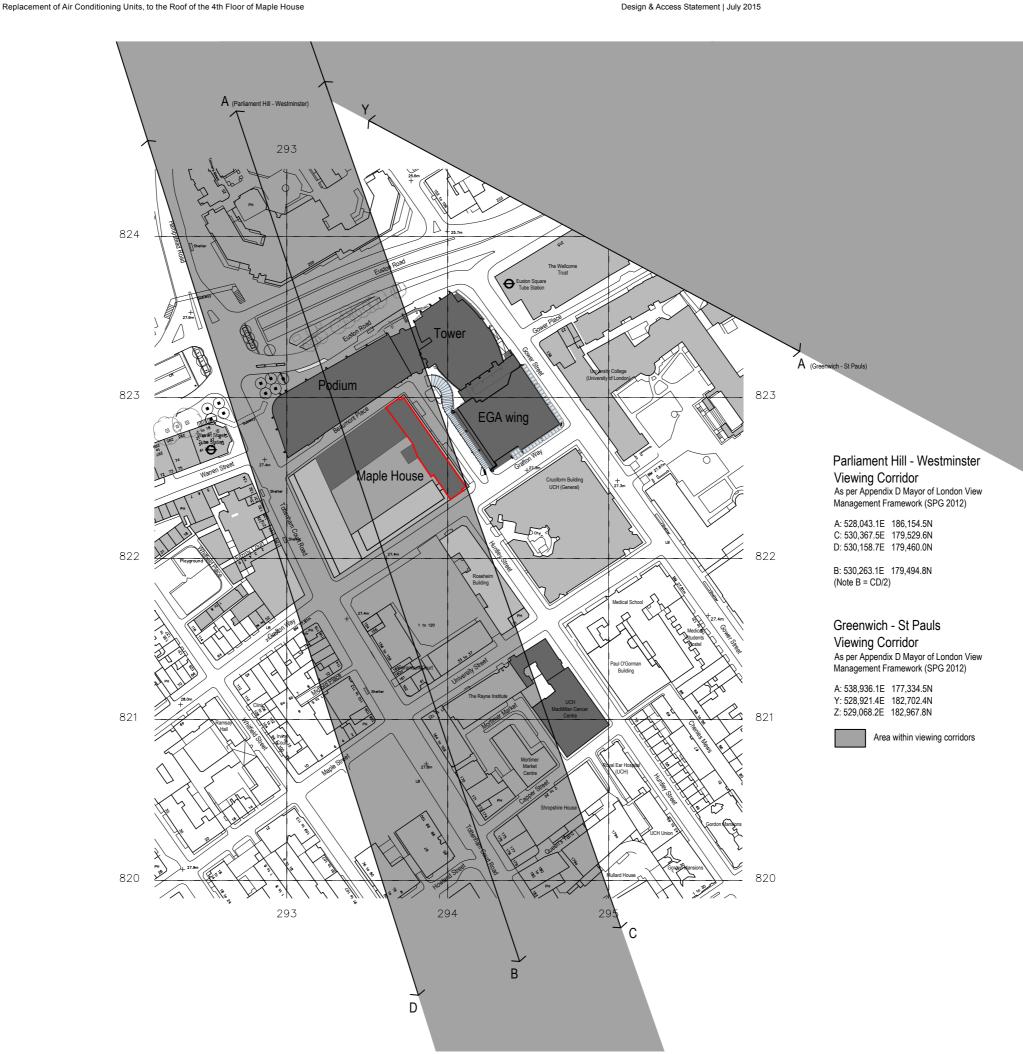
The design proposal for the replacement of the six air conditioning units is set below the View Corridor from Parliament Hill calculated height of the view corridor across the proposed site is approximately 57.068m. The current height of the existing Maple House roof parapet is 51.07m, the height of the new air conditioning units will appear 600 mm above Maple House parapet and fall below the viewing corridor height thresholds.



**Left** Existing perspective view showing the three existing air conditioning units **Right** Proposed perspective view showing the proposed position of six new air conditioning units

#### Introduction

The University College London Hospital is a teaching hospital. It is part of the University College London NHS Foundation Trust and is closely associated with University College London (UCL). UCLH currently has 665 in-patient beds, 12 operating theatres and houses the largest sing critical care unit in the NHS. It is a major teaching hospital and a key location for the UCLH Medical School. It is a major centre for medical research and part of both the UCLH/UCL Biomedical research Centre and the UCL partners Academic Health Science Centre. The new air conditioning units will serve the staff changing facilities of the 12 operating theatres. The staff changing facilities are located on the 4th floor of Maple House which is physically linked by a bridge to the third floor of the UCLH's podium building where the 12 operating theatres are situated.



