BREEAM®



Eco Homes 2006

Pre-assessment—Excellent

35 Elsworthy Road London NW3 3BT

20th May 2014



eb7 - environmental consultants

STUDIO F7, BATTERSEA STUDIOS, 80 SILVERTHORNE ROAD, LONDON, SW8 3HE







35 Elsworthy Road, London, NW3 3BT

PLANNING APPLICATION – BREEAM ECOHOMES SUPPORTING INFORMATION

APPLICATION NUMBER

WHAT IS ECOHOMES?

Eco Homes is a version of BREEAM for homes. It provides an authoritative rating for new, converted or renovated homes, and covers houses, flats and apartments.

Eco Homes balances environmental performance with the need for a high quality of life and a safe and healthy internal environment. Many of the issues are optional, ensuring Eco Homes is flexible enough to be tailored to a particular development or market.

In April 2007 the Code for Sustainable Homes replaced Eco Homes for the assessment of new housing in England, Wales and Northern Ireland. However Eco Homes 2006 will continue to be used for refurbished housing in England, Wales and Northern Ireland and for all housing in Scotland.

ADVANTAGES OF MEETING THE ECOHOMES STANDARD

- 1. Reduced maintenance costs.
- 2. Reduced greenhouse gases.
- 3. Reduced impact on environment.
- 4. Provide affordable warmth.
- 5. Healthy and comfortable internal environment.
- 6. Improved sustainability credentials.
- 7. Increased level of occupant satisfaction.
- 8. Outperforms open market housing in terms of energy demand increased sale-ability.

9. Demonstrates forward thinking and environmental awareness on the part of the Developers and Housing providers.

ECOHOMES ISSUES

The Eco Homes Assessment covers the following areas:

- Energy Transport
- Water Management
- Pollution
 Land Use & Ecology

Health and well being Materials

STANDARDS

ECOHOMES Rating Total Points

Pass	36
Good	48
Very Good	58
Excellent	70

In line with Local Plan policies Development Policy DP22 - Promoting sustainable design and construction, the proposed development will meet Eco Homes Excellent, with the following achievement in unweighted credits:-

- Energy 60%
- Water 60%
- Materials 40%



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SUGGESTED UPGRADED SPECIFICATION

Energy

- 1. Developer should ensure the use of high efficiency VRF air-to-air heat pump systems for heating and cooling requirements for the refurbished dwelling. The build fabric is also to be constructed/improved as noted below
- 2. 75% of all internal lighting to be low energy type.
- 3. Drying line to be installed in the basement utility area to reduce reliance on the use of tumble dryers
- 4. All external lighting specified to be low energy type with daylight timer controls

Water

- 5. Reduced use of potable water. This will require low flow fittings dual flush toilets, flow restrictors to taps reducing the flow of water and low flow rate to showers.
- 6. A water butt should be installed to a down pipe at the rear of the property to collect rainwater for the upkeep of soft landscaped areas

Materials

7. Elements specified are generally to be 'A' rated in accordance with BRE 'The Green Guide to Housing Specification' 2006 which means that the full life cycle costs and the impact on the environment are assessed. In addition, where possible, developer to use responsibly resourced materials for basic build elements, as well as internal finishes.

Transport

- 8. Development very close to the Finchley Road & Swiss Cottage with numerous bus routes and underground services and is expected to perform well in this category.
- 9. BREEAM compliant cycle store for 4 cycles to be installed in the front gardens
- 10. Home office to be included in an appropriately day lit room appropriate number of sockets, telephone points to be specified study area marked on plans

Pollution

- 11. Insulation used on site will contain no ozone depleting substances i.e. CFC and HCFC free and have a global warming potential of less than 5.
- 12. The development will demonstrate that it sites within an area of low flood risk Zone 1

Health and Well Being

13. With all principle accommodation at raised ground floor level, daylight calculations will be undertaken to demonstrate good levels of daylighting in the kitchen dining and living room areas, as well as a view of the sky from all of these principal rooms.







Ecology

14. The development – 100% subterranean – will have a neutral impact on site ecology.

Management

- 15. A guide will be provided by the developer for the occupants of the dwellings highlighting building performance and providing information on surrounding facilities.
- 16. Contractor to join the Considerate Contractors Scheme and achieve Best Practice score of 24 or more. In addition, the contractor will produce a Site Waste Management Plan, monitor site activities and seek to reduce site waste, and divert waste from land fill.
- 17. Under the Construction Site Impacts section, contractor to monitor energy and water use and introduce best site practices to avoid ground water and dust pollution

Overall Score

The proposed development should achieve **72.98** credits which equates to a '**Excellent**' Rating. In addition, the scoring in the Energy, Materials and Water sections equates 79.17%, 77.42% and 66.7% respectively.

Detailed Breakdown

A detailed breakdown of the Eco Homes categories, the recommendations to the developers and how the development will achieve the necessary credits for a Very Good rating is attached in Appendix A. This also includes the evidence that will be needed to be provided at the formal assessment design/post construction stage.

Pre-assessment Estimator

The Eco Homes pre-assessment estimator is attached at Appendix B, which includes a spread sheet calculation of the percentage contribution of each section to the overall score

SAP Dwelling Emission Rate

The Dwelling Emission Rate outputs from SAP2005 are attached at Appendix C, demonstrating an overall emission rate of 16.43 kg/sqm; achieving 10 credits under Ene 1. This has been calculated using the following data:-

- All existing elements in original buildings to remain in situ and u values assumed from SAP2005 Appendix S, with the exception of:-
- New basement walls to achieve u value of 0.20
- New external walls to achieve u=0.23
- New basement floor to achieve u=0.17
- New VRF air-to-air heating and cooling plant
- New mechanical ventilation systems with heat recovery to ensure Part F compliant ventilation levels in basement areas
- Existing ceiling insulation to be upgraded to u = 0.11
- Existing walls and roof areas to be upgraded to meet minimum AD L1B standards
- All existing glazing to be replaced. New glazing to be of conservation style hardwood units at u = 2.4, with exception of basement lightwell – glazing units to achieve u = 1.6







CONCLUSION

The Developer and Principle Contractor will be committed to achieving the required score with the above recommendations incorporated into the specification. Occupiers of the homes will enjoy reduced operating and life cycle costs due to the enhancement over and above current Building Regulations and built in features designed to reduce environmental impact and greenhouse gases. Overall the carbon footprint of the scheme will be minimised along with its Ecological impact. All stakeholders involved stand to benefit as a result of the assessment and recommendations.

