

APPENDIX A

The use of drawings by the Customer acts as an agreement to the following statements. The Customer must not use the drawings if it does not agree with any of the following statements:
 All drawings are based upon site information supplied by third parties and as such their accuracy cannot be guaranteed. All features are approximate and subject to clarification by a detailed topographical survey, statutory service enquiries and confirmation of the legal boundaries. Do not scale the drawings. Figured dimensions must be used in all cases. All dimensions must be checked on site. Any discrepancies must be reported in writing to ColoursUDL, before proceeding. All drawings are copyright protected. Refer to full Terms & Conditions at www.colour-udl.com

- Existing & Proposed Levels**
- Existing Levels to be retained
 - Proposed Levels
 - Surface gradient / falls
 - Site Boundary
- Softworks**
- Existing Trees with RPA (Root Protect Area) to be retained and protected during the construction works (refer to Arboricultural Method Statement for RPA)
 - Existing Tree to be removed (refer to Arboricultural Assessment)
 - Proposed Trees: Allowance to be made for tree stakes, gys, urban tree soil and where annotated root director barriers as part of the tree pit detail
 - Proposed Hedge: Allowance to be made for 450mm depth of topsoil & 50mm of bark mulch.
 - Proposed Shrub Planting: Allowance to be made for 450mm depth of topsoil & 50mm of bark mulch.
 - Proposed Grass
- Hardworks**
- Surface as existing
 - Existing tarmac/adm: Make good any damage caused by the works
 - Tarmac/adm: Anso Gold. Stone mastic asphalt, vac-blended to reveal gravel aggregate or similar approved
 - Concrete block paving: e.g. Andover washed by Charcon. Colour: Silver Grey/ Buff. Size: 200x100x80mm and 300 x 200mm
 - Concrete sett paving: e.g. Andover washed by Charcon. Colour: Silver Grey/ Buff. Size: 100x100x80mm
 - Hazard Warning Tactile Textured - Natural by Marshalls. Size: 400x400x50mm
 - Self binding gravel: Breendon Golden Amber fines-12mm or similar approved
 - Grass Reinforcement System: Grassgrid or similar approved
 - In-situ cast concrete steps: Buff with exposed aggregate
 - Timber Deck: e.g. Canterbury style decking by Q-Deck or similar approved
 - In-situ cast concrete retaining wall / seating wall
 - Bench concrete base with timber top
 - Circular Timber Picnic Bench: e.g.
 - Large Picnic Bench: e.g.
 - Canopy
 - Cycle shelter and cycle hoops: Wardale cycle shelter by broxap or similar approved
 - Timber archway
 - Reclaimed logs from felled trees
 - Boulders
 - Drop down bollard
 - Timber litter bin: e.g. Shadow litter bin by Langley design or similar approved
 - Handrail
 - 2m Black steel railings
 - Games court fence
 - Single leaf gate to match adjacent fence
 - Double leaf gate to match adjacent fence

Planting Information:
 For further details regarding on site planting and green walls and tree planting please see Softworks Plan L-1151-PPR-01

Fencing and Gates:
 For further details regarding fencing and gates please see drawing Boundary Treatments L-1151-ASP-03

