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2015/0695/P	Garry Marshall	5A King Edward Mansions 8 Grape Street London WC2H 8DY	18/03/2015 21:56:33		As a resident of Grape Street I wish to state that this is an objection to the application 2015/0695/P. I am concerned that the change of use to residential would result in the area between the buildings being reduced to less than 8 metres apart, compared to the 18 metre guideline set out by Camden Council.  Construction of this conversion could be highly disruptive to this otherwise quiet street. It seems a gantry will have to be in place for this, which would impose on our general wellbeing as residents of this street. The small businesses in Grape Street have always shown utmost respect to the residents and I don't believe they deserve to have their concerns put at risk with scaffolding, lorries, dust, etc overwhelming their space. I do believe that little thought has been given to the existing residences and businesses in Grape Street.
2015/0695/P	andrew hogan/on behalf of Eileen White	on behalf of 2b king edward mansions grape street	19/03/2015 23:29:58	OBJLETTE R	My mother and myself object to the application 2015/0695/p. My mother has failing eye sight and although the Architects have gone to some expense with there with daylight/sunlight impacts statement they have not taken into consideration anyone who may suffer such disability. The proposed canopy up to first floor level will clearly cause natural light issues and this alone will cause my mother problems exiting and entering her dwelling. Receiving deliveries is also lightly to have an impact on the residents of King Edward Mansions for the 52 week duration, as the street is lightly to be taken over by the contractors. I also feel that the canopy is lightly to be a source of weatherproofing to the elements and with that in mind I think the area will become a place for homeless people and drug addicts. The security of the residents must be put first as flats have been broken into before when scaffold has been erected. A worry for such a long duration of proposed works. therefore I/We object to application 2015/0695/p.

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2015/0695/P	Ms Helen Stone	3a King Edward	18/03/2015 18:50:01		Opening statement		
		Mansions 8 Grape Street London			I am the leaseholder and resident at 3a King Edward Mansions, directly opposite the proposed development. I have lived here since 1987. Grape Street is normally a peaceful haven between the busy streets of Shaftesbury Avenue and High Holborn. My living rooms (sitting room and dining room) currently look out over sloping roofs, and enjoy direct sun in the morning and sunlight reflected from		
		WC2H 8DY			I object to the proposed change of use and the extension works on the basis of loss of privacy, overlooking, loss of reflected light, and potential for noise nuisance in the final as-built condition; and, during the proposed construction programme of one year, the loss of privacy, overlooking, loss of light in the flats and street due to the 20m high temporary roof above the whole construction, demolition noise, construction noise, dust, dirt, plant fumes, danger to pedestrians from numerous heavy lorries travelling down Grape Street, disturbance due to site lighting, risk to the security of our building, potential for street dwellers and junkies to occupy and foul the street within and around the scaffolding, restricted access for deliveries and pedestrians including residents to come and go from King Edward Mansions and other Grape Street addresses due to road closures and loading and unloading operations, potential damage to our building's listed façade including windows, potential danger of the complete collapse of the scaffolding due to unprotected stanchions outside 8-14 Grape Street being vulnerable to vehicle strikes, and inevitable damage to the pavement due to traffic movements. Because of the proximity of the site, only 7 metres from our windows (and immediately adjacent in the case of the 1st floor) it will be like living in a dirty, noisy construction site for the duration of the work. Thereafter, the quality of life in our flats will be permanently degraded for the reasons given above at the start of this		
					It is my contention that the scale of the proposed works is inappropriate and excessive in this extremely narrow street where access to the site is difficult and restricted. The proposed works will cause untold stress, disruption and intrusion to residents and businesses during the one year of demolition and construction; will cause a permanent diminution in quality of life for the residents in King Edward Mansions and be detrimental to the businesses in Grape Street, and all for the sake of creating six new apartments of which all but the top mezzanine floor will have substandard levels of natural light; all will have a lack of privacy; and none will have a satisfactory outlook.		
					A similar planning application was considered by Camden's Development Planning Committee at a		
					public hearing on May 1st 2014, and was rejected.		
					Since then, the proposals have been modified to omit flats in the basement and ground floor, modify the 4th floor, and introduce the concept of fritted windows. Not a lot else appears to me to have changed, but the developer has now provided more information about proposed construction methods which gives rise to acute anxiety, as will be explained.		

