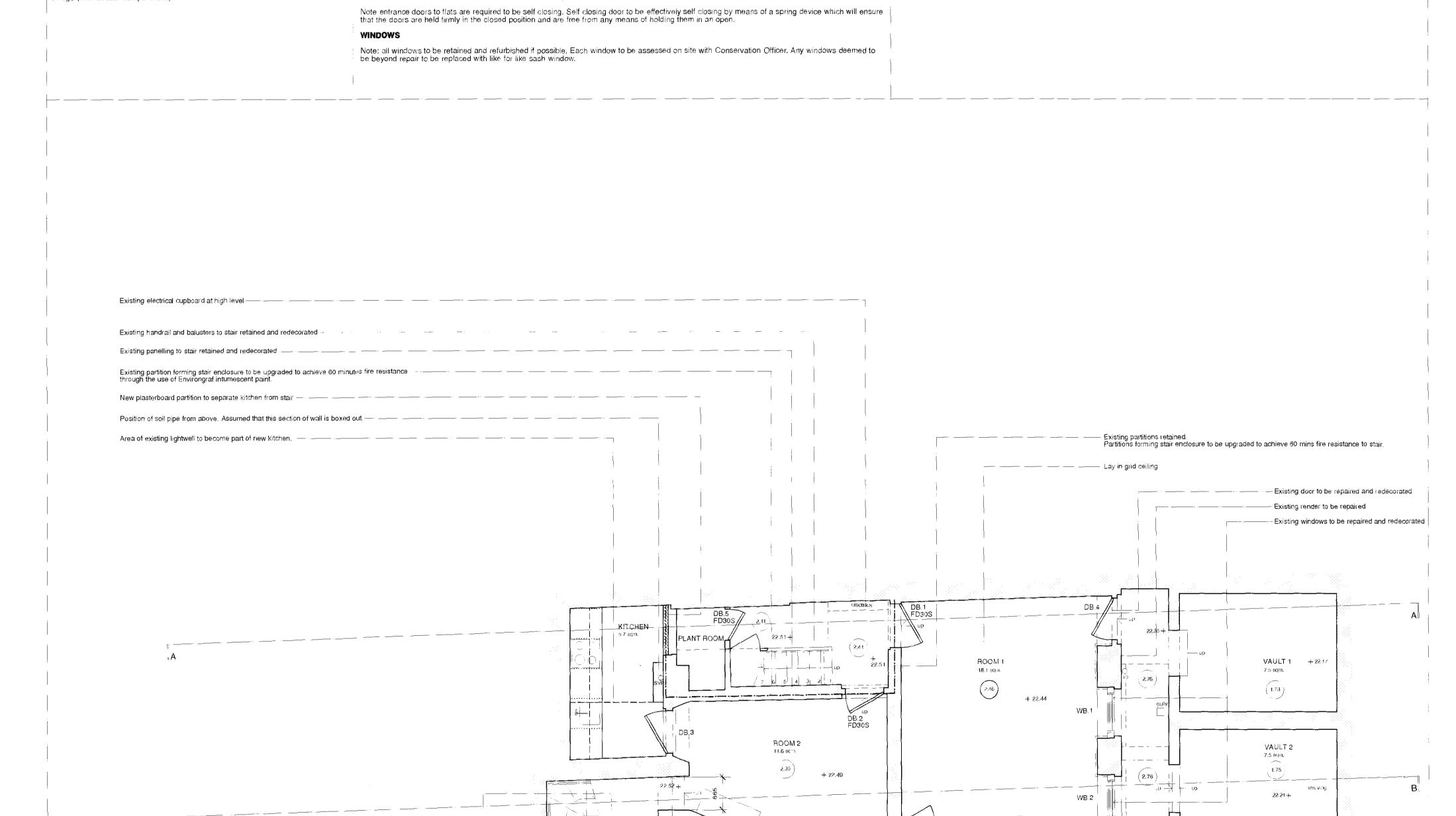
KEY	SPECIFICATION	DOORS AND WINDOWS
	EXISTING BUILDING FABRIC	
+ 22.44 Level from benchmark	General	DB.1 - Existing timber door and architrave to be retained, made good and redecorated. Door to be upgraded to FD30S.
