clarke saunders associates | acoustics

Head Office:

Westgate House 39-41 Romsey Road Winchester Hampshire SO22 5BE

Tel: 01962 872130 mail@clarkesaunders.com

London Office:

16 Lower Marsh London SE1 7RJ

Tel: 0203 479 7867 london@clarkesaunders.com

REPORT AS7755.140714.NIA

Exeter Office:

1 Emperor Way Exeter EX1 3QS

Tel: 01392 342978 exeter@clarkesaunders.com

1 MABLEDON PLACE, LONDON

www.clarkesaunders.com

NOISE IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Prepared: 14 July 2014

Registered in England Company No. 3758093

Registered Office: Avebury House, St Peter St, Winchester

Clarke Sounders Associates is the trading name of Alan Saunders Associates Ltd.

Directors: Alan Saunders BSc (Hons) CSci CPhys FIOA Ed Clarke BEng (Hons) MIOA Matt Sugden BEng (Hons) MIOA

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION OF NOISE CONSULTANTS



Taylor Project Services No 1 Cornhill London EC1V 3ND

CONTENTS

1.	INTR	ODUCTION	1
2.	RESU	LTS	1
3.	DESIG	GN CRITERIA	1
	3.2	BS8233:2014 Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings	2
4.	PRED	ICTED NOISE IMPACT	2
	4.1	Proposed plant	2
	4.2	Predicted noise levels	3
5.	CONC	CLUSION	4

List of Attachments

AS7755/SP1 Indicative Site Plan

Appendix A ARUP Acoustics environmental noise report

Appendix B Acoustic Terminology
Appendix C & D Acoustic Calculations

1. INTRODUCTION

Planning approval is being sought for the installation of new plant at 1 Mabledon Place, London.

Clarke Saunders Associates has been commissioned by Taylor Project Services to undertake assess the new plant installation against the planning requirements of Camden Council for daytime and night-time plant noise emission limits. The assessment will be based on the Arup Acoustics background noise report undertaken previously for the site, which is attached in Appendix A.

Please refer to Appendix B for details of the acoustic terminology used throughout this report.

2. RESULTS

The background noise climate at nearby properties is determined by road traffic noise in the surrounding streets.

Measured minimum background noise levels from Appendix A are shown in Table 2.1 below for the two most affected receivers.

Manitaring paried	Minimum L _{A90,10mins}				
Monitoring period	Novotel	Mabel's Pub			
07:00 - 23:00 hours	67 dB	53 dB			
23:00 - 07:00 hours	54 dB	44 dB			
24 hours	54 dB	44 dB			

Table 2.1 - Minimum measured background and average noise levels

[dB ref. 20µPa]

3. DESIGN CRITERIA

Camden Council's standard noise control requirement is shown below, requiring new plant to be 5dB below the background level.

Noise levels at a point 1 metre external to sensitive facades shall be at least 5dB(A) less than the existing background measurement (L_{A90}), expressed in dB(A) when all plant/equipment (or any part of it) is in operation unless the plant/equipment hereby

permitted will have a noise that has a distinguishable, discrete continuous note (whine, hiss, screech, hum) and/or if there are distinct impulses (bangs, clicks, clatters, thumps), then the noise levels from that piece of plant/equipment at any sensitive façade shall be at least 10dB(A) below the L_{A90} , expressed in dB(A).

It is understood that emergency plant should be limited to 10dB above background noise levels.

It is not expected that tonal noise will be generated by the proposed plant units and so the plant noise emissions criteria that should not be exceeded at the nearest noise sensitive receiver should be set to the proposed levels detailed in Table 3.1.

Receiver	Daytime (07:00 – 23:00 hours)	Night-time (23:00 – 07:00 hours)	Emergency Plant
Novotel	L _{Aeq} 62 dB	L _{Aeq} 49 dB	L _{Aeq} 64 dB
Mabel's Tavern	L _{Aeq} 48 dB	L _{Aeq} 39 dB	L _{Aeq} 54 dB

Table 3.1 - Proposed design noise criteria

[dB ref. 20µPa]

3.2 BS8233:2014 Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings

The guidance in this document indicates suitable noise levels for various activities within residential and commercial buildings.

Activity	Location	07:00 to 23:00	23:00 to 07:00
Resting	Living Room	35 dB L _{Aeq, 16 hour}	-
Dining	Dining Room	40 dB L _{Aeq, 16 hour}	-
Sleeping (daytime resting)	Bedroom	35 dB L _{Aeq, 16 hour}	30 dB L _{Aeq, 8 hour}

Table 3.2 - Excerpt from BS8233: 2014

[dB ref. 20µPa]

4. PREDICTED NOISE IMPACT

4.1 Proposed plant

The selected plant has been confirmed as:

- 1 no. Climaventa chiller units type TECS2/SL-CA 0512
- 3 no. Stulz condensing units type KSV045A21p
- 1 no. Diesel rotary UPS for emergency purposes only

The approximate location of the plant to be installed is shown in site plan AS7755/SP1.

Noise levels generated by the plant to be installed have been confirmed by the manufacturer as follows:

Freq (Hz)	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Lp @ 10m (dB)	62	54	54	50	47	42	35	30	52

Table 4.1 - Source noise data for the Climaventa chiller

[dB ref. 20µPa]

Freq (Hz)	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Lp @ 10m (dB)	65	57	57	53	50	45	38	33	55

Table 4.2 - Source noise data for the Stulz condenser

[dB ref. 20µPa]

Freq (Hz)	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Lp @ 3m (dB)	105	99	82	79	78	73	70	62	86

Table 4.3 - Source noise data for the diesel rotary UPS

[dB ref. 20µPa]

4.2 Predicted noise levels

Following an inspection of the site, it was established that the most affected noise sensitive receivers are situated to the north at the Novotel, and to the south at Mabel's Tavern, as shown on the indicative site plan AS7755/SP1.

