19th December 2007

Ref: 16037/.2

THE SWISS CHURCH

Structural Engineer's Report - Stage D

#### 1 The Site

The Swiss Church in central London is an existing listed building built in 1854. The façade of the building on Endell Street is constructed of stone. Internally the front of the building is divided into three levels, a basement, ground floor entrance and gallery. The remainder of the building is predominantly a ten-meter high traditional church hall.

The terraced building has brick and stone walls with timber roof trusses. The arched trusses spanning the flank walls and bear onto individual consoles. The hall has a timber floor on timber joists.

#### 2 Ground Conditions

A geotechnical report has not been carried out. The ground is assumed to have an allowable bearing pressure of 140 kN/ $m^2$ .

#### 3 Proposed Structure

It is proposed to remove the existing gallery floor and ground floor. The basement and ground floors are to be lowered to allow for the front internal portion of the building to be divided into four floors. The new basement will increase in floor area, extending from the front façade approximately 7.5m towards the rear of the building. The new lowered ground floor will have two trenches below the finished floor level connecting the basement to the rear of the building. The first floor will have a gallery view into the central hall as well to the front of the building. This is achieved by the floor ending about a meter from the front wall creating a void between the floor and the front wall. The second and top internal level has a gallery view of the hall, with the floor extending and bearing onto the front and flank walls.

# 3.3 Structural Engineer's report

Price & Myers: Paul Toplis, Brent Hoffmann

The new floors, trenches and connecting lift shaft are to be constructed from reinforced concrete. There are three concrete columns supporting each upper level. The edge of the ground floor is supported on the existing external walls and the new vertical reinforced concrete basement wall. The reinforced concrete floor of the hall bears onto the ground. The first and second floor slab edges are similarly supported on the external walls, with the rear of the floors cantilevering past the columns.

A lift and steel staircases provide access between floors, although the existing stone basement stairs are to be re-used.

## 3.1 Substructure

The three columns bear onto a new concrete ground beam below the basement level. This ground beam, the lowered concrete basement floor and ground floor bear onto the ground.

### 3.2 <u>Superstructure</u>

The existing brick and stone walls will provide stability and support for the proposed works.

### 3.3 External Works

The lowering of the ground floor will require the entrance steps to be lowered.

# 4 Design Criteria

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# 4.1 <u>Codes and Standards</u>

The design of the structure will be carried out in accordance with the following codes of practice:-

British

Loading BS6399

Part 1 (1984)

Part 2 (1997)

Part 3 (1988)

Concrete

BS8110

Foundations BS8004

Steelwork BS5950

Balustrades BS6180

# 4.2 <u>Loadings</u>

Design Dead Loads:

sĩabs

275mm 6.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

300mm 7.2 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

150mm 3.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

Finishes and Services

 $1.0 \, \text{kN/m}^2$ 

Partition

1.0 kN/m²

Imposed Loads

Generally

2.5 kN/m²

Other Loads

organ

25 kN (tbc)

# 4.3 <u>Design Fire Periods</u>

The building will be designed for a 1-hour fire rating.

# 5 Design Drawings

Refer to sketches:

