

CONSOLIDATED DEVELOPMENTS LTD

TURLEY ASSOCIATES ORMS IMAGINATION SAMPSONS BURO HAPPOLD ENGENUITI FOUR



71 Endell Street - Design & Access Statement

71 ENDELL STREET Design & Access Statement

December 2012



Contents

Site context & History

Context for refurbishment

Architectural proposals

Existing condition & Precedent for refurbishment

Access Statement

Building Control summary

Sustainability summary



CONTENTS

SITE CONTEXT + HISTORY

SITE & SURROUNDINGS

Endell street is located at the north end of Convent Garden and close to St Giles Cirucs.

Originally a tenement slum in the 1700 and 1800s know as Belton st. Endell Street was borne in 1845 when Sir James Pennethorne (architect and town planner) decided to clear a street to cater for the needs of the most underprivileged Londoners.

Since then this single London street has made an incredible contribution to the development of medicine, both as the home for the first suffrage hospital where female doctors treated soldiers injured at the Somme during the First World War and of the first maternity hospital in 1749.

Currently the area is a centre for creative business. with many small creative offices, boutique shops, cafe's and restaurants lining the narrow lanes arround the Seven Dials.

Currently there is a lack of affordable housing in the area.





ENDELL STREET WEST ELEVATION



Grade II Listed

∢.....**▶ ∢**....**▶** 71 Endell Street Local importance

ENDELL STREET EAST ELEVATION



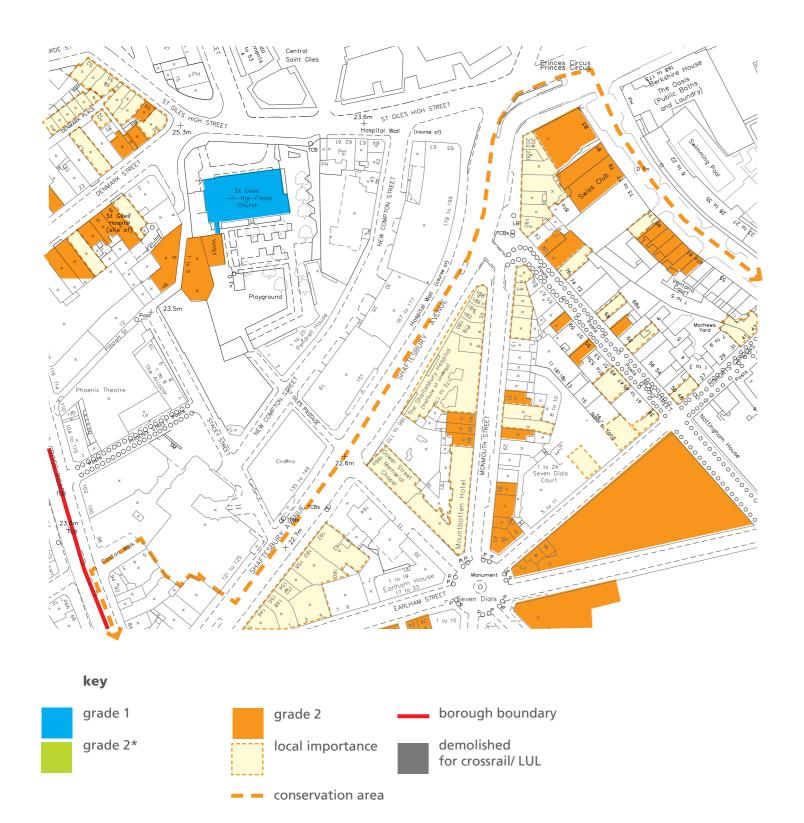
SITE CONTEXT + HISTORY

Grade II Listed

4

SITE CONTEXT + HISTORY

LISTED BUILDINGS



HERITAGE ASSETS

There are a number of buildings of notable worth in the area, because of their value as local landmarks, or as particularly good examples of the local building tradition. Such buildings, whilst not statutorily listed are nevertheless important local buildings in their own right and make an important contribution to the character and appearance of the conservation area.

71 Endell street is identified by the council as a building of local importance. The building is a positive element of the Seven Dials Conservation Area, it has a distinctive facade to Endell Street and is a good response to providing access to a yard at the rear whilst maintaining a street frontage. The building is also of a similar age and uses similar materials to others found in the conservation area, reflecting the traditionally functional character of the area where there were several timber yards and other workshops, including Grade II listed 61 Endell street.