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Issues of concern connected with the proposed final as-built condition include:

- Camden's own guidelines specify a minimum of 18m between facing habitable rooms in residential properties, in order to preserve privacy which is a fundamental human right. There is only 7m to 8m between opposite buildings in Grape Street, which is presumably a major reason why 9-13 Grape Street has never been a residential block, and I contend it never should be.
- Fritting of the new windows has been proposed to mitigate the loss of privacy, but its extent is partial and limited to the upper and lower edges of each large window panel, and still would allow views into, and overlooking between, the opposing habitable rooms. No effort has been made to demonstrate its efficacy in practice, despite residents' requests for a mock up panel to show the effect from within King Edward Mansions and from within 9-13 Grape Street. I believe that obscured glass (as in the King Edward Mansions bathroom windows facing Grape Street) would be needed in all the new apartment windows facing Grape Street to protect all parties' privacy, in which case the new flats would have no outlook at all.
- A new 4th floor is planned as an extension, and will not be entirely contained within the current roof envelope, contrary to claims in the application, but would project higher than the current roof ridges at the south end by an amount which it is not possible to determine from the submitted drawings, and would also fill the triangular space above the currently sloping roof adjacent to Queen Alexandra Mansions. Any increase in height at such close quarters to the windows of King Edward Mansions will block some of the sunlight currently reflected into the upper floors of King Edward Mansions by the tall, white, reflective Travelodge building behind the proposed development., and the infill of the triangular area mentioned will block a view of sky.
- With only 7m-8m between facing windows, there will inevitably be nuisance from noise between the opposing flats when the windows are open and music and loud voices prevail. This has already been experienced with the Live-In Guardians who occupied the building until February 2015. The windows of the proposed flats will be opened for ventilation. Office use would not cause such noise issues, therefore I again contend that the requested change of use to residential is inappropriate.

Issues of concern connected with the demolition and construction include:

- The Construction Management Plan (CMP) fails to demonstrate a safe and workable method of achieving the construction
- Proposed use of a truck mounted mobile crane standing in Grape Street, to unload lorries, would block access for fire appliances and endanger the theatre and other properties in the event of a fire
- Weak pavement above basements on the west side of Grape Street could collapse under loads from crane supports, lorry loading or gantry loads
- Not feasible for lorries 14m long, as mentioned in the CMP, to turn into the northern end of Grape Street
- Overlooking into flats by site operatives and loss of privacy
- Loss of light to flats and street because the height of the temporary roof over the whole construction would be significantly higher than the existing roof level (the scaffolding would be 20m high)