## Site Views











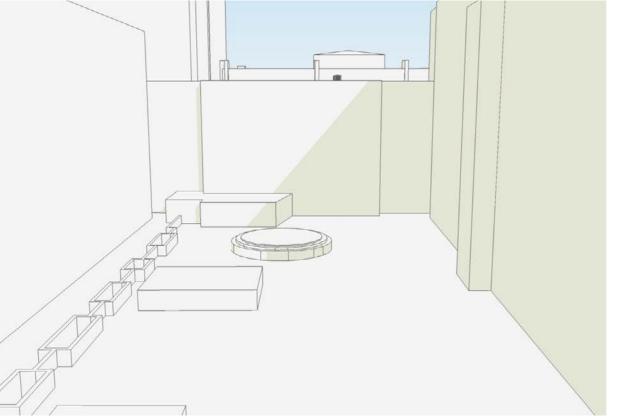
## Layout

The existing three air conditioning units are located on the roof of the fourth floor of Maple House. The roof of Maple House is bounded by UCLH's Podium Building to the north, Beaumont Place and the EGA Wing to the East, and Grafton Way to the South. The A400 Tottenham Court Road is situated to the west of the Maple House.

The proposed six replacement air conditioning units will be located in the same location as the existing units, on the roof of the fourth floor of Maple House.

The six new air conditioning units will improve the efficiency of the ventilation to the staff changing facilities of the 12 operating theatres at UCLH.

The six new air conditioning units are not visible from street level.





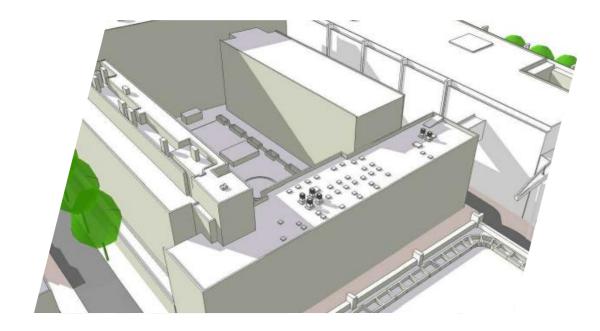
Left Floor level view from Maple House Courtyard Right Street level view from corner of Beaumont Place and Grafton Way

Replacement of Air Conditioning Units, to the Roof of the 4th Floor of Maple House

PM Devereux Replacement of Air Conditioning Units, to the Roof of the 4th Floor of Maple House

## Appendix 1

Noise Report Survey



## **Noise Survey Report**

DATE OF ISSUE: **30 JUNE 2015** 

**REVISION NUMBER:** 

HM REFERENCE: 20368-01/A/NS01/00

**CLIENT:** PROJECT:

**Maple House University College Hospital** London

235 Euston Road

Design & Access Statement | July 2015



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PROJECT NAME: Maple House

REPORT NAME: **Noise Survey Report** 

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DATE OF ISSUE: **30 JUNE 2015** 

REVISION NUMBER: 00

AUTHOR: **SEBASTIAN WOODHAMS** 

CHECKER: **NICHOLAS JONES** APPROVER: **NICHOLAS JONES** 

#### **DOCUMENT HISTORY:**

ISSUE	DATE	DETAILS
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#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

It is proposed to replace items of plant on the rooftop of Maple House at UCLH in London. The plant items are subject to noise limits specified by Camden Borough Council.

Hilson Moran has undertaken an environmental noise survey at the site, in order to determine prevailing background noise levels that are representative of the nearest identified noise sensitive properties located below the proposed plant location.

The results of the noise survey were considered reasonable, considering the location of the measurement position and the existing dominant nearby noise sources.

External plant noise limits have been proposed based on the requirements of Camden Borough Council.

An assessment has been undertaken in order to determine a limiting noise level for the replacement plant in order to achieve Camden Borough Council's plant noise requirements.

The results of the assessment indicate that in order to achieve the atmospheric plant noise limits, each unit must not exceed a limiting sound pressure level of 50dBA at 1m.



#### 2. INTRODUCTION

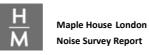
It is proposed to replace items of plant on the rooftop of Maple House at UCLH in London. The plant items are subject to noise limits specified by Camden Borough Council.

Hilson Moran has been appointed to undertake an environmental noise survey at the site in order to determine prevailing background noise levels that are representative of the nearest noise sensitive properties.

The purpose of this report is to use the noise survey results in assessments to predict the noise impact of the building services plant on the nearest noise sensitive receptors.

Following this introductory section, a description of the measured site and environmental noise survey methodology is given in Section 3. The results of the survey are presented in Section 4 and Appendix B. Noise limits are presented in section 5 and the limiting plant noise level is presented in Section 6.

Appendix A presents an explanation of the acoustic terminology used in this report.





#### 3. SITE DESCRIPTION & NOISE SURVEY METHODOLOGY

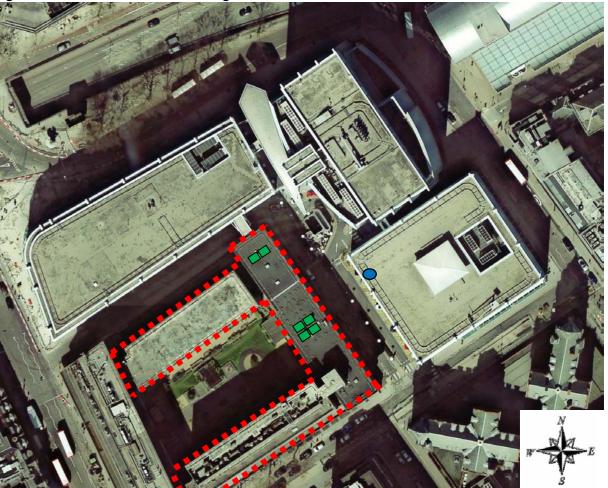
The new plant will be located on the roof of Maple House at UCLH in London. The plant location is bounded by hospital buildings to the north and east, and nurse accommodation to the south and west.