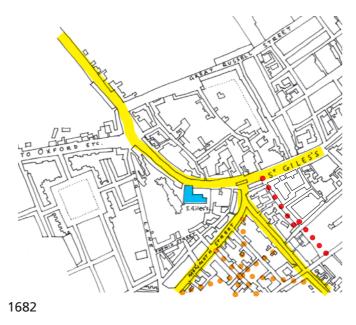
The building retains the existing character detailing, the proposed scheme aims to maintain and enhance this contribution to the character of the street and wider seven dials area.



HISTORIC MAPS: ROADS -**DEVELOPMENT OF URBAN FORM**

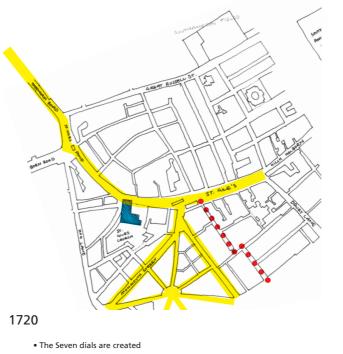
Research at Camden local archive and internet based resources allowed us to understand the evolving urban pattern around St. Giles during the past four hundred years.

The analysis opposite describes the historic roads and the historic figure-ground (buildings) respectively.



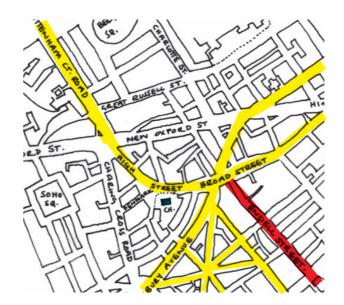
• Endell street did not exist

• Shaftesbury avenue is planned



• The second St. Giles-in-the-field Church is illustrated, built in 1630

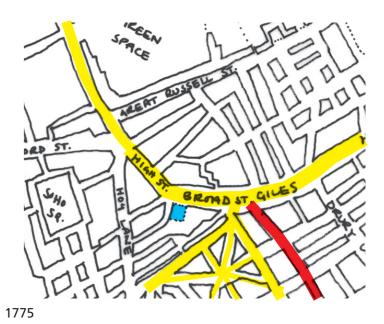
1801



1897

Shaftesbury avenue was created, replacing Dudley Street, also lined with trees

SITE CONTEXT + HISTORY

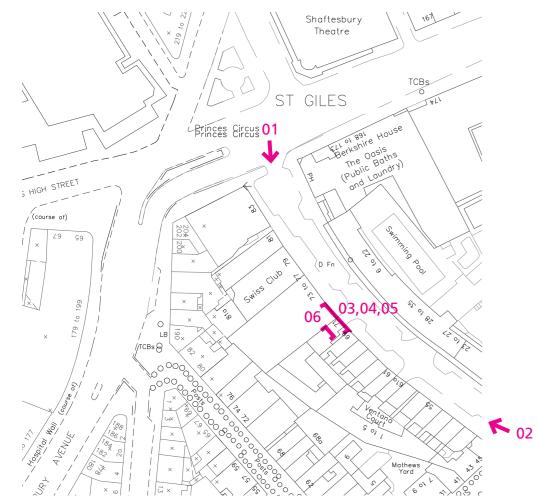


• Endell Street is created

SITE CONTEXT + HISTORY

HISTORIC BUILDINGS - ENDELL STREET SURROUNDING CONTEXT

Camden's local photo archive provided a valuable source of reference to understanding the historic character of the area.



All photographs CREDIT: © Camden Local History Library



01 Endell St from Shaftesbury avenue (1964)

02 Endell St from Shorts garden (1964)



04 71 Endell St (1971)

05 71 Endell St (1971)

03 71 Endell St (1971)

04 71 Endell St internal courtyard (1971)



RELEVANT PLANNING HISTORY

Planning permission and associated Conservation Area Consent were granted in May 1989 for the conversion of the front buildings to provide 3 residential flats, and the erection of a roof extension to the rear building to provide B1 floorspace (LPA Ref: 8900244 and 8970083). No other relevant planning permissions exist at the site.

