Application ref: 2024/1988/P Contact: Sarah White Tel: 020 7974 5213 Email: sarah.white@camden.gov.uk Date: 30 September 2024

Tplanninglive 116A Highbury New Park London N5 2DR



#### **Development Management**

Regeneration and Planning London Borough of Camden Town Hall Judd Street London WC1H 9JE

Phone: 020 7974 4444

planning@camden.gov.uk www.camden.gov.uk/planning

Dear Sir/Madam

# DECISION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

### **Full Planning Permission Refused**

Address: 156 Royal College Street London NW1 0TA

Proposal: Erection of single storey rear extension at first floor level Drawing Nos: RCS/24/P/01; RCS/22/P/02.

The Council has considered your application and decided to **refuse** planning permission for the following reason(s):

Reason(s) for Refusal

1 The proposed development, by virtue of its cumulative bulk and massing, and materiality, would result in an incongruous form of development which would overwhelm the rear elevation and fail to maintain a subordinate relationship with the host property, causing harm to the character and appearance of the host property and conservation area, contrary to policies D1 (Design) and D2 (Heritage)of the Camden Local Plan 2017.

Informative(s):

1 If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details are on GOV.UK.

# 2 **Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) Informative:**

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition ("the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:

(a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and(b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The local planning authority (LPA) that would approve any Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) (if required) is London Borough of Camden.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are summarised below. Based on the information available this permission will not require the approval of a BGP before development is begun because it is below the de minimis threshold.

### ++ Summary of statutory exemptions for biodiversity gain condition:

1. The planning application was made before 12 February 2024.

2. The planning permission is retrospective.

3. The planning permission was granted under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the original (parent) planning permission to which it relates was granted before 12 February 2024, or, the original (parent) planning permission to which it relates was made before 12 February 2024.

4. The permission is exempt because:

- It is not 'major development' and the application was made or granted before 2 April 2024, or planning permission is granted under section 73 and the original (parent) permission was made or granted before 2 April 2024.

- It is below the de minimis threshold because it does not impact an onsite priority habitat AND impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat with biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat.

- The application is a Householder Application.

- It is for development of a Biodiversity Gain Site.

- It is Self and Custom Build Development (for no more than 9 dwellings on a site no larger than 0.5 hectares, and consists exclusively of dwellings which are Self-Build or Custom Housebuilding.

- It forms part of, or is ancillary to, the high speed railway transport network (High Speed 2).

### + Irreplaceable habitat:

If the onsite habitat includes Irreplaceable Habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements.

The BGP must include, in addition to information about steps taken or to be taken to minimise any adverse effect of the development on the habitat, information on arrangements for compensation for any impact the development has on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat.

The LPA can only approve a BGP if satisfied the adverse effect on the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for the purpose of compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits.

### + The effect of section 73D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990

If planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and a BGP was approved in relation to the

previous (parent) planning permission ("the earlier BGP") there are circumstances when the earlier BGP is regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition subject to which the section 73 planning permission is granted.

Those circumstances are that the conditions subject to which the section 73 permission is granted:

- do not affect the post-development value of the onsite habitat as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan, and

- in the case of planning permission for a development where all or any part of the onsite habitat is irreplaceable habitat the conditions do not change the effect of the development on the biodiversity of that onsite habitat (including any arrangements made to compensate for any such effect) as specified in the earlier Biodiversity Gain Plan.

In dealing with the application, the Council has sought to work with the applicant in a positive and proactive way in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework.

You can find advice about your rights of appeal at:

https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision.

If you submit an appeal against this decision you are now eligible to use the new *submission form* (Before you start - Appeal a planning decision - GOV.UK).

Yours faithfully

Daniel Pope Chief Planning Officer