An unmanned environmental noise survey was undertaken at a single measurement location at the site between approximately 13:00 hours on Wednesday 22 October 2014 and 12:45 hours on Thursday 23 October 2014.

 $L_{Amax}$ ,  $L_{Aeq}$  and  $L_{A90}$  noise levels were measured throughout the noise survey.

Figure 3.1 shows the nearest identified residential properties highlighted in **red**, the proposed plant location in **green** and the measurement position indicated in **blue**.

Figure 3.1 Site Location and Surrounding Land Use



The measurement microphone was attached to a railing at the perimeter of the roof on the western edge, facing towards the nurse accommodation.

The measurement position is considered representative of background noise levels at the nearest noise sensitive properties.

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The equipment used for the noise survey is summarised in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 Description of Equipment used for Noise Survey

Table 912 2000 phon of 24 april about 101 floide during				
Equipment	Description	Quantity	Serial Number	
01 dB Solo	Type 1 automated logging sound level meter	1	60447	
01 dB PRE 21	Type 1 ½" microphone and pre-amplifier	1	13259	
01 dB BAP 21	Outdoor microphone casing	1	10935	
01 dB CAL 21	Calibrator	1	50441990	

Due to the nature of the noise survey, i.e. unmanned, we are unable to comment on the weather conditions throughout the entire noise survey period. However, at the beginning and end of the survey period, there was noted to be no rainfall, a minimally cloudy sky and only light wind. These conditions are understood to be representative of the whole survey period and are considered appropriate for undertaking environmental noise measurements.

The noise monitoring equipment used was calibrated before and after the noise survey period. No significant change was found. Equipment calibration certificates can be provided upon request.





#### 4. NOISE SURVEY RESULTS & OBSERVATIONS

#### 4.1. Noise Survey Results

Appendix B presents a time history graph showing the measured L<sub>Amax</sub>, L<sub>Aeq</sub> and L<sub>A90</sub> noise levels.

The lowest background noise levels measured during daytime hours (07:00 - 23:00 hours) and night time hours (23:00 - 07:00) are presented in Table 4.1 below.

**Table 4.1 Lowest Measured Background Noise Levels** 

Lowest Measured Background Noise Level				
Daytime (07:00 – 23:00 hours)	Night-time (23:00 – 07:00 hours)			
L <sub>A90 (1 hour)</sub> (dB)	L <sub>A90 (5 minute)</sub> (dB)			
62	61			

#### 4.2. Observations

Due to the nature of the unmanned noise survey we are unable to comment on the exact noise climate throughout the entire survey period.

However, at the beginning and end of the survey period, the daytime noise climate was noted to be affected most by noise from plant located on the roof of Maple House.

We anticipate that plant noise in the general vicinity would also be the dominant source of noise during night-time periods.





#### 5. BUILDING SERVICES PLANT NOISE LIMITS

The site lies within the jurisdiction of Camden Borough Council, whose typical requirement is for plant noise to be 10dBA below the background noise level. As such, noise emissions from the proposed plant would normally be limited to a level 10 dB less than the lowest background noise levels.

However, from our observations whilst on site and the time history graph in Appendix B, the background noise climate was mostly affected by plant located on the roof of Maple House. Because of this, we have specified noise limits which we consider to be more appropriate in relation to the actual background noise levels (in the absence of existing plant noise).

Our proposed plant noise limits are shown in Table 5.1, which are to be achieved during the relevant period when measured 1m external to the nearest noise sensitive windows.

Table 5.1 Proposed External Plant Noise Limits – Noise Sensitive Properties

External L <sub>Aeq</sub> Plant Noise Limit during Plant Operating Period (dB)		
Daytime (07:00 – 23:00 hours)	Night-time (23:00 – 07:00 hours)	
42	41	

The noise limits in Table 5.1 should be reduced by 5 dB if the plant contains any observable, tonal characteristics.





#### 6. LIMITING PLANT NOISE LEVEL

We understand six condenser units are proposed to replace the three existing condenser units (location indicated approximately on Figure 3.1).

We understand the condenser units will operate 24 hours a day.

Therefore, in order to achieve the atmospheric plant noise limits presented in Section 6, our calculations indicate that the total noise level associated with each condenser unit must not exceed a limiting sound pressure level of SodBA at 1m.

So as not to exceed this noise limit, each condenser unit is likely to require an acoustic enclosure e.g. by Messrs Environ, Noise Solutions, etc.





#### APPENDIX A – ACOUSTIC TERMINOLOGY

Parameter Description

Decibel (dB) A logarithmic scale representing the sound pressure or power level relative to the

threshold of hearing (20x10<sup>-6</sup> Pascals).