SITE CONTEXT + HISTORY

CONTEXT FOR REFURBISHMENT

71 Endell Street

The proposed site in Endell Street, Covent Garden includes a private courtyard, and converted 'mews' buildings which offer good family unit layouts and amenity space in the heart of the West End.

Because of this, it is considered to be a more approporiate location for affordable housing.

The proposed plans opposite illustrate how a combination of one, two and three bedroom unit types could be accommodated within the existing refurbished structures.

Land Use

Proposed Change of Use from Commercial to Residential.

Heritage

This document should be read in conjunction with Turleys Heritage Statement.

Building Regulations

See summary at end of report.

Services/Sustainability

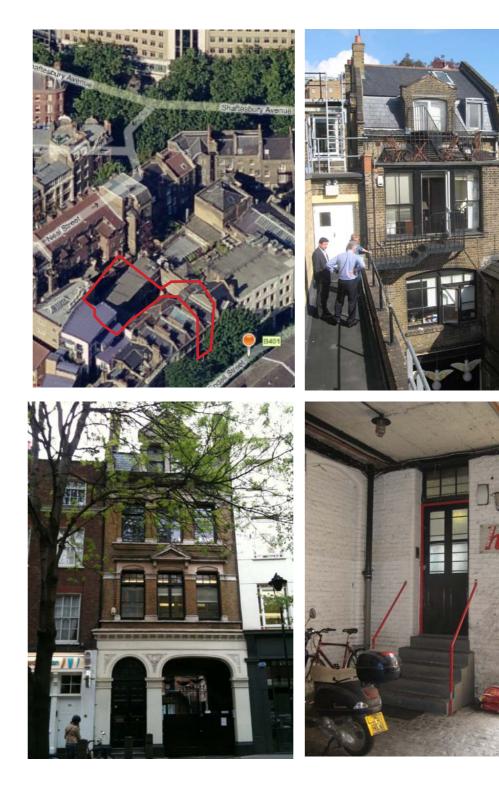
Refer to separate services report.

Structural

No structural works are proposed.

Daylighting

The relationship of the room layouts to the elevations and window sizes ensure that all of the proposed new habitable rooms will achieve ADF values above the recommended design guidance of 1.5%df for living rooms and 1%df for bedrooms.











ORMS



Area Total and Unit Numbers

Proposed - Residential Units for Area D	- Affordable					
Area D - Affordable Housin	g Component					
Endell Street	Unit Type Studio	1 bed	2 bed	3 bed	All units	GEA Sqm
		2	3	2	7	813.5

Illustrative Proposed Plans



CONTEXT FOR REFURBISHMENT

Existing Endell street elevation





-RF01 Roof tiles in generally good condition flashing showing some signs of wear and tear

-S10 Stone pediment badly stained and damaged in some places

-B09 Brickwork in generally good condition. Some evidence of wear and tea

- S10 Stone pediment in generally good condition. Dirty in places

Cast iron gates not high enough to prevent trespassing



Proposed Endell street elevation





ARCHITECTURAL APPROACH

-RF01 Ties replaced with sultable matching slate tiles where necessary New rolled lead flashing

-(S10) Pediment water washed & repaired where necessary

-B09 Brickwork water washed masonry re pointed where necessary

(S10) Stone pediment water washed and redecorated

Sinage to replicate earlier facade from 1971 archive photos

-MS05 New full height cast iron gates to match earlier version from 1971 archive photos