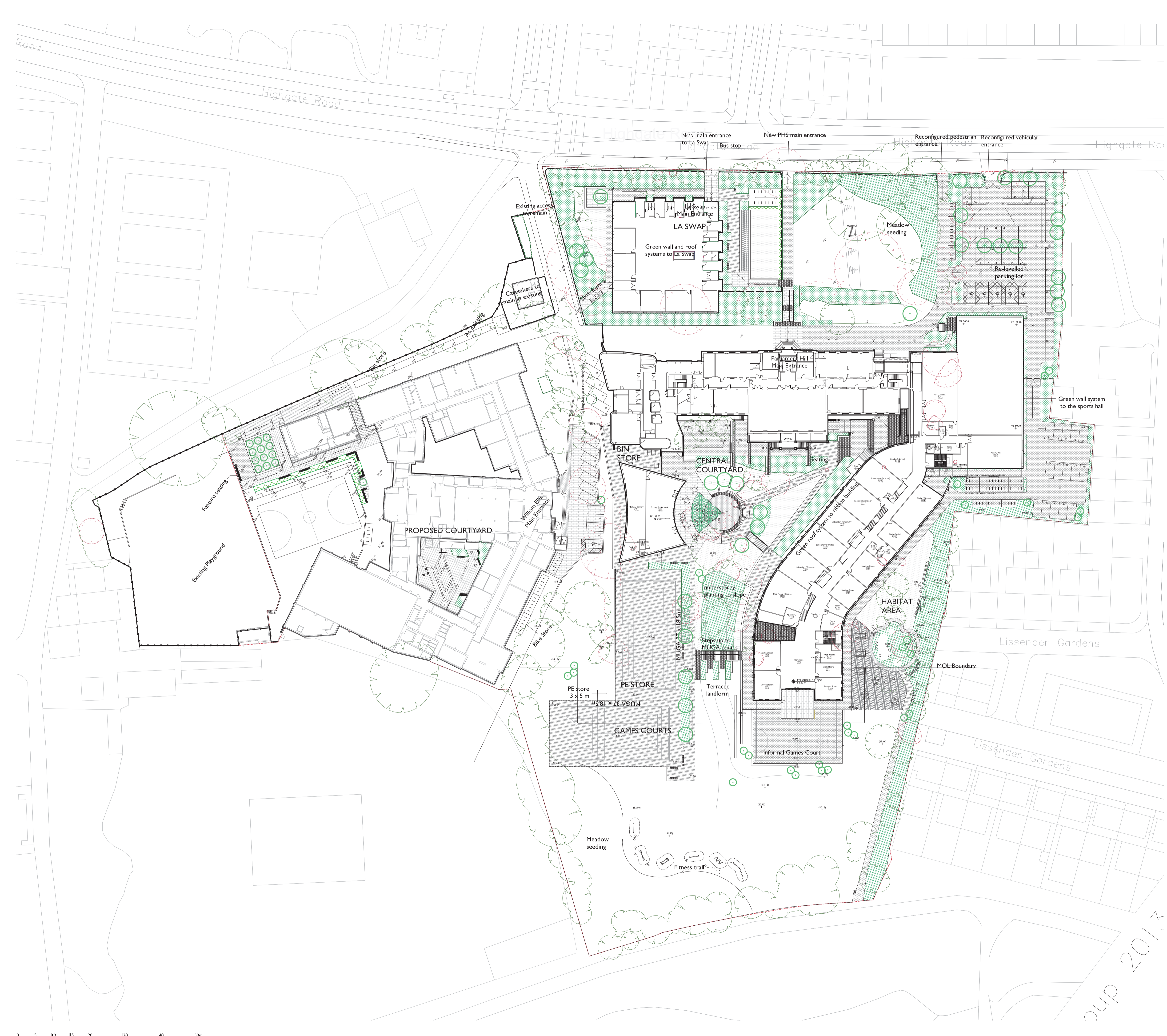
Edgings:
 For block paving - all edgings to match adjacent block paving and be haunched accordingly
 For the car park - standard 125mm PC kerbs to be used to the perimeter
 Macadam in pedestrian areas to have a 50mm PC concrete kerb
 Paving laid to a radius within the central courtyard to have a metal edge

06	Updated La Swap - path amended	28.11.2014	CLS	RW
05	Updated notes / Issue for Planning	31.10.2014	CLS	RW
04	Updated fencing layout and area definition design amended to fit revised levels	03.10.2014	CLS	JE
03	La Swap courtyard steps and hard play updated & revised tree retention	17.09.2014	CLS	JE
02	La Swap landscape and levels updated, revised tree retention	22.08.2014	CLS	JE
01	First Issue	08.07.2014	CLS	JE
Rev	Amendments	Date	Drwn	Chkd

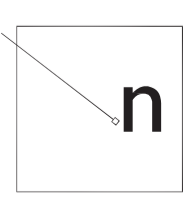
Project
 Parliament Hill & William Ellis
Drawing Title
 Parliament Hill & La Swap Landscape Layout

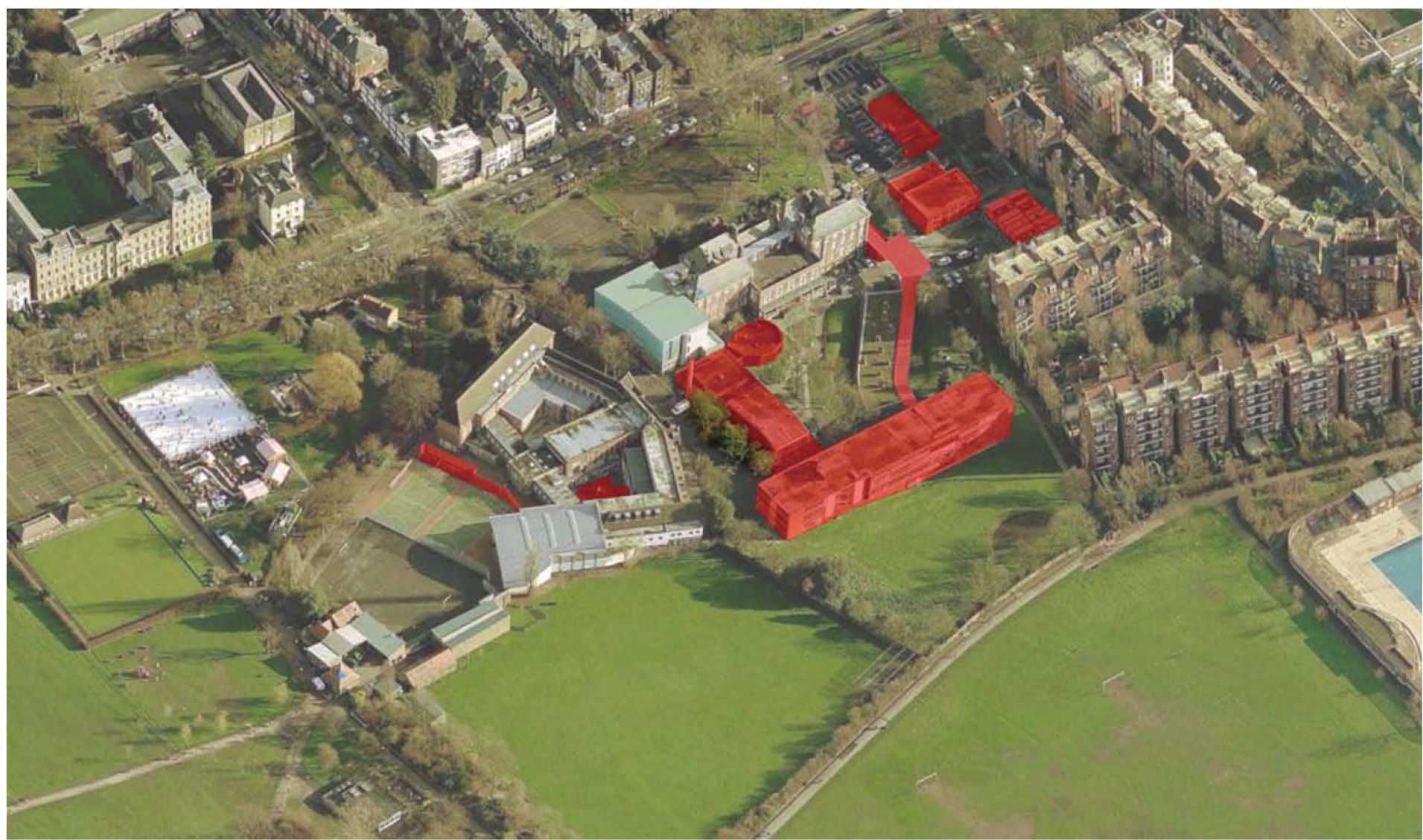
Project No. L-1151
Scale @ A1
 1:500 @ A1
Project Status
 Planning
Revision
 06