An assessment of current noise levels from the previously installed two chillers has been undertaken, followed by a cumulative assessment of the new plant in addition to the existing chiller at the nearest noise sensitive receiver has been assessed according to the guidelines set out in BS4142:1997 *Method for rating industrial noise affecting mixed residential and industrial areas* as guidance, using the noise data above. Screening losses afforded by the existing plant barrier have been included in the prediction of the cumulative plant noise level at the nearest receiver.

Receiver	Criterion	Predicted noise level 1m from receiver		
Receiver	Criterion	Current (2 chillers)	Cumulative with new plant	
Novotel	49 dB(A)	37 dB(A)	46 dB(A)	
Mabel's Tavern	39 dB(A)	20 dB(A)	30 dB(A)	

Table 4.4 - Predicted noise level and criteria at noise sensitive locations

[dB ref. 20 µPa]

Table 4.5 shows predicted noise levels at the receivers due to the emergency diesel rotary UPS.

Receiver	Criterion	Predicted noise level 1m from receiver		
Novotel	55 dB(A)	64 dB(A)		
Mabel's Tavern	41 dB(A)	59 dB(A)		

Table 4.5 – Emergency plant noise level and criteria at noise sensitive locations

[dB ref. 20 µPa]

A summary of the calculations are shown in Appendices C and D.

All other air handling and extract plant will be fitted with acoustically specified splitter silencers in order that the cumulative noise level does not exceed the 24-hour design noise criterion.

5. CONCLUSION

An assessment of plant noise levels has been undertaken at 1 Mabledon Place, London by Clarke Saunders Associates.

Previous measurements have been made to establish the current background noise climate. This has enabled a 24-hour design criterion to be set for the control of plant noise emissions to noise sensitive properties, in accordance with Camden Council's requirements.

Data for the new plant have been used to predict the noise impact of the new plant on neighbouring residential properties.

Compliance with the noise emission design criterion has been demonstrated. No further mitigation measures are, therefore, required for external noise emissions.

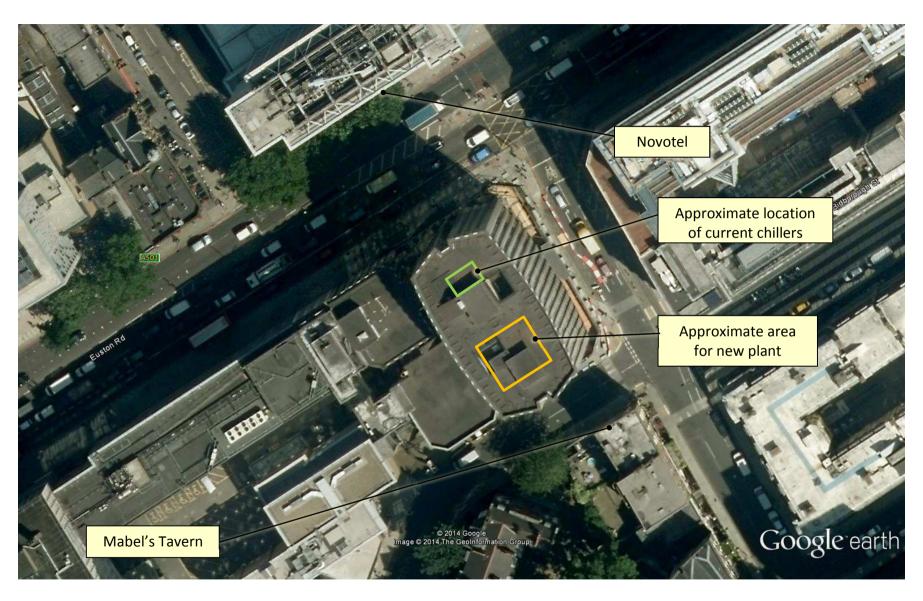
Jamie Duncan
Jamie Duncan (Jul 14, 2014)

Jamie Duncan MIOA

CLARKE SAUNDERS ASSOCIATES

Indicative Site Plan 14 July 2014





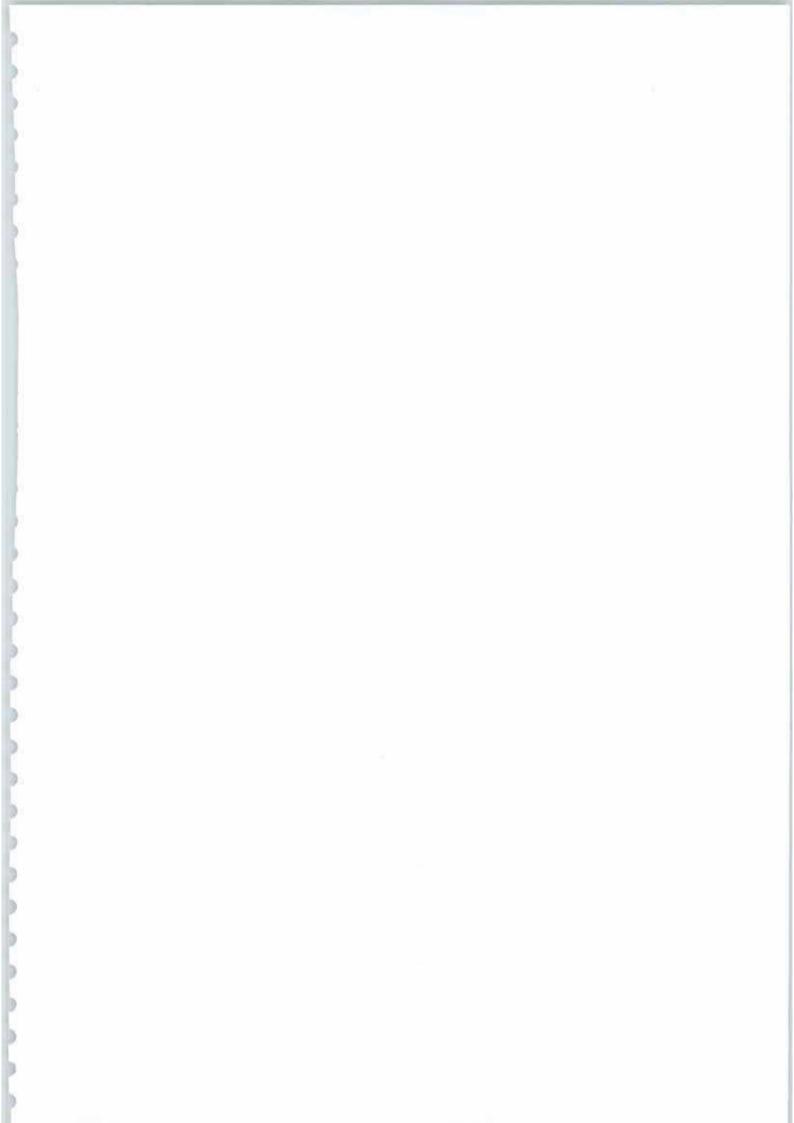
STANHOPE



One Mabledon Place Noise Impact Assessment

August 2011

Planning Application Submission



Document Verification

ARUP

Job title Document title		lon Place	Job number 216336					
		nt Noise Assessment	File reference					
ref	AAc/21633	6/R01						
Date	Filename	R01						
30/08/11	Description	issue						
3		Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by				
	Name	Josh Childs BEng AMIOA	Andy Lambert CEng BEng MIO	Jeremy Newton BSc MIOA				
	Signature	Top Alla	1500	dakaba				
31/08/11	Filename	R01-JC-issue R1.docx						
	Description	with minor amendn	nents					
		Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by				
	Name	Josh Childs BEng AMIOA	Andy Lambert CEng BEng MIOA	Jeremy Newton BSc MIOA				
	Signature	John Alla	Africa	anuspa.				
	Filename							
	Description	7						
5		Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by				
	Name							
	Signature							
	Filename							
	Description							
3		Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by				
	Name							
	Date 30/08/11	ref AAc/216336 Date Filename 30/08/11 Description Name Signature Description Name Filename Description Name Filename Description Name Filename Description Name Filename Description	AAc/216336/R01 Date Filename R01 30/08/11 Description issue Prepared by Name Josh Childs BEng AMIOA Signature R01-JC-issue R1.de Description with minor amendm Prepared by Name Josh Childs BEng AMIOA Signature With minor amendm Prepared by Name Josh Childs BEng AMIOA Signature Filename Description Prepared by Name Signature Filename Description Prepared by Prepared by Name Signature Prepared by Prepared by	ref AAc/216336/R01 Date Filename R01 30/08/11 Description issue				

Contents

			Page
Exec	utive Sun	nmary	1
1	Introd	luction	2
2	Noise	survey	4
	2.1	General	4
	2.2	Measurement locations	5
	2.3	Noise sensitive receivers	5
	2.1	Measurement results	6
3	Plant	noise assessment	6
	3.1	Required noise level limits	6
	3.2	Design noise criteria	7
	3.3	Emergency plant	9
4	Concl	lusions	10

Appendices

Appendix A

Glossary of Acoustic Terminology

Appendix B

Detailed Noise Survey Results

Executive Summary

It is proposed that the existing office building located at One Mabledon Place will be refurbished. This will include installation of new plant to a rooftop plant area and louvres to the south and west facades of the building.

This report sets out noise level requirements for nearby noise sensitive receivers in accordance with BS4142: 1997 'Method for Rating Industrial Noise in Mixed Residential and Industrial Areas' and Camden Council's requirements. A daytime, evening and night time survey was undertaken to establish typical background noise levels at receivers around the site.

In order to meet the requirements at these receivers, design noise criteria have been set for each side of the rooftop plant area based on the nearest receiver locations and measured background noise levels. Likewise, AHU intake and exhaust louvre criteria have also been set. These will be used by the design team to derive individual plant noise specifications as the design develops.

Camden Council has also been consulted in regards to a proposed emergency generator, in which equivalent limits for testing and usage have been set in accordance with the council's requirements.

1 Introduction

Arup Acoustics (AAc) has been asked by Stanhope (Mabledon) Limited to provide an external plant noise assessment to support the refurbishment and extension of One Mabledon Place, London.

The occupier UNISON has now relocated its headquarters to new premises on the north side of Euston Road. However, it will continue to occupy part of the building for meetings and overflow space, until work on the proposed refurbishment begins.

It is proposed that the existing plant is replaced with:

- · air cooled chillers to a rooftop plant area
- chilled and heating water pumps and boilers to a new rooftop plant room
- bespoke floor-by-floor air handling units

Individual air handling units will be located on each floor, with louvres intaking and exhausting from the south and west façades of the building.

Figure 1 below shows the anticipated layout for the rooftop plant area.

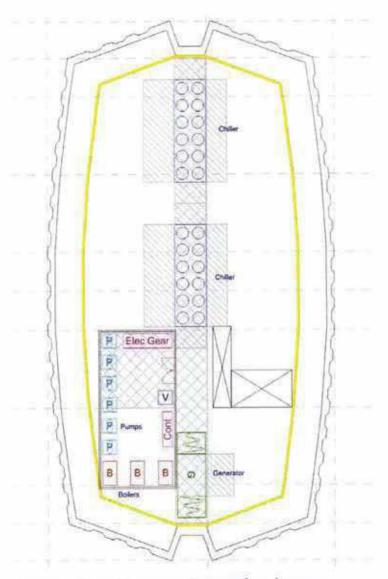


Figure 1 Plan of the proposed new rooftop plant area Camden Council has stipulated that;

Noise levels at a point 1 metre external to sensitive façades shall be at least 5dB(A) less than the existing background measurement (L_{A90}) , expressed in dB(A) when all plant/equipment (or any part of it) is in operation unless the plant/equipment hereby permitted will have a noise that has a distinguishable, discrete continuous note (whine, hiss, screech, hum) and/or if there are distinct impulses (bangs, clicks, clatters, thumps), then the noise levels from that piece of plant/equipment at any sensitive façade shall be at least 10dB(A) below the L_{A90} , expressed in dB(A).