Report Prepared by :-

eb7 - Environmental Consultants Studio f7, Battersea Studios 80 Silverthorne Road London SW8 3HE

BREEAM Ref – DF06

Assessor

Date: 20th May 2014

Checked

Date: 20th May 2014







BREEAM Eco-Homes - Appendix A

35 Elsworthy Road, London, NW3 3BT

Category	Issue	Notes and Design Stage Evidence		Weighted
D II:		Requirements	Credits	Total
Dwelling emission rate	Ene 1	SAP calculations have been undertaken in line with the requirements of AD L1B. The outcome at 16.43kg/m ² /yr achieves 10 credits	10.00	
		SAP worksheet and design plans/spec and proof of Building Regulations approval		
Building fabric	Ene 2	SAP calculations have been undertaken in line with the requirements of AD L1B. The HLP rating of 1.4 means that 2 credits are achieved	2.00	
		Evidence SAP worksheet and design plans/spec.		
Drying Space	Ene 3	An external drying line will be installed in the basement utility area with a minimum of 6m of drying line.	1.00	
		Evidence Include in specification and show on plans.		
Eco-Labelled Goods	Ene 4	The developer has committed to installing white goods as follows:- fridge/freezers to be A+ rated, Washing machines, dishwashers to be A rated. Washer/dryer or tumble dryers B rated	2.00	
		EB7 can supply copy of the EU guide to energy ratings and specify as such.		
		Evidence Confirmation of goods to be installed, type, model and EU rating		
Internal Lighting	Ene 5	The developer has committed to installing minimum 75% dedicated low energy light fittings throughout the whole development	2.00	
		Evidence Layouts showing lighting locations and details. Manufacturers literature confirming efficacy minimum 40lumens/circuit watt		







External Lighting	Ene 6	All space and security lighting is to use dedicated low energy fittings:-	2.00	
		Security lights to be fitted with dusk/dawn controls and any burglar security lights to be max 150w with PIR and dusk/dawn controls		
		Evidence Layouts showing lighting locations and details. Manufacturers literature confirming efficacy		
		minimum 40lumens/circuit watt		17.42
Public transport	Tra 1	The developer has confirmed that the dwellings are within 500m of a bus route/underground offering services every 15mins (peak) and 30 mins (off-peak)	2.00	
		Evidence Plan of area showing bus routes, safe pedestrian route to bus stop and literature confirming frequency of services		
Cycle storage	Tra 2	The developer will install a secure cycle storage shed able to accommodate 4 cycles within the front garden area – with direct access to the public highways	2.00	
		Evidence Show on drawings and specify security of storage		
Local amenities	Tra 3	The developer has confirmed that there is a food shop and post box within 500m, and within 1000m – a bank/cash point, public house, food shop, primary school and a pharmacy – all with safe pedestrian route to all.	3.00	
		Evidence Plan of area showing facilities and pedestrian routes		
Home office	Tra 4	The dwelling has a study areas in a well lit room Developer confirms that it is equipped with telephone sockets, 2 x double power sockets and has access to broadband	1.00	
		Evidence Show on plans and confirm above through specification		8.00
Insulant GWP	Pol 1	Any <u>new</u> insulants installed in roof (incl roof hatch), walls (including acoustic), floor and hot water tank to have GWP<5	1.00	
		Evidence Details of insulants and manufacturers spec confirming GWP		





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NOx Emissions	Pol 2	The use of VRF heating and cooling precludes the achievement of credits under this section Evidence Manufacturers specification of relevant plant and NOx emission data	0.00	
Reduction of Surface water run-off	Pol 3	Developer has confirmed that credits will not be sought under this section Evidence – Details/specification of attenuation measures accompanied by design team calculations.	0.00	
Renewable and low emission energy source	Pol 4	Developer has confirmed that credits will not be sought under this section Evidence – Feasibility study to be commissioned and recommendations instigated. Full spec of LZCs installed and SAP calcs to demonstrate reduction in emissions	0.00	
Flood Risk	Pol 5	 EA maps indicate Zone 1 - developer to formally confirm at design stage. Evidence - Design team report confirming source of flood risk data (EA maps) 	2.00	2.73
Environmental Impact of materials	Mat 1	As majority of material left in situ, the project will score highly in this section. Developer to confirm spec of new build elements. Evidence Specification of new build elements and plans indicating elements left in situ	12.00	
Responsible sourcing of basic building elements	Mat 2	Developer wishes to pursue further credits and will provide EMS/FCS certs for new materials to demonstrate responsible sourcing Evidence Specification and volume of new build materials used and responsible sourcing certs.	4.00	
Responsible sourcing of finishing elements	Mat 3	Developer wishes to pursue further credits and will provide EMS/FCS certs for new materials to demonstrate responsible sourcing Evidence Specification and volume of new build materials used and responsible sourcing certs.	2.00	
Recycling facilities	Mat 4	It is suggested that the client provides 1 x internal bin at capacity 30litres for recycling in fixed location, min bin size 7l within a fixed unit in the kitchen area.	6.00	







		Developer also to provide 2 x external bins – one for domestic waste and the other for the "orange bag" local authority recycling scheme. The bins to be clearly labelled Developer to provide info on Local Authority kerbside recycling scheme. Evidence Full details of bins supplied and mark provision plans		10.84
Internal potable water use	Wat 1	All new sanitary ware to be installed will be low flow/low flush/low capacity, including new white goods. Developer also to advise flow rates for all existing water consuming devices within property (taps, baths, shower etc.). Developer to target <42cbm/bedspace/year Evidence Full details and locations of all water consuming devices	3.00	
External potable water use	Wat 2	A 200I water butt is to be connected to a downpipe to collect rainwater for the purposes of garden irrigation. Evidence Provide details of collection systems and mark on plans	1.00	6.67
Ecological value of site	Eco 1	As the proposed development is within the footprint of the existing building and a suburban garden, the existing site has low ecological value Evidence Detailed plans of site both before and after development noting significant features	1.00	
Ecological enhancement	Eco 2	This section will require an ecologists report on enhancement and commitment to undertake recommendations. At the design stage – this commitment has not been made Evidence Ecologists report and written confirmation that recommendations to be undertaken	0.00	
Protection of ecological features	Eco 3	The site is of low ecological value (see Eco 1). Evidence Drawings marking ecological features and protection measures	1.00	





