Application ref: 2024/5296/P

Contact: Adam Afford Tel: 020 7974 7057

Email: Adam.Afford@camden.gov.uk

Date: 22 May 2025

deUNIT 60 Devonshire Road London N13 4QX



Development Management
Regeneration and Planning
London Borough of Camden
Town Hall
Judd Street

Judd Street London WC1H 9JE

Phone: 020 7974 4444 <u>planning@camden.gov.uk</u> www.camden.gov.uk/planning

Dear Sir/Madam

#### **DECISION**

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

# **Householder Application Granted**

Address:

6 Byron Mews London NW3 2NQ

## Proposal:

Installation of an air conditioning unit within acoustic enclosure located in the rear garden.

#### **Drawing Nos:**

Location and Block Plan: 6BM\_P1000, 6BM\_P2-001, 6BM\_P2-002, 6BM\_P2-003, 6BM\_P2-101, 6BM\_P2-102, 6BM\_P2-103, Design and Access Statement (prepared by deUNIT, dated November 2024), Noise Impact Report: 21813E V3 (prepared by Spratt+Hamer, dated 06/08/2024), Overheating Assessment CIBSE TM59 (prepared by Base Energy, dated 24/03/2025), Technical Specifications MXF-Z.

The Council has considered your application and decided to grant permission subject to the following condition(s):

## Condition(s) and Reason(s):

1 The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the end of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: In order to comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

2 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:

Location and Block Plan: 6BM\_P1000, 6BM\_P2-001, 6BM\_P2-002, 6BM\_P2-003, 6BM\_P2-101, 6BM\_P2-102, 6BM\_P2-103, Design and Access Statement (prepared by deUNIT, dated November 2024), Noise Impact Report: 21813E V3 (prepared by Spratt+Hamer, dated 06/08/2024), Overheating Assessment CIBSE TM59 (prepared by Base Energy, dated 24/03/2025), Technical Specifications MXF-Z.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interest of proper planning.

All new external work shall be carried out in materials that resemble, as closely as possible, in colour and texture those of the existing building, unless otherwise specified in the approved application.

Reason: To safeguard the appearance of the premises and the character of the immediate area in accordance with the requirements of policies D1 and D2 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

4 Noise levels at a point 1 metre external to sensitive facades shall be at least 10dB(A) less than the existing background measurement (LA90), expressed in dB(A) when all plant/equipment (or any part of it) is in operation unless the plant/equipment hereby permitted will have a noise that has a distinguishable, discrete continuous note (whine, hiss, screech, hum) and/or if there are distinct impulses (bangs, clicks, clatters, thumps), then the noise levels from that piece of plant/equipment at any sensitive façade shall be at least 15dB(A) below the LA90, expressed in dB(A).

Reason: To safeguard the amenities of the adjoining premises and the area generally in accordance with the requirements of policies A1 and A4 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

Prior to use, machinery, plant or equipment at the development shall be mounted with proprietary anti-vibration isolators and fan motors shall be vibration-isolated from the casing and adequately silenced and maintained as such.

Reason: To safeguard the amenities of the adjoining premises and the area generally in accordance with the requirements of policies A1 and A4 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

## Informative(s):

1 Reasons for granting permission:

The proposal includes the installation of an air conditioning unit within the rear garden, with an acoustic enclosure around the AC unit. The site is within Mansfeild conservation area but due to the location of the proposed works within the rear garden, there is very limited visibility from the public or private

realm. The unit and enclosure would appear as a very minor addition to the rear garden that would not cause harm to the character and appearance of the host dwelling, nor the wider conservation area.

The proposal would preserve the character and appearance of the conservation area overall. The Council has had special regard to the desirability of preserving the character and appearance of the Conservation Area.

Due to the nature of the proposals, no harmful impact would be caused to the neighbouring amenity in terms of loss of light, outlook, or privacy. A plant noise assessment report has been submitted which shows that appropriate noise guidelines have been followed. The report shows that noise emissions from the proposed unit would be sufficiently low as to cause no negative impact on nearby noise sensitive residential receivers with the specified attenuation measures, therefore meeting the Council's requirements on noise levels. The Council's Environmental Health officer has reviewed the report and is satisfied the proposal creates no concerns in regards to impact to neighbouring amenity, subject to conditions that are attached to this decision.

The applicant has submitted an Overheating Assessment which included an assessment against the cooling hierarchy, as required under CPG 'Energy efficiency and adaptation' and policy CC2 of the Local Plan. The cooling hierarchy confirms that in order to minimise the need for active cooling, various energy efficiency and passive design measures, as well as the use of mechanical ventilation, should be investigated to minimise and manage the amount of heat in the dwelling. The Overheating Assessment shows that these measures would not be sufficient to mitigate the risk of overheating, and the use of active cooling to provide comfort to the occupants of the dwelling is considered acceptable. The use of active cooling would be limited to those rooms identified as being overheated in the report, namely two of the bedrooms.

