



Seasonally-changing meadow roofs featuring a standardised palette of perennial & annual planting from the country's best growers. Palletised delivery in turf rolls grown in coir, suitable for most local authority biodiversity-related planning conditions. A quick-maturing alternative to the deeper but more flexible Plug & Seed spec.

There are no building regs for green roofs - but unless you tell us we can't, we'll normally use a build-up that meets or exceeds the UK's national guidelines. We launched www.greenroofrevival.com to care for ours and help clients downstream of inferior specs or poor workmanship



















PREGROWN WILDFLOWER SPECS & HANDOVER INFO



| HOW YOUR GREEN ROOF IS CONSTRUCTED | SATURATED IN A Krohn MA IAN | Which an an Which we |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| Planting | INVERTIGATION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER | NUMPERSON AND A VALUE |
| Substrate | 105.120 80 | |
| Filter Fleece | | |
| Drainage Layer/Reservoir Board | | |
| Seotextile Protection Layer | | |
| Waterproof Membrane | | |
| Plywood Deck | | |
| Insulation | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| /apour Control Layer | | |
| Plywood Deck | · | |
| Joists | | |
| Your roof is designed to do a lot more than a normal roof. As much as 50% of all rainfall will be soaked up to feed the plants which will then breather it back into the atmosphere; the substrate provides added thermal mass which regulates the rate at which the room warms up and cools down, and you've helped your local environment by providing food and shelter for polinators and other creatures. | | |

Green Roof Type:

Pregrown Wildflower Typical Flowering Season Apr-Sept Recommended Maintenance Regime Bi-annual Biodiversity Contribution Good

What's just happened?

We've installed your roof to the agreed design, tested the waterproofing and the irrigation (if its been specified). The warranty for your waterproofing will follow soon in the post

What happens next? Month 1: Watering-in period

Its important your roof doesn't dry out during this period while the seeds are germinating and the roots taking. If you have not opted for irrigation (temporary or permanent) please ensure the roof is watered daily in dry periods

Maintenance

The last page has information on the kind of care your roof needs. We're happy to do this for you, and if you we maintain the roof at least once a year we'll guarantee at least 80% coverage after 3 years. But if you want to do it yourself, we also a one-off green roof training session on your roof for your or a nominated contractor (e.g., gardenet). The best time to think about contacting us for either is in the late summer following installation.

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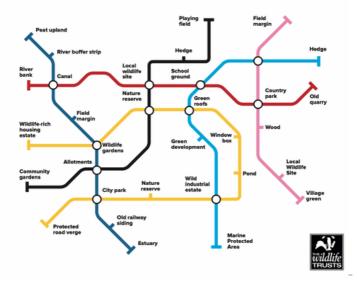




BE PART OF THE NATURE RECOVERY NETWORK

A Nature Recovery Network will protect, join up and enhance the fragments of nature that remain - for people and wildlife.

Cities fragment nature. Green roofs, like wild areas in your garden or grounds, can help put this right. Think about your property as a stepping stone in a living landscape of bees, pollinators and birds.













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PLANT PALETTE

GRASSES

- Crested Dogstail (Cynosurus cristatus)
- Sheep's Fescue (Festuca ovina)
- Slender Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra ssp. littoralis)

FLORA

- Autumn Hawkbit (Scorzoneroides autumnalis)
- · Betony b (Stachys officinalis)
- · Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)
- Bladder Campion (Silene vulgaris)
- Cats Ear (Hypochaeris radicata)
- Common Knapweed (Centaurea nigra)
- · Common Sorrel (Rumex acetosa)
- Common Vetch (Vicia sativa ssp. segetalis)
- Common Toadflax (Linaria vulgaris)
- · Cowslip (Primula veris)
- Field Scabious (Knautia arvensis)
- Greater Hawkbit (Leontodon hispidus)
- · Lady's Bedstraw (Galium verum)
- Meadow Buttercup (Ranunculus acris)
- Meadow Cranesbill (Geranium pratense)
- · Meadowsweet (Filipendula ulmaria)
- Musk Mallow (Malva moschata)
- Ox Eye Daisy (Leucanthemum vulgare)