(2.83) Ceiling height	The building is currently occupied and a large amount of items are being stored within the interior. This has prevented a full inspection being made as	DB.2 - Existing timber door and architrave to be retained, made good and redecorated. Door to be upgraded to FD30S.
	the stored items obscured some areas of the interior. It is possible to identify soem original features surviving and these have been indicated on the plans. In general the following outline specification is proposed. It is proposed to remove all existing surface mounted trunking and wiring etc. All	DB.3 - New timber door door to match design of DB.2, FD30S.
Run of 50mm waste pipe from kitchens	existing wall mounted spur shelving to be removed.	DB.4 - Existing timber external door to front lightwell. To be retained, made good and redecorated.
Run of 100mm soil pipe from shower rooms	Existing wall and celling surfaces	DB.5 - New timber door to new opening. FD30S.
svp. 100mm Soil vent pipe / vented stack	Many existing wall and ceiling surfaces are covered in woodchip wallpaper. In some areas, in particular ceilings, the paper is coming away from the substrate. Existing walls to have existing woodchip wallpaper removed. Wall surface to be made good as necessary and to receive plaster skim coat. Existing ceilings to have existing woodchip wallpaper removed. Ceiling surface to be made good as necessary and to receive plaster skim coat.	WB.1 - Existing sash window to be retained, made good and redecorated.
VP 🔿 = 100mm Vent pipe to stack below		WB.2 - Existing sash window to be retained, made good and redecorated.
sp 🔿 100mm Soil pipe	Existing lath and plaster cellings	
	Existing lath and plaster ceilings will be retained. An examination of the condition of the existing ceiling will be made using the following procedure.	
AVC Air admittance valve where stack not vented to external air	Floor boards to be lifted using non-powered hand tools. The condition of lath and plaster ceiling is to be inspected from above. The dust/ dirt on the back of the ceiling is to be carefully cleaned away with a vacumn cleaner and the following will be examined:	
Line of 30 minutes fire resistance	How well are the laths adhered to the joists, has the key broken?	
Line of 60 minutes fire resistance	Have the nails rusted or pulled out under the weight of the plaster?	
	Have the laths rotted so they are no longer able to support the ceiling?	
FE J Fire escape signage	Areas of unsound plaster and or laths will be carefully taken out and replaced.	
	In areas where it is required to pull sound plaster back up to the lath (where the keys have broken) or to pull plaster and lath to the joists above, plaster washers will be used in conjunction with flat headed wood screws or drywall screws. Subsequently the screw head will be covered with jointing compound.	
Pendant light fitting	Similar techniques will also be employed around the edges of the openings that are being cut for services.	
	Existing windows	
	Wherever possible the existing sash windows will be retained. This will need to be evaluated as the works progress on site. It is proposed to liaise directly with Camden Conservation should it be considered necessary to replace any windows. A site meeting will be arranged to look at each individual window concerned. If it is agreed that it is not possible to retain existing sash windows they will be replaced with like for like copies.	
E E suffix denotes emergency fitting.	Existing doors	
ELECTRICAL	Wherever possible the existing doors, frames and architraves will be retained. This will need to be evaluated as the works progress on site. It is proposed to liaise directly with Camden Conservation should it be considered necessary to replace any windows. A site meeting will be arranged to look at each individual door concerned. If it is agreed that it is not possible to retain existing doors they will be replaced with like for like replacements in solid wood. Certain doors will require upgrading in terms of their fire resisitance and an outline specification of the method proposed is outlined	
	in the text below.	