Existing courtyard elevation



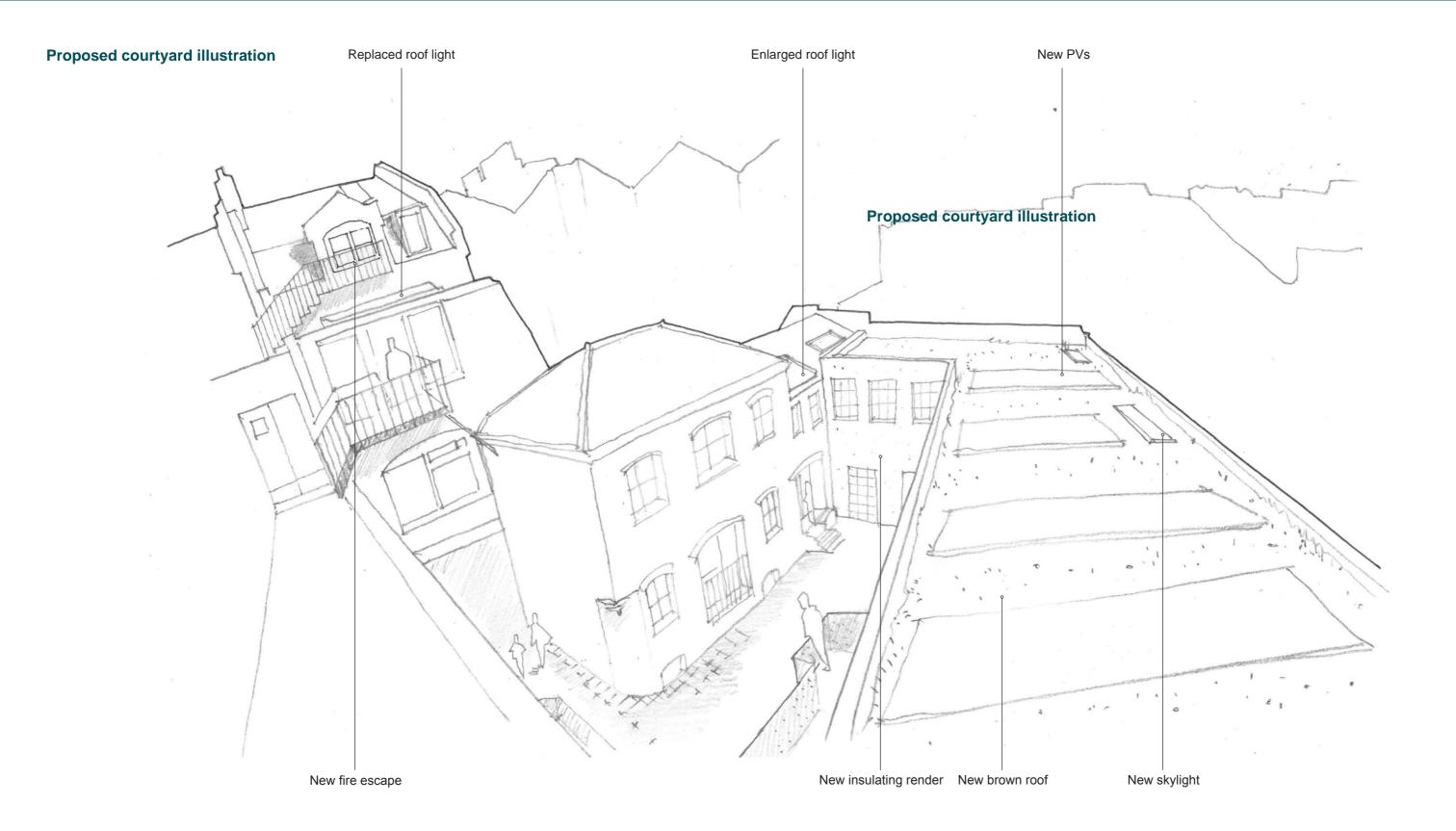
ORMS



Proposed courtyard elevation



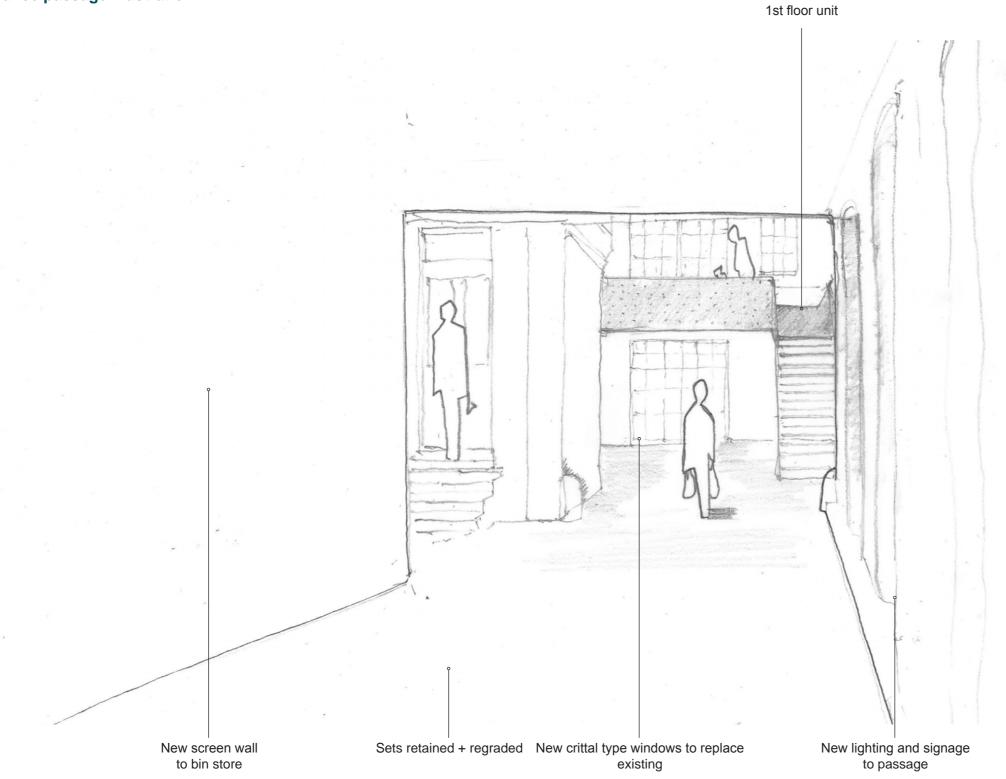
ARCHITECTURAL APPROACH



ORMS

New decked access to

Proposed entrance passage illustration



ARCHITECTURAL APPROACH



Soffit cleared of services and painted out	
New full height gate to match earlier example	
New signage	
New lighting applied to inner edge of arches	
New postboxes for residential units	



ORMS

Existing building condition: Front building

The victorian buildings to the front of the site are of significant value to the seven dials conservation area.

The existing condition illustrated on this page highlights the need for a considered plan to repair and refurbish the buildings.

- Patchwork re-pointing with unsuitable brickwork 1
- Original door opening has been partially in-filled creating an awkward entrance 2
- Wear and tear evident to windows, paint peeling 3
- Roof slates are missing in places and have been replaced with unsuitable ones in others 4