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- Demolition, removal and loading noise
- Dust from demolition
- Dirt from demolition
- Plant fumes (particularly compressors)
- Construction noise generally
- Construction noise from use of the proposed gantry across Grape Street causing working within some 2m of King Edward Mansions' first floor windows
- Grape Street exhibits a "canyon effect" due to the tall buildings and narrow width which makes noise reverberate along the street, so the effect of all noise will be amplified
- Danger to pedestrians from heavy lorries (6 per day) plus other heavy goods vehicles,, but with limited pavement area
- Incompatibility of heavy lorry traffic with the 5 parking spaces outside the Cuban Consulate and Embassy at the south end of Grape Street, particularly in light of the Stage Door of the Shaftesbury Theatre being close by, so that theatre staff making an exit will be in real danger of emerging into the path of a heavy goods vehicle
- Site lighting keeping residents awake at night
- Scaffold alarms going off at night and waking residents
- Risk to the security of King Edward Mansions, especially first floor flats, where access could be gained by intruders climbing the scaffold on the west pavement adjacent to the building
- Scaffolding on both sides of the street (supporting a gantry over the street) providing an invitation to street dwellers and junkies to gather and disturb residents, foul the street, etc.
- Restrictions on access to all Grape Street addresses due to heavy demolition, construction activities, deliveries of heavy site materials, road closures
- Potential damage to the façade of King Edward Mansions, due both to the planned drilling and securing the gantry scaffold supports to the façade (an assumption as the drawings and description mention drilling but fail to make it clear where drilling is proposed), and any accidental spillage of debris or falling materials hitting the façade (most likely to occur during loading of lorries to remove demolished materials and when lifting in new steelwork) including potential to break windows
- Potential collapse of the whole scaffold due to vehicle strikes of the unprotected stanchions on the King Edward Mansions side (presumably there is insufficient road width to accommodate wide vehicles plus baulk timbers on both sides of the street, otherwise it is assumed they would have been shown on the construction plan drawing)
- Anticipated damage to pavements when lorries mount the kerbs which already occurs at the south end of Grape Street when vans ride the pavement to get past the Cuban Embassy cars, but will be much worse with heavier loads and high frequency of occurrence

Issues of concern connected with the presentation of supporting documents by the Developer's team include:

• Planning Statement which is highly selective in what it reports and in its conclusions, and fails to acknowledge the key planning failures of the development which will be explained below. I can not

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agree with the overall finding that the development meets the Camden development plan

- Misleading material quoting my response to an invitation to attend a question and answer session, but failing to make any mention of major issues and concerns discussed, such as demonstrating the efficacy of fritting, and the lack of information on construction planning
- Suggestion that residents have been fully consulted, when in fact we have not been shown the current proposals for the permanent or temporary works and were unaware of the plan to crane in materials from Grape Street
- Data on daylight and sunlight which prove that the light levels in the new apartments would be below BRE recommended levels, but the report's conclusions simply state the levels "will be commensurate to the occupants' expectations....".
- Inaccurate statement that there are double yellow lines the length of Grape Street; in fact there are 5 parking spaces reserved in Grape Street for the Cuban Embassy and Consulate, and the construction proposals make no mention of their removal
- Inclusion in the planning application of outline design plans for minor modifications to my own flat which were never implemented (I fail to understand why the Developer felt these were worthy of inclusion in support of his own planning application in the first place)
- I have been unable to find anything in the documentation to address fire safety and means of escape from the proposed flats. At King Edward Mansions we have rear balconies leading to an external rear fire escape. The configuration of the flats at 9-13 Grape Street prevents this, so it would be helpful to understand how the occupants would escape if the front entrance was impassable.

Issues of concern connected with the technical data and professional reports supporting the application include:

### Planning Statement

Although DP26 is mentioned, the key point about privacy and overlooking for this development is that CPG6 paragraph 7.1 requires that the amenity of neighbours, in terms of protecting their privacy, must be successfully addressed. I do not accept that has been demonstrated.

#### Daylight and Sunlight Report

The report appears to demonstrate at page 7 and page 14 that all the apartments fail to meet BRE criteria for internal daylight and all but one fail to meet the sunlight criteria,.

#### Energy Statement

The Energy Statement is based on superseded building regulations, and contains a statement that it is due to be updated. Therefore it cannot be relied upon.

The basis for the calculations to support the claim of BREEAM Excellent target rating is queried, because the starting point of calculating the "base carbon dioxide emissions" assumes the building is already residential, which it is not, The report also mentions that all the apartments were analysed to identify the base carbon emissions, but the 4th floor does not exist yet, so again the base is questionable. The proposed change of use and extension will surely add to the building's carbon emissions and not reduce them as required.

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### Sustainability Report

The report summarises findings on daylight and sunlight in a selective manner, as it fails to mention the substandard internal daylight and sunlight levels of the new apartments, only mentioning surrounding properties.