Smoke detector	UPGRADING PARTITIONS, DOORS AND FLOORS	
(HD) Heat detector	Upgrading the fire resistance of existing partitions and cellings through use of Envirograf intumescent paints (see detail drawing 178.500)	ì
 Bathroom extract fan. 	Application of Envirograf EP/CP product 105 to the plaster/plasterboard of existing partitions that require an improvement in fire resistance. The application of Envirograf intumescent paint is the same to both plasterboard and lath & plaster; the preparation of the lath & plaster is, however, likely to be more involved. Some of the stair partitions at Second and Third level are faced on the flat side of the partition with plasterboard. The product is capable of achieving fire resistance times of one hour.	
STORAGE	In preparation any lining paper and distemper must be removed first. Cracks must be filled. The effectiveness of any coating is dependent on the quality	
Storage 2000 x 140	and fastness of the substrate that it is applied to. Apply one coat of Stabond sealer; 2 coats of EP/CP @ 8m2 per life per coat; apply one (or more) coats of AEC (acrylic emulsion coating) as a protective topcoat. The EP/CP is a flexible paint and the application of a standard emulsion over the top may cause crazing or cracking of the less flexible topcoat. Therefore a high acrylic topcoat must be used as Envirograf AEC or Dulux external Weathershield. The flexibility of the topcoat can reduce the opacity of the finish and, therefore, one topcoat is sometimes not sufficient for the depth of colour required.	
Wardrobe with sliding doors. Example IKEA PAX with sliding doors.	installation of mineral wool within existing floor void to improve acoustic performance of floor (see detail drawing 178.500)	
Provides 0.8 sq.m. of storage	The proposal seeks to upgrade the existing floors and separating partitions to achieve an appropriate standard of fire separation and protection. For the floors it is proposed to incorporate 100mm of Rockwool RWA 45 within the depth of the floor cavity, suspended on metal mesh. Such a solution can potentially achieve a standard of 60 minutes fire separation between floors, equivalent to modern building regulations. The presence of the Rockwool RWA 45 within the depth of the floor will also improve the acoustic separation between the flats.	
	Treatment of existing wood panelling for surface spread of flame through use of Envirograf Class 0 paints	
Starage support Dravides 0.6 es m of starage	Areas of existing timber panelling will require treatment to achieve surface spread of flame rating of Class 1.	
Storage cupboard. Provides 0.6 sq.m. of storage	The application of Envirograf Q/VFR will achieve Class 0 spread of flame protection to the timber. 2 coats are required for BS 476 Parts 6 & 7 Class 0	
	and Class1 (1987) spread of flame. First coat coverage could vary according to wood type/ density. Where existing coating over existing gloss paint, ES/VFR primer should be used first. Apply the first coat and allow 1-2 hours to dry. Ensure each coat is dry before applying next coat. Apply second coat and allow 1-2 hours to dry. Coverage 12-15m2 per litre. Top coat of emulsion paint must be applied.	
Kitchen Under sink unit	Upgrading the fire resistance of existing doors through use of Envirograf intumescent paints	
Wall units provides 0.9 sq.m. of storage, 1, 30 litre bin W320 x H453 x D265	Existing doors to the common stair will be upgraded to achieve FD30 classification through the application of the Envirograf ES/RFC System (Product 103).	
Under sink cupboardHob/ oven2. 7 litre kitchen caddy W252xH252XD229	DOORS	
Dishwasher Washer/ dryer 3. 12.9 litre waste bin W210xH308xD289	FD30S/ FD60S - fire door and frame to achieve a minimum of 30 minutes (or 60 minute) period of fire resistance when tested to BS 476: Part 22.	
Under sink cupboard Fridge (with freezer compartment)	Hung to open in one direction only, on metal hinges, no part of which has a melting point less than 800 degrees celcius. Frames to be in accordance with door manufacturer's instructions. S Suffix denotes requirement smoke seals.	



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Dotted line indicates position of cut back floor above	i	:		
Existing opening to be widened to allow access to stair.				
Existing vaults to be refurbished.				: • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •