Application ref: 2024/4610/P

Contact: Gary Wong Tel: 020 7974 3742

Email: gary.wong@camden.gov.uk

Date: 18 December 2024

Architecture Everything 18 manor gardens ruislip ha4 6ub United Kingdom



Development Management
Regeneration and Planning
London Borough of Camden
Town Hall
Judd Street
London

London WC1H 9JE

Phone: 020 7974 4444 planning@camden.gov.uk www.camden.gov.uk/planning

Dear Sir/Madam

### **DECISION**

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

# **Full Planning Permission Granted**

Address:

Flat Upper Floor 87 Burghley Road London NW5 1UH

#### Proposal:

Erection of rear dormer and installation of rooflights to front roofslope. Drawing Nos: Location plan; Fire Safety Strategy prepared by Architecture Everything; A0101; A0102.

The Council has considered your application and decided to grant permission subject to the following condition(s):

### Condition(s) and Reason(s):

1 The development hereby permitted must be begun not later than the end of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: In order to comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

2 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:

Location plan; Fire Safety Strategy prepared by Architecture Everything; A0101; A0102.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interest of proper planning.

All new external work shall be carried out in materials that resemble, as closely as possible, in colour and texture those of the existing building, unless otherwise specified in the approved application.

Reason: To safeguard the appearance of the premises and the character of the immediate area in accordance with the requirements of policy D1 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017 and Policy D3 of the Kentish Town Neighbourhood Plan 2016.

## Informative(s):

1 Reasons for granting permission:

The application seeks permission for erection of rear dormer and installation of rooflights to front roof slope. The application building is not listed and does not lie within any conservation area.

The current application is a re-submission following a previous refusal under reference 2024/2679/P dated 2 September 2024. Compared to the refused scheme, the proposed rear dormer that forms part of this application has been reduced in size. The proposed dormer will now be set in from the main roof eaves by approximately 0.7m and from the side boundaries by approximately 0.54m and 0.63m respectively. The materials proposed for the dormer wall has been changed from zinc to tile and metal railings are included to create a Juliet balcony. The proportion of glazing used has been reduced by breaking up the last proposed 3-panel bi-folding doors to a 2-panel one with a separate window. Whilst the number of front rooflights proposed increase from two to three, the size of each rooflight has been reduced.

The bulk and size of the proposed rear dormer is now considered acceptable and will not be overly dominant to the rear roof slope, the host building and the surrounding terrace. The proposed materials such as tiles for dormer walls will match the existing roof material and would be sympathetic to its character and appearance. The proportion of solid materials and glazing used will now be appropriately balanced. The proposed front rooflights are considered suitably scaled and have minimal protrusions. As such they will not dominate the front roof slope or result in detrimental visual impact to street scene. It can be seen there are existing rear dormers of a similar scale along this part of Burghley Road such as No.68 and 81 and front rooflights of a similar size which are common features in the surrounding street. Overall, the revised proposal is now considered acceptable and would not detract the appearance and character of the host dwelling and the surrounding development.

In terms of neighbouring amenity impact, the proposed dormer and rooflights are unlikely to result in adverse impacts to neighbouring properties. Although no. 89 has two rear rooflights, given the orientation of the site and the fact that

no. 89 also has front facing rooflights, the dormer would not result in significant losses of daylight and sunlight. The Juliet balcony would have a limited projection and would not result in new opportunities for harmful overlooking into neighbouring occupiers; neither would the front rooflights.

No objections have been received following statutory consultation. The planning history of the site has been taken into account when coming to this decision.

As such, the proposed development is in general accordance with Policies A1 and D1 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017, Policy D3 of the Kentish Town Neighbourhood Plan 2016, the London Plan 2021 and the National Planning Policy Framework 2024.

- Your proposals may be subject to control under the Building Regulations and/or the London Buildings Acts that cover aspects including fire and emergency escape, access and facilities for people with disabilities and sound insulation between dwellings. You are advised to consult the Council's Building Control Service, Camden Town Hall, Judd St, Kings Cross, London NW1 2QS (tel: 020-7974 6941).
- This approval does not authorise the use of the public highway. Any requirement to use the public highway, such as for hoardings, temporary road closures and suspension of parking bays, will be subject to approval of relevant licence from the Council's Streetworks Authorisations & Compliance Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No 020 7974 4444). Licences and authorisations need to be sought in advance of proposed works. Where development is subject to a Construction Management Plan (through a requirement in a S106 agreement), no licence or authorisation will be granted until the Construction Management Plan is approved by the Council.
- 4 All works should be conducted in accordance with the Camden Minimum Requirements a copy is available on the Council's website (search for 'Camden Minimum Requirements' at www.camden,gov.uk) or contact the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No. 020 7974 4444)

Noise from demolition and construction works is subject to control under the Control of Pollution Act 1974. You must carry out any building works that can be heard at the boundary of the site only between 08.00 and 18.00 hours Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 on Saturday and not at all on Sundays and Public Holidays. You must secure the approval of the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team prior to undertaking such activities outside these hours.

- The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 ("1990 Act") is that planning permission granted in England is subject to the condition ("the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:
  - (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and

(b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The local planning authority (LPA) that would approve any Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) (if required) is London Borough of Camden.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are summarised below.

Based on the information available, this will not require the approval of a BGP before development is begun because it is below the de minimis threshold (because it does not impact an onsite priority habitat AND impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat with biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat).

## 6 + Irreplaceable habitat:

If the onsite habitat includes Irreplaceable Habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements. In addition to information about minimising adverse impacts on the habitat, the BGP must include information on compensation for any impact on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat. The LPA can only approve a BGP if satisfied that the impact on the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

++ The effect of section 73(2D) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 If planning permission is granted under section 73, and a BGP was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier BGP"), the earlier BGP may be regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition on this permission. It will be regarded as approved if the conditions attached (and so the permission granted) do not affect the post-development value of the onsite habitat, or any arrangements made to compensate irreplaceable habitat, as specified in the earlier BGP.

#### ++ Phased development

In the case of phased development, the BGP will be required to be submitted to and approved by the LPA before development can begin (the overall plan), and before each phase of development can begin (phase plans). The modifications in respect of the biodiversity gain condition in phased development are set out in Part 2 of the Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024.

In dealing with the application, the Council has sought to work with the applicant in a positive and proactive way in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework. The council publishes its adopted policies online, along with detailed Camden Planning Guidance. It also provides advice on the website for submitting applications and offers a pre-application advice service.

You can find advice about your rights of appeal at:

https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision.

If you submit an appeal against this decision you are now eligible to use the new *submission form (Before you start - Appeal a planning decision - GOV.UK).* 

Yours faithfully

Daniel Pope

Chief Planning Officer