The report uses the same approach to BREEAM as the Energy Statement, and I question the validity of the assumed base CO2 emissions

Discussion of particular issues of concern

Privacy and overlooking

Camden Council's Policy DP26 - Managing the impact of development on occupiers and neighbours states:

"The Council will protect the quality of life of occupiers and neighbours by only granting permission for development that does not cause harm to amenity. The factors we will consider include:
a) visual privacy and overlooking...."

I make no apology for reiterating an argument I presented to the Council Hearing on May 1st 2014. I refer to the advice received by Camden Council at Agenda Item 5 of that meeting, concerning legal issues around converting offices to flats: Ms Natalie Lieven QC has stated that the impact on existing occupiers' amenity can still be considered in circumstances where the proposal would result in significant harm which would contravene Article 8 of the European Convention on Human Rights (Right to respect for private and family life). This definitely applies at both King Edward Mansions and at 9-13 Grape Street.

We are not in a 3rd world city; we are not in a slum, where perhaps 7 metres between residential buildings might be allowed. We are in the beautiful conservation area of Bloomsbury, in a cleverly designed building dating from 1908, which maximises the light reaching flats of King Edward Mansions by use of projecting bay windows, but which bring us yet closer to the buildings opposite than even the narrow width of the street below. That, as well as reasons of limited light reaching 9-13 Grape Street, is, I believe, why mansion flats were never designed opposite our building, and that is why we expect Camden to follow its own planning standards in any development in Grape Street, to preserve our quality of life and at the same time avoid giving planning consent to conversions and extensions which produce flats which themselves lack privacy and proper levels of natural light.

### Fritting

The argument promoting the effectiveness of fritting in safeguarding privacy, included in the Design and Access statement at 7.03 about the drawing showing an overlay of the King Edward Mansions window locations on to the façade of 9-13 Grape Street, is specious in my opinion. It relies on residents

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not only looking straight ahead out of their windows, but also limits their aperture of sight to the width and height of the window they look out from, which is not the case when the distance across the street is 7m-8m. The human eye gathers a width of several metres even when looking straight ahead across 7m, so the argument collapses. Add the movement of the eyeball plus the swivelling of the head of a curious viewer, and the argument becomes ridiculous.

The drawing of the windows arrangement prepared by the Developer's team demonstrates the sensitivity of the overlooking and privacy issue, because it shows that the 3rd and 4th floor flats in King Edward Mansions have never previously been overlooked by the windows of 9-13 Grape Street. The living room and dining room of Flat 3a and all of the Grape Street frontage rooms of Flat 3b will be overlooked if the 4th floor extension is built; and the Grape Street frontage rooms of Flats 4a, 4b, and 4c will also be within clear view.

The partial fritting appears to be a sop to address residents' concerns, and I contend that it will be ineffective in protecting anyone's privacy in any of the flats at 1st,2nd,3rd and 4th floors of King Edward Mansions, and in any of the flats proposed for 9-13 Grape Street. There has been no response to residents' requests for a mock up to demonstrate the fritting in situ, which could be done by placing fritted panels inside the present windows.

The visual benefit to the flats in King Edward Mansions of having commercial premises opposite, is that they would not generally be occupied in early morning, in the evening, at night, and at weekends. Therefore residents of King Edward Mansions would enjoy privacy and respite at those times

Finally on this topic, I ask the question, what protection would King Edward Mansions residents have from an exhibitionist in an opposite flat only 7m away?

### CONCLUSIONS

The change of use to residential is inappropriate because Grape Street is so narrow that habitable rooms only 7m -8m apart across Grape Street will afford clear views into people's private lives, in contravention of their human rights which should protect their privacy from overlooking.