Sound Pressure The sound pressure level is the sound pressure fluctuation caused by vibrating objects

Level (L<sub>p</sub>) relative to the threshold of hearing.

A-weighting The sound level in dB with a filter applied to increase certain frequencies and decrease

(LA or dBA) others to correspond with the average human response to sound.

 $L_{Aeq,T}$  The A-weighted equivalent continuous noise level over the time period T (typically T= 16

hours for daytime periods, T = 8 hours for night-time periods). This is the sound level that

is equivalent to the average energy of noise recorded over a given period.

 $L_{n,T}$  The noise level exceeded for n% of the time over a given period T.

e.g. L<sub>90</sub>, the noise level exceeded for 90% of the time (background noise level).

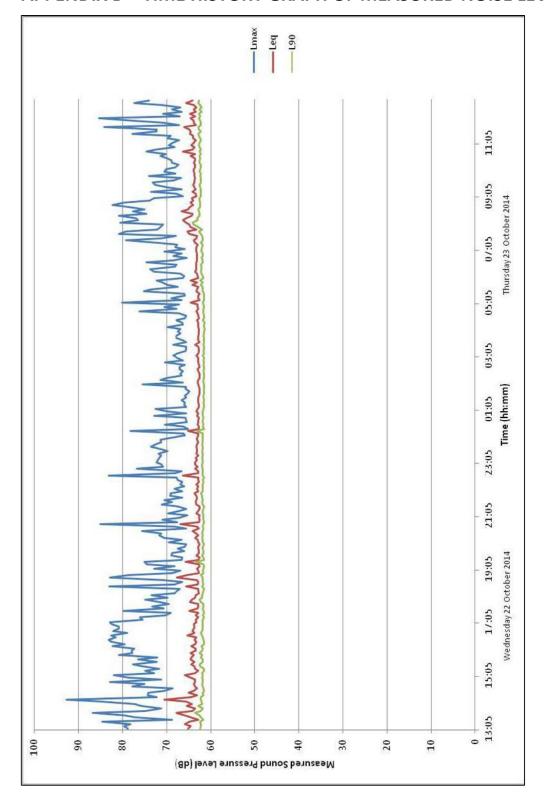
L<sub>max</sub> The maximum noise level measured.

SEL The Sound Exposure Level (dB), the LAeq level normalised to one second.