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Change in ecological value of site	Eco 4	Given nature of redevelopment as noted under Eco 1, a neutral effect on site ecology will occur during development	2.00	
		Evidence Drawings of project prior to, and post development marking areas of the different landscape/species to enable calculation to be undertaken		
Building footprint	Eco 5	The overall redeveloped site will be arranged over 4 floors plus double basement. The assessor has undertaken area calculations, and the footprint/floor area ratio on site is 2.16 : 1 – no credits are achieved	0.00	
		Evidence Drawings of project marking areas of footprint and internal floor areas		5.33
Day lighting	Hea 1	Looking at layouts, it is expected that the development will achieve good levels of daylighting in the kitchen and all principle rooms	3.00	
		Evidence Day lighting calculations and plans with room areas and window spec for lounge, dining room, kitchen and study		
Sound insulation	Hea 2	As a detached property, 4 credits are achieved by default	4.00	
		Evidence Site plans/drawings showing attached status as well as the testing regime to be undertaken.		
Private space	Hea 3	The dwelling has ample private garden provision	1.00	
		Site plan marking area of private space		
			2.00	14.00
guide	Man 1	user guide in line with Eco Homes requirements	3.00	
		Letter confirming commitment to provide home user guide to Eco Homes standards		
Considerate contractors	Man 2	The main contractor will be required to comply with CCS to "beyond best practice", scoring at least 35 points and at least 7 points in each section	2.00	
		Evidence Written confirmation of commitment to scheme, and score to be targeted		





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Construction Site impacts	Man 3	The main contractor will produce a Site Waste Management Plan, monitor site energy and water activities and seek to reduce site waste, and divert waste from land fill. In addition, the main contractor will monitor and report on the consumption of water and energy during construction activities Evidence Written commitment to meet specific areas under CSI and produce SWMP and detail expected outcomes	3.00	
Security	Man 4	A requirement to liaise with architectural liaison officer and undertake recommendations that will comply with, and achieve, Secured by Design award. Due to the proposed basement level accommodation – these credits are not targeted. Evidence A written commitment to undertake liaison and comply with outcomes, and to commit to installation of doors and windows compliant with appropriate standards	0.00	8.00
		Total (Target 70 - Excellent)		72.98



BREEAM ECO Homes



Appendix B

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	Issue	Available	Actual	Section	Section Weighted
		Scores	Score	Score	Score
Ene	1	15.00	10.00		
	2	2.00	2.00		
	3	1.00	1.00		
	4	2.00	2.00		
	5	2.00	2.00		
	6	2.00	2.00	19.00	17.42
Tra	1	2.00	2.00		
	2	2.00	2.00		
	3	3.00	3.00		
	4	1.00	1.00	8.00	8.00
Pol	1	1.00	1.00		
	2	3.00	0.00		
	3	2.00	0.00		
	4	3.00	0.00		
	5	2.00	2.00	3.00	2.73
Mat	1	16.00	12.00		
	2	6.00	4.00		
	3	3.00	2.00		
	4	6.00	6.00	24.00	10.84
Wat	1	5.00	3.00		
	2	1.00	1.00	4.00	6.67
Eco	1	1.00	1.00		
	2	1.00	0.00		
	3	1.00	1.00		
	4	4.00	2.00		
	5	2.00	0.00	4.00	5.33
Неа	1	3.00	3.00		
	2	4.00	4.00		
	3	1.00	1.00	8.00	14.00
Man	1	3.00	3.00		
	2	2.00	2.00		
	3	3.00	3.00		
	4	2.00	0.00	8.00	8.00
Totals		107.00	78.00	70 00	72 00
TUIDIS		107.00	76.00	70.00	12.90



EcoHomes 2006 – The Environmental Rating for Homes

Credit Summary Table, Rating and Scoring sheet – 2006/ Issue 1.2

April 2006



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Web site: <u>www.ecohomes.org</u>

EcoHomes 2006 Credit Summary Table

		Credit	Dwalling	Location
Issue	,	Great	Credits achie	eved
Ener				
Encr				
Ene1	CO ₂ emission			•
	Credits are awarded to achieve SAP 2005 CO ₂ emissions as follows:			
	 Less than or equal to 40 kg/m²/yr OR 	1		
	 Less than or equal to 35 kg/m²/yr OR 	2	10	
	 Less than or equal to 32 kg/m²/yr OR 	3	Anno and and and and	,
	 Less than or equal to 30 kg/m²/yr 	4		
	 Less than or equal to 28 kg/m²/yr 	5		
	 Less than or equal to 26 kg/m²/yr 	6		
	 Less than or equal to 24 kg/m²/yr 	7		
	 Less than or equal to 22 kg/m²/yr 	8		
	 Less than or equal to 20 kg/m²/yr 	9		• •
	OR Less than or equal to 18 kg/m²/yr 	10		
	OR • Less than or equal to 15 kg/m²/yr	11		
	OR Less than or equal to 10 kg/m²/yr 	12		
	OR Less than or equal to 5 kg/m²/yr	13		
	OR • Less than or equal to 0 kg/m²/yr	14		
	OR • Less than or equal to -10 kg/m²/yr	15		
	Note: -10 kg CO₂/m²/yr allows for recognition of 'true			
	zero' carbon solutions.		max 15	
Ene2	Building envelope performance			
	Up to 2 credits awarded where thermal performance based on the Heat Loss Parameter (HLP) method meets the following requirements:			
	For new build: • where the HLP is less than or equal to 1.3 W/m ² K	1		
	 where the HLP is less than or equal to 1.1 W/m²K 	2		