**SK13** 

SK14

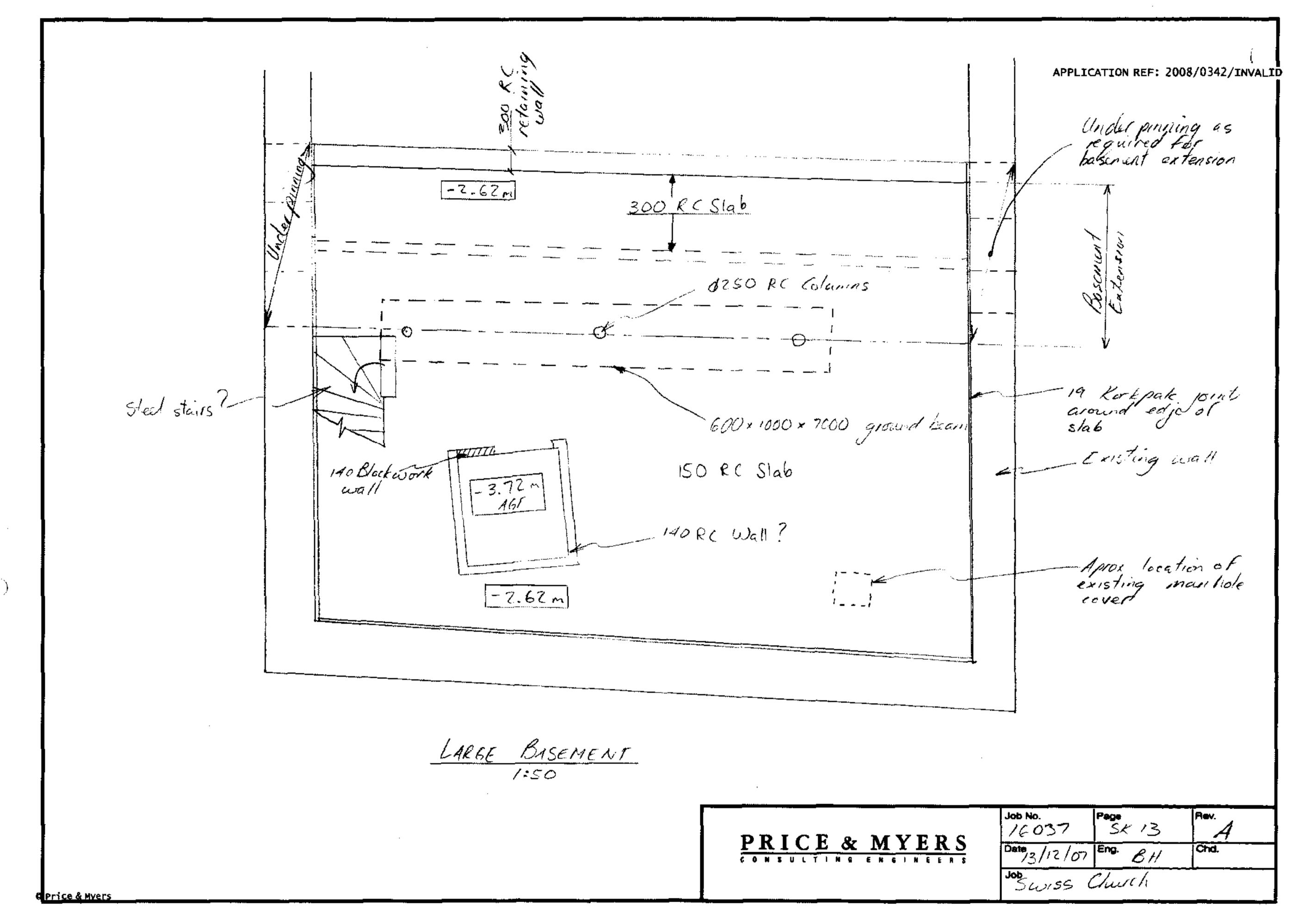
SK15

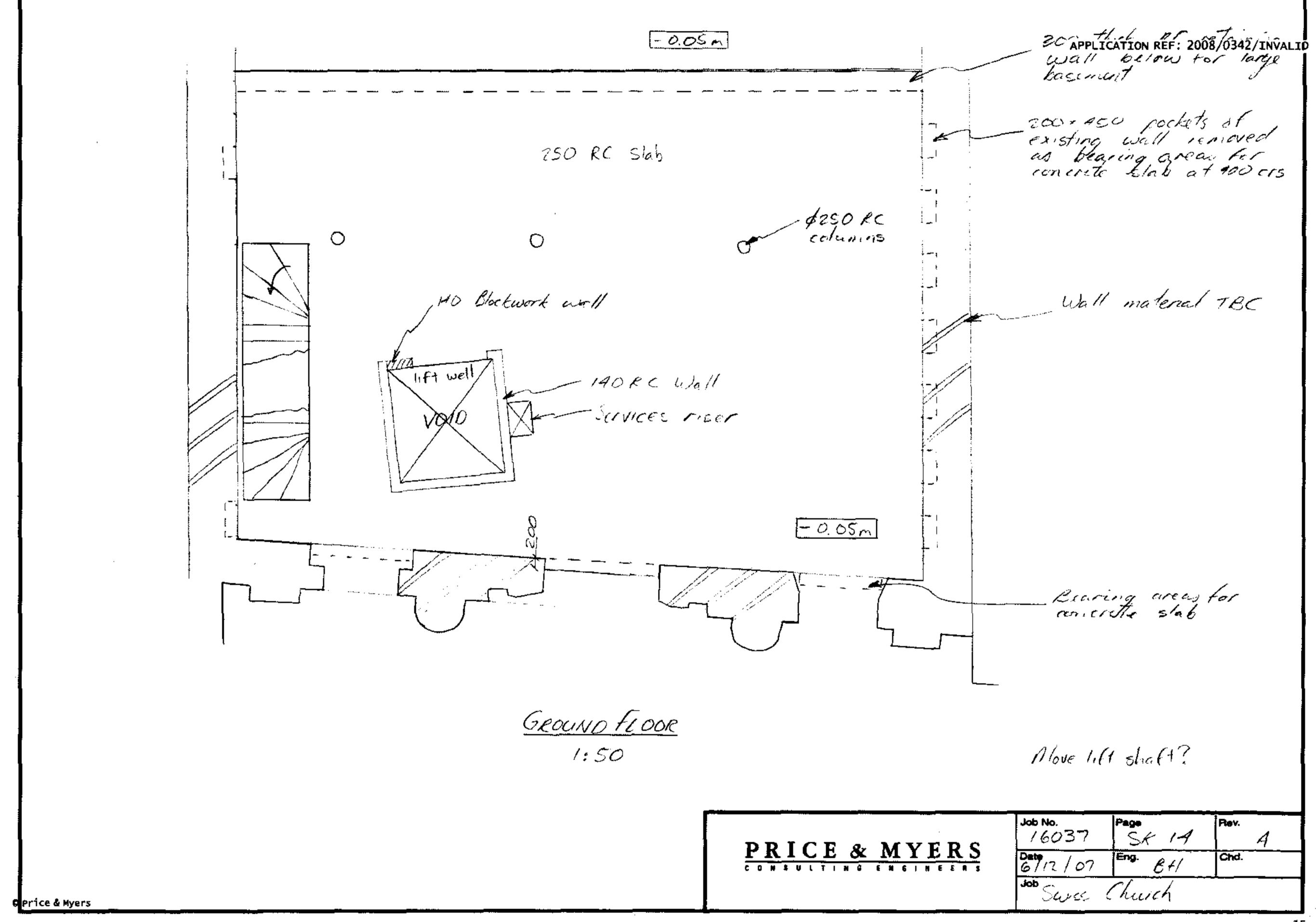
