75A Ladbroke Grove

London W11 2PD Site: 12-13 Kings Mews Made by JWL Job: SAPS Page 1 1248 **Client copy** SuperHeat 6.200 600508 saps revised.h6b Printed 14 Oct 2011 11:32 **Building Summary** Area m² Total heat Orient loss W/K Gross Open U-value Wall 1: ground / first front F 42.00 12.91 0.27 33.11 2: side wall L 48.00 0.00 0.27 13.15 1.89 В 35.00 3: rear (sx) 0.27 12.41 1: ground floor N/A 56.00 0.00 3.41 GdFlr 0.06 ? 7.03 Roof 1: first floor 56.00 0.00 0.13 Total: 69.10 Breakdown by element type: Area Wall kings mews existing 110.19 0.27 29.75 Gd floor U-value based on shape factor 56.00 0.06 3.41 Roof coach house flat roof 7.03 56.00 0.13 Window DG wood 16mm gap argon low-E (en=0.15) 12.91 22.86 1 77 Door Solid wood 1.89 3.00 5.67 Window U-values include curtain factor adjustment (SAP-2005 §3.2) Average/maximum U-values: Walls: 0.27/0.27; Floors: 0.06/0.06 Roofs: 0.13/0.13; Openings: 2.04/3.00 Floor area: 112.00m² Living area fraction: 0.43 Internal volume: 280m³ Front faces: NE Storeys: 2 Chimneys: 1 Flues: 0 Fans: 5 Flueless gas heaters: 0 Sheltered sides: 1 Pressure test: None - default infiltration used: Masonry construction; no draught lobby; 100% draught stripping: Natural ventilation with intermittent extract fans Low energy lighting: 70% of fixed lighting points (30% assumed for DER/TER calculations) Primary heating system: Air-to-air heat pump warm air system Zone control (delayed start stat) Fuel: Electricity (standard tariff) Closed room heater- HETAS approved Secondary heating system: Fuel: Wood pellets (bagged) Dual immersion heater Domestic hot water supply: 200 litre cylinder, 100mm factory-insulated Electricity (standard tariff)

SAP 2005 Rating 64 Band D El Rating 78 Band C

Total CO₂ emissions = 2.57 tonnes/year

These calculations should not be accepted without first checking the input data

Important design features

One or more walls has a U-value of less than 0.28 One or more floors has a U-value of less than 0.20 One or more roofs has a U-value of less than 0.15

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Elements of construction used in building

Walls

Roof

	s mews exi	sting	
1 2 3 4 5 6	: 25mm : 75mm : 225mm : 12.5mm : 3 : N/A	External rendering kingspan Brickwork (outer leaf) Plasterboard 9.5mm Plaster (lightweight) Wall inside surface	$25/0.57 \times 1000 = 0.044$ $75/0.022 \times 1000 = 3.409$ $225/0.77 \times 1000 = 0.292$ $9.5/0.21 \times 1000 = 0.045$ $3/0.18 \times 1000 = 0.017$ 0.13 = 0.130
			3.937 Unadiusted U-value = 1/3 937 = 0 254
Add	correction(s)	to U-value (Table A4)	
Exte	rnai insulatio	in fixed with screws of halls pen	Adjusted U-value = 0.27
			Ground floor
			Ground noor
U-va	alue has bee	n calculated using BS EN 13370):1998

Thermal resistance of edge insulation, 75x1/0.022x1000 = 3.41

Additional equivalent thickness, d' = 3.359 x 1.5 = 5.039

Edge insulation reduction factor, $\Delta \psi = 0.003$ ΔU for edge insulation = 2 x 0.003/50.909 = 0.000 **U-value of insulated floor = 0.06 - 0.00 = 0.06**

d, = 5.73m.

