

Application ref: 2024/4706/P
Contact: Obote Hope
Tel: 020 7974 2555
Email: Obote.Hope@camden.gov.uk
Date: 24 January 2025

Development Management
Regeneration and Planning
London Borough of Camden
Town Hall
Judd Street
London
WC1H 9JE

Phone: 020 7974 4444

planning@camden.gov.uk
www.camden.gov.uk/planning

AMC Garden Rooms
12 Blackstone Road
Huntingdon
PE29 6EF

Dear Sir/Madam

DECISION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

Full Planning Permission Granted

Address:

Flat 1
53 Iverson Road
London
NW6 2QT

Proposal: The erection of an outbuilding in the rear garden.

Drawing Nos: 4082-1 REVV1; 4082-7 REVV1; 4082-8 REVV1; 4082-10 REVV1; 4082-9 REVV1; Design and Access Statement commissioned by AMC Garden rooms Ltd; and Statement of Compliance.

The Council has considered your application and decided to grant permission subject to the following condition(s):

Condition(s) and Reason(s):

- 1 The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the end of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: In order to comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

- 2 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans: 4082-1 REVV1; 4082-7 REVV1; 4082-8 REVV1; 4082-10 REVV1; 4082-9 REVV1; Design and Access Statement commissioned

by AMC Garden rooms Ltd; and Statement of Compliance.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interest of proper planning.

- 3 All new external work shall be carried out in materials that resemble, as closely as possible, in colour and texture those of the existing building, unless otherwise specified in the approved application.

Reason: To safeguard the appearance of the premises and the character of the immediate area in accordance with the requirements of policy D1 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

- 4 The outbuilding hereby approved shall only be used for incidental purposes to Flat 1 53 Iverson Road and shall not be used as a separate residential dwelling or a business premises.

Reason: To protect the residential amenity of neighbouring occupiers and prevent substandard living accommodation and excessive on-street parking pressure in accordance with policies A1, H6 and T2 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

- 5 Prior to commencement of development , full details in respect of the living roof in the area indicated on the approved roof plan shall be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The details shall include:

- i. a detailed scheme of maintenance
- ii. sections at a scale of 1:20 with manufacturers details demonstrating the construction and materials used
- iii. full details of planting species and density

The living roofs shall be fully provided in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation and thereafter retained and maintained in accordance with the approved scheme.

Reason: In order to ensure the development undertakes reasonable measures to take account of biodiversity and the water environment in accordance with policies G1, CC1, CC2, CC3, D1 and A3 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

- 6 Prior to the commencement of any works on site, details demonstrating how trees to be retained shall be protected during construction work shall be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority in writing. Such details shall follow guidelines and standards set out in BS5837:2012 "Trees in Relation to Construction". All trees on the site, or parts of trees growing from adjoining sites, unless shown on the permitted drawings as being removed, shall be retained and protected from damage in accordance with the approved protection details.

Reason: To ensure that the development will not have an adverse effect on existing trees and in order to maintain the character and amenity of the area in accordance with the requirements of policies A2 and A3 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017.

Informative(s):

1 Reasons for granting permission:

Planning permission is sought for the erection of an outbuilding within the rear garden of a residential building that is divided into flats with the works proposed is for the ground floor flat.

The proposed outbuilding would measure approximately 2.5m in height, 3.2m externally in width and 2.7m in depth and would be constructed on the existing hard landscaping to the rear of the host building. The outbuilding would be subordinate to the host property in terms of bulk, height, and footprint. The timber materials are appropriate for the area and an acceptable amount of garden space would be retained. It would be set in from the boundaries providing space for planting and wildlife corridors. The overall scale and proportion to the garden space means it would be acceptable in terms of amenity, biodiversity, and greening.

Based on the information available this permission will not require the approval of a Biodiversity Gain Plan before development is begun because it is below the de minimis threshold, meaning it does not impact an onsite priority habitat and impacts less than 25sqm of onsite habitat with biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of linear habitat.

The inclusion of a green roof is positive, and a condition requiring this to be provided has been included.

There are trees nearby and root protection areas (RPA) should be calculated during the planning stages of a project before any construction work begins to avoid loss or damage to trees within proximity of the construction site. A tree survey should be conducted by a qualified Arboriculturist or Tree Consultant, in accordance with BS5837:2012. A condition is attached requiring the details of the trees to be protected during construction.

Outbuildings are not out of character in this residential area and visibility from the public realm would be very limited. It would be appropriate for the character of the area and the surrounding buildings, with outbuildings currently visible at neighbouring properties.

There are windows on the side elevation, but the height of the boundary wall and the relationship to the neighbouring outbuilding and its flank wall mean there would be minimal overlooking impact, and obscure glazing is not considered necessary in this case as the impact on neighbouring amenity would not be excessive. The windows fronting the other flats in the host property are far enough away and at a low enough level to not have a harmful impact on amenity. The roof light is at a distance where it will have no detrimental privacy impacts, and light-spill from the building will be acceptable overall.

A condition is attached requiring the outbuilding to only be used in connection with the host residential unit and preventing use for separate living or business

accommodation. Given its scale, siting, and design, the proposal would not result in detrimental harm to neighbouring amenity in terms of light, outlook or overlooking, noise, or privacy.

No objections have been raised in relation to the application. The Council has also considered the area's planning history and relevant appeal decisions when coming to this decision.

The proposal is in general accordance with policies A1, A3, CC1, CC2, and D1 of the Camden Local Plan 2017. It also accords with policy A12 of the Fortune Green and West Hampstead Neighbourhood Plan 2015, the London Plan 2021 and the National Planning Policy Framework 2024.

- 2 Your proposals may be subject to control under the Building Regulations and/or the London Buildings Acts that cover aspects including fire and emergency escape, access and facilities for people with disabilities and sound insulation between dwellings. You are advised to consult the Council's Building Control Service, Camden Town Hall, Judd St, Kings Cross, London NW1 2QS (tel: 020-7974 6941).
- 3 This approval does not authorise the use of the public highway. Any requirement to use the public highway, such as for hoardings, temporary road closures and suspension of parking bays, will be subject to approval of relevant licence from the Council's Streetworks Authorisations & Compliance Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No 020 7974 4444). Licences and authorisations need to be sought in advance of proposed works. Where development is subject to a Construction Management Plan (through a requirement in a S106 agreement), no licence or authorisation will be granted until the Construction Management Plan is approved by the Council.
- 4 All works should be conducted in accordance with the Camden Minimum Requirements - a copy is available on the Council's website (search for 'Camden Minimum Requirements' at www.camden.gov.uk) or contact the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No. 020 7974 4444)

Noise from demolition and construction works is subject to control under the Control of Pollution Act 1974. You must carry out any building works that can be heard at the boundary of the site only between 08.00 and 18.00 hours Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 on Saturday and not at all on Sundays and Public Holidays. You must secure the approval of the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team prior to undertaking such activities outside these hours.

- 5 The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 ("1990 Act") is that planning permission granted in England is subject to the condition ("the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:

(a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and

(b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The local planning authority (LPA) that would approve any Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) (if required) is London Borough of Camden.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are summarised below, but you should check the legislation yourself and ensure you meet the statutory requirements.

Based on the information provided, this will not require the approval of a BGP before development is begun due to the proposal being below the de minimis threshold.

++ Summary of transitional arrangements and exemptions for biodiversity gain condition

The following are provided for information and may not apply to this permission:

1. The planning application was made before 12 February 2024.
2. The planning permission is retrospective.
3. The planning permission was granted under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the original (parent) planning permission was made or granted before 12 February 2024.
4. The permission is exempt because of one or more of the reasons below:
 - It is not "major development" and the application was made or granted before 2 April 2024, or planning permission is granted under section 73 and the original (parent) permission was made or granted before 2 April 2024.
 - It is below the de minimis threshold (because it does not impact an onsite priority habitat AND impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat with biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat).
 - The application is a Householder Application.
 - It is for development of a "Biodiversity Gain Site".
 - It is Self and Custom Build Development (for no more than 9 dwellings on a site no larger than 0.5 hectares and consists exclusively of dwellings which are Self-Build or Custom Housebuilding).
 - It forms part of, or is ancillary to, the high-speed railway transport network (High Speed 2).

6 + Irreplaceable habitat:

If the onsite habitat includes Irreplaceable Habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements. In addition to information about minimising adverse impacts on the habitat, the BGP must include information on compensation for any impact on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat. The LPA can only approve a BGP if satisfied that the impact on the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

++ The effect of section 73(2D) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

If planning permission is granted under section 73, and a BGP was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier BGP"), the earlier BGP may be regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition on this permission. It will be regarded as approved if the conditions attached (and so the permission granted) do not affect both the post-development value of the onsite habitat and any arrangements made to compensate irreplaceable habitat as specified in the earlier BGP.

++ Phased development

In the case of phased development, the BGP will be required to be submitted to and approved by the LPA before development can begin (the overall plan), and before each phase of development can begin (phase plans). The modifications in respect of the biodiversity gain condition in phased development are set out in Part 2 of the Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024.

In dealing with the application, the Council has sought to work with the applicant in a positive and proactive way in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework. The council publishes its adopted policies online, along with detailed Camden Planning Guidance. It also provides advice on the website for submitting applications and offers a pre-application advice service.

You can find advice about your rights of appeal at:

<https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision>.

If you submit an appeal against this decision you are now eligible to use the new [submission form](#) (Before you start - Appeal a planning decision - GOV.UK).

Yours faithfully



Daniel Pope
Chief Planning Officer