EcoHomes 2006 Credit Summary Table

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		1	·····	F
	For refurbishment:	1		
	• where the HLP is less than or equal to 2.2 with K	2		
	• where the HLP is less than or equal to 1.75 W/m ² K	÷ .	max 2	
Ene3	Drying space			
	Provision of drying space	1		
Engl	Fee Labellad white goods		max 1	
Ene4	Eco Labelled white goods			
	Provision of eco labelled white goods with the following		and the state of the	
	• All fridges freezers fridge-freezers with an A ⁺ rating	1		
	All washing machines, and dishwashers where	1		•
	supplied, with an A rating and washer dryers and			
	tumble dryers with a rating of B or higher			
	No white goods provided but info on Eco labelling	1		
			max 2	
Ene5	Internal Lighting		and the second second second	
	Where 40% dedicated low energy lights have been	1	0	
	specified.			
	OR	2		
	Where 75% dedicated low energy lights have been specified	2		
			max 2	
Ene6	External Lighting			
	Space lighting			
	all space lighting is specifically designed to	1	2	
	accommodate only compact fluorescent lamps			
	(CFL) Security lighting			
	all intruder lighting to be 150 watts maximum and	1		
	be fitted with PIR and day light sensor and			
	all other type of security lighting to accommodate			
	dawn to dusk sensors or timers			
			max 2	
T-1-1 N	weeks of Francis One dite Ashieved			
	umber of Energy Credits Achieved			4
•			max	· 24
				· •
Tran	sport			
Tra1	Public Transport			
	Urban and suburban areas			9
	80% of the development within:			╵╴╴╸
	 1000m of a 30 min peak and an hourly off peak 	1		
	OR			
		-L		I

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EcoHomes 2006 Credit Summary Table

	 500m of a 15 min peak and half hourly off peak service 	2		
	Rural areas			
	1000m of an bourly service	1		
	OR	•		
	 500m of an hourly service OR a community bus 	2		
	service			
				max 2
Tra2	Cycle storage			
	Provision of cycle storage for:		9	e de la c
	50% of dwellings	1		$1 \leq q_{\rm eff} \leq r_{\rm eff} q_{\rm eff}^{\rm eff}$
	OR			
	 95 % of dwellings 	2		
			max 2	
Tra3	Local Amenities			
	Proximity to local amenities:			
	 Within 500m of a food shop and post box 	1		ス
	 Within 1000m of 5 of the following: food shop postal 	1		
	facility, bank/ cash machine, pharmacy, primary			
	school, medical centre, leisure centre, community			
	worship, outdoor open access public area			
	 Safe pedestrian routes to the local amenities 	1		
	[*] if not used for the 1 st credit			_
				max 3
Tra4	Home office			
	Provision of space, and convises, for a home office	1		
	Provision of space, and services, for a nome onice	I		
			max 1	
Total Nu	Imber of Transport Credits Achieved		Σ	
			8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			ma	ax 8
Pollu	tion			
Pol1	Insulation ODP and GWP			
	Specifying insulating materials, that avoid the use of		1	
	ozone depleting substances and have a global warming			
	either manufacture or composition for the following			
	elements:			
	Roof (incl. loft hatch)	1		
	• Wall – internal and external (incl. all doors, lintels	'		
	and all acoustic insulation).			·
	 Floor (incl. foundations) 			
	 Hot water cylinder (incl. pipe insulation and other the average at two between the averag			
	tnermal store)		max 1	
				· · · · ·

Pol2	NO _x emissions			
	95% of dwellings throughout the development must be served by heating and hot water systems with an average NO_x emission rate of less than or equal to the levels listed		0	
	 Less than or equal to 100 NO_x mg/kWh OR 	1		
	Less than or equal to 70 NO _x mg/kWh OR	2		
	Less than or equal to 40 NO _x mg/kWh	3	max 3	
Pol3	Reduction of surface runoff			
	 Where rainwater holding facilities and/or sustainable drainage techniques are used to provide attenuation of water run-off to either natural watercourses and/or municipal drainage systems, by 50%* in areas of low probability of flooding, 75%* in areas of medium flood risk and 100%* in areas of high flood risk, at peak times from: Hard surface runoff Roof runoff 	1	0	
	* Where a statutory body requires a greater attenuation then the higher requirement should be met in order to achieve these credits.		max 2	
Pol4	Renewable and Low Emission Energy Source			
	Where evidence provided demonstrates that a feasibility study considering renewable and low emission energy has been carried out and the results implemented	1	0	
	Where evidence provided demonstrates that the first credit has been achieved and 10% of total energy demand for the development is supplied from local renewable, or low emission energy, sources*	1		
	 Where evidence provided demonstrates that the first credit has been achieved and 15% of total energy demand for the development is supplied from local renewable, or low emission energy, sources*. 	2		
	* In line with the recommendations of the feasibility study.		max 3	
Pol 5	Flood Risk Mitigation			
	Where evidence provided demonstrates that the assessed development is located in a zone defined as having a low annual probability of flooding. OR	2	2	
	Where evidence provided demonstrates that the			

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EcoHomes 2006 Credit Summary Table

[r	
	having a medium annual probability of flooding and the ground level of the building, car parking and access is above the design flood level for the site's location.		max 2	
Total N	umber of Pollution Credits Achieved		B ma	x 11
			I	
Mate	rials			
Mat1	Environmental Impact of Materials			
	 The following elements obtaining an A rating from the Green Guide for Housing: Roof External walls Internal walls - party walls and internal partitions Floors Windows External surfacing Boundary protection 	3 3 3 2 1 1	12	
Mat2	Responsible sourcing of Materials: Basic building		max 16	
Malz	elements Where the majority of materials in the following basic building elements are responsibly sourced: 1. Frame 2. Ground floor 3. Upper floors (including any loft boarding) 4. Roof (structure and cladding) 5. External walls (including external cladding) 6. Internal walls (including internal partitions) 7. Foundation/substructure 8. Staircase (includes the tread, rises and stringers)	1-6	Г <u>с</u>	
Mat3	 Responsible sourcing of Materials: Finishing elements Where the majority of materials in the following secondary building and finishing elements are responsibly sourced: Stair (including handrails, balustrades, banisters, other guarding/rails(excluding staircase)) Window (including sub-frames, frames, boards, sills) External & internal door: (including sub-frames, frames, linings, door) Skirting (including architrave, skirting board & rails) Panelling (including any other trim) Furniture (including fitted; kitchen, bedroom and bathroom) Facias (soffit boards, bargeboards, gutter boards, others) 	1-3	2 max 3	