Additional thermal resistance for edge insulation R' = 3.409 - 0.075/1.5 = 3.359

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coach house flat roof			
1:N/ARoof outside surface2:13mmStone chippings3:3mmFelt/bitumen roofing4:150mmPhenolic foam slab 30kg/m35:200mmTimber floor/deck/sheathing6A:150mmFlat roof void6B:150mmTimber floor/deck/sheathing7:N/APlasterboard 12.5mm8:Roof inside surface	$\begin{array}{r} 0.04 = 0.0\\ 13/2.0 \times 1000 = 0.0\\ 3/0.23 \times 1000 = 0.0\\ 150/0.025 \times 1000 = 6.0\\ 200/0.13 \times 1000 = 1.5\\ 0.16 = 0.1\\ 150/0.13 \times 1000 = 1.1\\ 12.5/0.21 \times 1000 = 0.0\\ 0.10 = 0.1\\ Proportion/Resistance\\ Heat path A: 0.900/7.918 = 0.1\\ B: 0.100/8.911 = 0.0\\ R = 1/(0.114 \pm 0.011) = 8.0\\ \end{array}$	040 007 013 000 538 (60 0.900) (54 0.100)- 060 000 € R _{lower} 14 011	$\begin{array}{c} 0.040\\ 0.007\\ 0.013\\ 6.000\\ 1.538\\ 0.175\\ 0.060\\ \underline{0.100}\\ = 7.933 \end{array}$
Total resistance, $R_T = (8.007+7.933)/2 = 7.970$ Add correction(s) to U-value (Table A4) Insulation between and over joists or rafters:	U-value = $1/7.970 = 0$ Adjusted U-value = 0.	.13 000 13	
Doors and windows	U-value Solar Tr	ransmittance	Frame Factor
Solid wood door	1.90 3.00	0.72	0.70 0.70

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Location: first floor

 $Area = 56.00 \text{ m}^2$

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Building heat loss calculations

Building use: Existing dwelling	
l ocation: ground / first front	

Wall

Orienta	ation: F	
U-Value = 0.274		
Area x U-value 29.09 x 0.274 =	W/K 7.97	
2x1.2x1.05 = 2.52 x 1.766 (1.9) =	4.45	
0.9x1.05 = 0.94 x 1.766 (1.9) =	1.67	
$2x2.0x1.8 = 7.20 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$	12.71	
$0.9 \times 0.4 = 0.36 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$	0.64	
$0.9x2.1 = 1.89 \times 3.0 =$	<u>5.67</u>	
	33.11	
Orienta	ation: L	
U-Value =	= 0.274	
Heat loss = 48.00 x 0.274 = 13.1	15 W/K	
Orienta	ation: B	
U-Value =	= 0.274	
	0	
Area x U-value	W/K	
33.11 x 0.274 =	9.07	
$2x0.9x1.05 = 1.89 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$	3.34	
Total heat loss =	12.41	
Host loss - 56 00 x 0 06 - 2 /	41 W/K	
-	Orienta U-Value = Area x U-value $29.09 \times 0.274 =$ $2x1.2x1.05 = 2.52 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$ $0.9x1.05 = 0.94 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$ $2x2.0x1.8 = 7.20 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$ $0.9x0.4 = 0.36 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$ $0.9x2.1 = 1.89 \times 3.0 =$ Total heat loss = Heat loss = 48.00 x 0.274 = 13.4 Orienta U-Value = Area x U-value $33.11 \times 0.274 =$ $2x0.9x1.05 = 1.89 \times 1.766 (1.9) =$ Total heat loss =	

Roof

Orientation: ?

U-Value = 0.125 Heat loss = 56.00 x 0.125 = 7.03 W/K _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

Total building heat loss = 69.10 W/K C/F to SAP/DER worksheets [33]

Thermal bridges: Use default loss of $0.08 \times \Sigma A_{exp}$ (Accredited Construction Details) = $0.08 \times 237.00 = 18.96$ W/K C/F to SAP/DER worksheets [34] Window U-values include curtain factor adjustment; unadjusted U-value shown in brackets (# denotes user-entered U-value)