The 4th floor extension is inappropriate because the demolition of the roof and the new construction work will create massive disruption, noise, dust, heavy traffic and temporary works problems and hazards in a tiny street. The extension would also block reflected sunlight to parts of King Edward Mansions from the reflective Travelodge building, and the 20m high temporary roof will block light generally and darken the street and most properties in it during the construction period.

The Construction Management Plan appears unworkable and unsafe and fails to demonstrate the

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2015/0695/P	Philippa Rogers	1B King Edward Mansions 8 Grape Street London WC2H 8DY	18/03/2015 11:56:59	COMMEMPER	

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2015/0695/P	Philippa Rogers	1B King Edward Mansions 8 Grape Street London WC2H 8DY	18/03/2015 11:56:58	COMMEMPER	I am a resident at no 8 Grape Street, London WC2H 8DY. I would like to FORMALLY OBJECT to any planning being granted to the property opposite me at 9-13 Grape Street as residential flats on the basis that any flat opposite would cause extreme noise issues to me and my neighbours. Also I believe that there is a Camden building guideline of 18 meters distance between residential neighbours and this definitely does not comply with this as the proposed planning iis very much closer than 18 meters. Also the plans are proposing to build another floor on the top of no 9-13 Grape Street, and this would severally limit any natural daylight that my flat now receives in my main bedroom and sitting room. Grape street is an extremely narrow street with double yellow lines on both sides of the street, there is no parking except at the bottom of the street for the Cuban Embassy diplomatic parking only. These plans propose to build a gantry across the street during the proposed building works to errect support scaffolding on my Grade II listed building which again i object very strongly to and do not feel is at all viable. When these buildings were originally designed it appears that they alternated living apartments to be directly opposite office space which does work, because people in the apartments are out during the day and go to work (mostly) which means that people working opposite the residential flats but go home at 5pm or 6pm don't create noise conflict with their windows open in a very tiny narrow street when residents come home after 6pm. This works now, but to have double street sided residents definately would conflict with noise and privacy. There would be no privacy and we would not be able to open our bedroom or sittingroom windows due to people opposite having direct views into our rooms and in fact the same would be said of their residences. When we have previously had office tenants in the premises at 9-13 Grape Street working late and opening their windows, we had the same noise distrubances and problems a
					Thank you for the opportunity to OBJECT to this proposal.

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2015/0695/P	Mrs Beazley	Flat 2A King Edward Mansions 8 Grape Street	18/03/2015 23:41:40	OBJ	Our objection to this proposal is based on the increase in mass, reduction in light and gross overlooking of the flats in KEM created by the proposed roof extension.  It is stated in the planning statement (page 8 point 4.4) that the new roof proposal will "maintain the current roof with some alterations to the profile on the eastern side". This does not accurately reflect what is proposed as it understates the increase in volume of the proposal as, on Page 28-29 of the Design and Access Statement it shows that the design for the new roof takes the highest point of the inhabitable roof space and continues the line along the entirety of the 3 segments of roof within the proposal, whilst the existing roof drops away in height by around 30% in the second two of the segments. The new design also proposes that the currently hipped north end to roof will be infilled. This increase in unbroken mass will feel overbearing and cut out a considerable amount of visible sky from the apartments opposite in KEM, hence reducing the light within the bedrooms and living spaces. The results to the daylight, sunlight and overshadowing testing do not cover the perceived light within these spaces, cutting out large portions of visible sky will inevitably darken the rooms.  As emphasised in the London Housing Design Guide and Camden"s conservation area strategies, a carefully considered proposal should have a positive impact on and contribute to the existing buildings and surrounding area. This proposal is not achieving this, it is not only reducing the light to the area by increasing the massing to the roof, it is also making an addition of 12 new windows which will overlook the bedrooms and living spaces of the flats to the 3rd floor of KEM.  The overlooking analysis carried out in the DAS describes the situation as "if inhabitants, in both buildings, were to look directly out, the view would be of brickwork and not a direct view through a window into an apartment." (Page 62, 7.03) This is not a realistic way of analysing the views