- Perforate St Johns Wort (Hypericum perforatum)
- Ragged Robin (Lychnis flos-cuculi)
- Red Campion (Silene dioica)
 Ribwort Plantain (Plantago)
- lanceolata)
- Salad Burnet (Sanguisorba minor)
- Self-heal (Prunella vulgaris)
- Tufted Vetch (Vicia cracca)
- Wild Carrot (Daucus carota)
- Wild Marjoram (Origanum vulgare)
- Wild Red Clover (Trifolium pratense)
- White Campion (Silene latifolia)
- Yarrow (Achillea millefolium)
- Black Medick (Medicago lupulina)
- Clustered Beliflower (Campanula glomerata)
- Hoary Plantain (Plantago media)
- Rough Hawksbit (Leontodon hispidus)
- Small Scabious (Scabiosa columbaria)
- Vipers Bugloss (Echium vulgare)
- · Wild Pansy (Viola tricolor)
- · Thrift (Armeria maritima)

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SEASONALITY



Handover

The plants are shipped throughout twelve week growing cycles. The plants may not appear well developed on arrival. This is perfectly normal. Water-in for at least 6 weeks, add a little sunshine, voila



Spring into Summer

If the plants are well watered-in, 1'-2' growth is possible. Roofs can be left to find their own 'trophic' (stable state or cut back in August to manage grass & encourage the less tenacious

oes a areen roof look like in winter



Post-cut & overwintering

Visit this blog at our website where we discuss what to expect after the high summer 'hav cut', and over winter:

https://www.organicroofs.co.uk/green-roof-look-likewinter/

















PREGROWN WILDFLOWER SPECS & HANDOVER INFO



HANDOVER INFORMATION

IRRIGATION

The plants on your green roofs are drought tolerant, and are more likely to be damaged by too much water than too little. The plants hate to have soggy roots. Having said that, they will tolerate heavy rainfall, as long as its growing medium is well drained.

They can survive for extended periods without water but in such conditions you should expect some browning to accur. The roof will return to green once the rains return.

in all but the most acute periods of hot and dry weather, during the first month or so after installation on every day without rain you should water the roof. Where we have installed leakypipe irrigation, around **20**mins per day TWICE per day should suffice to keep the growing medium sufficiently moist."

GENERAL CARE

There is little in the way of maintenance required for the wildflower planting over and above ensuring the plants have the requisite initial watering-in, but it is good practice to ensure that the roof is draining properly and that windblown invasives have not taken root at least once a year.

In late Summer/Autumn it is recommended to cut the meadow back to around 1° to ensure good growth. You cant be too aggressive with a welldeveloped meadow, and the more you cut the better the diversity of re-growth.

Cuttings maybe removed and composted, but can be left or redistributed to areas where there is less growth. Little or no fertiliser should be used, but all green roofs are organic spaces and many factors can influence their development.

FERTILISER?

Sedum roofs require slow release, lownitrogen organic fertiliser to be applied at around 15g/m2 in the Spring. We strongly discourage its use on other types of roofs.

Please be aware that one of the drawbacks of sedum planting is that the fertiliser required to keep them alive encourages invasive to develop and many clients report that the roofs can looks scruffy between maintenance visits.

Please note, overfeeding is not only a waste of money, it allows plant nutrients to leach into water courses where they are a pollutant.

"We will have left instructions for the timer unit with you. If its mislaid or you need another copy, please let us know and we can obtain another for you.

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ROOFS



HABITAT PANELS

Maximise the visual and ecological impact of your roof with our fabricated refugia for bees & other invertebrates. Shapes, letters, and logos, Powder coating to any standard RAL.





















ORGANIC ROOFS









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