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Solar-related	d calculations		
Solar gains through open	ings during heating sea	son	
# Opening	0 9 x Area x Flux x	Trans x FF x SAF	Gain (W)
ground / first front Orientation: F (NE/NW)			
1 Double-glazed (Low-E hard coat) window	0.9 x 2.52 x 34	x 0.72 x 0.7 x 0.77 =	30
2 do.	0.9 x 0.94 x 34	x 0.72 x 0.7 x 0.77 =	11
3 do.	0.9 x 7.20 x 34	x 0.72 x 0.7 x 0.77 =	86 4
4 du.	0.9 X 0.36 X 34	x 0.72 x 0.7 x 0.77 =	4
1 Double-glazed (Low-F bard coat) window	0 9 x 1 89 x 64	x 0 72 x 0 7 x 0 54 –	30
	Total Solar Gain C/E to SA	D/DER workshoots [f	51 161 W
Ligi	hting		
Light transmission through windows and rooflights			
ground / first front Orientation: F (NE/NW)		v 0 7 v 0 00 v 0 00	1.05
1 DG wood frame window 16mm gap argon low-E ($\varepsilon_n = 0$	0.9 X 2.52	x 0.7 x 0.80 x 0.83 = x 0 7 x 0 80 x 0 83 =	1.05
3 do.	0.9 x 7.20	$x 0.7 \times 0.80 \times 0.83 =$	3.01
4 do.	0.9 x 0.36	x 0.7 x 0.80 x 0.83 =	0.15
5 Solid wood door			0.00
rear Orientation: B (SE/SW)		0.7.000.007	0.04
1 DG wood frame window 16mm gap argon low-E (ϵ_n =0	0.15) 0.9 X 1.89	= 1.0.7 X 0.80 X 0.67 = Total light input	<u>0.64</u> 5.25
$G_{1} = 5.25/112.00 = 0.047$ $G_{2} = 1.082$		i otai ngitt input	0.20
$O_2 = 0.20$, 112.00 = 0.041 $O_2 = 1.002$	00 = 0.65		
Electricity used for lighting, $E_1 = E_B$.TFA.C ₁ .C ₂ = 9.3 x 112.	$0 \times 0.65 \times 1.082 = 732$ C/F to	SAP worksheet [93]	
Reduction in energy use due to low energy lights, $\Delta_{FI} = E_{R}$.	TFA. $(1-C_1)$. $C_2 = 9.3 \times 112.0 \times 10^{-5}$	(1-0.65) x 1.082 = 39	94
DER calculation assumes 30% low energy lighting fixed out	tlets $C_{-1} = 0.50 \times 30/100 = 0.00000000000000000000000000000000$	0.85	
Electricity used for lighting, $E_1 = E_B$.TFA.C ₁ .C ₂ = 9.3 x 112.	$0 \times 0.85 \times 1.082 = 958$ C/F to	DER worksheet [109	91
Reduction in energy use due to low energy lights, $\Delta_{EI} = E_{R}$. Reduction in gains, $\Delta_{gains} = 0.15\Delta E_{L} = 0.15 \times 169 = 25$ C/F	TFA. $(1-C_1)$. $C_2 = 9.3 \times 112.0 \times 10$ <i>DER worksheet</i> [53a]	(1-0.85) x 1.082 = 16	59
— - — - — - — - — - — - — - — - — - — -			
Solar gains through or	penings during summer	,	
No daytime shading assumed			
Ventilation rate in hot weather = 0.2 ACH			
Summer ventilation heat loss = $0.33 \times 0.2 \times 280.0$ [6] = 18			
Total summer heat loss = 88 [35] + 18 = 107W/K			
# Opening	0.9 x Area x Flux x	Trans x FF x SAF	Gain (W)
ground / first front Orientation: F (NE/NW)			
1 Double-glazed (Low-E hard coat) window	Average: 0.9 x 2.52 x 89	$x 0.72 \times 0.7 \times 0.90 =$	92
2 do. 3 do.	Average: 0.9 x 0.94 x 89	X U. / 2 X U. 7 X 0.90 =	34
s uu. 4 do	Average: 0.9 x 7.20 x 89 Average: 0.9 x 0.36 x 89	x ∪.1∠ x U.1 X U.9U = x 0 72 x 0 7 x 0 90 -	∠o∠ 13
5 Solid door	/woruge. 0.0 x 0.00 x 09	x 0.1 Z X 0.1 X 0.30 -	0
rear Orientation: B (SE/SW)			
1 Double-glazed (Low-E hard coat) window	More: 0.9 x 1.89 x 112	x 0.72 x 0.7 x 0.70 =	67
		Total Solar Gain	468W

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Total summer gains, G = 468 + 725 [55] = 1192 Summer Gain/Loss ratio = 1192/107 = 11.19 Region: South East Mean summer air temperature = 16°C Thermal mass parameter, TMP = 11 (Table P7) $\Delta T_{mass} = 0$ $T_{threshold} = 16.00 + 11.19 + 0 = 27.19°C$ Likelihood of high internal temperatures during summer weather: **HIGH** !