6

Mat4	Recycling of Household waste		
	Storage of recyclable waste:		6
	Provision of internal storage only	2	
	 OR Provision of external storage (or LA collection) only 	2	
	 OR Provision of internal AND external (or LA collection) storage 	6	
Total N	umber of Materials Credits Achieved		
			max 31
Wate	la substantia de la composición de la c Francesca de la composición de la Composición de la composición de la comp		
Wat1	Internal Potable Water Use		
	• Less than or 52 m ³ per bedspace per year	1	3
	 Less than or equal to 47 m³ per bedspace per year OR 	2	
	 Less than or equal to 42 m³ per bedspace per year OR 	3	
	Less than or equal to 37 m ³ per bedspace per year OR	4	
	• Less than or equal to 32 m ³ per bedspace per year	5	
Wat2	External Potable Water Use		
TILLE	Rain water collection system for watering gardens and landscaped areas	1	
		l	max 1
Total N	umber of Water Credits Achieved		4
			max o
Land	Use and Ecology		year pipegan bu sai yaa waxaa m
Eco1	Ecological value of site		1
	Building on land which is inherently of low ecological value	1	max 1
Eco2	Ecological enhancement		
	Enhancing the ecological value of the site through consultation with an accredited expert	1	

Eco3	Protection of ecological features			A STATE OF A
	• Ensuring the protection of any existing ecological features on the site	1		
Eco4	Change of ecological value of site			
	• A change of between9 and3 species	1		2
	A change of between –3 and +3 species OR	2		
	A change between +3 and +9 species OR	3		
	A change of greater than +9 species	4		max 4
Eco5	Building footprint			
	 Where the total combined Floor area: Footprint ratio for all houses on the site is greater than 2.5:1 AND Where the total combined Floor area: Footprint ratio for all flats on the site is greater than 3.5:1 	1		
	 OR Where the total combined Floor area: Footprint ratio for all dwellings on the site is greater than 3.5:1 	2	max 2	
Total N	umber of Land Use and Ecology Credits Achieved			 AX 9
Healt	h and Well Being			
Hea1	Daylighting			
	 Provision of adequate daylighting, according to BS 8206:pt2 in: In the kitchen In living rooms, dining rooms and studies View of sky in all above rooms 	1 1 1	max 3	
Hea2	Sound Insulation			at y to a same
	Up to 4 credits where pre-completion testing is carried out to comply or improve on performance standards in Approved Document E (2003 Edition, Building Regulations England and Wales).	1-4	4	
		1	max 4	· · ·

EcoHomes Rating and Scoring Sheets

Private space

Provision of private or semi private space

Hea3

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1

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max 1

Total Numbe	m	B ax 8		
Manager	ment			
Man 1 Hor Wh they occ Man 2 Cor • OR • Man 3 Cor	me User Guide here evidence can be provided to demonstrate that there is provision, in each home, of a simple guide that vers information relevant to the 'non-technical' tenant/ cupant on: The environmental performance of their home Information relating to the site and surroundings. Insiderate Constructors Demonstrate a commitment to comply with best practice site management principles. Demonstrate a commitment to go significantly beyond best practice site management principles.	2 1 1 2	max 3	
ANI • OR	 Evidence that demonstrates a commitment and a strategy to monitor, sort and recycle construction waste on site. D Evidence that demonstrates that 2 or more of a-f listed below are achieved. Evidence that demonstrates that 4 or more of a-f are achieved: a) monitor and report CO₂ or energy arising from site activities b) monitor and report on CO₂ or energy arising from transport to and from site c) monitor water consumption from site activities d) adopt best practice policies in respect of air (dust) pollution arising from the site e) adopt best practice policies in respect of water (ground and surface) pollution occurring on the site f) 80% of site timber is reclaimed, reused or responsibly sourced. 	1		3

EcoHomes).

EcoHomes 2006 Credit Summary Table

Man 4	Security		
	 A commitment to work with an Architectural Liaison Officer and to achieve the Secured by Design award. 	1	
	 Security standards for external doors and windows, to achieve a minimum of either: 	1	
	 LPS1175 SR1 (All doors and windows) OR 		· ·
	 PAS24-1 (All external pedestrian doorsets falling within scope of PAS24-1) AND BS7950 (All windows falling within the scope of BS7950) 		may 2
Total Number of Management Credits Achieved		max 2 max 10	
Total in all Sections			78

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	Issue credits				
2	Credits available	No. achieved	% achieved	Weighting Factor	Credits score
ISSUE CATEGORY	1	2	2/1 x100 =3	4	3x4 =5
Energy	24	19	17.42	0.22	17-42
Transport	8	8	100.00	0.08	8.00
Pollution	11	3	27.27	0.10	1.73
Materials	31	24	77.62	0.14	10.84
Water	6	• 4	66.67	0.10	6-67
Land Use and ecology	9	A	镇御	0.12	5.83
Health and well being	8	8	100.00	0.14	14.09
Management	10	z	80.00	0.10	8.00
Total				1,00	72.98

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	Rating	Score
	Pass	36
	Good	48
	Very Good	58
* * * *	Excellent	70