London 0207 38 78 560
Newcastle 0191 24 24 224
 colour urban design limited
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dup 2017





Aerial photograph showing the buildings that are proposed to be demolished

APPENDIX B

Amin Fouladi

From: Trower, Zoe <Zoe.Trower@camden.gov.uk>
Sent: 13 May 2014 12:32
To: Patrick Hebbard
Cc: Whittingham, Gideon; Travel Plans; Hinds, Lorraine
Subject: RE: Parliament Hill and William Ellis Schools

Dear Patrick,

Thank you for your email.

I have incorporated my comments to your email in red below and these also reflect the advice provided in the meeting with Ed Josey.

Should you require any clarification please do not hesitate to contact me directly.

Regards

Zoe Trower

Senior Transport Planner

Telephone: 0207 974 2731

From: Patrick Hebbard [mailto:phebbard@odysseyarkides.com]

Sent: 28 April 2014 16:14

To: Trower, Zoe

Subject: FW: Parliament Hill and William Ellis Schools

Importance: High

Hello Zoe

Further to my previous email (see below) – I comment as follows:

The proposals at the schools (which adjoin each other) comprise redevelopment of existing facilities and are not expected to result in an increase in pupil numbers or indeed a change in the school ‘catchment’ areas. The proposals are however expected to result in an **increase in community use of the new facilities in the evenings and at weekends.**

Odyssey Markides has been appointed to provide highways/ transport input, culminating in the preparation of a Transport Statement in support of the planning application. We are very familiar with this type of work and have assisted in the redevelopment of a significant number of schools across London over the last 2 years or so. We are thus aware of the highways/ transport matters which Camden Highways will likely require consideration of. I have as such listed below the proposed contents of the TS and look forward to your comments as soon as you are able to provide such:

- i. We would identify the existing transport patterns/ conditions in the vicinity of the site including existing peak hour school-related pick-up/ drop-off activity, local parking restrictions and parking demand. We would identify the existing number of on-site car and cycle parking spaces at the schools and comment on the observed levels of utilisation of these provisions; **agreed, these existing observations should include a full week with full days of operation to reflect the statement above.**
- ii. We are unsure if we would be required to identify the existing modal split of trips at the schools, since the proposals will not result in an increase in the number of pupils and hence no change in school-related trips at the post-development stage. In the event that you do require consideration/ identification of baseline trips/ modal split at the schools, we understand that neither of the schools currently have Travel Plans upon which we might have been able to rely for this purpose. We would thus (if necessary) be required to undertake questionnaire surveys amongst staff and pupils and would suggest that pupil surveys take the form of ‘hands up’ surveys; **Yes, and Camden would secure a School Travel Plan via the S106 process. Further to the meeting, it can be confirmed that two separate Travel Plans will be required as there are two separate schools involved, this makes on-going monitoring for the schools involved easier.**
- iii. The TA would include a review of the existing levels of accessibility at the site via sustainable means of transport. The assessment would include a description of bus stop locations and quality in the vicinity of

the schools and would describe the pedestrian routes between the site and such public transport facilities in terms of adequacy and safety; It is supported that an assessment of the accessibility of the site is undertaken. However, as discussed in the meeting it is advised that CERS and PERS audits should be undertaken, as these represent the best practice approach to assessing these facilities. Should these audits not be undertaken than justification is required to be incorporated within the TS alongside how these facilities are being assessed.