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SAP Worksheet (Version 9.80)

Calculation of Energy Rating

Overall Dwelling Dimensions

	Area	m ² Avg ht m.	Vol. m ³	
Ground/entrance level:	56.00	2.70	151.20	[1]
First:	56.00	2.30	<u>128.80</u>	[2]
	Total floor area: 112.00	[5] Volum	ne: 280.00	[6]
Ventilation Rate			ACH	
Chimneys:		1 x 40/280	.00 = 0.14	[7]
Fans and passive vents:		5 x 10/280	.00 = <u>0.18</u>	[9]
Infiltration due to chimneys, flues and fans:		(-))	0.32	[10]
2 storeys: additional infiltration:		(2 - 1) x (0.1 = 0.10	[12]
Structural infiltration (masonry):			0.35	[13]
Additional inflitration due to no draught lobby:			0.05	[15]
100% of windows and doors are draught stripped:		0.05 (0.0 × 100/1)		[10]
Resulting minimation.		J.25-(U.2 X 100/10	(00) = 0.03	[17]
1 sheltered side: shelter factor – 0.025			0.07	[19]
Adjusted infiltration rate = 0.87×0.93			0.81	[22]
Natural ventilation			0.01	[~~]
Effective air change rate			0.82	[24]
			0.82	[25]
Heat Loss Summary			\\//K	[=-]
Heat loss through structure (b/f from building summary):			69.10	[33]
Thermal bridges 0.08 x 237 00:			18.96	[34]
Total fabric heat loss:			88.06	[35]
Ventilation heat loss:	0.82 [25]	x 0.33 x 280.00 [61 = 76.22	[36]
Specific heat loss:	[]		164.28	[37]
Heat loss parameter:		164.28/11	2.0 = 1.47	[38]
Water Heating Energy Requirements			kWh/year	
Source: Dual immersion heater			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Euel: Electricity (standard tariff)				
Energy content of heated water (Table 1a N=3.443):			2249	[39]
Distribution loss (Table 1b):			397	[40]
Cylinder volume = 200 litres				[43]
Cylinder loss factor: 0.0103 (Table 2)				[44]
Volume factor: 0.8434 (Table 2a)				[44a]
Temperature factor: 0.6 (Table 2b)				[44b]
Energy lost from store:	200 x 0.0103	x 0.8434 x 0.6 x	365 = 380	[47]
Primary circuit loss :			0	[48]
Solar input:			0	[50]
Required output from water heater:	0.05 + 00.4	00	3026	[51]
Heat gains from water heating:	0.25 X 224	9 + 0.8 X (397+38	50) = 1184	[52]
Gains			Watts	
Lighting, appliance & metabolic gains (Table 5 N=3.443):			632	[53]
Reduction due to low energy lighting (70%):			-59	[53a]
Heating system fan: 16.8				
Total additional gains		4.4.0.4/0	17	[53b]
Water heating:		1184/8	$3.72 = \frac{135}{705}$	[54]
I otal internal gains:			725	[55]
Total gains (D/F ITUITI SUIAI-TETALEU TEPUTI).				[60]
1 Utal Yallis Gains/Loss ratio (GLR) - 885/16/ 3 [37] - 5 380			COO	[00] [67]
Utilisation factor (Table 7): 0.96				[68]
		885 v (06 - 954	[60]
USEIULOAIOS		7 17 1. 1 4 1	190 = 0.04	