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Appendix C

SAP – DER Worksheet

35 Elsworthy Road, London, NW3 3BT





User Details:							
Assessor Name:	Neil Ingham		Stroma Nur	nber:	STRO010943		
Software Name:	Stroma FSAP		Software Ve	ersion:	Versic	on: 1.1.0.243	
		Property <i>i</i>	Address:				
Address :	35, Elsworthy Road, LO	ONDON, NW	3 3BT				
1. Overall dwelling dimer	ISIONS:	$\Lambda roo(m^2)$		Ave Height(n	•	Vol(m ³)	
Ground floor Area		464.1	(1a) x	2.75	''] =	1276.28	(1)
First floor Area		201.1	(2a) x	3.9] =	784.29	(2)
Second floor Area		199.75	(3a) x	3.25] =	649.19	(3)
Third and Other floors		140.8	(4a) x	2.9	=	408.32	(4)
Total floor area (1a)+(2a)+(3	a)+(4a)+(4b)+(4d)+(4f)+(4h)	1005.75	(5)		-		_
Dwelling volume Area			(1)+(2)	+(3)+(4)+(4c)+(4e)+(4	g)+(4i) =	3118.07	(6)
2. Ventilation rate:				m ³ por bour			
Number of chimney			× 40 −		٦		
Number of chimneys		0	x 40 =	0](7)		
Number of open flues		0	x 20 =	0	(8)		
Number of intermittent fan	s or passive vents	0	x 10 =	0	(9)		
Number of flueless gas fire	es	0	x 40 =	0	(9a)		
					Air ch	anges per h	our
Infiltration due to chimney	s, flues and fans = $(7)+(8)$	3)+(9)+(9a)		0	÷box(6)	0	(10)
If a pressurisation test has be	en carried out, proceed to box	· (19)		J		
Number of storeys in the	e dwelling					0	(11)
Additional infiltration				[(11)-1]x0.1 =	0	(12)
Structural infiltration: 0.2 if both types of wall are pre deducting areas of opening	25 for steel or timber fran esent, use the value correspon gs); if equal user 0.35	me or 0.35 for ading to the great	r masonry cons er wall area (after	struction		0	(13)
If suspended wooden flo	por, enter 0.2 (unsealed)) or 0.1 (seale	ed), else enter (0		0	(14)
If no draught lobby, ente	er 0.05, else enter 0					0	(15)
Percentage of windows	and doors draught strip	ped	0.05 (0.0 D (4			0	(16)
Window infiltration			0.25 - [0.2 x Box(1	$(6) \div 100] =$		0	(17)
Infiltration rate	$a_{\rm current}$ then $[a_{\rm co} \div 20] \pm 1$	(10) in box (19)	(10)+(12)+(13)+(1)	(15)+(17) =		0	(18)
Air permeability value applies	if a pressurisation test has be	en done or a dec	aree air permeahili	tv is being used		0.5	(19)
Number of sides on which	sheltered		, ,	,		4	(20)
(Enter 2 in box (20) for ne	w dwellings where locat	ion is not sho	wn)				
Shelter factor			1 - [0.075 x (20)] =	=		0.7	(21)
Adjusted infiltration rate			(19) x (21) =			0.35	(22)

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Calculate effective air change rate for the applicable	case					_
If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation	air throughput (in ach,see 2.6.6) =				0.35	(22a)
If balanced with heat recovery effi	ciency in % allo	owing for	in-use factor =		68.85	(22b)
a) If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation	with heat recov	very(<mark>22) + (</mark>	(22a) x [1-(22b) ÷ 100] =		0.46	(23)
b) If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation	without heat re	covery	(22) + (22a) =		0	(23a)
c) If whole house extract ventilation or positive input if $(22) < 0.25$ then $(23b) = 0.25$	ut ventilation fro	$m outside = 0.25 \pm (22)$	8			
d) If notural vontilation or whole house positive inp	ut vontilation fr		·/		0	(230)
if (22) = 1, then (24) = (22); o	therwise $(24) = 0.5$	$+ [(22)^2 \times (22)^2]$	0.5]		0	(24)
Effective air change rate - enter (23) or (23a) or	r (23b) or (24) in bo	x (25)			0.46	(25)
3. Heat losses and heat loss parameter:						
ELEMENT Gross area (m ²)			U-value		AXU (W/K)	
Doors Type 1	2.42	×	3.1	=	7.502	(26)
Doors Type 2	1.95	×	3.1	=	6.045	(26)
Windows Type 1	1.65	×	1/[1/(1.6)+ 0.04]	=	2.48	(27)
Windows Type 2	8.64	x	1/[1/(1.6)+ 0.04]	=	12.99	(27)
Windows Type 3	8.64	×	1/[1/(1.6)+ 0.04]	=	12.99	(27)
Windows Type 4	2	×	1/[1/(1.6)+ 0.04]	=	3.01	(27)
Windows Type 5	4	×	1/[1/(1.6)+ 0.04]	=	6.02	(27)
Windows Type 6	4.32	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	9.46	(27)
Windows Type 7	2.88	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.31	(27)
Windows Type 8	2.88	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.31	(27)
Windows Type 9	2.4	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	5.26	(27)
Windows Type 10	3.33	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	7.29	(27)
Windows Type 11	4.55	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	9.96	(27)
Windows Type 12	2.98	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.53	(27)
Windows Type 13	2.98	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.53	(27)
Windows Type 14	4.07	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	8.91	(27)
Windows Type 15	6.4	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	14.01	(27)
Windows Type 16	7.2	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	15.77	(27)
Windows Type 17	7.2	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	15.77	(27)
Windows Type 18	2.89	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.33	(27)
Windows Type 19	2.61	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	5.72	(27)
Windows Type 20	4.93	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	10.8	(27)
Windows Type 21	3.19	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.99	(27)
Windows Type 22	5	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	10.95	(27)
Windows Type 23	3.19	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	6.99	(27)
Windows Type 24	3.99	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	8.74	(27)
Windows Type 25	1.26	x	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	2.76	(27)
Windows Type 26	1.26	×	1/[1/(2.4)+ 0.04]	=	2.76	(27)