The Council's Sustainability Officer has reviewed the Overheating Assessment and confirmed that, given the reasons outlined above, the cooling hierarchy has been appropriately applied and air conditioning is therefore justified and not contrary to the Council's climate change policies.

No objections were received prior to making this decision. The planning history of the site has been taken into account when coming to this decision.

As such, the proposed development is in general accordance with policies A1, A4, D1, D2, CC1, and CC2 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017. The development would also accord with the National Planning Policy Framework 2024 and the London Plan 2021.

Your proposals may be subject to control under the Building Regulations and/or the London Buildings Acts that cover aspects including fire and emergency escape, access and facilities for people with disabilities and sound insulation between dwellings. You are advised to consult the Council's Building Control Service, Camden Town Hall, Judd St, Kings Cross, London NW1 2QS (tel: 020-7974 6941).

- This approval does not authorise the use of the public highway. Any requirement to use the public highway, such as for hoardings, temporary road closures and suspension of parking bays, will be subject to approval of relevant licence from the Council's Streetworks Authorisations & Compliance Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No 020 7974 4444). Licences and authorisations need to be sought in advance of proposed works. Where development is subject to a Construction Management Plan (through a requirement in a S106 agreement), no licence or authorisation will be granted until the Construction Management Plan is approved by the Council.
- 4 All works should be conducted in accordance with the Camden Minimum Requirements a copy is available on the Council's website (search for 'Camden Minimum Requirements' at www.camden,gov.uk) or contact the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No. 020 7974 4444)

Noise from demolition and construction works is subject to control under the Control of Pollution Act 1974. You must carry out any building works that can be heard at the boundary of the site only between 08.00 and 18.00 hours Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 on Saturday and not at all on Sundays and Public Holidays. You must secure the approval of the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team prior to undertaking such activities outside these hours.

5 Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) Informative (1/2):

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 ("1990 Act") is that planning permission granted in England is subject to the condition ("the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:

(a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The local planning authority (LPA) that would approve any Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) (if required) is London Borough of Camden.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are summarised below, but you should check the legislation yourself and ensure you meet the statutory requirements.

Based on the information provided, this will not require the approval of a BGP before development is begun because it is a Householder Application.

Summary of statutory exemptions for biodiversity gain condition:

The following are provided for information and may not apply to this permission:

1. The planning application was made before 12 February 2024.

- 2. The planning permission is retrospective.
- 3. The planning permission was granted under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the original (parent) planning permission was made or granted before 12 February 2024.
- 4. The permission is exempt because of one or more of the reasons below:
- It is not major development and the application was made or granted before 2 April 2024, or planning permission is granted under section 73 and the original (parent) permission was made or granted before 2 April 2024.
- It is below the de minimis threshold (because it does not impact an onsite priority habitat AND impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat with biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat).
- The application is a Householder Application.
- It is for development of a Biodiversity Gain Site.
- It is Self and Custom Build Development (for no more than 9 dwellings on a site no larger than 0.5 hectares and consists exclusively of dwellings which are Self-Build or Custom Housebuilding).
- It forms part of, or is ancillary to, the high-speed railway transport network (High Speed 2).
- 6 Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) Informative (2/2):

#### Irreplaceable habitat:

If the onsite habitat includes Irreplaceable Habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements. In addition to information about minimising adverse impacts on the habitat, the BGP must include information on compensation for any impact on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat. The LPA can only approve a BGP if satisfied that the impact on the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

The effect of section 73(2D) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990: If planning permission is granted under section 73, and a BGP was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier BGP"), the earlier BGP may be regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition on this permission. It will be regarded as approved if the conditions attached (and so the permission granted) do not affect both the post-development value of the onsite habitat and any arrangements made to compensate irreplaceable habitat as specified in the earlier BGP.

#### Phased development:

In the case of phased development, the BGP will be required to be submitted to and approved by the LPA before development can begin (the overall plan), and before each phase of development can begin (phase plans). The modifications in respect of the biodiversity gain condition in phased development are set out in Part 2 of the Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024.

In dealing with the application, the Council has sought to work with the applicant in a positive and proactive way in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework. The council publishes its adopted policies online, along with detailed Camden Planning Guidance. It also provides advice on the website for submitting applications and offers a pre-application advice service.

You can find advice about your rights of appeal at:

https://www.gov.uk/appeal-householder-planning-decision.

If you submit an appeal against this decision you are now eligible to use the new *submission form* (Before you start - Appeal a planning decision - GOV.UK).

Yours faithfully

Daniel Pope

Chief Planning Officer