

Jag Sandhu BWH UK 41 Egerton Gardens Ilford Essex IG3 9HR

Our Ref: 120903-002

Date: May 2, 2013

Dear Jag,

33-41 WICKLOW STREET, LONDON

Further to our recent communications and email from Angela Ryan of London Borough of Camden forwarded to me, please find below formal response to the Council's comments. This is to be considered as an addendum to my previous acoustic report, reference 120903-001A dated October 2012.

1. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR VIBRATION CONTROL TREATMENTS

The Council has requested additional information relating to the proposed resilient footings to ensure that the proposed method of isolation is sufficient such that the proposed performance achieves the specification set out in the original report.

As discussed in Section 9 of the report, it is recommended that the vibration isolation measures should achieve minimum 85% isolation at the critical frequencies and should have a natural frequency no higher than 10Hz.

From the FFT measurements for train passes, it can be determined that the lowest forcing frequency with an influence on the overall calculated Vibration Dose Value (VDV) is 25Hz, rising to a dominant peak at 100Hz. As such, the proposed resilient footings should achieve minimum 85% isolation between 25Hz and 200Hz.

Tim Hartlib of Romboll UK Limited, the Structural Engineer's on the project has confirmed the loadings to the underside of the proposed 500mm thick raft (including the self-weight of the raft) to be 34kN/m².

Calculations of percentage isolation for the proposed *Sylomer* resilient footings have been carried out by Patrick Dent of Total Vibration Solutions on behalf of ACA Acoustics Limited, using Getzner's *FreqCalc* calculation programme. Total Vibration Solutions are a UK supplier of *Sylomer*; Getzner are the product manufacturer.

Based on 100mm thick *Sylomer SR42* installed to isolate the raft, isolation efficiency of greater than 85% will be achieved from 25Hz upwards for the current building design at the structural loadings advised. The 100mm thick *Sylomer SR42* has a natural frequency of 8.3Hz; below the maximum permissible 10Hz.



Print-out from the calculation programme, demonstrating performance achieve in each $1/3^{rd}$ octave frequency band is attached.

I trust that the above and attached meet with your requirements, however, if you have any further questions then please do give me a call.

Yours Sincerely,

Rob Cant MIOA **Director**

Email: info@aca-acoustics.co.uk Website: <u>www.aca-acoustics.co.uk</u>





4/30/2013

Project 33-41 Wicklow Street

Remark

Base case (without additional floor) 100mm thick (Performance better than required)

by Patrick Dent

Sylomer® SR42 **Material**

Quantity Holes

Length / Width 18300 mm / 9700 mm Quantity 0

Surface 177510000 mm² Diameter 0 mm

Thickness 100 mm Shape factor 31,7

Load 0,034 N/mm² Dynamic bedding modulus 0,009 N/mm³ Capacity 79 % Dyn. Modulus of elasticity 0,93 N/mm²

Deflection 4,8 mm 8,3 Hz Frequency

Deflection curve 0.10 0.09 0.08 0.07 Load [N/mm²] 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.01 0.00 10 15 20 30 Deflection [mm]

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Project

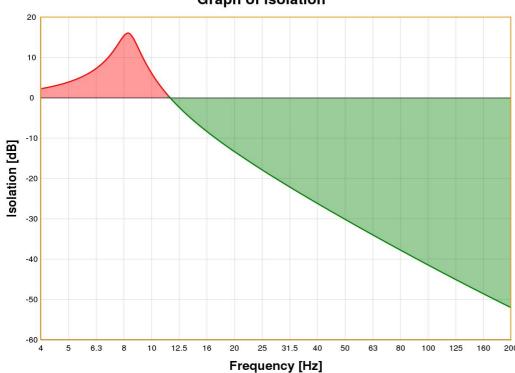
33-41 Wicklow Street

Remark

Base case (without additional floor) 100mm thick (Performance better than required) Patrick Dent

by

Graph of isolation



Frequency	Isolation
4 Hz	2,4 dB / -31%
5 Hz	4 dB / -58%
6,3 Hz	7,3 dB / -133%
8 Hz	15,7 dB / -510%
8,3 Hz	16,1 dB / -538%
10 Hz	6,2 dB / -103%
12,5 Hz	-2,1 dB / 22%
16 Hz	-8,5 dB / 63%
20 Hz	-13,4 dB / 79%
25 Hz	-17,7 dB / 87%
31,5 Hz	-22 dB / 92%
40 Hz	-26,2 dB / 95%
50 Hz	-30,1 dB / 97%
63 Hz	-33,9 dB / 98%
80 Hz	-37,8 dB / 99%
100 Hz	-41,4 dB / 99%
125 Hz	-44,9 dB / 99%
160 Hz	-48,7 dB / 100%
200 Hz	-52 dB / 100%

Basis of calculation:

The calculations are based on the physical model of a SDOF oscillator with a mass-less spring on a solid, smooth foundation. The calculation program FreqCalc makes calculations based on the assumption of loading with a rigid mass in the centre of gravity. The calculated value are relevant for the degree of freedom in the vertical direction (1st degree of freedom), taking into consideration the non-linear behavior of the material.

The material data taking into account form factor dependence was last updated: 12/21/2010 | SW-Version 121018



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