- iv. The TS would provide a description of all site accesses (pedestrian, cycle and vehicle); agree
- v. We would, if required, undertake a safety review of local highways (based on PIA data over 36 months); a required element of any TS is to include PIA data, so this should be included.
- vi. The TS would review the existing wider pedestrian and cycle network in the environs of the site, setting out the proposed design measures at the schools which would seek to facilitate travel via these means; see comments in connection to the CERS and PERS approach detailed above.
- vii. The report would set out the development proposals in detail; should include any proposals to change the access arrangements from the public highway and detail the increased use of the site as highlighted in the opening statement.
- viii. We would quantify the proposed levels of car parking (including disabled user parking) and cycle parking at the site in the context of both local (Camden) and regional (London Plan) transport policy; It is advised that the existing level of on-site parking is included as part of the existing conditions and that should be NO overall increase or change to the on-site parking levels, unless a reduction is being advised.
- ix. We would quantify the expected levels of traffic generated (across the modal range) by any proposed community use of the site. We will rely on the TRAVL trip rate database to identify expected travel patterns in this respect, with reference also made to first principles methods where relevant; TRAVL no longer live – would need to undertake TRiCS assessment and cross reference with TRAVL data – see response to point i in terms of times to cover.
- x. We would describe the layout of the proposed parking areas and would demonstrate the suitability of the car park design by means of swept path analysis; Any increase in on-site car parking will not be supported, especially in context of no additional pupils attending. If through the plans a reduction in on-site car parking can be promoted then this would be supported.
- xi. We would describe the layout and operation of the on-site vehicle servicing and refuse collection arrangements. We would demonstrate how the relevant vehicles would satisfactorily manoeuvre into and out of the proposed areas by use of AutoTRACK software, which would illustrate the swept paths of these vehicles; A draft SMP as well a CMP should be included with submission. If the overall level of servicing is not being changed, then evidence to this position should be included within the TS as a separate servicing section. A draft CMP should be submitted at the planning application stage and a full CMP will then be secured through the S106.

For information, having visited the site last week during the AM peak period, I can confirm that the overwhelming majority of pupils arrive via bus and walking modes, with very low volumes of pick-up/ drop-off activity noted along Highgate Road.

On the matter of Travel Plans, we are aware of TfL's Travel Planning Guidance (November 2013) which states that all school developments are required to have a Travel Plan. In this respect, does Camden have input into the preparation of School Travel Plans (as some boroughs do) or should the schools prepare their own Plans? Schools prepare their own and these would be secured via the S106 mechanism with a monitoring cost attached. As per the meeting the cost to secure two school travel plans will be £5,902.

Following on from a conversation held in connection to cycle parking, the higher standards should be provided on-site to support cycling as a sustainable travel mode. Cycling is a key mode choice being promoted by the Mayor of London through the London Plan and is a high priority for the London Borough of Camden. Encouraging cycling for school pupils is seen as a priority for the Council and is supported at all levels of the Council, especially by Cllrs and as a consequence the maximum level of cycle storage should be provided from the outset.

I look forward to hearing from you at your earliest convenience.

Kind regards,

Patrick Hebbard | Associate

Odyssey Markides

Elizabeth House | 39 York Road | London | SE1 7NQ

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From: Patrick Hebbard

Sent: 24 April 2014 11:50

To: 'zoe.trower@camden.gov.uk'

Subject: Parliament Hill and William Ellis Schools

Hello Zoe

I have just left a voice message for you.

In short, we are the highways/ transport consultants appointed on the proposed redevelopment of Parliament Hill and William Ellis Schools project, in Highgate Road. Gideon Whittingham who is the Senior Planning Officer for the East Area Team, has indicated that you might be dealing with highways/ transport issues.

I would appreciate it greatly if we could have a brief conversation relating to the scope of the TA. I would then confirm my understanding via email for your consideration. Please could you contact me on the number below for a brief chat.

Kind regards,

Patrick Hebbard | Associate

Odyssey Markides

Elizabeth House | 39 York Road | London | SE1 7NQ

Tel: 0207 620 2444 | Fax: 0207 620 1168

E: phebbard@odysseymarkides.com | W: www.odysseymarkides.com

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APPENDIX C

PTAI Study Report File Details

Date 07/05/2014 10:41

Day of week M-F

Time period AM peak

Walk speed 4.8 kph

Walk file PLSQLTest

POI Name: 528406, 186071

Bus Services

Reliability factor for this mode is 2

Maximum walk time for this mode is 8 minutes

Maximum walk distance for this mode is 640.0 metres

Stop PARLIAMENT HILL FIELDS

Walk time to stop from POI is 3.72 minutes

Walk distance to stop from POI is 297.98 metres

Route 214 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Route C2 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Route C2 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Stop HIGHGATE RD ST ALBANS RD

Walk time to stop from POI is 2.93 minutes

Walk distance to stop from POI is 234.78 metres

Route C11 Direction OUT Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes

Route C11 Direction BACK Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes

Route 214 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Route C2 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Stop HIGHGATE RD CROFTDOWN RD

Walk time to stop from POI is 0.32 minutes

Walk distance to stop from POI is 25.79 metres

Route C11 Direction OUT Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes

Route C11 Direction BACK Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes

Route 214 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Route 214 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Route C2 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Route C2 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

Stop HIGHGATE RD DARTMTH PK R

Walk time to stop from POI is 2.87 minutes
Walk distance to stop from POI is 229.44 metres
Route C11 Direction OUT Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Route C11 Direction BACK Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Route 214 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Route 214 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Route C2 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Route C2 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Stop HIGHGATE R GORDON HO RD
Walk time to stop from POI is 4.73 minutes
Walk distance to stop from POI is 378.46 metres
Route 214 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Route C2 Direction BACK Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Stop GORDON HO RD HIGHGATE RD
Walk time to stop from POI is 5.47 minutes
Walk distance to stop from POI is 437.91 metres
Route C11 Direction BACK Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Route C11 Direction OUT Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Stop SWAINS LANE HILLWAY
Walk time to stop from POI is 4.59 minutes
Walk distance to stop from POI is 367.25 metres
Route C11 Direction BACK Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Stop SWAINS LA ST ALBANS RD
Walk time to stop from POI is 7.08 minutes
Walk distance to stop from POI is 566.07 metres
Route C11 Direction BACK Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Route C11 Direction OUT Frequency 7.5 giving AWT of 4.0 minutes
Stop HIGHGATE RD L SOMERSET R
Walk time to stop from POI is 6.16 minutes
Walk distance to stop from POI is 493.01 metres
Route 214 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes
Route C2 Direction OUT Frequency 8.0 giving AWT of 3.75 minutes

TATs for this mode

Route 214 Stop HIGHGATE RD CROFTDOWN RD TAT 6.07 minutes EDF 4.94
Route C2 Stop HIGHGATE RD CROFTDOWN RD TAT 6.07 minutes EDF 4.94
Route C11 Stop HIGHGATE RD CROFTDOWN RD TAT 6.32 minutes EDF 4.75

Best EDF is 4.94

Half of all other EDFs is 4.84

AI for this mode is 9.78

Underground Services

Reliability factor for this mode is .75
Maximum walk time for this mode is 12 minutes
Maximum walk distance for this mode is 960.0 metres

** No stops found within buffer for this POI

Rail Services

Reliability factor for this mode is .75
Maximum walk time for this mode is 12 minutes
Maximum walk distance for this mode is 960.0 metres

Stop GOSPEL OAK

Walk time to stop from POI is 7.94 minutes

Walk distance to stop from POI is 635.43 metres

Route RICHMOND to STRATFORD Direction T504-T750 Frequency 4.0 giving AWT of 7.5 minutes

Route GOSPEL OAK to BARKING BR Direction T33-T799 Frequency 4.0 giving AWT of 7.5 minutes

Route CLAPHAM JUNCTION to STRATFORD Direction T528-T750 Frequency 2.0 giving AWT of 15.0 minutes

TATs for this mode

Route RICHMOND to STRATFORD Stop GOSPEL OAK TAT 16.19 minutes EDF 1.85

Route GOSPEL OAK to BARKING BR Stop GOSPEL OAK TAT 16.19 minutes EDF 1.85

Route CLAPHAM JUNCTION to STRATFORD Stop GOSPEL OAK TAT 23.69 minutes EDF 1.27

Best EDF is 1.85

Half of all other EDFs is 1.56

AI for this mode is 3.41

Total AI for this POI is 13.2. X: 528406, Y: 186071.

PTAL Rating is 3.

APPENDIX D



Acc1337
Highgate Road
36 months to end of Dec 2013



Note: Collisions are rounded to the nearest 10m before the collision data is given to the Council so some locations may plot on top of each other.



APPENDIX E

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 07 - LEISURE
 Category : L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLESSelected regions and areas:

02 SOUTH EAST		
HC HAMPSHIRE		1 days
03 SOUTH WEST		
DV DEVON		1 days
07 YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE		
WY WEST YORKSHIRE		1 days
08 NORTH WEST		
MS MERSEYSIDE		1 days
09 NORTH		
TV TEES VALLEY		1 days
11 SCOTLAND		
GC GLASGOW CITY		1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Number of pitches
 Actual Range: 9 to 18 (units:)
 Range Selected by User: 9 to 18 (units:)

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/06 to 18/07/12

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

Tuesday	1 days
Wednesday	3 days
Friday	1 days
Saturday	1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:

Manual count	6 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.

Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	4
Edge of Town	2

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Industrial Zone	1
Residential Zone	3
No Sub Category	2

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Filtering Stage 3 selection:Use Class:

D2	6 days
----	--------

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

15,001 to 20,000	1 days
20,001 to 25,000	3 days
25,001 to 50,000	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:

250,001 to 500,000	3 days
500,001 or More	3 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	4 days
1.1 to 1.5	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