#### APPENDIX B – TIME HISTORY GRAPH OF MEASURED NOISE LEVELS

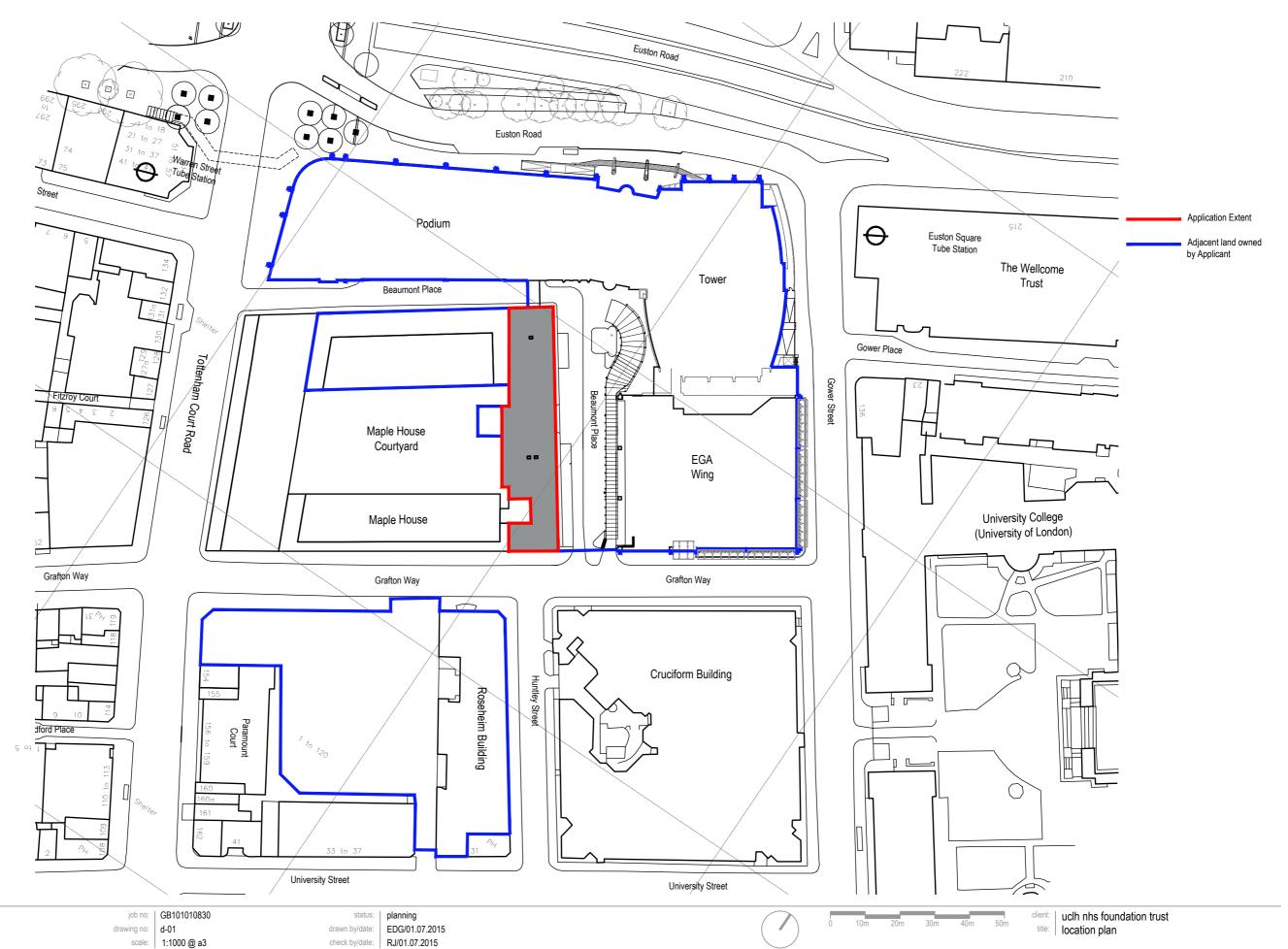


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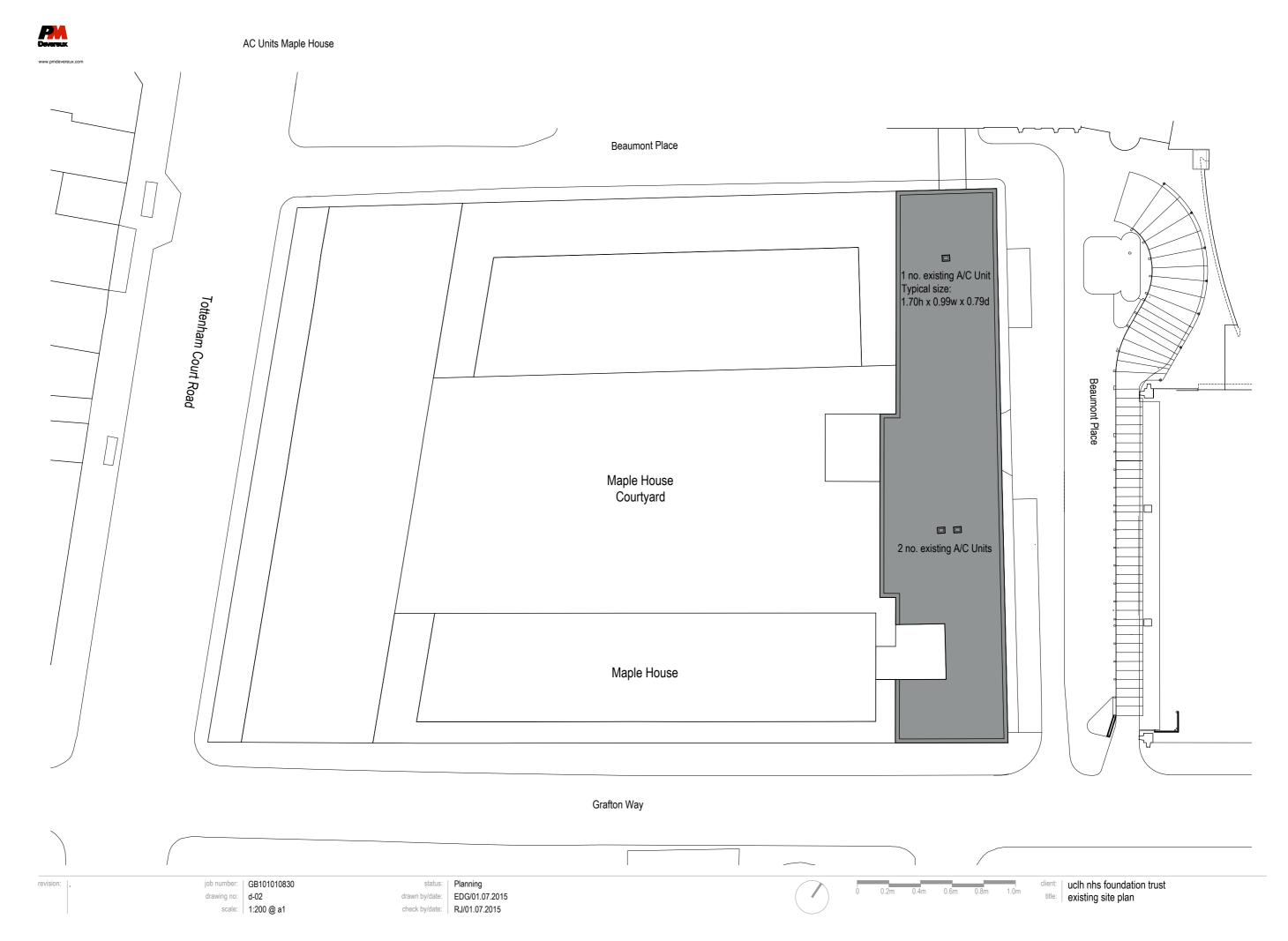
#### 15