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Mean internal tempera	ture				°C	
Control adjustment (Tab Heating system respons	rature: Table 8 col.1; ile 4e) iveness (R) = 1.00 (T	HLP [38] = 1.47 able 4a)			18.88 -0.15	[70] [71]
Adjustment for gains: Adjusted living room terr Temperature difference Living area fraction: Rest-of-house fraction:	nperature: between zones : (Tat 0.43 0.57	ble 9 col 3)	0.2 x R x ((854 [69]/16	34.3 [37]) - 4.0	$(0) = \frac{0.24}{18.97}$ 1.91	[72] [73] [74] [75] [76]
Mean internal temperatu	ire:		18.97 -	(1.91 x 0.57)	= 17.88	[77]
Degree Days			054	1001/404010	71 5 00	[70]
Base temperature rise from g Base temperature: Degree days (Table 10):	ains:		854	[69]/164.3 [37 17.88 - 5.20	7] = 5.20 = 12.68 1490	[78] [79] [80]
Space heating requirer	nents			k'	Wh/year	
Energy requirement (use Heat from secondary sys	eful): stem: 10% (Table 11)		0.024 x 149)0 x 164.3 [37] = 5874	[81] [82]
Primary system:	Air-to-air heat pur Controls: Zone co Fuel: Electricity (s Efficiency: 250%	mp warm air system ontrol standard tariff) (Table 4a)	5074	0.00 × 400/25	0445	[83]
Secondary system:	Fuel required: Closed room hea	ter- HETAS approve	5874 x U d).90 x 100/250) = 2115	[85]
	Fuel: Wood pelle Efficiency: 65% (Fuel required:	ts (bagged) Table 4a)	5874	x 0.10 x 100/6	65 = 904	[84] [85a]
Water heating energy re Source: Dual immersion	quirement (net): 3026 heater	3 kW [51]				
Efficiency : 100% Energy required:			3026	[51] x 100/10(0 = 3026	[86] [86a]
Electricity for pumps & fa Electricity for lighting (B/	ans: F from Solar report)				168 732	[87]
Fuel Costs					£/year	
Space heating:	Primary system: Secondary system:		2115 904	x 7.12p = x 5.00p =	150.56 45.18	[88] [89]
Water heating: Pump/fan energy cost: Lighting energy cost: Total heating cost:			3026 168 732	x 7.12p = x 7.12p = x 7.12p =	215.45 11.96 <u>52.15</u> 475.31	[91b] [92] [93] [97]
SAP Rating						
Energy cost deflator (Ta Energy cost factor (ECF SAP value = 64.2083	ble 12, footnote 2):) £/m²:		(475.31 x 0.91 - 30)/(112.00 + 45.0	0.91 0) = 2.56	[98] [99] [100]
		SAP Rating = 64 B	and D			
CO ₂ Emissions				-1	ł	kg/year
Primary heating system Secondary heating syste Water heating (electricity	(electricity) em (wood) v)		2115 [8 904 [85 3026 [86	5] x 0.422 = 5a] x 0.025 = 5a] x 0.422 =	892 23 1277	[101] [102] [103]
Total for space and wate	er heating			•	2192	[107]
Electricity for pumps and Electricity for lighting, C _L	d fans		168 [8 7:	57] x 0.422 = 32 x 0.422 =	71 309	[108] [109]
rew teennology. None.				Total:	2,572	[112]

Carbon Factor, CF = 2572/(112.00 + 45) = 16.38 EI = 78.00

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Primary energy	Energy	Primary	P.Energy	
	kWh/Yr	Factor	kWh/yr	
Space heating	2115	2.80	5921	[101]
Secondary heating	904	1.10	994	[102]
Water heating	3026	2.80	8473	[103]
Electricity for pumps and fans	168	2.80	470	[108]
Electricity for lighting	732	2.80	2051	[109]
New Technology: Energy saved	0	0.00	0	110
New Technology: Energy used	0	0.00	0	1111
6, 6,	Primary energy k	Nh/year	17,909	112
	Primary energy kWh/	year/m ²	160	[113]

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SAP Worksheet (Version 9.80)