SK16

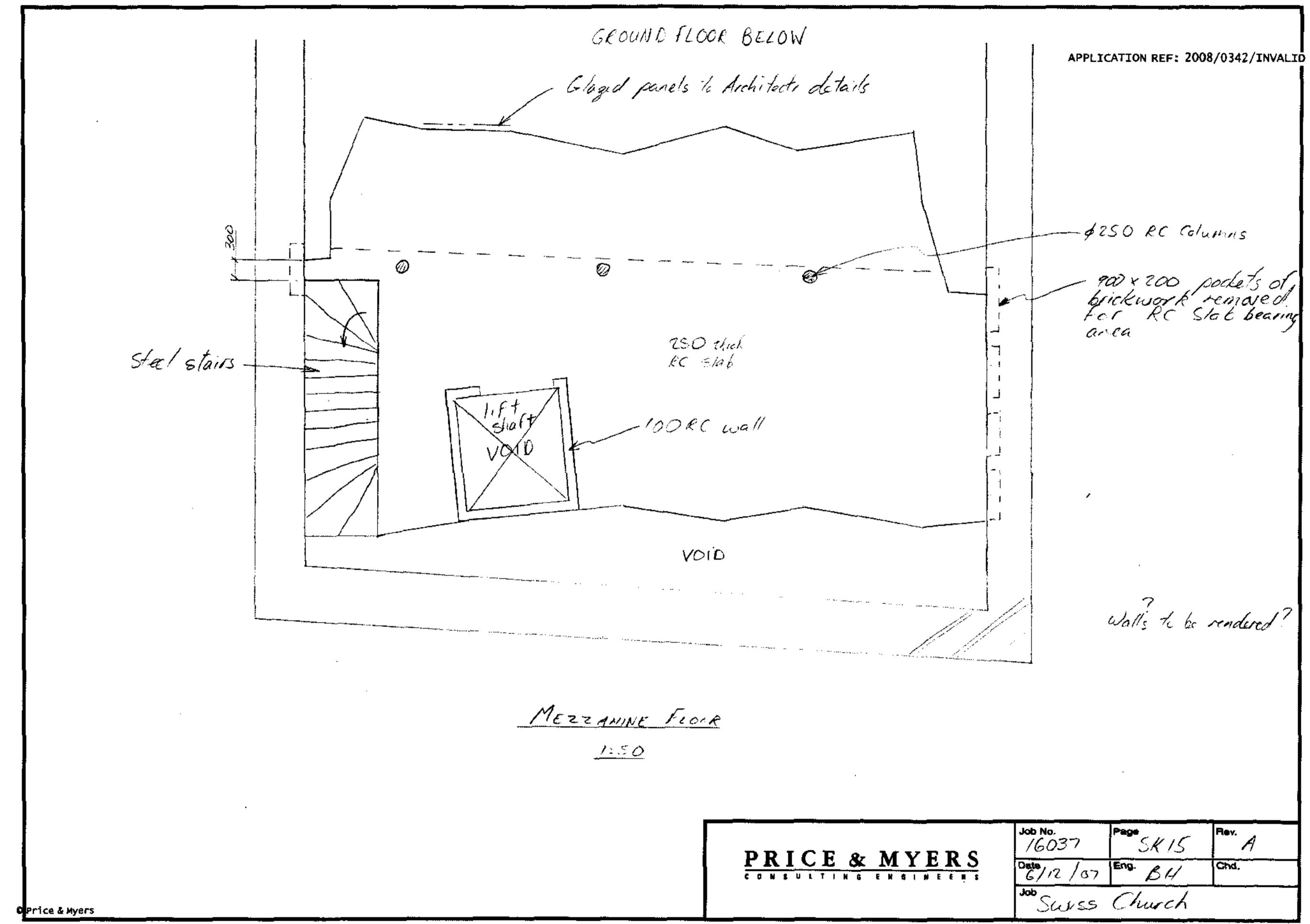
SK17

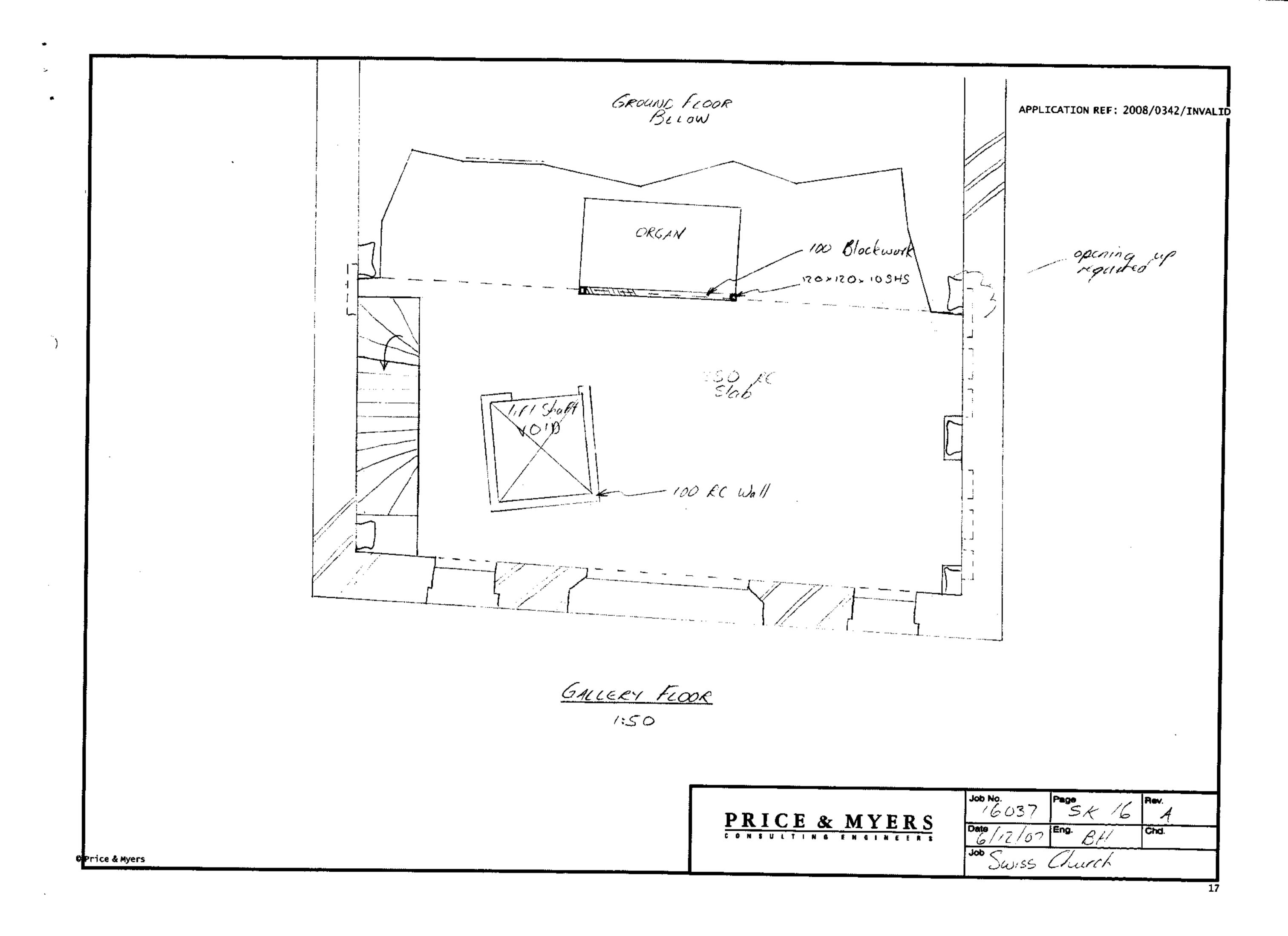
5K18

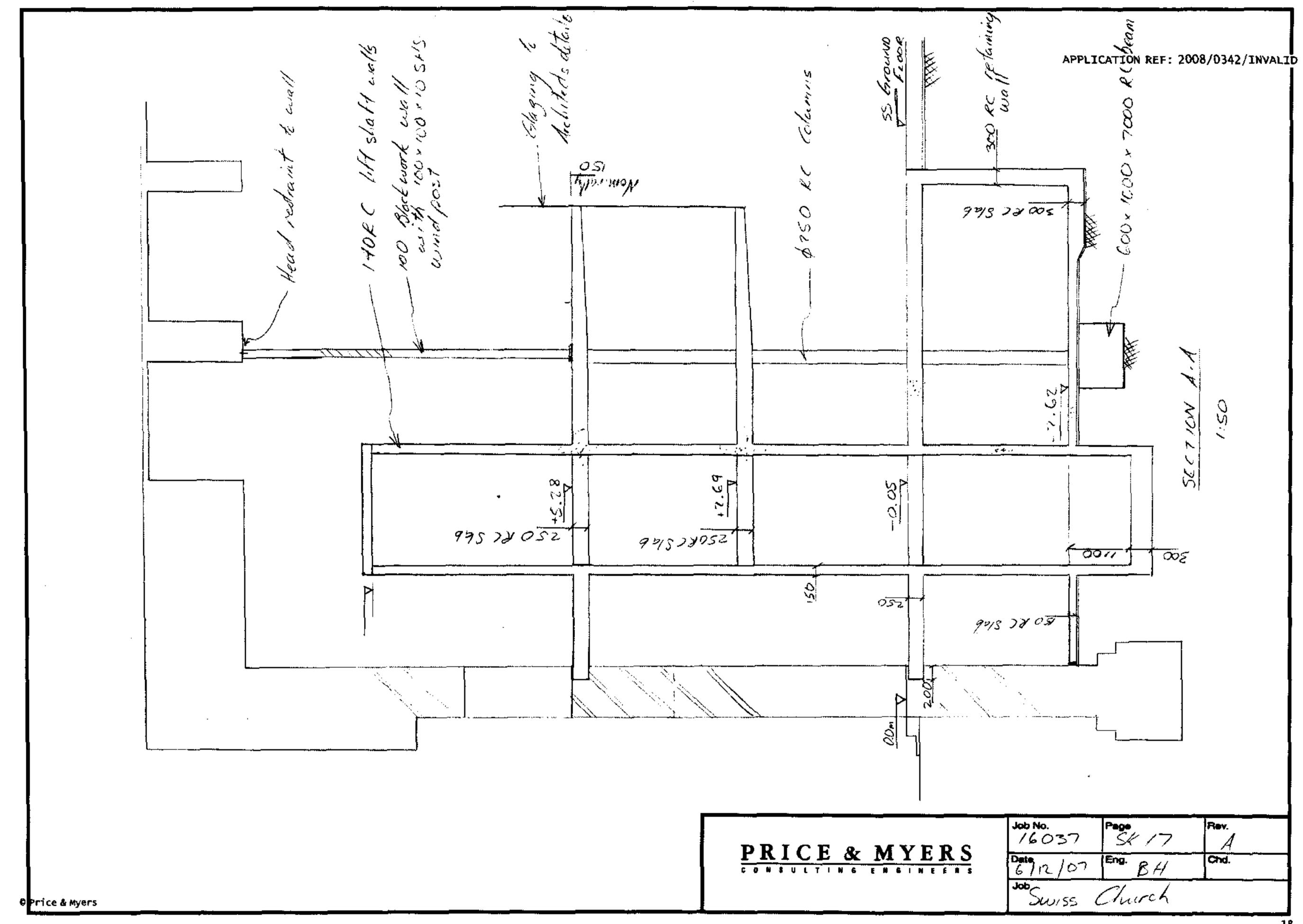
O Price & Myers



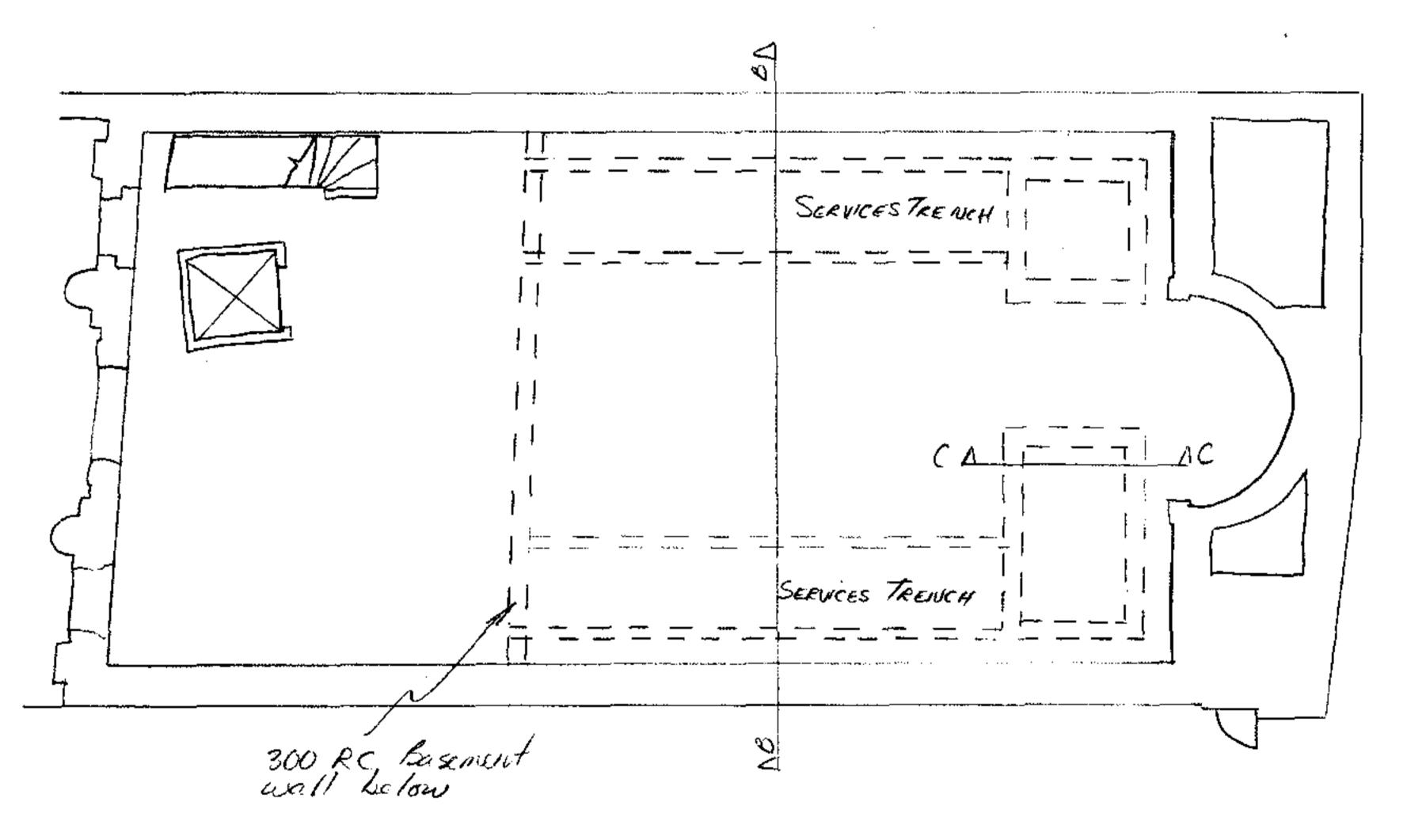








APPLICATION REF: 2008/0342/INVALID



PLAN OF GROUND FLOOR

PRICE & MYERS

Date 1/2/07 Eng. SH. Chd.

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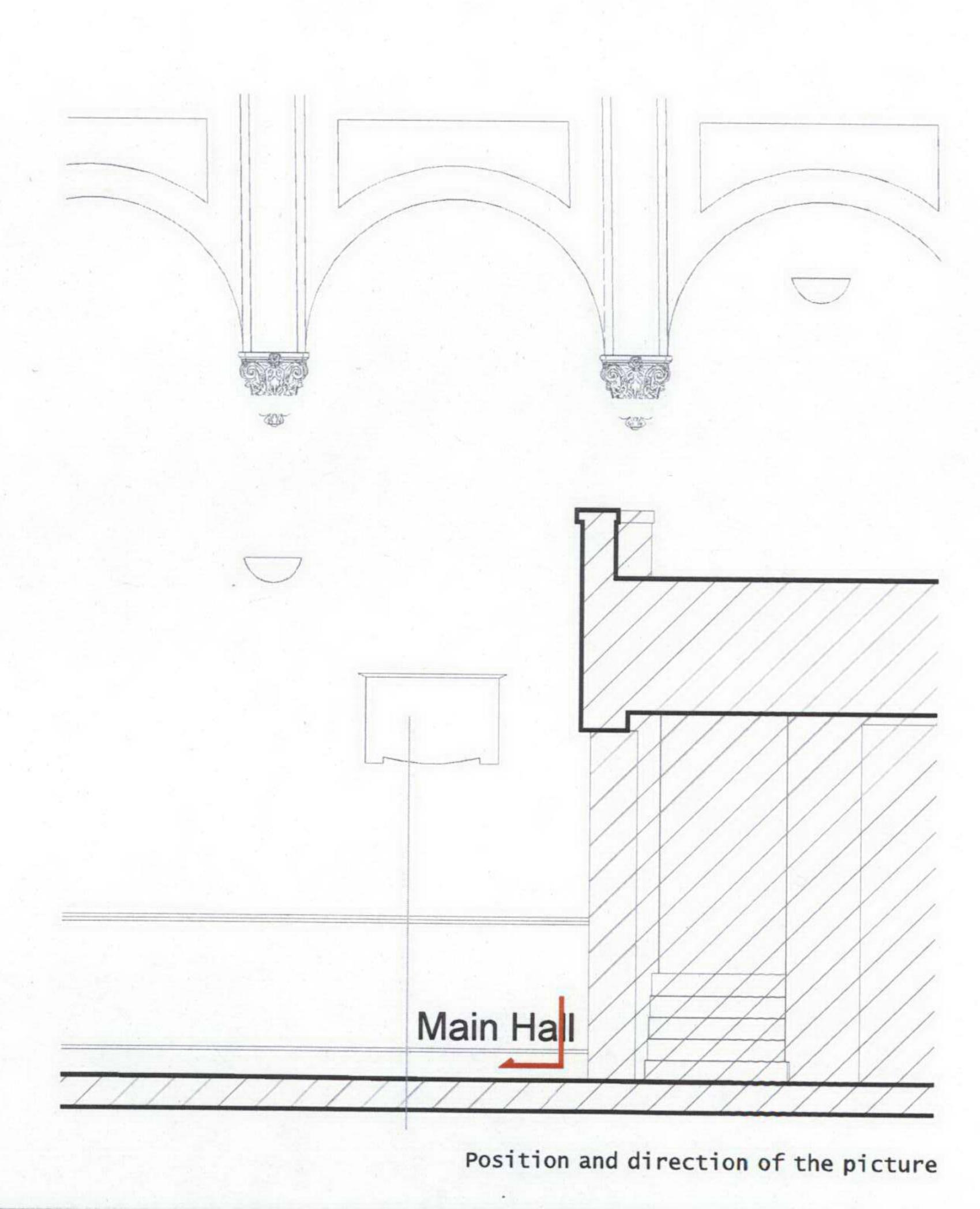
Date 1/2/07 Eng. SH. Chd.

Swiss Church

price & Myers

A small trial pit has been done to check the existing floor construction of the ground floor. The carpet was lifted just by the gallery structure and a piece of floor boarding was temporarily removed.

It was assessed that the floor boards on joists over a vented void are supported by brick columns. The distance between the upper side of the oak boarding and the ground is about 430mm, the void is about 300mm and the joists are 60/100mm.



