						Printed on:	13/03/2025	09:10:02
Application N 2025/0859/P	Consultees Name Keith Cowell	Recipient Address Flat 1 9 Lymington Road London NW6 1HX	Received 11/03/2025 17:24:28	Comment OBJ	Response			
					OBJECTION			
					CONTEXT			
					We are the owner occupiers of the ground floor flat of 9 Lymington I of the semi-detached applicant's property. Our property is very simil the size, location, and orientation of the living / dining room with a g We share a party wall and consequently what occurs on one side case alteration to the size of this room on one side of the semi-deta consequential impact on the other. No consultation or review of that	lar in layout ar plazed end wall an affect the o ached property	id in particular facing north. ther. In this will have a	
					We object to the proposals on the following grounds:			
					HEIGHT & MASSING			
					The added projection of 2.3 metres x 4 metres high beyond the exist wall line will have a detrimental impact on the daylighting and outlook. Given the existing eight-metre depth of these living/dining rooms with any reduction in available daylight will have a significant impact on vision or room. There is no section provided with the application but as the intention & Access Statement (DAS) is to raise the current flat roof to the ridge the east of the building, over the existing kitchen, it appears this couraising the height of the parapet on the party wall line between the truther impact and loss of daylight and outlook. The addition of a three-dimensional saw-tooth facia, protruding beyon supported on timber posts, not only further adds to the extent of impute to No.9 but also increases the visual scale of the proposals needless style. The paved patio immediately outside of our living room will also be projection of 4 metres height, affecting early morning sunlight and do beds and planters immediately adjacent to the proposed extension. With massing of this magnitude, the proposals go beyond what might small rear extension.	ok from No. 9's th an interveni what is already in specified with ge level of the uld only be ach two properties, ond the 2.3m expact on daylight saly and in an imarred by the depriving light and in the saly and in an imarred by the depriving light and in the sale of th	s living room. Ing archway, Ing archway,	
					The DAS implies that there will be no impact on neighbouring proper height. The DAS states: daylighting is not compromised to neighbour that these are inaccurate and misleading statements.			
					HERITAGE			
					As might be expected and as demonstrated on the drawings showing the appearance of both semi-detached properties is very similar to confuse only exception of the roof extension to No.11. In the context of the Coprinciples, the proposals seek to unbalance that parity and introduced	each other, pe Conservation <i>A</i>	rhaps with the area and its	

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Comment

of architecture and materials palette. The size of the proposed extension is justified in the DAS by reference to No.13 Lymington Road, a building divorced from the applicant's property and of a different style and design. No comparison is made against its semi-detached neighbour No. 9 which would be far more appropriate.

The introduction of timber as the main form of cladding of the proposed extension is not compatible with the Conservation Area, which is predominately brick.

The visual context of the proposals should have a much wider review, not limited to just a view from the rear garden of No.11, as in part, due to the slope of the land rising to the north, the extension will be seen from amenity areas of adjacent gardens of Lymington Road and the upper floor of houses on the south side of Fawley Road. Due also to the low level of shrub planting in both 9 & 11 gardens, the rear of No.11 will be almost fully visible from the garden of No.9. The saw-tooth projecting canopy to the proposed extension, supported on timber posts, seems entirely inappropriate and an unnecessary architectural whim.

The extensive proposed skylight provision is similarly inappropriate within the conservation area as it will have the effect of an illuminated roof when lit internally, not only affecting the upper floor neighbours of both 11 & 9, but also, most clearly from the outlook of the upper floors in Fawley Road (south) providing a flood lit façade of the upper storeys.

LIGHT & NOISE POLUTION

As above the proposed use of nine openable 'skylights' will have a direct impact on adjacent properties. When artificial lights are necessarily used in the proposed new extension at dusk and during evenings the amount of light pollution to upper floor accommodation of both 11 & 9, as well as a much wider audience will be significant. The rear façade will be washed with light from the extensive proposed rooflights.

The proposal for nine skylights is presumably to supplement inadequate natural light, emphasising the comment above about the limited level of natural light to the existing living/dining rooms. Proposing to extend the property in height and length, necessitating the extensive skylights, can only be achieved at the expense of depriving No.9's rights of light. The living dining room is currently roofed by a flat roof with no existing rooflights providing some degree of noise containment. Exchanging this for openable skylights will allow noise pollution to impact neighbours.

The extent and position of the proposed skylights are also likely to be in contravention of the Building Regulations Part B relating to the necessary protection from fire spread to adjacent properties.

Currently the pair of semi-detached houses match room use at ground floor level on either side of the party wall, bedrooms at the front, living/dining at the rear. By relocating the existing kitchen into the proposed extended living room, the dynamic of that balance is broken. Kitchen activity, processes, white goods noise and vibration and extraction etc all add to a potential noise intrusion into the adjacent property. No details of any false walls or acoustic insulation are given and the shared chimney is shown as opened up increasing the concern that 'quiet enjoyment' will be affected.

AMENITY

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Application 1V	Consumees Palmie	Recipient / Ruar ess	Received		The proposals will reduce the extent of garden and external amenity area of the applicant's property, as well as having an impact on the neighbours, as above. The provision of a token green roof strip does not compensate for this impact. As there is no obvious safe access to this roof from ground level it is unlikely to receive any maintenance, without which it may easily become an eyesore to all the upper apartments of both 9 & 11. OVERLOOKING & PRIVACY The extent of skylights is such that the upper floor apartments of both 9 & 11 will look into the proposed extension and may themselves be seen from below when looking out of their upper windows.	
					DESIGN	
					Both properties have a history of and ongoing concern with subsidence. Although not directly a planning matter, due consideration needs to be embodied within any proposals for the buildability and consequences of construction to both halves of the semi-detached property. The proposals should not be merely considered on their own merits, particularly in the case of a semi-detached house, where any inappropriate design, style, or scale of development would have impact on all aspects of the pair of properties as a whole.	