- The 3rd floor fire escape discharges onto the roof of the unit below 5
- The entrance passage is dark and uninviting services are exposed and look messy 6





EXISTING CONDITION

Existing building condition: back warehouse building

The warehouse building to the back of the site is a later addition.

The images across the page highlight some of the issues affecting its condition.

- 1 Existing brickwork is of cheap construction with unsuitable infilling in certain areas.
- 2 Existing single glazed windows are unsuitable for residential use.
- 3 Existing timber framed doors are unsuitable for residential use.
- 4 Existing roof lining is in poor condition with patchwork repairs evident.
- 5 Existing first floor access stair is in poor condition and unsuitable for residential use.









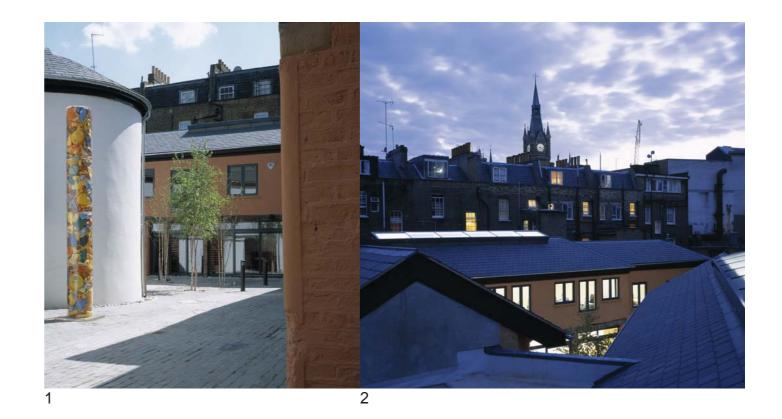


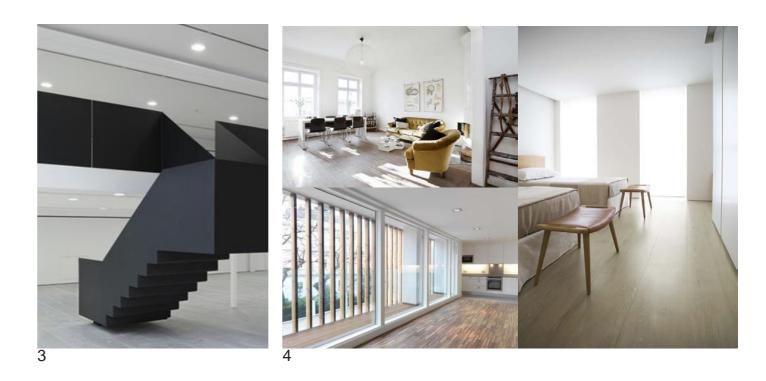
PRECEDENT FOR REFURBISHMENT

Precedent for refurbishment

The images to the right illustrate some of the ambition for the Endell Street scheme