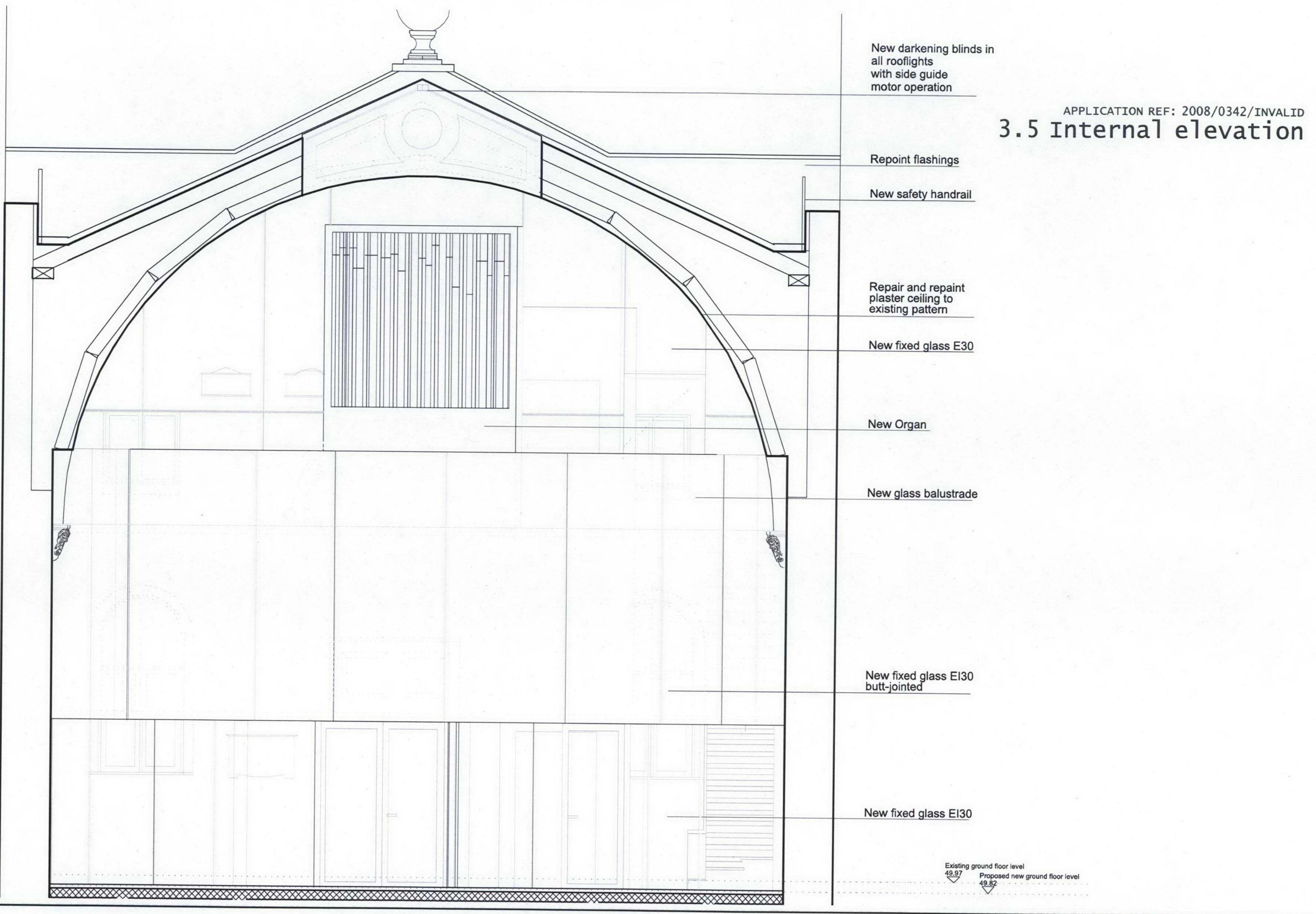
3.4 Survey under the original ground floor