Dwelling Carbon Dioxide Emission Rate (DER) Calculation

Overall Dwelling Dimensions

Ground/entrance level: First:	Area m ² 56.00 <u>56.00</u> Total floor area: 112.00 [5]	Avg ht m. Vol. r 2.70 151.20 2.30 <u>128.80</u> Volume: 280.00	n ³) [1] <u>)</u> [2]) [6]
Ventilation Rate Chimneys: Fans and passive vents: Infiltration due to chimneys, flues and fans: 2 storeys: additional infiltration: Structural infiltration (masonry): Additional infiltration due to no draught lobby: 100% of windows and doors are draught stripped: Resulting infiltration:	0.25	$ACH 1 \times 40/280.00 = 0.14 5 \times 10/280.00 = 0.18 0.32 (2 - 1) \times 0.1 = 0.10 0.33 0.05$	1 4 [7] 3 [9] 2 [10] 0 [12] 5 [13] 5 [15] 5 [16] 5 [17]
Infiltration rate: 1 sheltered side: shelter factor = 0.925 Adjusted infiltration rate = 0.87×0.93 Natural ventilation:	0.23	(0.2 × 100/100) = <u>0.00</u> 0.8	[17] [19] [21] [22]
Effective air change rate		0.82 0.82	2 [24] 2 [25]
Heat Loss Summary Heat loss through structure (b/f from building summary): Thermal bridges 0.08 x 237.00: Total fabric heat loss: Ventilation heat loss: Specific heat loss:	0.82 [25] x 0.3	69.10 <u>18.96</u> 88.06 33 x 280.00 [6] <u>= 76.22</u> 164.28	$\begin{bmatrix} 33 \\ 2 \\ 34 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 34 \\ 35 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 36 \\ 37 \end{bmatrix}$
Heat loss parameter:		164.28/112.0 = 1.47	7 [38]
Water Heating Energy Requirements		kWh/yea	r
Source: Dual immersion heater Fuel: Electricity (standard tariff) Energy content of heated water (Table 1a N=3.443): Distribution loss (Table 1b): Cylinder volume = 200 litres Cylinder loss factor: 0.0103 (Table 2) Volume factor: 0.8434 (Table 2a) Temperature factor: 0.6 (Table 2b) Energy lost from store: Primary circuit loss :	200 x 0.0103 x 0.8	224 39 3434 x 0.6 x 365 = 380	9 [39] 7 [40] [43] [44] [44a] [44b] 0 [47] 0 [48]
Solar input: Required output from water heater: Heat gains from water heating:	0.25 x 2249 + 0	() 3026 9.8 x (397+380) = 1184	0 [50] 5 [51] 4 [52]
Gains		Watt	5
Lighting, appliance & metabolic gains (Table 5 N=3.443): Reduction due to low energy lighting (30% assumed): Heating system fan: 16.8		632 -25	2 [53] 5 [53a]
Total additional gains Water heating: Total internal gains: Total solar gains (B/F from solar-related report): Total gains Gains/Loss ratio (GLR) = 919/164.3 [37] = 5.594 Utilisation factor (Table 7): 0.96		$1184/8.72 = \frac{13}{758}$ $\frac{16}{919}$ $910 \times 0.06 = 88$	7 [53b] 5 [54] 8 [55] 1 [65] 9 [66] [67] 6 [68]
Userur gallis.		$313 \times 0.30 = 887$	<u> [</u> 69]