No	6 days
----	--------

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	DV-07-L-01	GOALS		DEVON
	OUTLAND ROAD			
	CENTRAL PARK			
	PLYMOUTH			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	Residential Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		10	
	Survey date: WEDNESDAY		18/07/12	Survey Type: MANUAL
2	GC-07-L-01	GOALS		GLASGOW CITY
	POLLOKSHAW ROAD			
	STRATHBUNGO			
	GLASGOW			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	Residential Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		9	
	Survey date: FRIDAY		03/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL
3	HC-07-L-01	GOALS		HAMPSHIRE
	MILLBROOK POINT ROAD			
	SOUTHAMPTON			
	Edge of Town			
	Industrial Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		11	
	Survey date: WEDNESDAY		21/11/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
4	MS-07-L-01	POWERLEAGUE		MERSEYSIDE
	WHITTLE STREET			
	KIRKDALE			
	LIVERPOOL			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	Residential Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		10	
	Survey date: SATURDAY		23/06/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
5	TV-07-L-02	GOALS		TEES VALLEY
	STOCKTON ROAD			
	MIDDLESBROUGH			
	Edge of Town			
	No Sub Category			
	Total Number of pitches:		12	
	Survey date: TUESDAY		18/09/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
6	WY-07-L-02	GOALS		WEST YORKSHIRE
	REDCOTE LANE			
	BURLEY			
	LEEDS			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	No Sub Category			
	Total Number of pitches:		18	
	Survey date: WEDNESDAY		09/06/10	Survey Type: MANUAL

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	1.129	6	12	0.286	6	12	1.415
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.471	6	12	0.200	6	12	0.671
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.429	6	12	0.329	6	12	0.758
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.686	6	12	0.529	6	12	1.215
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.686	6	12	0.586	6	12	1.272
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.614	6	12	0.557	6	12	1.171
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.857	6	12	0.886	6	12	1.743
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	1.257	6	12	0.729	6	12	1.986
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	1.286	6	12	1.171	6	12	2.457
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	3.157	6	12	1.471	6	12	4.628
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	3.900	6	12	1.786	6	12	5.686
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	4.933	5	12	5.100	5	12	10.033
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	3.867	5	12	5.000	5	12	8.867
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	1.400	5	12	4.550	5	12	5.950
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.367	5	12	2.700	5	12	3.067
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.350	3	13	0.350
Total Rates:			25.039			26.230			51.269

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL TAXIS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.058
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.086
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.157
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.114
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.100
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.129	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.272
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.172
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.217	5	12	0.183	5	12	0.400
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.083	5	12	0.117	5	12	0.200
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.134
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.133	5	12	0.117	5	12	0.250
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.025	3	13	0.025
Total Rates:			0.987			0.995			1.982

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL OGVS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.058
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.043
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.072
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			0.143			0.142			0.285

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL PSVS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.043
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			0.042			0.043			0.085

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTSCalculation factor: **1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.114
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.129
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.029
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.043
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.058
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.129	6	12	0.143
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.086
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.114
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.100
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.017	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.084
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.033
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.017	5	12	0.050	5	12	0.067
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.050	3	13	0.050
Total Rates:			0.521			0.557			1.078

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	1.471	6	12	0.314	6	12	1.785
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.671	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.885
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.600	6	12	0.343	6	12	0.943
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	1.157	6	12	0.871	6	12	2.028
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	1.186	6	12	0.900	6	12	2.086
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.800	6	12	0.900	6	12	1.700
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	1.543	6	12	1.529	6	12	3.072
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	2.071	6	12	1.171	6	12	3.242
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	1.843	6	12	1.886	6	12	3.729
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	4.714	6	12	1.700	6	12	6.414
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	6.443	6	12	2.629	6	12	9.072
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	7.400	5	12	8.217	5	12	15.617
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	6.233	5	12	7.850	5	12	14.083
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	2.017	5	12	7.383	5	12	9.400
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.267	5	12	4.600	5	12	4.867
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.625	3	13	0.625
Total Rates:			38.416			41.132			79.548

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANSCalculation factor: **1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.514	6	12	0.229	6	12	0.743
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.314	6	12	0.186	6	12	0.500
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	1.286	6	12	0.271	6	12	1.557
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	1.043	6	12	0.671	6	12	1.714
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.857	6	12	0.700	6	12	1.557
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.514	6	12	1.614	6	12	2.128
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	1.071	6	12	0.743	6	12	1.814
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.814	6	12	1.000	6	12	1.814
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.657	6	12	0.771	6	12	1.428
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.557	6	12	0.543	6	12	1.100
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.857	6	12	0.529	6	12	1.386
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.833	5	12	1.000	5	12	1.833
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.750	5	12	0.567	5	12	1.317
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.267	5	12	0.567	5	12	0.834
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.133	5	12	0.383	5	12	0.516
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.375	3	13	0.375
Total Rates:			10.467			10.149			20.616

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.143
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.200
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.600	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.671
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.343	6	12	0.543	6	12	0.886
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.229	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.443
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.129	6	12	0.443	6	12	0.572
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.171	6	12	0.114	6	12	0.285
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.314	6	12	0.300	6	12	0.614
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.243	6	12	0.457
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.071
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.243	6	12	0.386
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.100
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.033
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			2.490			2.371			4.861

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL TRAIN PASSENGERSCalculation factor: **1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			0.014			0.014			0.028

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL COACH PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 PITCH

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.843	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.843
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.157	6	12	0.843	6	12	1.000
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.843	6	12	0.171	6	12	1.014
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.843	6	12	0.843
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			1.843			1.857			3.700

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.143
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.200
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	1.443	6	12	0.071	6	12	1.514
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.500	6	12	1.386	6	12	1.886
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.229	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.443
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.971	6	12	0.614	6	12	1.585
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.186	6	12	0.957	6	12	1.143
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.314	6	12	0.300	6	12	0.614
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.257	6	12	0.471
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.071
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.243	6	12	0.386
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.100
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.033
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			4.347			4.242			8.589