# **Appendix 2** Drawings

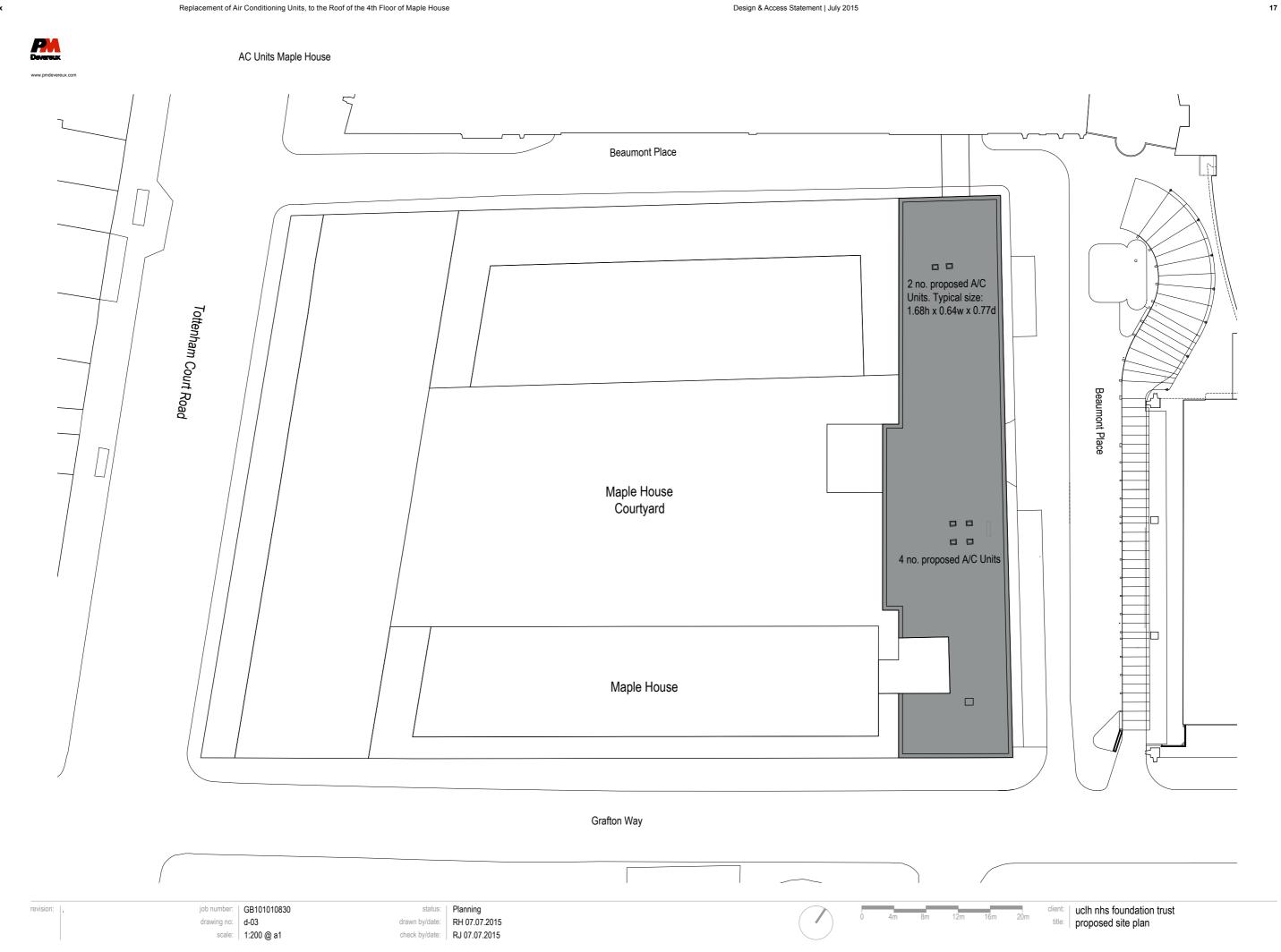




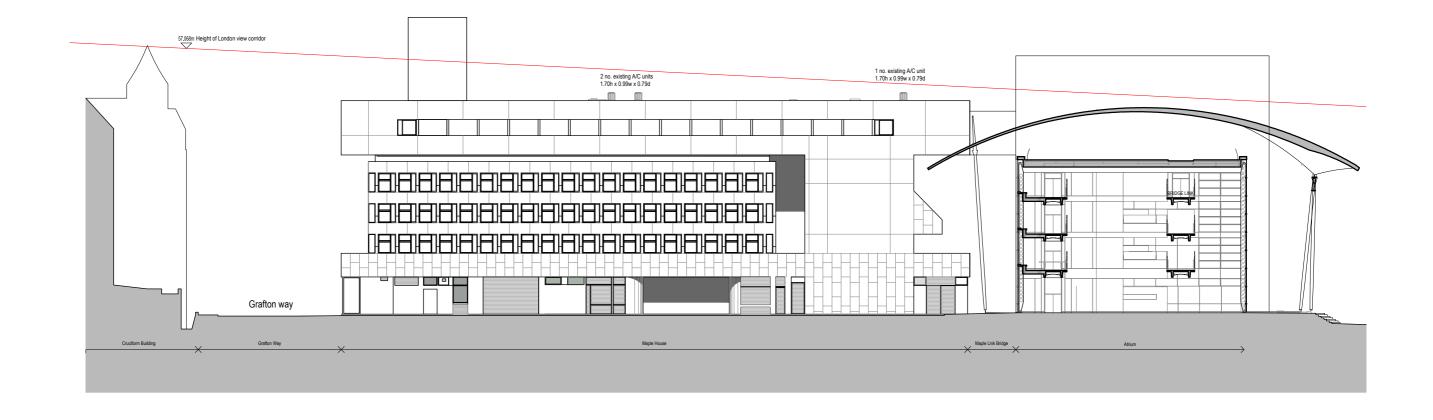
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PM Devereux Replacement of Air Conditioning Units, to the Roof of the 4th Floor of Maple House