A noise survey has been conducted in the vicinity of the proposed development in order to determine baseline noise conditions in the area.

The predicted noise impact of the new mechanical services plant upon existing dwellings has been assessed in accordance with BS4142: 1997 'Method for Rating Industrial Noise in Mixed Residential and Industrial Areas'.

A glossary of acoustic terminology is presented in Appendix A. Full noise survey results are shown in Appendix B.

2 Noise survey

2.1 General

One Mabledon Place is bounded to the north by Euston Road, to the east by Mabledon Place, to the south by Flaxman Terrace and to the west by various commercial properties.

An environmental noise survey was undertaken during the day time and evening of Wednesday 3 August 2011 and the early hours of the following morning.

2.2 Measurement locations

The baseline noise measurement locations are shown in Figure 2.

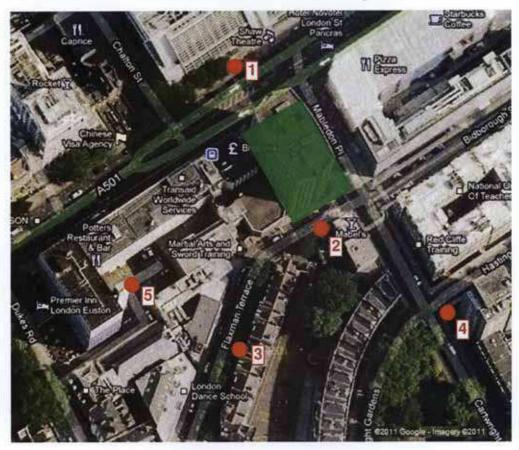


Figure 2 Site plan showing the location of baseline noise measurements

Measurements were taken during day, evening and night periods in order to obtain representative background noise levels around the development site during different parts of the day. All measurements were conducted in acoustically free-field conditions.

The dominant noise sources in the vicinity of the development were traffic along Euston Road and less-frequent traffic along Mabledon Place. Distant building services noise was also audible (particularly during the night) along with noise from nearby pedestrians.

2.3 Noise sensitive receivers

Noise sensitive receptor locations were selected based upon existing residential properties as well as possible future development plots. The closest noise sensitive receivers that were identified are listed below:

- Hotels along Euston Road to the north and west of the site (the nearest being represented by locations 1 and 5);
- Hotel and residential dwelling above the public house along Mabledon Place to the south of the site (location 2);

 Residential dwellings along Flaxman Terrace and Cartwright Gardens to the south of the site (locations 3 and 4, respectively).

2.1 Measurement results

The detailed results of the baseline noise survey are presented in Appendix B and are summarised in Table 1.

Noise monitoring location	Measured background noise						
(see Figure 2)	Daytime (07:00 – 19:00) dBL _{A90, 15 mins}	Evening (19:00 - 23:00) dBL _{A90, 15 mins}	Night-time (23:00 – 07:00) dBL _{A90, 5 mins}				
1	67 – 68	67	54-61				
2	54 - 55	53 - 54	44 – 47				
3	51	49 – 50	44 – 45				
4	53	51	45				
5	n/a	56	54				

Table 1 Summary of daytime noise measurement results

3 Plant noise assessment

3.1 Required noise level limits

It is common practice to assess and specify plant noise criteria with reference to the Method for rating industrial noise in mixed residential and industrial areas given in BS 4142: 1997, as reflected in Camden Council's requirements. This standard provides a method for rating external noise levels from factories, industrial premises or fixed installations of an industrial nature, such as building services plant, to determine the likelihood of complaints from occupants of nearby residential properties.

The method is based on the difference between the background noise level without the industrial noise source and the rating noise level of the industrial noise source at the receiver location. The noise level from the industrial noise source (called the specific noise level) is weighted by 5 dB where it displays an identifiable character (such as tonality, impulsiveness or intermittency). The resultant noise level then becomes the Rating Level. The background noise level is subtracted from the Rating Level and the difference used to assess the likelihood of complaints as shown in Table 2.

Difference between Rating Level and background noise level	Assessment
10dB or higher	Complaints likely
5dB	Of marginal significance
-10dB	Positive indication that complaints are unlikely

Table 2 Summary of BS4142 rating method

From the survey measurement results, noise limits have been calculated at each sensitive reciever, shown below in Table 3.

Location	dBLAeq, 5 n (Based on th intermittent,		dy in nature and free from
	Day	Evening	Night
1 - Novotel	62	62	49
2 - Mabel's Pub	49	48	39
3 - Flaxman Terrace	46	44	39
4 - Cartwright Gardens	48	46	40
5 - Premier Inn	51	51	49

Table 3 Noise level limits for new plant operating during day, evening and night

3.2 Design noise criteria

In order to meet the required cumulative limits at each noise-sensitive receiver, noise level criteria have been calculated which are intended as guidance for the engineers in specification of the plant.

The rooftop plant noise criteria are presented in Table 4 and are given in terms of a noise rating (NR) curve. These relate to an octave band sound *pressure* level spectrum within the rooftop plant area, measured along the dotted line given in Figure 3. These criteria include all contributions from both landlord and tenant plant.

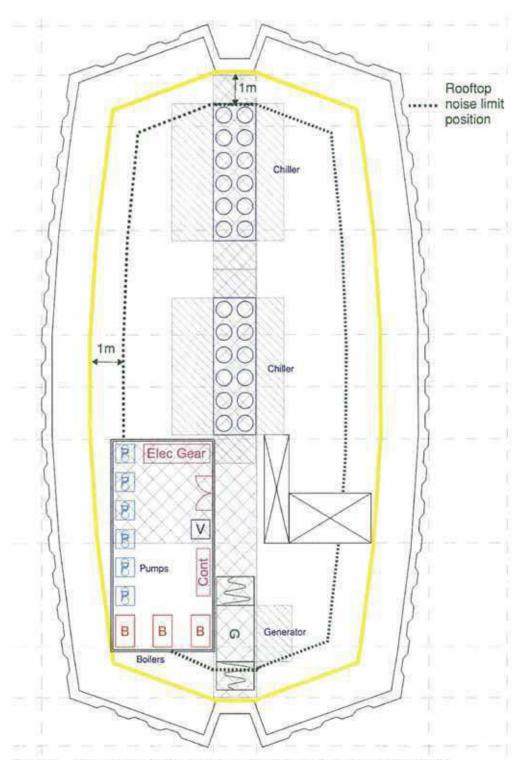


Figure 3 Plant layout indicating where the rooftop plant noise criteria apply

Façade	(Based on the pla	ure level, noise ratin int noise being steady i nittent, tonal or other p as described in section	n nature and free perceptible
	Day	Evening	Night
North 11th floor façade	72	72	59
East 11 th floor façade	74	72	66
South 11th floor façade	74	72	66
West 11th floor façade	74	72	66

Table 4 Rooftop sound pressure limits for Figure 3

For louvres at lower levels, Table 5 gives A-weighted sound *power* level criteria for the south and west façades of the building. These criteria have been set for day, evening and night periods so that the overall plant noise at the nearest noise sensitive receivers does not exceed the limits set previously in Table 3.

Period of operation		
	South facade (one louvre per floor)	West facade (one louvre per floor)
Day	60	63
Evening	59	62
Night	50	53

Table 5 Sound *power* level noise criteria for AHU louvres along the south façade (facing Flaxman Terrace)

3.3 Emergency plant

With regard to emergency plant, Camden Council has stipulated that;

Noise levels at a point 1 metre external to sensitive façades shall be a maximum of 10dB(A) above the lowest existing background measurement (L_{A90}) in a 24 hour period, expressed in dB(A). Testing is permitted for 1 hour per calendar month, during normal working hours (09:00 – 17:00, Monday to Friday), and that the emergency plant is only allowed for use during testing or an emergency situation.

It is proposed that an emergency generator is located in the rooftop plant area.

The associated noise limits during use of emergency equipment are set out in Table 6. These assume that noise emissions from the louvres (as per Table 5) will not increase.

Façade	Sound press	ure level, noise rating	g (NR) limit
	Day	Evening	Night
North 11th floor façade	82	82	69
East 11th floor façade	84	82	76
South 11th floor façade	84	82	76
West 11th floor façade	84	82	76

Table 6 Emergency rooftop sound pressure limits for Figure 3

4 Conclusions

Arup Acoustics has carried out a noise impact assessment to support the planning application for the refurbishment and extension of One Mabledon Place.

As part of the refurbishment it is proposed to replace the existing plant in the top floor plant room with new units including chillers, boilers and an emergency generator. Air handling units will also be located on each floor, situated along the south and west façades.

Noise level limits for day, evening and night plant operation have been set at nearby noise sensitive receivers in accordance with requirements set out by Camden Council and BS4142: 1997 - 'Method for Rating Industrial Noise in Mixed Residential and Industrial Areas'.

Design criteria have been set for the allowable sound pressure level within the rooftop plant area and for sound power levels for AHU intake and exhaust louvres on the south and west sides of the building. As the design develops these criteria will be used to inform the design of individual plant items and any associated noise control required.

Appendix A

Glossary of Acoustic Terminology

Decibel (dB)

The ratio of sound pressures which we can hear is a ratio of 10⁶:1 (one million:one). For convenience, therefore, a logarithmic measurement scale is used. The resulting parameter is called the 'sound pressure level' (L_p) and the associated measurement unit is the decibel (dB). As the decibel is a logarithmic ratio, the laws of logarithmic addition and subtraction apply.

dB(A)

The unit used to define a weighted sound pressure level, which correlates well with the subjective response to sound. The 'A' weighting follows the frequency response of the human ear, which is less sensitive to low and very high frequencies than it is to those in the range 500Hz to 4kHz.

In some statistical descriptors the 'A' weighting forms part of a subscript, such as L_{A10} , L_{A90} , and L_{Aeq} for the 'A' weighted equivalent continuous noise level.

Equivalent continuous sound level

An index for assessment for overall noise exposure is the equivalent continuous sound level, L_{eq}. This is a notional steady level which would, over a given period of time, deliver the same sound energy as the actual time-varying sound over the same period. Hence fluctuating levels can be described in terms of a single figure level.

Frequency

Frequency is the rate of repetition of a sound wave. The subjective equivalent in music is pitch. The unit of frequency is the hertz (Hz), which is identical to cycles per second. A 1000Hz is often denoted as 1kHz, eg 2kHz = 2000Hz. Human hearing ranges approximately from 20Hz to 20kHz. For design purposes the octave bands between 63Hz to 8kHz are generally used. The most commonly used frequency bands are octave bands, in which the mid frequency of each band is twice that of the band below it. For more detailed analysis, each octave band may be split into three one-third octave bands or in some cases, narrow frequency bands.

Noise rating (NR) curves

Noise rating curves were developed by the International Standards Organisation in order to develop an acceptable method of rating noisiness. The curves show acceptable sound pressure levels at different octave bands, using the 1000Hz octave band as a reference – lower frequencies are permitted at higher levels and higher frequencies are limited to lower levels.

Sound power level

The sound power level (L_w) of a source is a measure of the total acoustic power radiated by a source. The sound power level is an intrinsic characteristic of a

source (analogous to its volume or mass), which is not affected by the environment within which the source is located.

Sound pressure level

The sound power emitted by a source results in pressure fluctuations in the air, which are heard as sound.

The sound pressure level (L_p) is 10 times the logarithm of the ratio of the measured sound pressure (detected by a microphone) to the reference level of 2 x 10⁻⁵Pa (the threshold of hearing).

Thus L_p (dB) = 10 log $(P1/P_{ref})^2$ where P_{ref} , the lowest pressure detectable by the ear, is 0.00002 Pascal (ie $2x10^{-5}$ Pa).

The threshold of hearing is 0dB, while the threshold of pain is approximately 120dB. Normal speech is approximately 60dB(A) or more and a change of 3dB is only just detectable. A change of 10dB is subjectively twice, or half, as loud.

Statistical noise levels

For levels of noise that vary widely with time, for example road traffic noise, it is necessary to employ an index which allows for this variation. The L₁₀, the level exceeded for 10% of the time period under consideration, and can be used for the assessment of road traffic noise (note that L_{Aeq} is used in BS 8233 for assessing traffic noise). The L₉₀, the level exceeded for 90% of the time, has been adopted to represent the background noise level. The L₁, the level exceeded for 1% of the time, is representative of the maximum levels recorded during the sample period. A weighted statistical noise levels are denoted L_{A10}, dBL_{A90} etc. The reference time period (T) is normally included, eg dBL_{A10, 5min} or dBL_{A90, 8hr}.

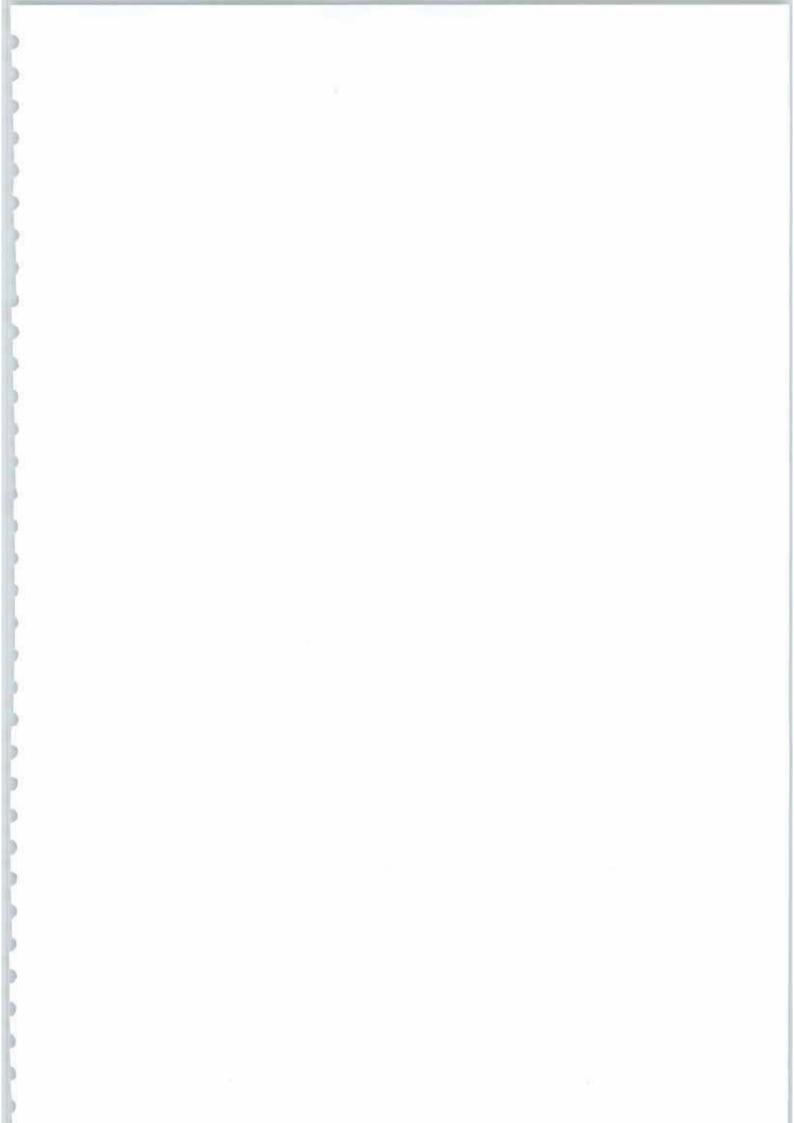
Typical Levels

Some typical dB(A) noise levels are given below:

Noise Level dB(A)	Example
130	Threshold of pain
120	Jet aircraft take-off at 100m
110	Chain saw at 1m
100	Inside disco
90	Heavy lorries at 5m
80	Kerbside of busy street
70	Loud radio (in typical domestic room)
60	Office or restaurant
50	Domestic fan heater at 1m
40	Living room
30	Theatre
20	Remote countryside on still night
10	Sound insulated test chamber

Appendix B

Detailed Noise Survey Results



B1.1 Measurement locations

Attended measurements were undertaken around the development site at residential properties along Flaxman Terrace and Cartwright Gardens as well as nearby hotels along Euston Rd. The measurement locations can be seen in Figure 2. Attended measurements were all free-field and approximately $1.2-1.5 \mathrm{m}$ above the local ground level.

B1.2 Measurement times and duration

Attended measurements were made around the development site from 14:00 on Wednesday 3 August 2011 to 03:00 on Thursday 4 August 2011 over periods of 15 minutes during the day and 5 minutes at night.

B1.3 Measurement equipment

Measurements were carried out using the equipment detailed in Table B1. The sound level meters and microphones conform to BS EN 61672-2:2003 Type 1. The calibration of the sound level meters and microphones were verified before and after use to confirm that there was no significant drift in meter response at the calibrator frequency and level. The meters are regularly calibrated and this calibration is traceable to international standards.

The sound level meters used measured real time, octave band noise levels and provided analysis giving statistical noise levels. The meters were set to fast response and stored noise level data after each measurement period. A summary of the noise measurement equipment used can be found in Table B1.