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2015/0695/P	Philippa Rogers	1B King Edward Mansions 8 Grape Street London WC2H 8DY	18/03/2015 11:56:	8 COMMEMP ER	I am a resident at no 8 Grape Street, London WC2H 8DY. I would like to FORMALLY OBJECT to any planning being granted to the property opposite me at 9-13 Grape Street as residential flats on the basis that any flat opposite would cause extreme noise issues to me and my neighbours. Also I believe that there is a Camden building guideline of 18 meters distance between residential neighbours and this definitely does not comply with this as the proposed planning iis very much closer than 18 meters. Also the plans are proposing to build another floor on the top of no 9-13 Grape Street, and this would severally limit any natural daylight that my flat now receives in my main bedroom and sitting room. Grape street is an extremely narrow street with double yellow lines on both sides of the street, there is no parking except at the bottom of the street for the Cuban Embassy diplomatic parking only. These plans propose to build a gantry across the street during the proposed building works to errect support scaffolding on my Grade II listed building which again i object very strongly to and do not feel is at all viable. When these buildings were originally designed it appears that they alternated living apartments to be directly opposite office space which does work, because people in the apartments are out during the day and go to work (mostly) which means that people working opposite the residential flats but go home at 5pm or 6pm don"t create noise conflict with their windows open in a very tiny narrow street when residents come home after 6pm. This works now, but to have double street sided residents definately would conflict with noise and privacy. There would be no privacy and we would not be able to open our bedroom or sittingroom windows due to people opposite having direct views into our rooms and in fact the same would be said of their residences. When we have previously had office tenants in the premises at 9-13 Grape Street working late and opening their windows, we had the same noise distrubances and problems a
2015/0695/P	Philippa Rogers	1B King Edward Mansions 8 Grape Street London WC2H 8DY	18/03/2015 11:56:	6 COMMEMP ER	

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2015/0695/P	Alexander Asher	Flat 4B King Edward Mansions	18/03/2015 21:49:36		Re: 9-13 Grape Street Planning Application ref: 2015/0695/P 18 March 2015
		8 Grape Street			I, resident in Flat 4B, King Edward Mansions ("KEM"), am writing to express my objection to the planned change of use and extension of 9-13 Grape Street, which I find unacceptable on a number of fundamental grounds, each of which, on their own, ought to be sufficient, but which together form an
		London			irrefutable argument.
		WC2H 8DY			Firstly, the proposed repurposing of the building is unacceptable from the very beginning, due to the narrow width of Grape Street, and so the proximity of any new residences to KEM. Camden itself requires a minimum of 18m between facing habitable rooms, which would clearly be contravened here. The mitigation of fritting the windows of the new flats, previously proposed, cannot sufficiently offset this intrusion of residents' privacy, without unacceptably compromising the proposed new flats' quality of light and view. Therefore, the proposed repurposing, even without the extension, is out of the question.
					Next, we turn to the proposed extension of the 4th floor of 9-13 Grape Street. One of the great benefits of living on the 4th floor of KEM is that 9-13 Grape Street does not overlook you. This works in several ways: i) it allows for greater privacy, ii) it affords the facing rooms greater natural light and iii) it allows some of the noise pollution, which is otherwise enhanced by the narrow nature of the street, to dissipate. As such any change in that circumstance would have an unacceptable and material effect on the desirability and value of a 4th floor flat in KEM, not in the least bit mitigated by the absurd assertion in the submitted documents that the new development would provide a "more interesting foreground" to the view from KEM. Therefore, for these reasons, the proposed extension is unacceptable.
					Thirdly, the ramifications of the proposed redevelopment on life in Grape Street are preposterous in many, important ways. In the first place, the pollution, both of noise and dirt, caused by construction works in such close proximity to KEM would be significant. Indeed, it is hard not to imagine the dust and dirt lingering well beyond the hours of noisy work. Furthermore, the proposed scaffolding solution, namely to have a gantry spanning the width of Grape Street, is entirely outrageous. In the first place, it clearly would have a negative impact on the security of the first floor flats in KEM; moreover, the proximity of the gantry to KEM would exacerbate the aforementioned dust/dirt problem. Thus, the works themselves would be unacceptably detrimental to the quality of life of Grape Street's existing residents.
					Finally, the impact on Grape Street as a public highway would also be profound. The road and pavements are already very narrow; the addition of the gantry would make put pedestrian traffic on Grape Street in danger, especially those exiting the Shaftesbury Theatre via the Stage Door. Further, the proposed plan for the gantry suggests that the scaffolding will be protected with baulk timber on the 9-13 side of Grape Street, but not on the KEM side. This is clearly an admission of the unsuitability of Grape Street for a project such as this, and if it were implemented would expose the KEM side of Grape Street to unacceptable risk in the event of an accidental vehicle collision with the exposed