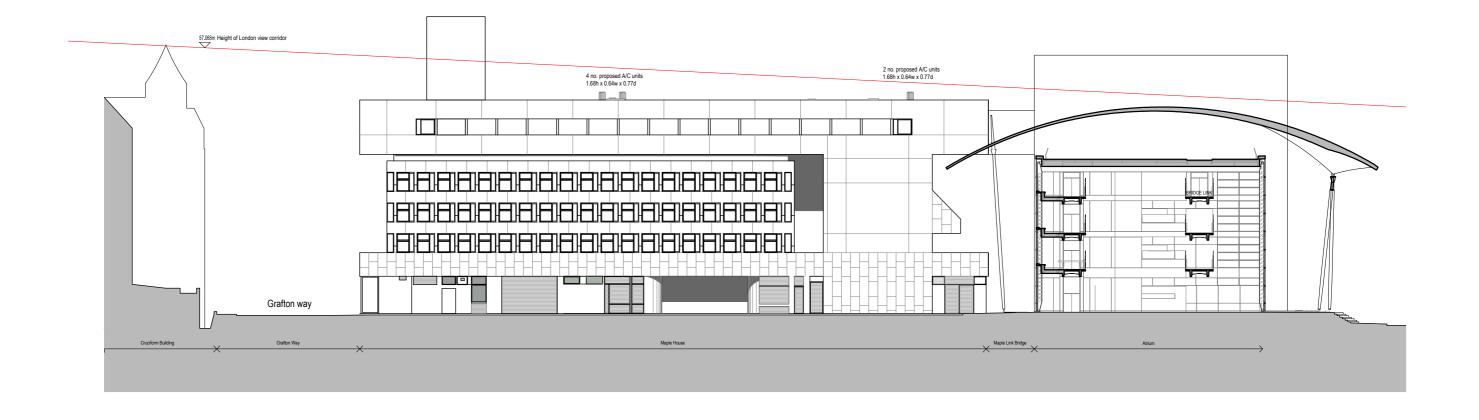


status: planning
drawn by/date: RH 07.07.2015
check by/date: RJ 07.07.2015



client: uclh nhs foundation trust title: existing elevation





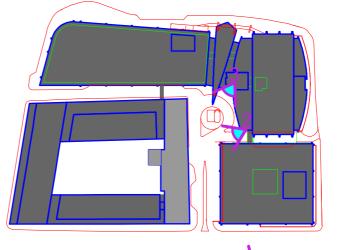
AC Units Maple House



aerial view













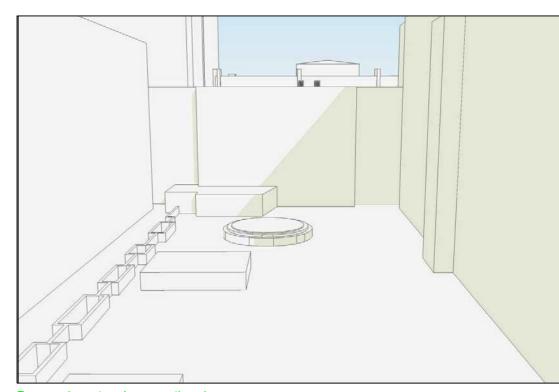
AC Units Maple House



Existing courtyard perspective view



Existing street level perspective view

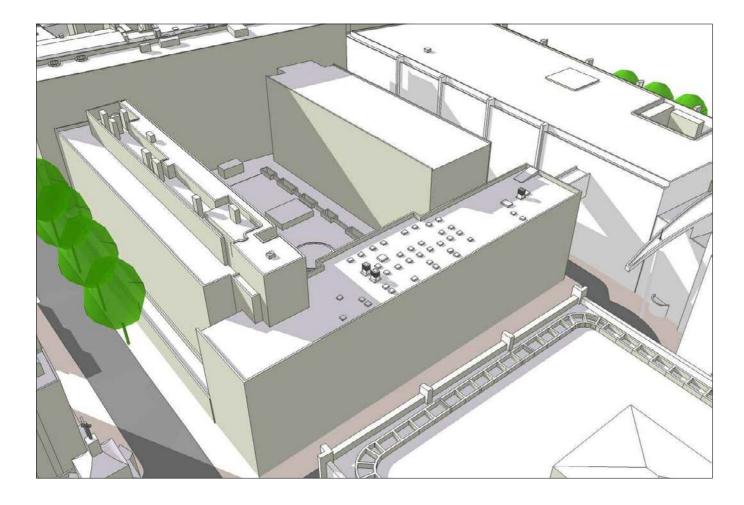