Noise Monitoring Equipment	Manufacturer	Type Number	Serial Number
Type 1 sound pressure calibrator	Rion	NC 74	35173566
Precision grade sound level meter	Norsonic	140	1403431
1/2" diameter pre-polarised condenser microphone	Norsonic	1225	98540

Table B1 Details of noise monitoring equipment used

B1.4 Personnel and weather conditions

The survey was carried out by Josh Childs of Arup. Meteorological conditions during the attended survey measurements were dry and calm throughout.

B1.5 Noise survey results

B1.5.1 Location 1

	T	Time	N	Wind	Z	Noise Level, dB (A)	el, dB ((Y	
Date	Start	Finish	Speed	Direction	L90	L10	L ₁₀ L _{max}	Leq	Commens
03-08-2011	14:05	14:20	Still	N#3	8'29	92	16	73.5	Plant from building is permanently off; noise from Euston Road is the main source, plus distant construction noise and loud talking from frequent passing pedestrians.
03-08-2011	15:20	15:35	Still		67.3	6.97	96.2	74.6	Same sources as before but with infrequent nearby passing sirens.
03-08-2011	19:59	20:14	Still		2.99	8.92	7.06	74.2	Same sources with increased bus activity.
03-08-2011	21:33	21:48	Still		9.99	76.8	93	74.7	Same as before.
04-08-2011	01:00	01:05	Gentle	w	60.2	75.7	83.2	71.7	Road traffic (with a high percentage of buses) along Euston Road is still dominant, while pedestrian traffic has decreased significantly.
04-08-2011	01:29	01:34	Gentle	WS	9.09	76.2	83.5	72.5	Same sources as before.
04-08-2011	02:08	02:13	Still	•	54.9	75.8	85.7	71.8	Same sources as before.
04-08-2011	02:38	02:43	Still	ĵ.	54.4	75.5	82.9	71.4	54.4 75.5 82.9 71.4 Same sources as before.

Table B2 Measured noise levels at location 1

The meter was positioned 5m from the curb of the road, in free-field conditions.

B1.5.2 Location 2

	L SE	Time	W. T. T.	Wind	No	Noise Level, dB (A)	1, dB (()	Commendants
Date	Start	Finish	Speed	Direction	L90	L ₁₀ L _{max} L _{eq}	Lmax	Leq	
03-08-2011	14:24	14:39	Still	•	53.6	59.3	69.4	57.1	Distant road traffic from Euston Road is the main source, plus less frequent road traffic noise from Mabledon Place and Flaxman Terrace. Kitchen and patron noise is audible from the nearby pub, and distant building services noise from the west is audible in Iulis.
03-08-2011	15:41	15:56	Still	•	54.6	61.2	83.7	59.5	Same sources as before with extra patron noise from the nearby pub.
03-08-2011	20:17	20:32	Still	100	54.3	62.4	75.6 59.7	59.7	Road traffic noise from Euston Road is still dominant, while patron noise from the pub has increased further. Intermittent music noise from the dance school is occasionally dominant, while occasional pedestrian and traffic noise from Flaxman Terrace is present.
03-08-2011	21:50	22:05	Still	Ţ.	53.3	60.5	77.4	58.4	As before, but the music from the dance school has stopped.
04-08-2011	01:07	01:13	Gentle Breeze	*	46.9	55.2	1.19	52.8	Traffic from Euston Road is the dominant source, while leaf rustle and distant car horns are audible intermittently.
04-08-2011	01:53	01:58	Gentle Breeze	W	44.6	54	61.2	51	Same sources as before, with additional faint mechanical services noise from the west.
04-08-2011	02:23	02:28	Still	100	43.8	53.7	59.7	50	As before, with a distant siren audible as well.
04-08-2011	02:53	02:58	Still		43.7	53.1	58.5 49.7	49.7	Same sources as before.

Table B3 Measured noise levels at location 2

The meter was positioned 3m from the road curb, in free-field conditions.

B1.5.3 Location 3

-	I	Time	A	Wind	N	Noise Level, dB (A)	el, dB	(A)	
Date	Start	Finish	Speed	Direction	L90		L ₁₀ L _{max}	Lyng	Comments
03-08-2011	14:41	14:56	Still	ű i	50.9	57.3	77.4 56.0	56.0	Plant noise from the dance school across the road is dominant and constant. Other noise present from frequent passing pedestrians and eyclists. Distant road traffic noise from Euston Road is barely audible while occasional traffic noise along Flaxman Terrace is present. Infrequent noise sources include distant church bells and nearby shouting.
03-08-2011	15:57	16:12	Gentle	NS.	51.3	59.4	76.5	56.8	Same sources as before, with additional distant sirens and aeroplane noise, as well as a nearby passing moped.
03-08-2011	20:34	20:49	Still	36	50.4	54.6	90.2	55.9	Same as before, with extra noise from the nearby pub and music from the dance school. Some low level noise from nearby residents.
03-08-2011	22:07	22:22	Still	((*))	48.7	53.7	69.2	51.7	Dance school plant is now off, and distant noise from Euston Road is dominant. There is additional noise from passing talking pedestrians, infrequent Flaxman Terrace traffic, distant siren and church bells,
04-08-2011	01:14	01:10	Gentle	W	45.4	50.2	61.3	49.0	Distant road traffic noise from Euston Road dominant, while distant plant noise is audible to the north.
04-08-2011	01:46	01:51	Gentle	NS.	44.6	48.9	68.7	47.9	Dance school plant noise is on again and dominant. Euston Road traffic still audible.
04-08-2011	02:16	02:21	Still	3(#0)/	44.0	48.2	57.2	46.4	Same sources as before.
04-08-2011	02:47	02:52	Still		44.4	48.8	9.09	47.8	Same sources as before.

Table B4 Measured noise levels at location 3

The meter was positioned 3m from the road curb, in free-field conditions.