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE

Calculation factor: 1 PITCH

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	2.229	6	12	0.557	6	12	2.786
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	1.171	6	12	0.543	6	12	1.714
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	3.357	6	12	0.686	6	12	4.043
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	2.729	6	12	2.943	6	12	5.672
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	2.271	6	12	1.814	6	12	4.085
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	2.314	6	12	3.157	6	12	5.471
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	2.814	6	12	3.243	6	12	6.057
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	3.214	6	12	2.600	6	12	5.814
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	2.743	6	12	2.971	6	12	5.714
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	5.400	6	12	2.300	6	12	7.700
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	7.543	6	12	3.400	6	12	10.943
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	8.283	5	12	9.350	5	12	17.633
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	6.983	5	12	8.450	5	12	15.433
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	2.283	5	12	7.983	5	12	10.266
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.417	5	12	5.033	5	12	5.450
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	1.050	3	13	1.050
Total Rates:			53.751			56.080			109.831

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 07 - LEISURE
 Category : L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLESSelected regions and areas:

02 SOUTH EAST		
HC HAMPSHIRE		1 days
03 SOUTH WEST		
DV DEVON		1 days
07 YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE		
WY WEST YORKSHIRE		1 days
08 NORTH WEST		
MS MERSEYSIDE		1 days
09 NORTH		
TV TEES VALLEY		1 days
11 SCOTLAND		
GC GLASGOW CITY		1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Number of pitches
 Actual Range: 9 to 18 (units:)
 Range Selected by User: 9 to 18 (units:)

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/06 to 18/07/12

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

Tuesday	1 days
Wednesday	3 days
Friday	1 days
Saturday	1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:

Manual count	6 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.

Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	4
Edge of Town	2

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Industrial Zone	1
Residential Zone	3
No Sub Category	2

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Filtering Stage 3 selection:Use Class:

D2	6 days
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This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

15,001 to 20,000	1 days
20,001 to 25,000	3 days
25,001 to 50,000	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:

250,001 to 500,000	3 days
500,001 or More	3 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	4 days
1.1 to 1.5	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

No	6 days
----	--------

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	DV-07-L-01	GOALS		DEVON
	OUTLAND ROAD			
	CENTRAL PARK			
	PLYMOUTH			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	Residential Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		10	
	Survey date: WEDNESDAY		18/07/12	Survey Type: MANUAL
2	GC-07-L-01	GOALS		GLASGOW CITY
	POLLOKSHAW ROAD			
	STRATHBUNGO			
	GLASGOW			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	Residential Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		9	
	Survey date: FRIDAY		03/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL
3	HC-07-L-01	GOALS		HAMPSHIRE
	MILLBROOK POINT ROAD			
	SOUTHAMPTON			
	Edge of Town			
	Industrial Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		11	
	Survey date: WEDNESDAY		21/11/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
4	MS-07-L-01	POWERLEAGUE		MERSEYSIDE
	WHITTLE STREET			
	KIRKDALE			
	LIVERPOOL			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	Residential Zone			
	Total Number of pitches:		10	
	Survey date: SATURDAY		23/06/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
5	TV-07-L-02	GOALS		TEES VALLEY
	STOCKTON ROAD			
	MIDDLESBROUGH			
	Edge of Town			
	No Sub Category			
	Total Number of pitches:		12	
	Survey date: TUESDAY		18/09/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
6	WY-07-L-02	GOALS		WEST YORKSHIRE
	REDCOTE LANE			
	BURLEY			
	LEEDS			
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)			
	No Sub Category			
	Total Number of pitches:		18	
	Survey date: WEDNESDAY		09/06/10	Survey Type: MANUAL

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	1.129	6	12	0.286	6	12	1.415
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.471	6	12	0.200	6	12	0.671
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.429	6	12	0.329	6	12	0.758
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.686	6	12	0.529	6	12	1.215
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.686	6	12	0.586	6	12	1.272
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.614	6	12	0.557	6	12	1.171
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.857	6	12	0.886	6	12	1.743
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	1.257	6	12	0.729	6	12	1.986
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	1.286	6	12	1.171	6	12	2.457
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	3.157	6	12	1.471	6	12	4.628
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	3.900	6	12	1.786	6	12	5.686
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	4.933	5	12	5.100	5	12	10.033
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	3.867	5	12	5.000	5	12	8.867
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	1.400	5	12	4.550	5	12	5.950
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.367	5	12	2.700	5	12	3.067
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.350	3	13	0.350
Total Rates:			25.039			26.230			51.269

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL TAXIS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.058
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.086
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.157
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.114
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.100
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.129	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.272
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.172
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.217	5	12	0.183	5	12	0.400
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.083	5	12	0.117	5	12	0.200
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.134
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.133	5	12	0.117	5	12	0.250
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.025	3	13	0.025
Total Rates:			0.987			0.995			1.982

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL OGVS

Calculation factor: 1 PITCH

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.058
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.043
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.072
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			0.143			0.142			0.285

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL PSVS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.043
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			0.042			0.043			0.085