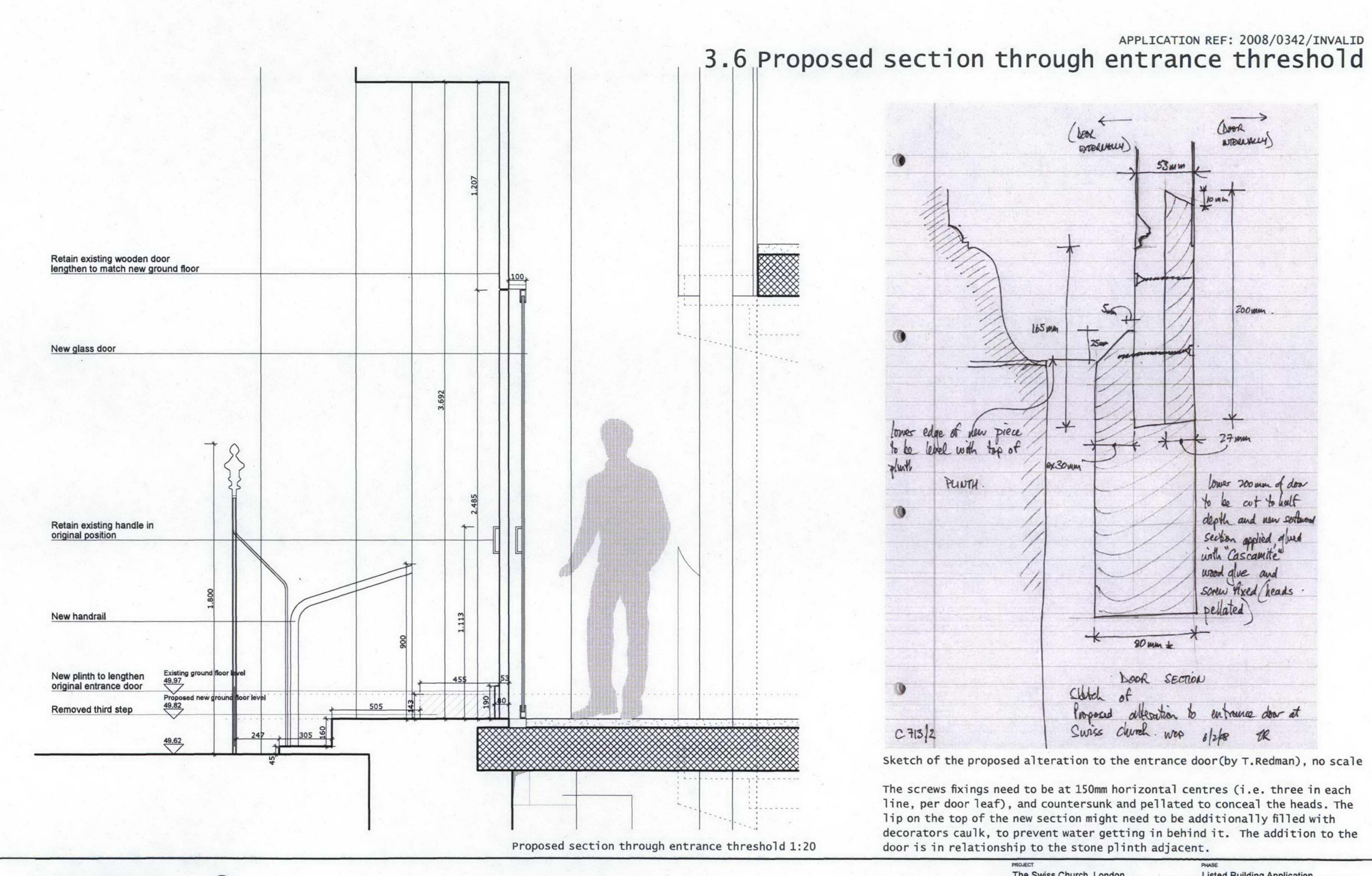
Picture of the vented void

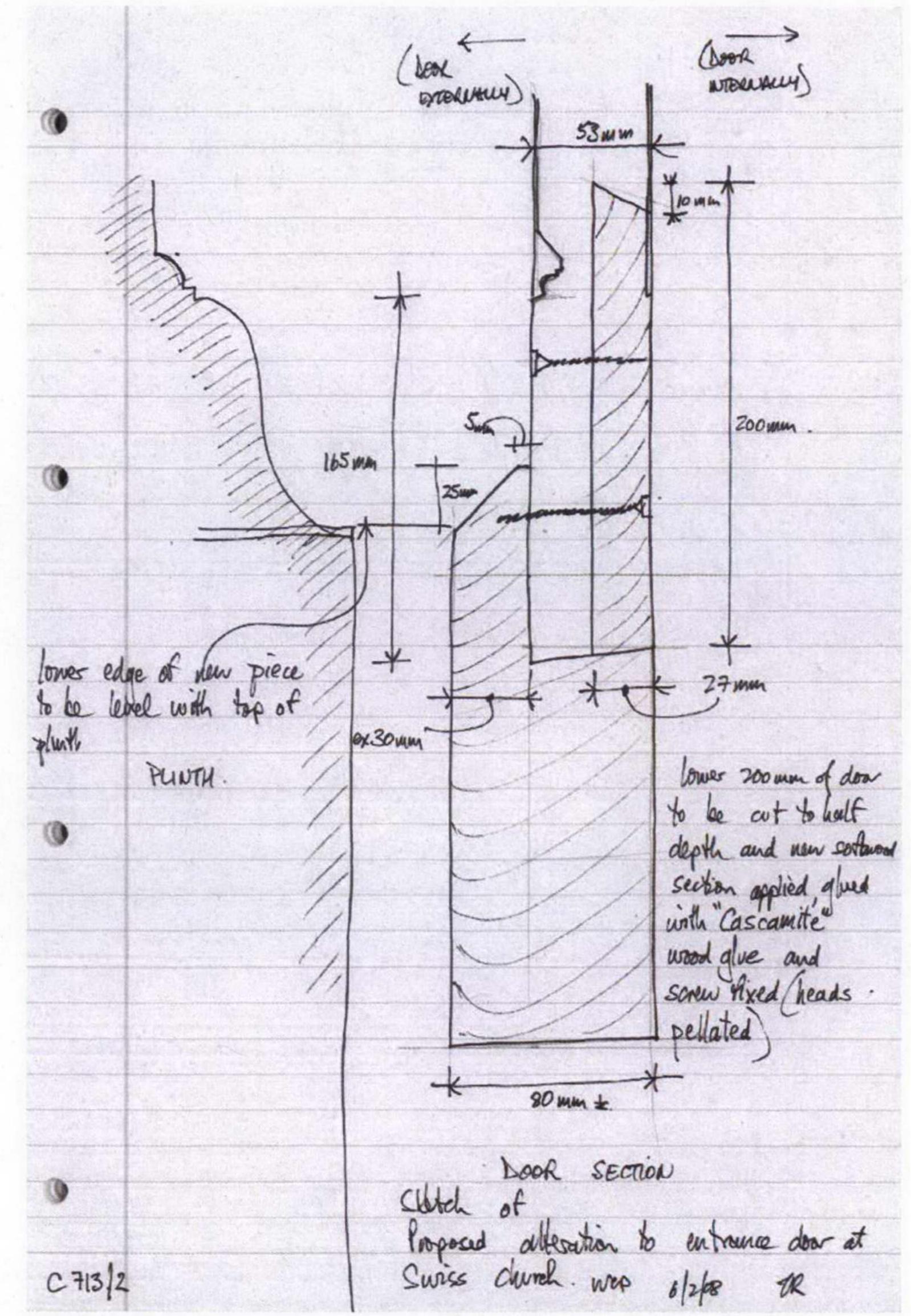


Picture of the oak boarding



PROJECT			PHASE				
The Swiss Church, London CONTENT Proposed internal elevation			Listed Building Application PLAN NO. 1064 06-005				
				FORMAT	SCALE	DATE	REV.
				42/29.7	1:50	08.02.2008	



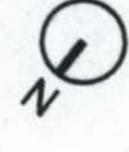


Sketch of the proposed alteration to the entrance door(by T.Redman), no scale

The screws fixings need to be at 150mm horizontal centres (i.e. three in each line, per door leaf), and countersunk and pellated to conceal the heads. The lip on the top of the new section might need to be additionally filled with decorators caulk, to prevent water getting in behind it. The addition to the door is in relationship to the stone plinth adjacent.

The Swiss Church, London

DO NOT SCALE OFF DRAWING REPORT ALL DISCREPANCIES CHECK ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE



1064\_06-001 Proposed section entrance threshold 1:20 08.02.2008

Listed Building Application