B1.5.4 Location 4

Date		Time	-	Wind	No	Noise Level, dB (A)	el, dB	(A)	
Date	Start	Finish	Speed	Direction	L90	Lio	Lmax	Leq	Comments
03-08-2011	14:59	15:14	Still	6	52.6	62.6	76.4	58.9	Road traffic along Mabledon Place is dominant, while distant traffic noise from Euston Road is audible. Additional noise sources include frequent nearby pedestrians and leaf rustle.
03-08-2011	16:15	16:30	Gentle	W	52.9	63	80.5	60.4	Same sources as before with heavier pedestrian traffic and distant dog barking.
03-08-2011	21:14	21:19	Still	Ε	51.3	62.1	80	59.2	Same sources as before with distant noise from the pub and overhead helicopter.
03-08-2011	22:24	22:39	Still	2001	50.9	61.6	85.6	59.9	Euston Road traffic noise is dominant, while noise is still audible from heavy pedestrian traffic.
04-08-2011	01:21	01:26	Gentle	w	45.2	54.8	74.5 54.3	54.3	Traffic from Euston Road is dominant, while occasional noise audible from leaf rustle, distant sirens and faint plant noise from the east.
04-08-2011	02:00	02:02	Still	10	44.5	54.3	5'69	52.2	As before, with an occasional car along Mabledon Place.
04-08-2011	02:30	02:35	Still	10.	45.2	53.4	9'89	52	Same sources as before.
04-08-2011	03:00	03:05	Still	•	44.6	54.8	54.8 62.2	51.1	Same sources as before.

Table B5 Measured noise levels at location 4

The meter was positioned 4m away from the roadside curb, in free-field conditions.

Page B5

B1.5.5 Location 5

D. C.	T	Time	N	Wind	No	Voise Level, dB (A)	el, dB ((A)	
Date	Start	Finish	Speed	Direction	L90	L10	Lmax	Leq	Comments
03-08-2011	20:52	21:07	Still	a	55.9	55.9 60.8 72.2	72.2	59.0	Plant noise is dominant, with plant noise from every side of the car park enclosure. Occasional shouting audible from dance school.
04-08-2011	01:38	01:43	Still	*	54.4	55.4	8.65	54.9	54.4 55.4 59.8 54.9 Plant noise is still dominant – no other sources audible,

Table B6 Measured noise levels at location 5

Measurements were taken in the car park of the Premier Inn hotel, in free-field conditions.

Page B6

CLARKE SAUNDERS ASSOCIATES 14th July 2014

APPENDIX C

EXTERNAL PLANT NOISE EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS - NOVOTEL

Calculation 1: Current situation

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Climaventa TECS2/SL-CA 0512	Lp	10 m	62	54	54	50	47	42	35	30	52
Number of units		2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Distance Loss		38 m	-12	-12	-12	-12	-12	-12	-12	-12	
Screening			-5	-5	-5	-6	-7	-8	-10	-12	
Level At Receiver			48	40	40	35	31	25	16	9	37

Criteria 49 dB(A)

Calculation 2: New chillers

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Climaventa TECS2/SL-CA 0512	Lp	10 m	62	54	54	50	47	42	35	30	52
Number of units		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Distance Loss		60 m	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	
Level At Receiver			46	38	38	34	31	26	19	14	36

Calculation 3: New condensers

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Stulz KSV045A21p	Lp	10 m	65	57	57	53	50	45	38	33	55
Number of units		3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Distance Loss		60 m	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	-16	
Level At Receiver			54	46	46	42	39	34	27	22	44

Cumuative plant noise at receiver (Calcs 1 + 2 + 3) 46 dB(A)

Criteria 49 dB(A)

Calculation 4: Emergency plant

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Diesel rotary UPS	Lp	3 m	105	99	82	79	78	73	70	62	86
Silencers 900mm, 50%			-2	-4	-9	-15	-17	-14	-10	-8	
Distance Loss		60 m	-26	-26	-26	-26	-26	-26	-26	-26	
Level At Receiver			77	69	47	38	35	33	34	28	55

Emergency Plant Noise Criterion 64dB(A)

AS7755 1 MABLEDON PLACE, LONDON Page 1 of 2

CLARKE SAUNDERS ASSOCIATES 14th July 2014

APPENDIX D

EXTERNAL PLANT NOISE EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS - MABEL'S TAVERN

Calculation 1: Current situation

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Climaventa TECS2/SL-CA 0512	Lp	10 m	62	54	54	50	47	42	35	30	52
Number of units		2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Distance Loss		70 m	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	-17	
Screening*			-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	
Level At Receiver			30	22	22	18	15	10	3	-2	20

^{*} Screening limited to -18dB

Criteria 49 dB(A)

Calculation 2: New chillers

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Climaventa TECS2/SL-CA 0512	Lp	10 m	62	54	54	50	47	42	35	30	52
Number of units		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Distance Loss		48 m	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	
Screening*			-15	-17	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	
Level At Receiver			33	23	22	18	15	10	3	-2	20

^{*} Screening limited to -18dB

Calculation 3: New condensers

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Stulz KSV045A21p	Lр	10 m	65	57	57	53	50	45	38	33	55
Number of units		3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Distance Loss		48 m	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	-14	
Screening*			-16	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	
Level At Receiver			40	30	30	26	23	18	11	6	28

^{*} Screening limited to -18dB

Cumuative plant noise at receiver (Calcs 1 + 2 + 3) 30 dB(A)

Criteria 49 dB(A)

Calculation 4: Emergency plant

			63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dB(A)
Diesel rotary UPS	Lp	3 m	105	99	82	79	78	73	70	62	86
Silencers 900mm, 50%			-2	-4	-9	-15	-17	-14	-10	-8	
Distance Loss		48 m	-24	-24	-24	-24	-24	-24	-24	-24	
Screening*			-15	-17	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	-18	
Level At Receiver			64	54	31	22	19	17	18	12	41

^{*} Screening limited to -18dB

Emergency Plant Noise Criterion 59dB(A)

AS7755 1 MABLEDON PLACE, LONDON Page 2 of 2