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Mean internal temperature	°C
Living area mean temperature: Table 8 col.1; HLP [38] = Control adjustment (Table 4e) Heating system responsiveness (\mathbf{R}) = 1.00 (Table 4a)	= 1.47 18.88 [70 -0.15 [71
Adjustment for gains: Adjusted living room temperature: Temperature difference between zones : (Table 9 col 3) Living area fraction: 0.43 Rest-of-house fraction: 0.57 Mean internal temperature:	0.2 x R x ((882 [69]/164.3 [37]) - 4.0) = 0.27 19.00 1.91 [72 [76 [76 [76 [76] 19.00 - (1.91 x 0.57) = 17.91 [77]
Degree Days	
Temperature rise from gains: Base temperature: Degree days (Table 10):	882 [69]/164.3 [37] = 5.37 [78 17.91 - 5.37 = 12.54 [79 1459 [80
Space heating requirements	kWh/year
Energy requirement (useful): Heat from secondary system: 10% (Table 11)	0.024 x 1459 x 164.3 [37] = 5754 [81 [82]
Primary system: Air-to-air heat pump warm a Controls: Zone control Fuel: Electricity (standard ta Efficiency: 250% (Table 4a) Fuel required:	air system ariff) 5754 x 0.90 x 100/250 = 2072 [85]
Secondary system: Closed room heater- HETA: Fuel: Wood pellets (bagged Efficiency: 65% (Table 4a) Fuel required:	S approved)) 5754 x 0.10 x 100/65 = 885 [85a
Water heating energy requirement (net): 3026 kW [51] Source: Dual immersion heater Efficiency : 100%	[86
Energy required:	3026 [51] x 100/100 = 3026 [86a
Electricity for pumps & fans: Electricity for lighting (B/F from Solar report)	168 [87 958
CO ₂ Emissions	kg/yea
Primary heating system (electricity) Secondary heating system (wood) Water heating (electricity) Total for space and water heating Electricity for pumps and fans Electricity for lighting, C _L	$2072 [85] \times 0.422 = 874 [107] \\ 885 [85a] \times 0.025 = 22 [102] \\ 3026 [86a] \times 0.422 = \frac{1277}{2173} [107] \\ 168 [87] \times 0.422 = 71 [108] \\ 958 \times 0.422 = 404 [109] \\ 109 \end{bmatrix}$
New technology: None:	Total: 2.648 [112
Dwelling Carbon Dioxid	e Emission Rate (DER) = 23.65 (2.648/112.00

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Site: 12-13 Kings Mews Job: SAPS 1248		Made by JWL Page 12 Client copy	
SuperHeat 6.200 600508	saps revised.h6b	Printed 14 Oct 2011 11:3	2
SAP Worksheet (Version 9.80) Target Carbon Dioxide Emis	sion Rate (TER) Calcul	ation	
	Area L	J-Value Heat Loss W	//K
Walls (net) DG wood frame window 16mm gap low-E glass (en=0.2) Solid wood door Floors Roofs Total heat loss (C/F to [33]	97.00 26.15 1.85 56.00 56.00	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.35 & 33.95 \\ 2.00 & 48.43 \\ 2.00 & 3.70 \\ 0.25 & 14.00 \\ 0.16 & \underline{8.96} \\ 109.04 \end{array}$	
Overall Dwelling Dimensions			
Ground/entrance level: First:	Area m ² 56.00 56.00 Total floor area: 112.00 [5]	Avg ht m. Vol. m ³ 2.70 151.20 2.30 128.80 Volume: 280.00	[1] [2] [6]
Ventilation Rate		ACH	L-1
Fans and passive vents: Infiltration due to chimneys, flues and fans: Default q_{50} value = 10.00		$3 \times 10/280.00 = \frac{0.11}{0.11}$ $10.00/20 = \frac{0.50}{0.61}$	[9] [10] [19]
2 sheltered sides: shelter factor = 0.85 Adjusted infiltration rate = 0.61 x 0.85 Natural ventilation:		0.52	[21] [22]
Effective air change rate		0.63 0.63	[24] [25]
Heat Loss Summary Heat loss through structure (from above): Thermal bridges 0.11 x 237.00: Total fabric heat loss: Ventilation heat loss:	0.63 [25] x 0.3	W/K 109.04 <u>26.07</u> 135.11 3 x 280.00 [6] = <u>58.50</u>	[33] [34] [35] [36]
Specific heat loss:		193.61	[37]
Heat loss parameter:		193.01/112.0 = 1.73	[38]
Source: Primary beating system (Gas boiler, automatic ignit	ion 1998 or later)	KWII/yeai	
Fuel: Mains Gas Energy content of heated water (Table 1a N=3.443): Distribution loss (Table 1b): Cylinder volume = 150 litres Cylinder loss factor: 0.0191 (Table 2) Volume factor: 0.9283 (Table 2a)		2249 397	[39] [40] [43] [44] [44a]
Energy lost from store: Primary circuit loss : Solar input: Required output from water heater:	150 x 0.0191 x 0.92	$83 \times 0.54 \times 365 = 524$ 610 $\frac{0}{3780}$ 207.524.610	[440] [47] [48] [50] [51]
Gains	U.ZO X ZZ49 + U.8 X (Notte (///////////////////////////////////	[၁2]
Lighting, appliance & metabolic gains (Table 5 N=3.443): Reduction due to low energy lighting (30% assumed):		632 -22	[53] [53a]
Total additional gains Water heating: Total internal gains:		$1787/8.72 = \frac{10}{204}$	[53b] [54] [55]