Floor	464.1	x	0.17	=	78.897	(28)
Walls Type1	282.47	x	0.3	= [84.74	(29)
Walls Type2	296.73	x	0.2	=	59.35	(29)
Walls Type3	88.39	x	0.23	=	20.33	(29)
Walls Type4	9.1	x	0.26	=	2.37	(29)
Walls Type5	2.27	x	2.3	=	5.22	(29)
Roof Type1	131	x	0.11	=	14.41	(30)
Roof Type2	263	x	0.16	=	42.08	(30)
Roof Type3	54.48	x	0.18	=	9.81	(30)
Roof Type4	12.28	x	0.1	= [1.28	(30)
Roof Type5	5.76	x	0.18	=	1.04	(30)
Total area of elements, m ²					1778.54	(32)
*for windows and rooflights, use effective window U-value calcu the above table is expanded as necessary to allow for all differe	lated as given in pa nt types of elemen	aragraph 3.2 t e.g. 6 wall i	types			
Fabric heat loss, W/K (26)+(27)+(27a))+(27b)+(28)+(29)+	-(29a)+(30)+	(30a) =	Γ	673.88	(33)
Thermal bridges				Ē	266.78	(34)
if details of thermal bridging are not known calculate y * (32) [se	e Appendix K] and	enter in box	(34)	_		
Total fabric heat loss		(33)	+ (34) =	Γ	940.66	(35)
Ventilation heat loss		(25)	x 0.33 x (6) =	Ē	472.32	(36)
Heat loss coefficient, W/K (35) + (36) =						(37)
Heat loss parameter (HLP), W/m ² K	Ē	1.4	(38)			
4. Water heating energy requirement:						
Energy content of hot water used from Table 1 c	olumn (b)			Г	4318.68	(39)
Distribution loss from Table 1 column (c)				Г	762.12	(40)
If instantaneous water heating at point of use, enter 0 in boxes (For community beating use Table 1 (c) whether or not bot water	(40) to (45)			L		
Water storage loss:						
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known 	n (kWh/day):			Г	2.45	(41)
a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b	n (kWh/day):			[[2.45	(41) (41a)
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year 	n (kWh/day): (41) x	(41a) x 365	=		2.45 0.6 536.55	(41) (41a) (42)
a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known:	(41a) x 365	=		2.45 0.6 536.55	(41) (41a) (42)
a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar stora If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored but water (this includes instantaneous of	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilore) onter b	(41a) x 365 e	=		2.45 0.6 536.55 600	(41) (41a) (42) (43)
a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar stora If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous co	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilers) enter	(41a) x 365 IE 0' in box (43)	=		2.45 0.6 536.55 600	(41) (41a) (42) (43)
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar stora If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous co Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/ If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss in 	(41) x (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilers) enter (litre/day) from Table 2 for 50	(41a) x 365 e 0' in box (43, 0 mm factory	=) insulation		2.45 0.6 536.55 600 0	(41) (41a) (42) (43) (44)
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar storation If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous conditions) Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/ If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss in Volume factor from Table 2a 	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilers) enter /litre/day) from Table 2 for 50	(41a) x 365 IC 0' in box (43, 0 mm factory	=) insulation		2.45 0.6 536.55 600 0	(41) (41a) (42) (43) (43) (44) (44a)
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar stora If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous co Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/ If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss in Volume factor from Table 2a Temperature factor from Table 2b 	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilers) enter (litre/day) from Table 2 for 50	(41a) x 365 IC 10' in box (43, 1 mm factory	=) insulation		2.45 0.6 536.55 600 0 0	(41) (41a) (42) (43) (43) (44) (44a) (44b)
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar stora If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous co Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/ If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss in Volume factor from Table 2a Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year 	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilers) enter (litre/day) from Table 2 for 50 ((43) :	(41a) x 365 I e 0' in box (43, 9 mm factory x (44) x (44a	=) insulation) x (44b) x 365 =		2.45 0.6 536.55 600 0 0 0 0	(41) (41a) (42) (43) (43) (44) (44a) (44b) (45)
 a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar stora If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in Otherwise if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous co Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/ If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss in Volume factor from Table 2a Temperature factor from Table 2b Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year Enter (42) or (45) in box (46) 	n (kWh/day): (41) x not known: ge within sam box (43) mbi boilers) enter /litre/day) from Table 2 for 50 ((43) :	(41a) x 365 IC 0' in box (43) 9 mm factory x (44) x (44a	=) insulation) x (44b) x 365 =		2.45 0.6 536.55 600 0 0 0 0 0 536.55	(41) (41a) (42) (43) (43) (44) (44) (44b) (45) (46)



Primary circuit loss from Table 3	0	(48)
Combi loss from Table 3a (enter 0 if not a combi boiler)	0	(49)
Solar DHW input calculated using Appendix H (enter 0 if no solar collector)	0	(50)
Output from water heater, kWh/year $(39)+(40)+(47)+(48)+(49)-(50) =$	5617.35	(51)
Heat gains from water heating, $(39)+(40)+(47)+(48)+(49)-(50) =$	2118.61	(52)

include (47) in calculation of (52) only if cylinder is in the dwelling or hot water is from community heating

5. Internal gains:

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grander g												
Lights, appliances, cooking and metabolic (Table 5)										1428	(53)	
Reduction of internal gains due to low energy lighting (calculated in Appendix L)									206.87	(53a)		
Additional gains from Table 5a									0	(53b)		
Water heating $(52) \div 8.76 =$								241.85	(54)			
Total interna	al gains					(53) +	- (53b) + (54) - (5	3a) =			1462.98	(55)
6. Solar gair	ns:											_
Orientation:	Access Factor Table 6d	r	Area m²		Flux Table 6a		g_ Table 6b		FF Table 6c		Gains (W)	
North 0.9x	0.77	x	7.2	x	29	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	240.05	(56)
North 0.9x	0.77	x	1.26	x	29	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	28.01	(56)
Northeasto.9x	0.77	x	4	x	34	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	52.12	(57)
Northeast0.9x	0.77	x	2.89	×	34	×	0.79	x	0.7	=	112.97	(57)
				-		-		-				
Southeast.9x	0.77	x	1.65	x	64	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	80.94	(59)
Southeast.9x	0.77	x	4.32	x	64	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	105.96	(59)
Southeast.9x	0.77	x	2.4	x	64	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	58.86	(59)
Southeast.9x	0.77	x	3.33	x	64	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	81.67	(59)
Southeast.9x	0.77	x	4.55	x	64	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	111.6	(59)
Southeast.9x	0.77	x	2.61	x	64	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	128.03	(59)
South 0.9x	0.77	x	2.88	×	72	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	79.47	(60)
South 0.9x	0.77	x	2.98	x	72	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	82.23	(60)
Southwest.9x	0.77	x	8.64	x	64]	0.79	x	0.7	=	211.91	(61)
Southwest.9x	0.77	x	2	×	64]	0.79	x	0.7	=	98.11	(61)
Southwest.9x	0.77	x	4.07	x	64]	0.79	x	0.7	=	99.82	(61)
Southwest.9x	0.77	x	4.93	x	64]	0.79	x	0.7	=	120.92	(61)
Southwest.9x	0.77	x	3.19	x	64]	0.79	x	0.7	=	78.24	(61)
Southwest.9x	0.77	x	5	x	64]	0.79	x	0.7	=	122.63	(61)
West 0.9x	0.77	x	7.2	x	48	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	397.33	(62)
West 0.9x	0.77	x	1.26	x	48	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	46.36	(62)
Northwest.9x	0.77	x	8.64	x	34	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	112.58	(63)
Northwest.9x	0.77	x	6.4	×	34	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	250.17	(63)
Northwest.9x	0.77	x	3.19	×	34	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	41.57	(63)
Northwest.9x	0.77	x	3.99	x	34	x	0.79	x	0.7	=	103.98	(63)