- Bright comfortable internal courtyard that sit well in its urban context and maintains it heritage 1+2 character.
- A contemporary new access stair to the 1st floor of the warehouse block 3
- Light, contemporary and open plan living spaces 4





ACCESS STATEMENT

Access statement

Description of development

Our proposal is for the redevelopment of existing am 19th century Victorian commercial building and 20th century warehouse building set around an internal courtyard into 7 residential units for use as affordable housing.

The existing buildings have clearly defined thresholds and therefore provide limited access. Our aim is Horizontal and Vertical circulation that 10% of the homes will be accessible and fully compliant with lifetime homes.

Design standards followed

Approved document M The Disability discriminations act 1995 London Housing Design Guide Lifetime homes BS 2009

Car parking

Car parking will be restricted to one disabled bay.

Public transport

The building is located is located central London and has excellent public transport links. The site is five Means of escape is provided via external escape stairs at high level, where necessary rooms are provided minutes walk from both Totenham court road and Convent Garden tube stations. Major bus routes pass with direct external access into the courtyard. on nearby Shaftsbury avenue.

Pedestrican access

The scheme will provide safe access to each of the individual unit entrances. Level access will be provided into unit 4 which makes up the 10% accessibility of the homes.

Disability discrimination act 1995 (DDA)

Access into unit 4 satisfies DDA requirements.

Routes to entrances

the external landscaping and entrances to the units will have reduces risk to people with impaired sight.

The entrances will be well lit.

Horizontal - Level access is provided where possible on the ground floor. All doors have been designed to satisfy AD part M. All corridors and circulation spaces have also been designed to satisfy part M

Vertical - All stair cases have been designed to the appropriate widths with suitable handrails and guardrails to satisfy AD part M. Due to the nature of the existing building it is not deemed appropriate to instal a passenger lift.

Toilet Facilities

The WC in unit 4 is designed to meet lifetime homes Criterion 10.

Fire services / means of escape

Fire tender access into the central courtyard is restricted due to the width of the existing passageway, however all units fall within the 45m range of the hose reel.





Building Control

Part A

does not apply due to height of building above ground

Part B

- Linked smoke and heat detectors to all habitable rooms
- Escape from windows is acceptable where cill level above ground is less than 4.5m
- Fire tender can gain access to mews yard for fire-fighting minimum clearance required is 3.7m worst case clearance at Endell Street entrance undercroft is 3.775m (taken from survey drawings) Part M
- Fire compartmentation between residential units to achieve 1hr with FD30s doors to flat entrances
- Endell Street frontage height from external ground to FFL third floor is 11100mm does this require an alternative means of escape?
- Endell St frontage building can be treated as a single family dwelling over three floors

Part C

Is not currently anticipated as applicable •

Pard D

Is not currently anticipated as applicable

Part E

- Separation between units to be achieved for both floors and walls please confirm required dB levels for each condition
- Please clarify issues regarding 'flanking sounds'.

Part F

Units will be naturally ventilated typically, with mechanical ventilation to kitchens and bathrooms

Part G

To be covered under the eco homes assessment

Part H

Communal waste storage area to be provided within mews yard

Part K

- All hand rails and guarding designed to be a minimum of 900mm form flights and 1100mm
- Risers designed between 145mm-220mm, goings between 245mm-260mm. avoiding individual steps.

Part L

Consequential improvements are not required as this does not apply to dwelling houses,

however, as the works involve a change of use upgrading of existing fabric would require thermal upgrading as set out in Part L1B table 3 improved standards

The existing buildings do not have level thresholds and therefore the proposals cannot typically achieve Part M Compliance, however new level thresholds will be provided to units within the mews yard where possible with provision for platform lift soft-spots within duplexes

BUILDING CONTROL SUMMARY