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- pp. maya					scaffolding. Lastly, the current plan is premised on Grape Street having double yell down. This is, in fact not the case, as the Cuban Embassy have 5 parking spaces at would surely be impacted by the proposed gantry. Therefore, the proposal is clearly flawed when it comes to the planned implementation.	he bottom, which	-
					In conclusion, I wish to reiterate that it is clear to me that the proposed change of us 9-13 Grape Street is unacceptable on the basis of each and any of the above issues. show plainly that the proposal is entirely unfit and should be rejected.		
					Yours sincerely,		
					Alexander Asher		

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2015/0695/P	Paul Hardwick	Flat 4B King Edward Mansions	18/03/2015 22:25:09	OBJ	I live in Flat 4B King Edward Mansions and would like to object to the planned change of use and extension of 9-13 Grape Street. It does not seem a very well thought through application, for a number of reasons.
		8 Grape Street			First of all, Camden requires a minimum of 18m between facing habitable rooms. This requirement is
		London			there for a reason: to protect the privacy of both dwellings. Clearly Grape Street is far narrower than 18m and, if the development is allowed, people in both King Edward Mansions and 9-13 Grape Street
	WC2H8DY	WC2H8DY			will have their quality of life diminished. Even if the windows are "fritted" (and if that makes any practical difference – it may not) noise from either flat will remain an issue.
					Secondly, the impact on the light for the Grape Street facing flats (and businesses at ground level) will be tremendous. A vast amount of light pours into Grape Street over the roof of 9-13 Grape Street. The extension upwards, even by the amount proposed, will severely affect all of the first four floors of King Edward Mansions (and there are only five in total). This will affect the value of all these flats but also the quality of life for both 9-13 Grape Street and King Edward Mansions. I think that the developer's comment that the extension of the roofline of 9-13 Grape Street will make for a "more interesting foreground" is in poor taste if a joke and, if serious, shows a complete lack of sensitivity to how the people in King Edward Mansions will be affected by the development.
					Finally, the scaffolding proposed is both impractical and dangerous. I would suggest that the developers visit Grape Street, only for an hour, to observe three things: (a) that there are a large number of vehicles, not least the constant removal vans to and from the Ice Tank (which is an events hosting business), that use Grape Street; (b) there are many pedestrians; and (c) it is exceptionally narrow. To suggest putting scaffolding on one side of the street is both dangerous and impractical given the narrowness of the existing curbsides. To suggest scaffolding on both sides is impossible – the risk of a car, van or lorry hitting the scaffolding and causing it to fall down (or worse into the plate glass at ground and first floor level) would be huge. As would the risk to life to pedestrians trying to navigate the street around the cars and scaffolding. It also would pose a severe security risk – the windows in King Edward Mansions overlooking Grape Street are not designed to be secure, given their height.
					Therefore it seems to me that the planning application is completely unsuitable for Grape Street and shows a complete disregard of the possible impact on the businesses along Grape Street, the theatre, the Cuban Embassy and the residents of King Edward Mansions.