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Site: 12-13 Kings Mews Job: SAPS 1248			Made by JW Page 13 Client copy	/L	
SuperHeat 6.200 600508		saps revised.nob	Printed 14 Oct	2011 11:32	2
Total solar gains (B/F from solar-related report): Total gains Gains/Loss ratio (GLR) = 1262/193.6 [37] = 6.517 Utilisation factor (Table 7): 0.94 Useful gains:			1262 x 0 94	<u>438</u> 1,262	[65] [66] [67] [68]
Mean internal temperature			1202 × 0.54	= 1,102 ℃	[00]
l iving area mean temperature: Table 8 col 1: HI P [38] = 1 73				18 87	[70]
Control adjustment (Table 4e) Heating system responsiveness (R) = 1.00 (Table 4d)					[70] [71]
Adjustment for gains: Adjusted living room tempe Temperature difference bet Living area fraction: Rest-of-house fraction: Mean internal temperature:	rature: ween zones : (Table 9 col 2) 0.43 0.57	0.2 x R x ((1182 [69]/19	(1.53 x 0.57) - 4.0) <u>= 0.42</u> 19.29 1.53 = 18.42	[72] [73] [74] [75] [76] [77]
Degree Days			,		
Temperature rise from gains: Base temperature: Degree days (Table 10):		1182 [69]/193.6 [37] = 6.11 18.42 - 6.11 = 12.31 1410			[78] [79] [80]
Space heating requirements			k٧	Vh/year	
Energy requirement (useful): Heat from secondary system: 10% (Table 11)		0.024 x 1410 x 193.6 [37] = 6552			[81] [82]
Primary system:	Gas boiler, automatic ignition, 1998 Controls: Programmer + roomstat + Fuel: Mains Gas Notional efficiency: 78% Fuel required:	or later TRV's 6552 x	0.90 x 100/78	= 7560	[83] [85]
Secondary system:	Portable electric heaters Fuel: Electricity (standard tariff) Efficiency: 100% (Table 4a) Fuel required:	6552 x 0.10 x 100/100 = 655		[84] [85a]	
Water heating energy requirement (net): 3780 kW [51]					
Source: Primary heating system Efficiency : 78% (Manufacturer's declared value) Energy required		3780	[51] x 100/78	- 4846	[86] [86a]
Electricity for pumps & fans: Electricity for lighting (B/F from Solar report)		0,00		175 850	[87]
CO ₂ Emissions				k	a/vear
Primary heating system (mains gas) Secondary heating system (electricity) Water heating (mains gas) Total for space and water heating Electricity for pumps and fans Electricity for lighting, C _L		7560 [8 655 [85 4846 [86 175 [8 85	5] x 0.194 = a] x 0.422 = a] x 0.194 = 7] x 0.422 = 50 x 0.422 =	1,467 276 <u>940</u> 2683 74 359	[101] [102] [103] [107] [108] [109]
New technology: None			Total [.]	3,116	[112]
$C_{H} = (2683 + 74)/112.00 = 24.62$ $C_{L} = 359/112.00 = 3.20$ Fuel: Electricity (standard tariff) : Fuel Factor = 1.47 Improvement Factor = 0.20				0,110	[·· <i>-</i>]
Target CO ₂ Emission Rate	$e(TER) = (C_H \times Fuel Factor + C_L) \times ($	1 - imp factor)			
	_	= (24.62 x 1.47 + 3.20) x (1 - 0.20) =	= 31.51	