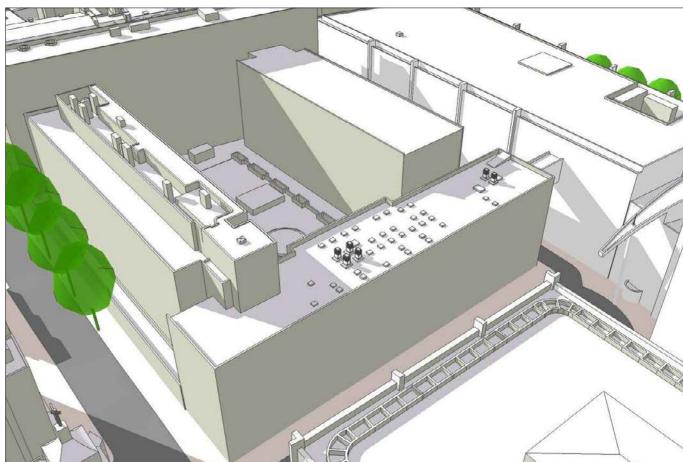
Proposed courtyard perspective view



Proposed street level perspective view



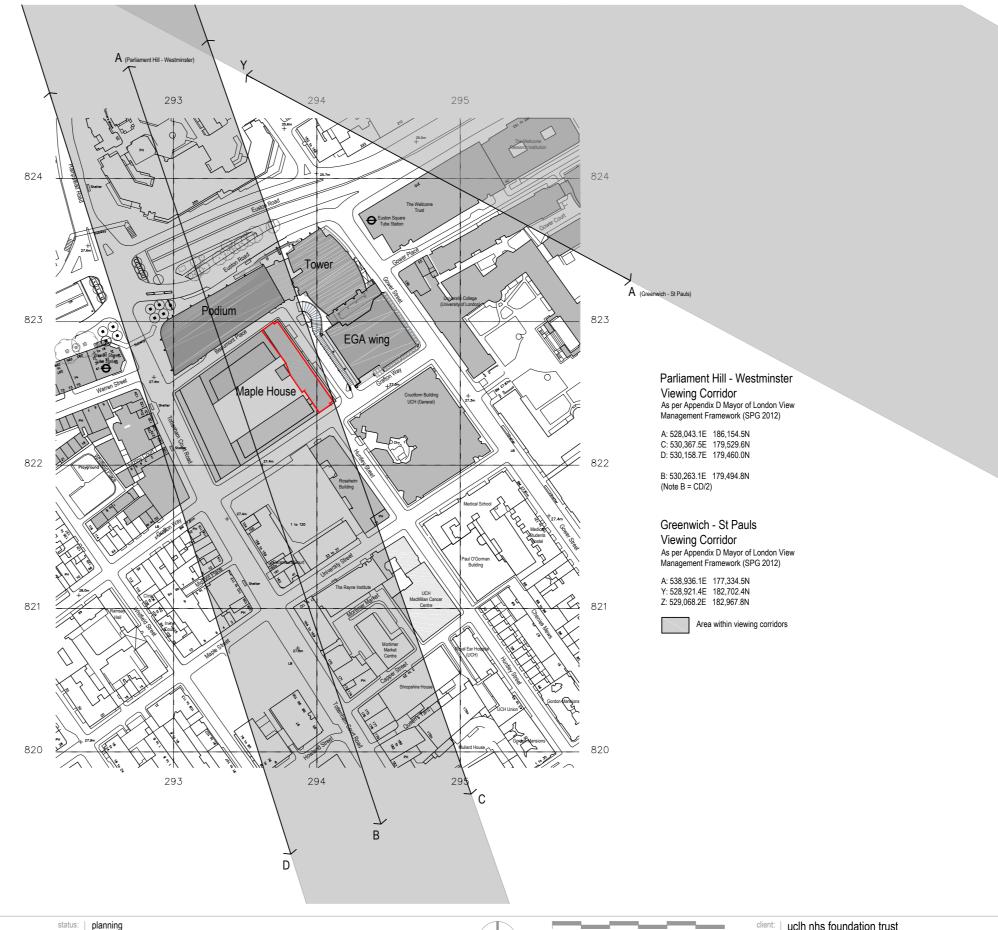




Existing aerial perspective view

Proposed aerial perspective view





job number: | GB101010830 drawing no: d-10 scale: 1:1250 @ a1

drawn by/date: MR 18/08/14 check by/date: RJ 18/08/14

client: | uclh nhs foundation trust title: | london view corridor site plan