Total solar gains:	[(56) + + (64)] =	2953.3	(65)
Total gains, W	[(56) + + (64)] =	4416.28	(66)
Gain/loss ratio (GLR)	(66) ÷ (37) =	3.13	(67)
Utilisation factor (Table 7, using GLR in box (67)		1	(68)
Useful gains, W	(66) x (68) =	4402.35	(69)
7. Mean internal temperature:			
		° C	
Mean internal temperature of the living area (Table 8)		18.88	(70)
Temperature adjustment from Table 4e, where approp	0	(71)	
Adjustment for gains	{[(69) ÷ (37)] - 4.0} x 0.2 x R =	-0.18	(72)
R is obtained from the 'responsiveness' column of Table 4a or Table 4d			_
Adjusted living room temperature	(70) + (71) + (72) =	18.7	(73)
Temperature difference between zones (Table 9)		1.89	(74)
Living area fraction (0 to 1.0)	living room area ÷ (5) =	0.03	(75)
Rest-of -house fraction	1 - (75) =	0.97	(76)
Mean internal temperature	(73) - [(74) x (76)] =	16.88	(77)
8. Degree days:			_
Temperature rise from gains	$(69) \div (37) =$	2 1 2	7(78)
Base temperature	(77) - (78) =	12 77	$\Box_{(70)}^{(70)}$
Dagroo-days, use box (79) and Table 10	(()) ()) -	1709.00	
9. Space beating requirement:	l	1720.30	
3. Space heating requirement.			
Space heating requirement (useful), kWh/year	0.024 x (80) x (37) =	58611.35	(81)
For range cooker boilers where efficiency is obtained from the Boiler Effi multiply the result in box (81) by (1 – Fcase/Fwater) where Fcase is the load (in kW); and Fwater is the heat transferred to water at full load (in k record for the range cooker boiler or manufacturer's declared value.	iciency Database or manufacturer's declared value, heat emission from the case of the range cooker at full, W). Fcase and Fwater are obtained from the database,		
9a. Energy requirements - individual heating systems, inclu	iding micro-CHP:		
Note: when space and water heating is provided by community heating	use the alternative worksheet 9b		
Space heating:			
Fraction of heat from secondary/supplementary system (use	e value from Table 11, Table 12a or Append	0.1	(82)
Efficiency of main heating system, % (SEDBUK or from Table 4a or 4b, adjusted where appropriate by the arr	nount shown in the 'efficiency adjustment' column of Tab	250 vle 4c)	(83)
Efficiency of secondary/supplementary heating system, $\%$ (u	use value from Table 4a or Appendix E)	76	(84)
Space heating fuel (main) requirement, kWh/year	[1- (82)] x (81) x 100 ÷ (83) =	21100.09	(85)
Space heating fuel (secondary), kWh/year Water heating:	[(82) × (81) × 100 ÷ (84) =	7712.02	(85a)
Efficiency of water heater, % (SEDBUK or from Table 4a or 4b, adjusted where appropriate by the arr	ount shown in the 'efficiency adjustment' column of Tab	100 vle 4c)	(86)
Energy required for water heating, kWh/year	[(51) × 100 ÷ (86)] =	5617.35	(86a)



kWh/year Electricity for pumps and fans: each central heating pump, (Table 4f) (87a) 0 each boiler with a fan-assisted flue (Table 4f) (87b) 0 warm air heating system fans (Table 4f) (87c) 0 mechanical ventilation - balanced, extract or positive input from outside (Table 4f) (87d) 4175.32 maintaining keep-hot facility for gas combi boiler (Table 4f) (87e) 0 pump for solar water heating (Table 4f) (87f) 0 (87a) + (87b) + (87c) + (87d) + (87e)+ (87f) = Energy required for water heating, kWh/year (87) 4175.32 12a. CO² emissions rate for individual heating systems (including micro-CHP) and community heating without CHP

This page should used when space and water heating is provided by community heating. If boilers or heat pumps only, enter 0 c box (83*), and 1.0 in box (84*)

Individual heating system:	Energy kWb/year		Emission fa	ctor	Emissions	
Space besting main from box (95))				_		
Space heating main nom box (65))	21100.09	×	0.42	_	8904.24	(101)
Space heating secondary from box (85a)	7712.02	x	0.03	=	192.8	(102)
Energy for water heating from box (86a)	5617.35	×	0.42	=	2370.52	(103)
Community scheme:						
Efficiency of community boilers %						
use actual efficiency if known, or value in Table 4	l a				0	(104)
Energy for space heating $(87^*) \times 100 \div (104) =$	0	×	0	=	0	(105)
Energy for water heating $(87b^*) \times 100 \div (104) =$	0	x	0	=	0	(106)
Space and water heating		[(101) + (102) + (102	3)] or [(105) + (106	5)] =	11467.56	(107)
Electricity for pumps and fans from box (87) or (88	[*]) 4175.32	x	0.42	=	1761.99	(108)
Energy for lighting from Appendix L	7815.13	x	0.42	=	3297.98	(109)
Energy produced or saved in dwelling	(95) or (95*)	x	0	=	0	(110)
Energy consumed by the above technology	(96) or (96*)	x	0	=	0	(111)
Total CO², kg/year		(107) + (108) + (109	9) - (110) + (111)	=	16527.53	(112)
Dwelling CO ² Emission Rate		(112) ÷ (5) =			16.43	(113)
El values					78.92	
El rating					79	7
El band					С	_ _
					L	