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTSCalculation factor: **1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.114
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.086	6	12	0.043	6	12	0.129
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.029
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.043
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.058
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.028
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.129	6	12	0.143
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.029	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.086
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.057	6	12	0.114
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.100
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.017	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.084
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.033
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.017	5	12	0.050	5	12	0.067
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.050	3	13	0.050
Total Rates:			0.521			0.557			1.078

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	1.471	6	12	0.314	6	12	1.785
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.671	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.885
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.600	6	12	0.343	6	12	0.943
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	1.157	6	12	0.871	6	12	2.028
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	1.186	6	12	0.900	6	12	2.086
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.800	6	12	0.900	6	12	1.700
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	1.543	6	12	1.529	6	12	3.072
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	2.071	6	12	1.171	6	12	3.242
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	1.843	6	12	1.886	6	12	3.729
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	4.714	6	12	1.700	6	12	6.414
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	6.443	6	12	2.629	6	12	9.072
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	7.400	5	12	8.217	5	12	15.617
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	6.233	5	12	7.850	5	12	14.083
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	2.017	5	12	7.383	5	12	9.400
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.267	5	12	4.600	5	12	4.867
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.625	3	13	0.625
Total Rates:			38.416			41.132			79.548

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANSCalculation factor: **1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.514	6	12	0.229	6	12	0.743
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.314	6	12	0.186	6	12	0.500
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	1.286	6	12	0.271	6	12	1.557
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	1.043	6	12	0.671	6	12	1.714
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.857	6	12	0.700	6	12	1.557
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.514	6	12	1.614	6	12	2.128
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	1.071	6	12	0.743	6	12	1.814
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.814	6	12	1.000	6	12	1.814
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.657	6	12	0.771	6	12	1.428
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.557	6	12	0.543	6	12	1.100
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.857	6	12	0.529	6	12	1.386
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.833	5	12	1.000	5	12	1.833
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.750	5	12	0.567	5	12	1.317
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.267	5	12	0.567	5	12	0.834
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.133	5	12	0.383	5	12	0.516
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.375	3	13	0.375
Total Rates:			10.467			10.149			20.616

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 PITCH

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.143
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.200
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.600	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.671
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.343	6	12	0.543	6	12	0.886
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.229	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.443
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.129	6	12	0.443	6	12	0.572
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.171	6	12	0.114	6	12	0.285
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.314	6	12	0.300	6	12	0.614
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.243	6	12	0.457
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.071
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.243	6	12	0.386
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.100
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.033
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			2.490			2.371			4.861

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL TRAIN PASSENGERS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.014	6	12	0.014
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			0.014			0.014			0.028

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL COACH PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 PITCH

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	0.843	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.843
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.157	6	12	0.843	6	12	1.000
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.843	6	12	0.171	6	12	1.014
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.843	6	12	0.843
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.000
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			1.843			1.857			3.700

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
Number of Saturdays: 1
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS**Calculation factor: 1 PITCH****BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.143
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.100	6	12	0.200
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	1.443	6	12	0.071	6	12	1.514
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	0.500	6	12	1.386	6	12	1.886
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	0.229	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.443
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	0.971	6	12	0.614	6	12	1.585
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	0.186	6	12	0.957	6	12	1.143
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	0.314	6	12	0.300	6	12	0.614
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	0.214	6	12	0.257	6	12	0.471
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	0.071	6	12	0.000	6	12	0.071
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	0.143	6	12	0.243	6	12	0.386
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.067	5	12	0.100
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.033	5	12	0.033
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000	5	12	0.000
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000	3	13	0.000
Total Rates:			4.347			4.242			8.589

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 07 - LEISURE/L - FOOTBALL (5-a-side)

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE

Calculation factor: 1 PITCH

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. PITCH	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00									
08:00 - 09:00	6	12	2.229	6	12	0.557	6	12	2.786
09:00 - 10:00	6	12	1.171	6	12	0.543	6	12	1.714
10:00 - 11:00	6	12	3.357	6	12	0.686	6	12	4.043
11:00 - 12:00	6	12	2.729	6	12	2.943	6	12	5.672
12:00 - 13:00	6	12	2.271	6	12	1.814	6	12	4.085
13:00 - 14:00	6	12	2.314	6	12	3.157	6	12	5.471
14:00 - 15:00	6	12	2.814	6	12	3.243	6	12	6.057
15:00 - 16:00	6	12	3.214	6	12	2.600	6	12	5.814
16:00 - 17:00	6	12	2.743	6	12	2.971	6	12	5.714
17:00 - 18:00	6	12	5.400	6	12	2.300	6	12	7.700
18:00 - 19:00	6	12	7.543	6	12	3.400	6	12	10.943
19:00 - 20:00	5	12	8.283	5	12	9.350	5	12	17.633
20:00 - 21:00	5	12	6.983	5	12	8.450	5	12	15.433
21:00 - 22:00	5	12	2.283	5	12	7.983	5	12	10.266
22:00 - 23:00	5	12	0.417	5	12	5.033	5	12	5.450
23:00 - 24:00	3	13	0.000	3	13	1.050	3	13	1.050
Total Rates:			53.751			56.080			109.831

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 9 - 18 (units:)
 Survey date date range: 01/01/06 - 18/07/12
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 5
 Number of Saturdays: 1
 Number of Sundays: 0
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.